

Integrated IEEE 802.3af PoE-PD Interface Controller

NCP1090, NCP1091, NCP1092

Description

The NCP1090, NCP1091 and NCP1092 are members of ON Semiconductor's high power HIPO™ Power over Ethernet Powered Device (PoE-PD) product family and integrate an IEEE 802.3af PoE-PD interface controller.

The 3 variants all incorporate the required functions as such detection, classification, under voltage lockout, inrush and operational current limit. A power good signal has been added to guarantee a good enabling/disabling of the DC-DC controller. In addition, the NCP1091 offers a programmable under-voltage while the NCP1092 provide an auxiliary pin for applications supporting auxiliary supplies.

The NCP1090, NCP1091 and NCP1092 are fabricated in a robust high voltage process and integrates a rugged vertical N-channel DMOS suitable for the most demanding environments and capable of withstanding harsh environments such as hot swap and cable ESD

The NCP1090, NCP1091 and NCP1092 complement Adjustable Under Voltage Lock Out (NCP1091 Only)

Open-Drain Power Good Indicator

130 mA Inrush Current Limit

Sountions to the

X. A
Y
Y

OPEN-Drain Power Good Indicator

Pass Switch For OPEN-Drain Power Good Indicator ON Semiconductor's ASSP portfolio in industrial devices and can be

- (NCP1092 Only)
- Over-temperature Protection
- Industrial Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C with Full Operation up to 125°C Junction Temperature
- 0.5 Ω Hot-swap Pass-switch
- Vertical N-channel DMOS Pass-switch Offers the Robustness of Discrete MOSFETs

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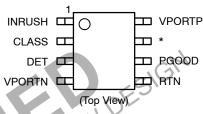


SOIC-8 **S SUFFIX** CASE 751AZ



TSSOP-8 **T SUFFIX CASE 948S**

PIN CONFIGURATION



NCP1090 = NC NCP1091 = UVLO NCP1092 = AUX



XXXXXX = Specific Device Code

= Assembly Location

= Year WW = Work Week = Pb-Free Package

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Shipping [†] |
|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| NCP109xxxx | SOIC-8 (Pb-Free) | 2500/Tape & Reel |
| NCP109xxxx | TSSOP-8 (Pb-Free) | 2500/Tape & Reel |

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

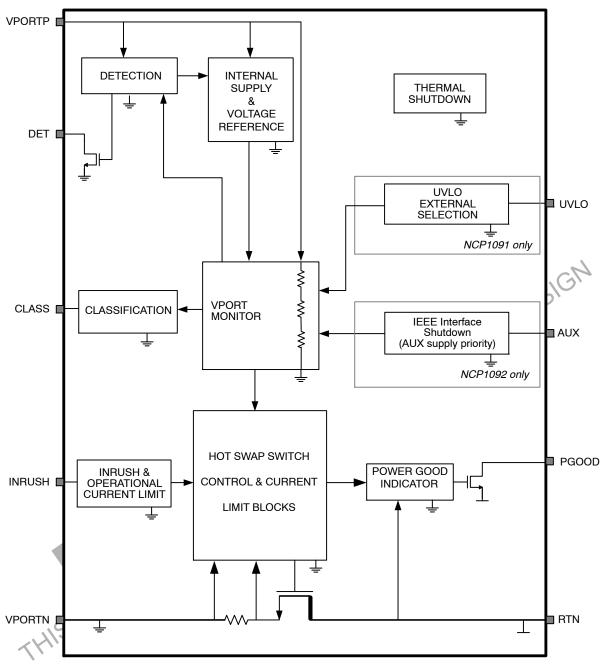
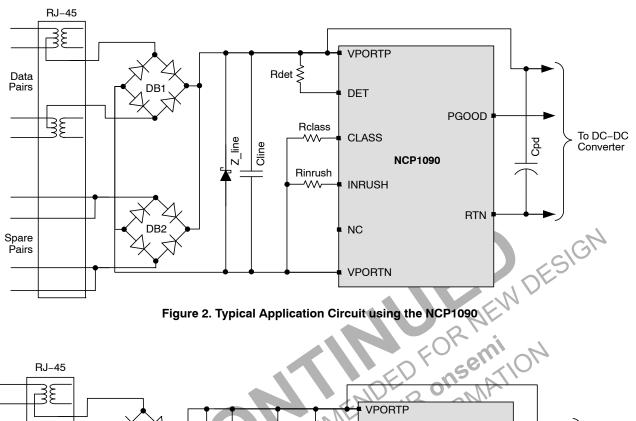


