

**TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
TPS76728-Q1, TPS76730-Q1, TPS76733-Q1, TPS76750-Q1, TPS76701-Q1
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

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- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- 1-A Low-Dropout (LDO) Voltage Regulator
- Available in 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3-V, 3.3-V, 5-V Fixed-Output and Adjustable Versions
- Dropout Voltage Down to 230 mV at 1 A (TPS76750)
- Ultralow 85- μ A Typical Quiescent Current
- Fast Transient Response
- 2% Tolerance Over Specified Conditions for Fixed-Output Versions
- Open Drain Power-On Reset With 200-ms Delay (See TPS768xx for PG Option)
- 20-Pin TSSOP PowerPAD™ (PWP) Package
- Thermal Shutdown Protection

description

These devices are designed to have a fast transient response and be stable with 10- μ F low ESR capacitors. This combination provides high performance at a reasonable cost.

Because the PMOS device behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage is very low (typically 230 mV at an output current of 1 A for the TPS76750) and is directly proportional to the output current. Additionally, since the PMOS pass element is a voltage-driven device, the quiescent current is very low and independent of output loading (typically 85 μ A over the full range of output current, 0 mA to 1 A). These two key specifications yield a significant improvement in operating life for battery-powered systems. This low-dropout (LDO) family also features a sleep mode; applying a TTL high signal to the enable ($\overline{\text{EN}}$) input shuts down the regulator, reducing the quiescent current to 1 μ A at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output of the TPS767xx initiates a reset in microcomputer and microprocessor systems in the event of an undervoltage condition. An internal comparator in the TPS767xx monitors the output voltage of the regulator to detect an undervoltage condition on the regulated output voltage.

The TPS767xx is offered in 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V fixed-voltage versions and in an adjustable version (programmable over the range of 1.5 V to 5.5 V). Output voltage tolerance is specified as a maximum of 2% over line, load, and temperature ranges. The TPS767xx family is available in a 20-pin PWP package.

**PWP PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**

GND/HSINK	1	20	GND/HSINK
GND/HSINK	2	19	GND/HSINK
GND	3	18	NC
NC	4	17	NC
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	5	16	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$
IN	6	15	FB/NC
IN	7	14	OUT
NC	8	13	OUT
GND/HSINK	9	12	GND/HSINK
GND/HSINK	10	11	GND/HSINK

NC – No internal connection



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

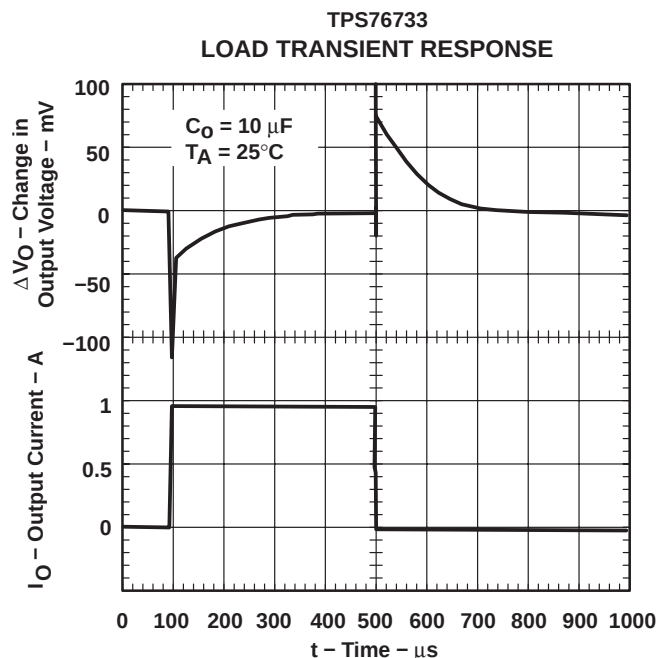
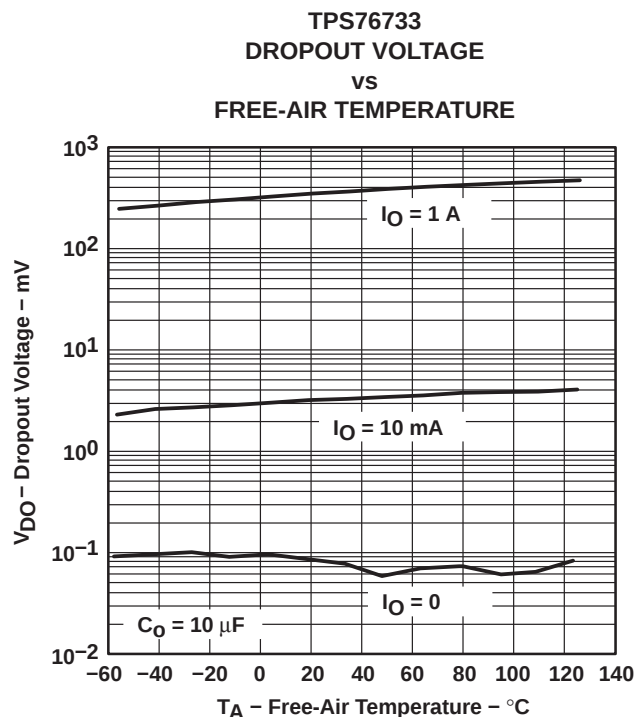


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AVAILABLE OPTIONS†

T_J	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	TSSOP (PWP)‡
	TYP	
-40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	TPS76750QPWPRQ1
	3.3	TPS76733QPWPRQ1
	3	TPS76730QPWPRQ1§
	2.8	TPS76728QPWPRQ1§
	2.7	TPS76727QPWPRQ1§
	2.5	TPS76725QPWPRQ1
	1.8	TPS76718QPWPRQ1
	1.5	TPS76715QPWPRQ1
	Adjustable 1.5 V to 5.5 V	TPS76701QPWPRQ1

† For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

‡ Available taped and reeled in quantities of 2000 per reel

§ This device is product preview.

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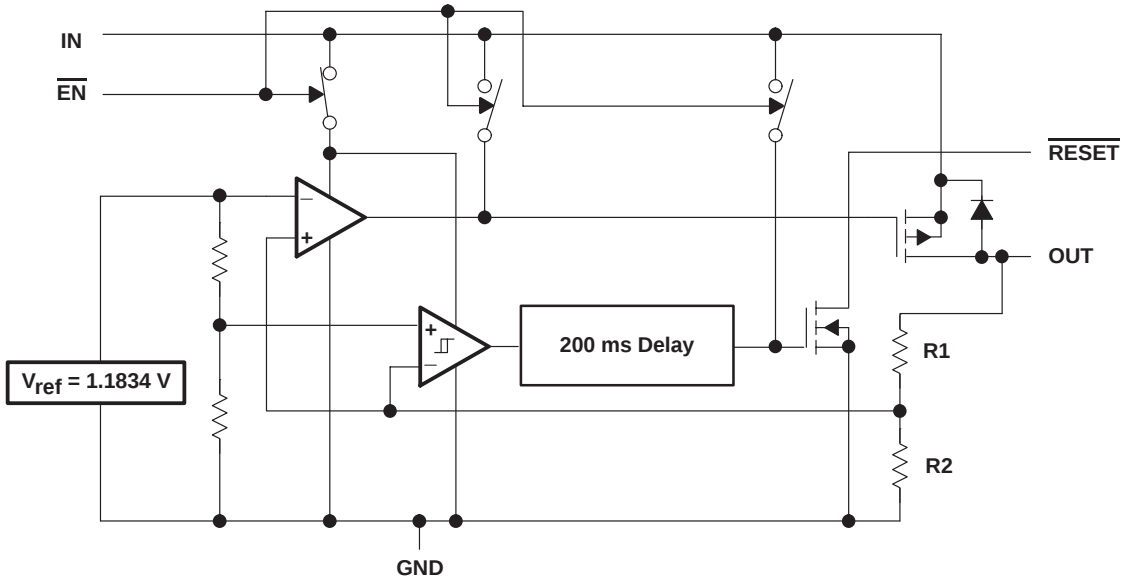
functional block diagram—adjustable version



TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
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FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

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functional block diagram—fixed-voltage version



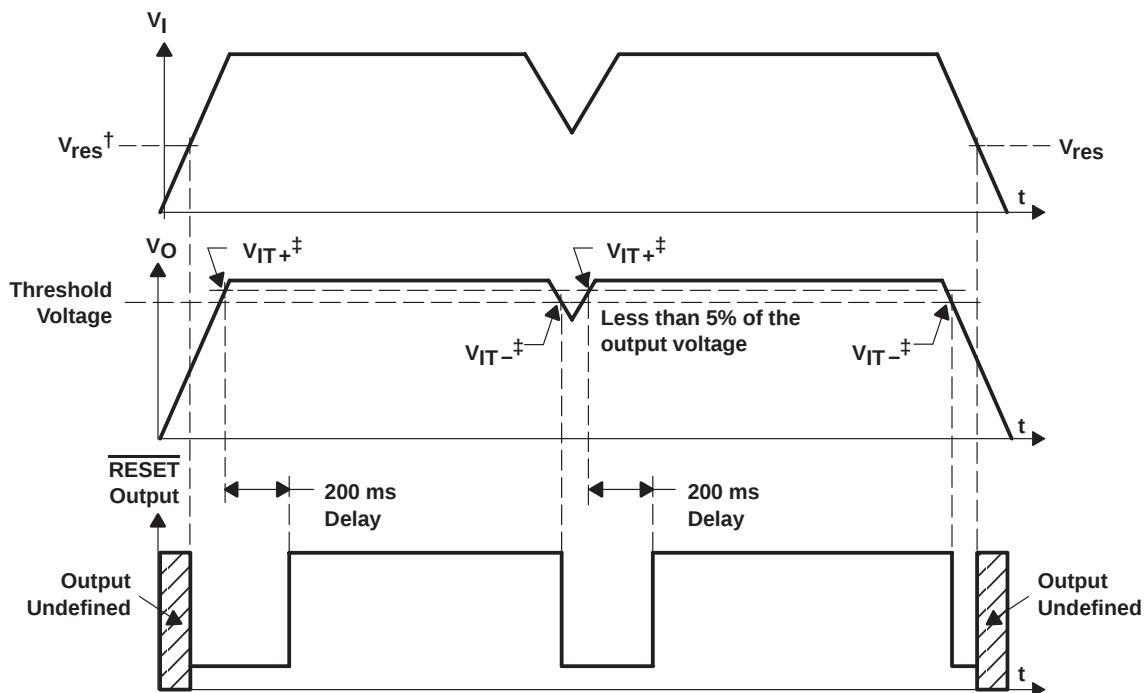
Terminal Functions

TERMINAL		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	5	I	Enable
FB/NC	15	I	Feedback voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
GND	3		Regulator ground
GND/HSINK	1, 2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 19, 20		Ground/heatsink
IN	6, 7	I	Input voltage
NC	4, 8, 17, 18		No connect
OUT	13, 14	O	Regulated output voltage
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	16	O	Reset

TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
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timing diagram



[†] V_{res} is the minimum input voltage for a valid $\overline{RESET}$. The symbol V_{res} is not currently listed within EIA or JEDEC standards for semiconductor symbology.

