

TPS6236xEVM-655

This user's guide describes the characteristics, operation, and use of the TPS62360EVM-655 (HPA655-001), the TPS62361BEVM-655 (HPA655-002), the TPS62362EVM-655 (HPA-003), and the TPS62365EVM-655 (HPA655-004) evaluation modules (EVMs). These EVMs demonstrate the Texas Instruments TPS62360, TPS62361B, TPS62362, or TPS62365 Processor Supply with I²C Interface and Remote Sense. This document includes setup instructions, a schematic diagram, bill of materials, and PCB layout drawings for the evaluation module. The only difference between the 4 versions of the EVM is the TPS6236x IC, U1.

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Setup	. 3
3	Software Setup and Operation	6
4	Circuit Use and Modifications	_
5	Test Results	
6	Board Layout	
7	Schematic and Bill of Materials	17
	List of Figures	
1	TPS6236x Software Main Panel	6
2	Efficiency vs. Input Voltage (I _{OUT} = 1.5A, V _{OUT} = 1.4V)	9
3	Efficiency vs. Output Current ($V_{IN} = 3.6V, V_{OUT} = 0.92, 1.16, 1.4, 1.7$)	9
4	Load Regulation (V _{OUT} = 1.4V, V _{IN} = 3.6V)	10
5	Line Regulation (V _{OUT} = 1.4V, I _{OUT} = 1.5A)	10
6	Start-up ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 1.5A$)	11
7	Shutdown ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, output cap discharge enabled)	11
8	Output Voltage Ripple ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 3A$)	12
9	Input Voltage Ripple ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 3A$)	12
10	Load Transient Response ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 1A$ to 2A step)	13
11	Thermal Performance ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 3A$)	13
12	Assembly Layer	14
13	Top Layer	15
14	Layer 2	15
15	Layer 3	16
16	Bottom Layer	16
17	TPS6236xEVM-655 Schematic	17
	List of Tables	
1	Performance Specification Summary	2
2	Default Jumper Settings	
- 3	TPS6236x Solution Required Components	
4	TPS6236xEVM-655 Evaluation Components	
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Introduction www.ti.com

1 Introduction

1.1 Requirements

To operate this EVM, connect and properly configure the following components:

A personal computer (PC) with a USB port is required to operate this EVM. The TPS6236x interface software runs on the PC and communicates with the EVM via the PC's USB port. Commands can be sent to the internal registers of the TPS6236x through the USB port. The software has been tested with the PC requirements listed below. It may work with other operating systems and configurations, but this has not been verified.

Personal Computer Requirements

- Windows XP™ operating system
- .NET 2.0 or higher
- USB port
- 10 MB of free hard disk space
- 512 MB of RAM

USB-TO-GPIO Adapter

The USB-TO-GPIO adapter is the link that allows the PC and the EVM to communicate. One end of the USB-TO-GPIO adapter connects to the PC with the supplied USB cable. The other end of the USB-TO-GPIO adapter connects to the EVM with the supplied ribbon cable.

When a command is written to the EVM, the interface program running on the PC sends the commands to the PC USB port. The USB-TO-GPIO adapter receives the USB command, converts the signal to an I²C protocol, and sends the I²C signal to the TPS6236x EVM board.

Software

Texas Instruments provides software to assist in evaluating this EVM. This software can be downloaded from the TPS6236xEVM-655 Product Page, located at: http://focus.ti.com/docs/toolsw/folders/print/tps62360evm-655.html.

Printed-Circuit Board Assembly

The board contains the either the TPS62360, TPS62361B, TPS62362, or TPS62365 IC and the required external components to evaluate it as a processor power supply solution.

1.2 Performance Specification Summary

A summary of the performance specifications is provided in Table 1. Specifications are given for an input voltage of 3.6V and an output voltage of 1.4V, unless otherwise specified. The TPS6236x is designed and tested for $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to 5.5V. The ambient temperature is 25°C for all measurements, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1. Perfor	mance Specification S	Summary	

