

### FEATURES

**Single supply: 3 V to 36 V**  
**Wide bandwidth: 5 MHz**  
**Low offset voltage: 1 mV**  
**High slew rate: 10 V/ $\mu$ s**  
**Low noise: 10 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$**   
**Unity gain stable**  
**Input and output range includes GND**  
**No phase reversal**

### APPLICATIONS

**Multimedia**  
**Telecom**  
**ADC buffers**  
**Wide band filters**  
**Microphone preamplifiers**

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The OP183 is a single-supply, 5 MHz bandwidth amplifier with slew rates of 10 V/ $\mu$ s. It can operate from voltages as low as 3 V and up to 36 V. This combination of slew rate and bandwidth yields excellent single-supply ac performance, making this amplifier ideally suited for telecom and multimedia audio applications.

The OP183 also provides good dc performance with guaranteed 1 mV offset. Noise is a respectable 10 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ . Supply current is only 1.2 mA per amplifier.

This amplifier is well suited for single-supply applications that require moderate bandwidth even when used in high gain configurations. This makes it useful in filters and instrumentation. The output drive capability and very wide full-power bandwidth of the OP183 make it a good choice for multimedia headphone drivers or microphone input amplifiers.

The OP183 is available in a SO-8 surface-mount package. It is specified over the extended industrial ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) temperature range.

### PIN CONNECTION

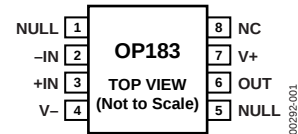


Figure 1. 8-Lead Narrow Body SOIC  
(S Suffix)

#### Rev. D

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## REVISION HISTORY

### 5/05—Rev. C to Rev. D

|                                  |           |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Updated Format.....              | Universal |
| Removed OP283 .....              | Universal |
| Updated Outline Dimensions ..... | 16        |
| Changes to Ordering Guide .....  | 16        |

### 2/02—Rev. B to Rev. C

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### Revision 0: Initial Version

# SPECIFICATIONS

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $V_S = 5\text{ V}$

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

| Parameter                    | Symbol                   | Conditions                                                                                                  | Min | Typ      | Max      | Unit                         |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----------|----------|------------------------------|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS        |                          |                                                                                                             |     |          |          |                              |
| Offset Voltage               | $V_{OS}$                 | $V_{CM} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ |     | 0.025    | 1.0      | mV                           |
| Input Bias Current           | $I_B$                    | $V_{CM} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ |     | 350      | 1.25     | nA                           |
| Input Offset Current         | $I_{OS}$                 | $V_{CM} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ |     | 430      | 600      | nA                           |
| Input Voltage Range          |                          |                                                                                                             |     | 11       | $\pm 50$ | nA                           |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio  | CMRR                     | $V_{CM} = 0\text{ to }3.5\text{ V}$<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                  | 0   |          | 3.5      | V                            |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain    | $A_{VO}$                 | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $0.2 \leq V_O \leq 3.8\text{ V}$                                                 | 70  | 104      |          | dB                           |
| Offset Voltage Drift         | $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$ |                                                                                                             | 100 | 4        |          | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Bias Current Drift           | $\Delta I_B/\Delta T$    |                                                                                                             |     | -1.6     |          | $\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$   |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS       |                          |                                                                                                             |     |          |          |                              |
| Output Voltage High          | $V_{OH}$                 | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND                                                                             | 4.0 | 4.22     |          | V                            |
| Output Voltage Low           | $V_{OL}$                 | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND                                                                             |     | 50       | 75       | mV                           |
| Short-Circuit Limit          | $I_{SC}$                 | Source<br>Sink                                                                                              |     | 25<br>30 |          | mA                           |
| POWER SUPPLY                 |                          |                                                                                                             |     |          |          |                              |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR                     | $V_S = 4\text{ V to }6\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                   | 70  | 104      |          | dB                           |
| Supply Current/Amplifier     | $I_{SY}$                 | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                               |     | 1.2      | 1.5      | mA                           |
| Supply Voltage Range         | $V_S$                    |                                                                                                             | 3   |          | $\pm 18$ | V                            |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE          |                          |                                                                                                             |     |          |          |                              |
| Slew Rate                    | SR                       | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$                                                                                    | 5   | 10       |          | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$       |
| Full Power Bandwidth         | BWp                      | 1% Distortion                                                                                               |     | >50      |          | kHz                          |
| Settling Time                | $t_s$                    | To 0.01%                                                                                                    |     | 1.5      |          | $\mu\text{s}$                |
| Gain Bandwidth Product       | GBP                      |                                                                                                             |     | 5        |          | MHz                          |
| Phase Margin                 | $\phi_m$                 |                                                                                                             |     | 46       |          | Degrees                      |
| NOISE PERFORMANCE            |                          |                                                                                                             |     |          |          |                              |
| Voltage Noise                | $e_n$ p-p                | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz                                                                                             |     | 2        |          | $\mu\text{V p-p}$            |
| Voltage Noise Density        | $e_n$                    | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{CM} = 2.5\text{ V}$                                                                |     | 10       |          | $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| Current Noise Density        | $i_n$                    |                                                                                                             |     | 0.4      |          | $\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |

# OP183

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ $V_S = 3\text{ V}$

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

| Parameter                    | Symbol   | Conditions                                                                                                  | Min       | Typ        | Max      | Unit                   |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|------------------------|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS        |          |                                                                                                             |           |            |          |                        |
| Offset Voltage               | $V_{OS}$ | $V_{CM} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ |           | 0.3        | 1.0      | mV                     |
| Input Bias Current           | $I_B$    | $V_{CM} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ |           | 350        | 600      | nA                     |
| Input Offset Current         | $I_{OS}$ | $V_{CM} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ |           |            | 750      | nA                     |
| Input Voltage Range          |          |                                                                                                             |           | 11         | $\pm 50$ | nA                     |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio  | CMRR     | $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V to } 1.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$             | 0         |            | 1.5      | V                      |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain    | $A_{VO}$ | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $0.2 \leq V_O \leq 1.8\text{ V}$                                                 | 70<br>100 | 103<br>260 |          | dB<br>V/mV             |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS       |          |                                                                                                             |           |            |          |                        |
| Output Voltage High          | $V_{OH}$ | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND                                                                             | 2.0       | 2.25       |          | V                      |
| Output Voltage Low           | $V_{OL}$ | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND                                                                             |           | 90         | 125      | mV                     |
| Short-Circuit Limit          | $I_{SC}$ | Source                                                                                                      |           | 25         |          | mA                     |
|                              |          | Sink                                                                                                        |           | 30         |          | mA                     |
| POWER SUPPLY                 |          |                                                                                                             |           |            |          |                        |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR     | $V_S = 2.5\text{ V to } 3.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$              | 60        | 113        |          | dB                     |
| Supply Current/Amplifier     | $I_{SY}$ | $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_O = 1.5\text{ V}$                                  |           | 1.2        | 1.5      | mA                     |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE          |          |                                                                                                             |           |            |          |                        |
| Gain Bandwidth Product       | GBP      |                                                                                                             |           | 5          |          | MHz                    |
| NOISE PERFORMANCE            |          |                                                                                                             |           |            |          |                        |
| Voltage Noise Density        | $e_n$    | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{CM} = 1.5\text{ V}$                                                                |           | 10         |          | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @  $V_S = \pm 15\text{ V}$**  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.**Table 3.**