Figure 1. NCP1090/91/92 Functional Block Diagram

SIMPLIFIED APPLICATION DIAGRAMS



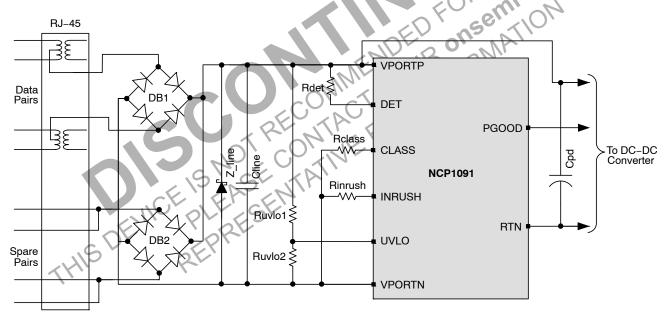


Figure 3. Typical Application Circuit using the NCP1091 with External UVLO Setting

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

| | Pin No. | | | | |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------|---|
| Name | NCP1090 | NCP1091 | NCP1092 | Туре | Description |
| INRUSH | 1 | 1 | 1 | Output | Current limit programming pin. Connect a resistor between INRUSH and VPORTN. |
| CLASS | 2 | 2 | 2 | Output | Classification current programming pin. Connect a resistor between CLASS and VPORTN. |
| DET | 3 | 3 | 3 | Output, Open Drain | Detection pin. Connect a 24.9 $k\Omega$ resistor between DET and VPORTP for a valid PD detection signature. |
| VPORTN | 4 | 4 | 4 | Ground | Negative input power. Connected to the source of the internal pass-switch |
| RTN | 5 | 5 | 5 | Ground | DC-DC controller power return. Connected to the drain of the internal pass-switch |
| PGOOD | 6 | 6 | 6 | Output, Open Drain | Open Drain Power Good Indicator. Pin is in HZ mode when the power good signal is active. |
| NC | 7 | - | _ | - | No connection |
| UVLO | _ | 7 | - | Input | Under-voltage lockout input, Voltage with respect to VPORTN. Connect a resistor-divider from VPORTP to UVLO to VPORTNx to set an external UVLO threshold. |
| AUX | - | - | 7 | Input | Auxiliary Pin. When this pin is pulled up, the Pass Switch is disabled and allows a supply transition from PSE to the rear auxiliary supply connected between VPORTP and RTN. |
| VPORTP | 8 | 8 | 8 | Input | Positive input power. Voltage with respect to VPORTN. |

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units | Conditions |
|------------------|----------------------------------|------|-----|-------------|---|
| | | | | 1/11. | |
| VPORTP | Input power supply | -0.3 | 72 |)`v <u></u> | Voltage with respect to VPORTN |
| RTN | Analog ground supply 2 | -0.3 | 72 | | Pass-switch in off-state (voltage with respect to VPORTN) |
| CLASS | Analog output | -0.3 | 72 | V | Voltage with respect to VPORTN |
| INRUSH | Analog output | -0.3 | 3.6 | V | Voltage with respect to VPORTN |
| AUX | Analog input | -0.3 | 72 | V | Voltage with respect to VPORTN |
| UVLO | Analog input | -0.3 | 3.6 | V | Voltage with respect to VPORTN |
| PGOOD | Analog output | -0.3 | 72 | V | Voltage with respect to RTN |
| Ta | Ambient temperature | -40 | 85 | °C | |
| Tj | Junction temperature | - | 125 | °C | |
| Tj-TSD | Junction temperature (Note 1) | - | 175 | °C | Thermal shutdown condition |
| T _{stg} | Storage Temperature | -55 | 150 | °C | |
| TθJA | Thermal Resistance, | 150 | 240 | °C/W | SOIC-8 |
| | Junction to Air (Note 2) | 160 | 260 | | TSSOP-8 |
| ESD-HBM | Human Body Model | 2 | | kV | per EIA-JESD22-A114 standard |
| ESD-CDM | Charged Device Model | 500 | | V | per ESD-STM5.3.1 standard |
| ESD-MM | Machine Model | 200 | | V | per EIA-JESD22-A115-A standard |
| LU | Latch-up | ±100 | | mA | per JEDEC Standard JESD78 |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

^{1.} Tj-TSD allowed during error conditions only. It is assumed that this maximum temperature condition does not occur more than 1 hour cumulative during the useful life for reliability reasons.

