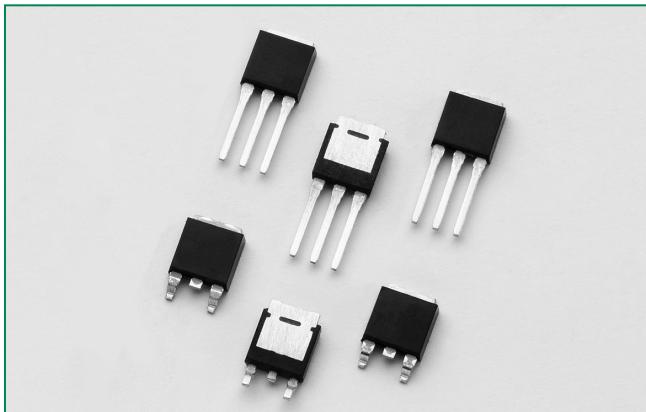


LJxx04xx & QJxx04xx Series



PRELIMINARY & CONFIDENTIAL

Littelfuse, Inc. has characterized initial samples of this device and is currently conducting reliability testing. Parts numbers and specifications are subject to change until the datasheet is made final.

HF RoHS

Description

This 4 A High Temperature Triac solid state switch series is designed for AC switching and phase control applications such as motor speed and temperature modulation controls, lighting controls, and static switching relays.

Sensitive type components guarantee gate control in Quadrants I & IV needed for digital control circuitry.

Standard type components normally operate in Quadrants I & III triggered from AC line.

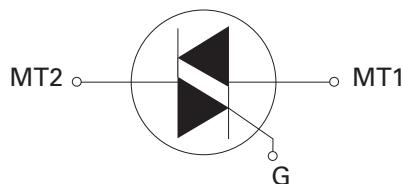
Features & Benefits

- RoHS Compliant
- 150°C maximum junction temperature
- Voltage capability up to 600V
- Surge capability up to 48A at 60HZ half cycle
- Solid-state switching eliminates arcing or contact bounce that create voltage transients
- No contacts to wear out from reaction of switching events
- Restricted (or limited) RFI generation, depending on activation point of sine wave
- Requires only a small gate activation pulse in each half-cycle
- Halogen free and RoHS compliant

Main Features

Symbol	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	4	A
V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}	400 or 600	V
$I_{GT(Q1)}$	10 to 25	mA

Schematic Symbol



Applications

Typical applications are AC solid-state switches, power tools, home/brown goods and white goods appliances.

Sensitive gate Triacs can be directly driven by microprocessor or popular opto-couplers/isolators.

Internally constructed isolated packages are offered for ease of heat sinking with highest isolation voltage.

Absolute Maximum Ratings — Sensitive Triacs (4 Quadrants)

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
V_{DSM}/V_{RSM}	Peak non-repetitive blocking voltage			700	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current (full sine wave)		$I_{Jxx04Vy}/I_{Jxx04Dy}$	$T_c = 135^\circ C$	A
I_{TSM}	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle, T_j initial = 25°C)		$f = 50$ Hz	$t = 20$ ms	A
			$f = 60$ Hz	$t = 16.7$ ms	
I^2t	I^2t Value for fusing		$t_p = 8.3$ ms		9.5 A^2s
di/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current ($I_G = 50$ mA with $\leq 0.1\mu s$ rise time)		$f = 60$ Hz	$T_j = 150^\circ C$	$A/\mu s$
I_{GTM}	Peak gate trigger current		$t_p \leq 10$ μs	$T_j = 150^\circ C$	A
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power dissipation			$T_j = 150^\circ C$	W
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range			-40 to 150	°C
T_j	Operating junction temperature range			-40 to 150	°C

