



FEATURES

- RoHS compliant
- High efficiency to 89%
- Power density up to 1.78W/cm³
- UL94 V-0 package material
- Industry standard pinout
- UL 1950 recognized
- Non latching current limit
- Constant 350kHz frequency
- 1.5kV input to output isolation
- Versatile control options
- Continuous rating to 30W at 60°C without heatsink
- Operation to zero load
- Protected against load faults
- Internal over temperature protection
- Uses no electrolytic capacitors

DESCRIPTION

The NPH25S series of DC/DC converters combines ease of application with versatility. The pin pattern is based on the popular industry standard, but two additional pins may optionally be fitted to provide a variety of features not commonly found on units of this type. High efficiency enables full rating to be achieved in a small package without heat-sinking, and a high surge capability will provide for start-up and transient loads, whilst being thermally protected against sustained overload. Overload protection of the "constant current" type ensures start-up into complex load conditions. The copper case achieves efficient heat transfer and screening. The product range has been recognised by Underwriters Laboratory (UL) to UL 1950 for operational insulation, file number E151252 applies.



For full details go to
www.murata-ps.com/rohs



SELECTION GUIDE

Order Code ¹	Nominal Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Current Limit		Efficiency	MTTF ²	Recommended Alternative
	V	V	A	A (Min.)	A (Max.)	%	kHrs	
NPH25S2403EiC	24	3.4	7.3	7.5	11.0	81	334	UEI30-033-Q48N-C
NPH25S2403iC	24	3.4	7.3	7.5	11.0	81	334	UEI30-033-Q48N-C
NPH25S2405EiC	24	5.1	5.0	5.0	7.5	84	290	UEI30-050-Q48N-C
NPH25S2405iC	24	5.1	5.0	5.0	7.5	84	290	UEI30-050-Q48N-C
NPH25S2412EiC	24	12.1	2.1	2.5	3.7	86	291	UEI30-120-Q48N-C
NPH25S2412iC	24	12.1	2.1	2.5	3.7	86	291	UEI30-120-Q48N-C
NPH25S2415EiC	24	15.1	1.7	2.0	3.0	87	290	UEI30-150-Q48N-C
NPH25S2415iC	24	15.1	1.7	2.0	3.0	87	290	UEI30-150-Q48N-C
Obsolete								
NPH25S4803EiC	48	3.4	7.3	7.5	11.0	83	369	UEI25-033-D48P-C
NPH25S4803iC	48	3.4	7.3	7.5	11.0	83	369	UEI25-033-D48P-C
NPH25S4805EiC	48	5.1	5.0	5.0	7.5	85	366	UEI25-050-D48P-C
NPH25S4805iC	48	5.1	5.0	5.0	7.5	85	366	UEI25-050-D48P-C
NPH25S4812EiC	48	12.1	2.1	2.5	3.7	88	368	UEI25-120-D48P-C
NPH25S4812iC	48	12.1	2.1	2.5	3.7	88	368	UEI25-120-D48P-C
NPH25S4815EiC	48	15.1	1.7	2.0	3.0	89	366	Contact Murata
NPH25S4815iC	48	15.1	1.7	2.0	3.0	89	366	Contact Murata

INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Voltage range	Continuous operation, 24V input types	18	24	36	V
	Continuous operation, 48V input types	36	48	75	

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Voltage set point error	50% load			0.5	%
Overall voltage error	Case temperature -40°C to 110°C Load 0% - 100%, Input specified range			2.5	%
Temperature coefficient of output voltage (slope)				250	ppm/°C
Deviation of output voltage	Temperature MIN-MAX		0.5	1	%
Line regulation	Operating voltage range, 50% load			0.1	%
Load Regulation	0% - 100% rated load			0.5	
Ripple	rms		70		mV

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Isolation test voltage	Flash tested for 1 second	1500			VDC
Resistance	VISO = 500VDC	1			GΩ

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Input voltage, 24V input types	-0.5V to 40V ³
Input voltage, 48V input types	-0.5V to 80V ³
Output voltage	-0.3V to regulated voltage
Output trim control	-1V to +30V
Synchronisation/shutdown control	±15V relative to input return

- Parts ending with EiC have optional TRIM and SS pins fitted.
- Calculated using MIL-HDBK-217F with nominal input voltage at full load.
- Absolute maximum value for 30 seconds. Prolonged operation may damage the product.
All specifications typical at T_a=25°C, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise specified.

CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Voltage trimming range ¹	At rated load, trim control at either output	±10			%
Remote switch input (voltage relative to input negative) ¹	Not operating	-15	0	1.5	V
	Operating, open circuit voltage	9	10	11	
Start delay	Time from application of valid input voltage to output being in specification		25	50	ms
Synchronisation ¹	Specified drive signal	320		440	kHz
Switching frequency		330	350	395	

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Case temperature	Full load	-40		110	°C
Storage	Absolute Max. internal temperature	-40		125	
Relative humidity	Non condensing 85°C			85	%
Thermal protection	Operates at case temperature	110			°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

UL 1950 recognition: Max. permissible loads for a given ambient temperature for any NPH25S model.

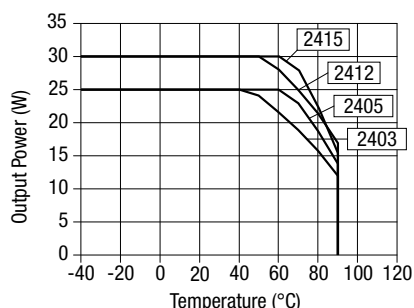
Temperature (°C)	Power (W)	Temperature (°C)	Power (W)
40	25.0	80	13.9
50	22.2	85	12.5
60	19.4	90	11.1
70	16.6		

Max. power rating with case temperature maintained by external means (e.g. forced air cooling).

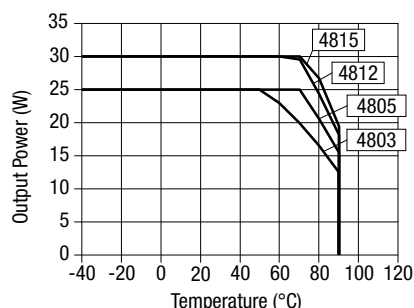
Part Number	Case Temperature			Units
	100°C	105°C	110°C	
NPH25S2403XXX	24	20	15	W
NPH25S2405XXX	25	22	18	
NPH25S2412XXX	30	24	21	
NPH25S2415XXX	30	27	22	
NPH25S4803XXX	25	20	16	W
NPH25S4805XXX	25	24	20	
NPH25S4812XXX	30	29	24	
NPH25S4815XXX	30	30	26	

THERMAL PERFORMANCE

24V Input



48V Input



1. Optional - where fitted.

APPLICATION NOTES

OUTPUT VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

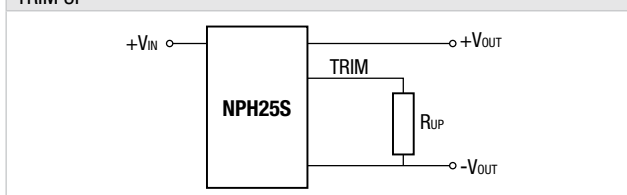
The trim resistor equations are:

$$R_{up} = (R/V_{up}) - S \text{ k}\Omega$$

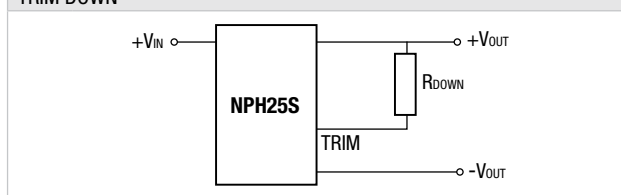
$$R_{down} = (L \times \frac{T}{V_{down}}) - T - S \text{ k}\Omega$$

V _{NOM}	3.4	5.1	12.1	15.1
S	22.2973	20.59761	28.79096	39.95902
T	10.1351	9.36255	15.42373	20.77869
R	17.9994	24.49487	94.9661	147.7314
L	-1.6241	-2.48374	-5.942857	-7.990244

TRIM UP



TRIM DOWN



When the output voltage is trimmed up, output current must be derated so that the maximum output power is not exceeded.

Example to decrease output voltage of NPH25S4805EiC by 0.1V:

$$R_{DOWN} = \left(\frac{-2.48374 \times 9.36255}{-0.1} \right) - 9.36255 - 20.59761 = 203.18 \text{ k}\Omega$$

SET VOLTAGE

The output voltage of all units is set to 100mV above nominal, to offset resistive losses and thus assist with worst case error calculations. For the EiC versions, this allowance can be altered with a single fixed resistor, connected from the trimming pin to one of the output pins.

