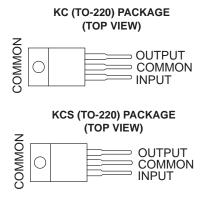
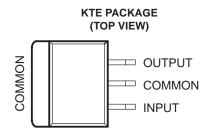
- ±1% Output Tolerance at 25°C
- ±2% Output Tolerance Over Full Operating Range
- **Thermal Shutdown**

- **Internal Short-Circuit Current Limiting**
- Pinout Identical to µA7800 Series
- Improved Version of µA7800 Series





# description/ordering information

Each fixed-voltage precision regulator in the TL780 series is capable of supplying 1.5 A of load current. A unique temperature-compensation technique, coupled with an internally trimmed band-gap reference, has resulted in improved accuracy when compared to other three-terminal regulators. Advanced layout techniques provide excellent line, load, and thermal regulation. The internal current-limiting and thermal-shutdown features essentially make the devices immune to overload.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

| TJ           | V <sub>O</sub> TYP<br>(V) | PACKAGE <sup>†</sup>         |              | ORDERABLE<br>PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE<br>MARKING |
|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
|              |                           | PowerFLEX™ (KTE)             | Reel of 2000 | TL780-05CKTER            | TL780-05C           |
| 0°C to 125°C | 5                         | TO-220 (KC)                  | Tube of 50   | TL780-05CKC              | TL780-05C           |
|              |                           | TO-220, short shoulder (KCS) | Tube of 20   | TL780-05KCS              | TL780-05            |
|              | 12                        | TO-220 (KC)                  | Tube of 50   | TL780-12CKC              | TL780-12C           |
|              |                           | TO-220, short shoulder (KCS) | Tube of 20   | TL780-12KCS              | TL780-12            |
|              | 45                        | TO-220 (KC)                  | Tube of 50   | TL780-15CKC              | TL780-15C           |
|              | 15                        | TO-220, short shoulder (KCS) | Tube of 20   | TL780-15KCS              | TL780-15            |

<sup>†</sup>Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

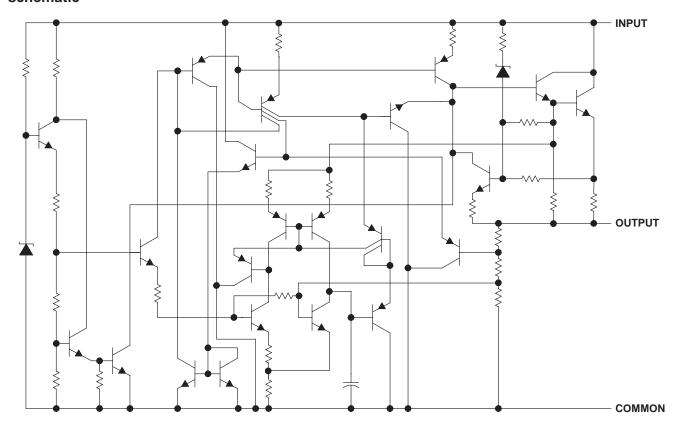


Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PowerFLEX is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



#### schematic



# absolute maximum ratings over operating temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

| Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub>                                | . 35 V |
|--|--------|
| Operating virtual junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub>       | 150°C  |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds | 260°C  |
| Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub> –65°C to         | 150°C  |

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## package thermal data (see Note 1)

| PACKAGE          | BOARD             | θЈС    | $\theta$ JA | θJP <sup>‡</sup> |
|------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|------------------|
| PowerFLEX™ (KTE) | High K, JESD 51-5 | 3°C/W  | 23°C/W      |                  |
| TO-220 (KC/KCS)  | High K, JESD 51-5 | 17°C/W | 19°C/W      | 3°C/W            |

NOTE 1: Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability. Due to variations in individual device electrical characteristics and thermal resistance, the built-in thermal overload protection may be activated at power levels slightly above or below the rated dissipation.



<sup>‡</sup> For packages with exposed thermal pads, such as QFN, PowerPAD, or PowerFLEX, θJP is defined as the thermal resistance between the die junction and the bottom of the exposed pad.