^{2.} Low θJA is obtained with 2S2P test board (2 signal – 2 plane). High θJA is obtained with double sideboard with minimum pad area and natural convection. Refer to Jedec JESD51 for details.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Operating conditions define the limits for functional operation and parametric characteristics of the device. Note that the functionality of the device outside the operating conditions described in this section is not warranted. Operating outside the recommended operating conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

Table 3. OPERATING CONDITIONS (All values are with respect to VPORTN unless otherwise noted.)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Units | Conditions |
|----------------|---|------|----------------|--------|-------|---|
| INPUT SUPPLY | ı | | | | 1 | 1 |
| VPORT | Input supply voltage | 0 | | 57 | V | VPORT = VPORTP – VPORTN |
| SIGNATURE DET | FECTION | | | | | |
| Offset_det1 | I _(VPORTP) + I _(RTN) | | 2 | 5 | μΑ | VPORTP = RTN = 1.9 V Rdet = 24.9 KΩ |
| Sleep_det1 | I _(VPORTP) + I _(RTN) | | 15 | 21 | μΑ | VPORTP = RTN = 9.8 V Rdet = 24.9 KΩ |
| Offset_det2 | I _(VPORTP) + I _(RTN) + I _(DET) | 73 | 77 | 81 | μА | VPORTP = RTN = 1.9 V Rdet = 24.9 KΩ |
| Sleep_det2 | I _(VPORTP) + I _(RTN) + I _(DET) | 390 | 400 | 412 | μΑ | VPORTP = RTN = 9.8 V Rdet = 24.9 KΩ |
| CLASSIFICATION | N | I | | | 1 | N |
| Vcl_on | Classification current turn-on lower threshold | 9.8 | 11.3 | 13 | PV | VPORTP rising |
| Vcl_off | Classification current turn-off upper threshold | 21 | | 24 | Sel | VPORTP rising |
| Vclass_reg | Classification buffer output voltage | | 9.8 | 0 | K | 13 V < VPORTP < 21 V |
| lcl_bias | I(vportp) quiescent current during classification | 1112 | 600 |)),'E(| μA | I(class) excluded 13 V < VPORTP < 21 V |
| Iclass0 | Class 0: Rclass 4420 Ω (Note 3) | 0 | (- | 4 | mA | 13 V < VPORTP < 21 V |
| Iclass1 | Class 1: Rclass 953 Ω (Note 3) | .9(| · ~O | 12 | mA | 13 V < VPORTP < 21 V |
| Iclass2 | Class 2: Rclass 549 Ω (Note 3) | 17 | [] | 20 | mA | 13 V < VPORTP < 21 V |
| Iclass3 | Class 3: Rclass 357 Ω (Note 3) | 26 | - | 30 | mA | 13 V < VPORTP < 21 V |
| Iclass4 | Class 4: Rclass 255 Ω (Note 3) | 36 | - | 44 | mA | 13 V < VPORTP < 21 V |
| UVLO – INTERN | AL SETTING - NCP1090/91/92 | | | | | |
| Vuvlo_on | Default turn on voltage | _ | 37 | 40 | V | VPORTP rising |
| Vuvlo_off | Default turn off voltage | 29.6 | 31 | - | V | VPORTP falling |
| Vhyst_int | UVLO internal hysteresis | _ | 6 | - | V | |
| Uvlo_filter | UVLO On / Off filter time | _ | 100 | - | μS | For information only |
| UVLO – EXTERN | IAL SETTING – NCP1091 ONLY | | | | | |
| Vuvlo_pr | UVLO external programming range | 25 | - | 50 | V | VPORTP rising |
| Vuvlo_on2 | External UVLO turn on voltage | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V | |
| Vhyst_off2 | External UVLO turn off voltage | 0.95 | 1 | 1.05 | V | |
| Uvlo_ipd | UVLO internal pull down current | _ | 2.5 | - | μΑ | |
| AUXILIARY SUP | PLY SETTING – NCP1092 ONLY | | | | | |
| Aux_h | AUX input high level voltage | 3.1 | - | | V | |
| Aux_I | AUX input low level voltage | - | _ | 0.6 | V | |
| Aux_pd | AUX internal pull down resistor | 100 | - | - | ΚΩ | For information only |

^{3.} A tolerance of 1% on the Rclass resistor is included in the min/max values.

