

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

N-P-N silicon transistors, in a microminiature plastic envelope intended for switching and linear applications in thick and thin-film circuits.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BSR13	BSR14
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max. 60	75 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max. 30	40 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max. 5	6 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max. 800	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max. 250	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	max. 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain	h_{FE}	100 to 300	
$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 30	40
$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$			
Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$	f_T	> 250	300 MHz
$I_C = 20\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$			

MECHANICAL DATA

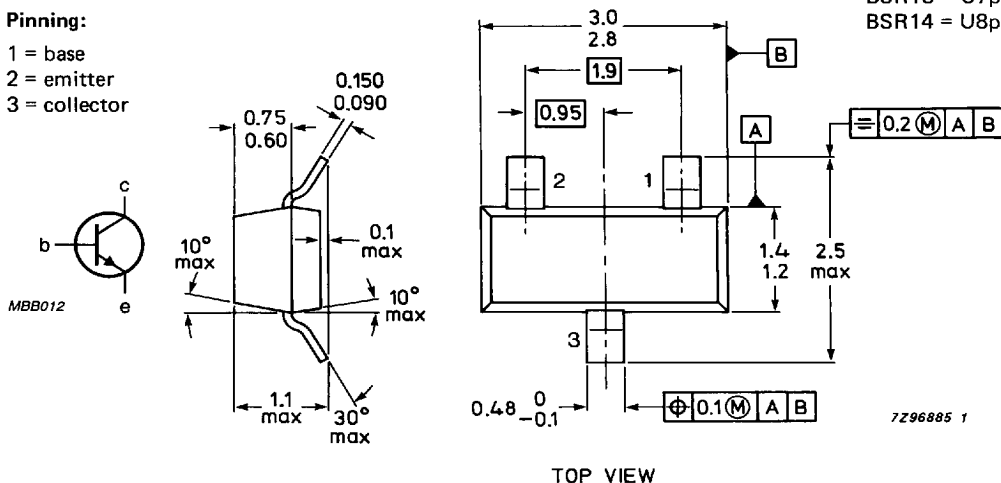
Dimensions in mm

Marking code

Fig. 1 SOT-23.

Pinning:

- 1 = base
- 2 = emitter
- 3 = collector



Reverse pinning types are available on request.

See also Soldering recommendations.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

			BSR13	BSR14	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	60	75	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	30	40	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	5	6	V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	800		mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	250		mW
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-65 to + 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient*	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	500	K/W
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CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

			BSR13	BSR14	
Collector cut-off current					
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	<	30	—	nA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	<	—	10	nA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CBO}	<	10	—	μA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CBO}	<	—	10	μA
$V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}; V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{CEX}	<	—	10	nA
Base current					
with reverse biased emitter junction					
$V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}; V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{BEX}	<	—	20	nA
Emitter cut-off current					
$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	<	30	15	nA
Saturation voltages					
$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; I_B = 15\text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	<	400	300	mV
	V_{BEsat}	<	1300	—	mV
	V_{BEsat}		—	0,6 to 1,2	V
$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	<	1600	1000	mV
	V_{BEsat}	<	2600	2000	mV

* Device mounted on a ceramic substrate of 8 mm x 10 mm x 0,7 mm.

D.C. current gain *

$I_C = 0,1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

$h_{FE} > 35$

$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

$h_{FE} > 50$

$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

$h_{FE} > 75$

$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

$h_{FE} 100 \text{ to } 300$

$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$

$h_{FE} > 50$

$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ BSR13; R

$h_{FE} > 30$

$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ BSR14; R

$h_{FE} > 40$

Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$

$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ BSR13; R

$f_T > 250 \text{ MHz}$

$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ BSR14; R

$f_T > 300 \text{ MHz}$

Collector capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

$I_E = I_c = 0; V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$

$C_c < 8 \text{ pF}$

h parameters (common emitter) at $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$

$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

BSR14

input impedance

$h_{ie} 2 \text{ to } 8 \text{ k}\Omega$

reverse voltage transfer ratio

$h_{re} < 8 \cdot 10^{-4}$

small signal current gain

$h_{fe} 50 \text{ to } 300$

output admittance

$h_{oe} 5 \text{ to } 35 \text{ }\mu\text{S}$

$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

BSR13

input impedance

$h_{ie} 0,25 \text{ to } 1,25 \text{ k}\Omega$

reverse voltage transfer ratio

$h_{re} < 4 \cdot 10^{-4}$

small signal current gain

$h_{fe} 75 \text{ to } 375$

output admittance

$h_{oe} 25 \text{ to } 200 \text{ }\mu\text{S}$

* Measured under pulsed conditions to avoid excessive dissipation; pulse duration $t_p \leq 300 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$; duty factor $\delta \leq 0,02$.