[‡] V_{IT-} - Trip voltage is typically 5% lower than the output voltage ($95\%V_O$). V_{IT-} to V_{IT+} is the hysteresis voltage.

**TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
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FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Input voltage range [‡] , V_I	–0.3 V to 13.5 V
Voltage range at $\overline{EN}$	–0.3 V to $V_I + 0.3$ V
Maximum $\overline{RESET}$ voltage	16.5 V
Peak output current	Internally limited
Output voltage, V_O (OUT, FB)	7 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See dissipation rating tables
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
ESD rating, Human-Body Model (HBM)	2 kV

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

[‡] All voltage values are with respect to network terminal ground.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE – FREE-AIR TEMPERATURES

PACKAGE	AIR FLOW (CFM)	$T_A < 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
PWP [§]	0	2.9 W	23.5 mW/°C	1.9 W	1.5 W
	300	4.3 W	34.6 mW/°C	2.8 W	2.2 W
PWP [¶]	0	3 W	23.8 mW/°C	1.9 W	1.5 W
	300	7.2 W	57.9 mW/°C	4.6 W	3.8 W

[§] This parameter is measured with the recommended copper heat-sink pattern on a 1-layer PCB, 5-in × 5-in PCB, 1-oz copper, 2-in × 2-in coverage (4 in²).

[¶] This parameter is measured with the recommended copper heat sink pattern on a 8-layer PCB, 1.5-in × 2-in PCB, 1-oz copper with layers 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, and 8 at 5% coverage (0.9 in²) and layers 3 and 6 at 100% coverage (6 in²). For more information, refer to TI technical brief SLMA002.

recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage, V_I [#]	2.7	10	V
Output voltage range, V_O	1.5	5.5	V
Output current, I_O (see Note 1)	0	1.0	A
Operating virtual junction temperature, T_J (see Note 1)	–40	125	°C

[#] To calculate the minimum input voltage for your maximum output current, use the following equation: $V_{I(\min)} = V_{O(\max)} + V_{DO(\max \text{ load})}$.

NOTE 1: Continuous current and operating junction temperature are limited by internal protection circuitry, but it is not recommended that the device operate under conditions beyond those specified in this table for extended periods of time.

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**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,
 $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1 \text{ V}$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$, $\overline{\text{EN}} = 0 \text{ V}$, $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output voltage (10 μA to 1 A load) (see Note 2)	TPS76701	1.5 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V, T _J = 25°C		V _O			V
		1.5 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V, T _J = −40°C to 125°C		0.98V _O	1.02V _O		
	TPS76715	T _J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		1.5			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		1.470	1.530		
	TPS76718	T _J = 25°C, 2.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		1.8			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 2.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		1.764	1.836		
	TPS76725	T _J = 25°C, 3.5 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		2.5			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 3.5 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		2.450	2.550		
	TPS76727	T _J = 25°C, 3.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		2.7			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 3.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		2.646	2.754		
	TPS76728	T _J = 25°C, 3.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		2.8			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 3.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		2.744	2.856		
	TPS76730	T _J = 25°C, 4.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		3.0			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 4.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		2.940	3.060		
	TPS76733	T _J = 25°C, 4.3 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		3.3			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 4.3 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		3.234	3.366		
	TPS76750	T _J = 25°C, 6.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		5.0			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 6.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V		4.900	5.100		
Quiescent current (GND current) EN = 0V, (see Note 2)		10 μA < I _O < 1 A, T _J = 25°C		85			μA
		I _O = 1 A, T _J = −40°C to 125°C				125	
Output voltage line regulation (ΔV _O /V _O) (see Notes 2 and 3)		V _O + 1 V < V _I ≤ 10 V, T _J = 25°C		0.01			%/V
Load regulation				3			mV
Output noise voltage (TPS76718)		BW = 200 Hz to 100 kHz, I _C = 1 A, C _O = 10 μF, T _J = 25°C		55			μVrms
Output current limit		V _O = 0 V		1.7		2	A
Thermal shutdown junction temperature				150			°C
Standby current		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = V _I , T _J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V _I < 10 V		1			μA
		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = V _I , T _J = −40°C to 125°C 2.7 V < V _I < 10 V				10	
FB input current	TPS76701	FB = 1.5 V		2			nA
High-level enable input voltage				1.7			V
Low-level enable input voltage						0.9	V
Power-supply ripple rejection (see Note 2)		f = 1 KHz, C _O = 10 μF, T _J = 25°C		60			dB

NOTES: 2. Minimum IN operating voltage is 2.7 V or $V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1 \text{ V}$, whichever is greater. Maximum IN voltage 10 V.

3. If $V_O \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$ then $V_{I\text{max}} = 10 \text{ V}$, $V_{I\text{min}} = 2.7 \text{ V}$:

$$\text{Line Regulation (mV)} = (\%/V) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I\text{max}} - 2.7 \text{ V})}{100} \times 1000$$

If $V_O \geq 2.5 \text{ V}$ then $V_{I\text{max}} = 10 \text{ V}$, $V_{I\text{min}} = V_O + 1 \text{ V}$:

$$\text{Line Regulation (mV)} = (\%/V) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I\text{max}} - (V_O + 1 \text{ V}))}{100} \times 1000$$



TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
TPS76728-Q1, TPS76730-Q1, TPS76733-Q1, TPS76750-Q1, TPS76701-Q1
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,
 $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1 \text{ V}$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$, $\overline{\text{EN}} = 0 \text{ V}$, $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Reset	Minimum input voltage for valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	$I_O(\text{RESET}) = 300 \mu\text{A}$		1.1		V
	Trip threshold voltage	V_O decreasing	92		98	% V_O
	Hysteresis voltage	Measured at V_O		0.5		% V_O
	Output low voltage	$V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$, $I_O(\text{RESET}) = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.15	0.4	V
	Leakage current	$V(\text{RESET}) = 5 \text{ V}$			1	μA
	RESET time-out delay			200		ms
Input current ($\overline{\text{EN}}$)		$\overline{\text{EN}} = 0 \text{ V}$	-1	0	1	μA
		$\overline{\text{EN}} = V_I$	-1		1	
Dropout voltage (see Note 4)		TPS76728 $I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		500		mV
		$I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			825	
		TPS76730 $I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		450		
		$I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			675	
		TPS76733 $I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		350		
		$I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			575	
		TPS76750 $I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		230		
		$I_O = 1 \text{ A}$, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			380	

NOTE 4: I_N voltage equals $V_{O(\text{typ})} - 100 \text{ mV}$; TPS76701 output voltage set to 3.3 V nominal with external resistor divider. TPS76715, TPS76718, TPS76725, and TPS76727 dropout voltage limited by input voltage range limitations (i.e., TPS76730 input voltage needs to drop to 2.9 V for purpose of this test).

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_O	Output voltage	vs Output current	2, 3, 4
		vs Free-air temperature	5, 6, 7
	Ground current	vs Free-air temperature	8, 9
	Power-supply ripple rejection	vs Frequency	10
	Output spectral noise density	vs Frequency	11
	Input voltage (min)	vs Output voltage	12
Z_O	Output impedance	vs Frequency	13
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage	vs Free-air temperature	14
	Line transient response		15, 17
	Load transient response		16, 18
V_O	Output voltage	vs Time	19
	Dropout voltage	vs Input voltage	20
	Equivalent series resistance (ESR)	vs Output current	22–25



**TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
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FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

