

4A, 2.2MHz Synchronous Step-Down Regulator with 15 Preset Output Voltages

POWER MANAGEMENT

Features

- Input Voltage Range — 2.9 to 5.5V
- Output Voltage Range — 0.8V to 3.3V
- Output Current — up to 4A
- Ultra-Small Footprint — <1mm Height Solution
- Minimum 1.8MHz Switching Frequency with no AM Radio Band Interference
- Efficiency Up to 95%
- Low Output Noise Across Load Range
- Excellent Transient Response
- Start Up into Pre-Bias Output
- Duty-Cycle Low Dropout Operation — 100%
- Shutdown Current — <1 μ A
- Externally Programmable Soft Start Time
- Power Good indicator
- Input Under-Voltage Lockout
- Output Over-Voltage, Current Limit Protection
- Over-Temperature Protection
- Thermally Enhanced 3 x 3 x 0.6 (mm) MLPQ-UT16 package
- Temperature Range — -40 to +85°C
- Lead-free, Halogen free, and RoHS/WEEE compliant

Applications

- Automotive Power Supplies
- Routers and Network Cards
- LCD TV
- Office Automation

Description

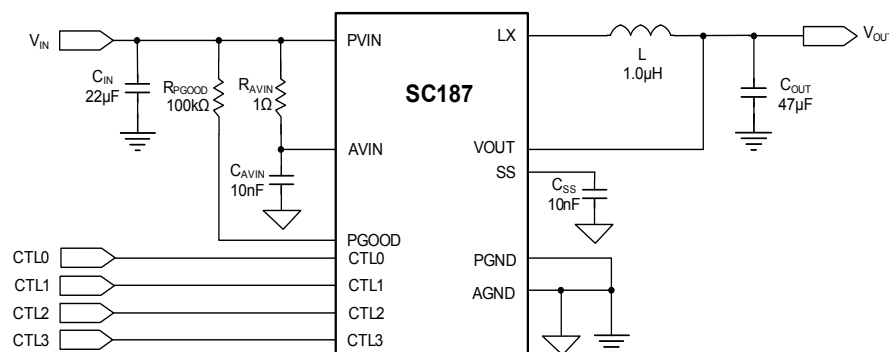
The SC187 is a 4A synchronous step-down regulator designed to operate with an input voltage range of 2.9V to 5.5V. The device offers fifteen pre-determined output voltages via four control pins programmable from 0.8 to 3.3 Volts. The control pins allow for on-the-fly voltage changes, enabling system designers to implement dynamic power savings. The device is also capable of adjusting output voltage via an external resistor divider.

The SC187 operates in PWM mode with fixed 2.2MHz oscillator frequency, allowing the use of small surface mount external components.

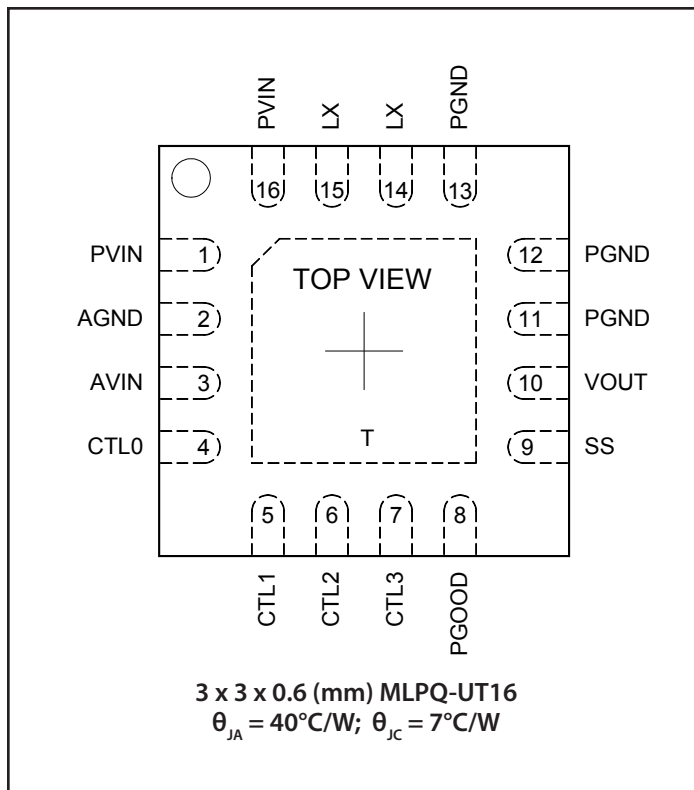
Connecting the control pins to logic low forces the device into shutdown mode reducing the supply current to less than 1 μ A. Connecting any of the control pins to logic high enables the converter and sets the output voltage according to Table 1. Other features include under-voltage lockout, programmable soft-start to limit in-rush current, power good indicator, over-temperature protection, and output short circuit protection.

The SC187 is available in a thermally-enhanced, 3 x 3 x 0.6 (mm) MLPQ-UT16 package.

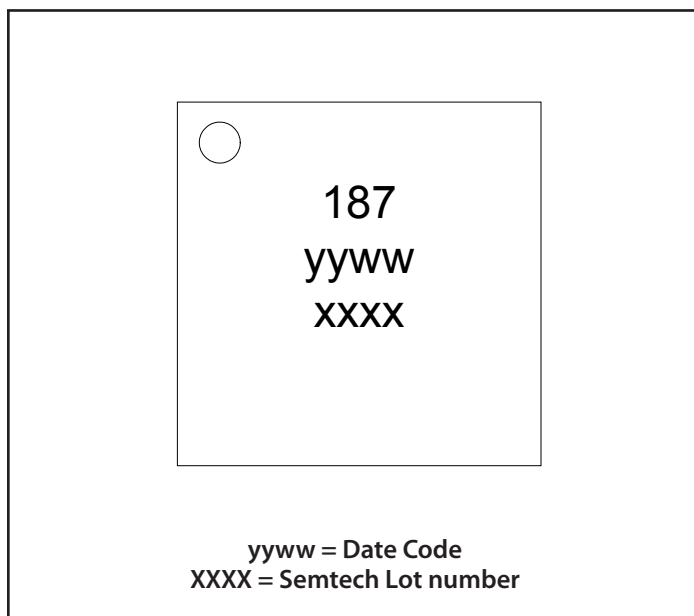
Typical Application Circuit



Pin Configuration



Marking Information



Ordering Information

Device	Package
SC187ULTRT ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	3 x 3 x 0.6 (mm) MLPQ-UT16
SC187EVB ⁽²⁾	Evaluation Board

Notes:

- (1) Available in tape and reel only. A reel contains 3,000 devices.
- (2) Device is lead-free, Halogen free, and RoHS/WEEE compliant.

