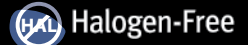
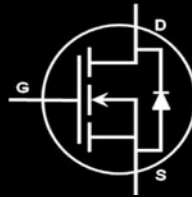


EPC2001 – Enhancement Mode Power Transistor

 V_{DS} , 100 V $R_{DS(ON)}$, 7 m Ω I_D , 25 A

NEW PRODUCT



Gallium Nitride is grown on Silicon Wafers and processed using standard CMOS equipment leveraging the infrastructure that has been developed over the last 55 years. GaN's exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient allows very low $R_{DS(ON)}$, while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low Q_G and zero Q_{RR} . The end result is a device that can handle tasks where very high switching frequency, and low on-time are beneficial as well as those where on-state losses dominate.

Maximum Ratings

V_{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage (Continuous)	100	V
	Drain-to-Source Voltage (up to 10,000 5ms pulses at 125°C)	120	V
I_D	Continuous ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 13$)	25	A
	Pulsed (25°C, $T_{\text{pulse}} = 300 \mu\text{s}$)	100	A
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	6	V
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	-5	V
T_J	Operating Temperature	-40 to 125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	



EPC2001 eGaN® FETs are supplied only in passivated die form with solder bars

Applications

- High Speed DC-DC conversion
- Class D Audio
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

Benefits

- Ultra High Efficiency
- Ultra Low $R_{DS(on)}$
- Ultra low Q_G
- Ultra small footprint

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Static Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)					
BV_{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_D = 300 \mu\text{A}$	100		V
I_{DSS}	Drain Source Leakage	$V_{DS} = 80\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	100	250	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$	1	5	mA
	Gate-Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -5\text{ V}$	0.2	1	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 5\text{ mA}$	0.7	1.4	V
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_D = 25\text{ A}$	5.6	7	m Ω
Source-Drain Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)					
V_{SD}	Source-Drain Forward Voltage	$I_S = 0.5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.75		V
		$I_S = 0.5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.8		

All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

Thermal Characteristics

		TYP	
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	2.1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Board	15	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 1)	54	°C/W

Note 1: $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined with the device mounted on one square inch of copper pad, single layer 2 oz copper on FR4 board.
See http://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote_Thermal_Performance_of_eGaN_FETs.pdf for details.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)						
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 50\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		850	950	pF
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance			450	525	
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			20	30	
Q_G	Total Gate Charge ($V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$)	$V_{DS} = 50\text{ V}, I_D = 25\text{ A}$		8	10	nC
Q_{GD}	Gate to Drain Charge			2.2	2.7	
Q_{GS}	Gate to Source Charge			2.3	2.8	
Q_{OSS}	Output Charge	$V_{DS} = 50\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		35	40	
Q_{RR}	Source-Drain Recovery Charge			0	0	