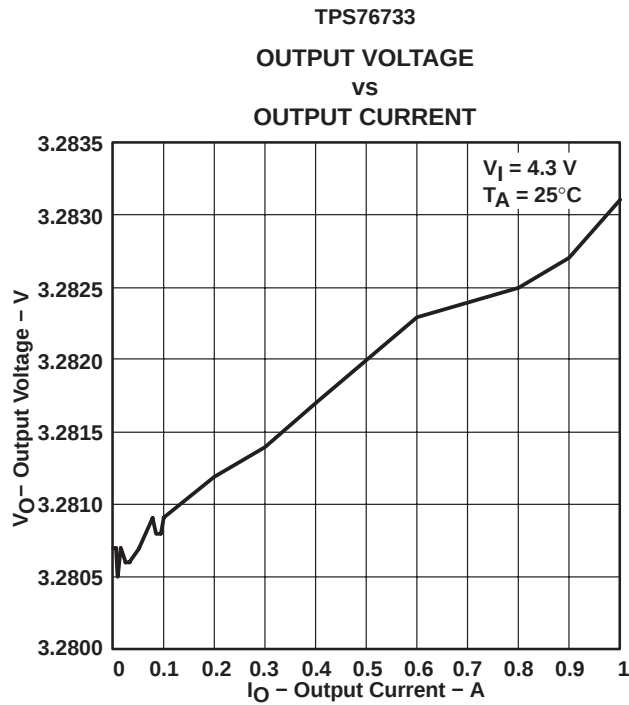


Figure 2

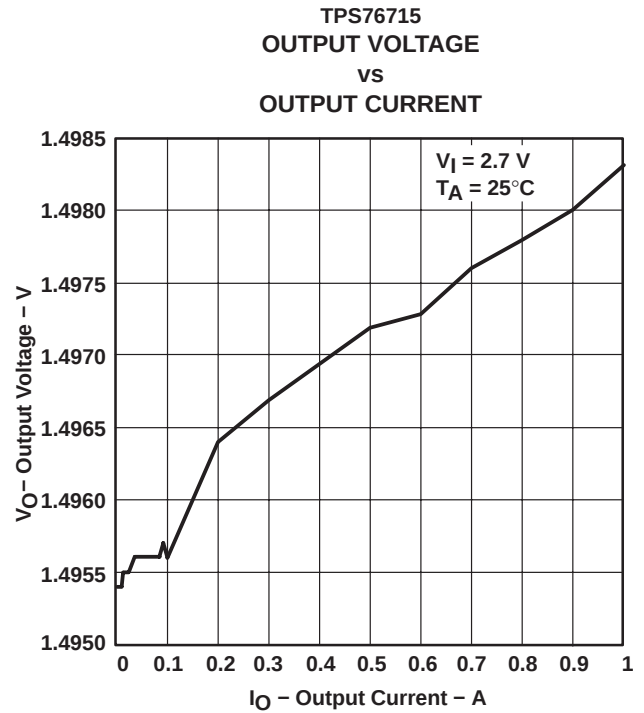


Figure 3

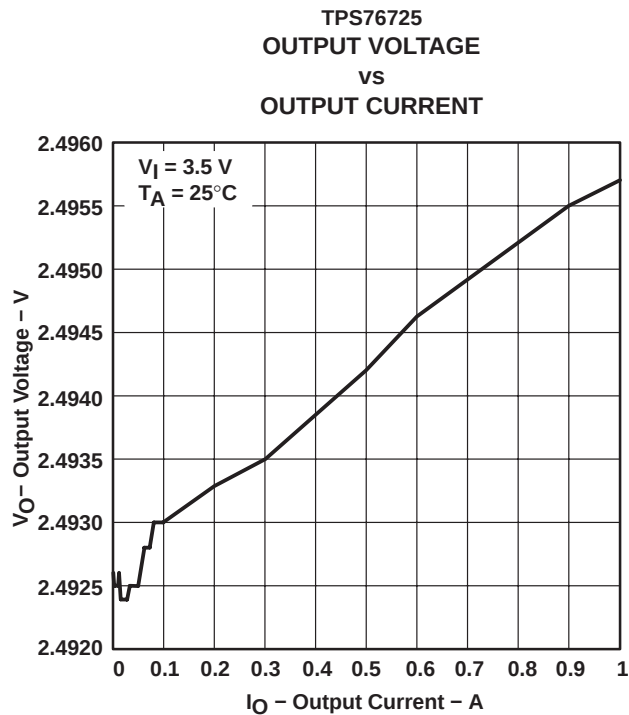


Figure 4

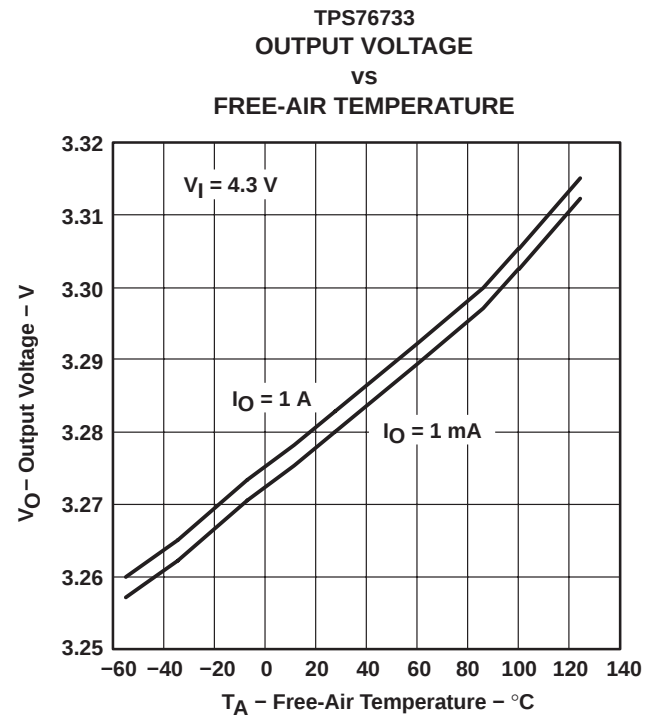
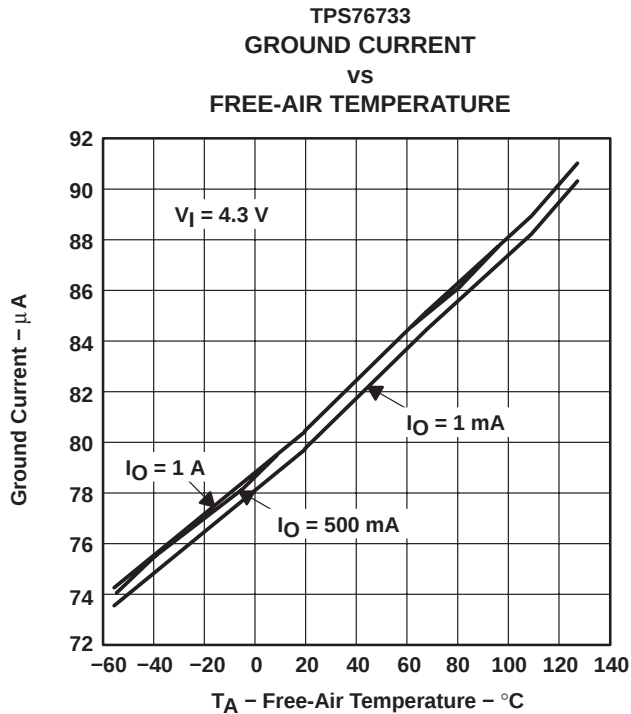
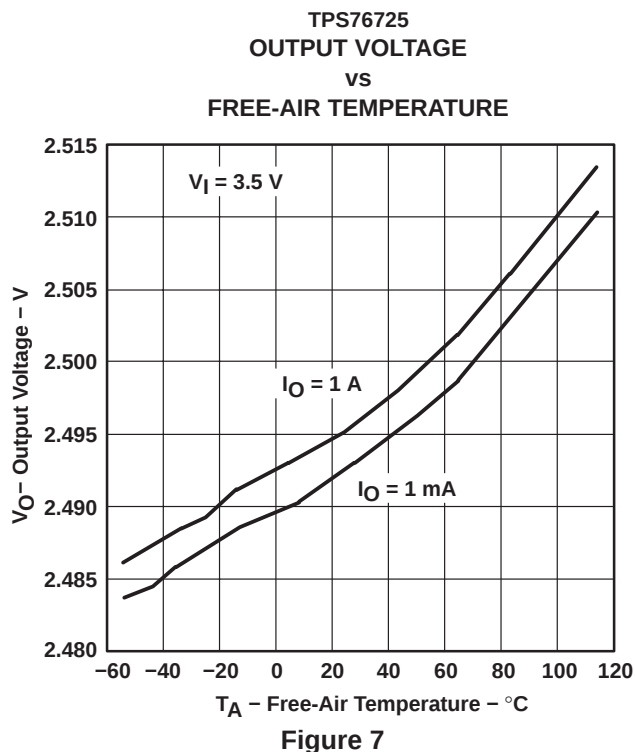
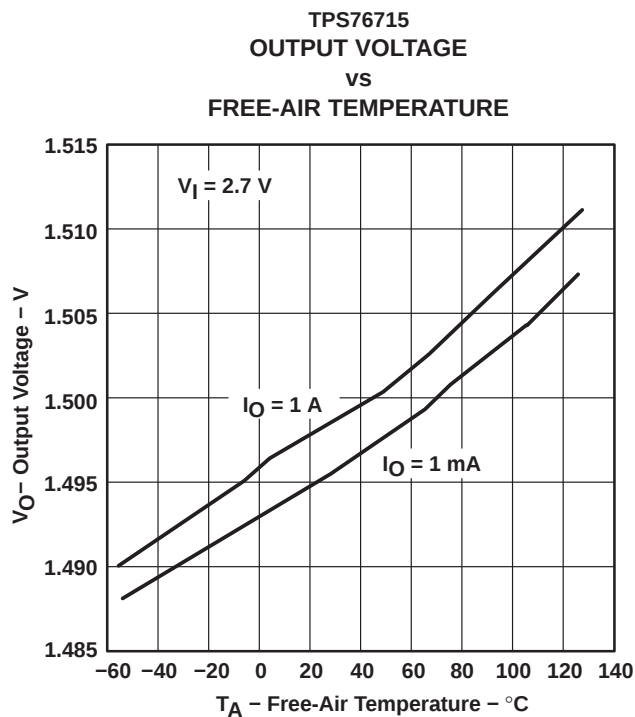


Figure 5

**TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
TPS76728-Q1, TPS76730-Q1, TPS76733-Q1, TPS76750-Q1, TPS76701-Q1
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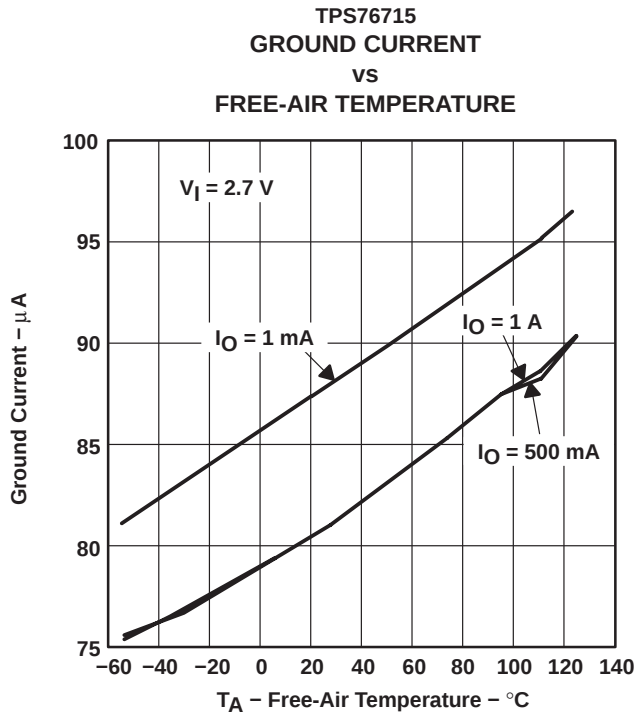