Note: xx=voltage/10, y = sensitivity

LJxx04xx & QJxx04xx Series

Absolute Maximum Ratings — Standard Triacs

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DSM}/V_{RSM}	Peak non-repetitive blocking voltage Pw=100 μ s	700	V
I_{TRMS}	RMS on-state current (full sine wave)	QJxx04Vy/QJxx04Dy	$T_c = 135^\circ\text{C}$
I_{TSM}	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle, T_j initial = 25°C)	$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$	$t = 20 \text{ ms}$
		$f = 60 \text{ Hz}$	$t = 16.7 \text{ ms}$
I^2t	I^2t Value for fusing	$t_p = 8.3 \text{ ms}$	A^2s
di/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current ($I_G = 50\text{mA}$ with $\leq 0.1\mu\text{s}$ rise time)	$f = 60 \text{ Hz}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GTM}	Peak gate trigger current	$t_p \leq 10 \mu\text{s};$ $I_{GT} \leq I_{GTM}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power dissipation	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	W
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range	-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_j	Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: xx=voltage/10, y = sensitivity

Electrical Characteristics ($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified) — Sensitive Triac (4 Quadrants)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Quadrant	LJxx04x8	Unit
I_{GT}	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 60 \Omega$	I - II - III	MAX.	10
		IV		20
V_{GT}	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 60 \Omega$	ALL	MAX.	1.3
V_{GD}	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ $R_L = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	ALL	MIN.	0.2
I_H	$I_T = 100\text{mA}$		MAX.	20
dv/dt	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ Gate Open $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	400V	TYP.	75
		600V		45
(dv/dt)c	(di/dt)c = 2.16 A/ms $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		TYP.	1
t_{gt}	$I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$ PW = 15 μs $I_T = 5.6 \text{ A(pk)}$		TYP.	10

Note: xx=voltage/10, x = package

Electrical Characteristics ($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified) — Standard Triac

Symbol	Test Conditions	Quadrant	QJxx04x3	QJxx04x4	Unit
I_{GT}	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 60 \Omega$	I - II - III	MAX.	10	mA
		IV	TYP.	25	
V_{GT}	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 60 \Omega$	I - II - III	MAX.	1.3	V
		ALL	MIN.	0.2	
V_{GD}	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ $R_L = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	ALL	MIN.	0.2	V
I_H	$I_T = 200\text{mA}$		MAX.	20	mA
dv/dt	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ Gate Open $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	400V	MIN.	75	V/ μ s
		600V		45	
(dv/dt)c	(di/dt)c = 2.16 A/ms $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		TYP.	2	V/ μ s
t_{gt}	$I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$ PW = 15 μs $I_T = 5.6 \text{ A(pk)}$		TYP.	10	μs

Note: xx=voltage/10, x = package

Static Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test Conditions			Value	Unit
V_{TM}	$I_{TM} = 5.6\text{A}$ $t_p = 380\text{\mu s}$		MAX.		1.40
I_{DRM} I_{RRM}	$V_{DRM} = V_{RRM}$	MAX.	LJxx04xy	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	5
				$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5
				$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	3
		QJxx04xy	T _J = 25°C	5	μA
				0.5	mA
				3	mA

Note: xx=voltage/10, x = package, y = sensitivity

Thermal Resistances

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{\theta(JC)}$	Junction to case (AC)	LJ/QJxx04Dy	1.5
		LJ/QJxx04Vy	1.5
$R_{\theta(J-A)}$	Junction to ambient	LJ/QJxx04Vy LJ/QJxx04Dy	70

Note: xx=voltage/10, y = sensitivity

Figure 1: Definition of Quadrants

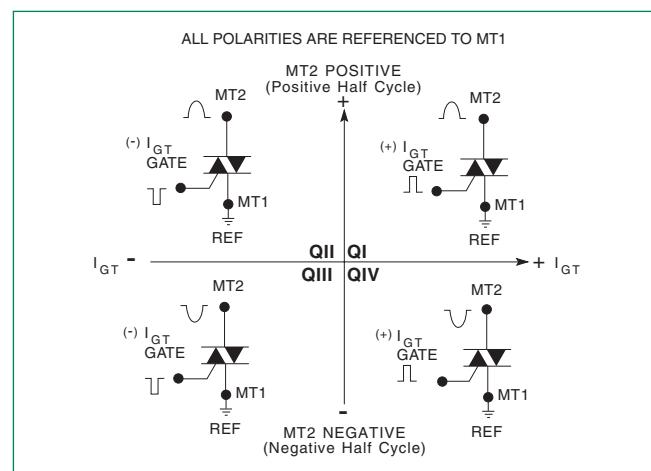


Figure 2: Normalized DC Gate Trigger Current for All Quadrants vs. Junction Temperature

