

Part Number: KB2550SGD

Super Bright Green

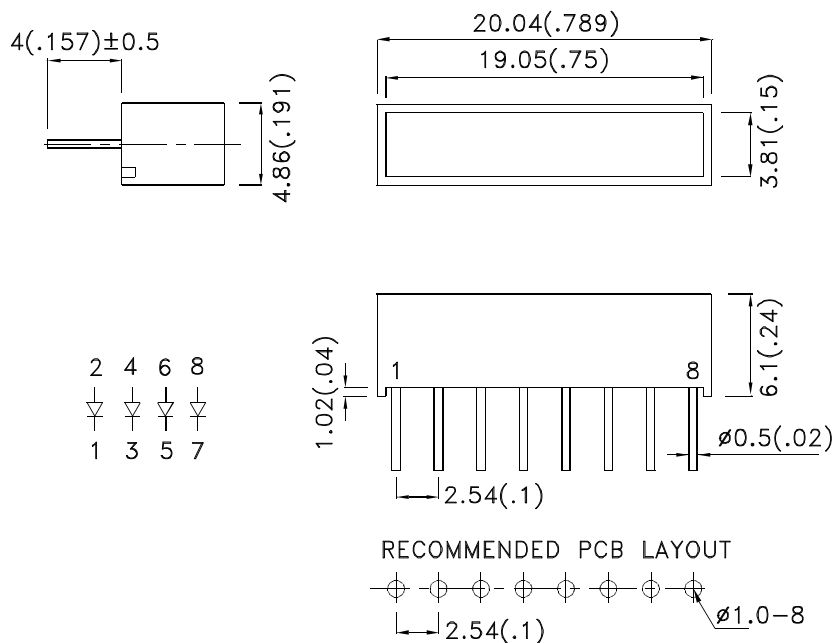
### Features

- Uniform light emitting area.
- Low current operation.
- Easily mounted on P.C. boards.
- Flush mountable.
- Excellent on/off contrast.
- Can be used with panels and legend mounts.
- Categorized for luminous intensity.
- RoHS compliant.

### Description

The Super Bright Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

### Package Dimensions& Internal Circuit Diagram



#### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches), Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25(0.01)$  unless otherwise noted.
2. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.



## Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) [1] @ 20mA	
			Min.	Typ.
KB2550SGD	Super Bright Green (GaP)	Green Diffused	20	46

Note:

1. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.

## Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$\lambda_{peak}$	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Green	565		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
$\lambda_D$ [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Green	568		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Green	30		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
C	Capacitance	Super Bright Green	15		pF	V <sub>F</sub> =0V;f=1MHz
V <sub>F</sub> [2]	Forward Voltage	Super Bright Green	2.2	2.5	V	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
I <sub>R</sub>	Reverse Current	Super Bright Green		10	uA	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

Notes:

1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.

2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

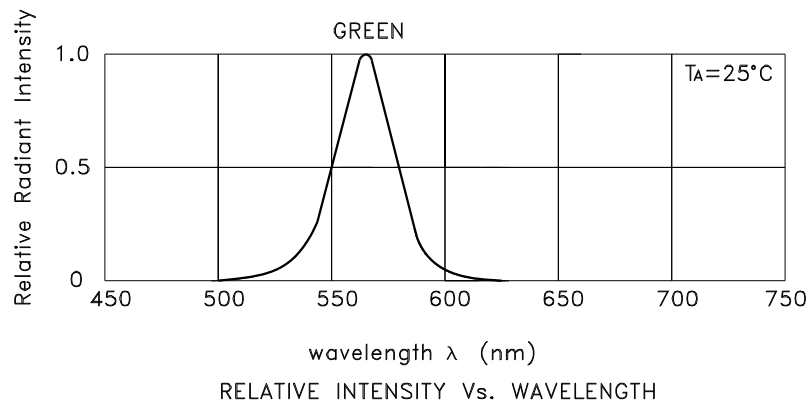
## Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Super Bright Green	Units
Power dissipation	62.5	mW
DC Forward Current	25	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	140	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating / Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C	
Lead Solder Temperature[2]	260°C For 3-5 Seconds	

