

3 PHASE CONTROLLER FOR DC BRUSHLESS MOTOR

Features:

- Up to 50 KHz PWM switching capability.
- No bootstrap capacitor.
- Trapezoidal 120° or 60° compatibility.
- Forward and reverse direction.
- Regeneration mode.
- Programmable over current shutdown.
- Programmable over temperature shutdown.
- E.S.D protection.
- Lead-free, RoHS compliant.

Application:

- E-bike
- Fan and pump
- Actuators system
- Compressor

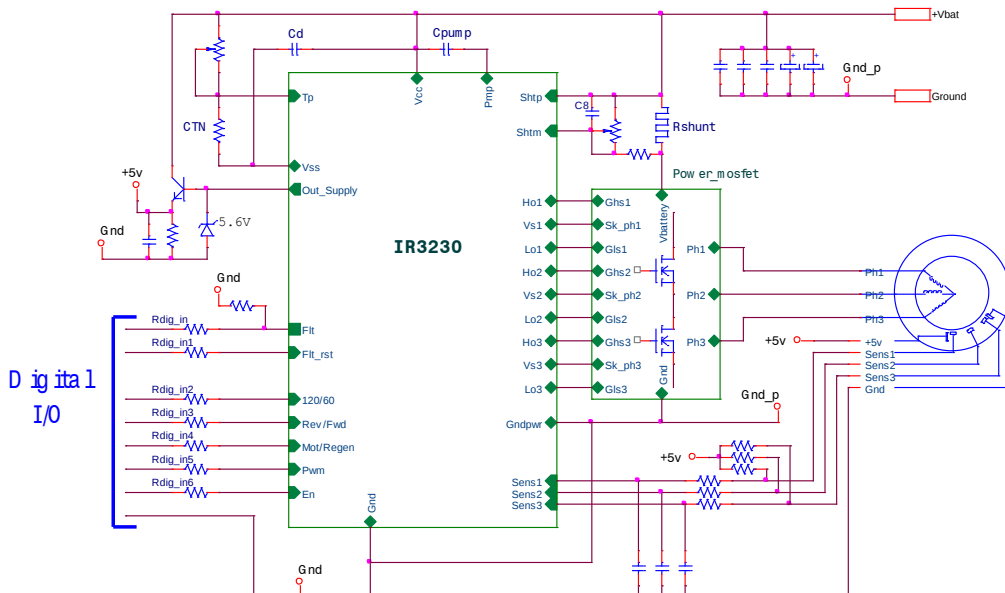
Package:



Description:

The IR3230 is a three-phase brushless DC motor controller/driver with many integrated features. They provide large flexibility in adapting the IR3230 to a specific system requirement and simplify the system design.

Typical connection:



Qualification Information[†]

Qualification Level		Industrial ^{††}	
		Comments: This family of ICs has passed JEDEC industrial qualification. IR's Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Industrial level.	
Moisture Sensitivity Level		SOIC28W	MSL3 260°C (per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020)
ESD	Machine Model	Class A (per JEDEC standard JESD22-A115)	
	Human Body Model	Class 1C (per JEDEC standard JESD22-A114)	
	Charged Device Model	Class IV (per JEDEC standard JESD22-C101)	
IC Latch-Up Test		Class II, Level A (per JEDEC standard JESD78)	
RoHS Compliant		Yes	

[†] Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site
<http://www.irf.com/>

^{††} Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirement.
Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. (Tj= -40°C..150°C, Vcc=6..65V unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V Gnd to Vcc	Maximum Gnd to Vcc voltage	-0.3	75	V
V Gndpwr to Vcc	Maximum Gndpwr to Vcc voltage	-0.3	65	V
V Gnd to Gndpwr	Maximum Gnd to Gndpwr voltage	-40	40	V
V Latch test	Maximum power supply voltage to perform the latch test	—	50	V
V Dig in to Vcc	Maximum all digital input to Vcc voltage	-0.3	75	V
V Flt to Vcc	Maximum Flt to Vcc voltage	-0.3	75	V
V Vsx to Vcc	Maximum Vsx to Vcc voltage	-1.5	75	V
V Shtp to Vcc	Maximum Shtp to Vcc voltage	-0.3	0.3	V
V Shtn to Vcc	Maximum Shtn to Vcc voltage	-0.3	75	V
V Out_supply to Vcc	Maximum Out_supply to Vcc voltage	-0.3	75	V
V Tp to Vcc	Maximum Tp to Vcc voltage	-0.3	75	V
I flt	Maximum continous output current on the Flt pin	—	4	mA
Pd 3230s	Maximum power dissipation (1) Rth=80°C/W	—	1.5	W
Tj max.	Max. storage & operating temperature junction temperature	-40	150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
Rth 3230s	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	80	—	°C/W