SPECIFICATION	TEST (CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN} voltage range					5.5	V
Output voltage set point - TPS62360/2	Programmable in 1	0 mV steps	0.77		1.4	V
Output voltage set point - TPS62361B/5	Programmable in 1	0 mV steps	0.5		1.77	V
Output current range - TPS62360, TPS6361B, TPS62362			0		3	Α
Output current range - TPS62365			0		3.5	Α
Line regulation	I _{OUT} = 1.5A, V _{OUT} =	I _{OUT} = 1.5A, V _{OUT} = 1.4V				
Load regulation	V _{IN} = 3.6V, V _{OUT} =	V _{IN} = 3.6V, V _{OUT} = 1.4V		±0.15%		
	1 - 10 to 20	Voltage change		40		mV
Load transient response	$I_{OUT} = 1A \text{ to } 2A$	Recovery time		10		μs
Load transient response	1 - 2A to 1A	Voltage change		45		mV
	I _{OUT} = 2A to 1A Recovery time			8		μs
Input ripple voltage	V _{IN} = 3.6V, V _{OUT} = 1.4V, I _{OUT} = 3A			120		mV_{PP}
Output ripple voltage	V _{IN} = 3.6V, V _{OUT} =	1.4V, I _{OUT} = 3A		10		mV_PP



www.ti.com Setup

Table 1. Performance Specification Summary (continued)

SPECIFICATION	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Maximum efficiency	V _{IN} = 3.6V, V _{OUT} = 1.7V, I _{OUT} = 750mA		91.4%		

2 Setup

This section describes the jumpers and connectors on the EVM as well as how to properly connect, set up, and use the TPS6236xEVM-655.

2.1 Connector/Jumper Descriptions

2.1.1 $J1 - V_{IN}$

This header is for the positive input supply voltage to the converter. The leads to the input supply should be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission and reduce inductive voltage droop at a load transient event. This voltage should be between 2.5V and 5.5V.

2.1.2 J2 - S+/S-

Sense connector for V_{IN} . Connect input supply's sense leads to this point. Monitor the V_{IN} voltage at this point.

2.1.3 J3 – GND

This is the return connection for the input power supply of the converter. The leads to the input supply should be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission and reduce inductive voltage droop at a load transient event.

2.1.4 $J4 - V_{OUT}$

This header connects to V_{OUT} . Connect the load (processor) at this point if the load current will remain below 1A. If the load current will exceed 1A, use terminal block J7 instead. The leads to the load should be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission and reduce inductive voltage droop at a load transient event.

2.1.5 J5 - SNS+/SNS-

Remote sense connector for the IC. For proper regulation, this must be connected at the load. This is a high impedance connection back to the TPS6236x's remote sense inputs and is required for output regulation. Monitor the output voltage at this point.

2.1.6 J6 – GND

This is the return connection for the load. If the load current will exceed 1A, do not use headers J4 and J6, but use terminal block J7 instead. The leads to the load should be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission and reduce inductive voltage droop at a load transient event.

2.1.7 J7 – V_{OUT}/GND Terminal Block

This terminal block should be used to connect to the load (processor) if the load current will exceed 1A. If the load current will remain below 1A, the J4/J6 headers may be used instead. The leads to the load should be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission and reduce inductive voltage droop at a load transient event.

2.1.8 J8 – I²C Connection from USB-TO-GPIO Adaptor

This connects the USB-TO-GPIO adaptor to the TPS6236xEVM-655. It provides the I^2 C signals and a 3.3V supply for powering V_{DD} . If the USB-TO-GPIO adaptor is not used, do not connect to J8, but connect the I^2 C signals to the J9 header instead. This connector is keyed to prevent incorrect installation.



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2.1.9 J9 – I²C Monitor Point and Alternate Connection

This header is provided to connect to or monitor the I^2C signals on the TPS6236xEVM-655. If the I^2C signals are being sent via this header (and not via the USB-TO-GPIO adaptor), do not plug into the J8 header and provide a separate V_{DD} supply on JP1 without any jumper installed.

2.1.10 J10 - Load Step Signal Input

This SMA connector accepts a signal input from a function generator that drives Q1 in order to evaluate the TPS6236x's transient response.

2.1.11 JP1 – V_{DD} Control

This jumper is used to connect V_{DD} to either a 3.3V rail provided by the USB-TO-GPIO adaptor (jumper across pins 1 and 2) or to GND to reset the I^2C registers (jumper across pins 2 and 3). Alternatively, the user can provide their own V_{DD} voltage (1.15 - 3.6V) between pins 2 and 3 of JP1. No jumper should be installed in this case. For normal operation without an external supply voltage, the jumper should be installed between pins 1 and 2.

