

### **General Description**

The MAX4521/MAX4522/MAX4523 are guad, low-voltage, single-pole/single-throw (SPST) analog switches. On-resistance (100 $\Omega$  max) is matched between switches to  $4\Omega$  max, and is flat ( $12\Omega$  max) over the specified signal range. Each switch can handle rail-to-rail analog signals. The off-leakage current is only 1nA at +25°C and 10nA at +85°C.

The MAX4521 has four normally closed (NC) switches, and the MAX4522 has four normally open (NO) switches. The MAX4523 has two NC switches and two NO switches.

These CMOS switches can operate with dual power supplies ranging from ±2V to ±6V or a single supply between +2V and +12V. They are fully specified for single +2.7V operation.

All digital inputs have +0.8V and +2.4V logic thresholds, ensuring TTL/CMOS-logic compatibility when using ±5V or a single +5V supply.

### **Applications**

Battery-Operated Equipment

**Data Acquisition** 

Test Equipment

**Avionics** 

Audio Signal Routing

Networking

#### Features

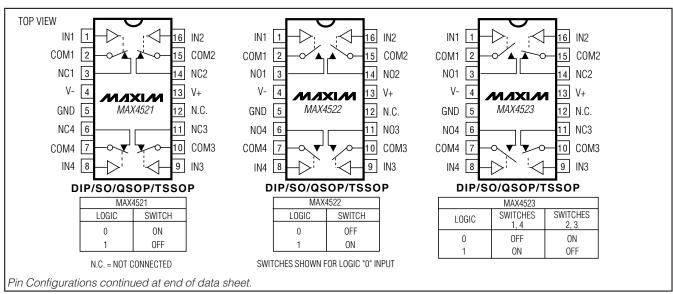
- ♦ +2V to +12V Single Supply ±2V to ±6V Dual Supplies
- ♦ 100Ω Signal Paths with ±5V Supplies
- ♦ Low Power Consumption, <1µW
- ♦ 4 Separately Controlled SPST Switches
- ♦ Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- ♦ Pin Compatible with Industry-Standard DG211/DG212/DG213
- ♦ >2kV ESD Protection per Method 3015.7
- ◆ TTL/CMOS-Compatible Inputs with ±5V or Single +5V Supply

### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4521CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4521CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4521CEE	0°C to +70°C	16 QSOP
MAX4521CUE	0°C to +70°C	16 TSSOP
MAX4521CGE	0°C to +70°C	16 QFN (4mm x 4mm)
MAX4521C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

### Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

<sup>\*</sup>Contact factory for dice specifications.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Voltages Referenced to GND	
V+	0.3V to +13.0V
V	13.0V to +0.3V
V+ to V	0.3V to +13.0V
All Other Pins (Note 1)	(V 0.3V) to $(V+ + 0.3V)$
Continuous Current into Any Terminal	±10mA
Peak Current into Any Terminal	
(pulsed at 1ms, 10% duty cycle)	±20mA
ESD per Method 3015.7	>2000V

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ ) (Note 2)	
Plastic DIP (derate 10.53mW/°C above +70°C)842r	nW
Narrow SO (derate 8.70mW/°C above +70°C)696r	nW
QSOP (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C)762r	nW
CERDIP (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C)800r	nW
TSSOP (derate 6.7mW/°C above +70°C)457r	
QFN (derate 16.9mW/°C above +70°C)1349r	nW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
MAX452_C_E0°C to +70	)°C
MAX452_E_E40°C to +85	5°C
MAX452_MJE55°C to +125	5°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300	)°C

Note 1: Signals on NC\_, NO\_, COM\_, or IN\_ exceeding V+ or V- are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward-diode current to maximum current rating.