Recommended Operating Conditions

These values are given for a quick design. For operation outside these conditions, please consult the application notes.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V _{cc opp}	Power supply voltage	6	60	V
C _{pump}	Charge pump capacitor	0.22	4.7	μF
Max consumption V _{ss}	Maximum consumption on the V _{ss}		100	μA
C _d	Recommended capacitor between V _{cc} and V _{ss}	10	100	nF
R _{Dig in}	Recommended resistor in series with digital input pin	0	10	kΩ
R _{pld Flt}	Recommended pull down resistor on the Flt pin (no internal pull down)	1.5	-	kΩ
R _{Vsx}	Recommended resistor in series with high side source (recommended R _{Vsx} = R _{Lox})	5	100	Ω
R _{Lox}	Recommended resistor in series with low side gate	5	100	Ω
F _{Hox max}	Maximum recommended high side MOSFET frequency (Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF, C _{pump} = 220nF		2	kHz
F _{Lox max}	Maximum recommended low side MOSFET frequency Lox load =2.2nF, C _{pump} = 220nF		50	kHz

Static Electrical Characteristics

T_J=25°C, V_{cc}=48V (unless otherwise specified), Dig in = All except Hox, Lox, Vsx, Flt, Pmp, Tp, Shtp, Shtm, Vcc, Gnd, Gndpwr, Out_{supply}.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I _{Gnd Slp}	Supply current in low consumption mode	0.3	1	2	mA	En = 0;
I _{Gnd On}	Gnd current when the device is awake	1.2	2.5	4	mA	En = 1;
I _{Out_{supply}}	Out _{supply} output current	1	1.7	3.1	mA	V _{out_{Vcc}} >6V
I _{Flt}	Flt pin output current	3	6.6	10	mA	Flt = Gnd when fault
V _{Flt}	Flt pin output voltage	4.5	5	5.8	V	I _{Flt} = 10μA
V _{dig_{in} Off}	All digital input Low threshold voltage	0.6	1	1.6	V	
V _{dig_{in} On}	All digital input High threshold voltage	1.9	2.8	3.8	V	
V _{dig_{in} Hyst}	All digital input hysteresis	1.3	1.8	2.5	V	
I _{dig_{in} On}	All digital input On state current	3.8	8	16	μA	V _{dig_{in}} = 5v
I _{sensor}	All digital input On state current	8.8	18	36	μA	V _{sensx} = 0v
V _{Hox-Vsx}	High side gate voltage	5.8	6.1	7	V	
V _{Lox}	Low side gate voltage	5.8	6.5	11	V	
I _{Hox Out_{Gndpwr}}	High side gate output current Vsx < Vcc	38	50	85	mA	Hox = Vsx
I _{Hox Out_{Vcc}}	High side gate output current Vsx > Vcc	7	15	19	mA	Hox = Vsx
I _{Hox In}	High side gate input current	70	110	250	mA	(Hox - Vsx)=6V, Vsx = Vcc
I _{Lox Out}	Low side gate output current	250	350	700	mA	Lox = Gndpwr
I _{Lox In}	Low side gate input current	250	350	700	mA	Lox = 6V

Switching Electrical Characteristics

$V_{cc}=48V$, $T_j=25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified)

Motor & Regen mode							
	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
	C_{pump}	Time to charge the pump capacitor	1.5	5	8	ms	$C_{pump} = 220nF$ from $EN = hi$ to $(V_{cpump} - V_{cc}) = 5.3v$
	$T_{pwr_on_rst}$	Power on reset time	180	600	1200	μs	$C_{pump} = 6V$
High side	$Tr1$ Hox-Vsx	Rise time high side gate with $V_{sx} = gndpwr$	0.1	0.3	0.5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF From 10% to 90%
	$Tr2$ Hox-Vsx	Rise time high side gate with $V_{sx} = V_{cc}$	0.8	2.5	5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF From 10% to 90%
	$Tf1$ Hox-Vsx	Fall time high side gate with $V_{sx} = Gndpwr$	0.05	0.15	0.25	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF From 90% to 10%
	$Tf2$ Hox-Vsx	Fall time high side gate with $V_{sx} = V_{cc}$	0.15	0.7	1.4	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF From 90% to 10%
	$Td1$ MtoR Hox off	Motor to Regen mode High side turn-off delay time $V_{sx} = gndpwr$	0.1	0.3	0.5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Reg/mot to 90% of (Hox – Vsx)
	$Td2$ MtoR Hox off	Motor to Regen mode High side turn-off delay time $V_{sx} = V_{cc}$	0.8	2.5	5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Reg/mot to 90% of (Hox – Vsx)
	$Td1$ RtoM Hox on	Regen to Motor mode High side turn-on delay time $V_{sx} = gndpwr$	0.1	0.3	0.5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Reg/mot to 10% of (Hox – Vsx)
	$Td2$ RtoM Hox on	Regen to Motor mode High side turn-on delay time $V_{sx} = V_{cc}$	0.8	2.5	5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Reg/mot to 10% of (Hox – Vsx)
Low side	Tr Lox	Low side rise time to turn on	0.04	0.1	0.3	μs	Lox load =2.2nF From 10% to 90%
	Tf Lox	Low side fall time to turn off	0.04	0.1	0.3	μs	Lox load =2.2nF From 90% to 10%
	Td MtoR Lox on	Motor to Regen mode low side turn-on delay time	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of Reg/mot to 10% of Lox
	Td RtoM Lox off	Regen to Motor mode low side turn-off delay time	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of Reg/mot to 10% of Lox