Figure 9

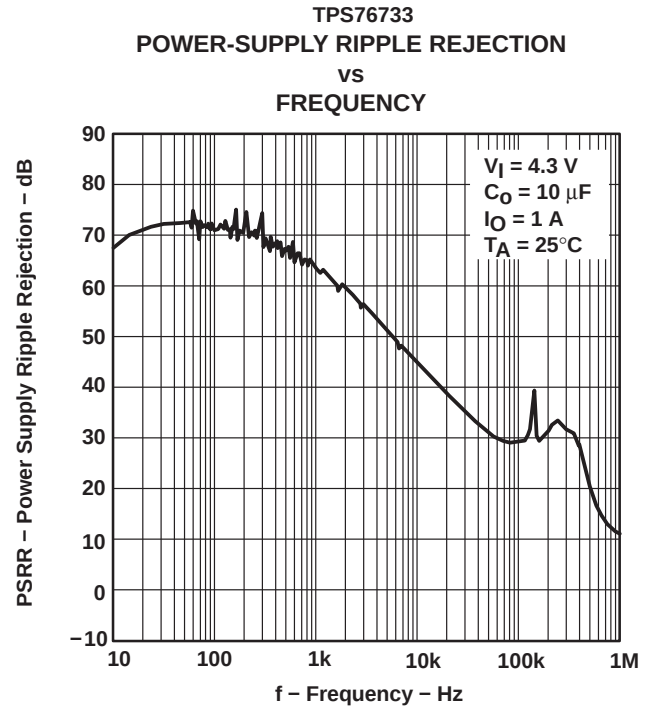


Figure 10

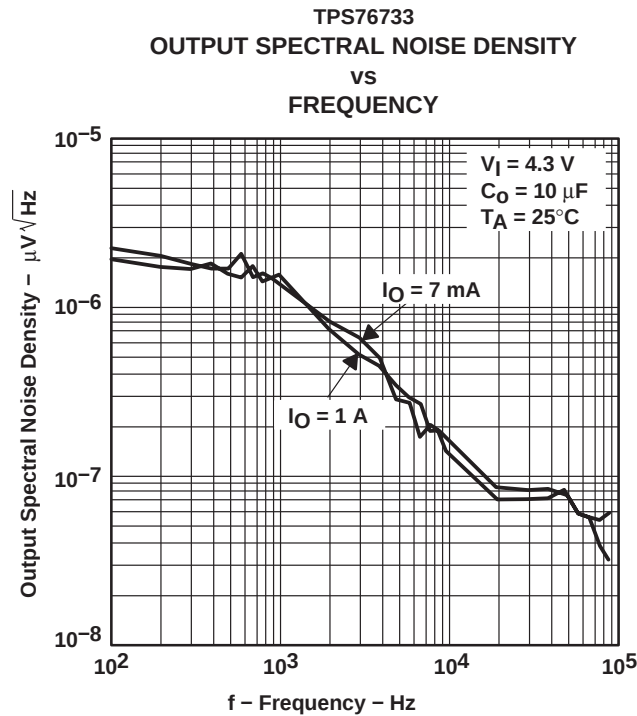
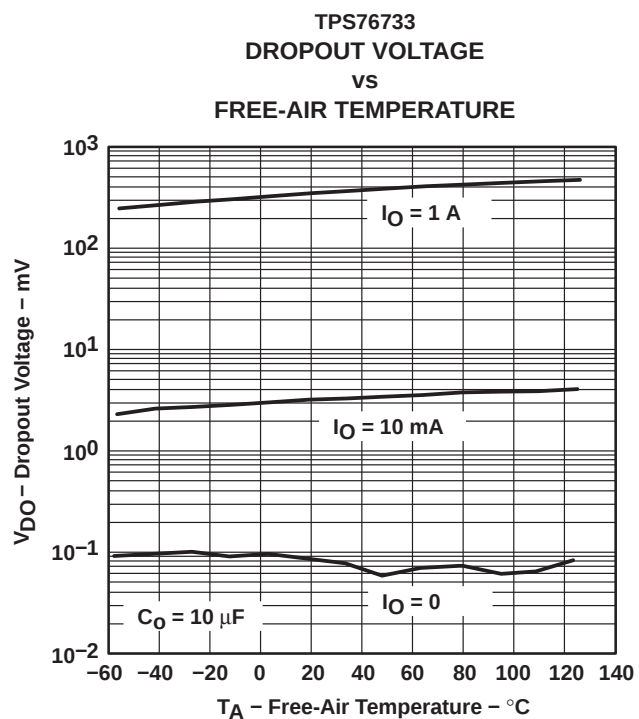
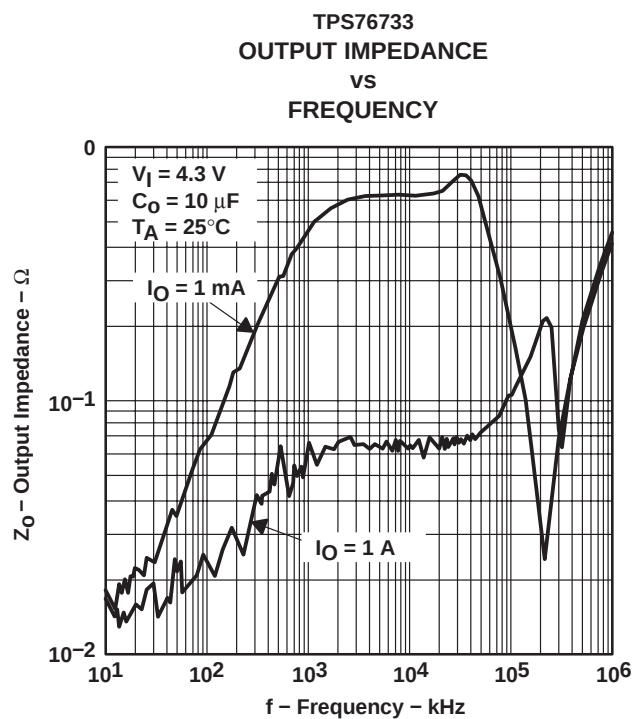
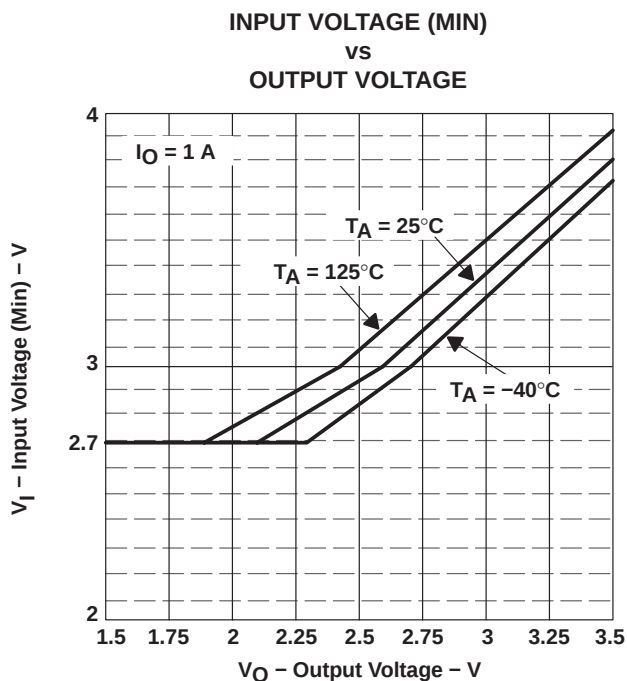


Figure 11

TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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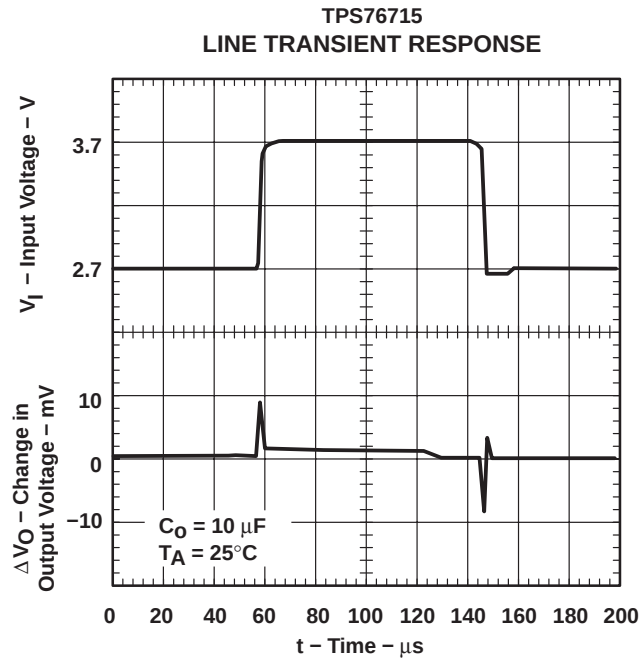