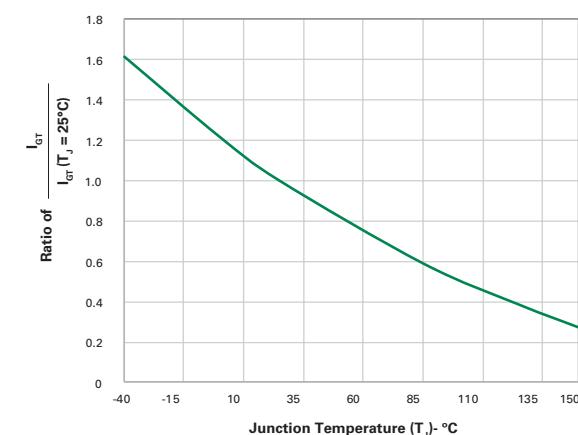


Figure 3: Normalized DC Holding Current vs. Junction Temperature

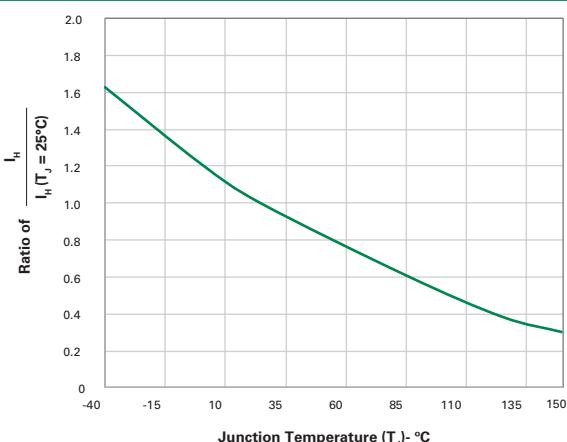


Figure 4: Normalized DC Gate Trigger Voltage for All Quadrants vs. Junction Temperature

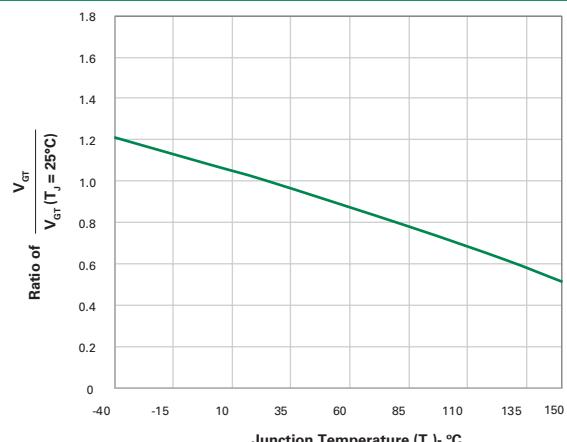


Figure 5: Power Dissipation (Typical) vs. RMS On-State Current

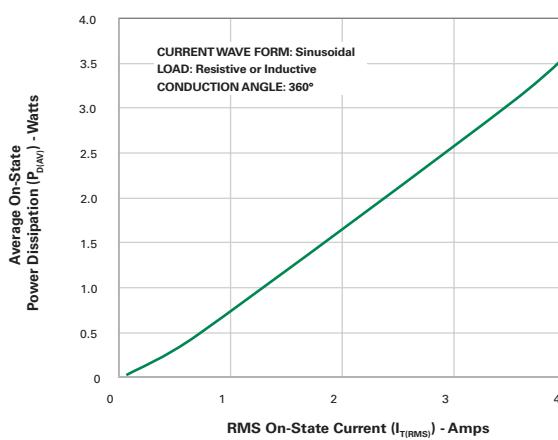


Figure 6: Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs. On-State Current