| Parameter                     | Symbol                   | Conditions                                                                                           | Min  | Typ    | Max      | Unit                         |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------|----------|------------------------------|
| <b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>  |                          |                                                                                                      |      |        |          |                              |
| Offset Voltage                | $V_{OS}$                 | $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                                                  |      | 0.01   | 1.0      | mV                           |
| Input Bias Current            | $I_B$                    | $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                                                  |      | 300    | 1.25     | mV                           |
| Input Offset Current          | $I_{OS}$                 | $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                                                  |      | 400    | 600      | nA                           |
| Input Voltage Range           |                          | $-40 \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                                                                |      | 11     | 750      | nA                           |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio   | CMRR                     | $V_{CM} = -15\text{ V to } +13.5\text{ V},$<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$   | -15  |        | $\pm 50$ | V                            |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain     | $A_{VO}$                 | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$                                                                             | 70   | 86     |          | dB                           |
| Offset Voltage Drift          | $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$ |                                                                                                      | 100  | 1000   |          | V/mV                         |
| Bias Current Drift            | $\Delta I_B/\Delta T$    |                                                                                                      |      | 3      |          | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Long-Term Offset Voltage      | $V_{OS}$                 | Note <sup>1</sup>                                                                                    |      | -1.6   |          | nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$         |
| <b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b> |                          |                                                                                                      |      |        |          |                              |
| Output Voltage High           | $V_{OH}$                 | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                 | 13.9 | 14.1   |          | V                            |
| Output Voltage Low            | $V_{OL}$                 | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$                 |      | -14.05 | -13.9    | V                            |
| Short-Circuit Limit           | $I_{SC}$                 | Source                                                                                               |      | 30     |          | mA                           |
|                               |                          | Sink                                                                                                 |      | 50     |          | mA                           |
| Open-Loop Output Impedance    | $Z_{OUT}$                | $f = 1\text{ MHz}, A_V = +1$                                                                         |      | 15     |          | $\Omega$                     |
| <b>POWER SUPPLY</b>           |                          |                                                                                                      |      |        |          |                              |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio  | PSRR                     | $V_S = \pm 2.5\text{ V to } \pm 18\text{ V},$<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ | 70   | 112    |          | dB                           |
| Supply Current/Amplifier      | $I_{SY}$                 | $V_S = \pm 18\text{ V}, V_O = 0\text{ V},$<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$    |      | 1.2    | 1.75     | mA                           |
| Supply Voltage Range          | $V_S$                    |                                                                                                      | 3    |        | $\pm 18$ | V                            |
| <b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE</b>    |                          |                                                                                                      |      |        |          |                              |
| Slew Rate                     | SR                       | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$                                                                             | 10   | 15     |          | V/ $\mu\text{s}$             |
| Full Power Bandwidth          | $BW_p$                   | 1% Distortion                                                                                        |      | 50     |          | kHz                          |
| Settling Time                 | $t_s$                    | To 0.01%                                                                                             |      | 1.5    |          | $\mu\text{s}$                |
| Gain Bandwidth Product        | GBP                      |                                                                                                      |      | 5      |          | MHz                          |
| Phase Margin                  | $\phi_m$                 |                                                                                                      |      | 56     |          | Degrees                      |
| <b>NOISE PERFORMANCE</b>      |                          |                                                                                                      |      |        |          |                              |
| Voltage Noise                 | $e_n$ p-p                | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz                                                                                      |      | 2      |          | $\mu\text{V p-p}$            |
| Voltage Noise Density         | $e_n$                    | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$                                                                                   |      | 10     |          | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$       |
| Current Noise Density         | $i_n$                    |                                                                                                      |      | 0.4    |          | pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$       |

<sup>1</sup> Long-term offset voltage is guaranteed by a 1,000 hour life test performed on three independent lots at  $125^\circ\text{C}$ , with an LTPD of 1.3.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 4.

| Parameter                                 | Rating                                          |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage                            | $\pm 18\text{ V}$                               |
| Input Voltage                             | $\pm 18\text{ V}$                               |
| Differential Input Voltage <sup>1</sup>   | $\pm 7\text{ V}$                                |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND      | Indefinite                                      |
| Storage Temperature Range                 |                                                 |
| S Package                                 | $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Operating Temperature Range               |                                                 |
| OP183                                     | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |
| Junction Temperature Range                |                                                 |
| S Package                                 | $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Lead Temperature Range (Soldering 60 sec) | $300^{\circ}\text{C}$                           |

<sup>1</sup> For supply voltages less than  $\pm 7\text{ V}$ , the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage. Maximum input current should not exceed 2 mA.

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings apply to packaged parts, unless otherwise noted.

Table 5.

| Package Type    | $\theta_{JA}$ <sup>1</sup> | $\theta_{JC}$ | Units                |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 8-Lead SOIC (S) | 158                        | 43            | $^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ |

<sup>1</sup>  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for worst-case conditions; in other words,  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for device soldered in circuit board for SOIC packages.

## ESD CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although this product features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