Note 2: All leads are soldered or welded to PC boards.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies**

 $(V+ = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V- = -4.5V \text{ to } -5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3)	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH			•				
Analog Signal Range	V <sub>COM</sub> _, V <sub>NO</sub> _, V <sub>NC</sub> _	(Note 4)	C, E, M	V-		V+	V
COM_ to NO_, COM_ to NC_	Ron	V+ = 5V, V- = -5V,	+25°C		65	100	Ω
On-Resistance	HON	$V_{COM} = \pm 3V$ , $I_{COM} = 1mA$	C, E, M			125	1 22
COM_ to NO_, COM_ to NC_		V+ = 5V. V- = -5V.	+25°C		1	4	
On-Resistance Match Between Channels (Note 5)	ARON I	ON $V+ = 5V, V- = -5V, V_{COM} = \pm 3V, I_{COM} = 1mA$				6	Ω
COM_ to NO_, COM_ to NC_			+25°C		7	12	
On-Resistance Flatness (Note 6)	R <sub>FLAT</sub> (ON)	V+ = 5V, V- = -5V, $V_{COM} = \pm 3V, I_{COM} = 1mA$	C, E, M			15	Ω
			+25°C	-1	0.01	1	nA
NO_, NC_ Off-Leakage Current (Note 7)	NO_(OFF),	V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V, $V_{COM} = \mp 4.5V, V_{N} = \pm 4.5V$	C, E	-10		10	
(Note 1)	INC_(OFF)	VCON_ = +4.5V, VN_ = ±4.5V	М	-100		100	
0014 011 1 0		V 5.5V V 5.5V	+25°C	-1	0.01	1	
COM_ Off-Leakage Current (Note 7)	ICOM_(OFF)	V + = 5.5V, V - = -5.5V, $V_{COM} = \pm 4.5V, V_{N} = \mp 4.5V$	C, E	-10		10	nA
(14010 1)		VCOIVI 17.5 V, VIV 7 4.5 V	М	-100		100	
COM On London Current		V. 55V.V. 55V	+25°C	-2	0.01	2	
COM_ On-Leakage Current (Note 7)	ICOM_(ON)	V + = 5.5V, V - = -5.5V, $V_{COM} = \pm 4.5V$	C, E	-20		20	nA
(1.6.6.7)		VOOIVI_ = I	М	-200		200	

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (continued)**

 $(V+ = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V- = -4.5V \text{ to } -5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	BOL CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 3)	MAX	UNITS
LOGIC INPUT		1					
IN_ Input Logic Threshold High	V <sub>IN_H</sub>		C, E, M		1.6	2.4	V
IN_ Input Logic Threshold Low	V <sub>IN_L</sub>		C, E, M	0.8	1.6		V
IN_ Input Current Logic High or Low	I <sub>INH_</sub> , I <sub>INL_</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> _ = 0.8V or 2.4V	C, E, M	-1	0.03	1	μA
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTE	RISTICS	-					
Turn-On Time	tou	$V_{COM} = \pm 3V, V_{+} = 4.5V,$	+25°C		45	80	200
rum-on time	ton	V- = -4.5V, Figure 1	C, E, M			100	ns
Turn-Off Time	+	$V_{COM} = \pm 3V, V_{+} = 4.5V,$	+25°C		15	30	no
rum-on time	toff	V- = -4.5V, Figure 1	C, E, M			40	ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (MAX4523 only)	<sup>†</sup> BBM	V <sub>COM</sub> _ = ±3V, V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V, Figure 2	+25°C	5	20		ns
Charge Injection (Note 4)	Q	$C_L = 1nF$ , $V_{NO} = 0$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$ , Figure 3	+25°C		1	5	рС
NO_, NC_ Off-Capacitance	C <sub>N_(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NO</sub> _ = GND, f = 1MHz, Figure 6	+25°C		2		pF
COM_ Off-Capacitance	CCOM_(OFF)	V <sub>COM</sub> _ = GND, f = 1MHz, Figure 6	+25°C		2		рF
COM_ On-Capacitance	C <sub>COM</sub> (ON)	V <sub>COM</sub> = V <sub>NO</sub> = GND, f = 1MHz, Figure 7	+25°C		5		pF
Off-Isolation (Note 8)	V <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 15pF$ , $V_{N} = 1V_{RMS}$ , $f = 100kHz$ , Figure 4	+25°C		< -90		dB
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk (Note 9)	V <sub>CT</sub>	$R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 15pF$ , $V_{N\_} = 1V_{RMS}$ , $f = 100kHz$ , Figure 5	+25°C		< -90		dB
POWER SUPPLY							
Power-Supply Range	V+, V-		C, E, M	-6		6	V
V+ Supply Current	l+	$V+ = 5.5V$ , all $V_{IN} = 0$ or $V+$	+25°C C, E, M	-1 -1	0.05	1	μΑ
V- Supply Current	I-	V- = -5.5V	+25°C C, E, M	-1 -1 -1	0.05	1 1	μΑ
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### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply**