All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

Figure 1: Typical Output Characteristics

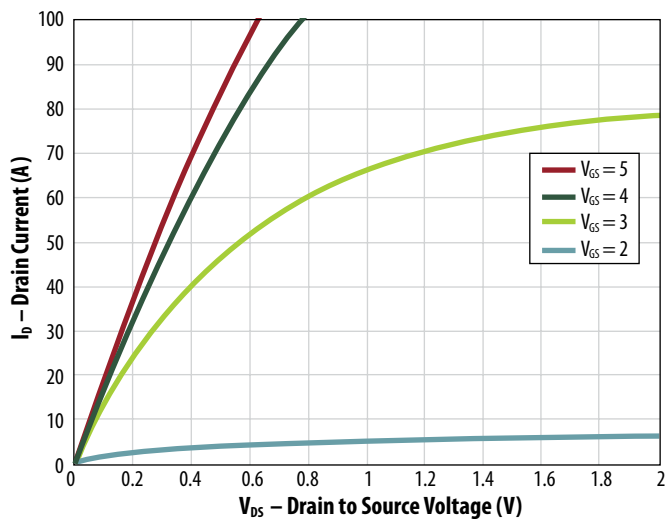


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

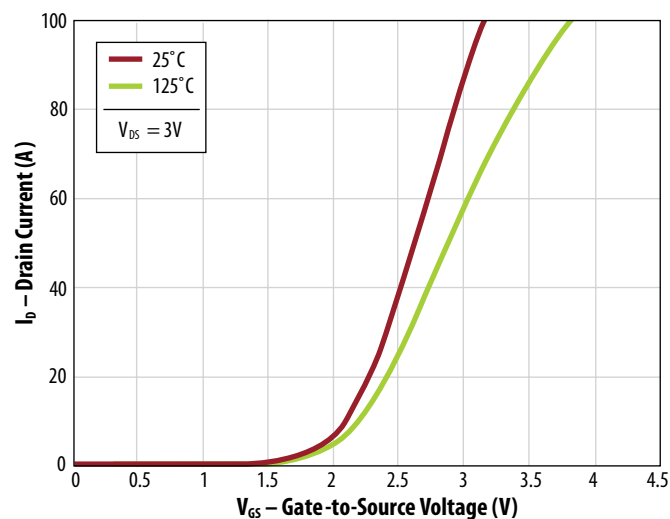


Figure 3: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs V_{GS} for Various Current

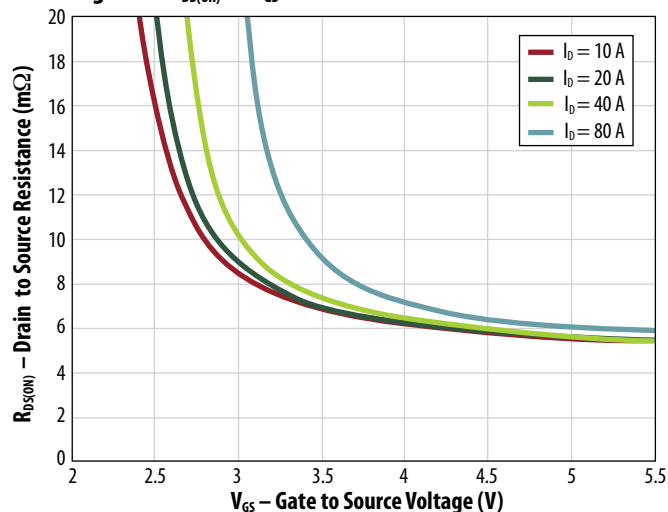


Figure 4: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs V_{GS} for Various Temperature