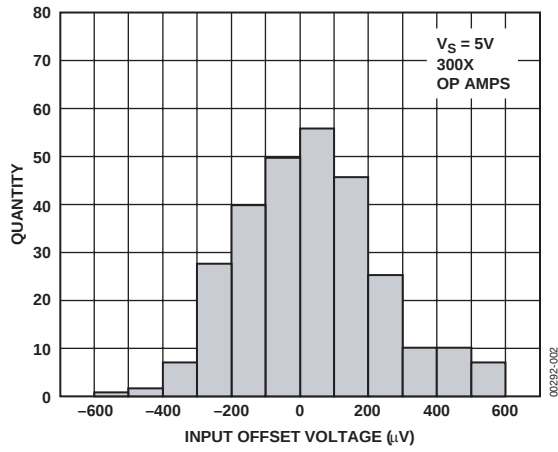


Figure 2. OP183 Input Offset Voltage Distribution @ 5 V

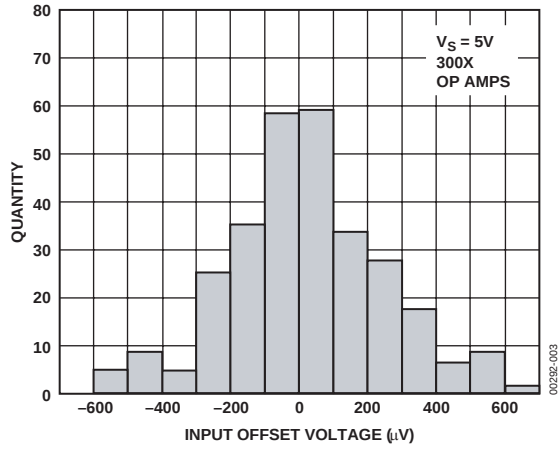


Figure 3. OP183 Input Offset Voltage Distribution @  $\pm 15 V$

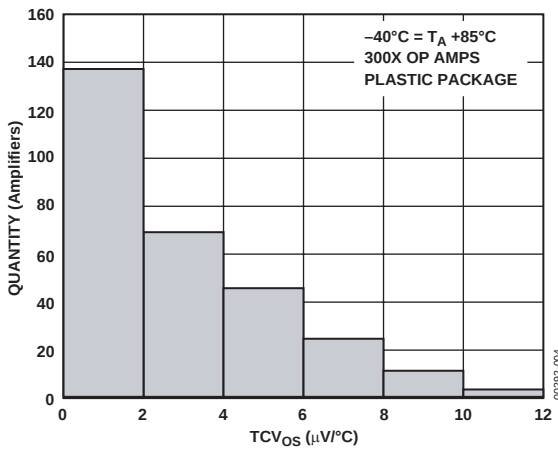


Figure 4. OP183 Input Offset Voltage Drift (TCV<sub>OS</sub>) Distribution @ 5 V

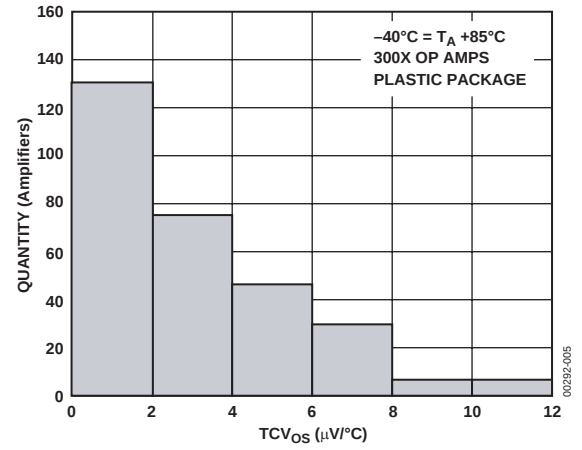


Figure 5. OP183 Input Offset Voltage Drift (TCV<sub>OS</sub>) Distribution @  $\pm 15 V$

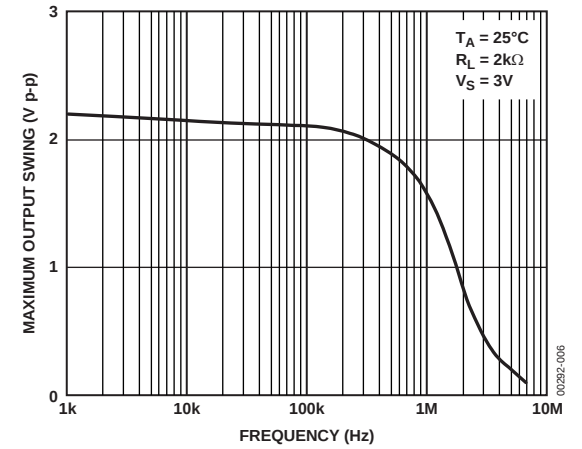


Figure 6. OP183 Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency @ 3 V

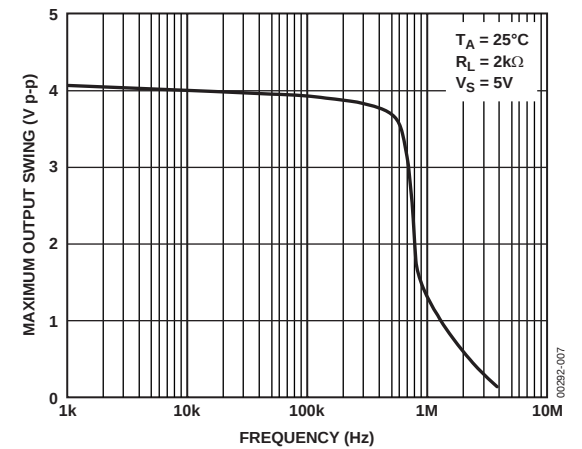


Figure 7. OP183 Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency @ 5 V

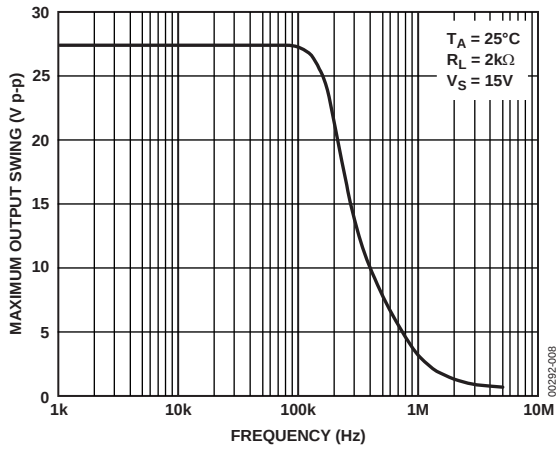


Figure 8. OP183 Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency @  $\pm 15V$

