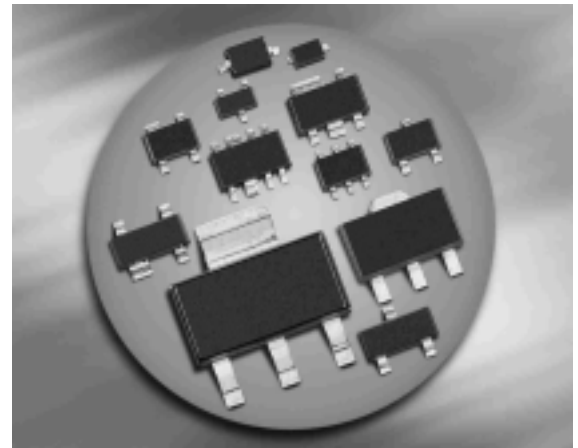
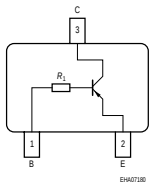


PNP Silicon Digital Transistor

- Switching circuit, inverter, interface circuit, driver circuit
- Built in bias resistor ($R_1 = 47k\Omega$)


**BCR199F/L3
BCR199T**


Type	Marking	Pin Configuration						Package
BCR199F*	UBs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	TSFP-3
BCR199L3*	UB	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	TSFP-3-4
BCR199T*	UB	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SC75

* Preliminary

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	50	V
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	50	
Input forward voltage	$V_{i(fwd)}$	80	
Input reverse voltage	$V_{i(rev)}$	5	
Collector current	I_C	70	mA
Total power dissipation- BCR199F, $T_S \leq 128^\circ\text{C}$ BCR199L3, $T_S \leq 135^\circ\text{C}$ BCR199T, $T_S \leq 109^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	250 250 250	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	150	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 ... 150	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}		K/W
BCR199F		≤ 90	
BCR199L3		≤ 60	
BCR199T		≤ 165	

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	

DC Characteristics

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$, $I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	50	-	-	V
Collector-base breakdown voltage $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$, $I_E = 0$	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	50	-	-	
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$, $I_E = 0$	I_{CBO}	-	-	100	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 0$	I_{EBO}	-	-	100	nA
DC current gain ²⁾ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	120	-	630	-
Collector-emitter saturation voltage ²⁾ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	-	-	0.3	V
Input off voltage $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	$V_{i(off)}$	0.4	-	0.8	
Input on voltage $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{i(on)}$	0.5	-	1.5	
Input resistor	R_1	32	47	62	k Ω

AC Characteristics

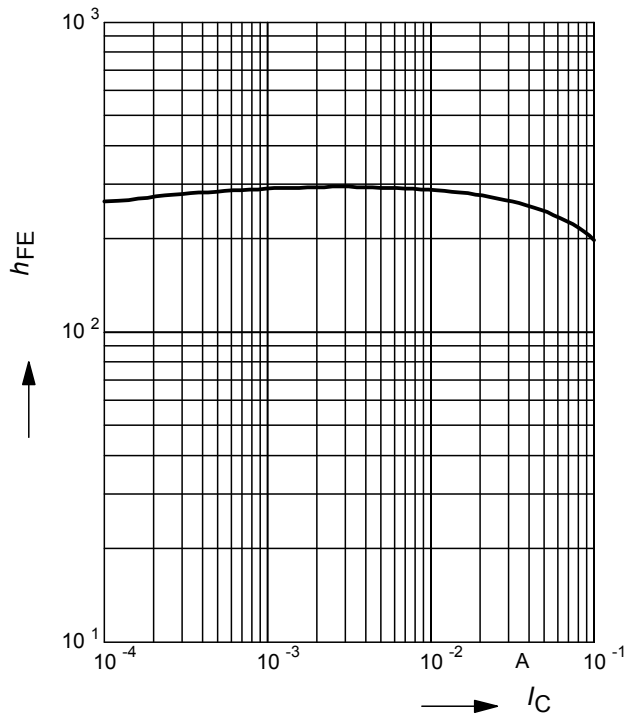
Transition frequency $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$, $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	f_T	-	200	-	MHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_{cb}	-	3	-	-