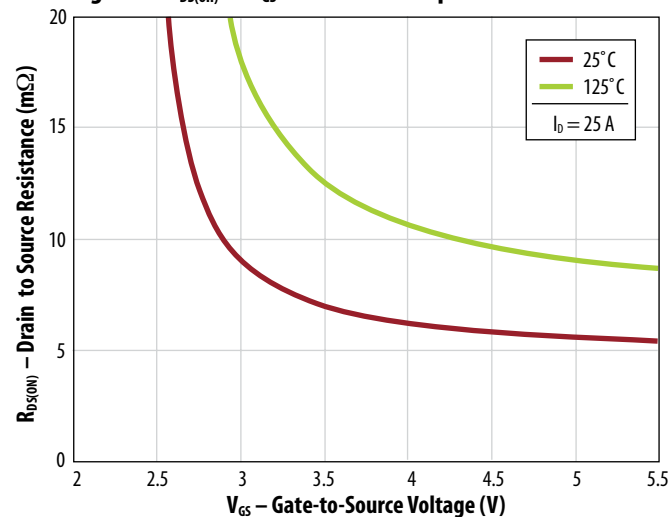


Figure 5: Capacitance

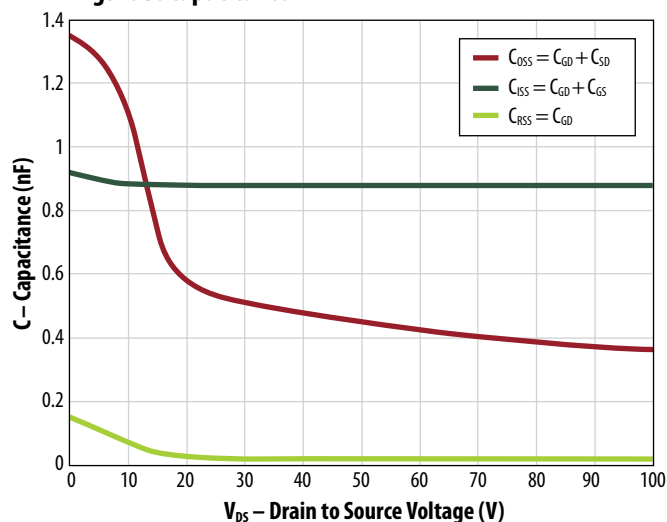


Figure 6: Gate Charge

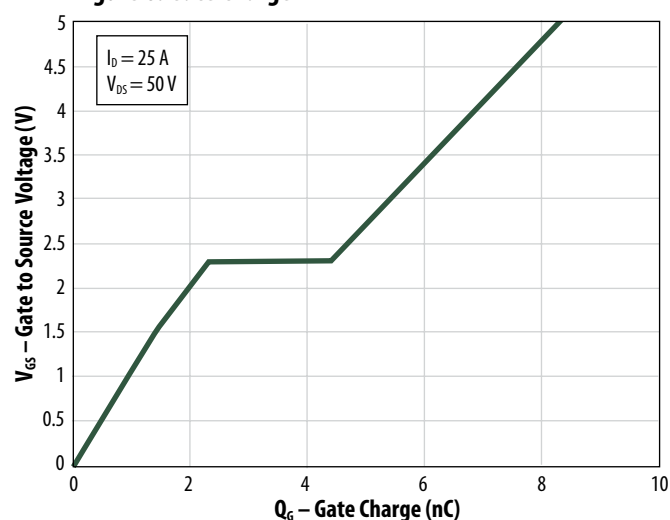


Figure 7: Reverse Drain-Source Characteristics

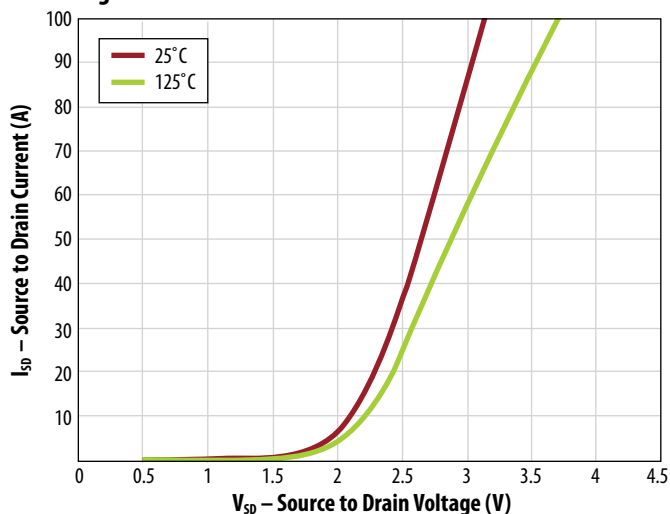