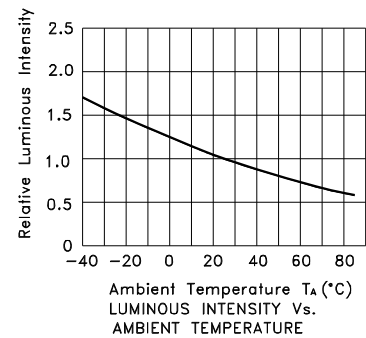
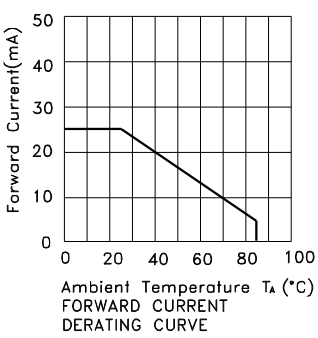
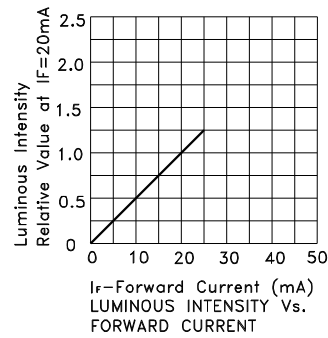
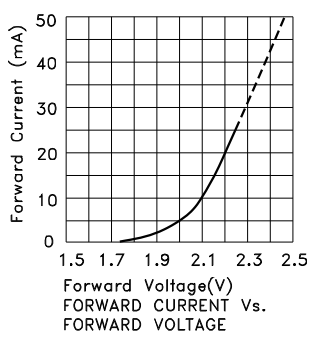
Notes:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

2. 2mm below package base.