SHUTDOWN

When the shutdown pin (SS) is shorted to the negative input, the converter will stop. Its current consumption will then be less than 1mA at nominal supply voltage. The voltage must be less than 1.5V to ensure that the unit stops, and must be able to sink at least 1mA.

The unit will restart if the control pin is left open circuit or raised to a value close to its normal open circuit voltage. This is typically 10V. Note however, that the unit will not meet specification while a significant current drain from this pin remains.

If the shutdown pin is to be connected to a long wire, it is recommended that a capacitor decouples the pin to the supply common in order to avoid the risk of injecting noise into the converter circuit. A series resistor may also be helpful. Values of 10nF and 1kΩ may be used.

Many NPH series converters may be switched together simply by linking the primary control pins. The primary common pins must also be linked.

FREQUENCY CONTROL

If the primary side dc control voltage is pulled away from its open circuit voltage, the converter frequency will be changed, approximately in proportion to the voltage. With +8.5VDC voltage to SS pin, the typical switching frequency will be 300kHz. If this is raised to 15VDC, the switching frequency will typically be 510kHz. The frequency may thus be moved away from a sensitive value or into a safe area. Deviation of at least -10% to +30% is achievable, though the efficiency will decline with significant changes. Also note that if the frequency is lowered, the switching frequency component of output ripple will increase. Since the design uses no large electrolytic capacitors, any use of a lower frequency must allow for the effects of increased ripple. Additional external filtering may be required.

EMC FILTERING AND SPECTRA

FILTERING

The module includes a basic level of filtering, sufficient for many applications. Where lower noise levels are desired, filters can easily be added to achieve any required noise performance.

A DC/DC converter generates noise in two principle forms: that which is radiated from its body and that conducted on its external connections. There are three separate modes of conducted noise: input differential, output differential and input-output.

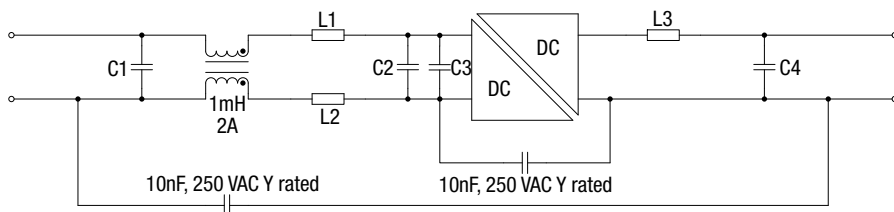
This last appears as common mode at the input and the output, and cannot therefore be removed by filtering at the input or output alone. The first level of filtering is to connect a capacitor between input and output returns, to reduce this form of noise. It typically contains high harmonics of the switching frequency, which tend to appear as spikes on surrounding circuits. The voltage rating of this capacitor must match the required isolation voltage. (Due to the great variety in isolation voltage and required noise performance, this capacitor has not been included within the converter.)

Input ripple is a voltage developed across the internal Input decoupling capacitor. It is therefore measured with a defined supply source impedance. Although simple series inductance will provide filtering, on its own it can degrade the stability. A shunt capacitor is therefore recommended across the converter input terminals, so that it is fed from a low impedance.

If no filtering is required, the inductance of long supply wiring could also cause a problem, requiring an input decoupling capacitor for stability. An electrolytic will perform well in these situations. The input-output filtering is performed by the common-mode choke on the primary. This could be placed on the output, but would then degrade the regulation and produce less benefit for a given size, cost, and power loss.

Radiated noise is present in magnetic and electrostatic forms. The latter is suppressed by the metal case, which is connected to the output return, typically a zero-volt point. Thanks to the small size of these units, neither form of noise will be radiated "efficiently", so will not normally cause a problem. Any question of this kind usually better repays attention to conducted signals.