Figure 15

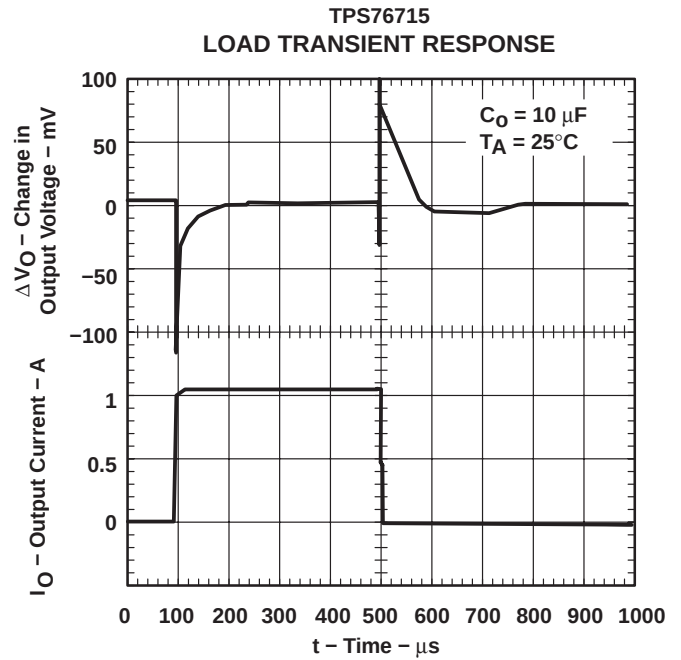


Figure 16

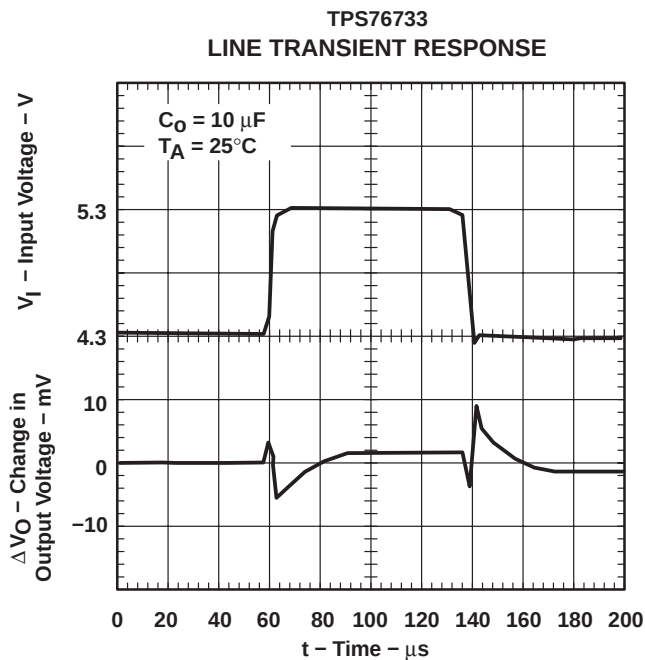


Figure 17

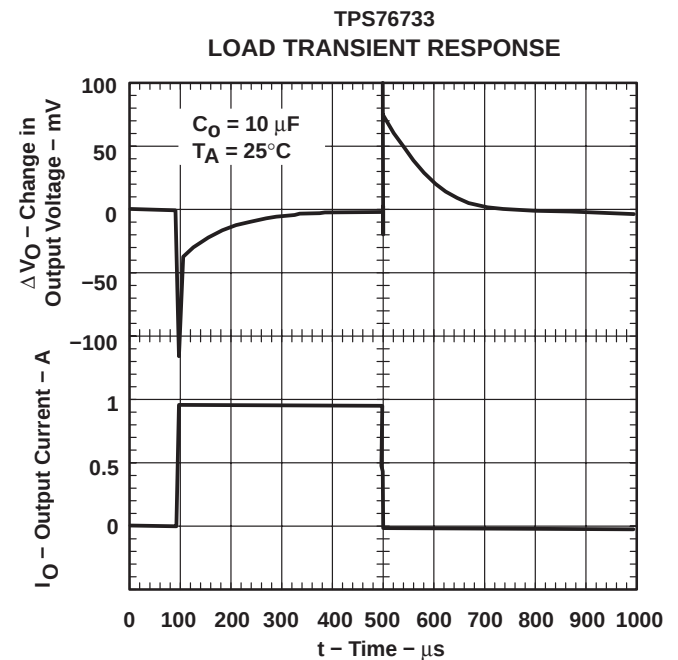


Figure 18

TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
 TPS76728-Q1, TPS76730-Q1, TPS76733-Q1, TPS76750-Q1, TPS76701-Q1
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

SGLS009B – MARCH 2003 – REVISED APRIL 2008

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

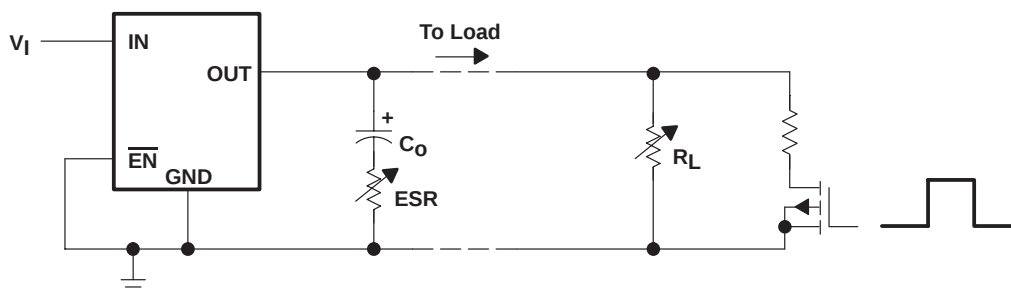
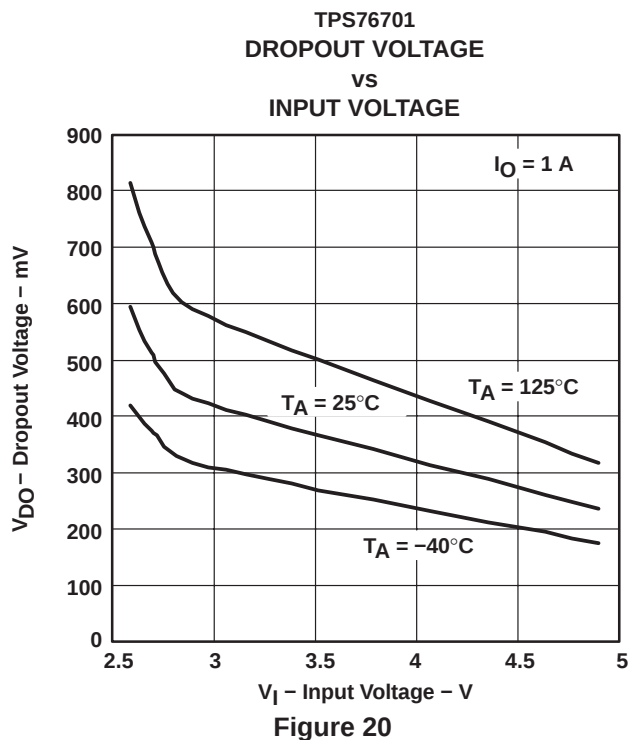
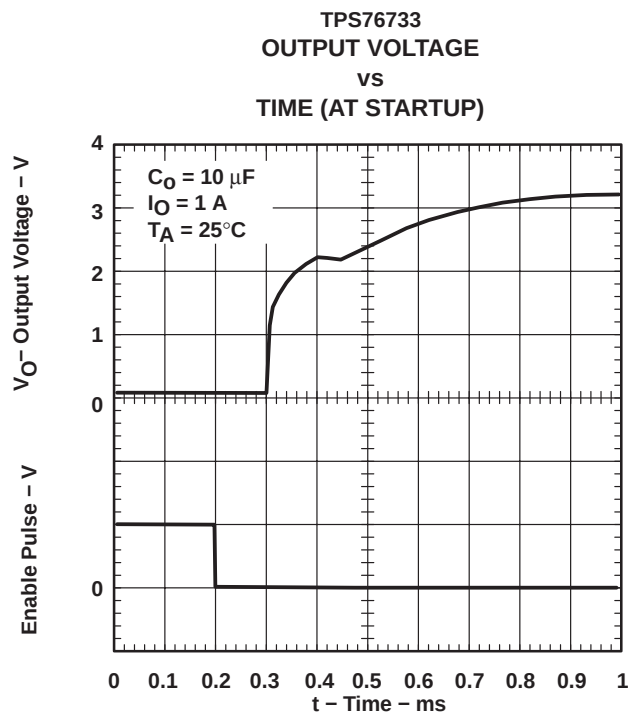
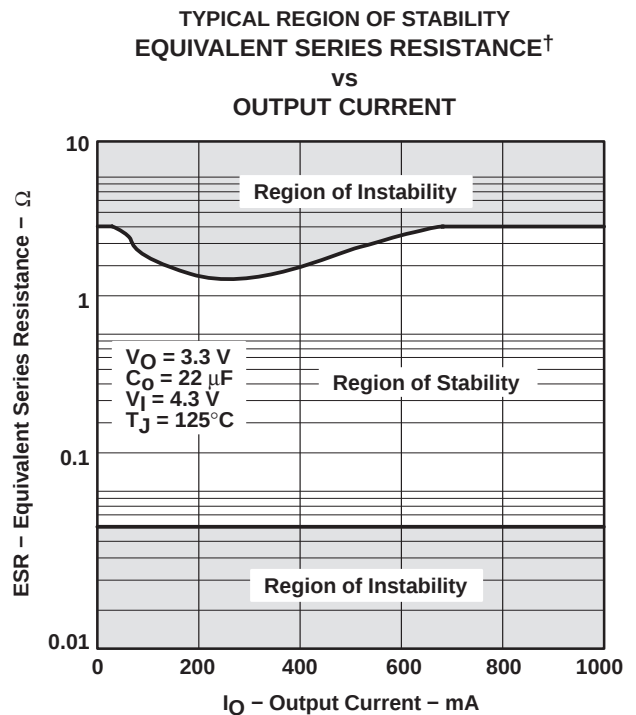
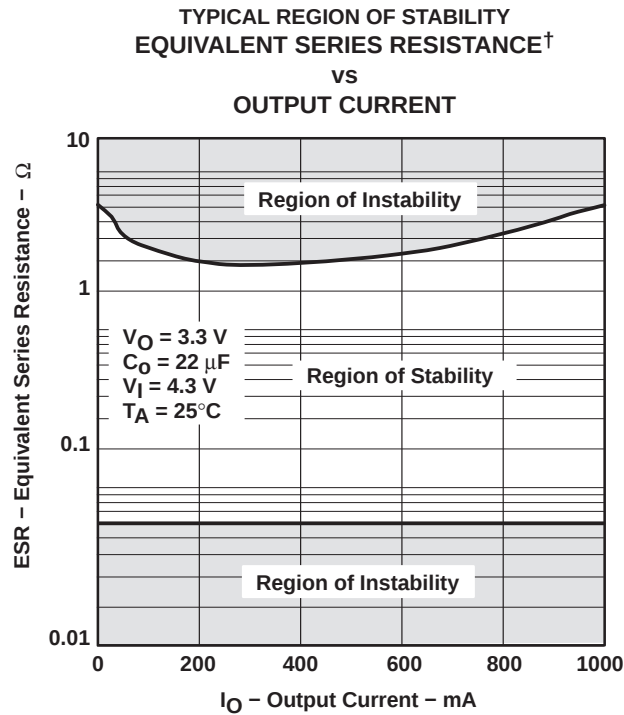
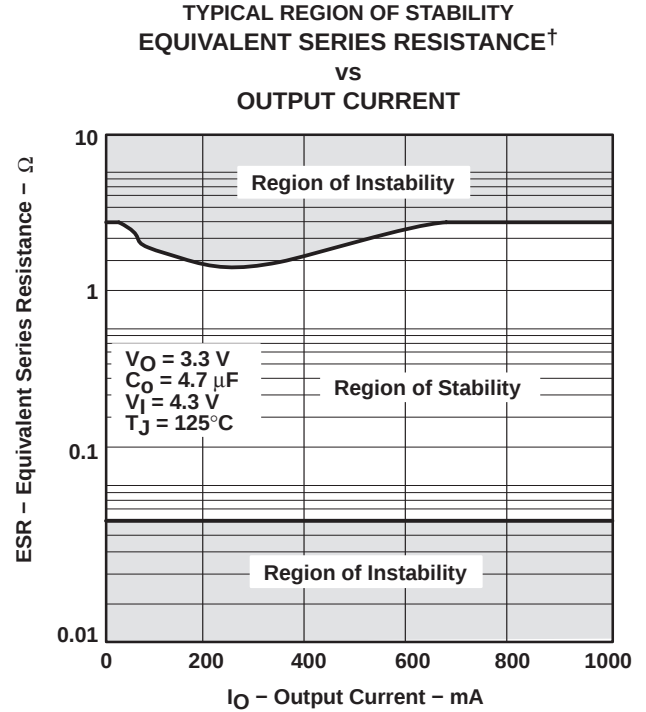
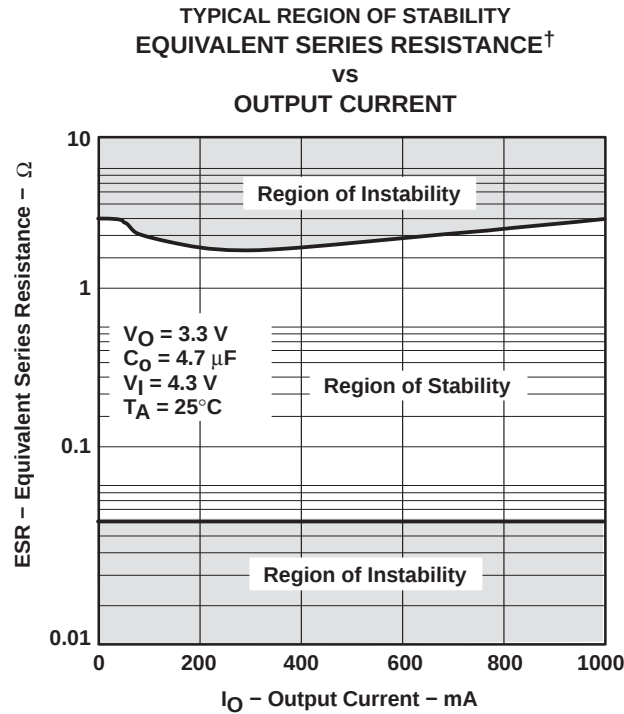