 $(V+ = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V- = 0V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3)	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH			I				
Analog Signal Range	V <sub>COM_</sub> , V <sub>NO_</sub> , V <sub>NC_</sub>	(Note 4)	C, E, M	0		V+	V
COM_ to NO_, COM_ to NC_	Ron	$V + = 4.5V, V_{COM} = 3.5V,$	+25°C		125	200	Ω
On-Resistance	11014	I <sub>COM</sub> _ = 1mA	C, E, M			250	
COM_ to NO_, COM_ to NC_ On-Resistance Match Between Channels (Note 5)	ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	V+ = 5V, V <sub>COM</sub> _ = 3.5V, I <sub>COM</sub> _ = 1mA	+25°C C, E, M		2	10	Ω
			+25°C	-1	0.01	1	
NO_, NC_ Off-Leakage Current (Notes 7, 10)	INO_(OFF),	$V+ = 5.5V; V_{COM} = 1V, 4.5V;$ $V_{N} = 4.5V, 1V$	C, E	-10		10	nA
(Notes 1, 10)	INC_(OFF)	VN_ = 4.5V, 1V	М	-100		100	
2011 2011 1			+25°C	-1	0.01	1	
COM_ Off-Leakage Current (Notes 7, 10)	ICOM_(OFF)	$V+ = 5.5V; V_{COM} = 1V, 4.5V;$ $V_{N} = 4.5V, 1V$	C, E	-10		10	nA
(110.00 1, 10)		VN_ = 4.5V, 1V	М	-100		100	
	ICOM_(ON)	V+ = 5.5V; V <sub>COM</sub> _ = 4.5V, 1V	+25°C	-2	0.01	2	
COM_ On-Leakage Current (Notes 7, 10)			C, E,	-20		20	nA
			М	-200		200	
LOGIC INPUT							
IN_ Input Logic Threshold High	V <sub>IN_H</sub>		C, E		1.6	2.4	V
IN_ Input Logic Threshold Low	V <sub>IN_L</sub>		C, E	0.8	1.6		V
IN_ Input Current Logic High or Low	I <sub>INH</sub> _, I <sub>INL</sub> _	V <sub>IN</sub> _ = 0.8V or 2.4V	C, E	-1	0.03	1	μΑ
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTE	RISTICS						
Turn On Time		$V_{COM} = 3V, V_{+} = 4.5V,$	+25°C		60	100	
Turn-On Time	ton	Figure 1	C, E, M			150	ns
Turn-Off Time	+0==	$V_{COM} = 3V, V + = 4.5V,$	+25°C		20	50	no
Turn-Oil Time	toff	Figure 1	C, E, M			75	ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (MAX4523 only)	†BBM	V <sub>COM</sub> _ = 3V, V+ = 5.5V, Figure 2	+25°C	10	30		ns
Charge Injection (Note 4)	Q	$C_L = 1nF$ , $V_{NO_L} = 0$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$ , Figure 3	+25°C		1	5	рС
POWER SUPPLY	1	ı					'
V. Cupply Current	1.	V. F. F.V. all V	+25°C	-1	0.05	1	
V+ Supply Current	I+	$V+ = 5.5V$ , all $V_{IN} = 0$ or $V+$	C, E, M	-1		1	μA
V- Supply Current	ı	V- = 0	+25°C	-1	0.05	1	^
v- Supply Current	l-	v U	C, E, M	-1		1	μA