Table 3. OPERATING CONDITIONS (All values are with respect to VPORTN unless otherwise noted.)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Units | Conditions | |
|----------------------------------|---|------|----------|--------|-------|--|--|
| PASS-SWITCH AND CURRENT LIMITING | | | | | | | |
| Ron | Pass-switch Rds-on | _ | 0.5 | 1 | Ω | Measured with I(RTN) = 200 mA | |
| I_inrush | Inrush current with Rinrush = 95.3 k Ω | 75 | 120 | 170 | mA | Measured at RTN-VPORTN = 3 V | |
| I_ilim | Operating current limit with Rinrush = 178 $k\Omega$ | 425 | 500 | 575 | mA | Current limit threshold | |
| POWER GOOD II | NDICATOR | | | | | | |
| Vds_pgood_on | RTN-VPORTN threshold voltage required for power good status | 0.8 | 1 | 1.2 | V | RTN-VPORTN falling | |
| Vds_pgood_off | RTN-VPORTN latchoff threshold voltage | 9 | 10 | 11 | V | RTN-VPORTN rising | |
| Pgood_filter | PGOOD filter time | | 100 | | μS | Rising and falling / for information only | |
| lpgood | I(PGOOD) sinking current | - | - | 5 | mA | 15 | |
| Vpgood_low | PGOOD voltage output low | - | 0.2 | 0.5 | V | Voltage with respect to RTN | |
| CURRENT CONS | SUMPTION | | | | | | |
| IvportP | I(VPORTP) internal current consumption | - | 600 | 900 | μА | VPORTP = 48 V | |
| THERMAL SHUT | DOWN | 1 | | 10 | cell | 10/4 | |
| TSD | Thermal shutdown threshold | 150 | 0 | - C | °C Tj | Tj = junction temperature | |
| Thyst | Thermal hysteresis | - | 15 | IP | °C Tj | Tj = junction temperature | |
| THERMAL RATIN | IGS | 1112 | 11/1 |) 1/2/ |), | | |
| Ta | Ambient temperature | -40 | <u> </u> | 85 | °C | | |
| Tj | Junction temperature | 9×. | 2.0 | 125 | °C | | |

^{3.} A tolerance of 1% on the Rolass resistor is included in the min/max values.

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION

Powered Device Interface

The integrated PD interface supports the IEEE 802.3af defined operating modes: detection signature, current source classification, undervoltage lockout, inrush and operating current limits. The following sections give an overview of these previous processes.

Detection

During the detection phase, the incremental equivalent resistance seen by the PSE through the cable must be in the IEEE 802.3af standard specification range (23.70 k Ω to 26.30 k Ω) for a PSE voltage from 2.7 V to 10.1 V. In order to compensate for the non–linear effect of the diode bridge and satisfy the specification at low PSE voltage, the NCP1090/91/92 present a suitable impedance in parallel with the 24.9 k Ω Rdet external resistor. For some types of diodes (especially Schottky diodes), it may be necessary to adjust this external resistor.

The Rdet resistor has to be inserted between VPORTP and DET pins. During the detection phase, the DET pin is pulled to ground and goes in high impedance mode (open-drain) once the device exit this mode, reducing thus the current consumption on the cable.

Classification

Once the PSE device has detected the PD device, the classification process begins. In classification, the PD regulates a constant current source that is set by the external resistor RCLASS value on the CLASS pin. Figure 4 shows the schematic overview of the classification block. The current source is defined as:

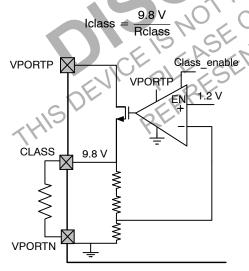


Figure 4. Classification Block Diagram

Power Mode

When the classification hand-shake is completed, the PSE and PD devices move into the operating mode.

Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO)

The NCP1090/91/92 incorporate a fixed under voltage lock out (ULVO) circuit which monitors the input voltage and determines when to turn on the pass switch and charge the dc–dc converter input capacitor before the power up of the application.

