

- FM Radio Transmitters & Receivers
- Available as 433MHz
- Transmit Range up to 250m
- Miniature Packages
- Data Rate up to 9.6Kbps
- No Adjustable Components

- Very Stable Operating Frequency
- Operates from -0 to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$
- EMC Compliant for use in Europe
- FCC Compliant for use in USA



Transmitter

- 3V Supply Voltage
- SIL, DIL or SMT Packages available

Receiver

- PLL XTAL Design
- CMOS/TTL Output
- RSSI Output
- Standby Mode (max 100nA)
- 5V Supply Voltage

Applications

- Wireless Security Systems
- Car Alarms
- Remote Gate Controls
- Remote Sensing
- Data Capture
- Sensor Reporting

Description

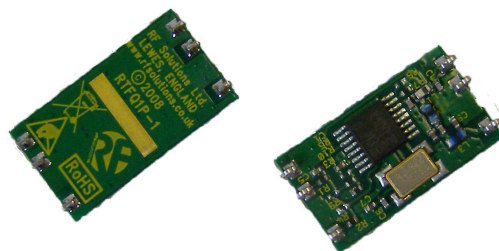
These miniature RF modules provide a cost effective high performance FM Radio data link, at, 433.92MHz. The modules uses no adjustable components ensuring very reliable operation.

This transmitter and receiver pair enables the simple implementation of a data link at distances up to 75 metres in-building and 250 metres open ground.

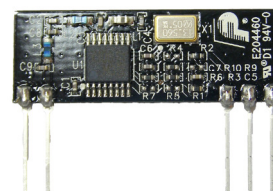
The modules have been approved for operation with Europe and USA within FCC part15.

These modules will suit one-to-one and multi-node wireless links in applications including car and building security, EPOS and inventory tracking, remote industrial process monitoring and computer networking.

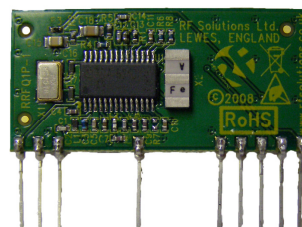
Because of their small size and low power requirements both modules are ideal for use in portable, battery-powered applications such as hand-held terminals.



RTFQ1P



RTFQ2



RRFQ1P



FM TRANSMITTER & RECEIVER HYBRID MODULES.

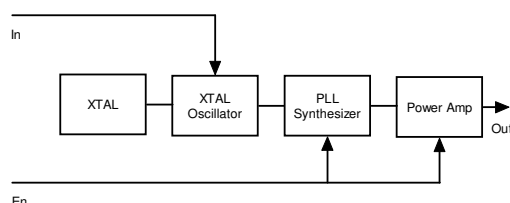
FM-RTFQ SERIES FM-RRFQ SERIES

Transmitters

There are three versions of transmitter:

- RTFQ1: A dual in line package operating at 3.3V. This provides the most rugged mechanical fixing to the host PCB. Power down mode is also available.
- RTFQ1 SM: A dual in line surface mount package operating at 3.3V. This provides the quickest and most efficient mechanical fixing to the host PCB. Currently only available in 433MHz.
- RTFQ2: A dual in line package operating at 3.3V. This provides the most rugged mechanical fixing to the host PCB. Power down mode is also available.

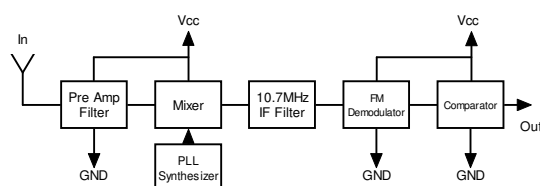
Transmitter Block Diagram



Part Numbering

Part Number	Description
FM-RTFQ1-433P	DIL FM Transmitter Module 433.92 MHz
FM-RTFQ1-433PSO	SMT FM Transmitter Module 433.92 MHz
FM-RTFQ2-433	SIL FM Transmitter Module 433.92 MHz

Receiver Block Diagram



Part Numbering

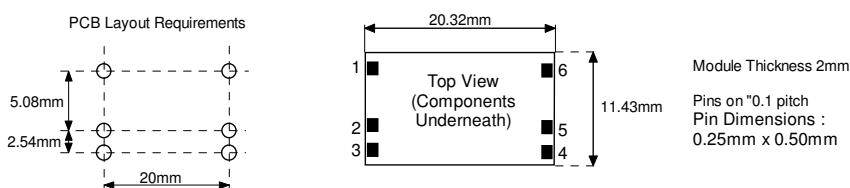
Part Number	Description
FM-RRFQ1-433	SIL FM Receiver Module 433.92 MHz



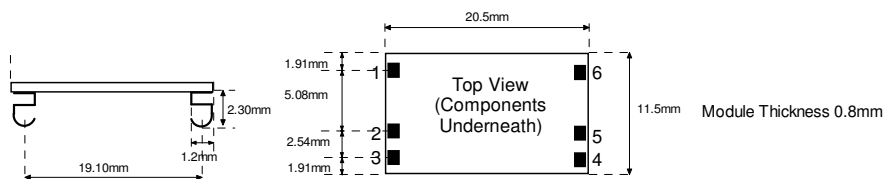
FM TRANSMITTER & RECEIVER HYBRID MODULES.

