

7W AUDIO AMPLIFIER

NOT FOR NEW DESIGN

The TBS810P is an improvement of TBA810S.

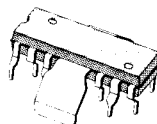
It offers:

- Higher output power ($R_L = 4\Omega$ and 2Ω)
- Low noise
- Polarity inversion protection
- Fortuitous open ground protection
- High supply voltage rejection (40dB min.)

The TBA810P is a monolithic integrated circuit in a 12-lead quad in-line plastic package, intended for use as a low frequency class B amplifier.

The TBA810P provides 7W output power at 16V/4 Ω ; 7W at 14.4/2 Ω .

It gives high output current (up to 3A), high efficiency (75% at 60W output) very low harmonic and crossover distortion. The circuit is provided with a thermal limiting circuit and can withstand a short-circuit on the load for supply voltages up to 15V.



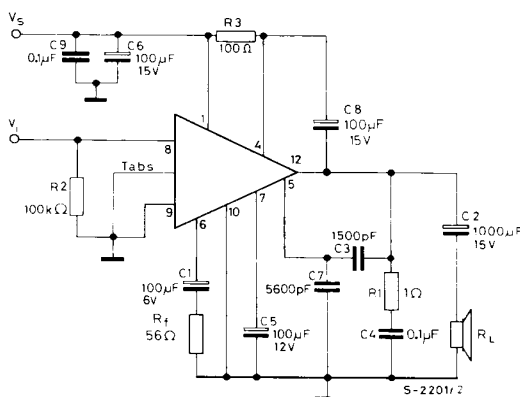
Findip

ORDER CODE: TBA810P

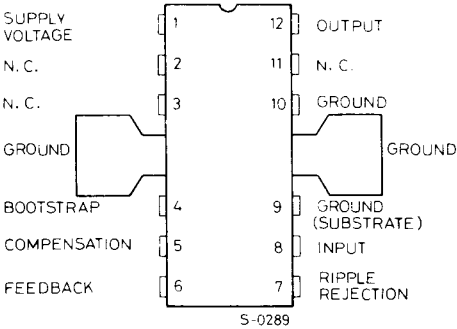
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_s	Supply voltage	20	V
I_o	Output peak current (non repetitive)	4	A
I_o	Output peak current (repetitive)	3	A
P_{tot}	Power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 80^\circ C$	1	W
	$T_{tab} \leq 90^\circ C$	5	W
T_{stg}, T_j	Storage and junction temperature	-40 to 150	$^\circ C$

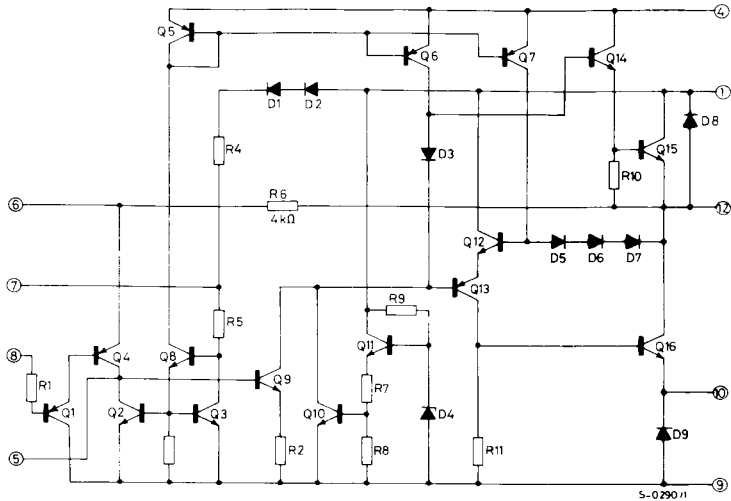
TEST AND APPLICATION CIRCUIT



CONNECTION DIAGRAM
(Top view)



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



THERMAL DATA

$R_{thj-tab}$	Thermal resistance junction-tab	max	12	$^{\circ}C/W$
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	70*	$^{\circ}C/W$

* Obtained with tabs soldered to printed circuit with minimized copper area

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Refer to the test circuit; $V_s = 14.4V$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_s	Supply voltage (pin 1)	4		20	V
V_o	Quiescent output voltage (pin 2)	6.4	7.2	8	V
I_d	Quiescent drain current		12	20	mA
I_b	Input bias current		0.4		μA
P_o	Output power	$d = 10\%$ $R_L = 4\Omega$ $R_L = 2\Omega$	$f = 1KHz$ 6 7		W W
$V_{i(rms)}$	Input saturation voltage	220			mV
R_i	Input resistance (pin 8)		5		M Ω
B	Frequency response (-3dB)	$R_L = 4\Omega/2\Omega$ $C_3 = 820pF$ $C_3 = 150pF$	40 to 20,000 40 to 10,000		Hz Hz
d	Distortion	$P_o = 50mW$ to $2.5W$ $R_L = 4\Omega/2\Omega$	$f = 1KHz$ 0.3		%
G_v	Voltage gain (open loop)	$R_L = 4\Omega$	$f = 1KHz$ 80		dB
G_v	Voltage gain (closed loop)	$R_L = 4\Omega/2\Omega$	$f = 1KHz$ 34	37	40
e_N	Input noise voltage	$V_s = 16V$ $B (-3dB) = 40$ to $15,000Hz$	2		μV
i_N	Input noise current		80		pA
η	Efficiency	$P_o = 6W$ $f = 1KHz$	$R_L = 4\Omega$ 75		%
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$R_L = 4\Omega$ $f_{ripple} = 10Hz$	$V_{ripple} = 1V_{rms}$ 40	48	dB

Fig. 1 - Output power vs. supply voltage

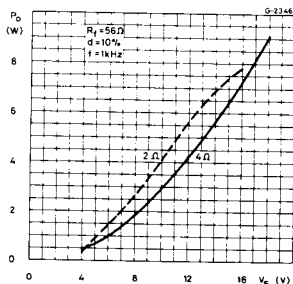


Fig. 2 - Maximum power dissipation vs. supply voltage (sine wave operation)

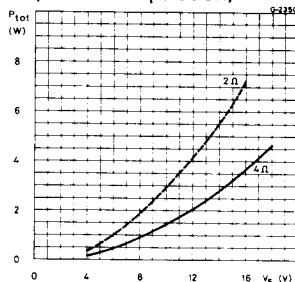


Fig. 3 - Value of C_3 vs. feedback resistance for various values of B