Figure 8: Normalized On Resistance Vs Temperature

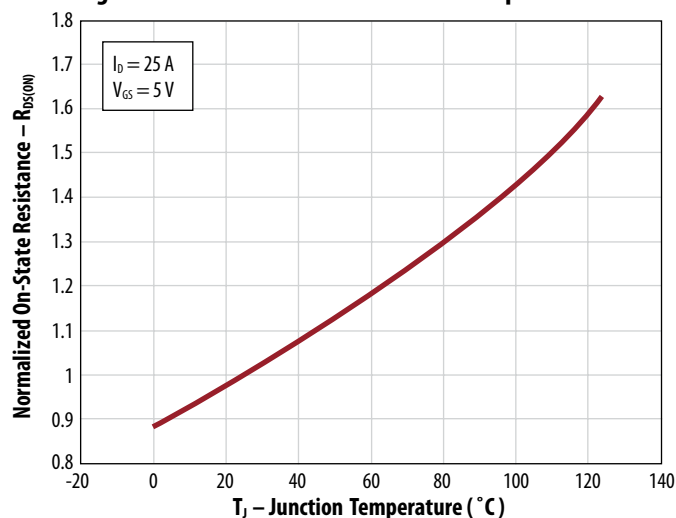


Figure 9: Normalized Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

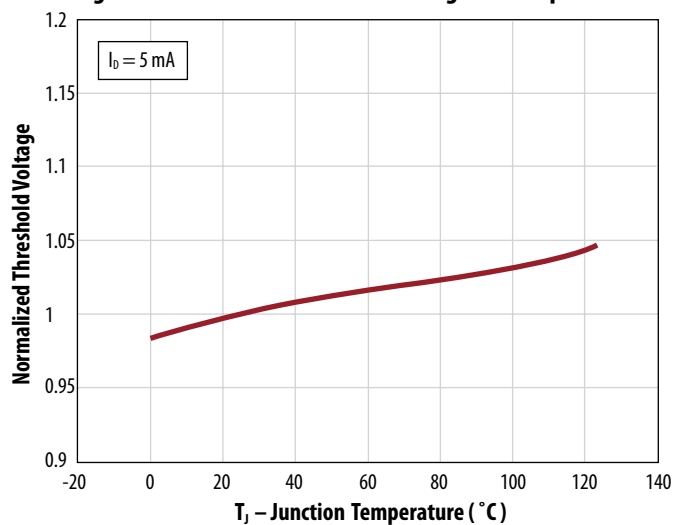
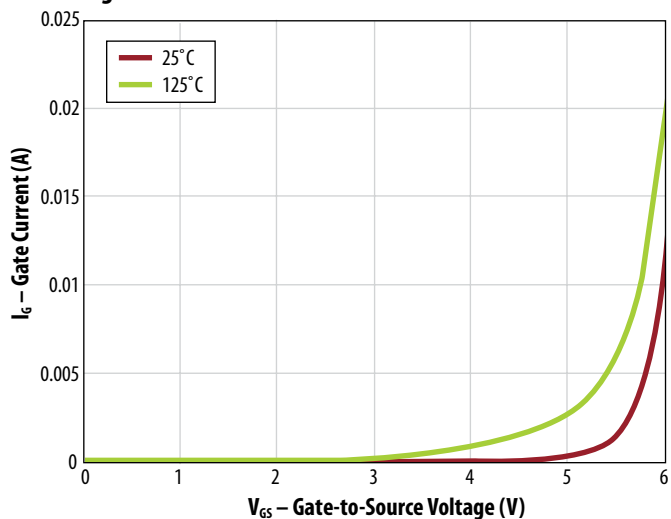