2.1.12 JP2 - VSEL0

This jumper sets the VSEL0 pin to either a logic high (jumper across pins 1 and 2) or a logic low (jumper across pins 2 and 3).

2.1.13 JP3 - VSEL1

This jumper sets the VSEL1 pin to either a logic high (jumper across pins 1 and 2) or a logic low (jumper across pins 2 and 3).

2.1.14 JP4 - EN

This jumper sets the EN pin to either a logic high (jumper across pins 1 and 2) or a logic low (jumper across pins 2 and 3). When EN is low, the TPS6236x output will be off and not switching. Set EN to high to turn on the output voltage.

2.2 Software Setup

The software is available at the TI website,

http://focus.ti.com/docs/toolsw/folders/print/tps62360evm-655.html.

Download and unzip the file. Run setup.exe and follow the on screen instructions to complete the installation.

NOTE: This installation page is best viewed with Microsoft Internet Explorer browser (it may not work correctly with other browsers)

The Microsoft .Net Framework 2.0 is required for the software to run.

After installation, the software should automatically run. To run the software later, go to

Start→All Programs→Texas Instruments→TPS6236x EVM→TPS6236x EVM.

During future use of the software, it may prompt you to install a new version if one becomes available on the Web.

NOTE: VeriSign™ Code Signing is used to prevent any malicious code from changing this application. If at any time in the future the binaries are modified, the code will no longer attempt to run.



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2.3 Hardware Setup

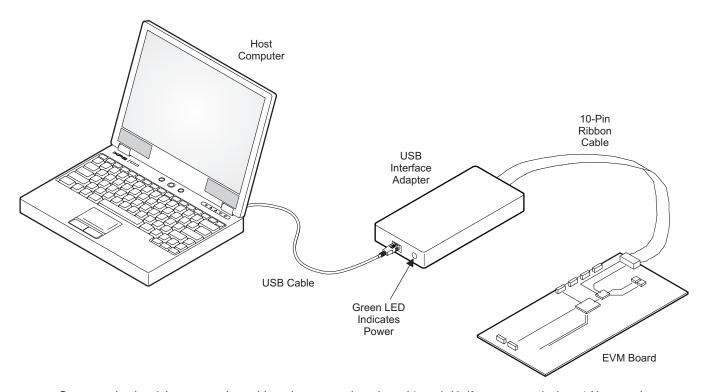
Table 2 shows the board default jumper settings.

Table 2. Default Jumper Settings

JUMPER	DEFAULT
JP1	Installed across pins 1 and 2
JP2	Installed across pins 2 and 3
JP3	Installed across pins 2 and 3
JP4	Installed across pins 1 and 2

Connect the USB-TO-GPIO adapter to your PC using the supplied USB cable. Connect the TPS6236xEVM connector J8 to the USB-TO-GPIO adapter using the supplied 10-pin ribbon cable. The connectors on the ribbon cable are keyed to prevent incorrect installation.

USB Interface Adaptor Quick Connection Diagram



Connect the load (processor) to either the output headers J4 and J6 (for currents below 1A) or to the output terminal block J7 (for currents greater than 1A). The leads should be short and twisted.

Connect the SNS+ and SNS- signals from header J5 to the load. For proper regulation, these must be connected to the output.

Install jumpers, JP1 through JP4 to the desired positions. Jumper JP1 must be across pins 1 and 2 for the TPS6236x to operate.

Connect at least a 3 A rated input power supply, set to provide between 2.5V and 5.5V, between J1 and J3. The leads should be short and twisted. Turn on the power supply.



3 Software Setup and Operation

This section provides descriptions of the EVM software and functionality.

The supplied software is used to communicate with the TPS6236xEVM. Click on the icon on the host PC to start the software. The host PC software first checks the firmware version of the USB-TO-GPIO adapter. If an incorrect firmware version is installed, the software automatically searches on the Internet (if connected) for updates. If a new update is available, the software notifies the user of the update, downloads and installs the software. Note that after the firmware is updated, the user must disconnect and then reconnect the USB cable between the adapter and PC, as instructed during the install process. The host PC software also automatically searches on the Internet (if connected) for updates to the EVM software. If a new update is available, the software notifies the user of the update, downloads and installs the update.

 V_{IN} and V_{DD} must be supplied for the software to detect the TPS6236x and run.

The software reads the registers on the TPS6236x and automatically determines which version of the IC is installed. Even if the IC is disabled via the EN pin (JP4), the user can still communicate with the TPS6236x if V_{IN} and V_{DD} are supplied. If no IC is detected, the software will abort loading.