# recommended operating conditions

|    |  |   | MIN  | MAX | UNIT |
|----|--|---|------|-----|------|
|    | TL780-050                              | ; | 7    | 25  |      |
| VI | Input voltage TL780-120                | ; | 14.5 | 30  | V    |
|    | TL780-150                              | ; | 17.5 | 30  |      |
| lo | Output current                         |   |      | 1.5 | Α    |
| TJ | Operating virtual junction temperature |   | 0    | 125 | °C   |

# electrical characteristics at specified virtual junction temperature, $V_I$ = 10 V, $I_O$ = 500 mA (unless otherwise noted)

| 242445                                    | TEGT CONDITIONS                        | _ +             | TL780-05C |        |      | UNIT  |  |
|---|--|-----------------|-----------|--------|------|-------|--|
| PARAMETER                                 | TEST CONDITIONS                        | T√ţ             | MIN       | TYP    | MAX  | UNII  |  |
| Output wells as                           | $I_0 = 5 \text{ mA to 1 A},  P \le 15$ | W, 25°C         | 4.95      | 5      | 5.05 | .,    |  |
| Output voltage                            | $V_{I} = 7 \text{ V to } 20 \text{ V}$ | 0°C to 125°C    | 4.9       |        | 5.1  | V     |  |
| Least college as a soletion               | $V_{I} = 7 \text{ V to } 25 \text{ V}$ | 0500            |           | 0.5    | 5    |       |  |
| Input voltage regulation                  | V <sub>I</sub> = 8 V to 12 V           | 25°C            |           | 0.5    | 5    | mV    |  |
| Ripple rejection                          | V <sub>I</sub> = 8 V to 18 V, f = 120  | Hz 0°C to 125°C | 70        | 85     |      | dB    |  |
|   | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA to 1.5 A         | 0500            |           | 4      | 25   | ,,    |  |
| Output voltage regulation                 | I <sub>O</sub> = 250 mA to 750 mA      | 25°C            |           | 1.5    | 15   | mV    |  |
| Output resistance                         | f = 1 kHz                              | 0°C to 125°C    | C         | 0.0035 |      | Ω     |  |
| Temperature coefficient of output voltage | $I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$                   | 0°C to 125°C    |           | 0.25   |      | mV/°C |  |
| Output noise voltage                      | f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz                   | 25°C            |           | 75     |      | μV    |  |
| Dropout voltage                           | I <sub>O</sub> = 1 A                   | 25°C            |           | 2      |      | V     |  |
| Input bias current                        |  | 25°C            |           | 5      | 8    | mA    |  |
| Land bin a summer of the same             | V <sub>I</sub> = 7 V to 25 V           | 000 1- 40500    |           | 0.7    | 1.3  |       |  |
| Input bias-current change                 | $I_O = 5$ mA to 1 A                    | 0°C to 125°C    |           | 0.003  | 0.5  | mA    |  |
| Short-circuit output current              |  | 25°C            |           | 750    |      | mA    |  |
| Peak output current                       |  | 25°C            |           | 2.2    |      | Α     |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Pulse-testing techniques maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible. Thermal effects must be taken into account separately. All characteristics are measured with a 0.33-μF capacitor across the input and a 0.22-μF capacitor across the output.

# electrical characteristics at specified virtual junction temperature, $V_I = 19 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = 500 \text{ mA}$ (unless otherwise noted)

|   |   | _ +             | TL780-120 |       |       |  |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------|-------|-------|--|
| PARAMETER                                 | TEST CONDITIONS                                     | TJ <sup>†</sup> | MIN TYP   | MAX   | UNIT  |  |
| Outrot college                            | $I_{O} = 5 \text{ mA to 1 A},  P \le 15 \text{ W},$ | 25°C            | 11.88 12  | 12.12 | .,    |  |
| Output voltage                            | V <sub>I</sub> = 14.5 V to 27 V                     | 0°C to 125°C    | 11.76     | 12.24 | V     |  |
| Leave to a transport and a firm           | V <sub>I</sub> = 14.5 V to 30 V                     | 0500            | 1.2       | 12    | mV    |  |
| Input voltage regulation                  | V <sub>I</sub> = 16 V to 22 V                       | 25°C            | 1.2       | 12    |       |  |
| Ripple rejection                          | V <sub>I</sub> = 15 V to 25 V, f = 120 Hz           | 0°C to 125°C    | 65 80     |       | dB    |  |
|   | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA to 1.5 A                      | 2500            | 6.5       | 60    | mV    |  |
| Output voltage regulation                 | I <sub>O</sub> = 250 mA to 750 mA                   | 25°C            | 2.5       | 36    |       |  |
| Output resistance                         | f = 1 kHz   | 0°C to 125°C    | 0.0035    |       | Ω     |  |
| Temperature coefficient of output voltage | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA                               | 0°C to 125°C    | 0.6       |       | mV/°C |  |
| Output noise voltage                      | f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz                                | 25°C            | 180       |       | μV    |  |
| Dropout voltage                           | I <sub>O</sub> = 1 A                                | 25°C            | 2         |       | V     |  |
| Input bias current                        |   | 25°C            | 5.5       | 8     | mA    |  |
| Level bire comment above as               | V <sub>I</sub> = 14.5 V to 30 V                     | 000 1- 40500    | 0.4       | 1.3   |       |  |
| Input bias-current change                 | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA to 1 A                        | 0°C to 125°C    | 0.03      | 0.5   | mA    |  |
| Short-circuit output current              |   | 25°C            | 350       |       | mA    |  |
| Peak output current                       | urrent  |                 | 2.2       |       | Α     |  |