The NCP1091 offers a fixed or adjustable Vuvlo_on threshold depending if the UVLO pin is used or not. In Figure 5, the UVLO pin is strapped to ground and the Vuvlo on threshold is defined by the internal level.

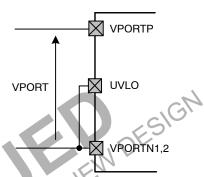


Figure 5. Default Internal UVLO Configuration (NCP1091 only)

To define the UVLO threshold externally, the ULVO pin must be connected to the center of an external resistor divider between VPORTP and VPORTN as shown in Figure 6.

In order to guarantee the detection signature, the equivalent input resistor made of the Ruvlo1, Ruvlo2 and Rdet should be equal to 24.9 k Ω .

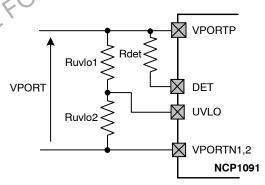


Figure 6. Default Internal UVLO Configuration (NCP1091 only)

For a Vuvlo_on desired turn-on voltage threshold, Ruvlo1 and Ruvlo2 can be calculated using the following equations:

$$Ruvlo = \frac{24.9 \text{ k} \cdot \text{Rdet}}{\text{Rdet} - 24.9 \text{ k}}$$
 with
$$Ruvlo1 + Ruvlo2 = Ruvlo$$
 and
$$Ruvlo2 = \frac{1.2}{\text{Vuvlo_on}} \cdot \text{Ruvlo}$$

With:

Vuvlo on: Desired Turn-On voltage threshold

Example for a Targeted Uvlo on of 35 V:

Let's start with a Rdet of $30.1~k\Omega$. This gives a Ruvlo of $144~k\Omega$ made with a Ruvlo2 of $4.99~k\Omega$ and a Ruvlo1 of $140~k\Omega$ (closest values from E96 series). Note that there is a pull down current of $2.5~\mu A$ typ on the UVLO. Assuming the previous example, this pull down current will create a (non critical) systematic offset of 350~mV on the Uvlon_on level of 35~V.

The external UVLO hysteresis on the NCP1091 is about 15 percent typical.

Inrush and Operational Current Limitations

Both inrush and operational current limit are defined by an external Rinrush resistor connected between INRUSH and VPORTN. The low inrush current limit allows smooth charge of large dc-dc converter input capacitor by limiting the power dissipation over the internal pass switch. In power mode, the operational current limit protects the pass switch and the PD application against excessive transient current and failure on the dc-dc converter output.

Once the input supply reached the Vulvo_on level, the charge of Cpd capacitor starts with a current limitation set to to the INRUSH level. When this capacitor is fully charged, the current limit switches without any spikes from the inrush current to the operational current level and the power good indicator on PGOOD pin is turned on. The capacitor is considered to be fully charged once the following conditions are satisfied:

- The drain-source voltage of the Pass Switch has decreased below the Vds_pgood_on level (typical 1 V)
- 2. The gate-source voltage of the Pass Switch is sufficiently high (above 2 V typical) which means the current in the pass switch has decreased below the current limit.

This mechanism is depicted in the following Figure 7.

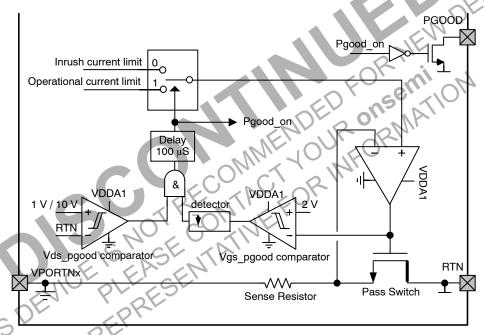


Figure 7. Inrush and Operational Current Limitation Selection Mechanism

The operational current limit and the power good indicator stays active as long as RTN voltage stays below the vds_pgood_off threshold (10 V typical) and the input supply stay above the Vulvo_off level. Therefore, fast and large voltage step lower than 10 V are tolerated on the input without interruption of the converter controller. Higher input transient will not affect the behavior if RTN does not exceed 10 V for more than 100 μS . Such input voltage steps may be introduced by a PSE which is switched to a higher power supply. In case RTN is still above 10 V after this delay, the power good is turned off and the pass switch current limit falls back to the inrush level.