Figure 21. Test Circuit for Typical Regions of Stability (Figures 22 Through 25) (Fixed-Output Options)

**TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
TPS76728-Q1, TPS76730-Q1, TPS76733-Q1, TPS76750-Q1, TPS76701-Q1
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] Equivalent series resistance (ESR) refers to the total series resistance, including the ESR of the capacitor, any series resistance added externally, and PWB trace resistance to C_O .

**TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
TPS76728-Q1, TPS76730-Q1, TPS76733-Q1, TPS76750-Q1, TPS76701-Q1
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS767xx family includes eight fixed-output voltage regulators (1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.7 V, 2.8 V, 3 V, 3.3 V, and 5 V), and an adjustable regulator, the TPS76701 (adjustable from 1.5 V to 5.5 V).

device operation

The TPS767xx features very low quiescent current, which remains virtually constant even with varying loads. Conventional LDO regulators use a pnp pass element, the base current of which is directly proportional to the load current through the regulator ($I_B = I_C/\beta$). The TPS767xx uses a PMOS transistor to pass current; because the gate of the PMOS is voltage driven, operating current is low and invariable over the full load range.

Another pitfall associated with the pnp-pass element is its tendency to saturate when the device goes into dropout. The resulting drop in β forces an increase in I_B to maintain the load. During power up, this translates to large start-up currents. Systems with limited supply current may fail to start up. In battery-powered systems, it means rapid battery discharge when the voltage decays below the minimum required for regulation. The TPS767xx quiescent current remains low even when the regulator drops out, eliminating both problems.

The TPS767xx family also features a shutdown mode that places the output in the high-impedance state (essentially equal to the feedback-divider resistance) and reduces quiescent current to 2 μ A. If the shutdown feature is not used, $\overline{EN}$ should be tied to ground.

minimum load requirements

The TPS767xx family is stable even at zero load; no minimum load is required for operation.

FB—pin connection (adjustable version only)

The FB pin is an input pin to sense the output voltage and close the loop for the adjustable option. The output voltage is sensed through a resistor divider network to close the loop as shown in Figure 27. Normally, this connection should be as short as possible; however, the connection can be made near a critical circuit to improve performance at that point. Internally, FB connects to a high-impedance wide-bandwidth amplifier and noise pickup feeds through to the regulator output. Routing the FB connection to minimize/avoid noise pickup is essential.

external capacitor requirements

An input capacitor is not usually required; however, a ceramic bypass capacitor (0.047 μ F or larger) improves load transient response and noise rejection if the TPS767xx is located more than a few inches from the power supply. A higher-capacitance electrolytic capacitor may be necessary if large (hundreds of milliamps) load transients with fast rise times are anticipated.

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS767xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance value is 10 μ F and the equivalent series resistance (ESR) must be between 50 m Ω and 1.5 Ω . Capacitor values 10 μ F or larger are acceptable, provided the ESR is less than 1.5 Ω . Solid tantalum electrolytic, aluminum electrolytic, and multilayer ceramic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described above. Most of the commercially available 10- μ F surface-mount ceramic capacitors, including devices from Sprague and Kemet, meet the ESR requirements stated above.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

external capacitor requirements (continued)

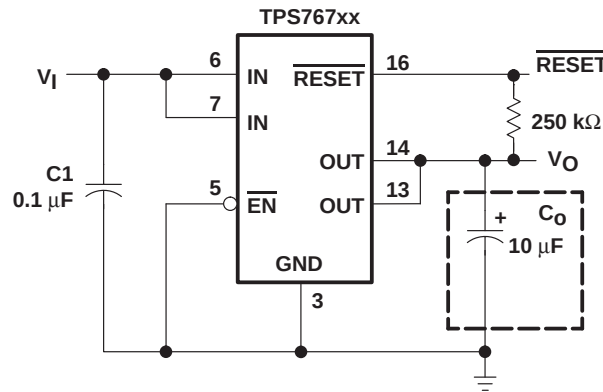


Figure 26. Typical Application Circuit (Fixed Versions)

programming the TPS76701 adjustable LDO regulator

The output voltage of the TPS76701 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in Figure 27. The output voltage is calculated using:

$$V_O = V_{\text{ref}} \times \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right) \quad (1)$$

Where:

$V_{\text{ref}} = 1.1834 \text{ V typ}$ (the internal reference voltage)

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 50-μA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used but offer no inherent advantage and waste more power. Higher values should be avoided as leakage currents at FB increase the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose R2 = 30.1 kΩ to set the divider current at 50 μA and then calculate R1 using:

$$R_1 = \left(\frac{V_O}{V_{\text{ref}}} - 1\right) \times R_2 \quad (2)$$

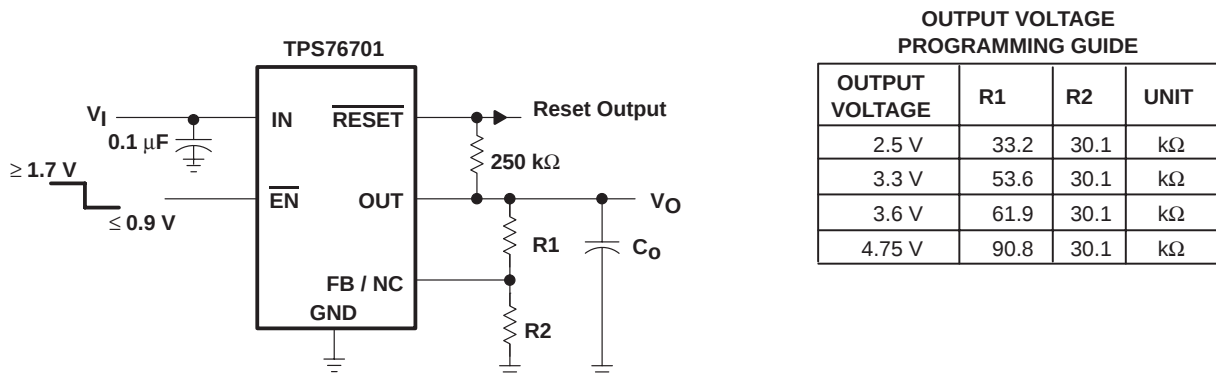


Figure 27. TPS76701 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

**TPS76715-Q1, TPS76718-Q1, TPS76725-Q1, TPS76727-Q1
TPS76728-Q1, TPS76730-Q1, TPS76733-Q1, TPS76750-Q1, TPS76701-Q1
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

reset indicator

The TPS767xx features a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output that can be used to monitor the status of the regulator. The internal comparator monitors the output voltage: when the output drops to between 92% and 98% of its nominal regulated value, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output transistor turns on, taking the signal low. The open-drain output requires a pullup resistor. If not used, it can be left floating. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ can be used to drive power-on reset circuitry or as a low-battery indicator. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ does not assert itself when the regulated output voltage falls outside the specified 2% tolerance, but instead reports an output voltage low relative to its nominal regulated value (refer to timing diagram for start-up sequence).

regulator protection

The TPS767xx PMOS pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts reverse currents when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (e.g., during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. When extended reverse voltage is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

The TPS767xx also features internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS767xx limits output current to approximately 1.7 A. When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package. If the temperature of the device exceeds 150°C (typ), thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled below 130°C (typ), regulator operation resumes.

power dissipation and junction temperature

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of 125°C; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(\text{max})}$, and the actual dissipation, P_D , which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(\text{max})}$.

