TS3003

A 1.55V to 5.25V, 1.9µA, 9kHz to 300kHz Silicon Timer

FEATURES

♦ Ultra Low Supply Current: 1.9µA at 25kHz
♦ Supply Voltage Operation: 1.55V to 5.25V
♦ Single Resistor Sets FOUT at 50% Duty Cycle
♦ Programmable FOUT Period:
  • 9kHz ≤ FOUT ≤ 300kHz
♦ FOUT Period Accuracy: 3%
♦ FOUT Period Drift: 0.02%/ºC
♦ Single Resistor Sets Output Frequency
♦ Separate PWM Control and Buffered Output
♦ FOUT/PWMOUT Output Driver Resistance: 160Ω

APPLICATIONS

Portable and Battery-Powered Equipment
Low-Parts-Count Nanopower Oscillator
Compact Micropower Replacement for Crystal and Ceramic Oscillators
Micropower Pulse-width Modulation Control
Micropower Pulse-position Modulation Control
Micropower Clock Generation
Micropower Sequential Timing

DESCRIPTION

The TS3003 is a single-supply, second-generation oscillator/timer fully specified to operate at a supply voltage range of 1.55 V to 5.25 V while consuming less than 2.4 µA(max) supply current. Requiring only a resistor to set the base output frequency (or output period) at 25 kHz (or 40 µs) with a 50% duty cycle, the TS3003 timer/oscillator is compact, easy-to-use, and versatile. Optimized for ultra-long life, low frequency, battery-powered/portable applications, the TS3003 joins the TS3001, TS3002, TS3004, and TS3006 in the CMOS timer family of "NanoWatt Analog™" high-performance analog integrated circuits.

The TS3003 output frequency can be user-adjusted from 9 kHz to 300 kHz with a single resistor. In addition, the TS3003 represents a 25% reduction in pcb area and a factor-of-10 lower power consumption over other CMOS-based integrated circuit oscillators/timers. When compared against industry-standard 555-timer-based products, the TS3003 offers up to 84% reduction in pcb area and over three orders of magnitude lower power consumption.

The TS3003 is fully specified over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range and is available in a low-profile, 10-pin 3x3 mm TDFN package with an exposed back-side paddle.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT
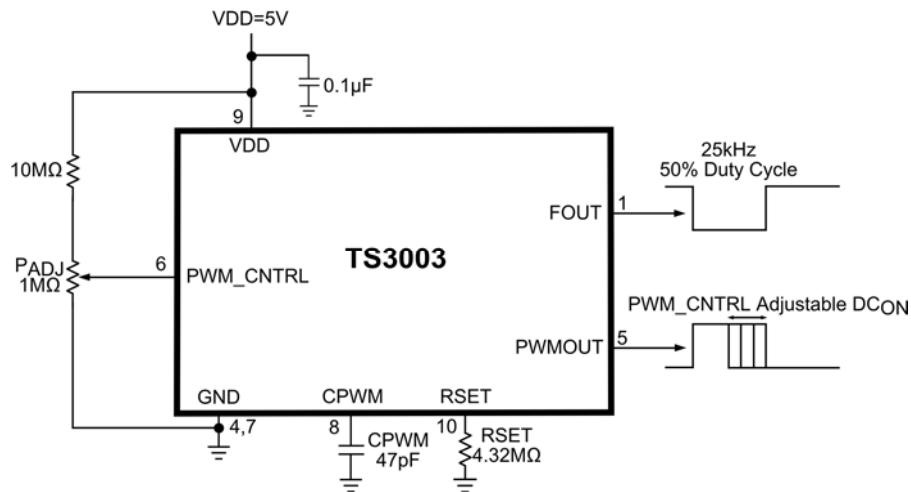
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{DD} to GND...-0.3V to +5.5V
PWM_CNTRL to GND..-0.3V to +5.5V
FOUT, PWMOUT to GND...-0.3V to +5.5V
RSET to GND...-0.3V to +2.5V
CPWM to GND...-0.3V to +5.5V
FDIV to GND..-0.3V to +5.5V

Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
    10-Pin TDFN (Derate at 13.48mW/°C above +70°C)... 1078mW
Operating Temperature Range................................ -40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range................................. -65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)..................................... +300°C

Electrical and thermal stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to any absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

TOP VIEW

FOUT	1		10	RSET
NC	2		9	VDD
NC	3	TS3003	8	CPWM
GND	4		7	GND
PWMOUT	5		6	PWM_CNTRL

3mm x 3mm x 0.75mm DFN-EP 10L
TD1033 Package

ORDER NUMBER	PART MARKING	CARRIER	QUANTITY
TS3003ITD1033	3003I	Tape & Reel	-----
TS3003ITD1033T		Tape & Reel	3000

Lead-free Program: Silicon Labs supplies only lead-free packaging.

