

Part Number: 9595394002  
 Frequency Range: Dimensions  
 Description: 95 ETD CORE  
 Application: Inductive Components  
 Where Used: Closed Magnetic Circuit  
 Part Type: ETD Cores  
 Generic Name: ETD39

## Mechanical Specifications

Weight: 60.000 (g) per Set

## Part Type Information

ETD29, ETD34, ETD39, ETD44, ETD49, ETD54, ETD59

ETD cores have been designed to make optimum use of a given volume of ferrite material for maximum throughput power, specifically for forward converter transformers. The structure, which includes a round center post, approaches a nearly uniform cross-sectional area throughout the core and provides a winding area that minimizes winding losses. ETD cores are used mainly in switched-mode power supplies and permit off-line designs where IEC and VDE isolation requirements must be met.

-ETD cores can be supplied with the centerpost gapped to a mechanical dimension or an AL value.

-AL value is measured at 1 kHz,  $B < 10$  gauss.

-Weight indicated is per pair or set.

## Mechanical Specifications

Dim	mm	mm tol	nominal inch	inch misc.
A	39.10	± 0.7	1.539	-
B	19.80	± 0.2	0.780	-
C	12.70	± 0.35	0.500	-
D	14.60	± 0.2	0.575	-
E	29.30	min	1.154	min
F	12.70	± 0.35	0.500	-
G	-	-	-	-
H	-	-	-	-
J	-	-	-	-
K	-	-	-	-

## Electrical Specifications

Typical Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	
Electrical Properties	
$A_L$ (nH)	3600 ±25%
$A_e$ (cm <sup>2</sup> )	1.28000
$\Sigma I/A$ (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	7.20
$l_e$ (cm)	9.24
$V_e$ (cm <sup>3</sup> )	11.85000
$A_{min}$ (cm <sup>2</sup> )	1.267

## Land Patterns

V	W ref	X	Y	Z
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

## Winding Information

Turns	Wire	1st Wire	2nd Wire
Tested	Size	Length	Length
-	-	-	-

## Reel Information

Tape Width mm	Pitch mm	Parts 7 " Reel	Parts 13 " Reel	Parts 14 " Reel
-	-	-	-	-

## Package Size

Pkg Size
- (-)

## Connector Plate

# Holes	# Rows
-	-

### Legend

+ Test frequency

Preferred parts, the suggested choice for new designs, have shorter lead times and are more readily available.

The column H(Oe) gives for each bead the calculated dc bias field in oersted for 1 turn and 1 ampere direct current. The actual dc H field in the application is this value of H times the actual NI (ampere-turn) product. For the effect of the dc bias on the impedance of the bead material, see figures 18-23 in the application note How to choose Ferrite Components for EMI Suppression.

A ½ turn is defined as a single pass through a hole.

$\Sigma I/A$  - Core Constant

$A_e$  - Effective Cross-Sectional Area

$A_L$  - Inductance Factor ( $\frac{L}{N^2}$ )

N/AWG - Number of Turns/Wire Size for Test Coil

$l_e$  - Effective Path Length

$V_e$  - Effective Core Volume

NI - Value of dc Ampere-turns



## Ferrite Material Constants

Specific Heat .....	0.25 cal/g/°C
Thermal Conductivity .....	<b>3.5 - 4.5 mW/cm - °C</b>
Coefficient of Linear Expansion .....	8 - 10x10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C
Tensile Strength .....	4.9 kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>
Compressive Strength .....	42 kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>
Young's Modulus .....	15x10 <sup>3</sup> kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>
Hardness (Knoop) .....	650
Specific Gravity .....	≈ 4.7 g/cm <sup>3</sup>

*The above quoted properties are typical for Fair-Rite MnZn and NiZn ferrites.*

See next page for further material specifications.



# Fair-Rite Products Corp. Your Signal Solution®

Ferrite Components for the Electronics Industry

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Fair-Rite Product's Catalog  
Part Data Sheet, 9595394002  
Printed: 2013-07-03



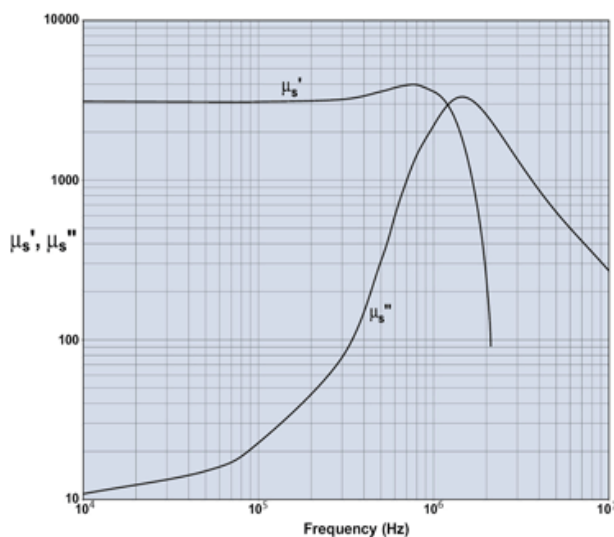
A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200 kHz with low temperature variation. New type 95 Material is a low loss power material, which features less power loss variation over temperature (25-120°C) at moderate flux densities for operation below 200 kHz.