¹⁾For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

²⁾Pulse test: $t < 300 \mu\text{s}$; $D < 2\%$

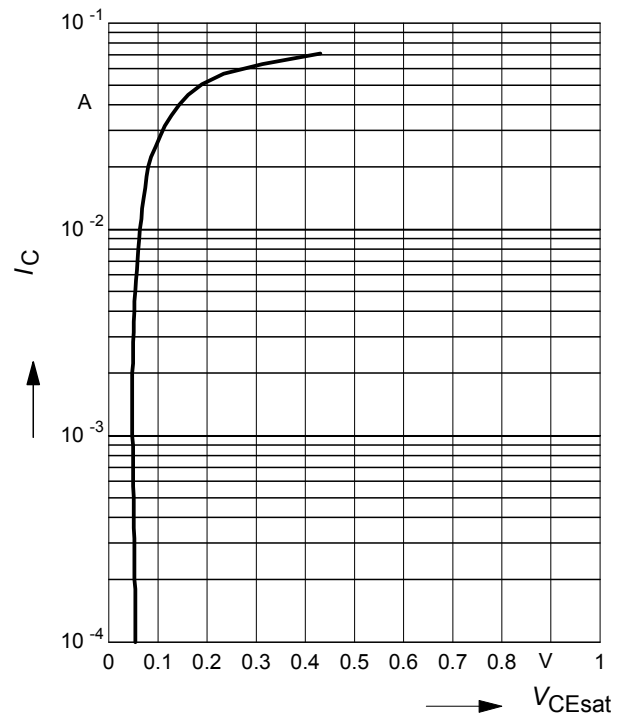
DC current gain $h_{FE} = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ (common emitter configuration)



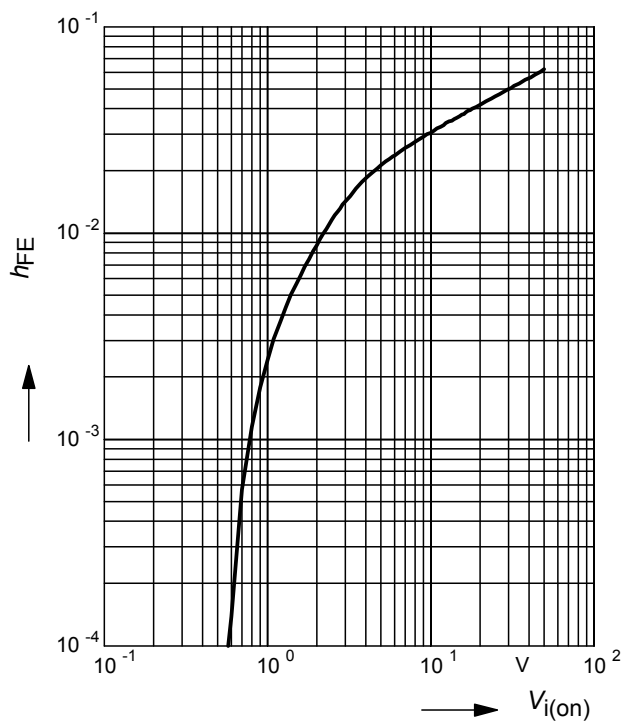
Collector-emitter saturation voltage

$V_{CEsat} = f(I_C), h_{FE} = 20$



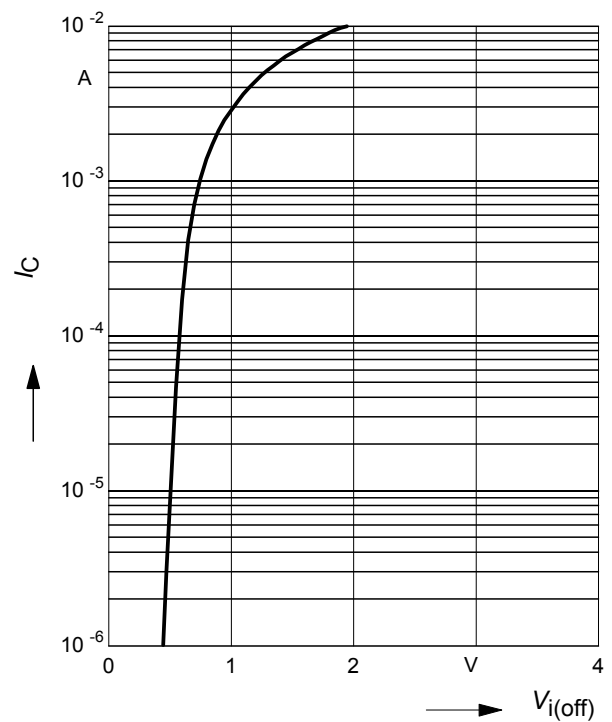
Input on Voltage $V_{i(on)} = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 0.3 \text{ V}$ (common emitter configuration)