Consult Silicon Labs for products specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{DD} = 3V, V_{PWM_CNTRL}= V_{DD}, R_{SET} = 4.32MΩ, $R_{LOAD(FOUT)}$ = Open Circuit, $C_{LOAD(FOUT)}$ = 0pF, $C_{LOAD(PWM)}$ = 0pF, C_{PWM} = 47pF, unless otherwise noted. Values are at T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted. See Note 1.

| PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}			1.55		5.25	V
Supply Current	I_{DD}	CPWM = V_{DD}			1.9	2.4	µA
			-40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C			2.7	
					3.3	3.6	
			-40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C			4.5	
FOUT Period	t_{FOUT}			39	40.1	41.2	µs
			-40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C	38		42	
FOUT Period Line Regulation	Δt_{FOUT}/V	1.55V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.25V			0.17		%/V
FOUT Duty cycle				49		51	%
FOUT Period Temperature Coefficient	Δt_{FOUT}/ΔT				0.02		%/°C
PWMOUT Duty Cycle	DC(PWMOUT)			37	41.6	48	%
		V_{PWM_CNTRL}= 0V		15		24	
PWMOUT Duty Cycle Line Regulation	ΔDC(PWMOUT)/V	1.55V < V_{DD} < 5.25V, FDIV2:0 = 000			-3		%
C_{PWM} Sourcing Current	I_{CPWM}			930		1050	nA
			-40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C	810		1150	
UVLO Hysteresis	V_{UVLO}	(V_{DD}=1.55V) – ($V_{DD\_SHUTDOWN VOLTAGE}$)		150		250	mV
FOUT, PWMOUT Rise Time	t_{RISE}	See Note 2, C_L = 15pF			10		ns
FOUT, PWMOUT Fall Time	t_{FALL}	See Note 2, C_L = 15pF			10		ns
FOUT Jitter		See Note 3			0.001		%
RSET Pin Voltage	V(RSET)				0.3		V
FDIV Input Current	I_{FDIV}					10	nA
			-40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C			20	
Maximum Oscillator Frequency	Fosc	RSET= 360K				300	kHz
High Level Output Voltage, FOUT and PWMOUT	V_{DD} - V_{OH}	I_{OH} = 1mA			160		mV
Low Level Output Voltage, FOUT and PWMOUT	V_{OL}	I_{OL} = 1mA			140		mV
Dead Time	T_{DT}	FOUT edge falling and PWMOUT edge rising			106		ns