<sup>†</sup> Pulse-testing techniques maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible. Thermal effects must be taken into account separately. All characteristics are measured with a 0.33-µF capacitor across the input and a 0.22-µF capacitor across the output.

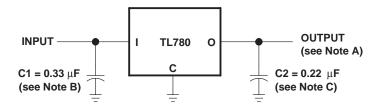
# electrical characteristics at specified virtual junction temperature, $V_I$ = 23 V, $I_O$ = 500 mA (unless otherwise noted)

| DADAMETED                                 | TEGT GOVERNMENT   | _ +          | TL780-15C |        |       |       |  |
|---|---|--------------|-----------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| PARAMETER                                 | TEST CONDITIONS   | TJ†          | MIN       | TYP    | MAX   | UNIT  |  |
| Output wellians                           | $I_{O} = 5 \text{ mA to 1 A}, \qquad P \le 15 \text{ W},$ | 25°C         | 14.85     | 15     | 15.15 | .,    |  |
| Output voltage                            | V <sub>I</sub> = 17.5 V to 30 V                           | 0°C to 125°C | 14.7      |        | 15.3  | V     |  |
|   | V <sub>I</sub> = 17.5 V to 30 V                           | 250          |           | 1.5    | 15    | .,    |  |
| Input voltage regulation                  | V <sub>I</sub> = 20 V to 26 V                             | 25°C         |           | 1.5    | 15    | mV    |  |
| Ripple rejection                          | V <sub>I</sub> = 18.5 V to 28.5 V, f = 120 Hz             | 0°C to 125°C | 60        | 75     |       | dB    |  |
|   | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA to 1.5 A                            |              |           | 7      | 75    | mV    |  |
| Output voltage regulation                 | I <sub>O</sub> = 250 mA to 750 mA                         | 25°C         |           | 2.5    | 45    |       |  |
| Output resistance                         | f = 1 kHz   | 0°C to 125°C | C         | 0.0035 |       | Ω     |  |
| Temperature coefficient of output voltage | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA                                     | 0°C to 125°C |           | 0.62   |       | mV/°C |  |
| Output noise voltage                      | f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz                                      | 25°C         |           | 225    |       | μV    |  |
| Dropout voltage                           | I <sub>O</sub> = 1 A                                      | 25°C         |           | 2      |       | V     |  |
| Input bias current                        |   | 25°C         |           | 5.5    | 8     | mA    |  |
|   | V <sub>I</sub> = 17.5 V to 30 V                           |              |           | 0.4    | 1.3   |       |  |
| Input bias-current change                 | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA to 1 A                              | 0°C to 125°C |           | 0.02   | 0.5   | mA    |  |
| Short-circuit output current              |   | 25°C         |           | 230    |       | mA    |  |
| Peak output current                       |   | 25°C         |           | 2.2    |       | Α     |  |

<sup>†</sup> Pulse-testing techniques maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible. Thermal effects must be taken into account separately. All characteristics are measured with a 0.33-µF capacitor across the input and a 0.22-µF capacitor across the output.



# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. Permanent damage can occur when OUTPUT is pulled below ground.

- B. C1 is required when the regulator is far from the power-supply filter.
- C. C2 is not required for stability; however, transient response is improved.