PGOOD Indicator

The NCP1090/91/92 integrate a Power Good indicator circuitry indicating the end of the dc-dc converter input capacitor charge, and the enabling of the operational current limit. This indicator is implemented on the PGOOD pin which goes in open drain state when active and which is pulled to ground during turn off.

A possible usage of this PGOOD pin is illustrated in Figure 8. During the inrush phase, the converter controller is forced in standby mode due to the PGOOD pin forcing low the under voltage lock out pin of the controller. Once the Cpd capacitor is fully charged, PGOOD goes in open drain state, allowing the start up sequence of the converter controller.

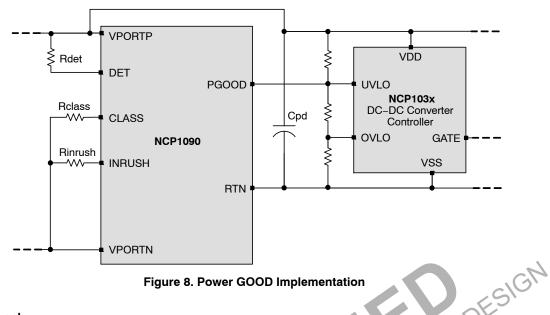


Figure 8. Power GOOD Implementation

Auxiliary Supply

To support application connected to non-PoE enabled networks and minimize the bill of materials, the NCP1093 supports drawing power from an external supply and allows simplified designs with PoE or auxiliary supply priorities.

In most of the cases, the auxiliary supply is connected between VPORTP and RTN with a serial diode between VPORTP and VAUX, as shown in Figure 9.

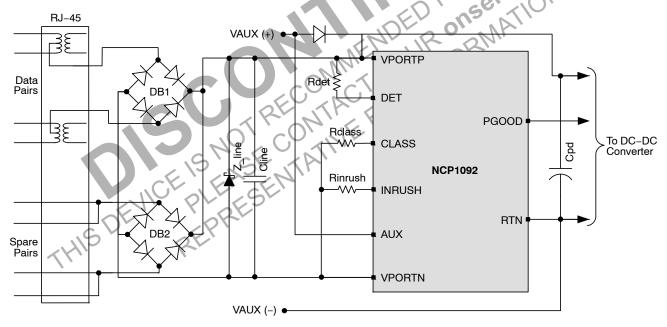


Figure 9. Auxiliary Supply Dominant PD Interface

The NCP1092 offers an AUX input pin which turns off the pass switch when pulled high. This feature is useful for PD applications where the auxiliary supply has to be dominant over the PoE supply. When the auxiliary supply is inserted on a POE powered application, the pass switch disconnection will move the current path from the PSE to the rear auxiliary supply. Since the current delivered by the PSE will goes below the DC MPS level (specified in IEEE 802.3 af/at standard), the PSE will disconnect the PoE-PD

and the application will remain supplied by the auxiliary supply. The transition will happens without any power conversion interruption since the PGOOD indicator stays active (high impedance state).

Next Figure 10 depicts an other PD application where the POE supply is dominant over the VAUX supply. A diode D1 has been added in order to not corrupt the PD detection signature when the dc-dc converter is supplied by VAUX.

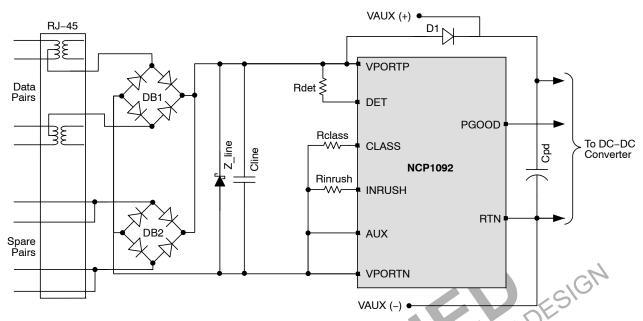


Figure 10. PoE Supply Dominant PD Interface

Thermal Shutdown

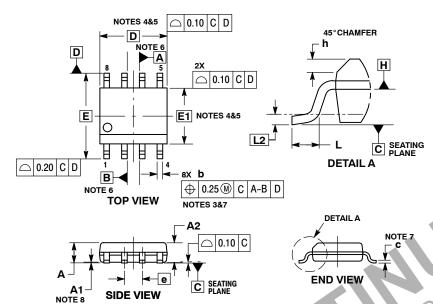
The NCP1090/91/92 include a thermal shutdown which protect the device in case of high junction temperature. Once the thermal shutdown (TSD) threshold is exceeded, the classification block, the pass switch and the PGOOD indicator are disabled. The NCP109X returns automatically to normal operation once the die temperature has fallen below the TSD low limit.

