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# 2.5-V 460-kbps RS-232 TRANSCEIVER WITH ±15-kV ESD PROTECTION

Check for Samples: TRS3318

#### **FEATURES**

- ESD Protection for RS-232 I/O Pins
  - ±15 kV Human-Body Model (HBM)
  - ±8 kV IEC 61000-4-2, Contact Discharge
  - ±8 kV IEC 61000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge
- 300-µA Operating Supply Current
- 1-μA Low-Power Standby (With Receivers Active) Mode
- Designed to Transmit at a Data Rate of 460 kbps
- Auto-Powerdown Plus Option Features Flexible Power-Saving Mode
- Operates From a Single 2.25-V to 3-V V<sub>CC</sub> Supply

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Battery-Powered Systems
- PDAs
- Cellular Phones
- Notebooks
- Hand-Held Equipment
- Pagers

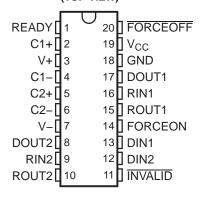
#### DESCRIPTION

The TRS3318 is a dual-driver, dual-receiver, RS-232 compatible transceiver. The device features autopowerdown plus and enhanced electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection integrated into the chip. Driver output and receiver input are protected to ±8 kV using the IEC 61000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge method, ±8 kV using the IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge method, and ±15 kV using the Human-Body Model (HBM).

The device operates at a data rate of 460 kbps. The transceiver has a proprietary low-dropout driver output stage enabling RS-232-compatible operation from a 2.25-V to 3-V supply with a dual charge pump. The charge pump requires only four 0.1-µF capacitors and features a logic-level output (READY) that asserts when the charge pump is regulating and the device is ready to begin transmitting.

The TRS3318 achieves a 1-µA supply current using the auto-powerdown feature. This device automatically enters a low-power power-down mode when the RS-232 cable is disconnected or the drivers of the connected peripherals are inactive for more than 30 s. The device turns on again when it senses a valid transition at any driver or receiver input. Autopowerdown saves power without changes to the existing BIOS or operating system.

## DB OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)





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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## **DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)**

This device is available in two space-saving packages: 20-pin SSOP and 20-pin TSSOP.

Flexible control options for power management are featured when the serial port and driver inputs are inactive. The auto-powerdown plus feature functions when FORCEON is low and FORCEOFF is high. During this mode of operation, if the device does not sense valid signal transitions on all receiver and driver inputs for approximately 30 s, the built-in charge pump and drivers are powered down, reducing the supply current to 1  $\mu$ A. By disconnecting the serial port or placing the peripheral drivers off, auto-powerdown plus can be disabled when FORCEON and FORCEOFF are high. With auto-powerdown plus enabled, the device activates automatically when a valid signal is applied to any receiver or driver input. INVALID is high (valid data) if any receiver input voltage is greater than 2.7 V or less than -2.7 V, or has been between -0.3 V and 0.3 V for less than 30  $\mu$ s (typical number). INVALID is low (invalid data) if all receiver input voltage are between -0.3 V and 0.3 V for more than 30  $\mu$ s (typical number).

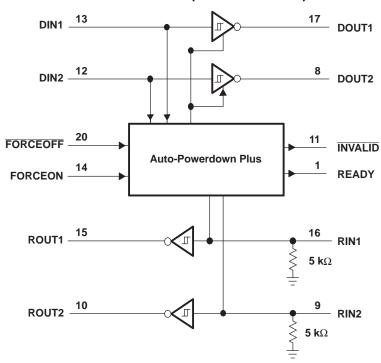
#### FUNCTION TABLE(1)