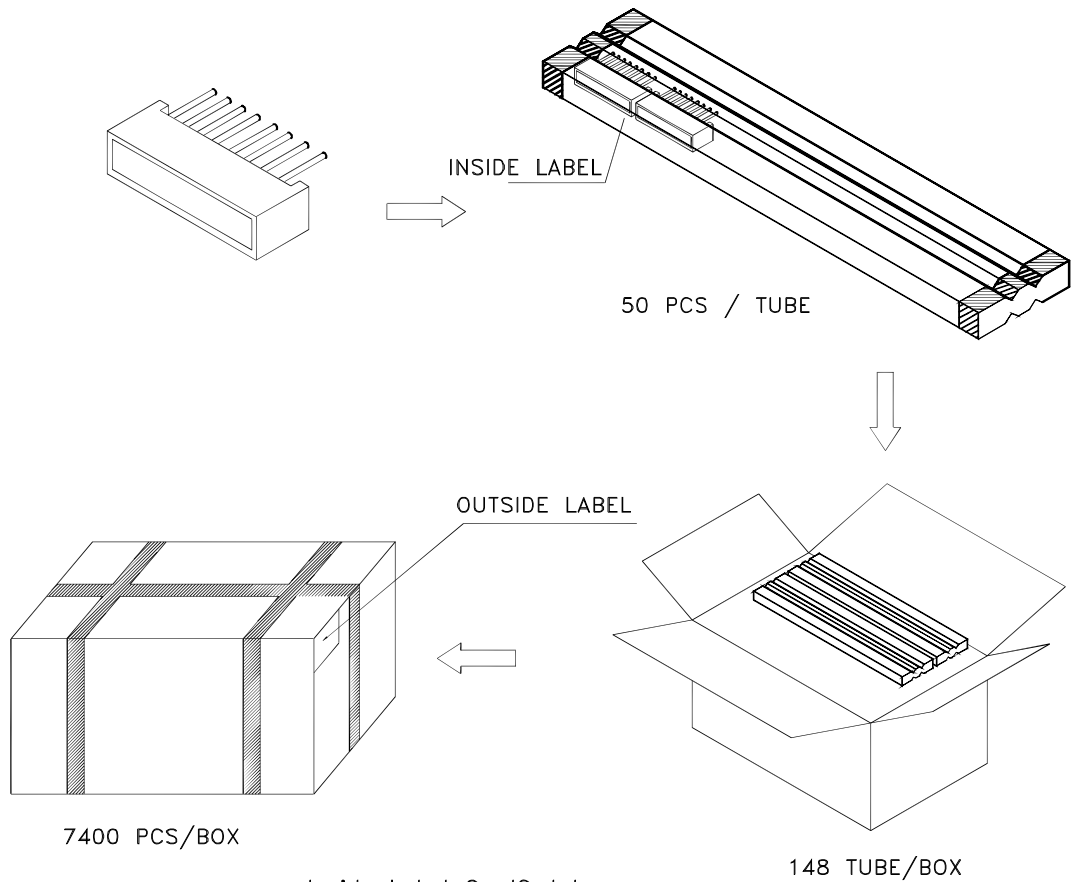


Super Bright Green KB2550SGD



## PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

KB2550SGD



Inside Label On IC-tube

<b>Kingbright</b>	TYPE: KB2550xxx	<b>PASSED</b> xx xx xx FQCX	Date
	QTY: 50 PCS CODE: xx		Number OF FQC
XXXXXXXXXX-XXXX		RoHS Compliant	
LOT NO.			

Outside Label On Box

XXXXXX	Bin Code		Number OF QA
KB2550xxx	XX	<b>QAxx</b> xx xx xx <b>PASSED</b>	Date
7400 PCS			RoHS Compliant

## THROUGH HOLE DISPLAY MOUNTING METHOD

### Lead Forming

Do not bend the component leads by hand without proper tools.  
The leads should be bent by clinching the upper part of the lead firmly such that the bending force is not exerted on the plastic body.



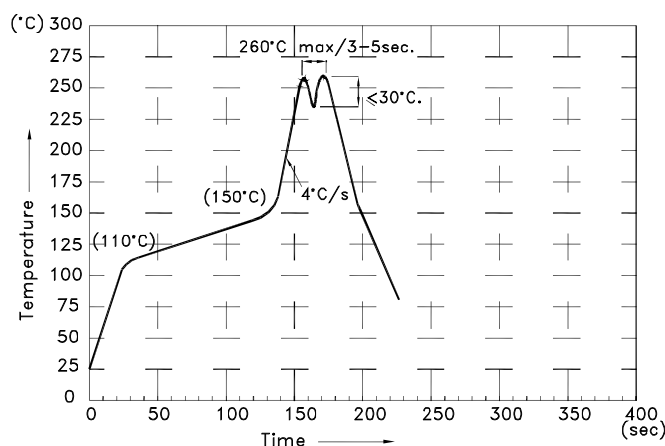
### Installation

- 1.The installation process should not apply stress to the lead terminals.
- 2.When inserting for assembly, ensure the terminal pitch matches the substrate board's hole pitch to prevent spreading or pinching the lead terminals.



## DISPLAY SOLDERING CONDITIONS

Wave Soldering Profile For Lead-free Through-hole LED.



### NOTES:

- 1.Recommend the wave temperature 245°C~260°C.The maximum soldering temperature should be less than 260°C.
- 2.Do not apply stress on epoxy resins when temperature is over 85°C.
- 3.The soldering profile apply to the lead free soldering (Sn/Cu/Ag alloy).
- 4.During wave soldering , the PCB top-surface temperature should be kept below 105°C
- 5.No more than once.

## Soldering General Notes:

- a. Through-hole displays are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- b. If components will undergo multiple soldering processes, or other processes where the components may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

## CLEANING

1. Mild "no-clean" fluxes are recommended for use in soldering.
2. If cleaning is required, Kingbright recommends to wash components with water only. Do not use harsh organic solvents for cleaning, because they may damage the plastic parts. And the devices should not be washed for more than one minute.

## CIRCUIT DESIGN NOTES

1. Protective current-limiting resistors may be necessary to operate the Displays.
2. LEDs mounted in parallel should each be placed in series with its own current-limiting resistor.