Switching times (between 10% and 90% levels)

Turn-on time switched to $I_C = 150$ mA (see Fig. 2)

delay time

rise time

Turn-off time switched from $I_C = 150$ mA (see Fig. 3)

storage time

fall time

BSR14

t_d	< 10	ns
t_r	< 25	ns

t_s	< 225	ns
t_f	< 60	ns

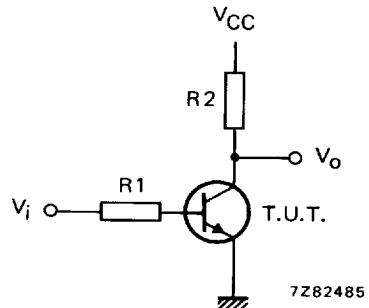
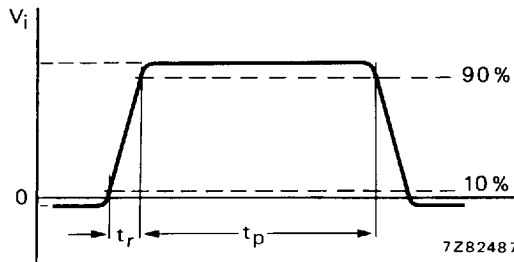


Fig. 2 Waveform and test circuit delay and rise time.

$V_i = -0,5$ to $+9,9$ V; $V_{CC} = 30$ V; $R_1 = 619 \Omega$; $R_2 = 200 \Omega$.

Pulse generator:

pulse duration	$t_p \leq$	200 ns
rise time	$t_r \leq$	2 ns
duty factor	$\delta =$	2 %

Oscilloscope:

input impedance	$Z_i >$	100 k Ω
input capacitance	$C_i <$	12 pF
rise time	$t_r <$	5 ns

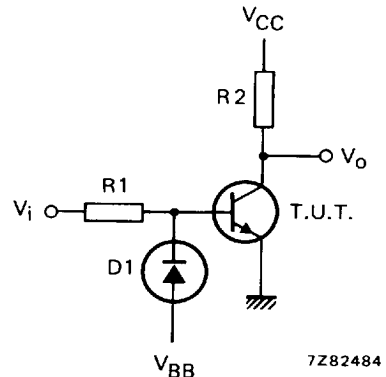
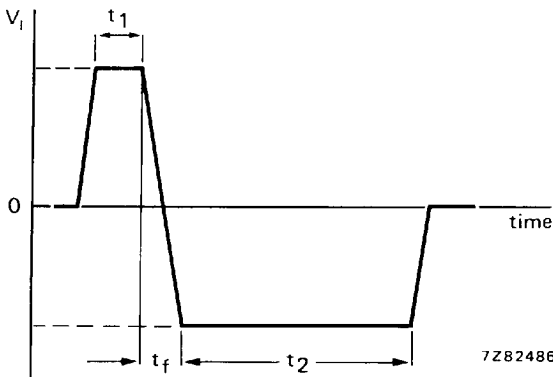


Fig. 3 Waveform and test circuit storage and fall time.

$V_i = -13,8$ to $+16,2$ V; $V_{CC} = 30$ V; $-V_{BB} = 3$ V; $R_1 = 1$ k Ω ; $R_2 = 200 \Omega$.

Pulse generator:

fall time	$t_f <$	5 ns
pulse time	$t_1 =$	100 μ s
	$t_2 =$	500 μ s

Oscilloscope:

input impedance	$Z_i >$	100 k Ω
input capacitance	$C_i <$	12 pF
rise time	$t_r <$	5 ns