	INPUT CO	ONDITIONS			OUTPUT	STATES		
FORCEON	FORCEOFF	RECEIVER OR DRIVER EDGE WITHIN 30 s	VALID RS-232 LEVEL PRESENT AT RECEIVER	DRIVER	RECEIVER	ĪNVALID	READY	OPERATING MODE
			Auto-Powerd	own Plus Co	nditions			•
Н	Н	No	No	Active	Active	L	Н	Normal operation, auto-powerdown plus disabled
Н	Н	No	Yes	Active	Active	Н	Н	Normal operation, auto-powerdown plus disabled
L	Н	Yes	No	Active	Active	L	Н	Normal operation, auto-powerdown plus enabled
L	Н	Yes	Yes	Active	Active	н	Н	Normal operation, auto-powerdown plus enabled
L	Н	No	No	Z	Active	L	L	Power down, auto-powerdown plus enabled
L	Н	No	Yes	Z	Active	Н	L	Power down, auto-powerdown plus enabled
X	L	X	No	Z	Active	L	L	Manual power down
X	L	X	Yes	Z	Active	Н	L	Manual power down
			Auto-Powe	erdown Cond	itions			
INVALID	ĪNVALID	X	No	Z	Active	L	L	Power down, auto-powerdown enabled
ĪNVALID	ĪNVALID	X	Yes	Active	Active	Н	Н	Normal operation, auto-powerdown enabled

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance



## **LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)**



#### **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

TERMII	NAL	
NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1+	2	Positive voltage-doubler charge-pump capacitor
C1-	4	Negative voltage-doubler charge-pump capacitor
C2+	5	Positive inverting charge-pump capacitor
C2-	6	Negative inverting charge-pump capacitor
DIN	12, 13	CMOS driver inputs
DOUT	8, 17	RS-232 driver outputs
FORCEOFF	20	Force-off input, active low. Drive low to power down transmitters and charge pump. This overrides auto-powerdown and FORCEON (see Function Table).
FORCEON	14	Force-on input, active high. Drive high to override auto-powerdown, keeping transmitters on (FORCEOFF must be high) (see Function Table).
GND	18	Ground
INVALID	11	Valid signal detector output, active low. A logic high indicates that a valid RS-232 level is present on a receiver input.
READY	1	Ready to transmit output, active high. READY is enabled high when V– goes below –3.5 V and the device is ready to transmit.
RIN	9, 16	RS-232 receiver inputs
ROUT	10, 15	CMOS receiver outputs
V+	3	2 x V <sub>CC</sub> generated by the charge pump
V-	7	−2 × V <sub>CC</sub> generated by the charge pump
V <sub>CC</sub>	19	2.25-V to 3-V single-supply voltage



## Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range		-0.3	6	V
V+	Positive supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.3	7	V
V-	Negative supply voltage range (2)		-7	0.3	V
V+ + IV-I	Supply voltage differential (2)			13	V
\ /	lanut valtara	DIN, FORCEON, FORCEOFF to GND	-0.3	6	V
VI	Input voltage	RIN to GND		±25	V
\ /	Outrout walte as	DOUT to GND		±13.2	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	ROUT, INVALID, READY to GND	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
	Short-circuit duration	DOUT to GND		Continuous	
		16-pin SSOP (derate 7.14 mW/°C above 70°C)		571	
	Continuous power dissipation $(T_A = 70^{\circ}C)$	20-pin SSOP (derate 8 mW/°C above 70°C		640	mW
	20-pin TSSOP (derate 7 mW/°C above 70°C)			559	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C
	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 s)			300	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