Figure 10: Gate Current



All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

Figure 11: Transient Thermal Response Curves

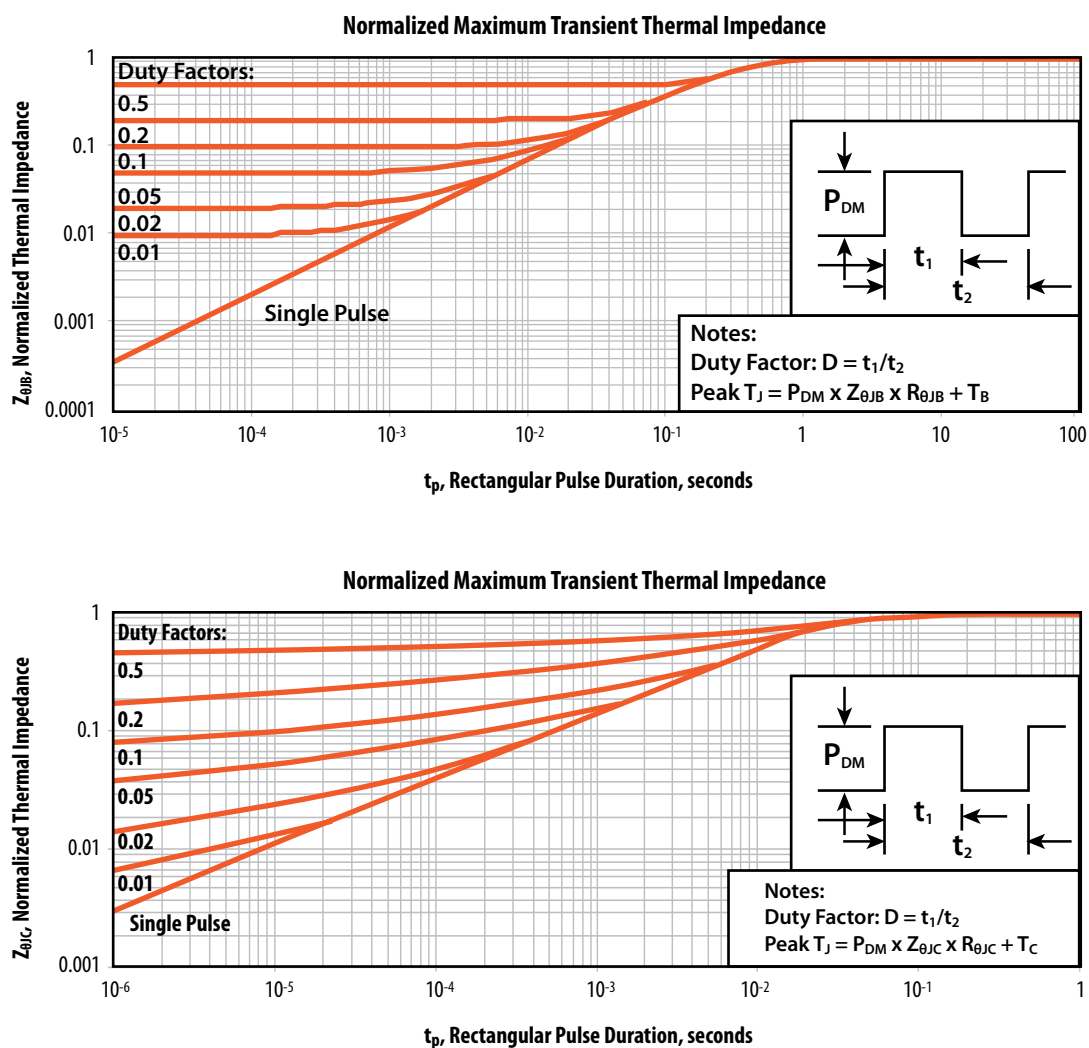
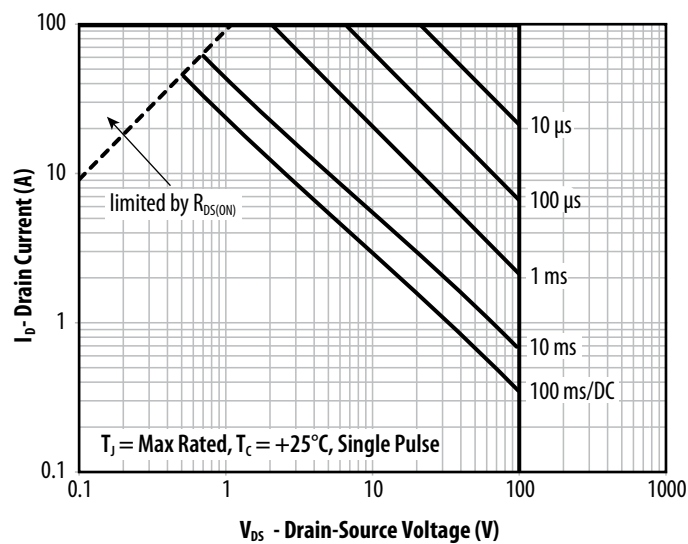
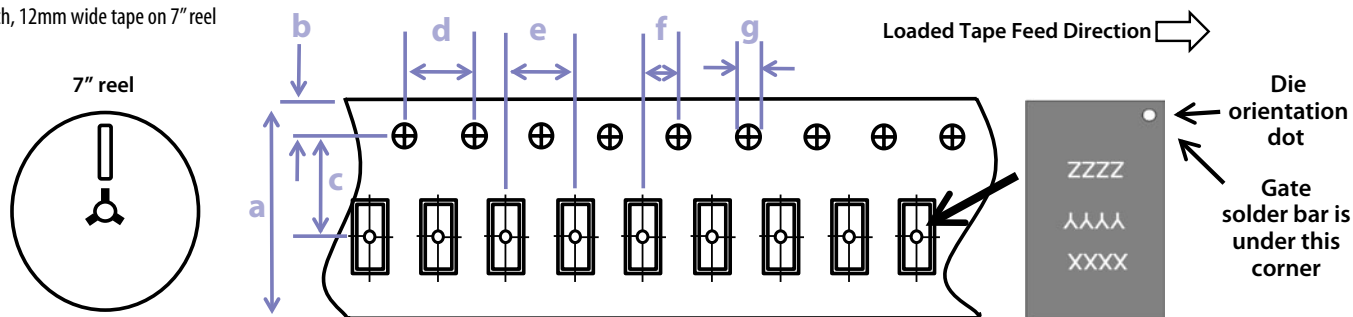