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C and are guaranteed by characterization for T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, as specified.
Note 2: Output rise and fall times are measured between the 10% and 90% of the V_{DD} power-supply voltage levels. The specification is based on lab bench characterization and is not tested in production.
Note 3: Timing jitter is the ratio of the peak-to-peak variation of the period to the mean of the period. The specification is based on lab bench characterization and is not tested in production.
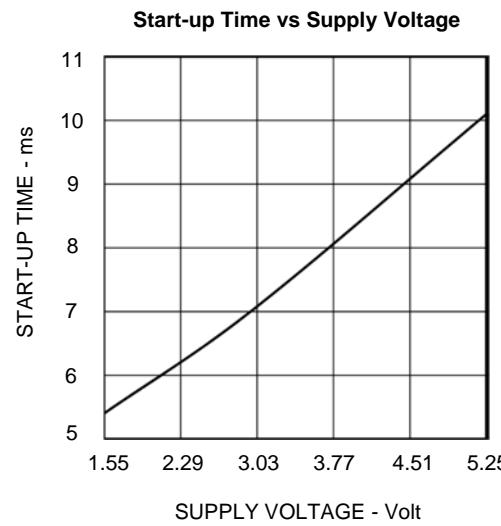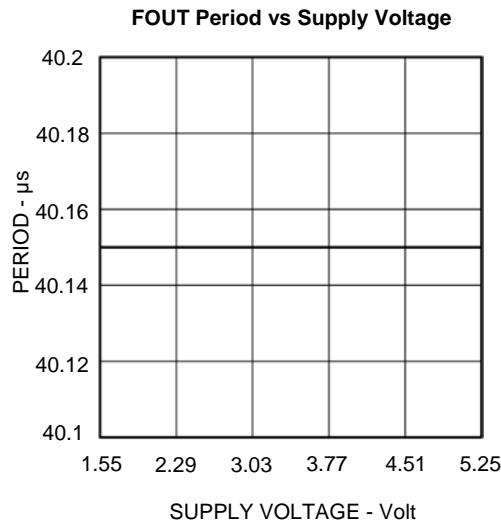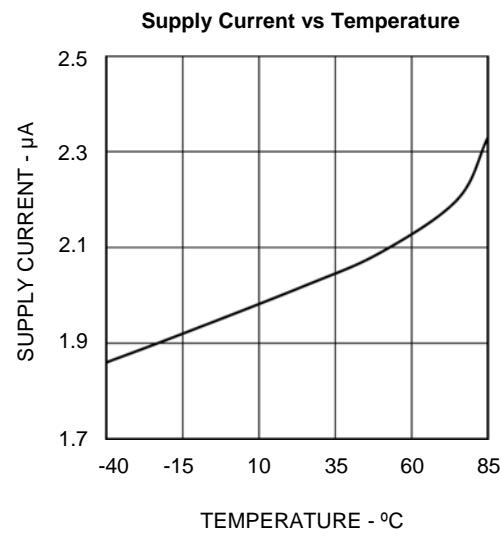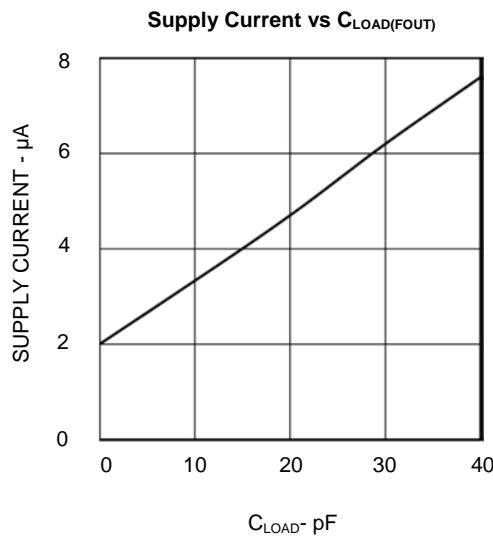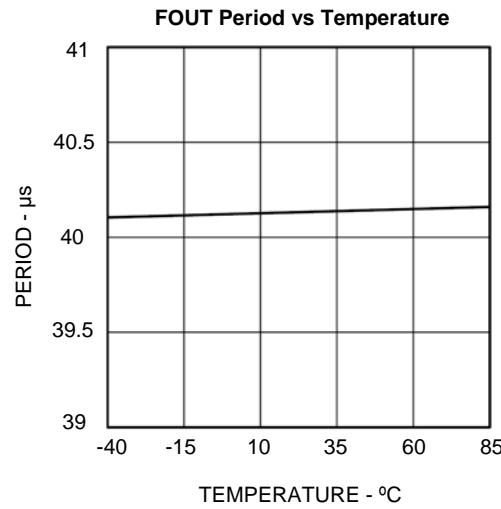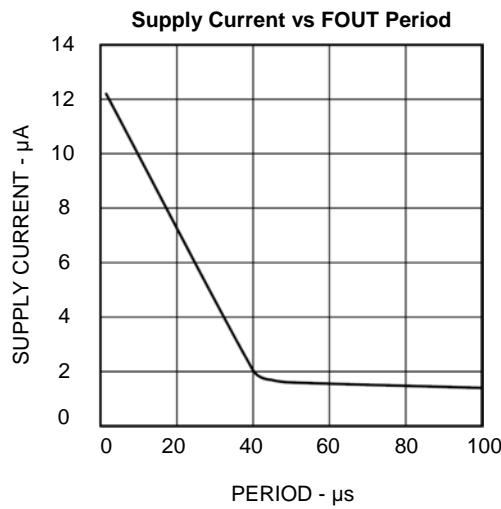
TS3003