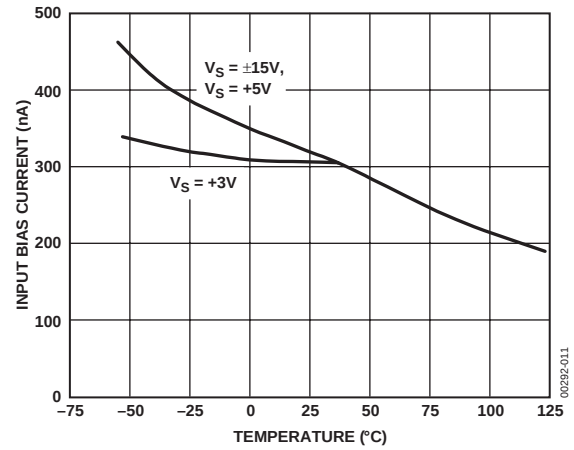


Figure 11. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

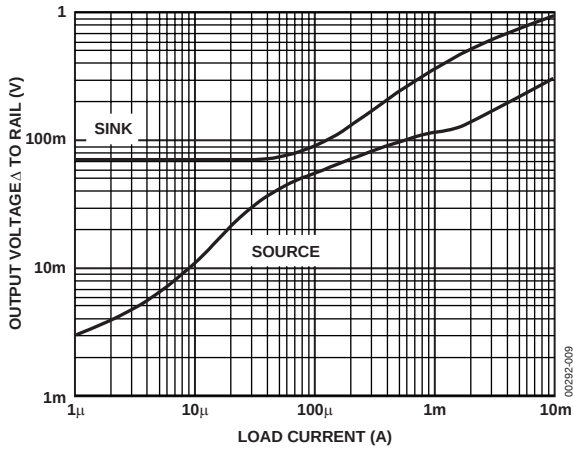


Figure 9. Output Voltage vs. Sink & Source Current

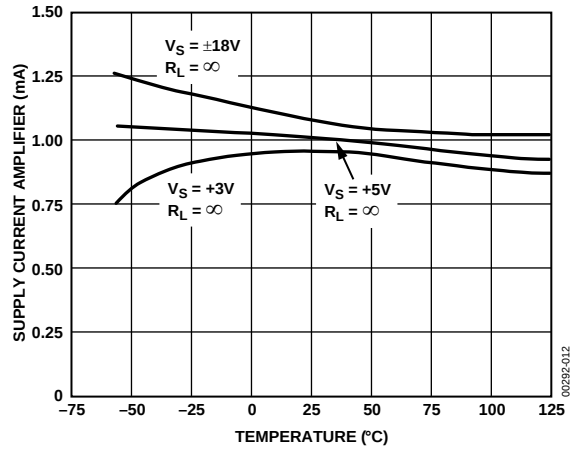


Figure 12. Supply Current per Amplifier vs. Temperature

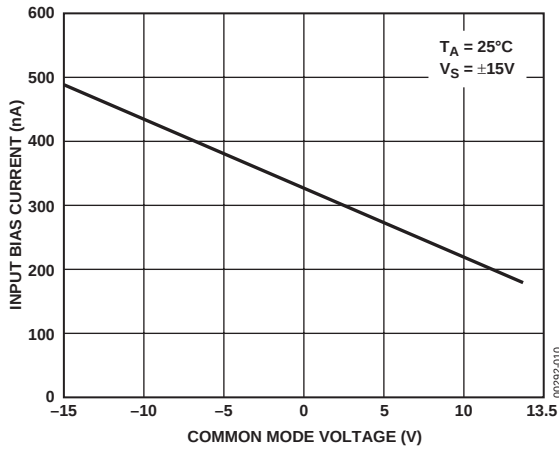


Figure 10. Input Bias Current vs. Common-Mode Voltage

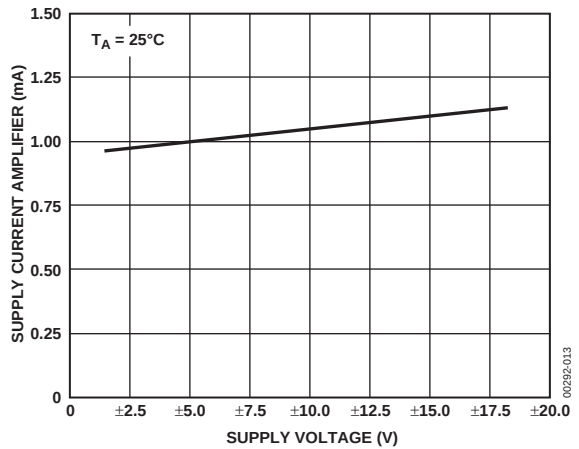


Figure 13. Supply Current per Amplifier vs. Supply Voltage

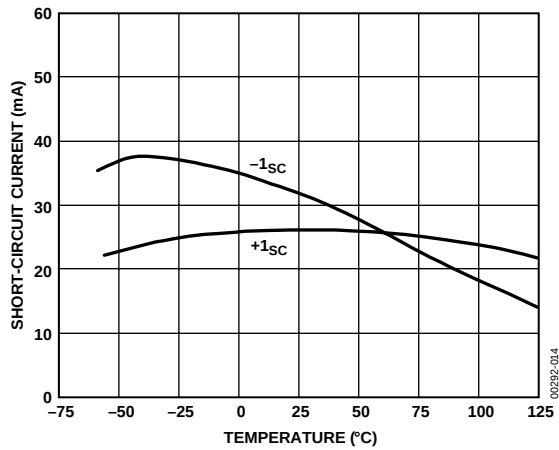


Figure 14. Short-Circuit Current vs. Temperature @ 5 V

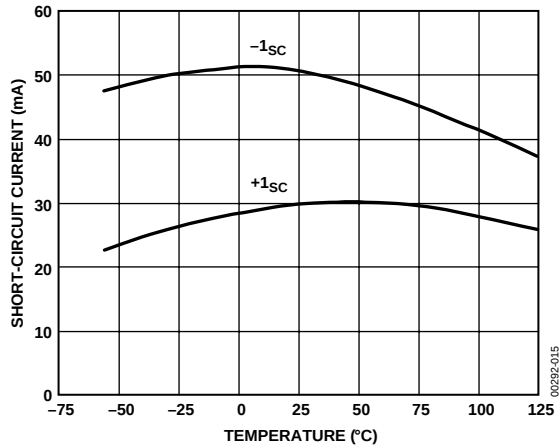


Figure 15. Short-Circuit Current vs. Temperature @ ±15 V

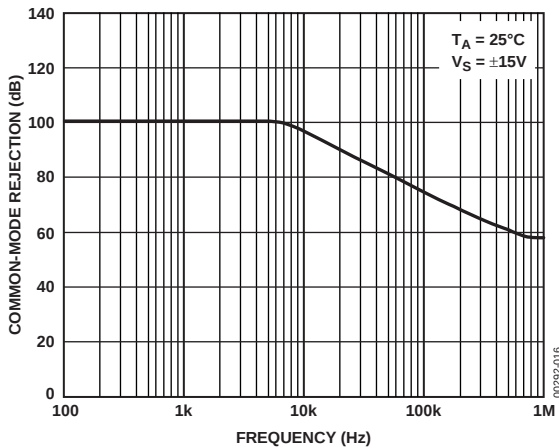


Figure 16. Common-Mode Rejection vs. Frequency

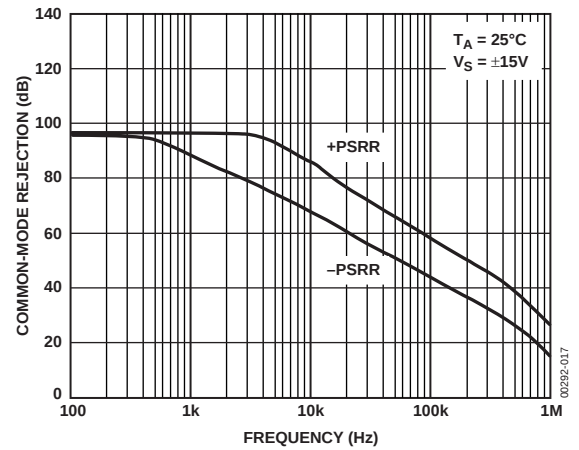


Figure 17. Power Supply Rejection vs. Frequency

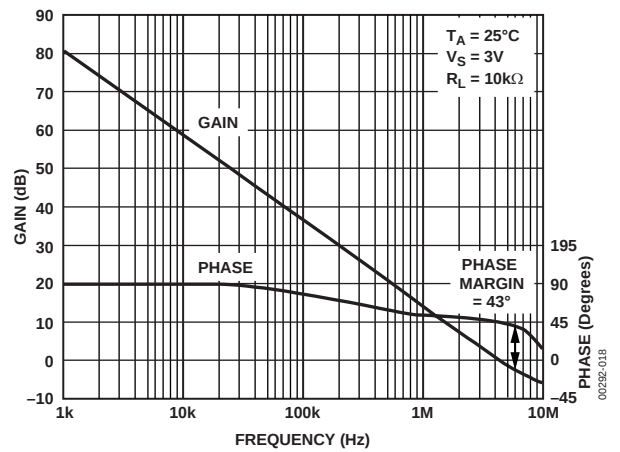


Figure 18. Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency @ 3 V

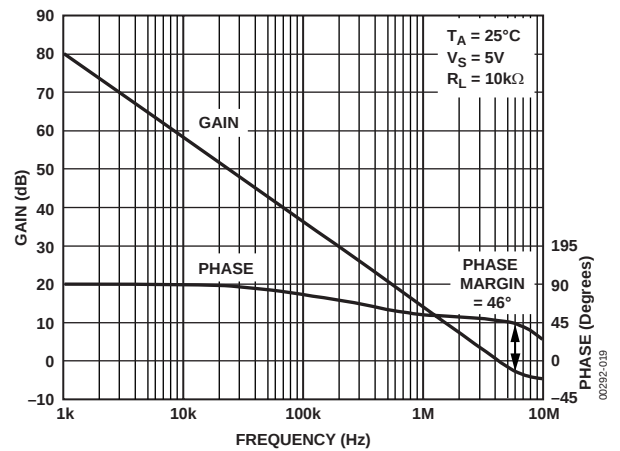


Figure 19. Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency @ 5 V

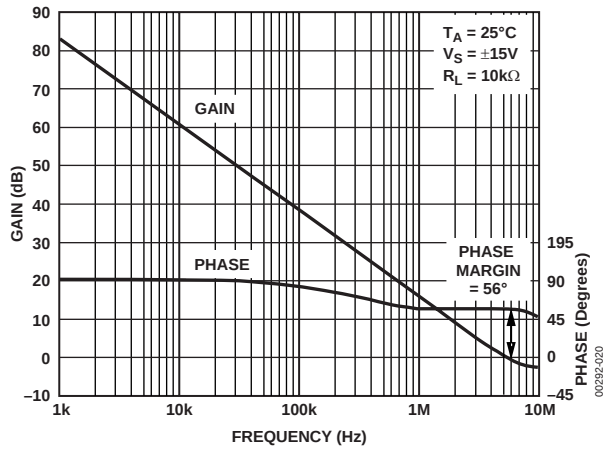


Figure 20. Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency @  $\pm 15\text{ V}$