The software displays the main panel for the user interface, shown in Figure 1.

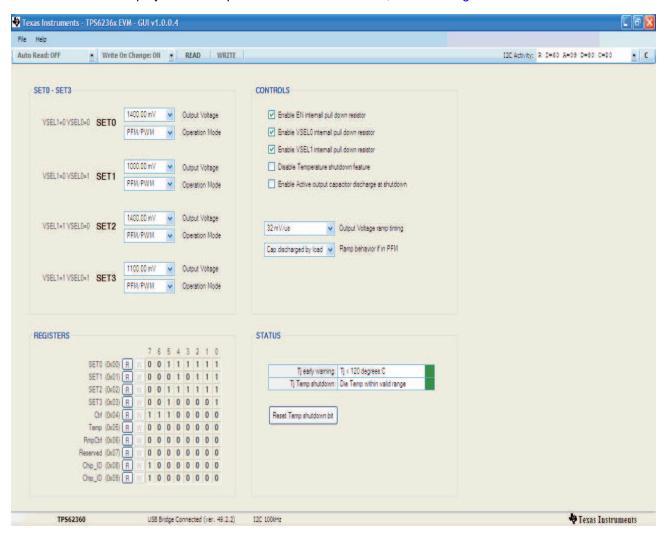


Figure 1. TPS6236x Software Main Panel



It is recommended that the user press the 'READ' button at the top of the screen immediately after loading the software to confirm that the software and cable connections are working properly. The message box at the top right of the main panel (I2C Activity) displays all I²C activity. The message box at the bottom (USB Bridge Connected) displays whether or not the USB-TO-GPIO connection is functional.

The software itself performs no calculations or computations and simply reads and writes to and from the IC's registers through the I²C interface. Each register's bits can either be changed manually by changing the boxes corresponding to each bit in the panel's bottom left half (REGISTERS section), or they can be changed through the drop-down boxes and buttons in the rest of the panel. Some bits are reserved and not writeable. These will not allow you to click on them to change their setting. For example, since the TPS62360 does not have an operational register bit at bit 6 of registers 0x00h through 0x03h, the TPS62360's main panel will not allow writes to those bits. The I²C bus speed is fixed at 100 kbps and this is noted at the bottom of the screen.

Following any change to an individual bit, drop-down box, or button, the user must write the new values to the registers by either clicking the 'W' button to the left of each affected register or by clicking the 'WRITE' button at the top of the screen.

In order to reduce the amount of manual reading and writing required, the two drop-downs at the top left of the screen have been provided to do this automatically. The 'Auto Read' drop down allows the option of automatically reading all the registers at specific time intervals. The 'Write On Changes' drop-down allows the option of automatically writing a change to the registers as soon as it is made in the software.

The TPS6236x datasheet is available via the 'Help' menu (Internet access is required). The datasheet discusses the functionality of the various register bits, which is also briefly repeated here.

The drop-downs in the top left section of the software (SET0-SET3 section) correspond to registers 0x00h thought 0x03h in the TPS6236x. These registers set the target output voltage and operating mode (PFM/PWM or forced PWM). The output voltage on the TPS62360/2 is settable in 10 mV steps between 0.77V and 1.4V. The output voltage on the TPS62361B/5 is settable in 10 mV steps between 0.5V and 1.77V. The operating mode is either PFM/PWM, in which the IC is allowed to skip switching pulses at light loads to keep the converting efficiency high, or forced PWM mode, in which the IC allows negative inductor current at light loads to maintain a specific switching frequency and output noise. The TPS6236x only runs at the settings of one of these four registers at a time. This operating register is selected by the VSEL0 and VSEL1 jumpers and can be changed during operation.

The top right section of the software (CONTROLS section) contains the functionality of registers 0x04h and 0x06h and some of the functionality of register 0x05h. The first 3 check boxes enable an internal resistor on any of the EN, VSEL0, or VSEL1 pins. This resistor, which is internal to the TPS6236x, would keep that pin in a defined state if it were left floating. The 'Disable Temperature shutdown feature' bit disables the temperature shutdown internal to the IC, if selected. The 'Enable Active output capacitor discharge at shutdown' forces the IC to actively discharge the output capacitor during shutdown. The first drop-down sets the output voltage ramp timing and the final drop-down describes the ramp behavior when the TPS6236x is changing its output voltage in PFM mode.