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply**

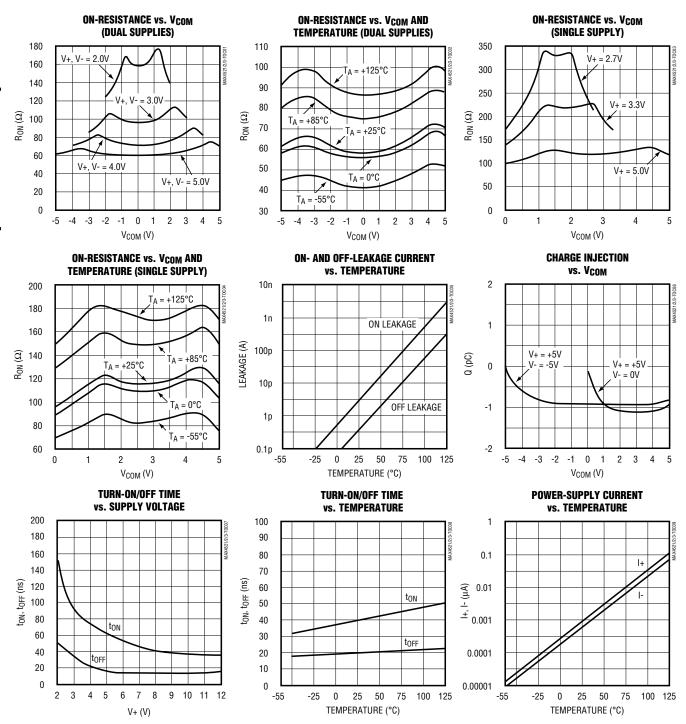
 $(V+ = +2.7V \text{ to } +3.6V, V- = 0V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP (Note 3)	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Analog Signal Range	V <sub>COM</sub> _, V <sub>NO</sub> _, V <sub>NC</sub> _	(Note 4)	C, E, M	0		V+	V
COM_ to NO_, COM_ to NC_ On-Resistance	RON	$V+ = 2.7V, V_{COM} = 1.0V, I_{COM} = 0.1mA$	+25°C C, E, M		260	500 600	Ω
LOGIC INPUT	ı						
IN_ Input Logic Threshold High	V <sub>IN_H</sub>		C, E		1.6	2.4	V
IN_ Input Logic Threshold Low	V <sub>IN_L</sub>		C, E	0.8	1.6		V
IN_ Input Current Logic High or Low	I <sub>INH_</sub> , I <sub>INL_</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> _ = 0.8V or 2.4V	C, E	-1	0.03	1	μА
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTE	RISTICS (Note 4)						
Turn-On Time	ton	$V_{COM} = 1.5V, V + = 2.7V,$	+25°C		120	250	ns
Turr on time	TON	Figure 1	C, E, M			300	113
Turn-Off Time	toff	$V_{COM} = 1.5V, V + = 2.7V,$	+25°C		40	80	ns
	5011	Figure 1	C, E, M			100	
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (MAX4523 only)	t <sub>BBM</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> _ = 1.5V, V+ = 3.6V, Figure 2	+25°C	15	50		ns
Charge Injection	Q	$C_L = 1nF$ , $V_{NO} = 0$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$ , Figure 3	+25°C		0.5	5	рС
POWER SUPPLY	II.						
V+ Supply Current	l+	$V+ = 3.6V$ , all $V_{IN} = 0$ or $V+$	+25°C	-1	0.05	1	μA
v + Supply Suitelit	17	V + - 0.0 V , all V   \( \) 0 01 V +	C, E, M	-1		1	μΛ
V- Supply Current	-	V- = 0	+25°C	-1	0.05	1	μΑ
	-		C, E, M	-1		1	μΑ