Figure 1. Test Circuit

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

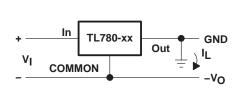
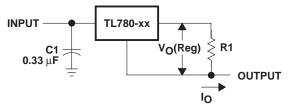


Figure 2. Positive Regulator in Negative Configuration (V<sub>I</sub> Must Float)



 $I_O = (V_O/R1) + I_O$  Bias Current

Figure 3. Current Regulator

### operation with a load common to a voltage of opposite polarity

In many cases, a regulator powers a load that is not connected to ground, but instead, is connected to a voltage source of opposite polarity (e.g., operational amplifiers, level-shifting circuits, etc.). In these cases, a clamp diode should be connected to the regulator output as shown in Figure 4. This protects the regulator from output polarity reversals during startup and short-circuit operation.

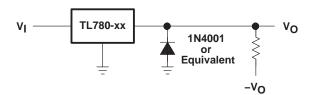


Figure 4. Output Polarity-Reversal-Protection Circuit

#### reverse-bias protection

Occasionally, the input voltage to the regulator can collapse faster than the output voltage. This, for example, could occur when the input supply is crowbarred during an output overvoltage condition. If the output voltage is greater than approximately 7 V, the emitter-base junction of the series pass element (internal or external) could break down and be damaged. To prevent this, a diode shunt can be employed, as shown in Figure 5.

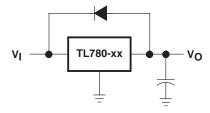


Figure 5. Reverse-Bias-Protection Circuit







i.com 24-Feb-2006

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan (2)      | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| TL780-05CKC      | NRND                  | TO-220          | KC                 | 3                   | TBD               | CU SNPB          | N / A for Pkg Type           |
| TL780-05CKTER    | NRND                  | PFM             | KTE                | 3                   | TBD               | CU SNPB          | Level-1-220C-UNLIM           |
| TL780-05KCS      | ACTIVE                | TO-220          | KCS                | 3                   | TBD               | CU SNPB          | N / A for Pkg Type           |
| TL780-12CKC      | NRND                  | TO-220          | KC                 | 3                   | TBD               | CU SNPB          | N / A for Pkg Type           |
| TL780-12CKCE3    | NRND                  | TO-220          | KC                 | 3                   | Pb-Free<br>(RoHS) | CU SN            | N / A for Pkg Type           |
| TL780-12CKTER    | OBSOLETE              | PFM             | KTE                | 3                   | TBD               | Call TI          | Call TI                      |
| TL780-12KCS      | ACTIVE                | TO-220          | KCS                | 3                   | TBD               | CU SNPB          | N / A for Pkg Type           |
| TL780-15CKC      | NRND                  | TO-220          | KC                 | 3                   | TBD               | CU SNPB          | N / A for Pkg Type           |
| TL780-15CKTER    | OBSOLETE              | PFM             | KTE                | 3                   | TBD               | Call TI          | Call TI                      |
| TL780-15KCS      | ACTIVE                | TO-220          | KCS                | 3                   | TBD               | CU SNPB          | N / A for Pkg Type           |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <a href="http://www.ti.com/productcontent">http://www.ti.com/productcontent</a> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

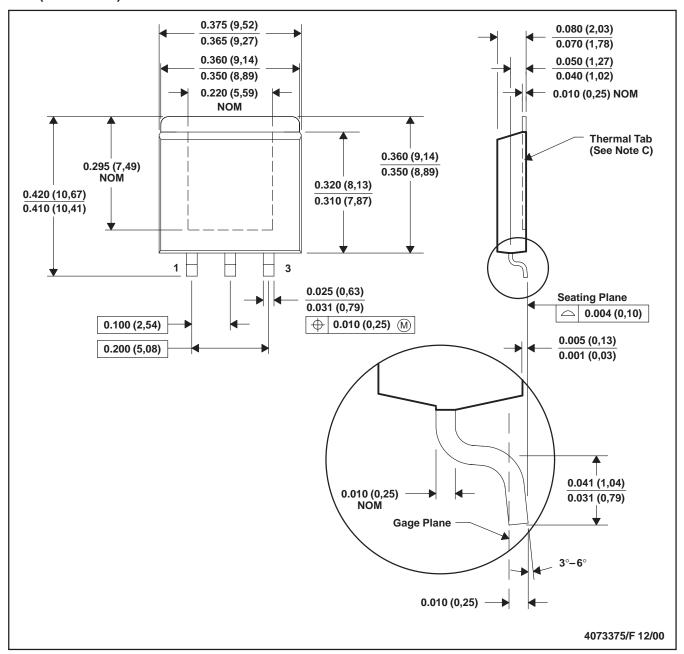
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