Shapes available in 95 material are Toroids, U cores, Pot Cores, RM, PQ, EFD, EP.

## 95 Material Characteristics

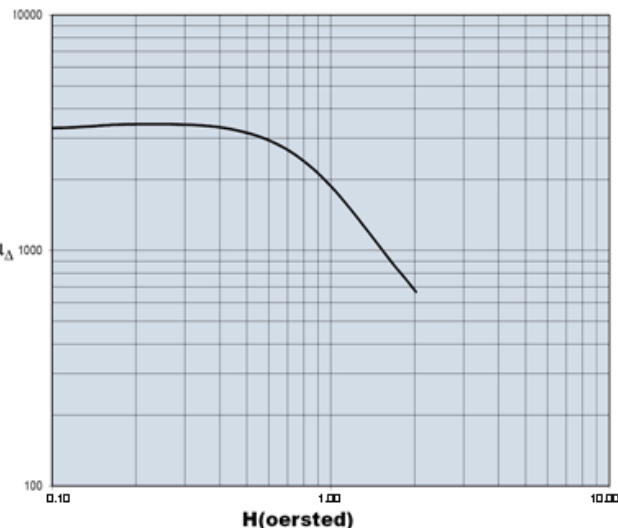
Property	Unit	Symbol	Value
Initial Permeability @ B < 10 gauss		$\mu_i$	3000
Flux Density @ Field Strength	gauss oersted	B H	5000 5
Residual Flux Density	gauss	$B_r$	800
Coercive Force	oersted	$H_c$	0.13
Loss Factor @ Frequency	$10^{-6}$ MHz	$\tan \delta / \mu_i$	3.0 0.1
Temperature Coefficient of Initial Permeability (20 - 70°C)	% / °C		0.4
Curie Temperature	°C	$T_c$	> 220
Resistivity	ohm-cm	$\rho$	200

## Complex Permeability vs. Frequency

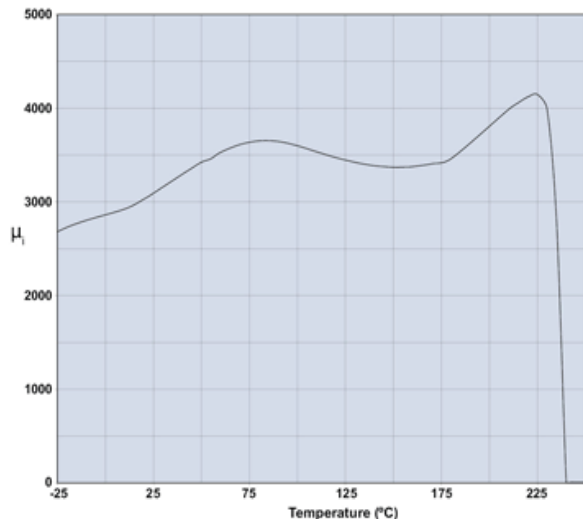


Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using  
HP 4284A and HP4291A.