The maximum power dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{D(\text{max})} = \frac{T_{J\text{max}} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

Where:

$T_{J\text{max}}$ is the maximum allowable junction temperature.

$R_{\theta JA}$ is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package, i.e., 172°C/W for the 8-terminal SOIC and 32.6°C/W for the 20-terminal PWP with no airflow.

T_A is the ambient temperature.

The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

$$P_D = (V_I - V_O) \times I_O$$

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation triggers the thermal protection circuit.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS76733QPWPRQ1	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) 20	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 125	76733Q1
TPS76733QPWPRQ1.A	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) 20	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 125	76733Q1
TPS76750QPWPRQ1	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) 20	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 125	76750Q1
TPS76750QPWPRQ1.A	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) 20	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 125	76750Q1

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS767-Q1 :

- Catalog : [TPS767](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS76733QPWPRQ1	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TPS76750QPWPRQ1	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS76733QPWPRQ1	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
TPS76750QPWPRQ1	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

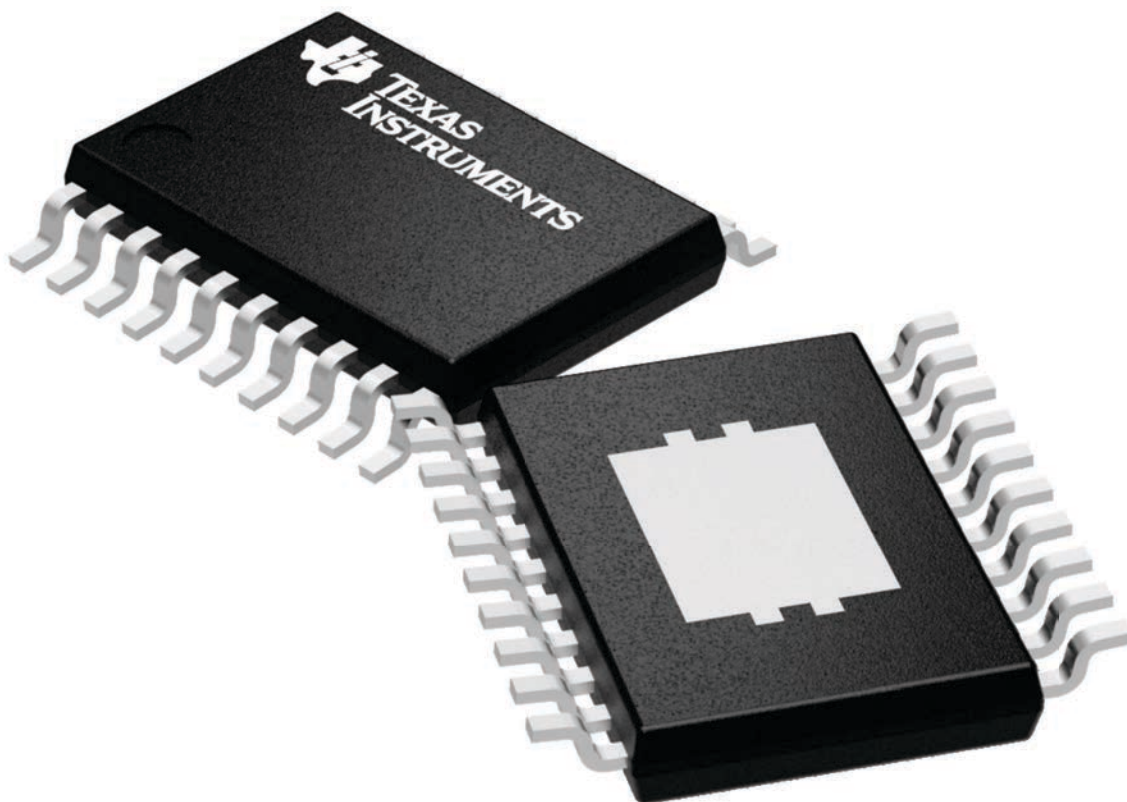
PWP 20

HTSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

6.5 x 4.4, 0.65 mm pitch

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

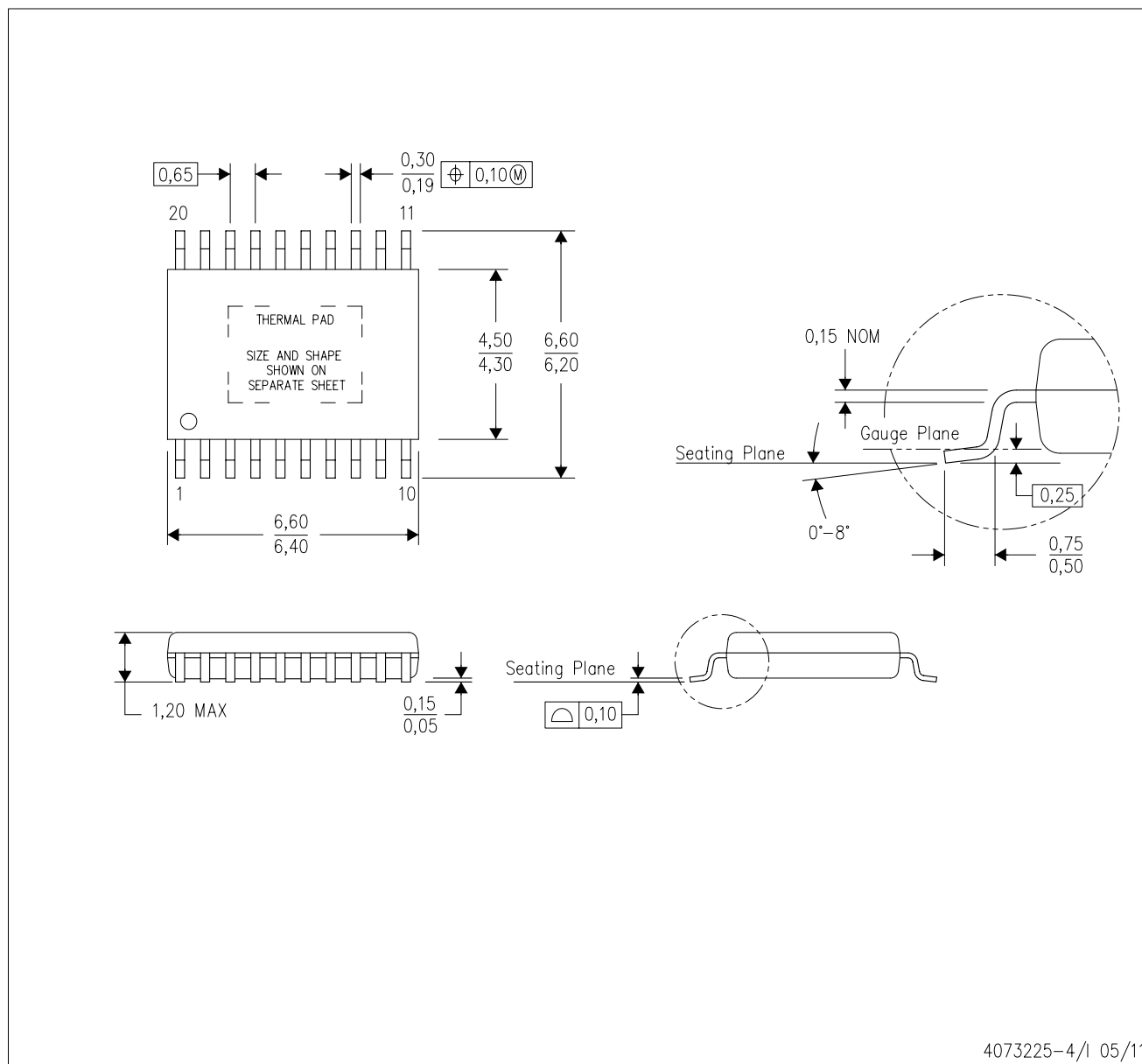
This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4224669/A

PWP (R-PDSO-G20)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

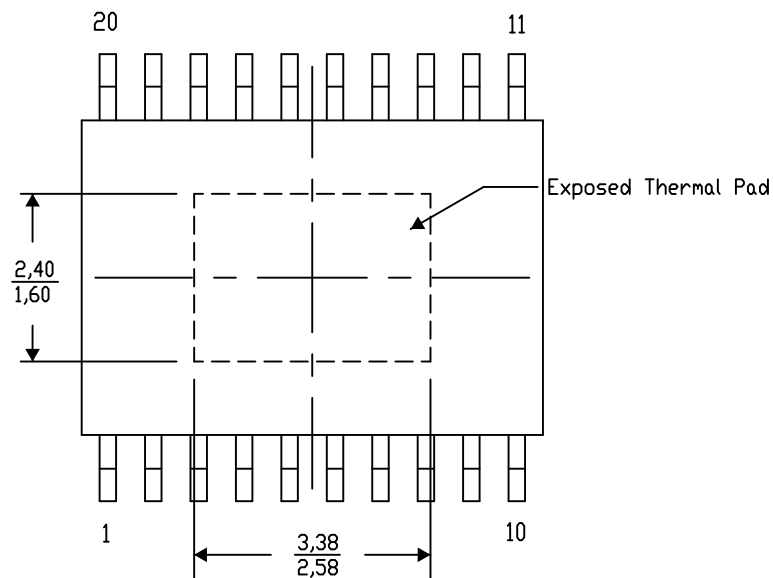
PWP (R-PDSO-G20) PowerPAD™ SMALL PLASTIC OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