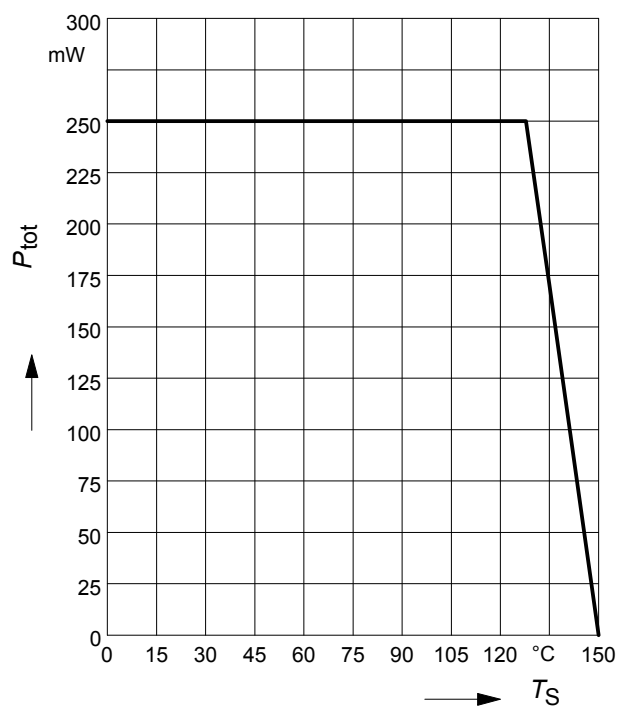
Input off voltage $V_{i(off)} = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ (common emitter configuration)



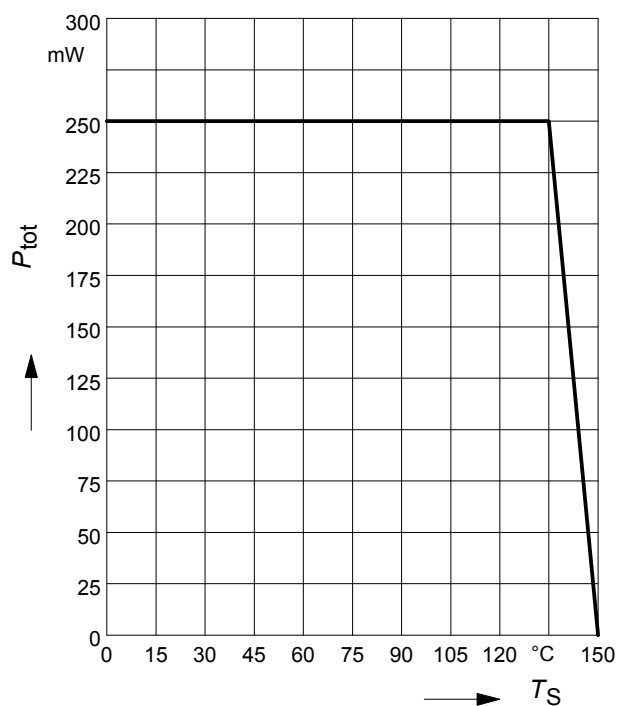
Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