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

V_{DD} = 3V, V_{PWM_CNTRL}= V_{DD}, R_{SET} = 4.32MΩ, $R_{LOAD(FOUT)}$ = Open Circuit, $C_{LOAD(FOUT)}$ = 0pF, $C_{LOAD(PWM)}$ = 0pF, CPWM = V_{DD}, unless otherwise noted. Values are at T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

Supply Current vs FOUT Period

FOUT Period vs Temperature

Supply Current vs $C_{LOAD(FOUT)}$

Supply Current vs Temperature

FOUT Period vs Supply Voltage

Start-up Time vs Supply Voltage

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

V_{DD} = 3V, V_{PWM_CNTRL}= V_{DD}, R_{SET} = 4.32MΩ, $R_{LOAD(FOUT)}$ = Open Circuit, $C_{LOAD(FOUT)}$ = 0pF, $C_{LOAD(PWM)}$ = 0pF, CPWM = V_{DD} , unless otherwise noted. Values are at T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

Period vs R$_{SET}$
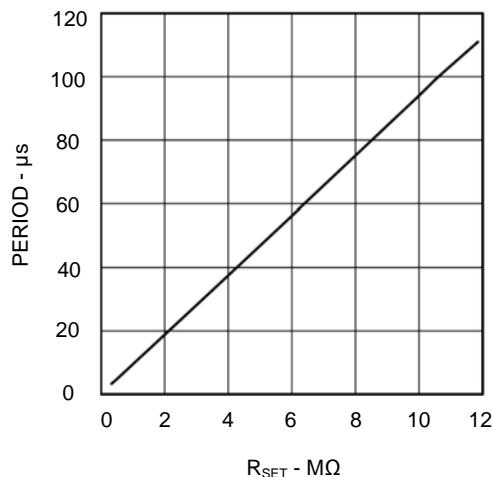
Supply Current Distribution
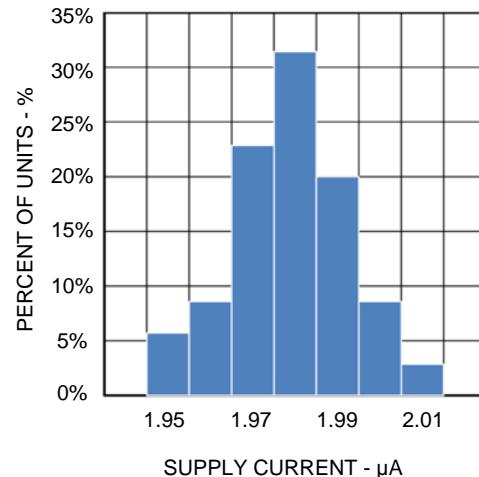
FOUT
V_{DD} = 3V, C_{LOAD} = 15pF

5µs/DIV
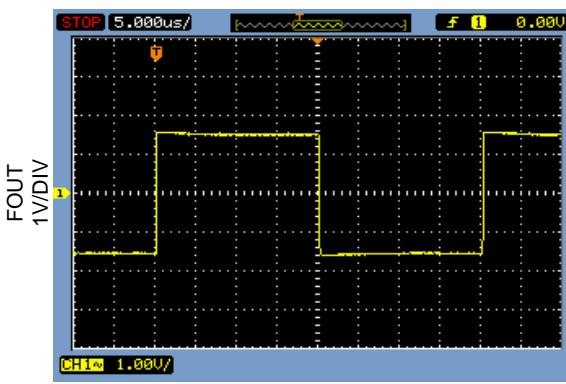
FOUT
V_{DD} = 5V, C_{LOAD} = 15pF

5µs/DIV
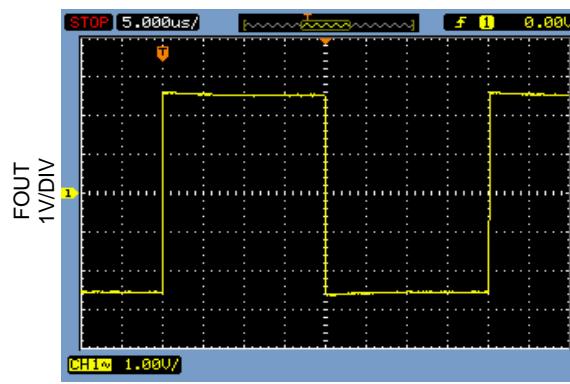
FOUT and PWMOUT
V_{DD} = 3V, C_{LOAD} = 15pF, $V_{PWM\ CNTRL}$= V_{DD}, C_{PWM} = 47pF