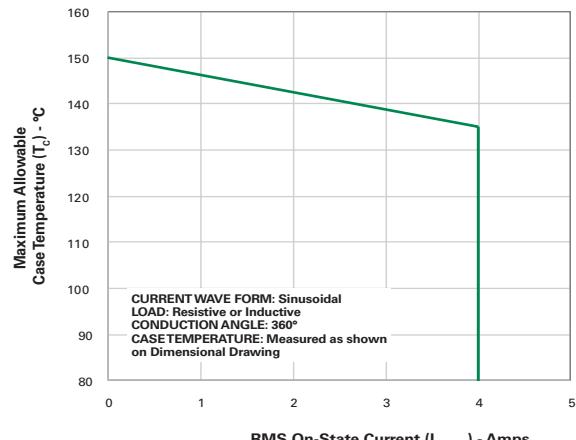
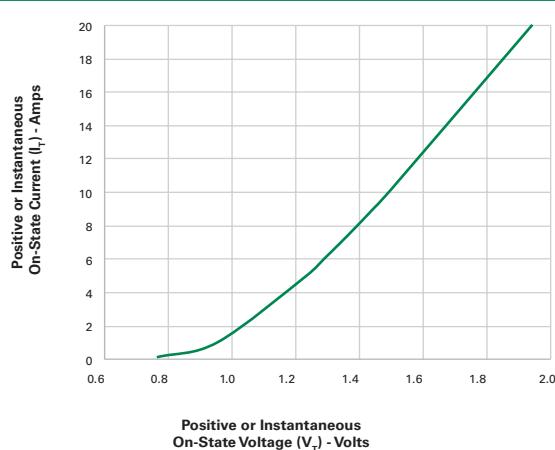


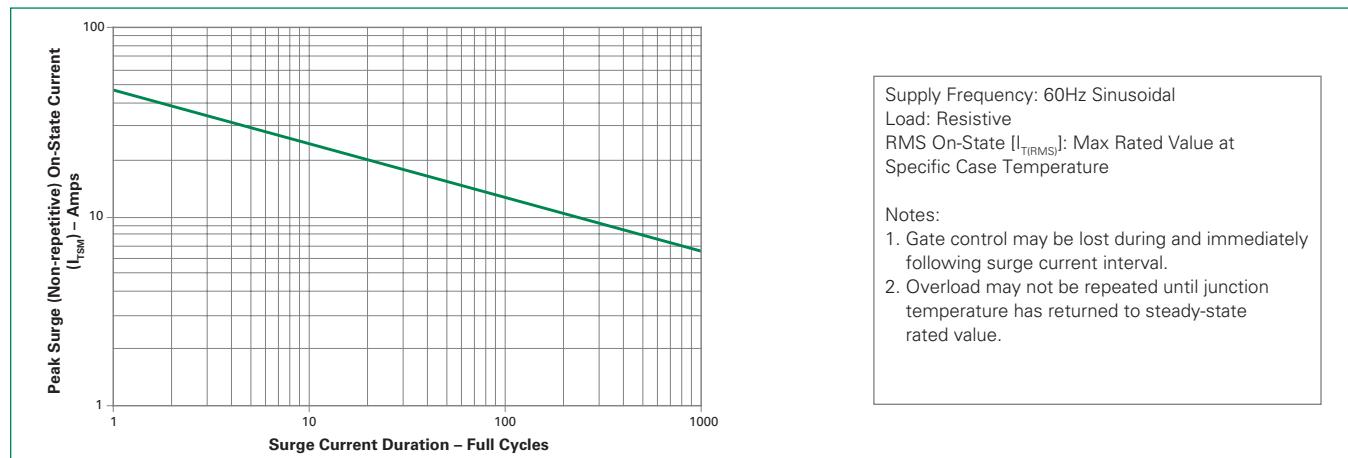
Figure 7: On-State Current vs. On-State Voltage (Typical)



PRELIMINARY & CONFIDENTIAL

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Figure 8: Surge Peak On-State Current vs. Number of Cycles



