

ACPSA04-41SGWA

Surface Mount Display

DESCRIPTION

• The Super Bright Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting

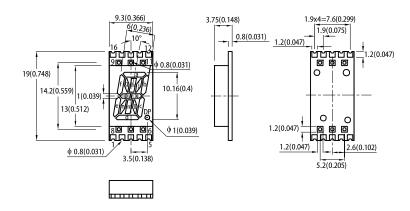
FEATURES

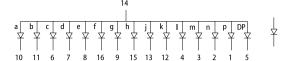
- 0.4 inch character height
- Low current operation
- · High contrast and light output
- · Categorized for luminous intensity
- · Mechanically rugged
- Gray face, white segment
- Package: 400 pcs / reel
- Moisture sensitivity level: 2a
- RoHS compliant

APPLICATIONS

- Home and smart appliances
- Display time and digital combination
- Industrial and instrumental applications
- Numeric status

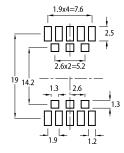
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PATTERN

(units: mm; tolerance: ± 0.15)



- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches). Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
- The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.
- 3. The gap between the reflector and PCB shall not exceed 0.25mm.

SELECTION GUIDE

| Part Number | Emitting Color (Material) | Lens Type | Iv (ucd) @ 10mA [1] | | Description |
|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Min. | Тур. | Description |
| ACPSA04-41SGWA | Super Bright Green (GaP) | White Diffused | 1400 | 2900 | Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal |
| | | | *360 | *900 | |

Luminous intensity / luminous Flux: +/-15%.
 Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.





ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T_A=25°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Emitting Color | Value | | Unit |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------|------|------|
| Parameter | Parameter Symbol Er | | Тур. | Max. | |
| Wavelength at Peak Emission I _F = 10mA | λ_{peak} | Super Bright Green | 565 | - | nm |
| Dominant Wavelength I _F = 10mA | λ _{dom} ^[1] | Super Bright Green | 568 | - | nm |
| Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX I _F = 10mA | Δλ | Super Bright Green | 30 | - | nm |
| Capacitance | С | Super Bright Green | 15 | - | pF |
| Forward Voltage I _F = 10mA | V _F ^[2] | Super Bright Green | 2.0 | 2.4 | V |
| Reverse Current (V _R = 5V) | I _R | Super Bright Green | - | 10 | μА |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T_A=25°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|--------------------------------|------------|------|
| Power Dissipation | P _D | 62.5 | mW |
| Reverse Voltage | V _R | 5 | V |
| Junction Temperature | T _j | 110 | °C |
| Operating Temperature | T _{op} | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -40 to +85 | °C |
| DC Forward Current | I _F | 25 | mA |
| Peak Forward Current | I _{FM} ^[1] | 140 | mA |
| Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM) | - | 8000 | V |

Notes:
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

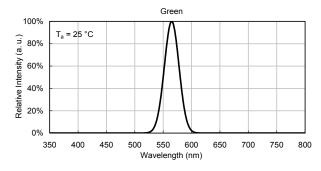


The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd: ±1nm.)
 Forward voltage: ±0.1V.
 Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
 Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

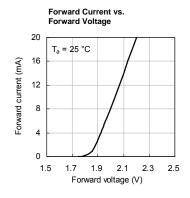


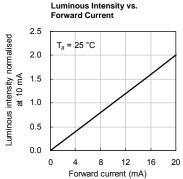
TECHNICAL DATA

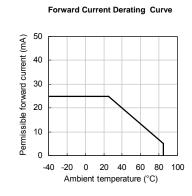
RELATIVE INTENSITY vs. WAVELENGTH

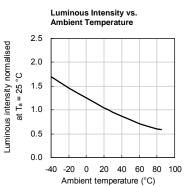


SUPER BRIGHT GREEN

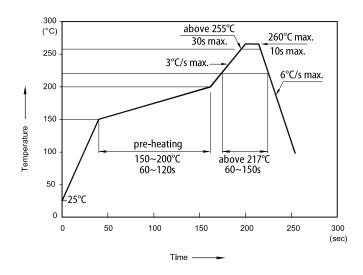






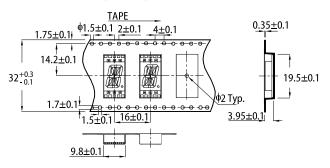


REFLOW SOLDERING PROFILE for LEAD-FREE SMD PROCESS

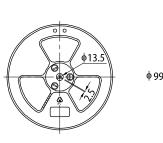


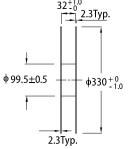
- Don't cause stress to the LEDs while it is exposed to high temperature.
- The maximum number of reflow soldering passes is 2 times.
 Reflow soldering is recommended. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

TAPE SPECIFICATIONS (units: mm)



REEL DIMENSION (units: mm)

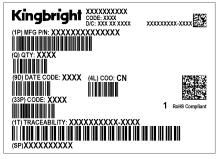






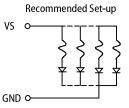
PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

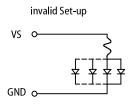




CIRCUIT DESIGN NOTES

- 1. Protective current-limiting resistors may be necessary to operate the LEDs within the specified range.
- 2. LEDs mounted in parallel should each be placed in series with its own current-limiting resistor.
- 3. The driving circuit should be designed to protect the LED against reverse voltages and transient voltage spikes when the circuit is powered up or shut down.
- 4. The safe operating current should be chosen after considering the maximum ambient temperature of the operating environment.
- 5. Prolonged reverse bias should be avoided, as it could cause metal migration, leading to an increase in leakage current or causing a short circuit.





PRECAUTIONARY NOTES

- The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.

 The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications. When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If
- customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.

 The information in this document applies to typical usage in consumer electronics applications. If customer's application has special reliability requirements or have life-threatening liabilities, such as automotive or medical usage, please consult with Kingbright representative for further assistance.
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 When any special process such as potting is required for LED assembly, please consult with Kingbright representative before proceeding. All design applications should refer to Kingbright application notes available at https://www.KingbrightUSA.com/ApplicationNotes