5µs/DIV
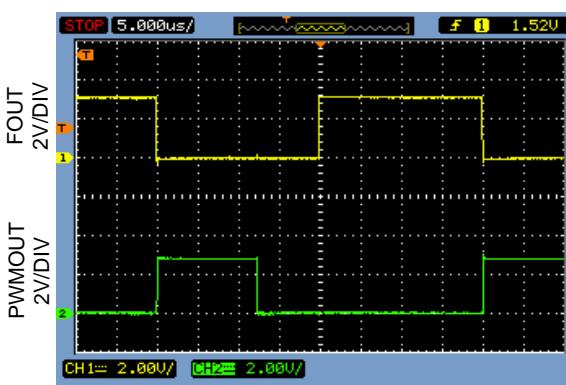
FOUT and PWMOUT
V_{DD} = 5V, C_{LOAD} = 15pF, $V_{PWM\ CNTRL}$= V_{DD}, C_{PWM} = 47pF

5µs/DIV
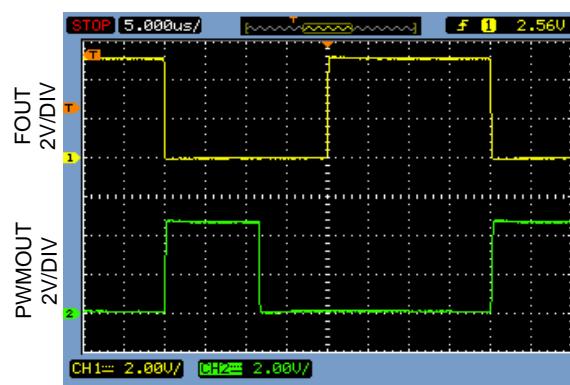
PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	FOUT	Fixed Frequency Output. A push-pull output stage with an output resistance of 160Ω. FOUT pin swings from GND to VDD. For lowest power operation, capacitance loads should be minimized and resistive loads should be maximized.
2,3,	NC	Non-Connect.
5	PWMOUT	Pulse-width Modulated Output. A push-pull output stage with an output resistance of 160Ω, the PWMOUT pin is wired anti-phase with respect to FOUT and swings from GND to VDD. For lowest power operation, capacitance loads should be minimized and resistive loads should be maximized.
6	PWM_CNTRL	PWM Output Pulse Control Pin. Applying a voltage between GND and V_{RSET} will reduce the duty cycle of the PWMOUT output that is set by the capacitor connected to the CPWM pin. Connect PWM_CNTRL to VDD for fixed PWMOUT output pulse time (determined only by capacitor at CPWM).
4,7	GND	Ground. Connect this pin to the system's analog ground plane.
8	CPWM	PWMOUT Pulse Width Programming Capacitance Input. A target capacitance connected from this pin to GND sets the duty cycle of the PMW output. Minimize any stray capacitance on this pin. The voltage on this pin will swing from GND to V_{RSET}. Connect CPWM to VDD to disable PWM function (saves PWM current).
9	VDD	Power Supply Voltage Input. The supply voltage range is 1.55V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.25V. Bypass this pin with a 0.1uF ceramic coupling capacitor in close proximity to the TS3003.
10	RSET	FOUT Programming Resistor Input. A 4.32MOhm resistor connected from this pin to ground sets the T3003's internal oscillator's output period to 40µs (25KHz). For optimal performance, the composition of the RSET resistor shall be consistent with a tolerance of 1% or lower. The RSET pin voltage is approximately 0.3V.