Table 1 – Output Voltage Settings

CTL3	CTL2	CTL1	CTL0	Output Voltage
0	0	0	0	Shutdown
0	0	0	1	0.8
0	0	1	0	1.00
0	0	1	1	1.025
0	1	0	0	1.05
0	1	0	1	1.20
0	1	1	0	1.25
0	1	1	1	1.30
1	0	0	0	1.50
1	0	0	1	1.80
1	0	1	0	2.20
1	0	1	1	2.50
1	1	0	0	2.60
1	1	0	1	2.80
1	1	1	0	3.00
1	1	1	1	3.30

Absolute Maximum Ratings

PVIN and AVIN Supply Voltages (V)	-0.3 to +6.0
LX (V) ⁽¹⁾	-0.3 to PVIN +0.3V, 6V Max
VOOUT (V)	-0.3 to AVIN + 0.3
CTLx pins (V)	-0.3 to AVIN + 0.3
VOOUT Short Circuit Duration	Continuous
ESD Protection Level ⁽²⁾ (kV)	3

Recommended Operating Conditions

PVIN and AVIN Supply (V)	2.9 to +5.5
Maximum Output Current (A)	4.0
Input Capacitor (μF) ..	22
Output Capacitor (μF)	47 or 2 x 22
Output Inductor (μH)	1.0

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient ⁽³⁾ (°C/W)	40
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (°C/W)	7
Operating Junction Temperature (°C)	-40 to +125
Maximum Junction Temperature (°C)	+150
Storage Temperature Range (°C)	-65 to +150
Peak IR Reflow Temperature (10s to 30s) (°C)	+260

Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may result in permanent damage to the device and/or device malfunction. Operation outside of the parameters specified in the Electrical Characteristics section is not recommended.

Notes:

- (1) Due to parasitic board inductance, the transient LX pin voltage at the point of measurement may appear larger than that which exists on silicon. The device is designed to tolerate the short duration transient voltages that will appear on the LX pin due to the deadtime diode conduction, for inductor currents up to the current limit setting of the device.
- (2) Tested according to JEDEC standard JESD22-A114-B.
- (3) Calculated from package in still air, mounted to 3 x 4.5 (in), 4 layer FR4 PCB with thermal vias under the exposed pad per JESD51 standards.

Electrical Characteristics

Unless specified: PVIN = AVIN = 5.0V, VOOUT = 1.50V, C_{IN} = 22μF, C_{OUT} = 2 x 22μF; L = 1.0μH; -40°C ≤ T_J ≤ +125 °C; Unless otherwise noted typical values are T_A = +25 °C.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Under-Voltage Lockout	UVLO	Rising AVIN, PVIN=AVIN	2.70	2.80	2.90	V
		Hysteresis		300		mV
Output Voltage Tolerance ⁽¹⁾	ΔV _{OUT}	PVIN= AVIN= 2.9 to 5.5V; I _{OUT} =1A	-1.5		+1.5	%
Current Limit	I _{LIMIT}	Peak LX current	5.0	6.0	7.0	A
Supply Current	I _Q	I _{OUT} = 0A		12		mA
Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}	CTL3-0 = AGND		1	10	μA
High Side Switch Resistance ⁽²⁾	R _{DSON_P}	I _{LX} = 100mA, T _J = 25 °C		50		mΩ
Low Side Switch Resistance ⁽²⁾	R _{DSON_N}	I _{LX} = -100mA, T _J = 25 °C		35		
L _X Leakage Current ⁽²⁾	I _{LK(LX)}	PVIN= AVIN= 5.5V; LX= 0V; CTL3-0 = AGND		1	10	μA
		PVIN= AVIN= 5.5V; LX= 5.0V; CTL3-0 = AGND	-20	-1		
Load Regulation	ΔV _{LOAD-REG}	PVIN= AVIN= 5.0V, I _{OUT} =800mA to 4A		±0.3		%

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Oscillator Frequency	f_{OSC}		1.8	2.2	2.6	MHz
Soft-Start Charging Current ⁽²⁾	I_{SS}			+5		μA
Foldback Holding Current	I_{CL_HOLD}	Average LX Current		1		A
Impedence of PGOOD Low	R_{PGOOD_LO}			10		Ω
PGOOD Threshold	V_{PG_TH}	VOUT rising		90		%
PGOOD Delay	V_{PG_DLY}	Asserted		2		ms
		PGOOD= Low		20		μs
CTL _x Delay	t_{EN_DLY}	From CTL _x Input High to SS starts rising		50		μs
CTL _x Input Current ⁽²⁾	I_{CTLx}	CTL _x =AVIN or AGND	-2.0		2.0	μA
CTL _x Input High Threshold	V_{CTLx_HI}		1.2			V
CTL _x Input Low Threshold	V_{CTLx_LO}				0.4	V
V _{OUT} Over Voltage Protection	V_{OVP}		110	115	120	%
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T_{SD}			160		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T_{SD_HYS}			10		°C

Notes:

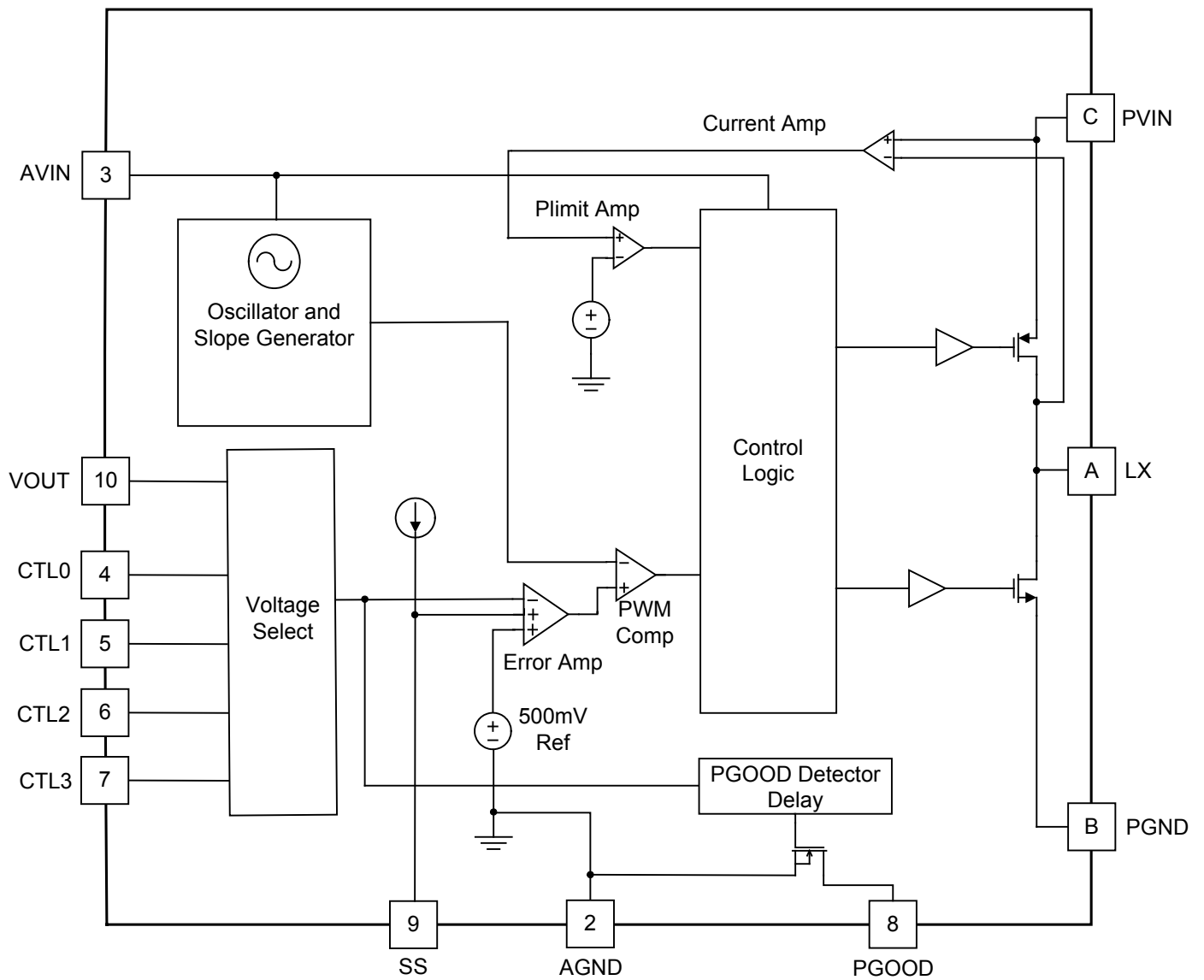
(1) The "Output Voltage Tolerance" includes output voltage accuracy, voltage drift over temperature and the line regulation.

(2) A negative current means the current flows into the pin and a positive current means the current flows out from the pin.

Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin Function
1, 16	PVIN	Input supply voltage for the converter power stage
2	AGND	Ground connection for the internal circuitry — AGND needs to be connected to PGND directly.
3	AVIN	Power supply for the internal circuitry — AVIN is required to be connected to PVIN through an R-C filter of 1 Ω and 10nF.
4, 5, 6, 7	CTLx	Control bit — see Table 1 for decoding. These pins have 500k Ω internal pull-down resistors which are switched in circuit whenever CTLx is low or when the part is in under-voltage lockout.
8	PGOOD	Power good indicator — when the output voltage reaches the PGOOD threshold, this pin will be open-drain (after the PGOOD delay), otherwise, it is pulled low internally.
9	SS	Soft Start — Connect a soft-start capacitor to program the soft start time. There is a 5 μ A charging current flowing out of the pin.
10	VOUT	Output voltage sense pin
11,12,13	PGND	Ground connection for converter power stage
14,15	LX	Switching node — connect an inductor between this pin and the output capacitor.
T	Thermal Pad	Thermal pad for heat sinking purposes — recommend to connect to PGND. It is not connected internally.

Block Diagram

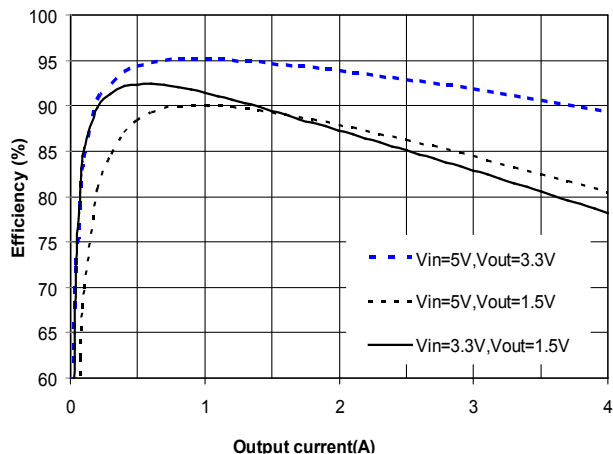


NOTES:
A = Pins 14,15
B = Pins 11, 12, 13
C = 1, 16

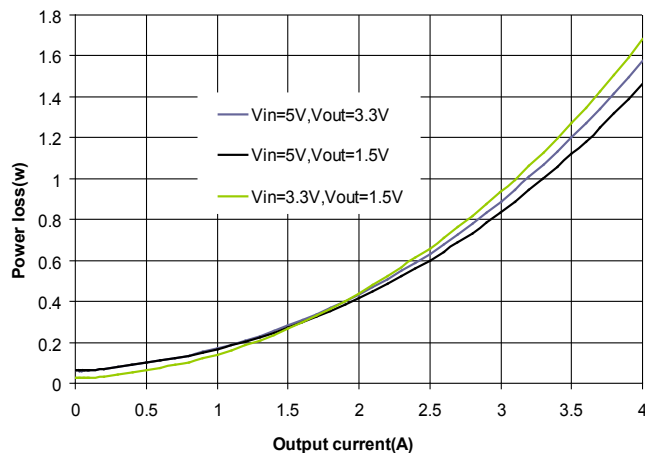
Typical Characteristics

Circuit Conditions: $C_{IN} = 22\mu F/6.3V$, $C_{OUT} = 2 \times 22\mu F/6.3V$, $C_{SS} = 10nF$. Unless otherwise noted, $L = 1.0\mu H$ (TOKO: FDV0530S-1R0).