Regen mode							
	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Low side	<i>Td Pwm Lox on</i>	<i>Pwm to low side turn-on delay time</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of Pwm to 10% of Lox
	<i>Td Pwm Lox off</i>	<i>Pwm to low side turn-off delay time</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of Pwm to 90% of Lox
Motor Mode							
	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
High side	<i>Td1 Sensx Hox on</i>	<i>Sensor to high side turn-on delay time Vsx = gndpwr</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Sensx to 10% of (Hox - Vsx)
	<i>Td2 Sensx Hox on</i>	<i>Sensor to high side turn-on delay time Vsx = Vcc</i>	0.8	2.5	5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Sensx to 10% of (Hox - Vsx)
	<i>Td1 Sensx Hox off</i>	<i>Sensor to high side turn-off delay time Vsx = gndpwr</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Sensx to 90% of (Hox - Vsx)
	<i>Td2 Sensx Hox off</i>	<i>Sensor to high side turn-off delay time Vsx = Vcc</i>	0.8	2	5	μs	(Hox-Vsx) load =2.2nF from 50% of Sensx to 90% of (Hox - Vsx)
Low side	<i>Td Pwm Lox on</i>	<i>Pwm to low side turn-on delay time</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of Pwm to 10% of Lox
	<i>Td Pwm Lox off</i>	<i>Pwm to low side turn-off delay time</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of Pwm to 90% of Lox
	<i>Td Sensx Lox on</i>	<i>Sensor to low side turn-off delay time</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of Sensx to 10% of Lox
	<i>Td Sensx Lox off</i>	<i>Sensor to low side turn-off delay time</i>	0.1	0.25	0.5	μs	Lox load =2.2nF from 50% of sensx to 90% of Lox

Protection Characteristics

Vcc=48V, Tj=25°C (unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
<i>Vth Isd</i>	<i>Maximum over current shutdown threshold between Shtp and Shtm</i>	65	80	97	mV	Rshunt =5 mΩ → I _{max} =20A
<i>Vth Tsd</i>	<i>External over temperature threshold</i>	45	50	55	%	(Vtemp-VSht+)/(Vss-VSht+)
<i>Tsd int</i>	<i>Internal over temperature threshold</i> Guaranteed by design	150	165		°C	
<i>Dly Latch set</i>	<i>Delay to set the latch</i>	0.3	1	3	μs	Delay fault from Vth(Isd) = 200mV
<i>Dly Latch reset</i>	<i>Delay to reset the latch by Flt_rst pin</i>	5	25	60	μs	

UV Pump on	Shtp – Pmp charge pump under voltage on	4.9	5.3	5.75	V	
UV Pump off	Shtp – Pmp charge pump under voltage off	4.5	4.9	5.4	V	
UV Pump hyst	Shtp – Pmp charge pump under voltage hysteresis	0.2	0.37	0.6	V	
UV Vss	Vcc (Shtp)- Vss under voltage	3.9	4.8	5.7	V	
UV Vcc gnd	Vcc (Shtp)-Gnd under voltage	4.6	5.4	6	V	
UV Vcc gndpwr	Vcc-Gndpwr under voltage	4.6	5.4	6	V	