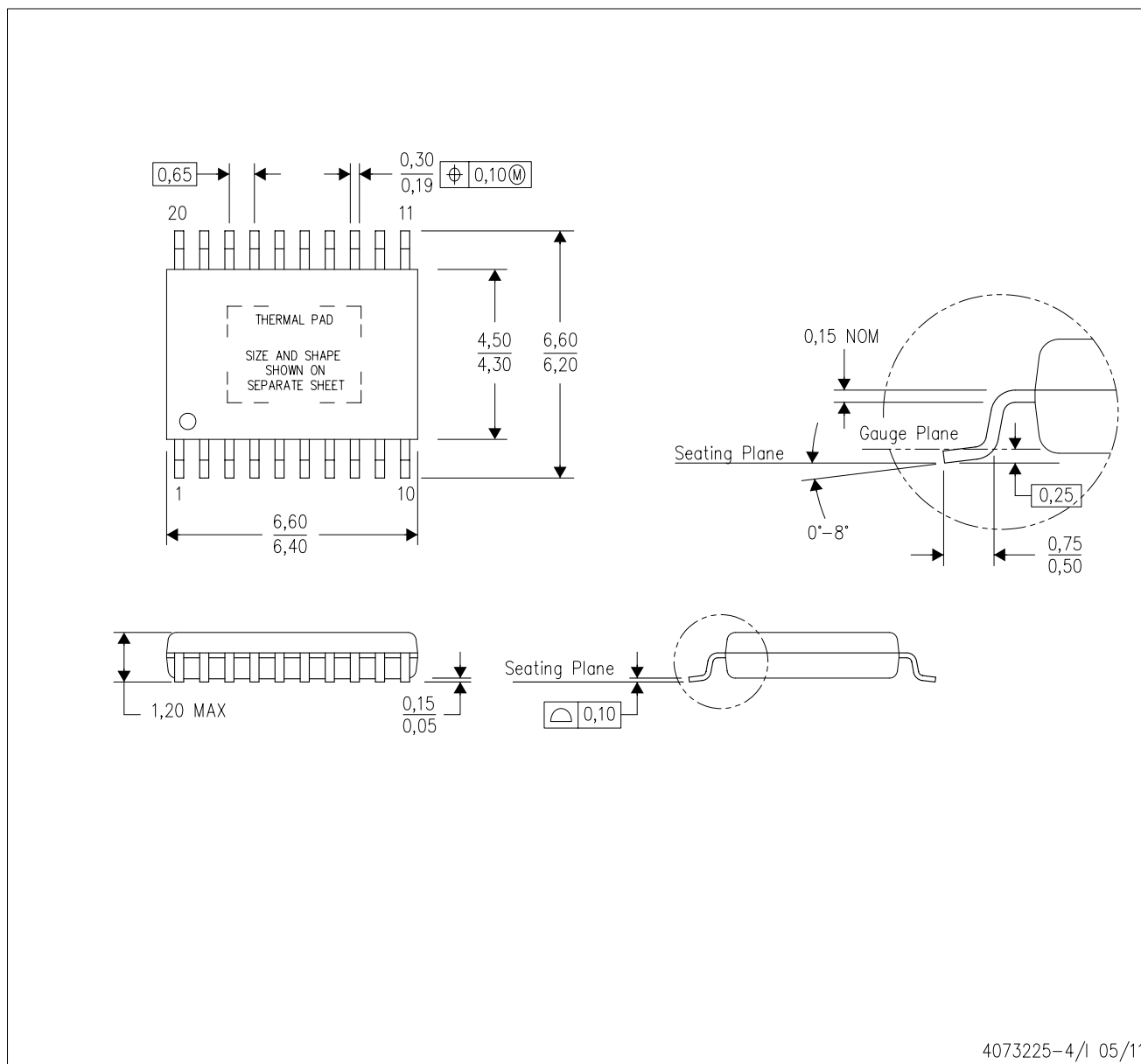
4206332–21/AO 01/16

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments

PWP (R-PDSO-G20)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

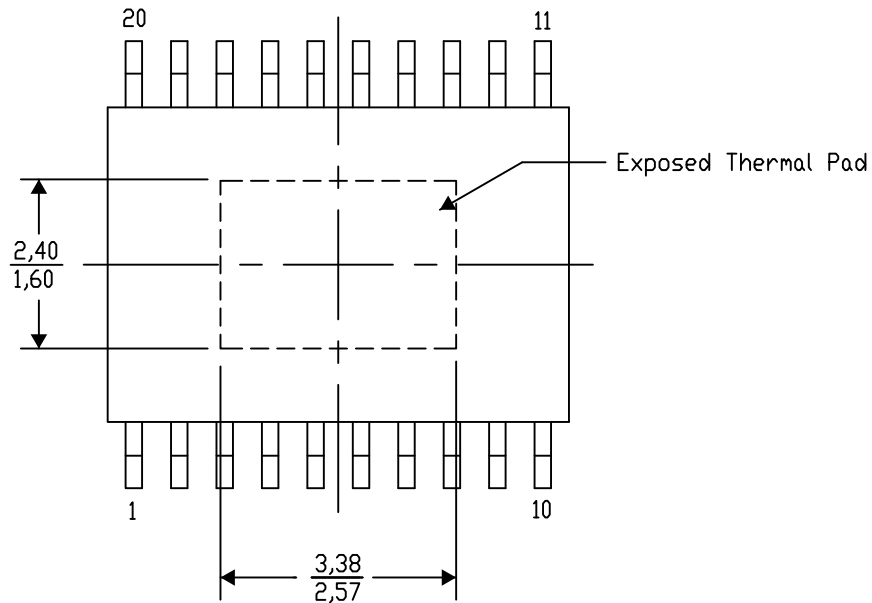
PWP (R-PDSO-G20) PowerPAD™ SMALL PLASTIC OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

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The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



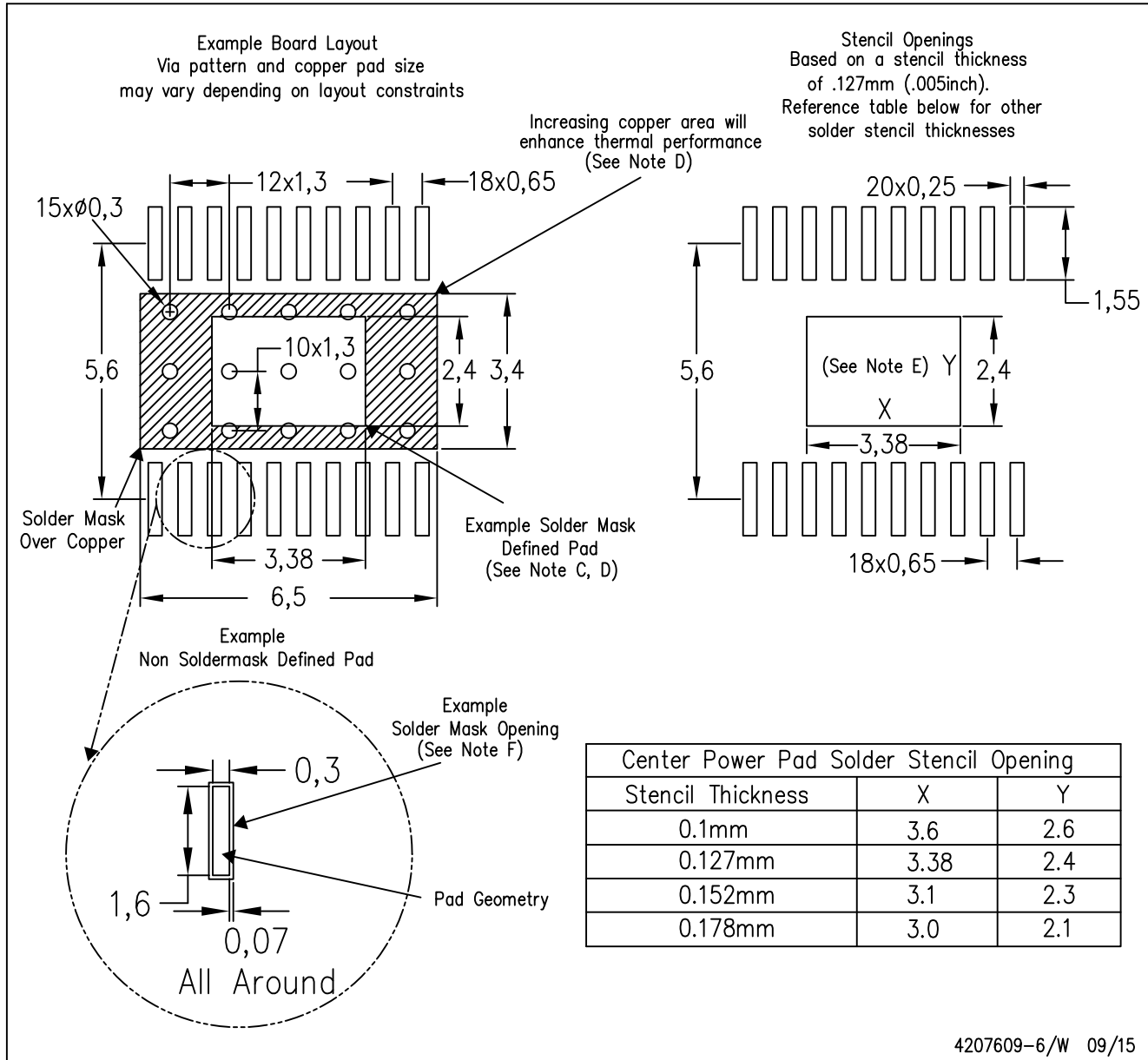
4206332-13/AO 01/16

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments

PWP (R-PDSO-G20)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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