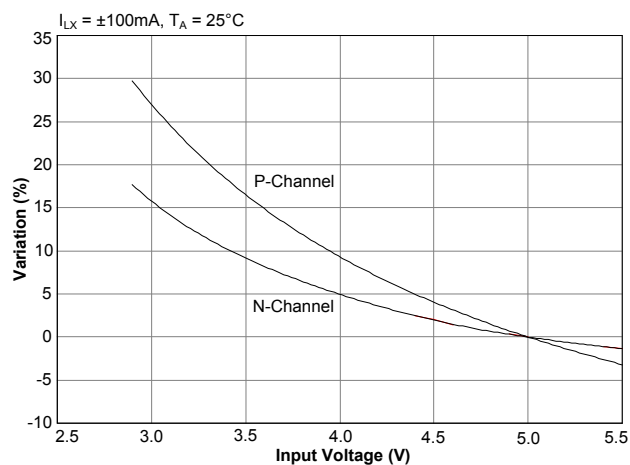
Efficiency



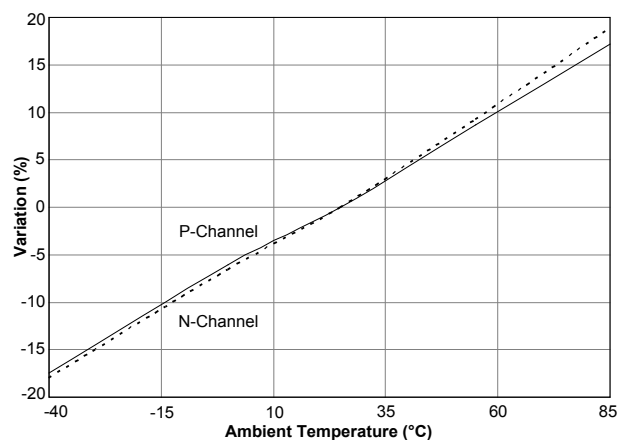
Total Loss



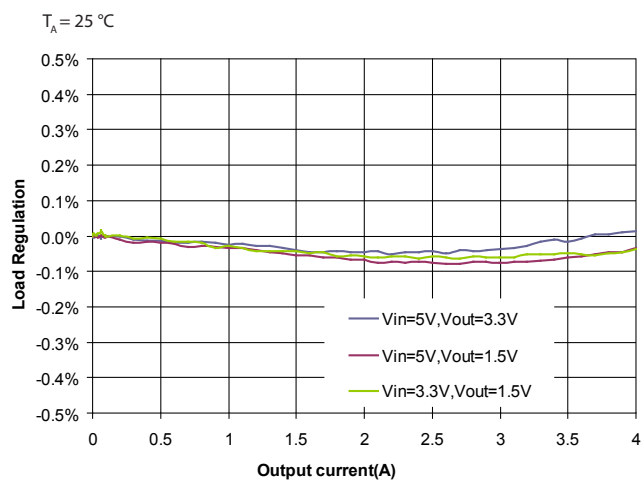
$R_{DS(ON)}$ Variation vs. Input Voltage



$R_{DS(ON)}$ Variation vs. Temperature



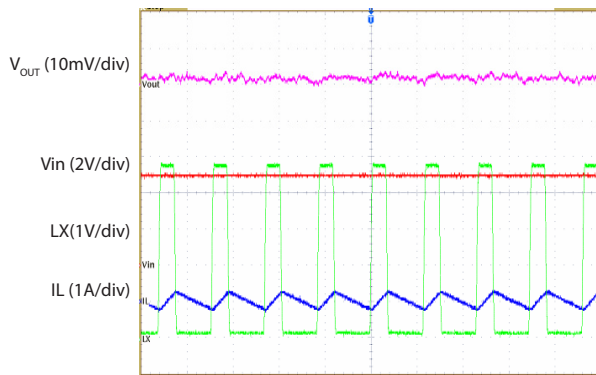
Load Regulation



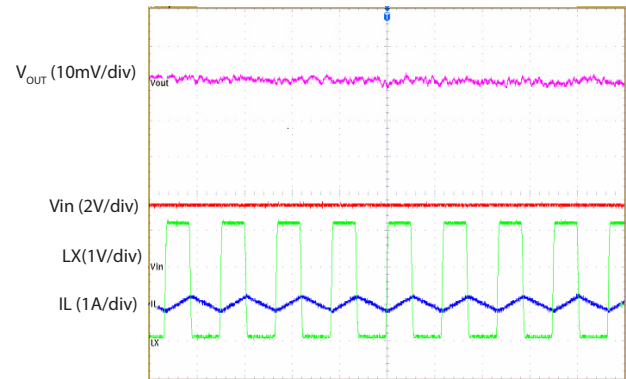
Typical Characteristics (continued)

Circuit Conditions: $C_{IN} = 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2 \times 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{SS} = 10\text{nF}$. Unless otherwise noted, $L = 1.0\mu\text{H}$ (TOKO: FDV0530S-1R0).

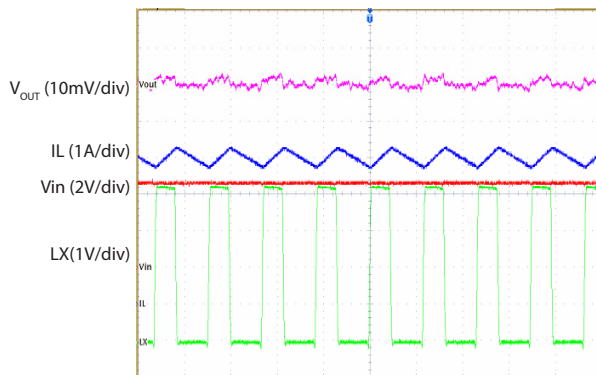
Vout Ripple (Vin=5V, V_{OUT}=1.5V) @0A Load



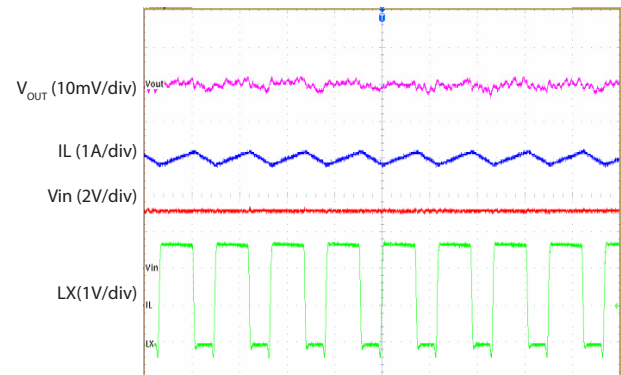
Vout Ripple (Vin=3.3V, V_{OUT}=1.5V) @ 0A Load