BLOCK DIAGRAM
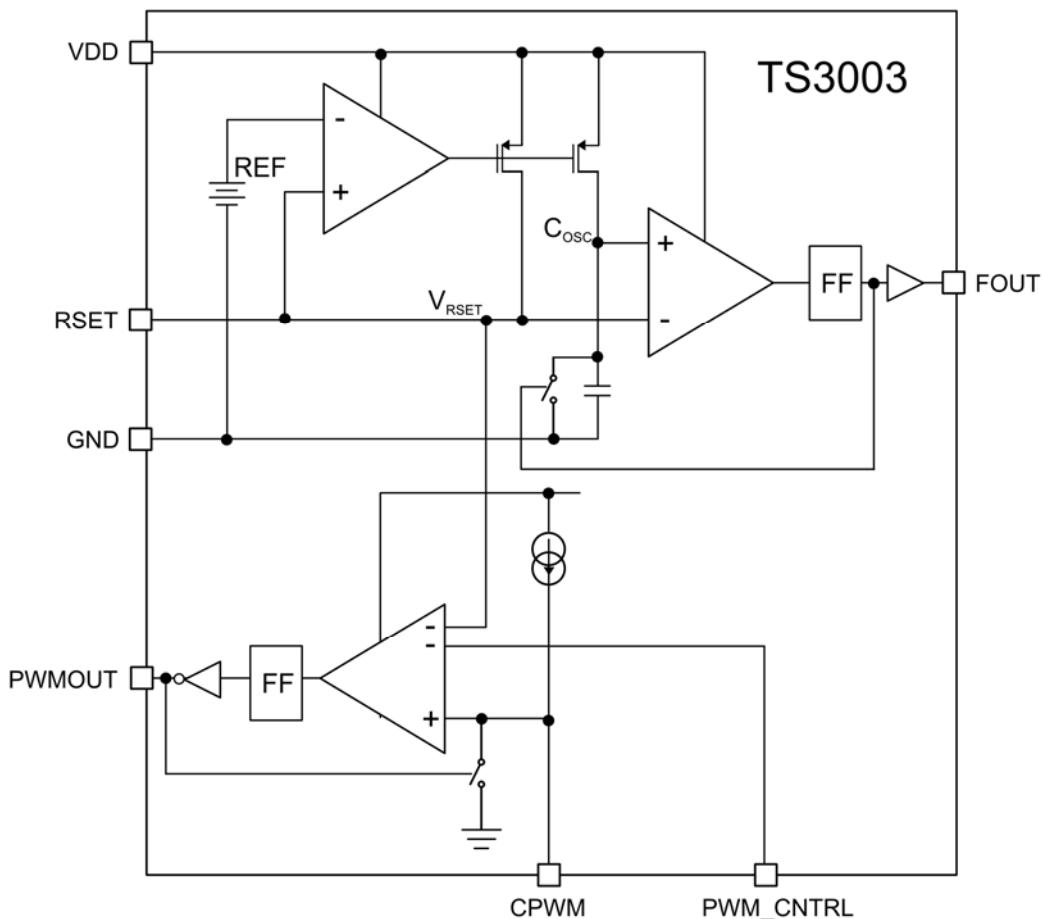
THEORY OF OPERATION

The TS3003 is a user-programmable oscillator where the period of the square wave at its FOUT terminal is generated by an external resistor connected to the RSET pin. The output frequency is given by:

$$\text{FOUT (kHz)} = \frac{1.08\text{E}11}{\text{RSET}}$$

Equation 1. FOUT Frequency Calculation

R_{SET} (MΩ)	FOUT (kHz)
0.360	300
1	108
2.49	43.37
4.32	25
6.81	15.86
9.76	11.07
12	9

Table 1: FOUT vs R_{SET}

TS3003

With an R_{SET} = 4.32MΩ, the output frequency is approximately 25kHz with a 50% duty cycle. As design aids, Tables 1 lists TS3003's typical FOUT for various standard values for R_{SET}.

The output frequency can be user-adjusted from 9kHz to 300kHz with a single resistor. The TS3003 also provides a separate PWM output signal at its PWMOUT terminal that is anti-phase with respect to FOUT. A dead time of approximately 106ns exists between FOUT and PWMOUT. To adjust the pulse width of the PWMOUT output, a single capacitor can be placed at the CPWM pin. To determine the capacitance needed for a desired pulse width, the following equation is to be used:

$$CPWM(F) = \frac{\text{Pulse Width(s) x } I_{CPWM}}{V_{CPWM} \cong 300mV}$$

Equation 2. CPWM Capacitor Calculation

where I_{CPWM} and V_{CPWM} is the current supplied and voltage applied to the CPWM capacitor, respectively. The pulse width is determined based on the period of FOUT and should never be greater than the period at FOUT. Make sure the PWM_CNTRL pin is set to at least 400mV when calculating the pulse width of PWMOUT. Note V_{CPWM} is approximately 300mV, which is the RSET voltage. Also note that I_{CPWM} is approximately 1µA.