#### See Figure 4

i igaio i						
			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage			2.25	2.5	3	V
Driver and control high-level input voltage	DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V to 3 V	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>		5.5	V
Driver and control low-level input voltage	DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V to 3 V	0		0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Receiver input voltage	•	•	-25		25	V
	TRS3318C		0		70	
Operating free-air temperature	TRS3318I		-40		85	°C
	Supply voltage  Driver and control high-level input voltage  Driver and control low-level input voltage	Supply voltage  Driver and control high-level input voltage  Din, FORCEOFF, FORCEON  Driver and control low-level input voltage  Din, FORCEOFF, FORCEON  Receiver input voltage  TRS3318C	Supply voltage  Driver and control high-level input voltage  DiN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON  Driver and control low-level input voltage  DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEOFF, FORCEOFF, FORCEON  TRS3318C  TRS3318C	Supply voltage 2.25  Driver and control high-level input voltage DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V to } 3 \text{ V}$ 0.7 × $V_{CC}$ Driver and control low-level input voltage DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V to } 3 \text{ V}$ 0  Receiver input voltage $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V to } 3 \text{ V}$ 0  TRS3318C 0	Supply voltage	Supply voltage $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.25 V to 3 V, C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT		
DC Characteristics (V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)							
Auto-powerdown plus supply current	FORCEON = GND, FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub> , All RIN and DIN idle		1	10	μΑ		
Auto-powerdown supply current	FORCEOFF = GND		1	10	μΑ		
Supply current	FORCEON = FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub> , No load		0.3	2	mA		

<sup>(1)</sup> Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## **ESD Protection**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
	Human-Body Model (HBM)	±15	
RIN, DOUT	IEC 61000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge method	±8	kV
	IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge method	±8	

<sup>(2)</sup> V+ and V- can have maximum magnitudes of 7 V, but their absolute difference cannot exceed 13 V.

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#### **DRIVER SECTION**

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,

 $V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}$  to 3 V, C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$V_{hys}$	Driver input hysteresis			0.3		V
I <sub>on</sub>	Input leakage current	FORCEON, DIN, FORCEOFF		±0.01	±1	μΑ
$V_{om}$	Output voltage swing	All driver outputs loaded with 3 $k\Omega$ to ground	±3.7	±4		٧
r <sub>O</sub>	Output resistance	$V_{CC} = 0$ , Driver output = $\pm 2 \text{ V}$	300	10M		Ω
Ios	Output short-circuit current <sup>(2)</sup>			±25	±60	mA
I <sub>off</sub>	Output leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 0 or 2.25 V to 3 V, $V_{OUT}$ = ±12 V, Drivers disabled			±25	μΑ

<sup>(1)</sup> Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.25 V to 3 V, C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
	Maximum data rate	$R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000 \text{ pF}$ , One transmitter switching	460			kbps
t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>	Driver skew <sup>(2)</sup>			100		ns
SR(tr)	Transition-region slew rate	$V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V, $T_A$ = 25°C, $R_L$ = 3 k $\Omega$ to 7 k $\Omega$ , Measured from 3 V to -3 V or -3 V to 3 V, $C_L$ = 150 pF to 2500 pF	4		30	V/µs

(1) Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.
 (2) Pulse skew is defined as |t<sub>PLH</sub> - t<sub>PHL</sub>| of each channel of the same device.

Short-circuit durations should be controlled to prevent exceeding the device absolute power dissipation ratings, and not more than one output should be shorted at a time.



#### RECEIVER SECTION

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.25 V to 3 V, C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
VI	Input voltage range		-25		25	V
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Input voltage threshold low	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IT</sub> _	Input voltage threshold high	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$			V
V <sub>hys</sub>	Input hysteresis			0.3		V
ri	Input resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	3	5	7	kΩ
I <sub>off</sub>	Output leakage current			±0.05	±10	μA
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output voltage low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 mA			0.1 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output voltage high	$I_{OUT} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$	0.9 × V <sub>CC</sub>			V

<sup>(1)</sup> Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.25 V to 3 V, C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Description making delay.	DIN 4- DOUT C. 450 -F	0.175	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Receiver propagation delay	RIN to ROUT, $C_L = 150 \text{ pF}$	0.175	μs
t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>	Receiver skew <sup>(2)</sup>		50	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 2.5 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

#### **AUTO-POWERDOWN PLUS SECTION**

## **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.25 V to 3 V, C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Receiver input threshold to INVALID high	Positive threshold		2.7	\/
	Negative threshold	-2.7		V
Receiver input threshold INVALID low		-0.3	0.3	V
ĪNVALID, READY voltage low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 mA		0.1 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
ĪNVALID, READY voltage high	$I_{OUT} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub>		V

## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,

 $V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}$  to 3 V, C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