- Note 3: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.
- Note 4: Guaranteed by design.
- **Note 5:**  $\Delta R_{ON} = \Delta R_{ON(MAX)} \Delta R_{ON(MIN)}$ .
- **Note 6:** Resistance flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum on-resistance values, as measured over the specified analog signal range.
- Note 7: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated temperature, and guaranteed by correlation at TA = +25°C.
- Note 8: Off-Isolation = 20log<sub>10</sub> [ V<sub>COM\_</sub> / (V<sub>NC\_</sub> or V<sub>NO\_</sub>) ], V<sub>COM\_</sub> = output, V<sub>NC\_</sub> or V<sub>NO\_</sub> = input to off switch.
- Note 9: Between any two switches.
- Note 10: Leakage testing for single-supply operation is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies.

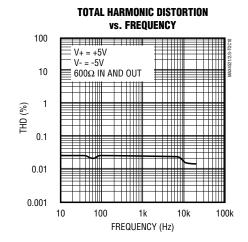
### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

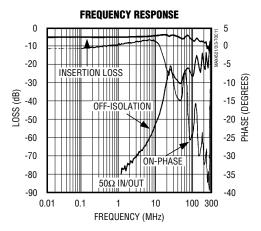
 $(V+ = +5V, V- = -5V, GND = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 



### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V+ = +5V, V- = -5V, GND = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 





### **Pin Description**

		P	IN				
MAX	4521	MAX	4522	MAX	4523	NAME	FUNCTION
TSSOP/SO	QFN	TSSOP/SO	QFN	TSSOP/SO	QFN		
1, 16, 9, 8	15, 14, 7, 6	1, 16, 9, 8	15, 14, 7, 6	1, 16, 9, 8	15, 14, 7, 6	IN1-1N4	Logic-Control Digital Input
2, 15, 10, 7	16, 13, 8, 5	2, 15, 10, 7	16, 13, 8, 5	2, 15, 10, 7	16, 13, 8, 5	COM1-COM4	Analog Switch Common* Terminals
3, 14, 11, 6	1, 12, 9, 4	_	_	_	_	NC1-NC4	Analog Switch Normally Closed Terminals
_	_	3, 14, 11, 6	1, 12, 9, 4	_	_	NO1-NO4	Analog Switch Normally Open Terminals
_		_		3, 6	1, 4	NO1, NO4	Analog Switch Normally Open Terminals
_				14, 11	12, 9	NC2, NC3	Analog Switch Normally Closed Terminals
4	2	4	2	4	2	V-	Negative Analog Supply-Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single supply operation.
5	3	5	3	5	3	GND	Ground. Connect to digital ground. (Analog signals have no ground reference; they are limited to V+ and V)
12	10	12	10	12	10	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.
13	11	13	11	13	11	V+	Positive Analog and Digital Supply- Voltage Input. Internally connected to substrate.

<sup>\*</sup>NO\_ (or NC\_) and COM\_ pins are identical and interchangeable. Either may be considered as an input or output; signals pass equally well in either direction.

# Applications Information Power-Supply Considerations

#### Overview

The MAX4521/MAX4522/MAX4523 construction is typical of most CMOS analog switches. They have three supply pins: V+, V-, and GND. V+ and V- are used to drive the internal CMOS switches, and they set the limits of the analog voltage on any switch. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between each analog-signal pin and both V+ and V-. If any analog signal exceeds V+ or V-, one of these diodes conducts. During normal operation these reverse-biased ESD diodes leak, forming the only current drawn from V+ or V-.

Virtually all the analog leakage current is through the ESD diodes. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either V+ or V- and the analog signal. This means their leakages vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages from the signal path to the V+ and V- pins constitutes the analog-signal-path leakage current. All analog leakage current flows to the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This explains how both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of the same or opposite polarity.