The PWMOUT output pulse width can be adjusted further after selecting a CPWM capacitor. This can be achieved by applying a voltage to the PWM_CNTRL pin between V_{RSET} and GND. With a voltage of at least V_{RSET}, the pulse width is set based on Equation 2. For example, with a period of 40µs(25kHz) a 47pF capacitor at the CPWM pin generates a pulse width of approximately 16µs. This can be calculated using equation 2. By reducing the PWM_CNTRL voltage from $V_{RSET} \cong 300mV$ to GND, the pulse width is reduced from 16µs to approximately 8µs. This is a pulse width reduction of 50%. Note that as the FOUT frequency increases, the amount of pulse width reduction reduces and vice versa. Furthermore, if the PWMOUT output is half the frequency of the FOUT output, this means your CPWM capacitor is too large and as a result, the pulse width is greater than the FOUT period. In this case, use Equation 2 and reduce the capacitor value to less than the period. Connect CPWM to VDD to disable the PWM function and in turn, save power. Connect PWM_CNTRL to VDD for a fixed PWMOUT output pulse width, which is determined by the CPWM pin capacitor only.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Minimizing Power Consumption

To keep the TS3003's power consumption low, resistive loads at the FOUT and PWMOUT terminals increase dc power consumption and therefore should be as large as possible. Capacitive loads at the FOUT and PWMOUT terminals increase the TS3003's transient power consumption and, as well, should be as small as possible.

One challenge to minimizing the TS3003's transient power consumption is the probe capacitance of oscilloscopes and frequency counter instruments. Most instruments exhibit an input capacitance of 15pF or more. Unless buffered, the increase in transient load current can be as much as 400nA.

To minimize capacitive loading, the technique shown in Figure 1 can be used. In this circuit, the principle of
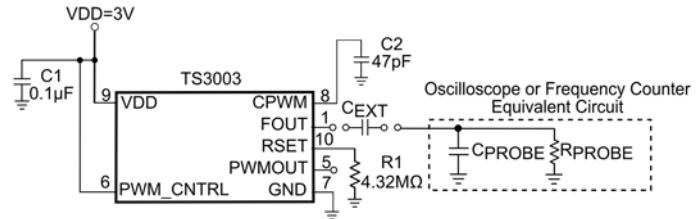
Figure 1: Using an External Capacitor in Series with Probes Reduces Effective Capacitive Load.

series-connected capacitors can be used to reduce the effective capacitive load at the TS3003's FOUT and PWMOUT terminals.

To determine the optimal value for C_{EXT} once the probe capacitance is known by simply solving for C_{EXT} using the following expression:

$$C_{EXT} = \frac{1}{\dfrac{1}{C_{LOAD(EFF)}} - \dfrac{1}{C_{PROBE}}}$$

Equation 3: External Capacitor Calculation

For example, if the instrument's input probe capacitance is 15pF and the desired effective load capacitance at either or both FOUT and PWMOUT terminals is to be ≤5pF, then the value of C_{EXT} should be ≤7.5pF.

TS3003 Start-up Time

As the TS3003 is powered up, its FOUT terminal (and PWMOUT terminal, if enabled) is active once the applied VDD is higher than 1.55V. Once the applied VDD is higher than 1.55V, the master oscillator achieves steady-state operation within 8ms.

Divide the PWMOUT Output Frequency by Two with the TS3003

Using a single resistor and capacitor, the TS3003 can be configured to a divide by two circuit as shown in Figure 2. To achieve a divide by two function with the TS3003, the pulse width of the PWMOUT output must be at least a factor of 2 greater than the period set at FOUT by resistor RSET. The CPWM capacitor selected must meet this pulse width requirement and can be calculated using Equation 2. In Figure 3, a value of 4.32MΩ for RSET sets the FOUT output period to 40µs. A CPWM capacitor of 265pF was chosen, which sets the pulse width of PWMOUT to approximately 80µs. This is well above the required minimum pulse width of 40µs.
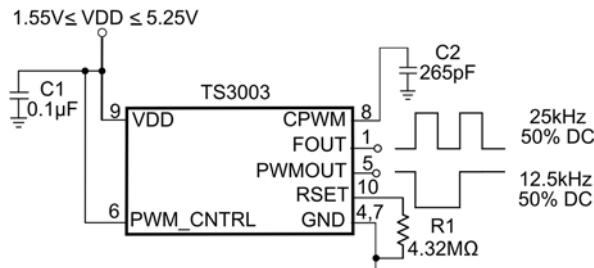
Figure 2: Configuring the TS3003 into a Divide by Two Frequency Divider