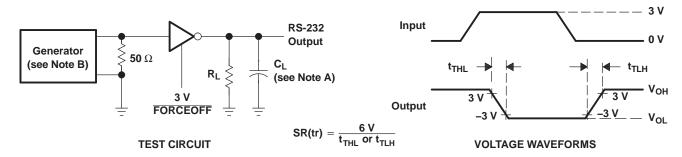
TCC === T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T									
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT			
t <sub>INVH</sub>	Receiver positive or negative threshold to INVALID high	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		1		μs			
$t_{INVL}$	Receiver positive or negative threshold to INVALID low	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		30		μs			
$t_{WU}$	Receiver or driver edge to driver enabled	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		100		μs			
t <sub>AUTOPRDN</sub>	Receiver or driver edge to driver shutdown	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V	15	30	60	s			

(1) Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

<sup>(2)</sup> Pulse skew is defined as |t<sub>PLH</sub> - t<sub>PHL</sub>| of each channel of the same device.



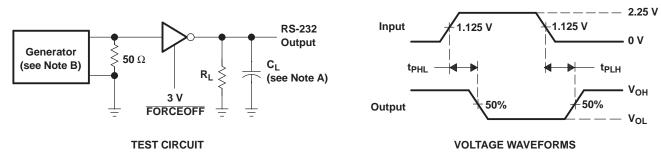
#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

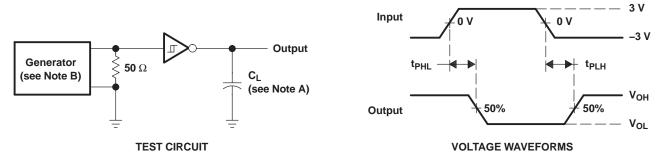
Figure 1. Driver Slew Rate



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns.  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

Figure 2. Driver Pulse Skew



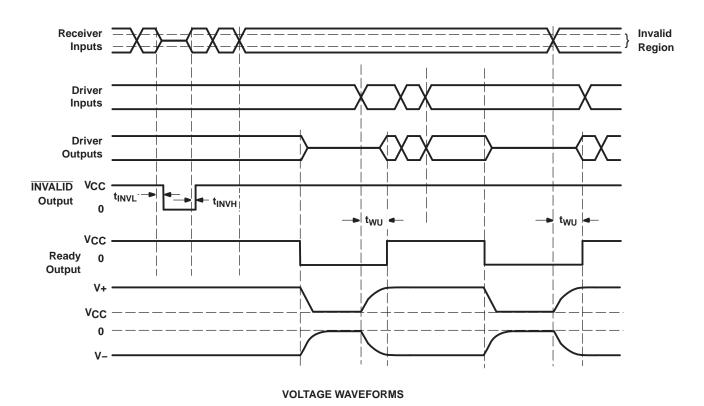
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0$  = 50  $\Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le$  10 ns,  $t_f \le$  10 ns.

Figure 3. Receiver Propagation Delay Times



#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



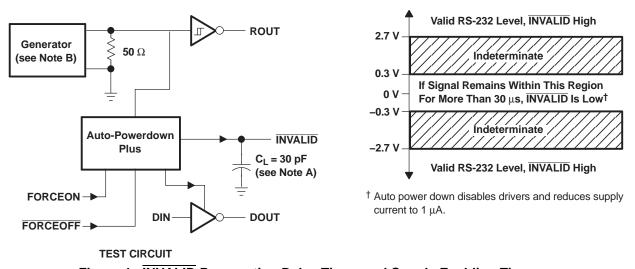
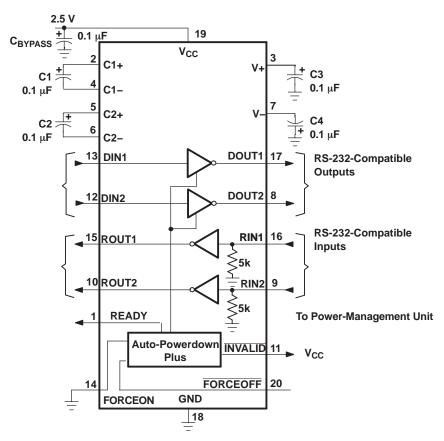