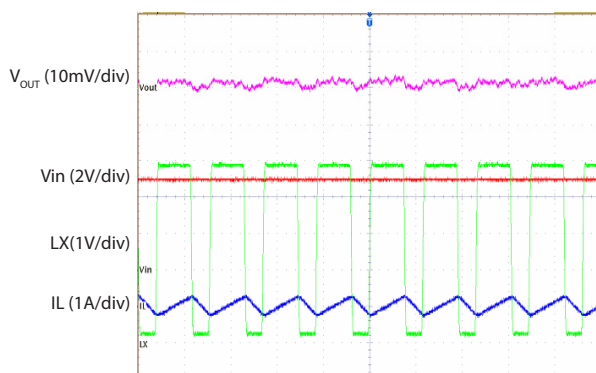
Vout Ripple (Vin=5V, V_{OUT}=1.5V) @ Full Load



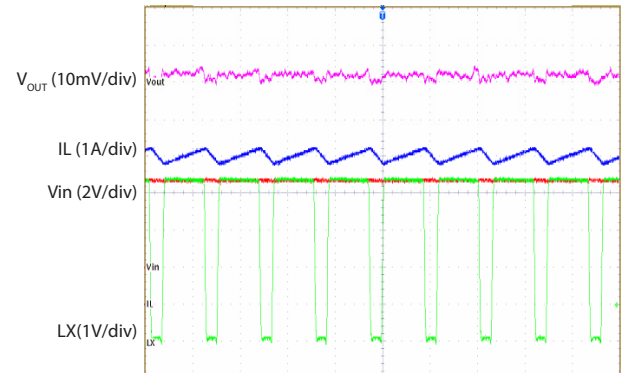
Vout Ripple (Vin=3.3V, V_{OUT}=1.5V) @ Full Load



Vout Ripple (Vin=5V, V_{OUT}= 3.3V) @ No Load



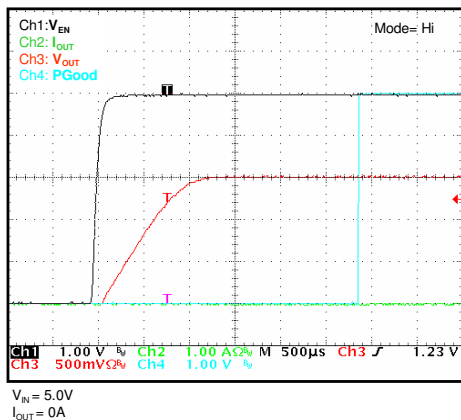
Vout Ripple (Vin=5V, V_{OUT}= 3.3V) @ Full Load



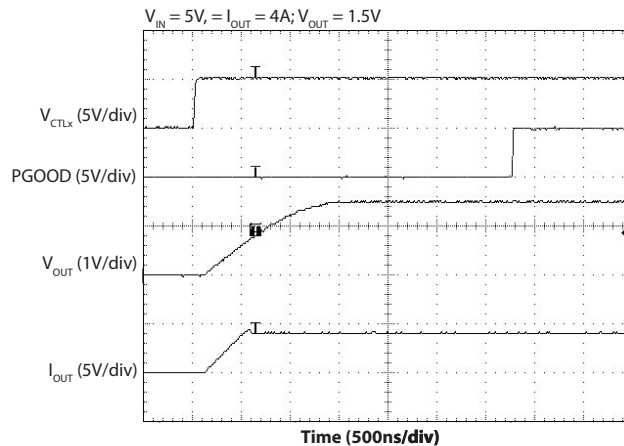
Typical Characteristics (continued)

Circuit Conditions: $C_{IN} = 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2 \times 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{SS} = 10\text{nF}$. Unless otherwise noted, $L = 1.0\mu\text{H}$ (TOKO: FDV0530S-1R0).

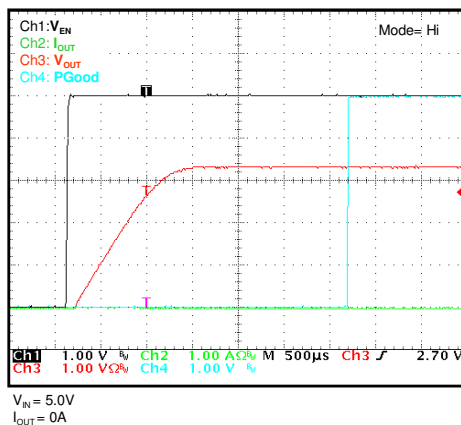
Start Up (CTL_X) — No Load



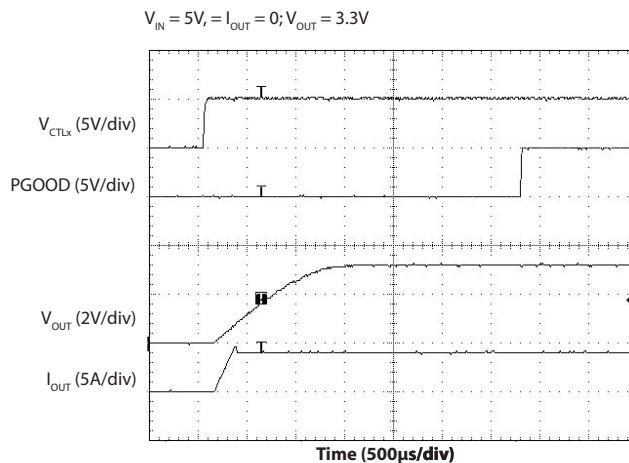
Start Up (CTL_X) — Full Load



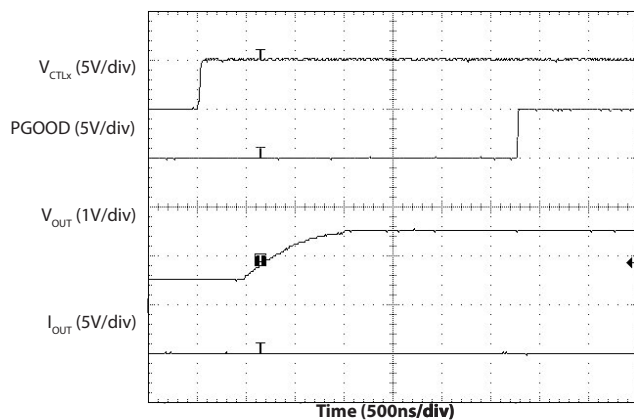
Start Up (CTL_X) — No Load



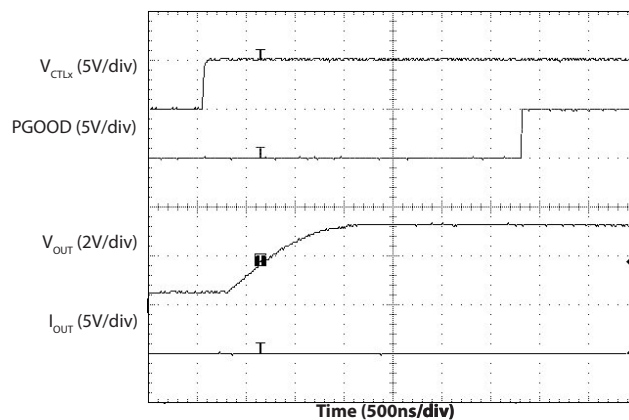
Start Up (CTL_X) — Full Load



Start Up into Pre-Biased Output (V_{OUT}=1.5V)