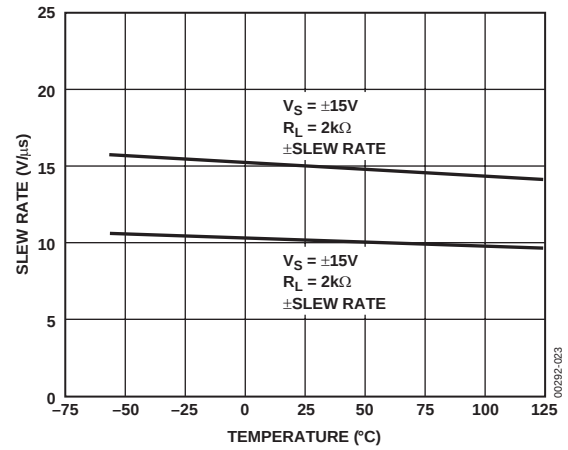


Figure 23. Slew Rate vs. Temperature

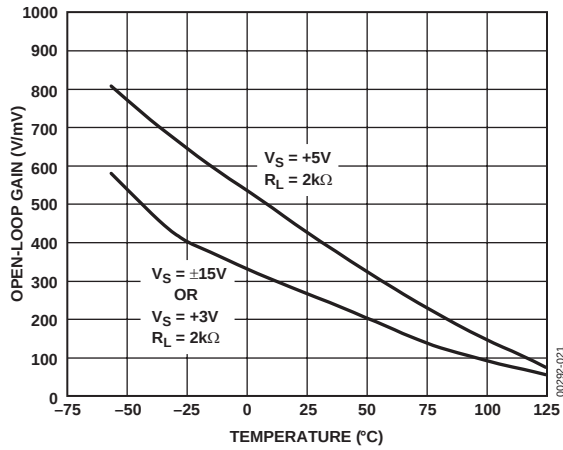


Figure 21. Open-Loop Gain vs. Temperature

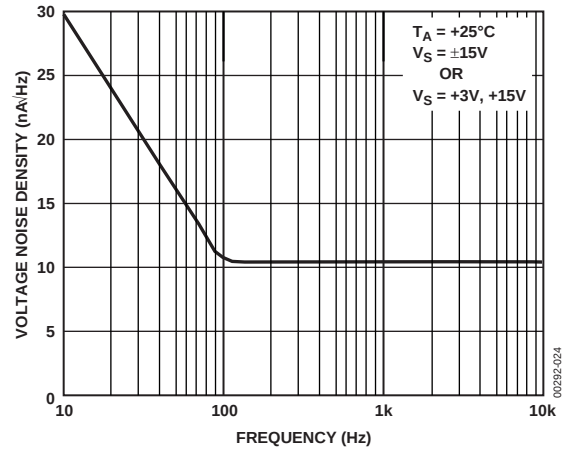


Figure 24. Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

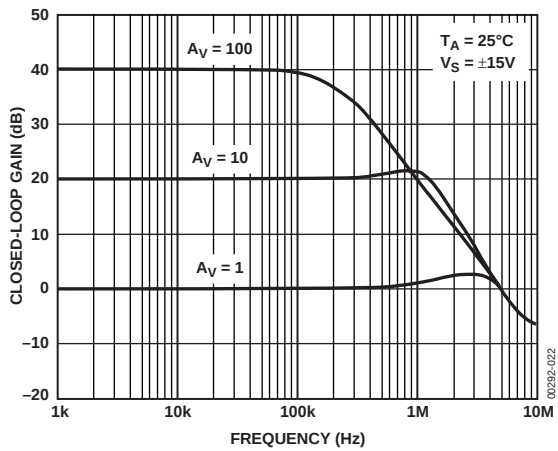


Figure 22. Closed-Loop Gain vs. Frequency

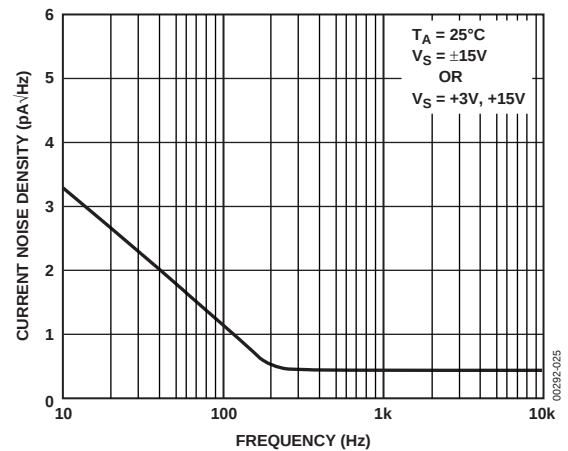


Figure 25. Current Noise Density vs. Frequency

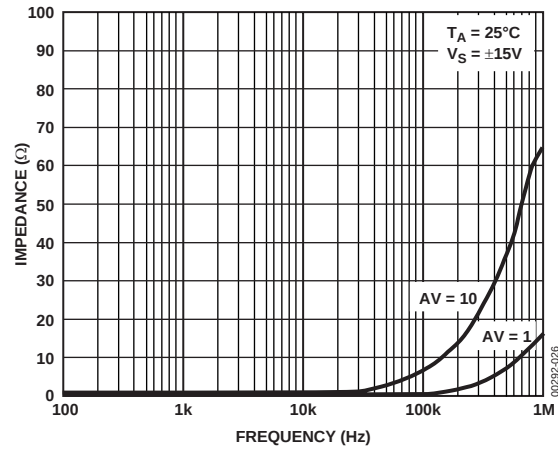


Figure 26. Closed-Loop Output Impedance vs. Frequency

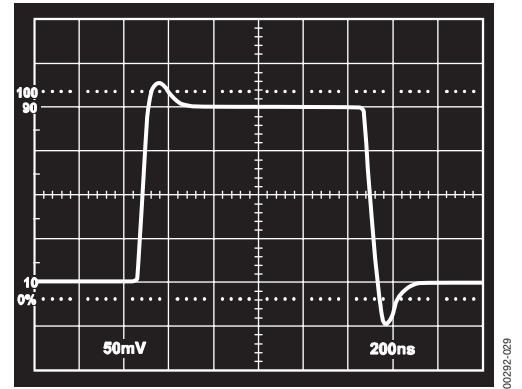


Figure 29. Small Signal Performance @  $\pm 15\text{V}$

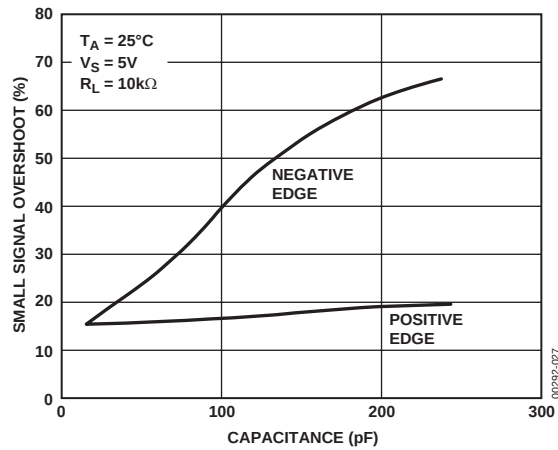


Figure 27. Small Signal Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance

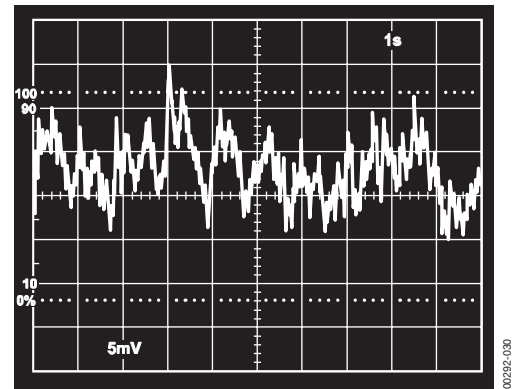


Figure 30. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Noise @  $\pm 2.5\text{V}$

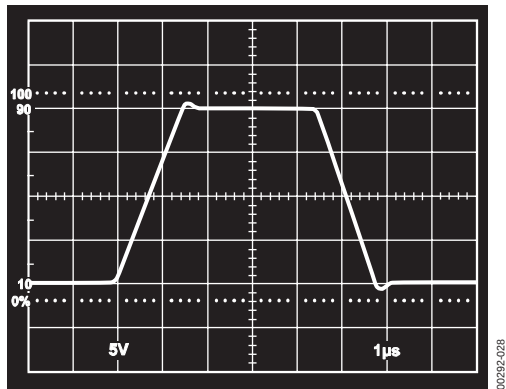


Figure 28. Large Signal Performance @  $\pm 15\text{V}$

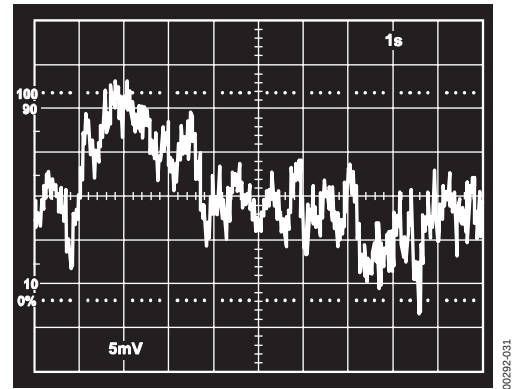