## Incremental Permeability vs. H

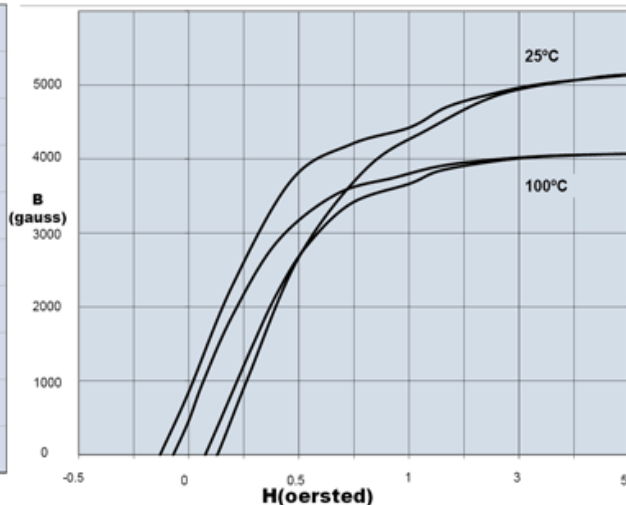


## Initial Permeability vs. Temperature



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

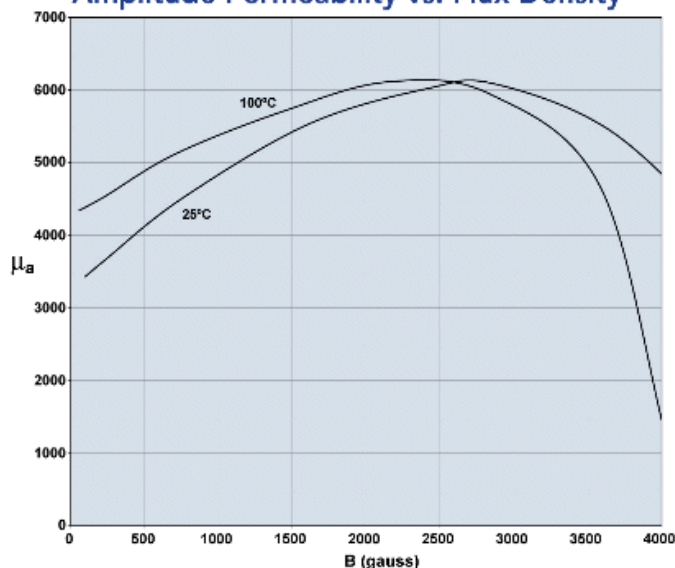
## Hysteresis Loop



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

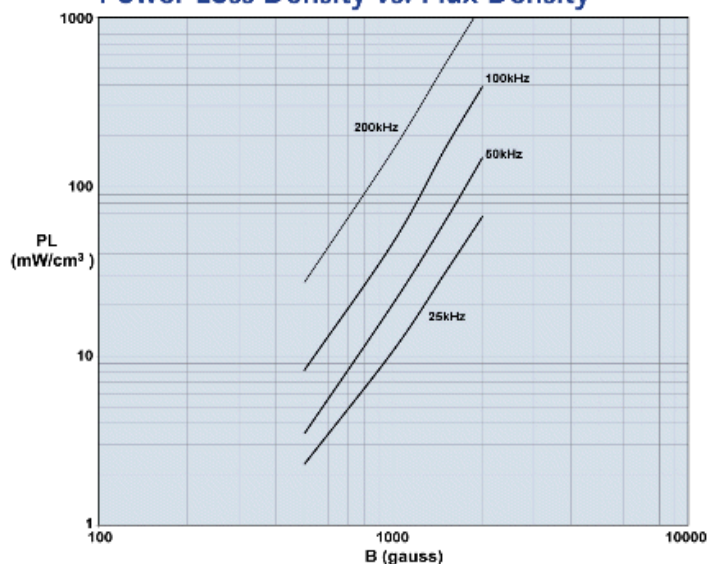
A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200kHz with low temperature variation.

**Amplitude Permeability vs. Flux Density**



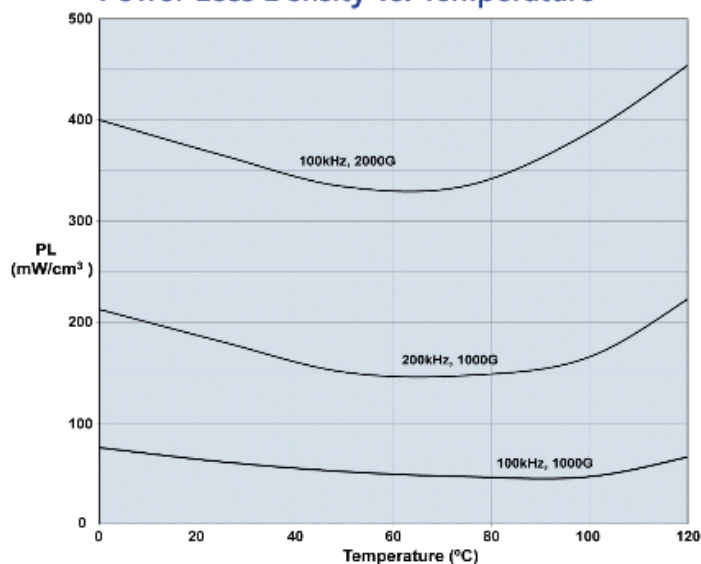
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

**Power Loss Density vs. Flux Density**



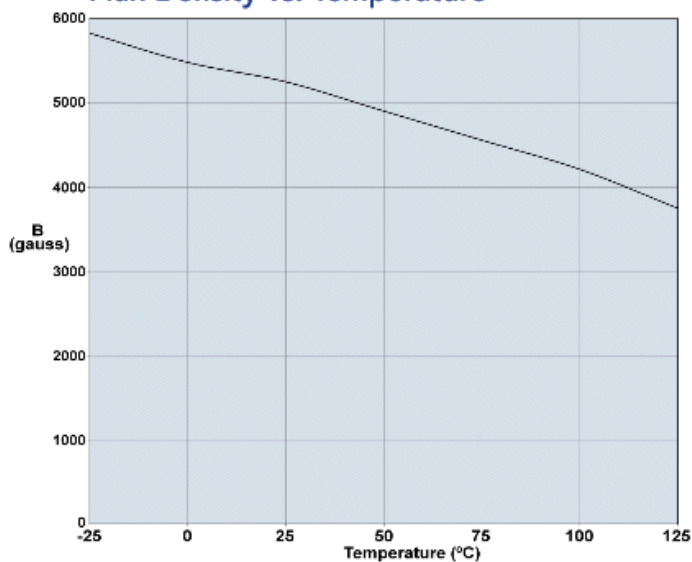
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW at 100°C.

**Power Loss Density vs. Temperature**



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW at 100°C.

**Flux Density vs. Temperature**



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz and H=5 oersted.