Figure 12: Safe Operating Area



TAPE AND REEL CONFIGURATION

4mm pitch, 12mm wide tape on 7" reel

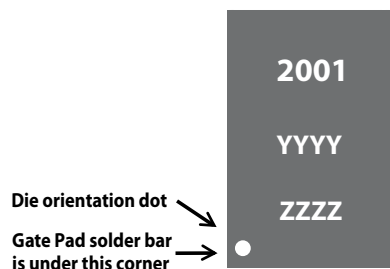


	EPC2001 (note 1)		
Dimension (mm)	target	min	max
a	12.0	11.7	12.3
b	1.75	1.65	1.85
c (note 2)	5.50	5.45	5.55
d	4.00	3.90	4.10
e	4.00	3.90	4.10
f (note 2)	2.00	1.95	2.05
g	1.5	1.5	1.6

Die is placed into pocket
solder bar side down
(face side down)

Note 1: MSL1 (moisture sensitivity level 1) classified according to IPC/JEDEC industry standard.
Note 2: Pocket position is relative to the sprocket hole measured as true position of the pocket, not the pocket hole.

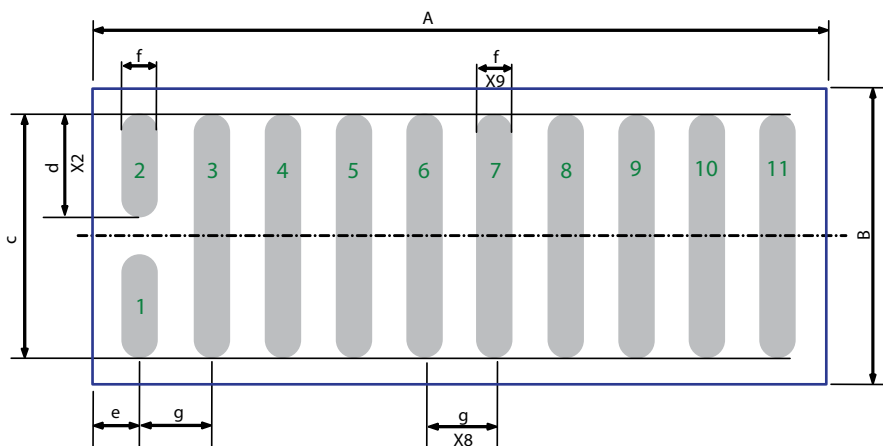
DIE MARKINGS



Part Number	Laser Markings		
	Part # Marking Line 1	Lot_Date Code Marking line 2	Lot_Date Code Marking Line 3
EPC2001	2001	YYYY	ZZZZ