Figure 31. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Noise @  $\pm 15\text{V}$

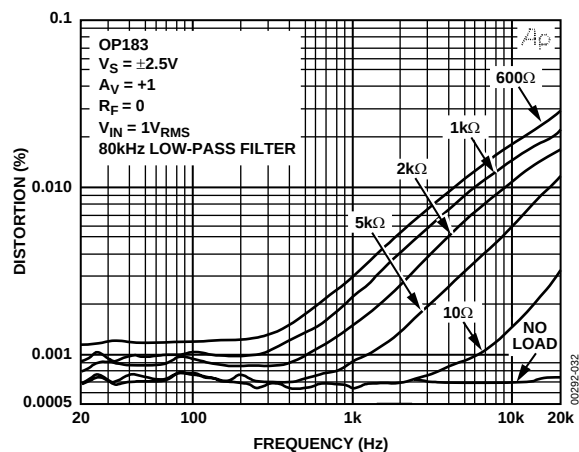


Figure 32. THD + Noise vs. Frequency for Various Loads

## APPLICATIONS

### OFFSET ADJUST

Figure 33 shows how the offset voltage of the OP183 can be adjusted by connecting a potentiometer between Pins 1 and 5, and connecting the wiper to  $V_{EE}$ . The recommended value for the potentiometer is 10 k $\Omega$ . This will give an adjustment range of approximately  $\pm 1$  mV. If a larger adjustment span is desired, a 50 k $\Omega$  potentiometer will yield a range of  $\pm 2.5$  mV.

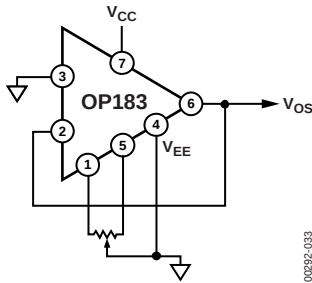


Figure 33. OP183 Offset Adjust

### PHASE REVERSAL

The OP183 is protected against phase reversal as long as both of the inputs are within the range of the positive supply and the negative supply  $-0.6$  V. If there is a possibility of either input going beyond these limits, however, the inputs should be protected with a series resistor to limit input current to 2 mA.