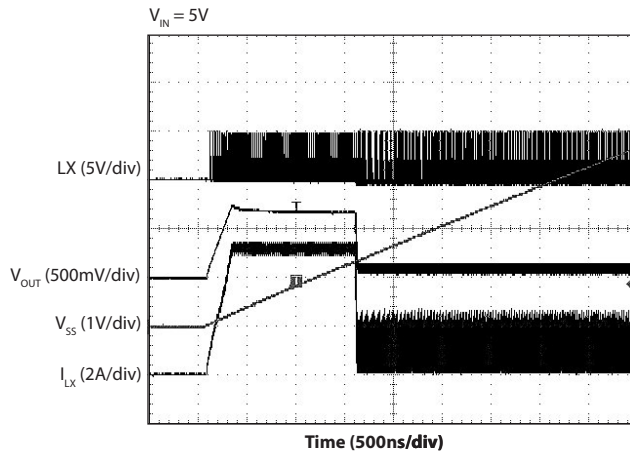
Start Up into Pre-Biased Output (V_{OUT}=3.3V)



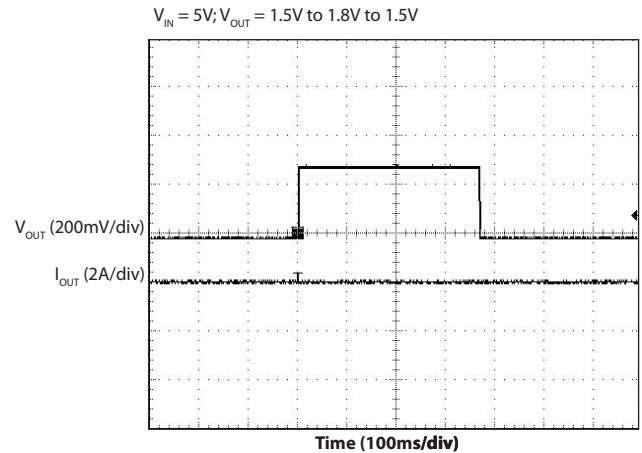
Typical Characteristics (continued)

Circuit Conditions: $C_{IN} = 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2 \times 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{SS} = 10\text{nF}$. Unless otherwise noted, $L = 1.0\mu\text{H}$ (TOKO: FDV0530S-1R0).

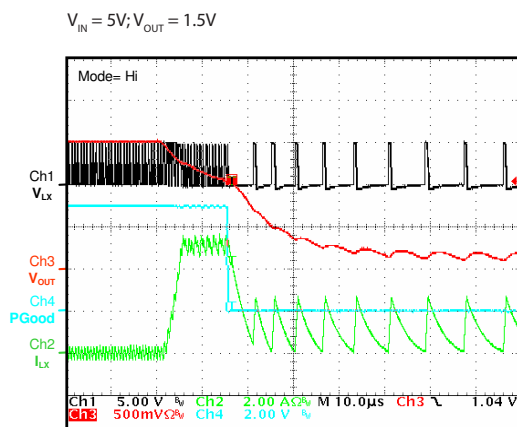
Start Up into Output Short Circuit



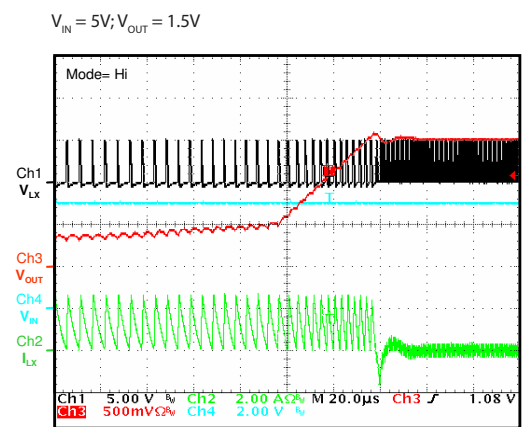
VID Transition — Full Load



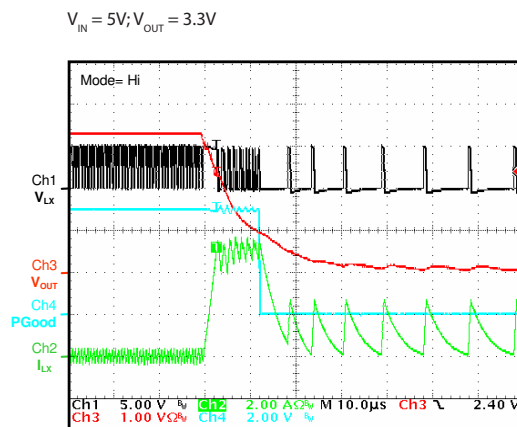
Output Short Circuit



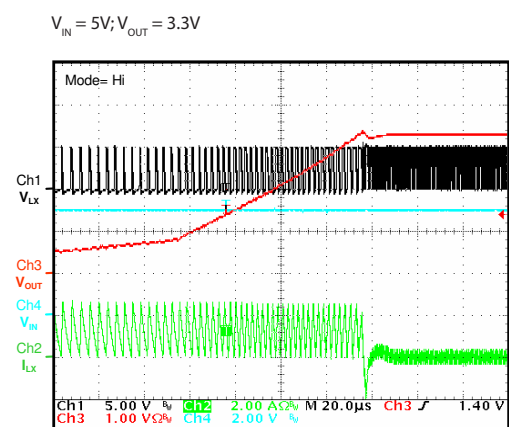
Recovery from Short Circuit



Output Short Circuit



Recovery from Short Circuit

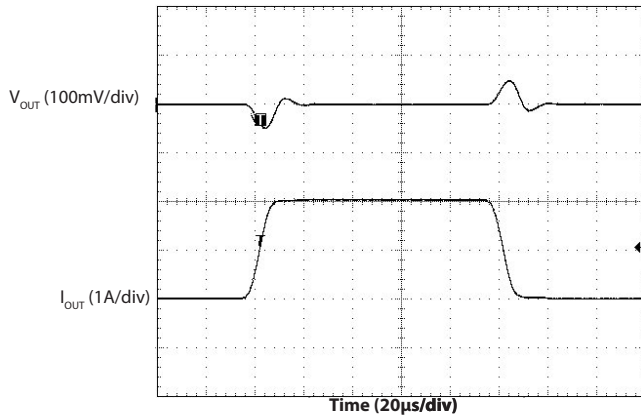


Typical Characteristics (continued)

Circuit Conditions: $C_{IN} = 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2 \times 22\mu\text{F}/6.3\text{V}$, $C_{SS} = 10\text{nF}$. Unless otherwise noted, $L = 1.0\mu\text{H}$ (TOKO: FDV0530S-1R0).