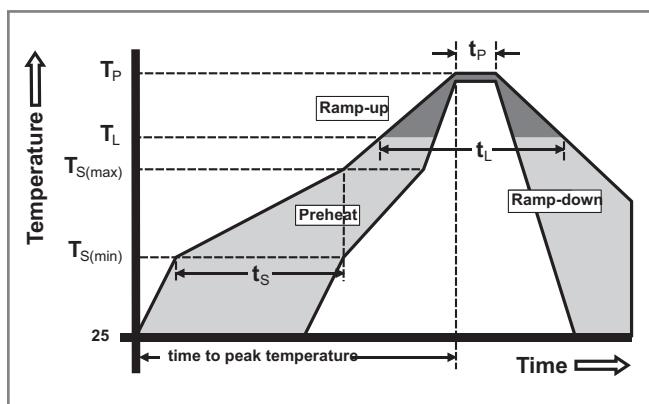
Supply Frequency: 60Hz Sinusoidal
Load: Resistive
RMS On-State $I_{T(1RMST)}$: Max Rated Value at Specific Case Temperature

Notes:

1. Gate control may be lost during and immediately following surge current interval.
2. Overload may not be repeated until junction temperature has returned to steady-state rated value.

Soldering Parameters

Reflow Condition		Pb – Free assembly
Pre Heat	-Temperature Min ($T_{s(min)}$)	150°C
	-Temperature Max ($T_{s(max)}$)	200°C
	-Time (min to max) (t_s)	60 – 180 secs
Average ramp up rate (Liquidus Temp) (T_L) to peak		5°C/second max
$T_{S(max)}$ to T_L - Ramp-up Rate		5°C/second max
Reflow	-Temperature (T_L) (Liquidus)	217°C
	-Time (t_L)	60 – 150 seconds
Peak Temperature (T_p)		260 ^{+0/-5} °C
Time within 5°C of actual peak Temperature (t_p)		20 – 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate		5°C/second max
Time 25°C to peak Temperature (T_p)		8 minutes Max.
Do not exceed		280°C



Environmental Specifications

Test	Specifications and Conditions
AC Blocking (V_{DRM})	MIL-STD-750, M-1040, Cond A Applied Peak AC voltage @ 150°C for 1008 hours
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-750, M-1051, 100 cycles; -55°C to +150°C; 15-min dwell-time
Temperature/ Humidity	EIA / JEDEC, JESD22-A101 1008 hours; 160V - DC: 85°C; 85% rel humidity
High Temp Storage	MIL-STD-750, M-1031, 1008 hours; 150°C
Low-Temp Storage	1008 hours; -40°C
Resistance to Solder Heat	MIL-STD-750 Method 2031
Solderability	ANSI/J-STD-002, category 3, Test A
Lead Bend	MIL-STD-750, M-2036 Cond E

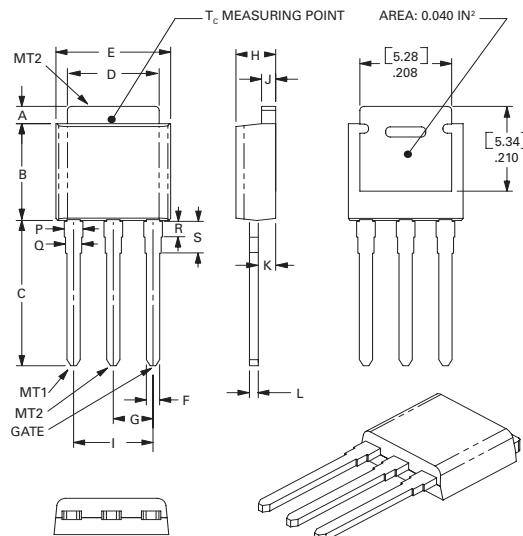
Physical Specifications

Terminal Finish	100% Matte Tin-plated
Body Material	UL recognized compound meeting flammability rating V-0.
Terminal Material	Copper Alloy