### DIRECT ACCESS ARRANGEMENT

The OP183 can be used in a single supply direct access arrangement (DAA) as shown in Figure 34. This figure shows a portion of a typical DAA capable of operating from a single 5 V supply; with minor modifications it should also work on 3 V supplies. Amplifiers A2 and A3 are configured so that the transmit signal Tx A is inverted by A2 and not inverted by A3.

This arrangement drives the transformer differentially so that the drive to the transformer is effectively doubled over a single amplifier arrangement. This application takes advantage of the ability of the OP183 to drive capacitive loads and to save power in single-supply applications.

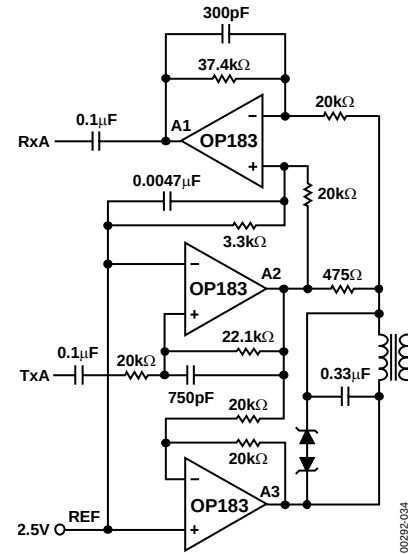


Figure 34. Direct Access Arrangement

### 5 V ONLY STEREO DAC FOR MULTIMEDIA

The low noise and single-supply capability of the OP183 are ideally suited for stereo DAC audio reproduction or sound synthesis applications, such as multimedia systems. Figure 35 shows an 18-bit stereo DAC output setup that is powered from a single 5 V supply. The low noise preserves the 18-bit dynamic range of the AD1868.

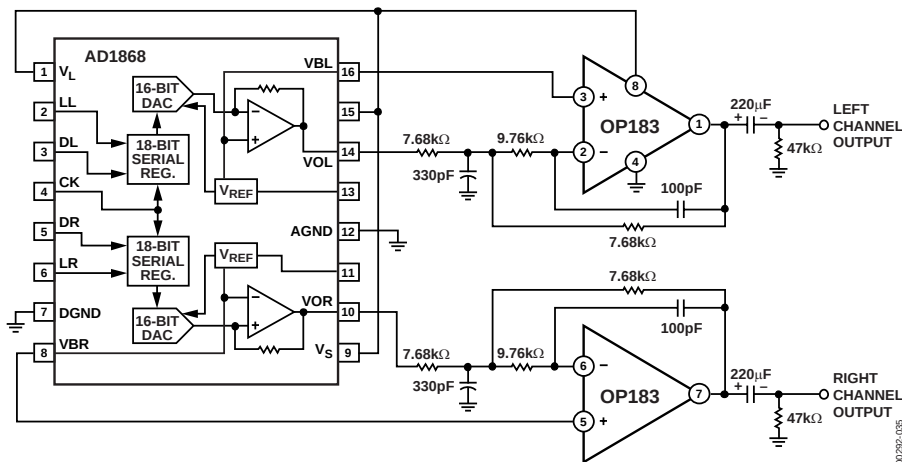


Figure 35. 5 V Only 18-Bit Stereo DAC

Figure 36 shows a stereo headphone output amplifier for the AD1849 16-bit SoundPort® Stereo Codec device. The pseudoreference voltage is derived from the common-mode voltage generated internally by the AD1849, thus providing a convenient bias for the headphone output amplifiers.

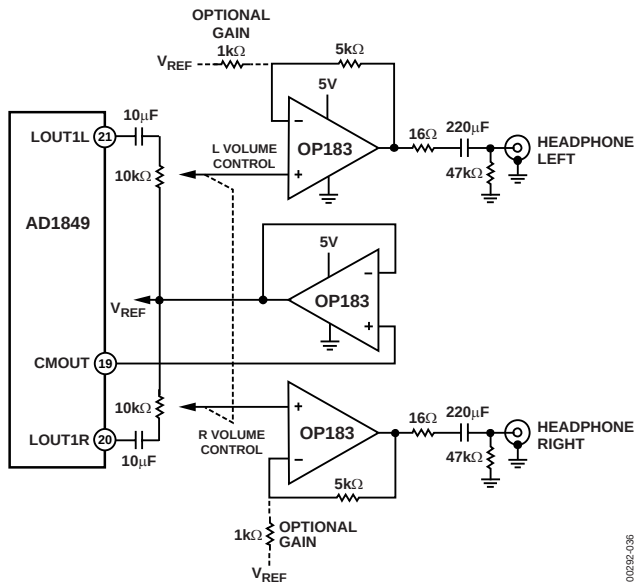
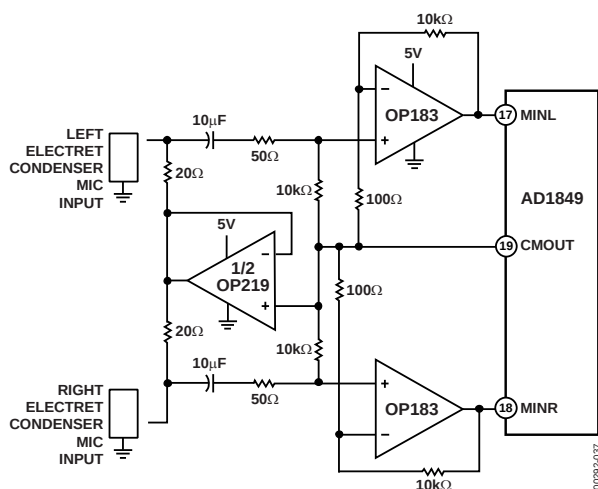


Figure 36. Headphone Output Amplifier for Multimedia Sound Codec

## LOW NOISE MICROPHONE AMPLIFIER FOR MULTIMEDIA

The OP183 is ideally suited as a low noise microphone preamp for low voltage audio applications. Figure 37 shows a gain of 100 stereo preamp for the AD1849 16-bit SoundPort Stereo Codec chip. The common-mode output buffer serves as a phantom power driver for the microphones.



*Figure 37. Low Noise Stereo Microphone Amplifier for Multimedia Sound Codec*

### 3 V 50 HZ/60 HZ ACTIVE NOTCH FILTER WITH FALSE GROUND

To process ac signals, it may be easier to use a false-ground bias rather than the negative supply as a reference ground. This would reject the power line frequency interference which can often obscure low frequency physiological signals, such as heart rates, blood pressures, EEGs, and ECGs.

Figure 38 shows a 50 Hz/60 Hz active notch filter for eliminating line noise in patient monitoring equipment. It has several kilohertz bandwidth and is not sensitive to false-ground perturbations. The simple false-ground circuit shown achieves good rejection of low frequency interference using standard off-the-shelf components.