BCR199F



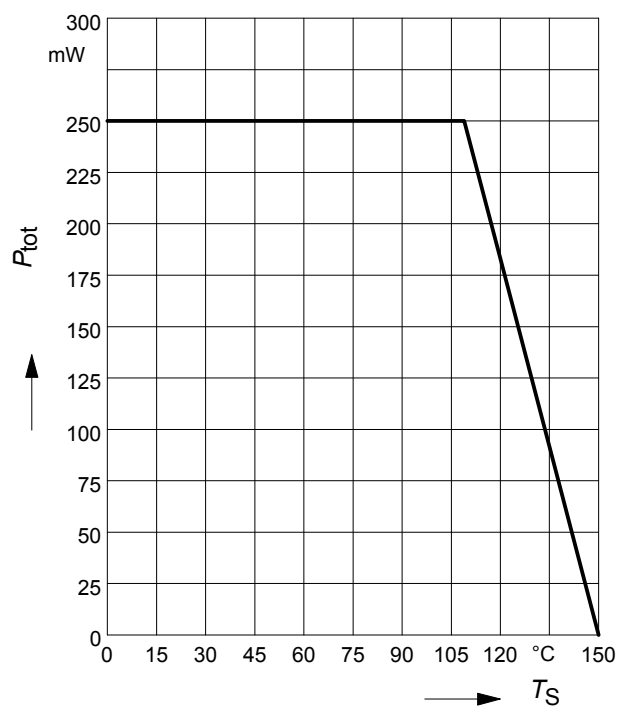
Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

BCR199L3



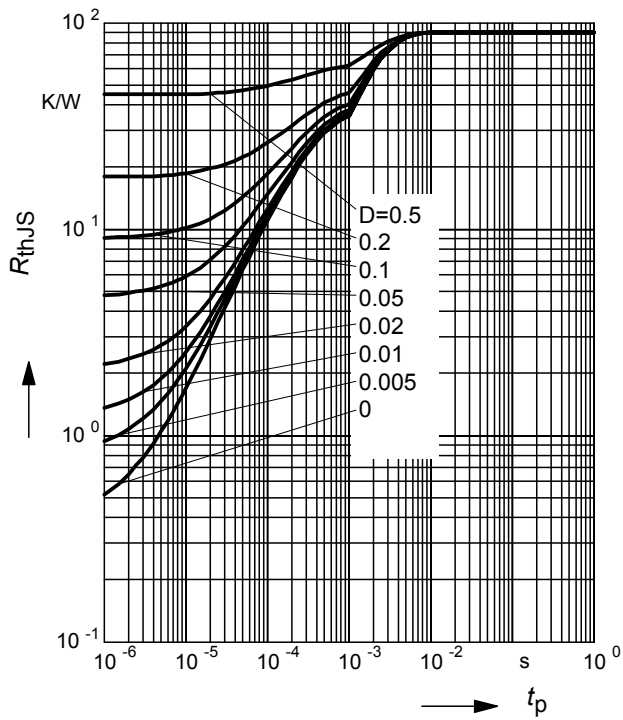
Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