The bottom right section of the software (STATUS section) contains the remaining bits in register 0x05h. The top indicator is green if the IC die temperature is low enough and turns red when the bit is set corresponding to a die temperature exceeding 120°C typical. The indicator on the bottom turns red if thermal shutdown has occurred. When this does occur, the TPS6236x will latch off and the temperature must decrease below a hysteresis amount and the T_J Temp shutdown bit needs to be reset by the user. The button at the bottom of this section is provided for this purpose.



4 Circuit Use and Modifications

Besides the required circuitry to operate the TPS6236x (outlined in a white silk screen border on the PCB), there are additional circuits present on the TPS6236xEVM-655 that assist in evaluating the TPS6236x as a processor power supply solution. Additionally, there are modifications that can be made to adapt the circuit's performance to the needs of a particular application.

4.1 Load Step Circuit

The TPS6236xEVM-655 contains a simple circuit that can produce fast load current steps at the output of the TPS6236x. This can evaluate the response of the TPS6236x to various load transients. To operate this circuit, connect a function generator to SMA connector J10 or TP4. The output of the function generator should be a square wave with a small duty cycle. The output high level controls the gate to source voltage of the power transistor, Q1, and should be adjusted to generate the desired step current high level. The output low level sets the step current low level. Good settings to start with are a square wave signal running at 100 Hz and 5% duty cycle going from 0V to 1.5V. These settings can be adjusted in order to generate the desired load step.

Resistor R6 is present to observe the load step current by measuring the voltage across TP2 and TP3. Oscilloscope settings of 100mV / div translate to a current in R6 of 1A / div.

4.2 Output Voltage Buffer

The output voltage buffer circuit simply buffers the SNS+/- output with a unity gain op amp. This transforms SNS+ and SNS- to a lower impedance signal that can be measured by high impedance measurement equipment, such as an oscilloscope. The op amp, U2, is powered from the USB-TO-GPIO adaptor. The USB-TO-GPIO adaptor must be installed for the output voltage buffer circuit to operate.

C13 is provided to reduce the bandwidth and noise of the input signal to the operational amplifier.

4.3 Circuit Modifications

Modifications may be made to the circuit. Any modifications will affect the performance of the EVM and must remain within the limits of the TPS6236x IC, as detailed in the datasheet.

4.3.1 Output Capacitors

There are 3 locations for extra output capacitors to be installed in order to reduce output ripple or lessen the voltage drop due to a load transient. C7 allows an extra capacitor to be installed near the TPS6236x IC, while C10 and C11 allow extra capacitors to be installed closer to the point of load, which is simulated by the load step circuit. The total output capacitance must remain below the maximum capacitance allowed in the datasheet.

4.3.2 Input Capacitors

C9 is provided to locate additional input capacitance near the TPS6236x input. Additional capacitance at C9 will decrease the input voltage ripple.

C8 is provided to form a complete 'PI'-type filter for the AVIN input. With the change of R1 to some small value (around 10 Ω), the C-R-C filter is complete. This filter is not necessary for operation of the TPS6236x.

4.3.3 I²C Pull-up Resistors

R2 and R3 are locations for optional pull-up resistors for the I^2C signals. They are required when not using the USB-TO-GPIO adaptor but are not recommended when using the adaptor. If used, their typical value is around $2.2k\Omega$.



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5 Test Results

This section provides typical performance waveforms for the TPS6236xEVM-655.

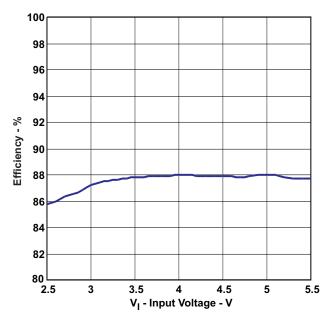


Figure 2. Efficiency vs. Input Voltage ($I_{OUT} = 1.5A$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$)

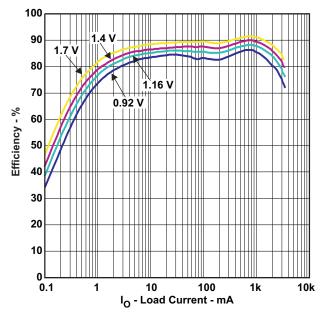


Figure 3. Efficiency vs. Output Current ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 0.92$, 1.16, 1.4, 1.7)