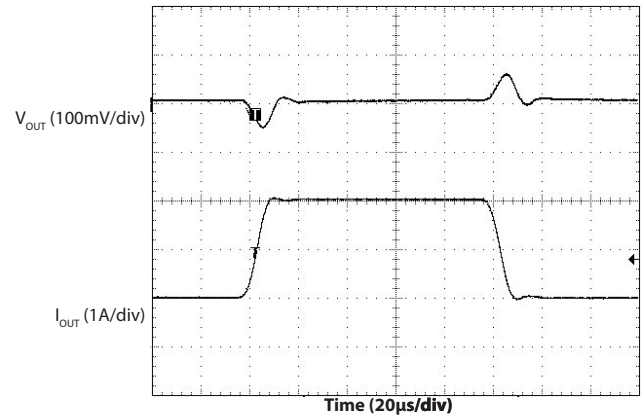
Transient Response ($V_{OUT}=1.5\text{V}$, $I_{STEP}=2\text{A}$)

$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 1\text{A}$ to 3A to 1A



Transient Response ($V_{OUT}=3.3\text{V}$, $I_{STEP}=2\text{A}$)

$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 1\text{A}$ to 3A to 1A



Applications Information

Detailed Description

The SC187 is a synchronous step-down PWM (Pulse Width Modulated) DC-DC converter utilizing a 2.2MHz fixed-frequency voltage mode architecture. The device is designed to operate in fixed-frequency PWM mode. The switching frequency is chosen to minimize the size of the external inductor and capacitors while maintaining high efficiency.

Operation

During normal operation, the PMOS MOSFET is activated on each rising edge of the internal oscillator. The period is set by the onboard oscillator. The device has an internal synchronous NMOS rectifier and does not require a Schottky diode on the LX pin. The device operates as a buck converter in PWM mode with a fixed frequency of 2.2MHz.

Protection Features

The SC187 provides the following protection features:

- Current Limit
- Over-Voltage Protection
- Soft-Start Operation
- Thermal Shutdown

Current Limit & OCP

The internal PMOS power device in the switching stage is protected by a current limit feature. If the inductor current is above the PMOS current limit for 16 consecutive cycles, the part enters foldback current limit mode and the output current is limited to the current limit holding current (I_{CL_HOLD}) which is approximately 1A. Under this condition, the output voltage will be the product of I_{CL_HOLD} and the load resistance. The SC187 is capable of sustaining an indefinite short circuit without damage. During the soft start, if current limit has occurred before the SS voltage has reached 400mV, the part enters foldback current limit mode. Foldback current limit mode will be disabled during soft-start after the SS voltage is higher than 400mV.

Over-Voltage Protection

In the event of a 15% over-voltage on the output, the PWM drive is disabled with the LX pin floating. Switching

does not resume until the output voltage falls below the nominal V_{OUT} regulation voltage.

Programmable Output Voltage

The SC187 has fifteen pre-determined output voltage values which can be individually selected by programming the CTL input pins (see Table 1 — Output Voltage Settings). Each CTL pin has an active 500k Ω internal pull-down resistor. The 500k Ω resistor is switched in circuit whenever the CTL input voltage is below the input threshold, or when the part is in under voltage lockout. It is recommended to tie all high CTL pins together and use an external pull-up resistor to AVIN if there is no enable signal or if the enable input is an open drain/collector signal. The CTL pins may be driven by a microprocessor to allow dynamic voltage adjustment for systems that reduce the supply voltage when entering sleep states. Avoid all zeros being present on the CTL pins when changing programmable output voltages as this would disable the device.

SC187 is also capable of regulating a different (higher) output voltage, which is not shown in the Table 1, via an external resistor divider. There will be a typical 2 μ A current flowing into the VOUT pin. The typical schematic for an adjustable output voltage option from the standard 1.0V with $CTLx=[0010]$, is shown in Figure 2. RFB1 and RFB2 are used to adjust the desired output voltage. If the RFB2 current is such that the 2 μ A VOUT pin current can be ignored, then RFB1 can be found using the next equation. RFB2 needs to be low enough in value for the current through the resistor chain to be at least 20 μ A in order to ignore the VOUT pin current.

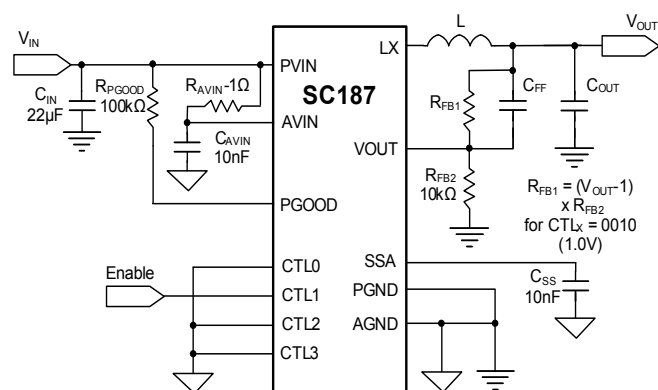


Figure 1 — Output Voltage Programming

Applications Information (continued)

$$R_{FB1} = \frac{V_{OUT} - V_{OSTD}}{V_{OSTD}} \times R_{FB2}$$

where V_{OSTD} is the pre-determined output voltage via the CTL pins.

C_{FF} is needed to maintain good transient response performance. The correct value of C_{FF} can be found using the following equation.

$$C_{FF} [nF] = 2.5 \times \frac{(V_{OUT} - 0.5)^2}{R_{FB1} [k\Omega] \times (V_{OUT} - V_{OSTD})} \times \left(\frac{V_{OSTD}}{V_{OSTD} - 0.5} \right)$$

To simplify the design, it is recommended to program the desired output voltage from a standard 1.0V as shown in Figure 2 with a proper C_{FF} calculated from Equation 2. For programming the output voltage from other standard voltages, R_{FB1} , R_{FB2} and C_{FF} need to be adjusted to conform to the previous equations.