There is no connection between the analog-signal paths and GND. The analog-signal paths consist of an N-channel and P-channel MOSFET with their sources and drains paralleled, and their gates driven out of phase to V+ and V- by the logic-level translators.

V+ and GND power the internal logic and logic-level translators, and set the input logic thresholds. The logic-level translators convert the logic levels to switched V+ and V- signals to drive the gates of the analog switches. This drive signal is the only connection between the logic supplies and the analog supplies. V+ and V- have ESD-protection diodes to GND. The logic-level inputs and output have ESD protection to V+ and to GND.

Increasing V- has no effect on the logic-level thresholds, but it does increase the drive to the P-channel switches, reducing their on-resistance. V- also sets the negative limit of the analog-signal voltage.

The logic-level thresholds are CMOS/TTL compatible when V+=+5V. The threshold increases slightly as V+ is raised, and when V+ reaches +12V, the level threshold is about 3.1V. This is above the TTL output high-level minimum of 2.8V, but still compatible with CMOS outputs.

#### Bipolar Supplies

The MAX4521/MAX4522/MAX4523 operate with bipolar supplies between ±2V and ±6V. The V+ and V- supplies need not be symmetrical, but their sum cannot exceed the absolute maximum rating of 13.0V. **Do not connect the MAX4521/MAX4522/MAX4523 V+ to +3V, and then connect the logic-level-input pins to TTL logic-level signals. TTL logic-level outputs in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can damage the part and/or external circuits.** 

**Caution:** The absolute maximum V+ to V- differential voltage is 13.0V. Typical ±6V or 12V supplies with ±10% tolerances can be as high as 13.2V. This voltage can damage the MAX4521/MAX4522/MAX4523. Even ±5% tolerance supplies may have overshoot or noise spikes that exceed 13.0V.

#### Single Supply

The MAX4521/MAX4522/MAX4523 operate from a single supply between +2V and +12V when V- is connected to GND. All of the bipolar precautions must be observed.

#### **High-Frequency Performance**

In  $50\Omega$  systems, signal response is reasonably flat up to 50MHz (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). Above 20MHz, the on-response has several minor peaks that are highly layout dependent. The problem with high-frequency operation is not turning the switch on, but turning it off. The off-state switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation. At 10MHz, off-isolation is about -52dB in  $50\Omega$  systems, becoming worse (approximately 20dB per decade) as frequency increases. Higher circuit impedances also make off-isolation worse. Adjacent channel attenuation is about 3dB above that of a bare IC socket, and is due entirely to capacitive coupling.

### **Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams**

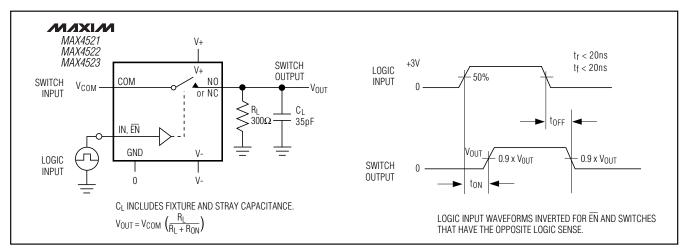


Figure 1. Switching Time

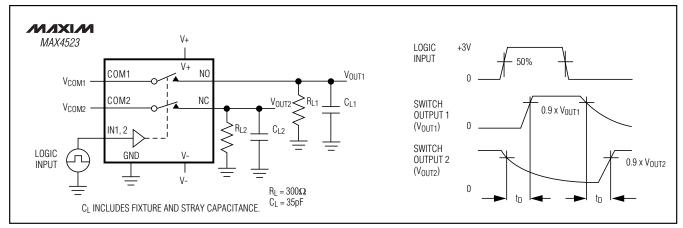


Figure 2. Break-Before-Make Interval (MAX4523 only)