Test Results www.ti.com

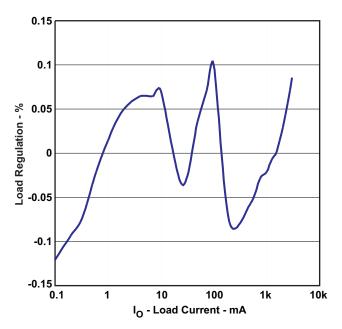


Figure 4. Load Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $V_{IN} = 3.6V$)

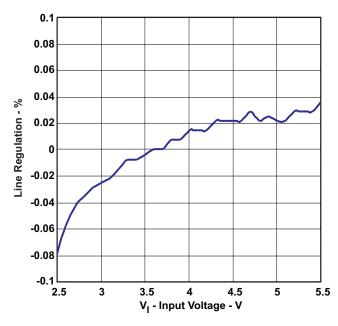


Figure 5. Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 1.5A$)



www.ti.com Test Results

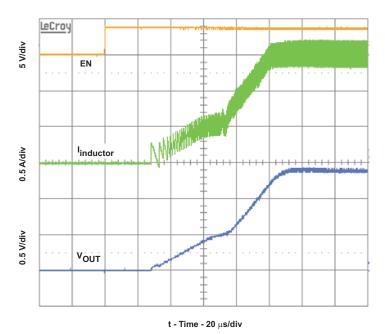


Figure 6. Start-up ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 1.5A$)

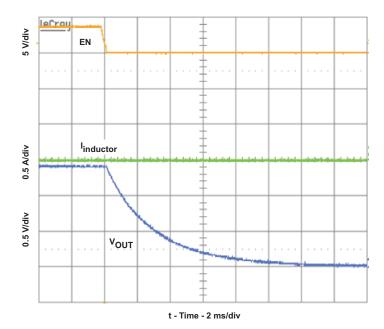
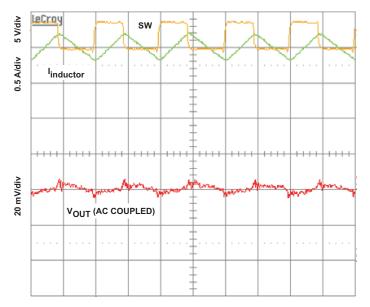


Figure 7. Shutdown ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, output cap discharge enabled)



Test Results www.ti.com



t - Time - 200 ns/div

Figure 8. Output Voltage Ripple ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 3A$)

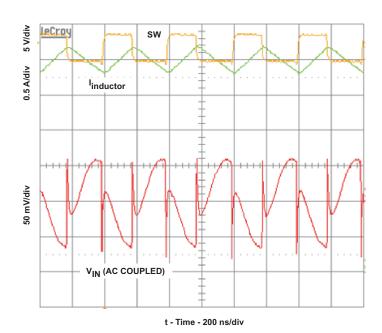


Figure 9. Input Voltage Ripple ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 3A$)



www.ti.com Test Results

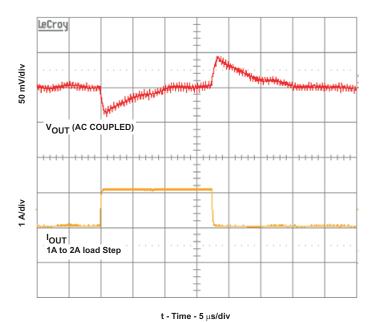


Figure 10. Load Transient Response ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 1A$ to 2A step)

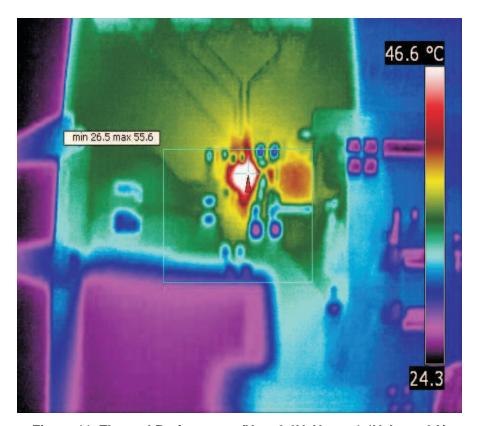


Figure 11. Thermal Performance ($V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.4V$, $I_{OUT} = 3A$)



Board Layout www.ti.com

6 Board Layout

This section provides the TPS6236xEVM-655 board layout and illustrations.