BCR199T



Permissible Puls Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$

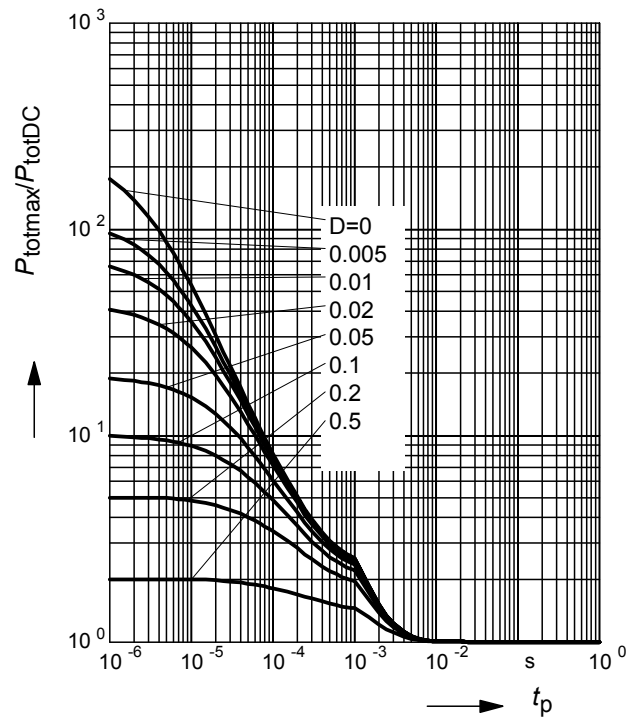
BCR199F



Permissible Pulse Load

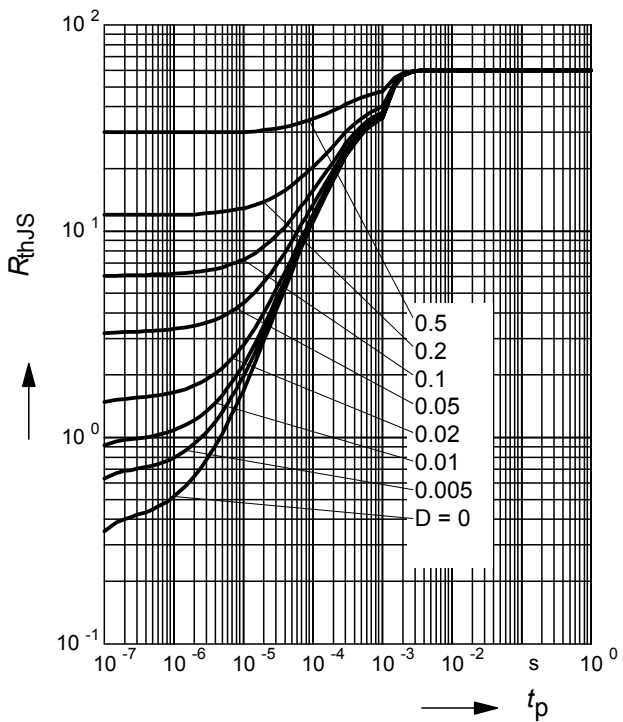
$$P_{totmax}/P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$$

BCR199F



Permissible Puls Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$

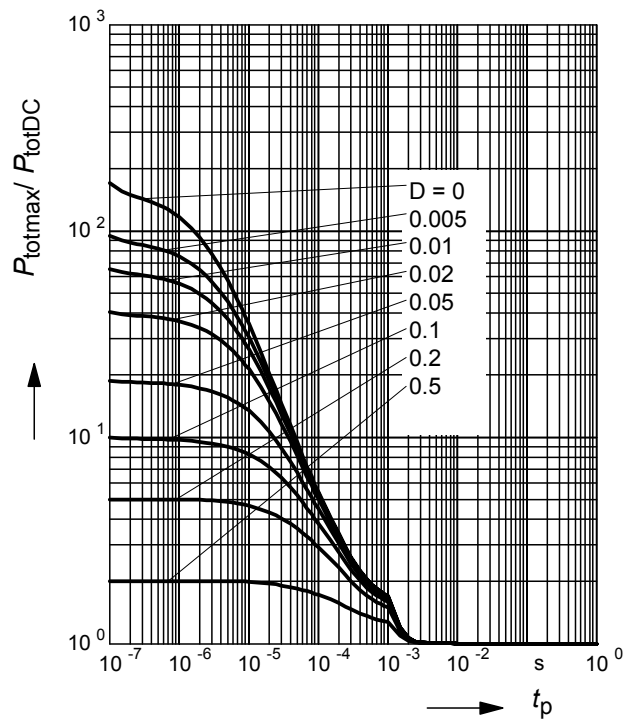
BCR199L3



Permissible Pulse Load

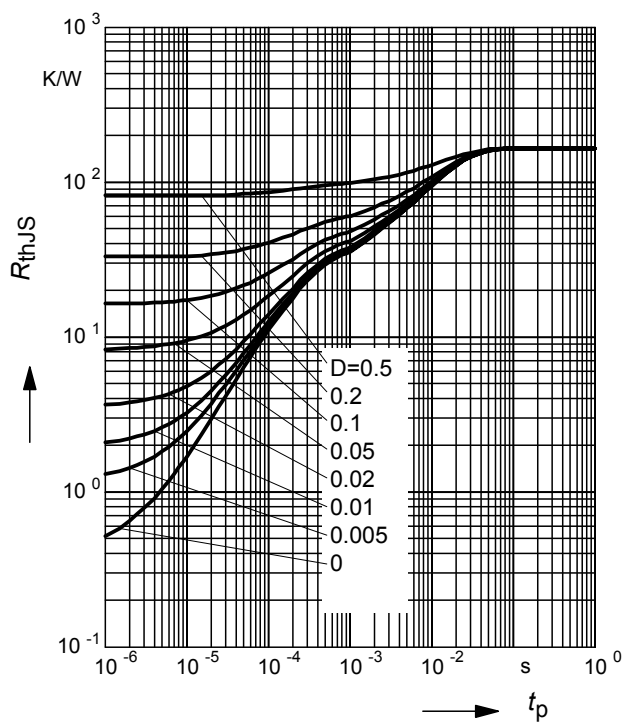
$$P_{totmax}/P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$$