Using the TS3003 and a Potentiometer to Dim an LED

The TS3003 can be configured to dim an LED by modulating the pulse width of the PWMOUT output. With an RSET= 2MΩ, the FOUT output frequency is approximately 51kHz (or 19.5µs period). Refer to Figure 3. The CPWM capacitor was calculated using Equation 2 with a pulse width of 15µs. To reduce the pulse width from 15µs and in turn, dim the LED, a 1MΩ potentiometer is used. The potentiometer is connected to the PWM_CNTRL pin in a voltage divider configuration. The supply voltage of the circuit is 5V.
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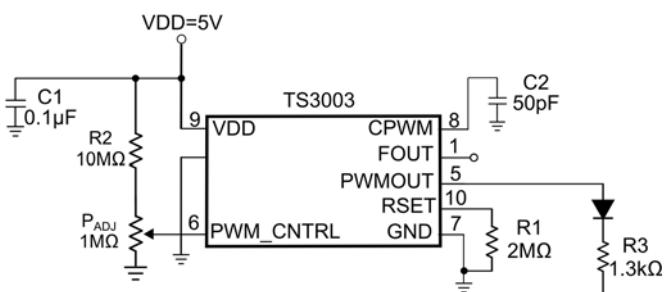
Figure 3: TS3003 Configured to Dim an LED with a Potentiometer

SILICON LABS

PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING

10-Pin TDFN33 Package Outline Drawing
(N.B., Drawings are not to scale)
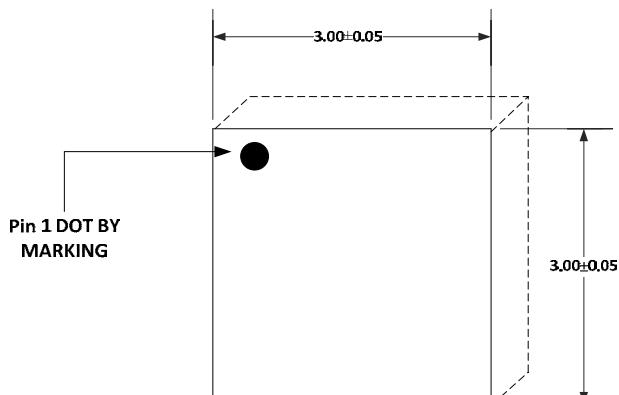
TOP VIEW

BOTTOM VIEW

SIDE VIEW

NOTE!
- All dimensions in mm.
- Compliant with JEDEC MO-229
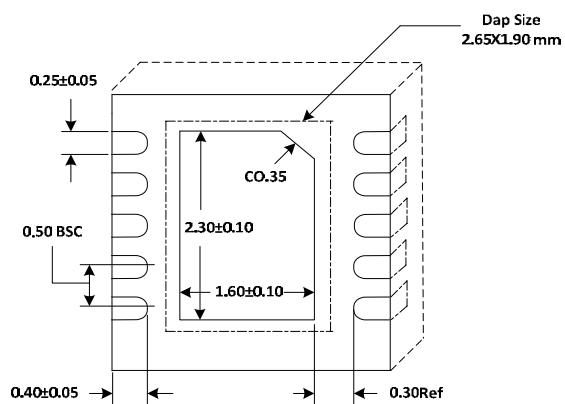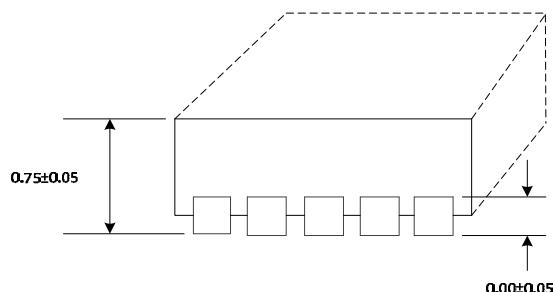
Patent Notice

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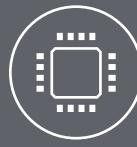
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