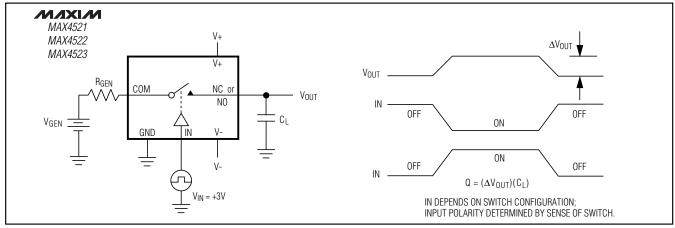


Figure 3. Charge Injection

### Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

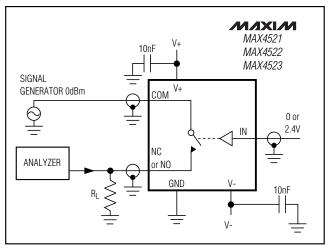


Figure 4. Off-Isolation

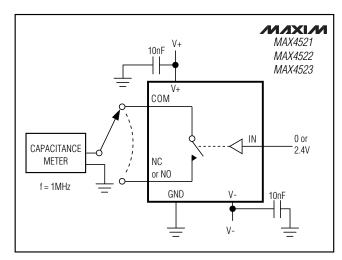


Figure 6. Channel Off-Capacitance

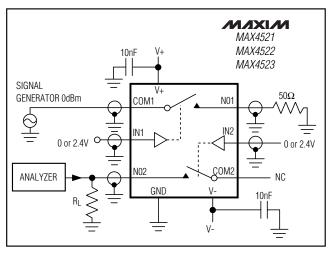


Figure 5. Crosstalk

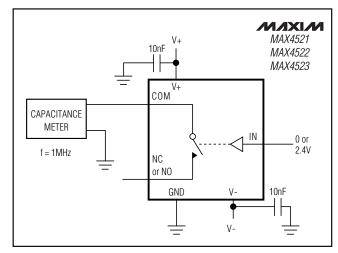


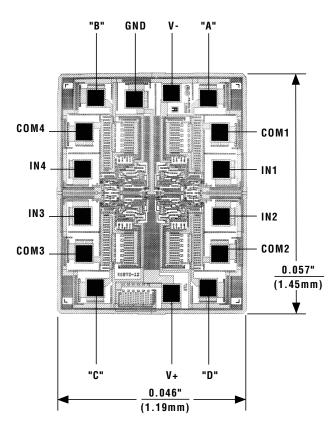
Figure 7. Channel On-Capacitance

### \_Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4521EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4521ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4521EEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP
MAX4521EUE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX4521EGE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QFN
MAX4521MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP**
MAX4522CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4522CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4522CEE	0°C to +70°C	16 QSOP
MAX4522CUE	0°C to +70°C	16 TSSOP
MAX4522CGE	0°C to +70°C	16 QFN
MAX4522C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX4522EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4522ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4522EEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP
MAX4522EUE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX4522EGE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QFN
MAX4522MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP**
MAX4523CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4523CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4523CEE	0°C to +70°C	16 QSOP
MAX4523CUE	0°C to +70°C	16 TSSOP
MAX4523CGE	0°C to +70°C	16 QFN
MAX4523C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX4523EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX4523ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4523EEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP
MAX4523EUE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX4523EGE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QFN
MAX4523MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP**

<sup>\*</sup>Contact factory for dice specifications.

## \_Chip Topography

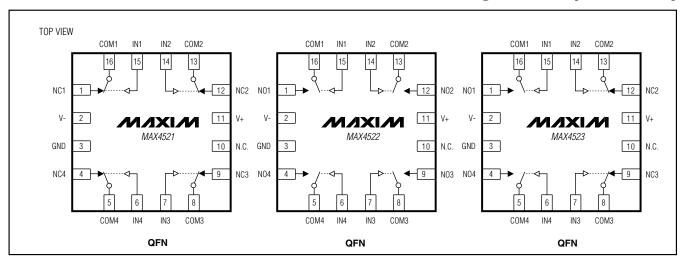


МАХ	4521	МАХ	(4522	MAX4523		
PIN	NAME	PIN NAME		PIN	NAME	
А	NC1	А	N01	А	N01	
В	NC4	В	N04	В	N04	
С	NC3	С	N03	С	NC3	
D	NC2	D	N02	D	NC2	

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 97
SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO V+

<sup>\*\*</sup>Contact factory for availability.