EMC FILTER AND VALUES TO OBTAIN SPECTRA AS SHOWN



	Component reference						
	C1	C2	C3	C4	L1	L2	L3
NPH25S2403	10μF 100V	2.2μF 63V	47μF 63V	10μF 25V		MPS 18R333C 33μH 2A	4.7μH
NPH25S2405	10μF 100V	2.2μF 63V	47μF 63V	10μF 25V		MPS 18R333C 33μH 2A	10μH
NPH25S2412	10μF 100V	2.2μF 63V	Not required	10μF 25V		MPS 18R333C 33μH 2A	MPS 49330C 33μH 2.5A
NPH25S2415	10μF 100V	2.2μF 63V	47μF 63V	10μF 25V		MPS 18R333C 33μH 2A	MPS 18R333C 33μH 2.00A
NPH25S4803	10μF 100V	Not required	Not required	10μF 25V		MPS 18R104C 100μH 1.2A	4.7μH
NPH25S4805	10μF 100V	Not required	Not required	10μF 25V		MPS 18R104C 100μH 1.2A	10μH
NPH25S4812	10μF 100V	Not required	Not required	10μF 25V		MPS 18R104C 100μH 1.2A	MPS 49330C 33μH 2.5A
NPH25S4815	10μF 100V	Not required	Not required	10μF 25V		MPS 18R104C 100μH 1.2A	MPS 18R333C 33μH 2.00A

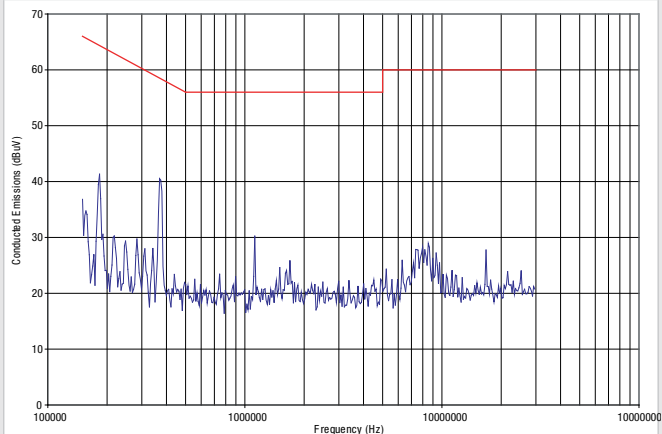
C1, C2 & C4 : Electrolytic capacitors

C3 : Polyester or ceramic capacitor

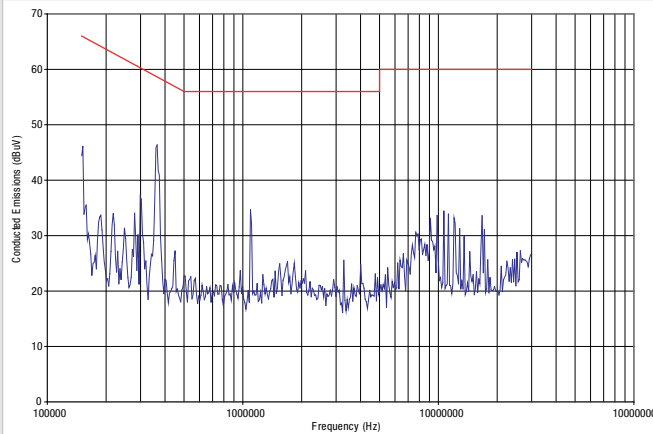
EMC Spectra red limit line is EN 55022 curve B Quasi-peak average limit.

EMC FILTERING AND SPECTRA (continued)