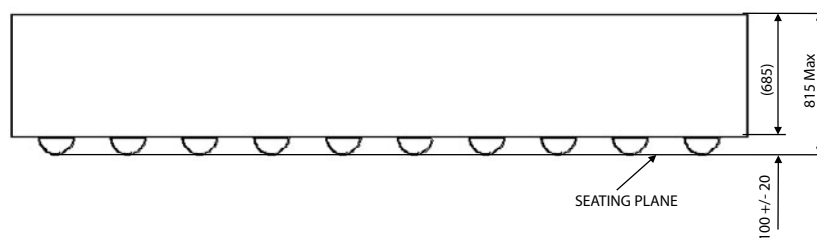
DIE OUTLINE

Solder Bar View



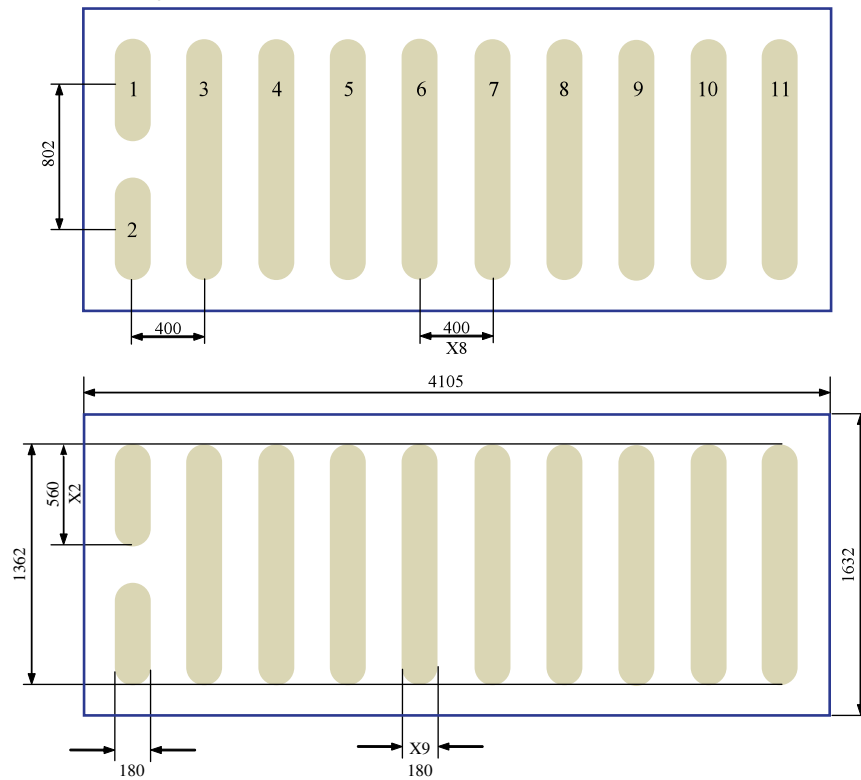
DIM	MICROMETERS		
	MIN	Nominal	MAX
A	4075	4105	4135
B	1602	1632	1662
c	1379	1382	1385
d	577	580	583
e	235	250	265
f	195	200	205
g	400	400	400

Side View



**RECOMMENDED
LAND PATTERN**
(units in μm)

The land pattern is solder mask defined.



Pad no. 1 is Gate;

Pads no. 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 are Drain;

Pads no. 4, 6, 8, 10 are Source;

Pad no. 2 is Substrate.

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change without notice.

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