BCR199L3



Permissible Puls Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$

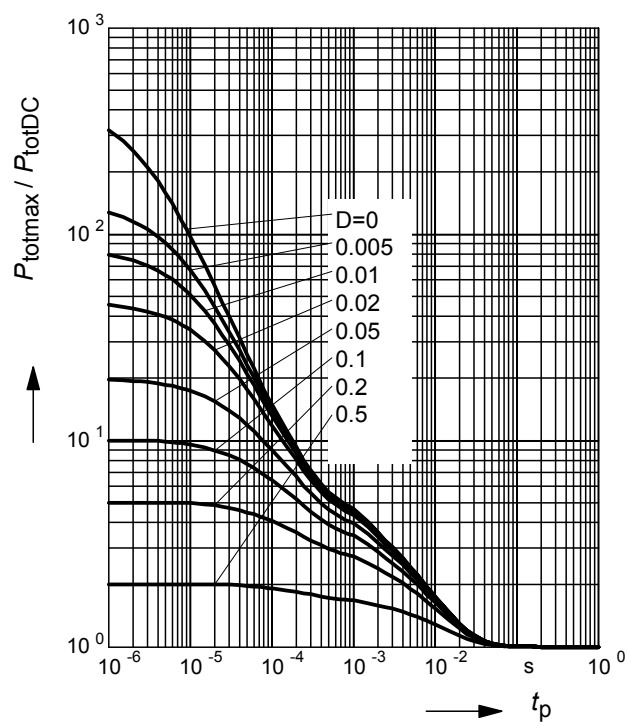
BCR199T



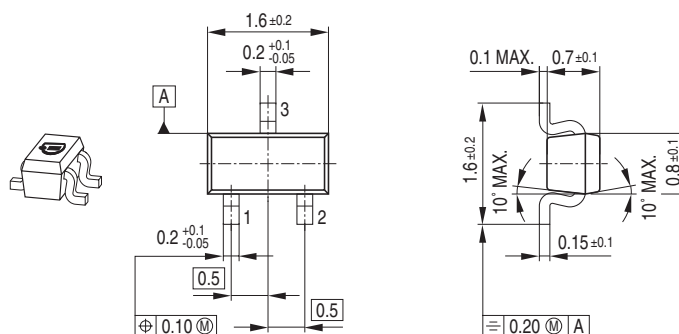
Permissible Pulse Load

$$P_{totmax}/P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$$

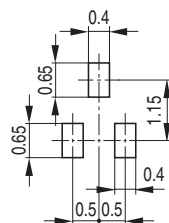
BCR199T



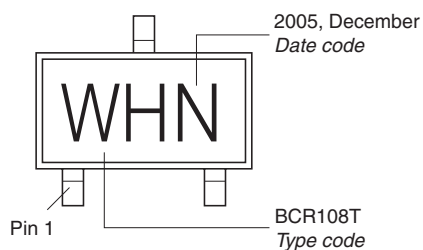
Package Outline



Foot Print

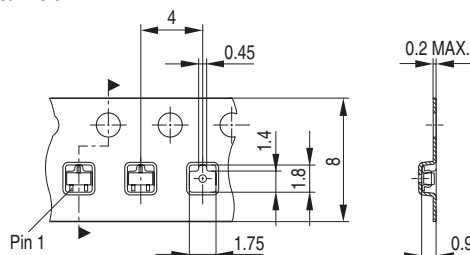


Marking Layout (Example)



Standard Packing

Reel $\phi 180$ mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel
 Reel $\phi 330$ mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



Date Code marking for discrete packages with one digit (SCD80, SC79, SC75¹⁾) CES-Code