Shut Down

When all CTL pins are low, the device will run in shutdown mode, drawing less than 1 μA from the input power supply. The internal switches and band-gap voltage will be immediately turned off.

Thermal Shutdown

The device has a thermal shutdown feature to protect the SC187 if the junction temperature exceeds 160°C. During thermal shutdown, the on-chip power devices are disabled, floating the LX output. When the temperature drops by 10°C, it will initiate a soft start cycle to resume normal operation.

Under-Voltage Lockout

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) is enabled when the input voltage drops below the UVLO threshold. This prevents the device from entering an ambiguous state in which regulation cannot be maintained. Hysteresis of approximately 300mV is included to prevent chattering near the threshold. When the AVIN voltage rises back to the turn-on threshold and CTL_x is high, the soft-start mode is resumed.

Power Good

The power good (PGOOD) is an open-drain output. When the output voltage drops below 10% of nominal voltage, the PGOOD pin is pulled low after a 20 μs delay. During start-up, PGOOD will be asserted 2ms (typ.) after the output voltage reaches 90% of the final regulation voltage. The faults of over voltage, fold-back current limit mode and thermal shutdown will force PGOOD low after a 20 μs delay. When recovering from a fault, PGOOD will be asserted 1.8ms (typ.) after Vout reaches 90% of the final regulation voltage.

Soft-Start

The soft-start mode is activated after AVIN reaches its UVLO voltage threshold and CTL_x is set high to enable the part. A thermal shutdown event will also activate the soft start sequence. The soft-start mode controls the slew-rate of the output voltage during start-up thus limiting in-rush current on the input supply. During start-up, the reference voltage for the error amplifier is clamped by the voltage on the SS pin. The output voltage slew rate during soft-start is determined by the value of the external capacitor connected to the SS pin and the internal 5 μA charging current. The device requires a minimum soft-start time from enable to final regulation in the order of 200 μs , including the 50 μs enable delay. As a result the soft start capacitor, C_{SS} , should be higher than 1.5nF.

100% Duty-Cycle Operation

SC187 is capable of operating at 100% duty-cycle. When the difference between the input voltage and output voltage is less than the minimum dropout voltage, the PMOS switch is completely on, operating in 100% duty-cycle. The minimum dropout voltage is the output current multiplied by the on-resistance of the internal PMOS switch and the DC-resistance of the inductor when PMOS switch is on continuously.

Applications Information (continued)

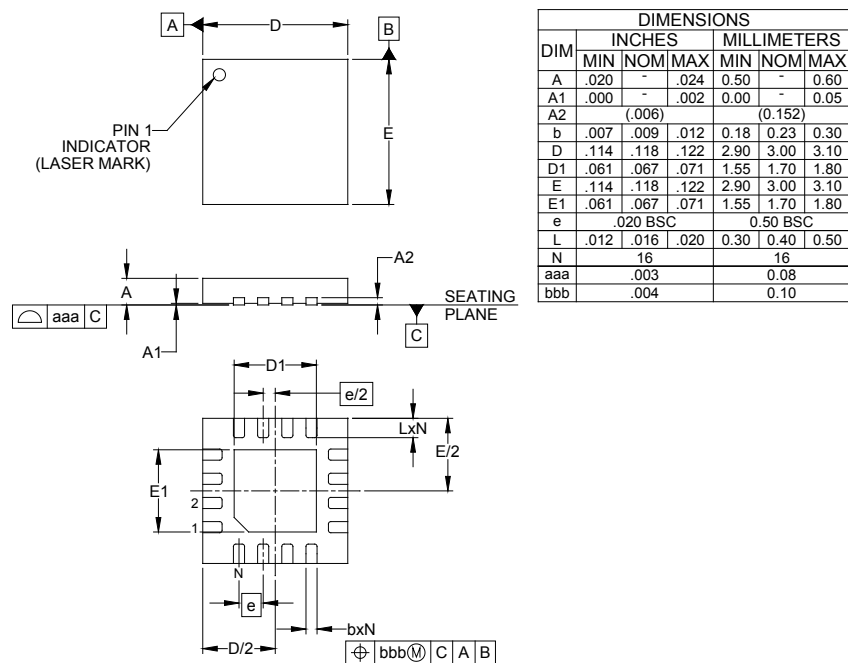
Output L-C filter Selection

SC187 has fixed internal loop-gain compensation. It is optimized for X5R or X7R ceramic output capacitors and an output L-C filter corner frequency of less than 34kHz. The output L-C corner frequency can be determined by Equation 2.

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{L \times C_{OUT}}}$$

In general, the inductor is chosen to set the inductor ripple current to approximately 30% of the maximum output current. It is recommended to use a typical inductor value of 1μH to 2.2μH with output ceramic capacitors of 44μF or higher capacitance. Lower inductance should be considered in applications where faster transient response is required. More output capacitance will reduce the output deviation for a particular load transient. When using low inductance, the maximum peak inductor current at any condition (normal operation and start up) can not exceed 5A which is the guaranteed minimum current limit. The saturation current rating of the inductor needs to be at least larger than the peak inductor current which is the maximum output current plus half of inductor ripple current.

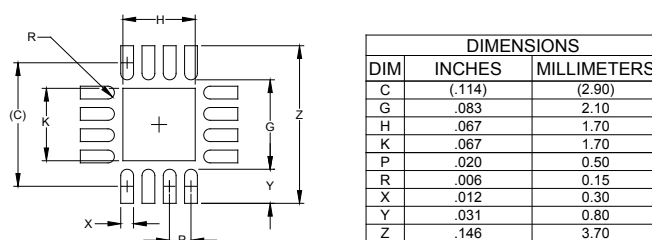
Outline Drawing – 3x3 MLPQ-UT16



NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (ANGLES IN DEGREES).
2. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
3. DAP IS 1.90 x 1.90mm.

Land Pattern – 3x3 MLPQ-UT16



NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (ANGLES IN DEGREES).
2. THIS LAND PATTERN IS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY. CONSULT YOUR MANUFACTURING GROUP TO ENSURE YOUR COMPANY'S MANUFACTURING GUIDELINES ARE MET.
3. THERMAL VIAS IN THE LAND PATTERN OF THE EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE CONNECTED TO A SYSTEM GROUND PLANE. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY COMPROMISE THE THERMAL AND/OR FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE OF THE DEVICE.

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