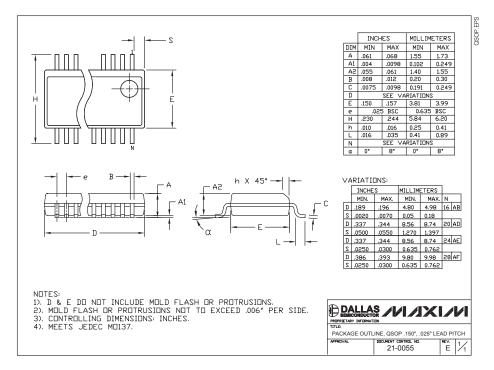
### Pin Configurations (continued)

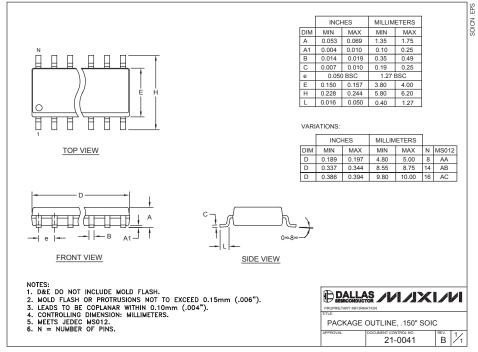


12 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_/N/XI/M

### Package Information

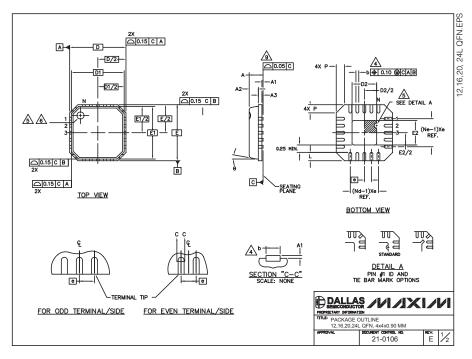
(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)

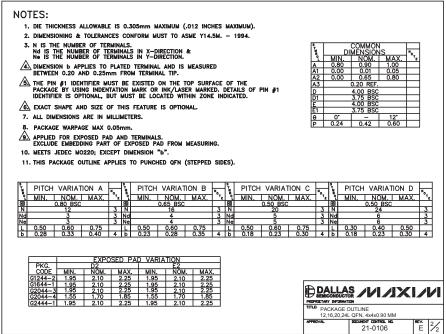




### Package Information (continued)

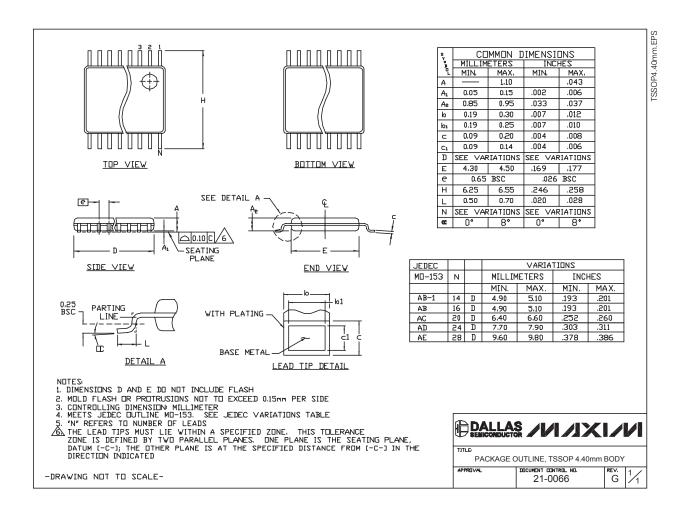
(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)





### Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



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