Design Considerations

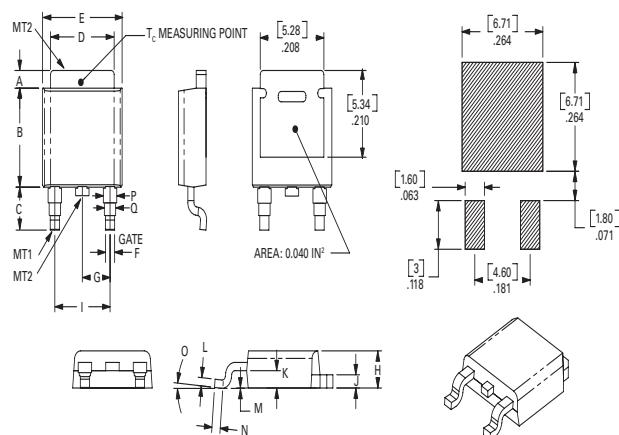
Careful selection of the correct component for the application's operating parameters and environment will go a long way toward extending the operating life of the Thyristor. Good design practice should limit the maximum continuous current through the main terminals to 75% of the component rating. Other ways to ensure long life for a power discrete semiconductor are proper heat sinking and selection of voltage ratings for worst case conditions. Overheating, overvoltage (including dv/dt), and surge currents are the main killers of semiconductors. Correct mounting, soldering, and forming of the leads also help protect against component damage.

Dimensions — TO-251AA (V-Package) — V-PAK Through Hole



Dimension	Inches			Millimeters		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	0.037	0.040	0.043	0.94	1.01	1.09
B	0.235	0.242	0.245	5.97	6.15	6.22
C	0.350	0.361	0.375	8.89	9.18	9.53
D	0.205	0.208	0.213	5.21	5.29	5.41
E	0.255	0.262	0.265	6.48	6.66	6.73
F	0.027	0.031	0.033	0.69	0.80	0.84
G	0.087	0.090	0.093	2.21	2.28	2.36
H	0.085	0.092	0.095	2.16	2.34	2.41
I	0.176	0.180	0.184	4.47	4.57	4.67
J	0.018	0.020	0.023	0.46	0.51	0.58
K	0.035	0.037	0.039	0.90	0.95	1.00
L	0.018	0.020	0.023	0.46	0.52	0.58
P	0.042	0.047	0.052	1.06	1.20	1.32
Q	0.034	0.039	0.044	0.86	1.00	1.11
R	0.034	0.039	0.044	0.86	1.00	1.11
S	0.074	0.079	0.084	1.86	2.00	2.11

Dimensions — TO-252AA (D-Package) — D-PAK Surface Mount



Dimension	Inches			Millimeters		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	0.037	0.040	0.043	0.94	1.01	1.09
B	0.235	0.243	0.245	5.97	6.16	6.22
C	0.106	0.108	0.113	2.69	2.74	2.87
D	0.205	0.208	0.213	5.21	5.29	5.41
E	0.255	0.262	0.265	6.48	6.65	6.73
F	0.027	0.031	0.033	0.69	0.80	0.84
G	0.087	0.090	0.093	2.21	2.28	2.36
H	0.085	0.092	0.095	2.16	2.33	2.41
I	0.176	0.179	0.184	4.47	4.55	4.67
J	0.018	0.020	0.023	0.46	0.51	0.58
K	0.035	0.037	0.039	0.90	0.95	1.00
L	0.018	0.020	0.023	0.46	0.51	0.58
M	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.00	0.00	0.10
N	0.021	0.026	0.027	0.53	0.67	0.69
O	0°	0°	5°	0°	0°	5°
P	0.042	0.047	0.052	1.06	1.20	1.32
Q	0.034	0.039	0.044	0.86	1.00	1.11

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Product Selector

Part Number	Voltage		Gate Sensitivity Quadrants		Type	Package
	400V	600V	I - II - III	IV		
LJxx04D8	x	x	10mA	20mA	Sensitive Triac	TO-252 D-PAK
LJxx04V8	x	x	10mA	20mA	Sensitive Triac	TO-251 V-PAK
QJxx04D3	x	x	10mA	25mA	Standard Triac	TO-252 D-PAK
QJxx04V3	x	x	10mA	25mA	Standard Triac	TO-251 V-PAK
QJxx04D4	x	x	25mA	50mA	Standard Triac	TO-252 D-PAK
QJxx04V4	x	x	25mA	50mA	Standard Triac	TO-251 V-PAK