Board layout is critical for all high-frequency, switch-mode power supplies. Figure 12 through Figure 15 show the board layout for the TPS6236xEVM-655 PCB. The nodes with high-switching frequencies and currents are kept as short as possible to minimize trace inductance. Careful attention has been given to the routing of high-frequency current loops and a single-point grounding scheme is used. Also, the majority of the heatsinking for this device occurs through the top layer traces and vias pulled from the IC's solder bumps that carry high currents. See the data sheet for specific layout guidelines.

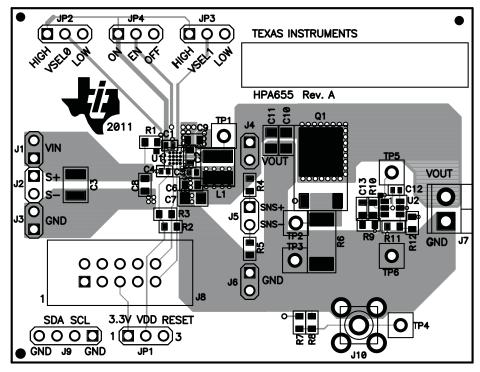


Figure 12. Assembly Layer



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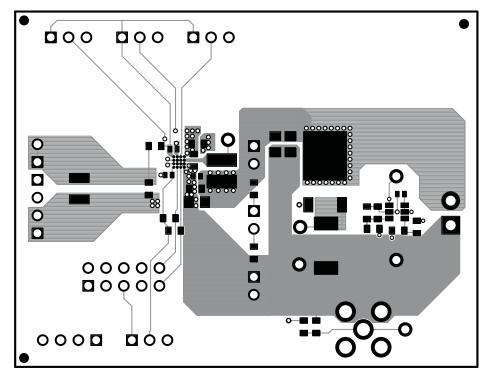


Figure 13. Top Layer

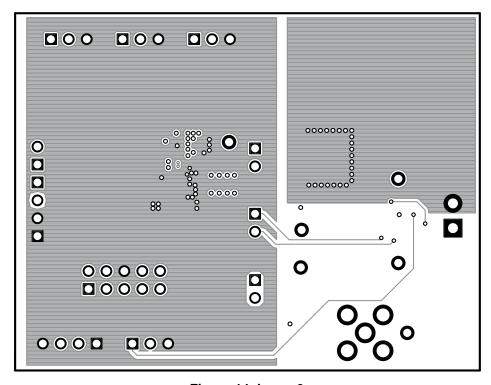


Figure 14. Layer 2



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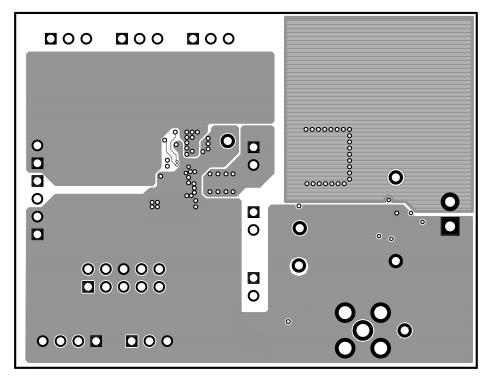


Figure 15. Layer 3

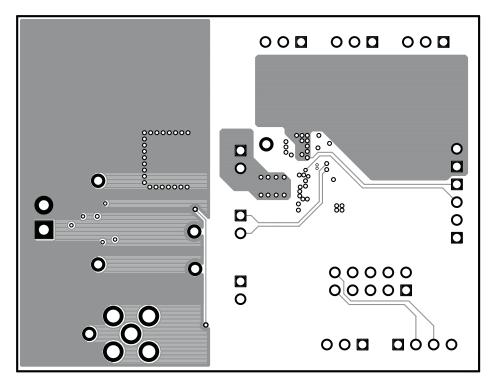


Figure 16. Bottom Layer



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7 Schematic and Bill of Materials

This section provides the TPS6236xEVM-655 schematic and bill of materials. The bill of materials is provided in two tables. Table 3 are the components required to build the TPS6236x solution. Table 4 are the components used only to evaluate the TPS6236xEVM-655 solution.