Lead Assignments 4.6

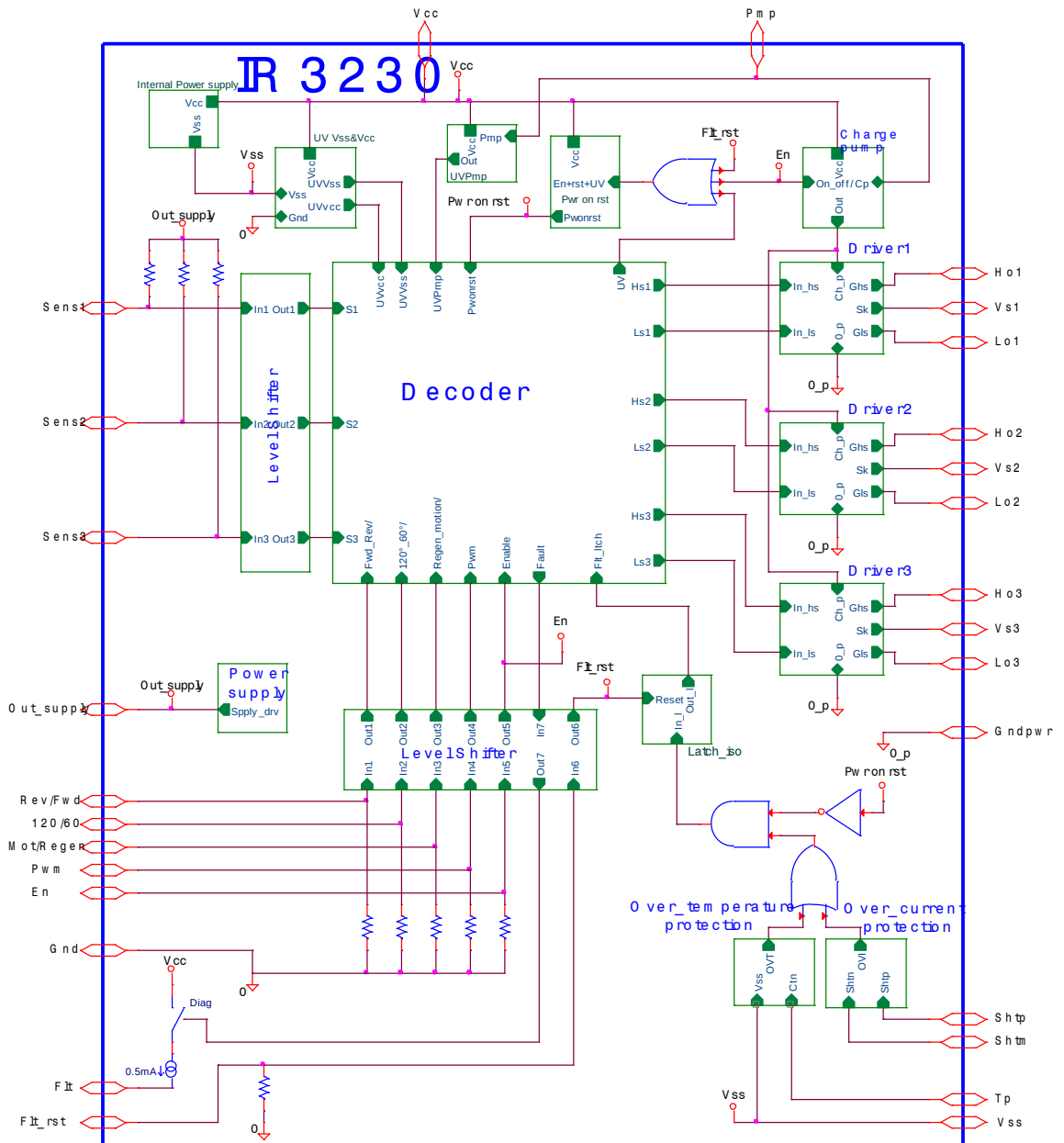
Part number						IR3230SPbF	
Lead assignments						 SOIC-28L Wide Body	
1	120/60	11	Shtm	21	Vs1		
2	Rev/Fwd	12	TP	22	Ho2		
3	Mot/Regen	13	Vss	23	Vs2		
4	Pwm	14	Lo1	24	Ho3		
5	En	15	Lo2	25	Vs3		
6	Flt_rst	16	Lo3	26	Sens3		
7	Flt	17	Gndpwr	27	Sens2		
8	Out_supply	18	Vcc	28	Sens1		
9	Gnd	19	Pmp				
10	Shtp	20	Ho1				

[illegible]

The circuit diagram shows a 2-channel differential amplifier. It consists of two input channels, each using an RFB3207z op-amp configured as a voltage follower (buffer). The top channel's non-inverting input (pin 1) is connected to the Ghsx input through a 10 ohm resistor (R43). Its inverting input (pin 2) is connected to the output (pin 3) through a 100k resistor (R46). The bottom channel's non-inverting input (pin 1) is connected to the Gbx input through a 20 ohm resistor (R49). Its inverting input (pin 2) is connected to the output (pin 3) through a 100k resistor (R52). A Schottky diode (D1, 60V low Vf) is connected between the Ghsx and Gbx inputs, with its cathode to Ghsx and anode to Gbx. The outputs of the buffers are connected to a common output node Phx through a 1uF capacitor (C20). The circuit is powered by Vcc and Ground.

Functional Block Diagram

All values are typical



Simplified schematic:

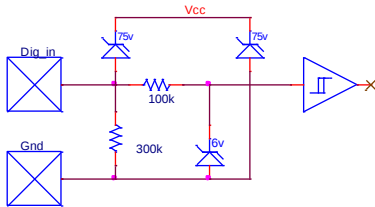


Figure 1: Digital input

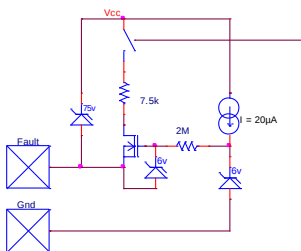


Figure 2: Fault output

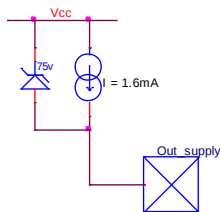


Figure 3: Out_supply

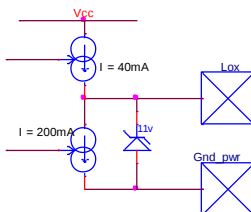


Figure 4: Lo output

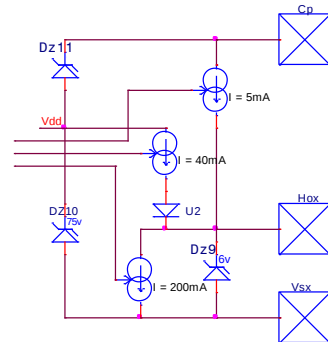


Figure 5: Hox output

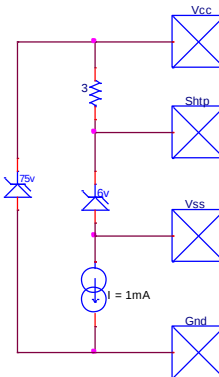


Figure 6: Vss pin

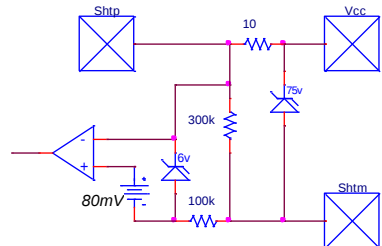


Figure 7: Sht_in

Decoder Table:

Inputs									Outputs							Motor				
Sensor electrical phasing						Operating mode selection			Diagnostic	Top drives			Bottom drives			Ph1	Ph2	Ph3	Direction	
120/60 =0 ⇒60° mode			120/60 =1 ⇒120° mode																	
S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	Rev/Fwd	Mot/Regen	En	Flt	Ho1	Ho2	Ho3	Lo1	Lo2	Lo3					
Motor mode																				
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Pwm	0	1	0	Hz	Fwd direction	
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	Pwm	1	Hz	0		
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	Pwm	Hz	1	0		
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	Pwm	0	0	0	1	Hz		
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	Pwm	0	0	0	Hz	1		
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Pwm	0	Hz	0	1	Rev direction	
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	Pwm	0	0	0	1	Hz		
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	Pwm	0	0	0	Hz	1		
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Pwm	0	Hz	0	1		
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Pwm	0	1	0	Hz		
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	Pwm	1	Hz	0		
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	Pwm	Hz	1	0		
Regen mode																				
x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	0	1	0	0	0	0	Pwm	Pwm	Pwm	Buck converter		Generator	
Disable mode																				
x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hz	Hz	Hz	Off
Fault mode																				
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	x	x	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hz	Hz	Hz	Off
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	x	x	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hz	Hz	Hz	

Keys	
x	Don't care
1	Active
0	not active
Hz	High impedance
Pwm	Signal on the pwm input

Fault Table:

latched fault	
Flt = 1	If [V(Sht+) - V(Sht-)] > 80mv
	or
	If [V(Vcc) - V(Tp)] > 50% of [V(Vcc) - V(Vss)]
	or
	If the sensor code is wrong

Not latched fault	
Flt = 1	If Flt_rst = 5v
	or
	If one of all UV is activated
	or
	If En is not activated
	or
	If the Tpw_rst is activated

Logical equation:

1) 120° mode:

➤ Forward direction:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ○ $Ho1 = S1 \bullet \overline{S2}$ | ○ $Lo1 = \overline{S1} \bullet S2$ |
| ○ $Ho2 = S2 \bullet \overline{S3}$ | ○ $Lo2 = \overline{S2} \bullet S3$ |
| ○ $Ho3 = S3 \bullet \overline{S1}$ | ○ $Lo3 = \overline{S3} \bullet S1$ |

➤ Reverse direction:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ○ $Ho1 = \overline{S1} \bullet S2$ | ○ $Lo1 = S1 \bullet \overline{S2}$ |
| ○ $Ho2 = \overline{S2} \bullet S3$ | ○ $Lo2 = S2 \bullet \overline{S3}$ |
| ○ $Ho3 = \overline{S3} \bullet S1$ | ○ $Lo3 = S3 \bullet \overline{S1}$ |

2) 60° mode:

➤ Forward direction:

- | | |
|---|---|
| ○ $Ho1 = \overline{S2} \bullet \overline{S3}$ | ○ $Lo1 = S2 \bullet S3$ |
| ○ $Ho2 = S1 \bullet S2$ | ○ $Lo2 = \overline{S1} \bullet \overline{S2}$ |
| ○ $Ho3 = \overline{S1} \bullet S3$ | ○ $Lo3 = S1 \bullet \overline{S3}$ |

➤ Reverse direction:

- | | |
|---|---|
| ○ $Ho1 = S2 \bullet S3$ | ○ $Lo1 = \overline{S2} \bullet \overline{S3}$ |
| ○ $Ho2 = \overline{S1} \bullet \overline{S2}$ | ○ $Lo2 = S1 \bullet S2$ |
| ○ $Ho3 = S1 \bullet \overline{S3}$ | ○ $Lo3 = \overline{S1} \bullet S3$ |

Shtp & Shtm, over Current protection:

The IR3230 has shunt interface input: Shtp & Shtm. This shunt measurement is referenced to the Vcc (measurement on the battery line). Thanks to the shunt value and an external divider resistor, the user can adjust the maximum current in the motor. The internal threshold is Vth Isd. This protection is latched so the Flt output is activated (High state) to provide a diagnostic to the μP . This protection can be reset by activating Flt_rst high for more than Trst time. This protection works only in the motor mode.