Month	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
01	a	p	A	P	a	p	A	P	a	p	A	P
02	b	q	B	Q	b	q	B	Q	b	q	B	Q
03	c	r	C	R	c	r	C	R	c	r	C	R
04	d	s	D	S	d	s	D	S	d	s	D	S
05	e	t	E	T	e	t	E	T	e	t	E	T
06	f	u	F	U	f	u	F	U	f	u	F	U
07	g	v	G	V	g	v	G	V	g	v	G	V
08	h	x	H	X	h	x	H	X	h	x	H	X
09	j	y	J	Y	j	y	J	Y	j	y	J	Y
10	k	z	K	Z	k	z	K	Z	k	z	K	Z
11	l	2	L	4	l	2	L	4	l	2	L	4
12	n	3	N	5	n	3	N	5	n	3	N	5

1) New Marking Layout for SC75, implemented at October 2005.

[illegible]

Technical drawing of a mechanical part. The part has a central vertical section with a width of 0.4 and a height of 1.05. There are two smaller rectangular features on the sides, each with a width of 0.4 and a height of 0.45. The total width of the part is 0.4 + 0.4 + 0.4 = 1.2. The total height is 1.05 + 0.45 = 1.5. The drawing includes a dashed line indicating a hidden edge.

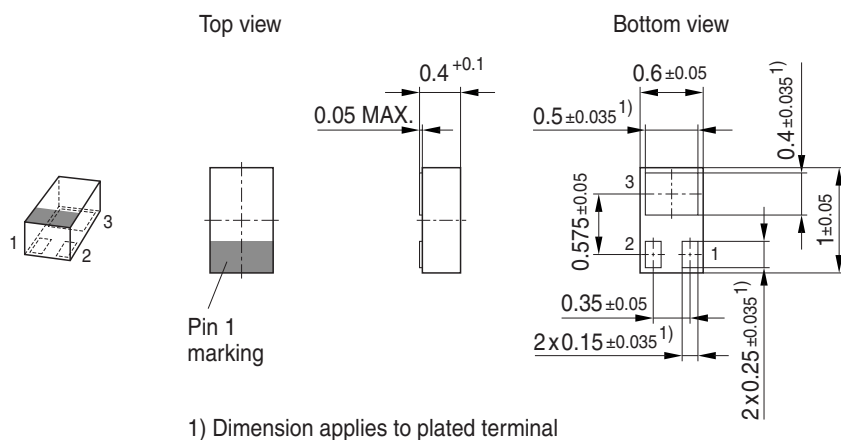
Pin 1

BCR847BF

Type code

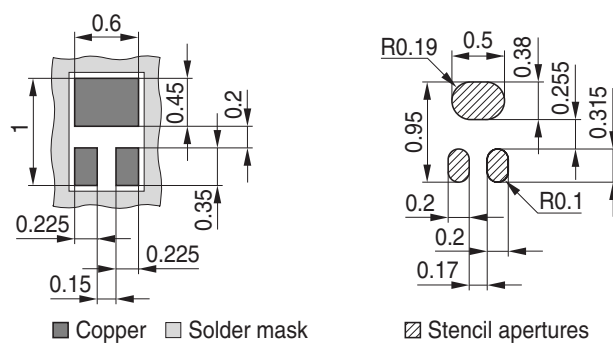
infineon
Manufacturer

Package Outline

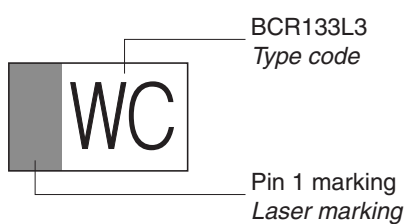


Foot Print

For board assembly information please refer to Infineon website "Packages"

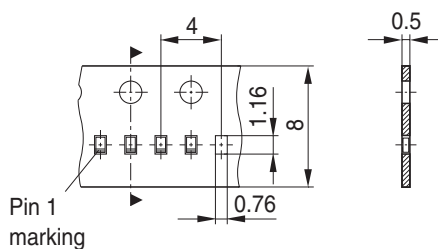


Marking Layout



Standard Packing

Reel ø180 mm = 15.000 Pieces/Reel



Edition 2006-02-01

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 München, Germany

© Infineon Technologies AG 2006.

All Rights Reserved.

Attention please!

The information given in this dokument shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie"). With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system.

Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.