7.1 Schematic

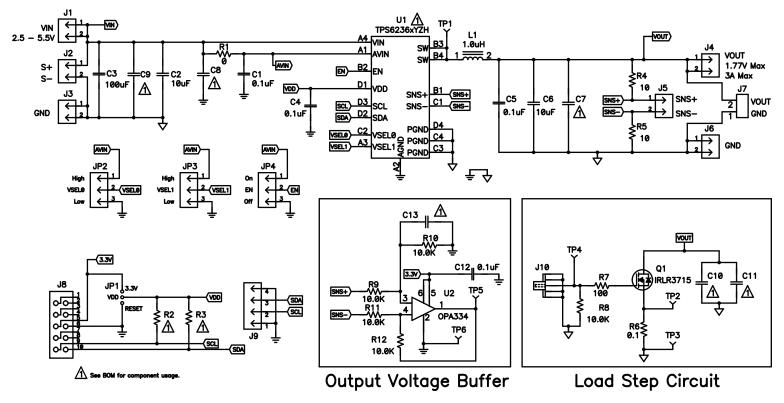


Figure 17. TPS6236xEVM-655 Schematic



Schematic and Bill of Materials www.ti.com

7.2 Bill of Materials

Table 3. TPS6236x Solution Required Components

	Count		RefDes		Value	Value Description		Part Number	MED	
-001	-002	-003	-004	ReiDes	value	Description	Size	Part Number	MFR	
3	3	3	3	C1, C4, C5	0.1 μF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 10V, X5R, 20%	0402	Std	Std	
2	2	2	2	C2, C6	10 μF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	0603	Std	Std	
1	1	1	1	L1	1.0 µH	Inductor, Power, 5.4 A, 10.8 mΩ, ±20%	0.157 x 0.157 inch	XFL4020-102ME	Coilcraft	
1	0	0	0	U1	TPS62360YZH	IC, 3A Processor Supply Converter	BGA	TPS62360YZH	TI	
0	1	0	0	U1	TPS62361BYZH	IC, 3A Processor Supply Converter	BGA	TPS62361BYZH	TI	
0	0	1	0	U1	TPS62362YZH	IC, 3A Processor Supply Converter	BGA	TPS62362YZH	TI	
0	0	0	1	U1	TPS62365YZH	IC, 3.5A Processor Supply Converter	BGA	TPS62365YZH	TI	

Table 4. TPS6236xEVM-655 Evaluation Components

Count		Count		Count		RefDes	Value	Description	Size	Part Number	MFR
-001	-002	-003	-004	ReiDes	value	Description	Size	Part Number	WIFK		
1	1	1	1	C12	0.1 μF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 10V, X5R, 20%	0402	Std	Std		
1	1	1	1	C3	100 μF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	1210	Std	Std		
0	0	0	0	C7, C10, C11	Open	Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	0805	Std	Std		
0	0	0	0	C8, C9	Open	Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	0603	Std	Std		
0	0	0	0	C13	Open	Capacitor, Ceramic, 25V, X7R, 10%	0603	Std	Std		
1	1	1	1	Q1	IRLR3715	MOSFET, N-ch, 20V, 49A, 11 mΩ	DPAK	IRLR3715ZCPBF	IR		
1	1	1	1	R1	0	Resistor, Chip, 1/10W	0603	Std	Std		
0	0	0	0	R2, R3	Open	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std		
2	2	2	2	R4, R5	10	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std		
1	1	1	1	R6	0.1	Resistor, Chip, 1W, 1%	2512	Std	Std		
1	1	1	1	R7	100	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std		
5	5	5	5	R8, R9, R10, R11, R12	10.0K	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std		
1	1	1	1	U2	OPA334	IC, 0.05 μV/°C Max, Single Supply Op Amp, Zero-Drift	SOT23-6	OPA334AIDBV	TI		

7.3 Related Documentation From Texas Instruments

Processor Supply with PC Compatible Interface and Remote Sense data sheet (SLVSAU9)

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Exceeding the specified input range may cause unexpected operation and/or irreversible damage to the EVM. If there are questions concerning the input range, please contact a TI field representative prior to connecting the input power.

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During normal operation, some circuit components may have case temperatures greater than 85°C. The EVM is designed to operate properly with certain components above 85°C as long as the input and output ranges are maintained. These components include but are not limited to linear regulators, switching transistors, pass transistors, and current sense resistors. These types of devices can be identified using the EVM schematic located in the EVM User's Guide. When placing measurement probes near these devices during operation, please be aware that these devices may be very warm to the touch.

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