Tp & Vss, over temperature protection:

The IR3230 has CTN interface input: Tp, Vss. This CTN is referenced to the Vss. Thanks to an external resistor in series with the CTN resistor, the user can adjust the maximum temperature threshold. The internal threshold is Vth Tsd. This protection is latched so the Flt output is activated (high state) to provide a diagnostic to the μP . This protection can be reset by activating Flt_rst high for more than Trst time.

Mot/Regen:

This digital input allows selecting the motor mode or the regeneration mode (braking mode). The μP needs to implement a delay to switch from one to the other to avoid shoot through short circuit and activate the over current fault. This can be calculating by using the "Td xxx xx" parameters in the Switching electrical characteristics. Use the following parameters as a simple rule:

- Delay to go from the motor mode to the regen mode: use the maximum of the Td2 MtoR Hox off + the maximum of the Tf2_Hox-Vsx parameter.
- Delay to go from the regen mode to the motor mode: use the maximum of the Td1 RtoM Lox off + the maximum of the Tf Lox parameter.

Pwm:

In motion mode, through the pwm input, the μP controls the speed of the motor. This input provides duty cycle and the frequency to the low side switches in order of the sensor table selected by logical sensor input.

In regen mode (buck converter operation), It provides the duty cycle and the frequency to the 3 low side switches in same time independently of the sensor input sequence. So the μP can controls the regeneration current level in the battery and breaking the motor.

En:

The input Pin enable allows switching off all output power Mosfets and the Charge pump. This reduces the consumption of the device. The Out_supply output stays active to power supply the μP even if the Enable is set at 0V. En pin high wake up the device. When the voltage of charge pump capacitor reaches the UV pump threshold, the device wait for the power reset (Pwr on rst) and then it is ready to operate.

120/60°:

This digital input selects the right sensor table in order to the sensor electrical position 120° or 60°.

Out_supply:

This output provides a 1.6mA regulated current. This output can be used as a biasing to create a power supply thanks to an external zener diode and a bipolar ballast transistor. The created voltage of this power supply is defined by the value of the zener diode implemented. This power supply could be used to supply all external circuitries (Sensor, μP ...).

Rev/Fwd:

This digital input selects the right sensor table in order to choose the motor direction forward and reverse.

Fault:

A minimum pull down resistor to gnd must be used to limit the current on this output. Please refer to the Absolute maximum ratings table. There is no internal pull down; value is undefined when not in fault if no external pull down resistor is used.

Refer to Fault table to check witch event will be latched or not.

Parameters curves:

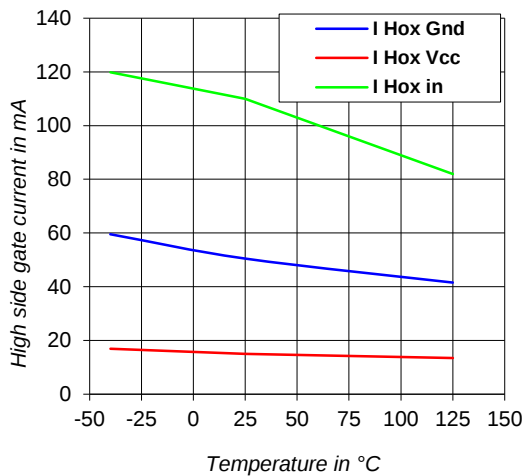


Figure 1: High side gate current vs. temperature

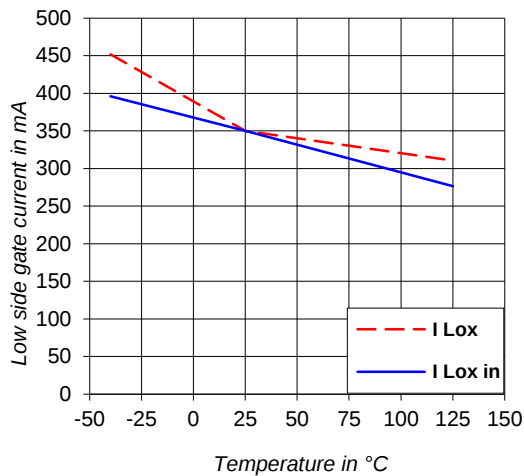


Figure 2: Low side gate current vs. temperature

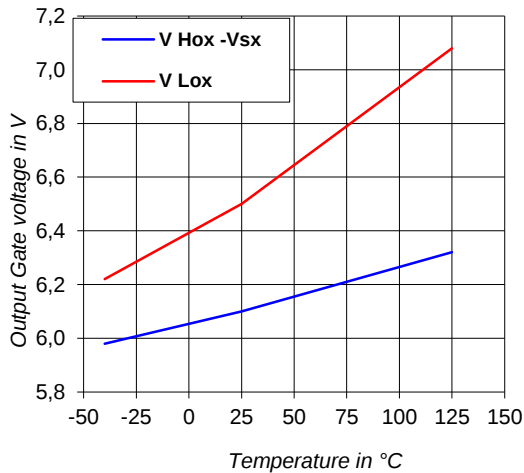


Figure3: Output gate voltage vs. temperature

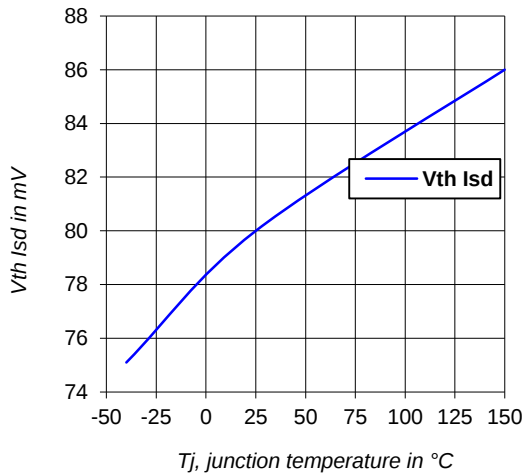
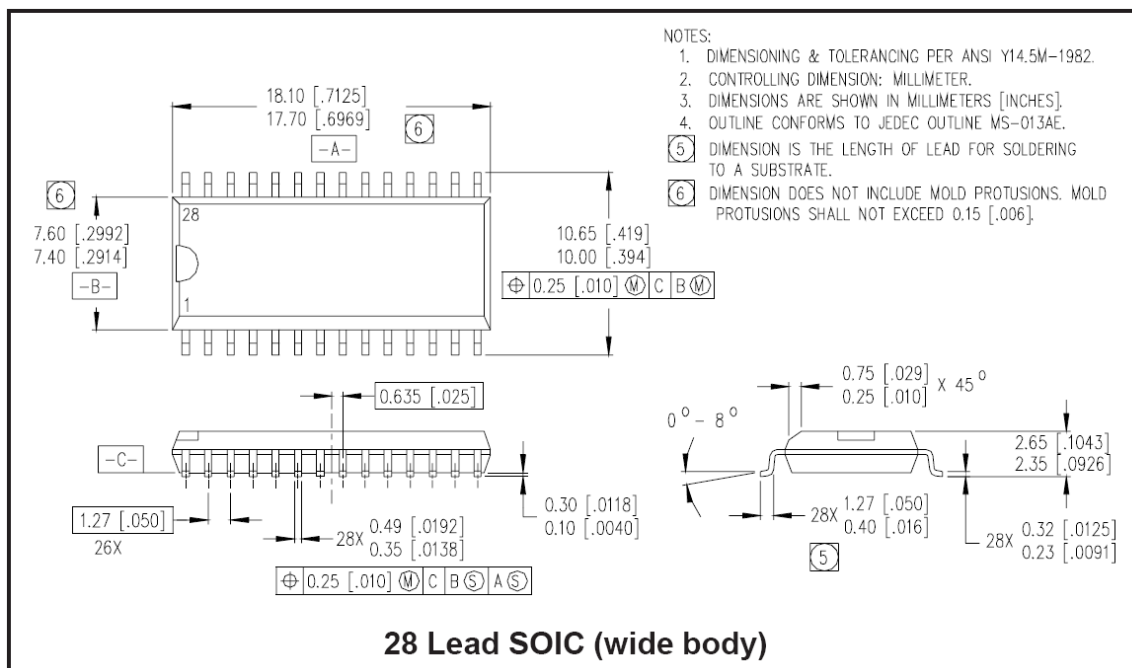
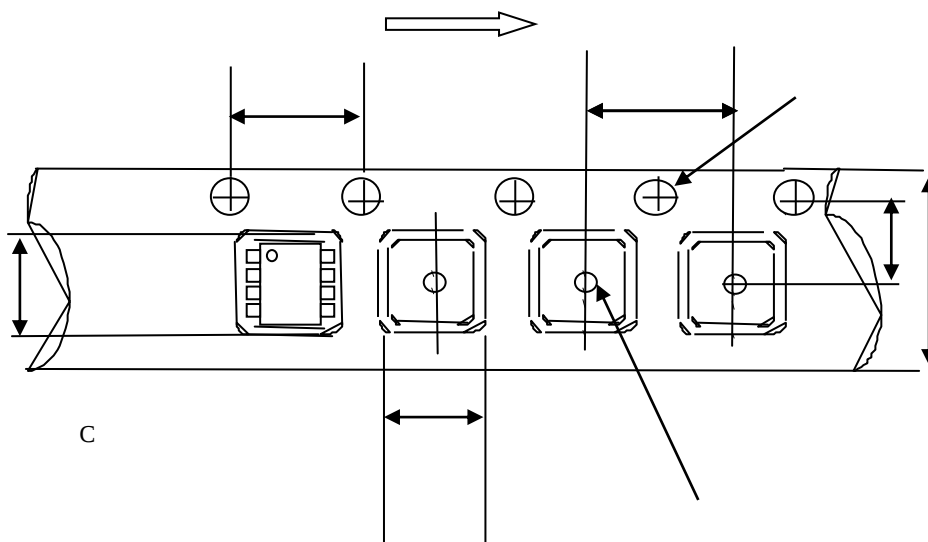