FM-RTFQ SERIES FM-RRFQ SERIES

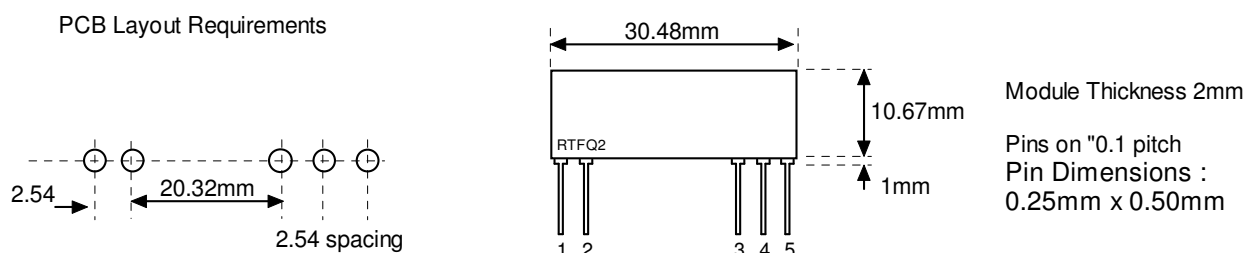
RTFQ1 Mechanical Dimensions



RTFQ1 SMT Dimensions



RTFQ2 Mechanical Dimensions



Pin Description

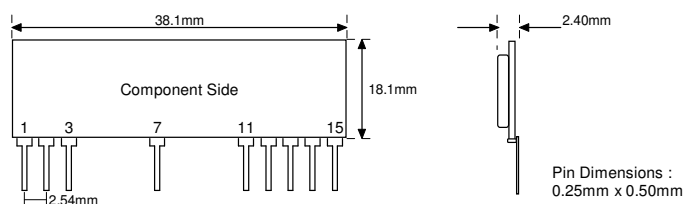
RTFQ1	RTFQ2	Name	Description
1	N/A	En	Enable (active high)
2	5	IN	Data Input
3	1	GND	Ground, Connect to RF earth return path
4	3	Vcc	Supply Voltage
5	4	GND	Ground, Connect to RF earth return path
6	2	EA	External Antenna

Technical Specifications

Electrical Characteristics	MIN	TYPICAL	MAX	DIMENSION
Supply Voltage RTFQ1	2.1	3.3	4.00	V
Supply Current		7	8	mA
Standby Current (IN = EN = Low)			100	nA
Frequency		433.92		MHz
RF Output into 50Ω (Vcc=3.3V)		+5 / +5 / +1		dBm
Initial Frequency Accuracy	-35	0	+35	KHz
FM Deviation	25	30	35	KHz
Harmonic Spurious Emissions		-50		dBc
Input High Voltage RTFQ1	1.5		Vcc	V
Input High Voltage RTFQ2	1.5		5.5	V
Power up Time (En to full RF)			1	mS
Power up Time (Power on to full RF)			5	mS
Max Data Rate			9.6	KHz
Operating Temperature	-0		+70	°C



RRFQ1 Mechanical Details



Pin Description

RRFQ1	Pin Description
1	+Vcc
2, 7, 11	GND
3	Data In (Antenna)
12	NC
13	Received Signal Strength Output
N/A	AF Output
14	Data Out
15	Power Down 0V = Standby 5V = Operating

RSSI Output*

RF In (dBm)	RSSI (V)
-120	1.20
-110	1.32
-100	1.50
-90	1.78
-80	2.06
-70	2.35
-60	2.62
-50	2.72
-40	2.75

RSSI Output

The RSSI provides a DC Voltage proportional to the peak value of the receive data signal. This output can be used as an indicator for the received signal strength to use in wake-up circuits etc.

An RC circuit is normally used to provide the timing for the RSSI signal. The modules have a 10nF capacitor internally connected to GND, therefore a pull down resistor (to GND) connected to the RSSI pin may be used to generate a simple RC network time constant for the RSSI signal output.

Please note that the maximum output current is typically 950μA, the discharge current is lower than 2μA



FM TRANSMITTER & RECEIVER HYBRID MODULES.

FM-RTFQ SERIES FM-RRFQ SERIES

Technical Specifications

Electrical Characteristics	Min	Typical	Max	Dimension	Notes
Supply Voltage (Vcc)	4.5	5	5.5	V	
Supply Current (Operating)		5.7	6.8	mA	
Supply Current (Standby)			100	nA	
Receiver Frequency		315.00 433.92 868.35		MHz	
R.F Sensitivity (100% AM) 315 ,433MHZ versions 868MHz versions		-103 -100		dBm	
3dB Bandwidth		+/-150		KHz	
Data Rate RRFQ1 RRFQ2	300 300		9,600 4,800	Hz	
Turn on Time			5	mSecs	1
Turn on Time		8		mSecs	2
Level of Emitted Spectrum			-70	dBm	
Low Level Output Voltage			0.8	V	I = 200uA
High Level Output Voltage	Vcc-1			V	I = 200uA
RSSI Output		0.95		mA	
Operating Temperature Range	-25		+80	°C	

Notes

1. Time from PD pin going high to stable data. (RRFQ1 only)
2. Time from Power ON to stable data.

Prototyping Hints

It is essential when building any Low Power Radio System that you have a 'clean' DC power source. Typically the ripple voltage should be less than 10mV Peak to Peak. Normally a 470uF decoupling capacitor is sufficient de-coupling for an AC derived DC power source. Small capacitors of 10-100nF can also be used across the power supply to filter high frequency noise.

Never place a Transmitter or Receiver directly into Vero-Board or any similar prototyping board. This will severely restrict the range. Rather, use small lengths of wire from the prototyping board to the pins of the Transmitter or Receiver.

A useful antenna, for testing purposes, for both the Transmitter and Receiver on 433MHz is to use a piece of wire 17.3cm long (23.8cm at 315MHz) soldered directly to the antenna pin.

Data should be encoded before it is transmitted over a wireless link to ensure reliability and reduce the effect of interference and cross talk. A range of encoders IC's are available from RF Solutions, please refer to the RF Solutions website for further information.