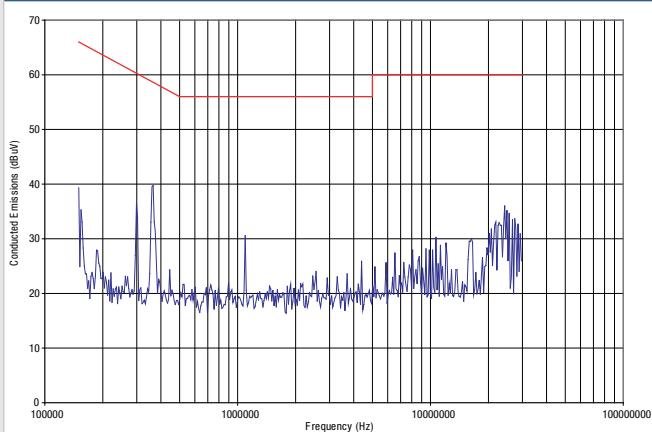
NPH25S2403



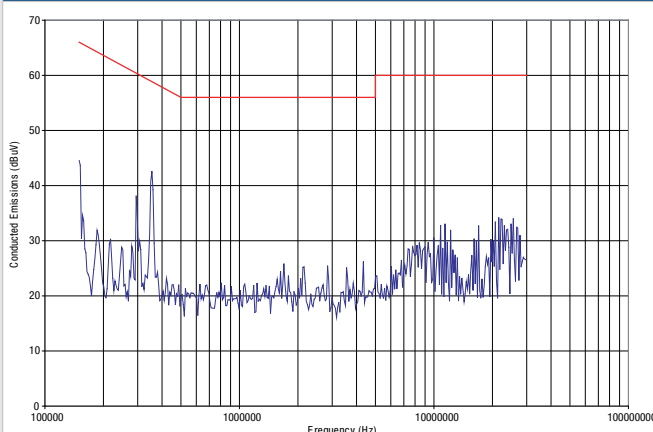
NPH25S2405



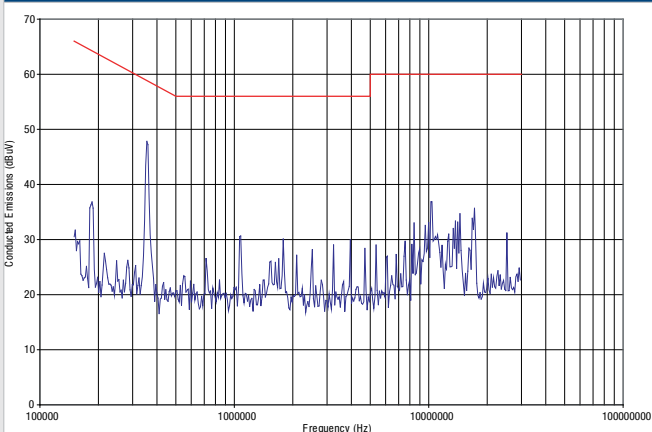
NPH25S2412



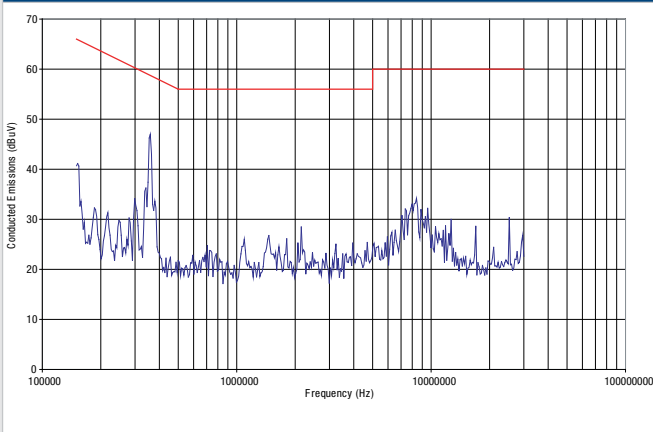
NPH25S2415



NPH25S4803

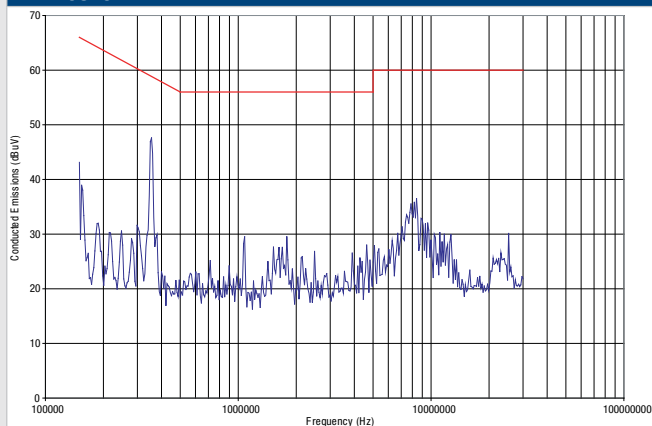


NPH25S4805

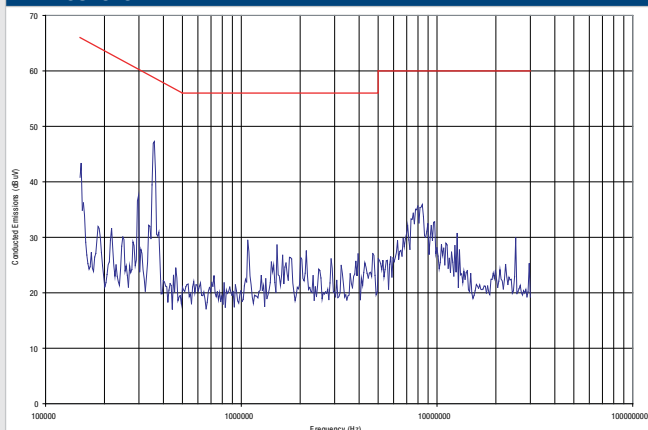


EMC FILTERING AND SPECTRA (continued)