Company or Product Inquiries

For more information about ON Semiconductor's Power over Ethernet products visit our Web site at http://www.onsemi.com/

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

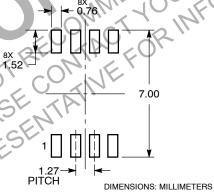
SOIC-8 CASE 751AZ **ISSUE B**



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 DIMENSION & DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.004 mm IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- 4. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 mm PER SIDE. DIMENSION E1 DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 mm PER SIDE.
- THE PACKAGE TOP MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE PACKAGE BOTTOM. DIMENSIONS D AND E1 ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTER-MOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
 DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM H.
- DIMENSIONS b AND c APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD
- BETWEEN 0.10 TO 0.25 FROM THE LEAD TIP.
 A1 IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE PACKAGE BODY.

| | | MILLIN | IETERS | |
|------------|-----|------------|--------|-------|
| | DIM | MIN | MAX | |
| | A | - | 1.75 | |
| | A1 | 0.10 | 0.25 | |
| E7 | A2 | 1.25 | H | N |
| | b | 0.31 | 0.51 | 1 . |
| | C | 0.10 | 0.25 | |
| | D | 4.90 | BSC | |
| | E | 6.00 | BSC . | |
| | É1 | 3.90 | BSC | - 1 |
| | e | 1.27 | BSC | |
| | ŀ h | 0.25 | 0.41 | /(), |
| CV | L | 0.40 | 1.27 | |
| | L2 | 0.25 | BSC | |
|) _ | V | - 1 | 1/1 | |
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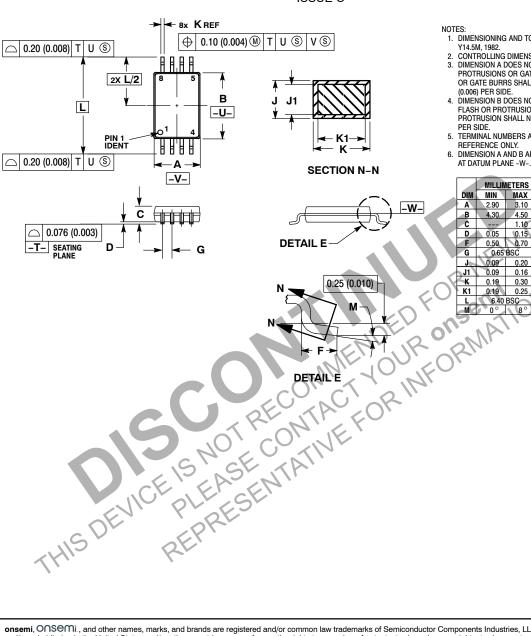
RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT



THIS DEVICE. *For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the onsemi Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TSSOP-8 CASE 948S ISSUE C



NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
- DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
 PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15
- (0.006) PER SIDE.
 DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE
- TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR
- REFERENCE ONLY.
 6. DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-

| | MILLIN | IETERS | INCHES | | |
|-----|----------|--------|-----------|-------|--|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| Α | 2.90 | 3.10 | 0.114 | 0.122 | |
| В | 4.30 | 4.50 | 0.169 | 0.177 | |
| C | | 1.10 | | 0.043 | |
| D | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.002 | 0.006 | |
| E | 0.50 | 0.70 | 0.020 | 0.028 | |
| G | 0.65 BSC | | 0.026 BSC | | |
| J | 0.09 | 0.20 | 0.004 | 0.008 | |
| J1 | 0.09 | 0.16 | 0.004 | 0.006 | |
| K | 0.19 | 0.30 | 0.007 | 0.012 | |
| K1 | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.007 | 0.010 | |
| L | 6.40 BSC | | 0.252 | BSC | |
| M | 0° | 8°) | 0° | 8° | |
| 7 | . 1 | 1 | | | |