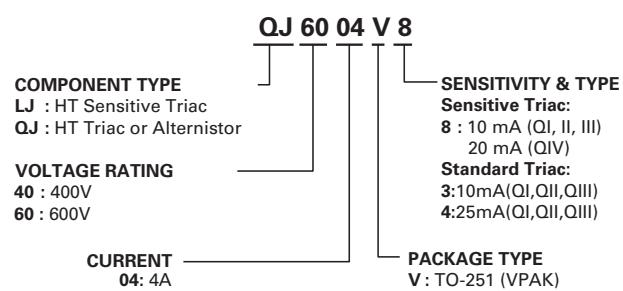
Note: $xx = \text{voltage}/10$

Packing Options

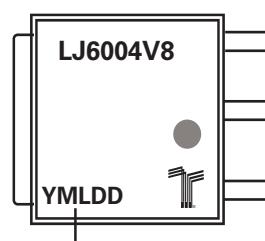
Part Number	Marking	Weight	Packing Mode	Base Quantity
LJxx04D8TP	LJxx04D8	0.3g	Tube Pack	750(75 per tube)
LJxx04D8RP	LJxx04D8	0.3g	Embossed Carrier	2500
LJxx04V8TP	LJxx04V8	0.4g	Tube Pack	750(75 per tube)
QJxx04D3TP	QJxx04D3	0.3g	Tube Pack	750(75 per tube)
QJxx04D3RP	QJxx04D3	0.3g	Embossed Carrier	2500
QJxx04V3TP	QJxx04V3	0.4g	Tube Pack	750(75 per tube)
QJxx04D4TP	QJxx04D4	0.3g	Tube Pack	750(75 per tube)
QJxx04D4RP	QJxx04D4	0.3g	Embossed Carrier	2500
QJxx04V4TP	QJxx04V4	0.4g	Tube Pack	750(75 per tube)

Note: $xx = \text{voltage}/10$

Part Numbering System



Part Marking System



Date Code Marking
Y:Year Code
M: Month Code
L: Location Code
DD: Calendar Code

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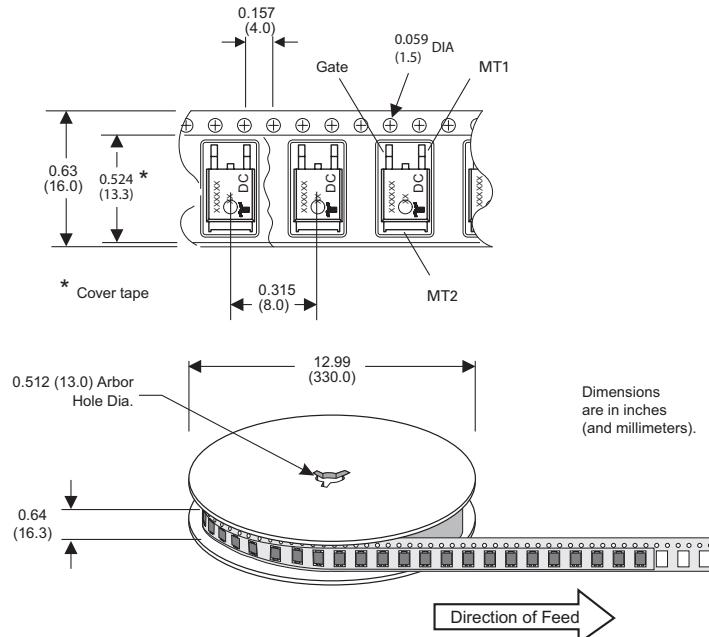
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Thyristors

4 Amp High Temperature Sensitive & Standard Triacs

TO-252 Embossed Carrier Reel Pack (RP) Specifications

Meets all EIA-481-2 Standards



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