NPH25S4812



NPH25S4815



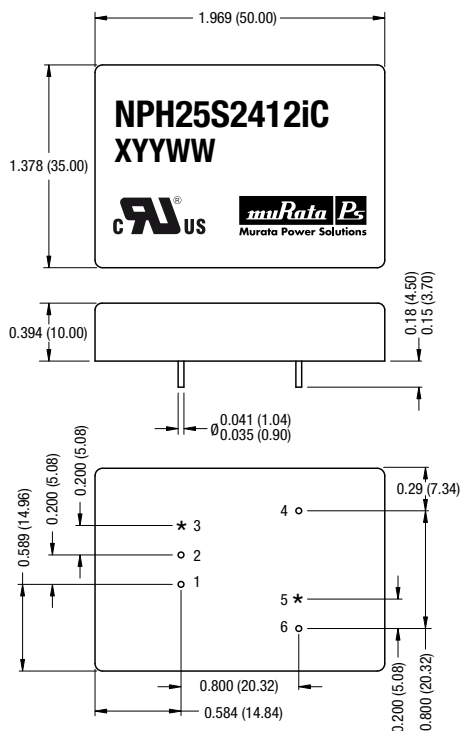
RoHS COMPLIANCE INFORMATION



This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 260°C for 10 seconds. The pin termination finish on this product series is a Gold flash (0.05-0.10 micron) over Nickel Preplate. The series is backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems. For further information, please visit www.murata-ps.com/rohs

PACKAGE SPECIFICATIONS

MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS



Weight: 45g

All dimensions in inches ± 0.01 (mm ± 0.25 mm)

All pins on a 0.10 (2.54) pitch and within ± 0.01 (0.254) of true position

* Optional control pins

The copper case is internally connected to the output (-V_{OUT}) pin. Care is needed in the design of this circuit board on which the converter is mounted. Top side tracks must not contact the edge of the case on the underside of the unit.

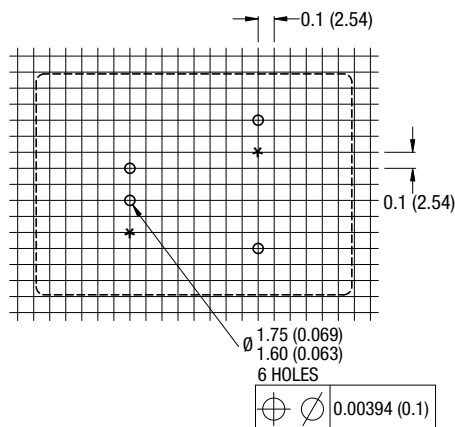
Please note that from 2010 onwards you may receive either a blue or a black case finish.

PIN CONNECTIONS

Pin	Function
1	-V _{IN}
2	+V _{IN}
3*	SS
4	+V _{OUT}
5*	TRIM
6	-V _{OUT}

* Optional pins

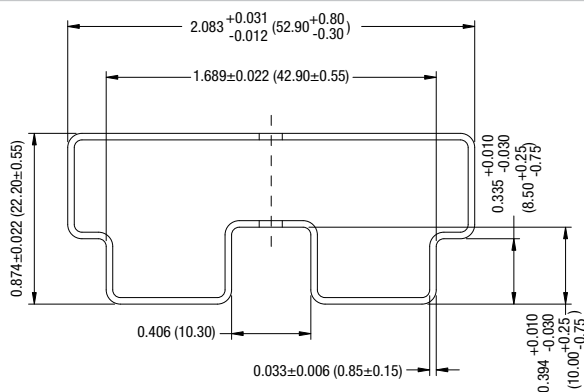
RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT DETAILS



All dimensions in inches ± 0.01 (mm ± 0.25 mm)

* Optional control pins

TUBE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



All dimensions in inches ± 0.01 (mm ± 0.25 mm)

Tube length: 530 (20.866) ± 2 (0.079)

Tube material: Antistatic coated clear PVC

Tube Quantity: 15

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ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED



This product is subject to the following [operating requirements](#) and the [Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy](#):

Refer to: <http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/>

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