Figure4: Vth Isd Vs Tj

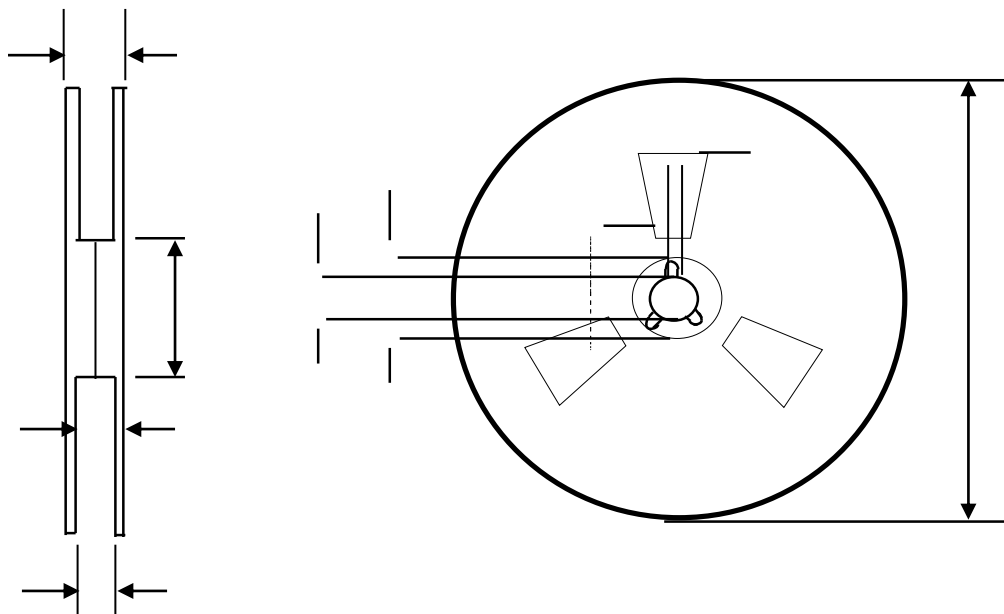
Package outline:





CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 28SOICW

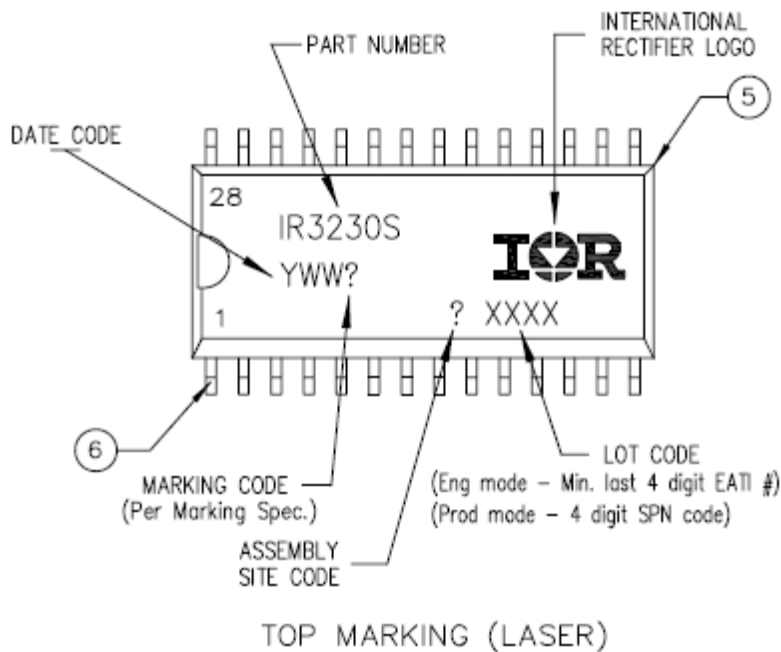
Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	11.90	12.10	0.468	0.476
B	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
C	23.70	24.30	0.933	0.956
D	11.40	11.60	0.448	0.456
E	10.80	11.00	0.425	0.433
F	18.20	18.40	0.716	0.724
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062



REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 28SOICW

Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
B	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
C	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	30.40	n/a	1.196
G	26.50	29.10	1.04	1.145
H	24.40	26.40	0.96	1.039

Part Marking Information



Ordering Information

Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Complete Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IR3230SPBF	SOIC28W	Tube/Bulk	25	IR3230SPBF
		Tape and Reel	1000	IR3230STRPBF

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Revision History

Revision	Date	Notes/Changes
<i>A</i>	<i>26/03/12</i>	<i>First release</i>
<i>B</i>	<i>August 7, 2012</i>	<i>Typo correction front page</i>