Figure 4. INVALID Propagation Delay Times and Supply Enabling Time

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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



**Figure 5. Typical Application Circuit** 



## **REVISION HISTORY**

Changes from Original (August 2007) to Revision A					
•	Updated document to new TI datasheet format - no specification changes.	1			
•	Removed Ordering Information Table.	<mark>2</mark>			
•	Updated TERMINAL FUNCTIONS table to fix inconsistency.	3			





11-Aug-2014

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TRS3318CDB	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318CDBG4	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318CDBR	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318CDBRG4	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318CPW	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318CPWG4	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318CPWR	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318CPWRG4	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
TRS3318IDB	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
TRS3318IDBG4	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
TRS3318IDBR	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
TRS3318IDBRG4	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
TRS3318IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	RV18I	Samples
TRS3318IPWR	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
TRS3318IPWRG4	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

11-Aug-2014

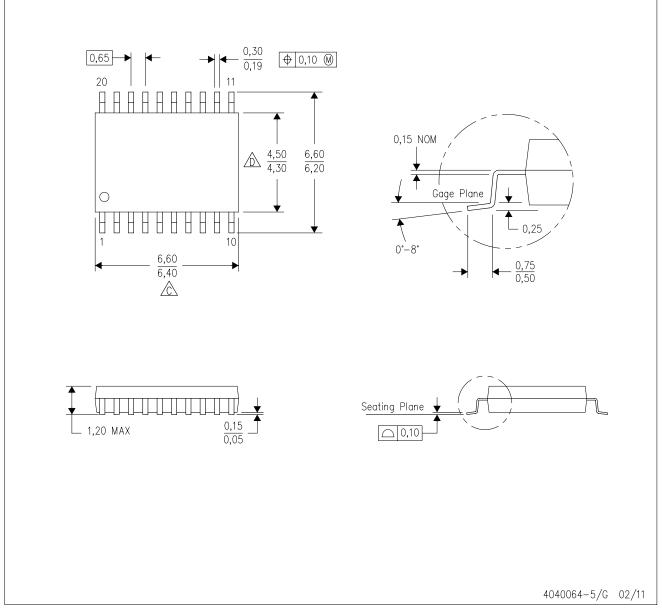
- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

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PW (R-PDSO-G20)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



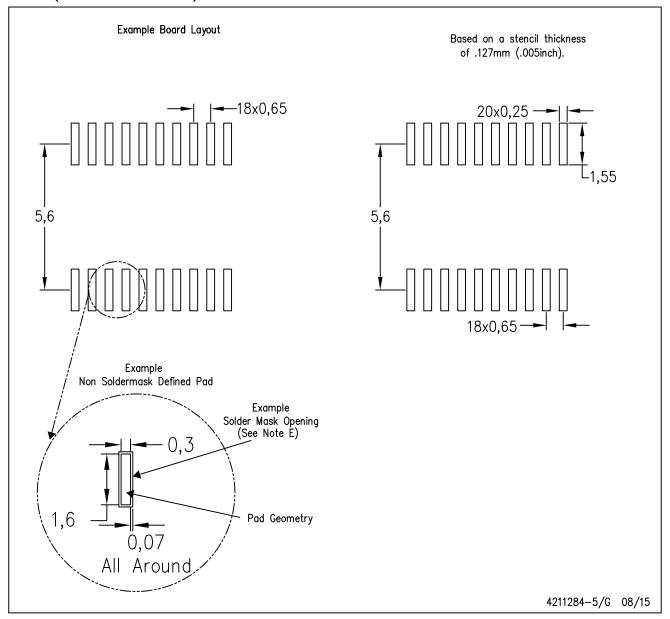
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



## PW (R-PDSO-G20)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate design.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



## DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

#### **28 PINS SHOWN**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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