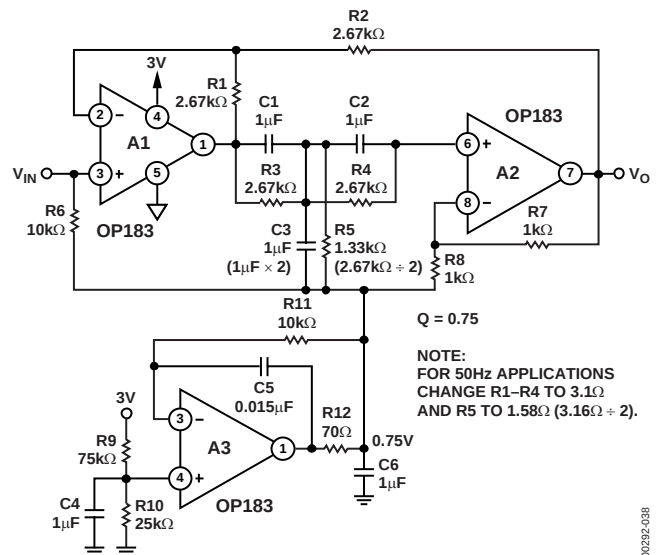


Figure 38. 3 V Supply 50 Hz/60 Hz Notch Filter with Pseudo Ground

Amplifier A3 biases A1 and A2 to the middle of their input common-mode range. When operating on a 3 V supply, the center of the common-mode range of the OP183 is 0.75 V. This notch filter effectively squelches 60 Hz pickup at a filter Q of 0.75. To reject 50 Hz interference, change the resistors in the twin-T section (R1 through R5) from 2.67 k $\Omega$  to 3.16 k $\Omega$ .

The filter section uses OP183 op amps in a twin-T configuration whose frequency selectivity is very sensitive to the relative matching of the capacitors and resistors in the twin-T section. Mylar is the material of choice for the capacitors, and the relative matching of the capacitors and resistors determines the filter's pass-band symmetry. Using 1% resistors and 5% capacitors produces satisfactory results.

## LOW VOLTAGE FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZER FOR WIRELESS TRANSCEIVER

The low noise and low voltage operation capability of the OP183 serves well for the loop filter of a frequency synthesizer.

Figure 39 shows a typical application in a radio transceiver. The phase noise performance of the synthesizer depends on low noise contribution from each component in the loop as the noise is amplified by the frequency division factor of the prescaler.

The resistors used in the low-pass filter should be of low to moderate values to reduce noise contribution due to the input bias current as well as the resistors themselves. The filter cutoff frequency should be chosen to optimize the loop constant.

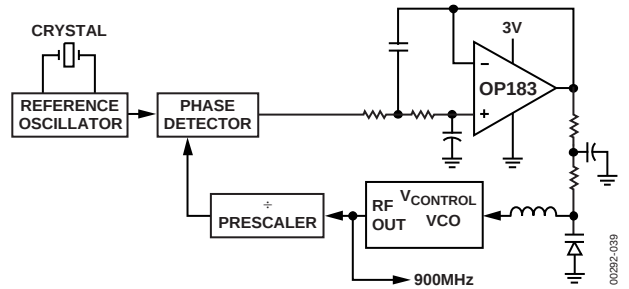


Figure 39. Low Voltage Frequency Synthesizer for a Wireless Transceiver

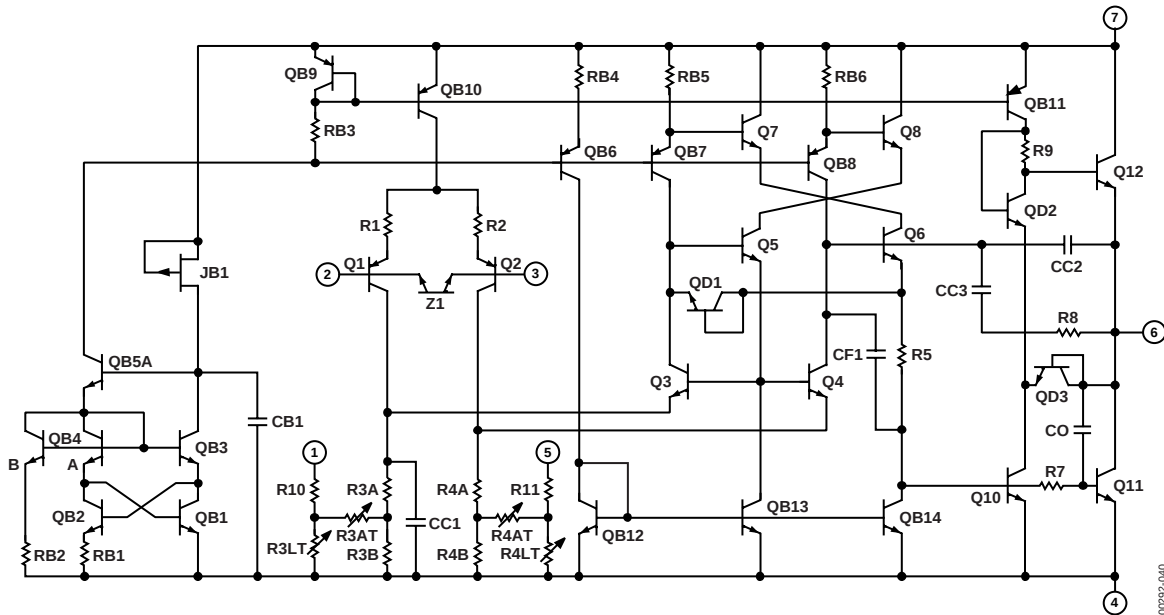
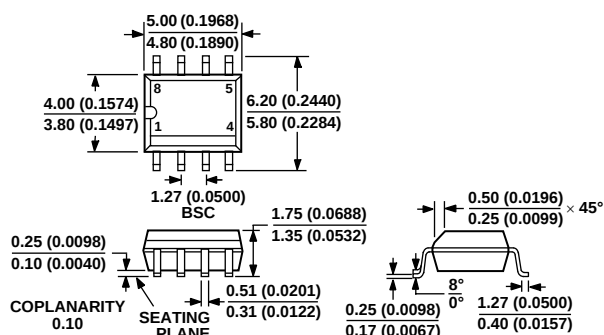


Figure 40. OP183 Simplified Schematic

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AA  
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS  
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR  
REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN

Figure 41. 8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC\_N]  
Narrow Body  
(R-8)  
S-Suffix  
Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)

## ORDERING GUIDE

| Model                       | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| OP183GS                     | −40°C to +85°C    | 8-Lead SOIC_N       | S-Suffix (R-8) |
| OP183GS-REEL                | −40°C to +85°C    | 8-Lead SOIC_N       | S-Suffix (R-8) |
| OP183GS-REEL7               | −40°C to +85°C    | 8-Lead SOIC_N       | S-Suffix (R-8) |
| OP183GSZ <sup>1</sup>       | −40°C to +85°C    | 8-Lead SOIC_N       | S-Suffix (R-8) |
| OP183GSZ-REEL <sup>1</sup>  | −40°C to +85°C    | 8-Lead SOIC_N       | S-Suffix (R-8) |
| OP183GSZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | −40°C to +85°C    | 8-Lead SOIC_N       | S-Suffix (R-8) |

<sup>1</sup>Z = Pb free part.