## KTE (R-PSFM-G3)

#### **PowerFLEX™ PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT**



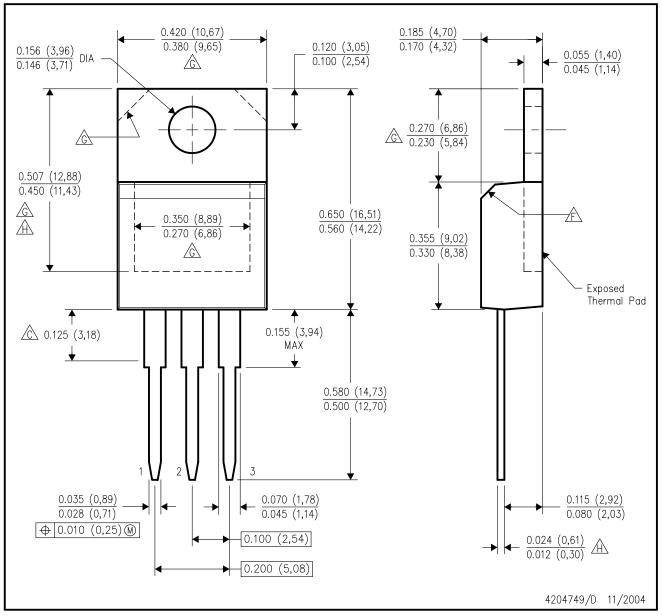
- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. The center lead is in electrical contact with the thermal tab.
  - D. Dimensions do not include mold protrusions, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
  - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-169

PowerFLEX is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



# KCS (R-PSFM-T3)

# PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



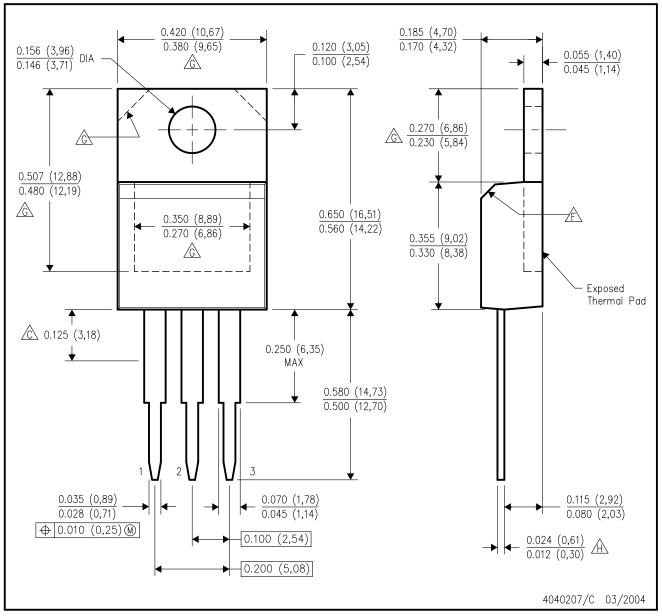
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Lead dimensions are not controlled within this area.
- D. All lead dimensions apply before solder dip.
- E. The center lead is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.
- The chamfer is optional.
- Thermal pad contour optional within these dimensions.
- ⚠ Falls within JEDEC T0—220 variation AB, except minimum lead thickness and minimum exposed pad length.



# KC (R-PSFM-T3)

# PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Lead dimensions are not controlled within this area.
- D. All lead dimensions apply before solder dip.
- E. The center lead is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.
- The chamfer is optional.
- Thermal pad contour optional within these dimensions.
- Falls within JEDEC TO-220 variation AB, except minimum lead thickness.



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

| Products         |                        | Applications       |                           |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Amplifiers       | amplifier.ti.com       | Audio              | www.ti.com/audio          |
| Data Converters  | dataconverter.ti.com   | Automotive         | www.ti.com/automotive     |
| DSP              | dsp.ti.com             | Broadband          | www.ti.com/broadband      |
| Interface        | interface.ti.com       | Digital Control    | www.ti.com/digitalcontrol |
| Logic            | logic.ti.com           | Military           | www.ti.com/military       |
| Power Mgmt       | power.ti.com           | Optical Networking | www.ti.com/opticalnetwork |
| Microcontrollers | microcontroller.ti.com | Security           | www.ti.com/security       |
|                  |                        | Telephony          | www.ti.com/telephony      |
|                  |                        | Video & Imaging    | www.ti.com/video          |
|                  |                        | Wireless           | www.ti.com/wireless       |

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments

Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

Copyright © 2006, Texas Instruments Incorporated