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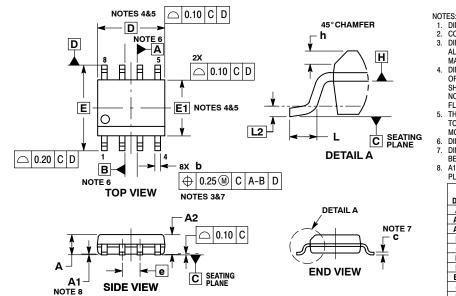
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SOIC-8 CASE 751AZ **ISSUE B**

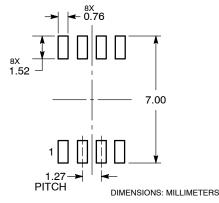
DATE 18 MAY 2015



- IES:
 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 DIMENSION & DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. 3. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.004 mm IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
 DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS
 OR GATE BURRS, MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS
 SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 mm PER SIDE. DIMENSION E1 DOES
 NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD
- FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 mm PER SIDE.
 THE PACKAGE TOP MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE PACKAGE BOTTOM. DIMENSIONS D AND E1 ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTER-MOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
 DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM H.
- DIMENSIONS b AND c APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.10 TO 0.25 FROM THE LEAD TIP.
- A1 IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE PACKAGE BODY.

| - | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|------|--|--|--|
| | MILLIMETERS | | | | |
| DIM | MIN MAX | | | | |
| Α | | 1.75 | | | |
| A1 | 0.10 | 0.25 | | | |
| A2 | 1.25 | | | | |
| b | 0.31 | 0.51 | | | |
| C | 0.10 | 0.25 | | | |
| D | 4.90 | BSC | | | |
| E | 6.00 BSC | | | | |
| E1 | 3.90 | BSC | | | |
| е | 1.27 BSC | | | | |
| h | 0.25 | 0.41 | | | |
| Г | 0.40 | 1.27 | | | |
| L2 | 0.25 | BSC | | | |

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the onsemi Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXXXX = Specific Device Code = Assembly Location

= Wafer Lot L Υ = Year

W

= Work Week = Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "■", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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|------------------|-------------|---|-------------|--|--|
| DESCRIPTION: | SOIC-8 | | PAGE 1 OF 1 | | |

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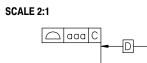


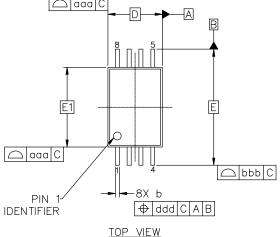


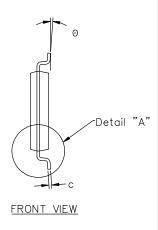
TSSOP-8 3.00x4.00x0.90, 0.65P

CASE 948S ISSUE D

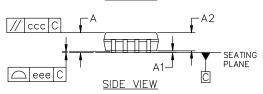
DATE 24 OCT 2025







MILLIMETERS DIM MIN NOM MAX0.90 1.10 Α 1.00 A1 0.05 0.10 0.15 Α2 0.80 0.90 1.00 b 0.19 0.25 0.30 0.09 0.15 0.20 C D 3.00 BSC Ε 6.40 BSC E1 4.40 BSC 0.50 0.60 0.70 L1 1.00 REF L2 0.25 BSC Θ 0. 4° 8. TOLERANCE FORM & POSITION 0.10 aaa bbb 0.20 0.10 ccc 0.10 ddd 0.05 eee



NOTES

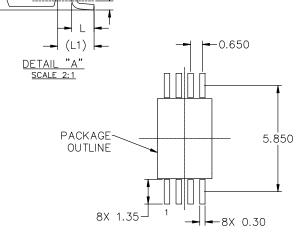
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M, 2018.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 DIMENSION "D" DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR
 GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURRS SHALL
- NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE.

 DIMENSION "E1" DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR

 PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT
- EXCEED 0.25 PER SIDE.

 DIMENSION "b" DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION.

 ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08mm TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE "b" DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OF THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD IS 0.07mm.



L2 GAUGE PLANE

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*

XXX YWW A •

XXX = Specific Device Code = Assembly Location

= Year

ww = Work Week = Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "=", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

RECOMMENDED MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the onsemi Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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| DESCRIPTION: | TSSOP-8 3.00x4.00x0.90, | 0.65P | PAGE 1 OF 1 | | |

SEATING PLANE

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