

HDAS-16, HDAS-8

12-Bit Microelectronic Data Acquisition Systems

FEATURES

- Miniature 63-pin hermetic package
- · 12-Bit resolution, 50 KHz
- · Full-scale gain range of 50 mV to 10V
- · Three-state outputs
- 16 Channels single-ended or
 - 8 channels differential
- Auto-sequencing channel addressing
- · MIL-STD-883 versions
- · No missing codes

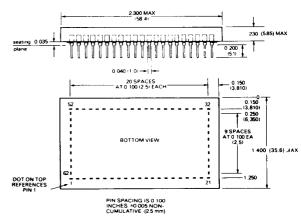
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Using thin-and thick-film hybrid technology, DATEL offers complete low-cost data acquisition systems with superior performance and reliability.

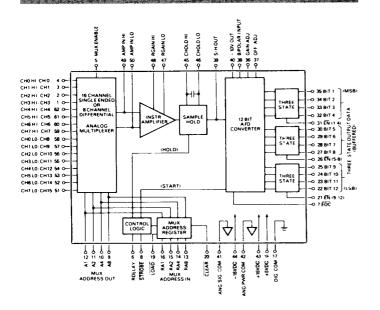
The HDAS-8 (with 8 differential input channels), and the HDAS-16 (with 16 single-ended input channels), are complete high performance 12-bit data acquisition systems in 62-pin packages. Each HDAS may expand to 32 single-ended or 16 or more differential channels by adding external multiplexers.

Internal channel address sequencing is automatic after each conversion, or the user may supply external channel addresses.

MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS - INCHES (MM)



MAXIMUM PIN DIMENSIONS ARE 0.012 × 0.022 INCHES (0.3 × 0.5 MM)



Internal HDAS circuitry includes:

- Analog signal multiplexer
- Resistor programmable gain instrumentation amplifier
- A sample-and-hold-circuit, complete with MOS hold capacitor
- A 10 volt buffered reference
- A 12-bit A/D converter with three-state outputs and control logic

For Immediate Assistance, Dial 1-800-233-2765



Parameters	Min.	Max.	Units
+15V Supply (Pin 43)	-0.5	+18	Volts do
-15V Supply (Pin 44)	+0.5	-18	Volts do
+5V Supply (Pin 18)	-0.5	+7	Volts do
Analog Inputs(Note 1)	-35	+35	Volts
Digital Inputs	-0.5	+7	Volts
Junction-Case		13	°C/Watt
Case-Ambient		17	°C/Watt
Junction-Ambient		30	°C/Watt
Power Dissipation		1.75	Watts
Lead Temp. (10 Sec.)		300	°C

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

The following specifications apply over the operating temperature range and power supply range unless otherwise indicated.

ANALOG INPUTS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Signal Range Unipolar				
Gain = 1	0	_	+ 10 + 50	Volts mV
Gain = 1	- 10 - 50	=	+ 10 + 50	Volts mV
Input Gain Equation	Gain ≈ 1	1 + (20K (Ohm/RG/	NN)
Gain Equation Error	_		± 0.1	%
Instrumentation Amp. Input Impedance	108	1012	_	Ohms
Input Bias Current: 0°C to +70°C	_ Doubles	every 10°	± 250 C above	
Input Offset Current: 0°C to + 70°C	_ Doubles	— every 10°		nA 70°C
Multiplexer Channel ON Resistance Channel OFF Input	_	_	2.0	K Ohms
Leakage	_	30	-	pΑ
Leakage	=	1.0 100	Ξ	nA pA
HDAS-16, Channel On		100 50 5	=	pF pF pF
Input Offset Voltage Gain = 1 to 200, +25°C	± (30ppr	m/°C × G (max)		mV
Common Mode Range	± 11	_	_	Volts
CMRR, Gain = 1, at 60 Hz	-70	- 82	_	dB
Input Voltage Noise (Referred to input) Gain = 1	_	150	200	μV RMS
Channel Crosstalk	- 80			dB nms
PERFORMANCE				
Resolution	12	_		Bits
Integral Nonlinearity: +25°C	_		± ¾	LSB
0°C to 70°C			±1 ±1	LSB LSB

PERFORMANCE (cont.)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Differential				
Nonlinearity:				
+25°C	_	_	± 3/4	LSB
0°C to 70°C		_	± 1	LSB
- 55°C to + 125°C	_	_	± 1	LSB
Differential Nonlinearity			_	
Tempco	_	_	± 2	ppm/°C
Unipolar Zero Error				
+ 25°C (Note 3)	_		± 0.1	%FSR
- 55°C to + 125°C	_	_	± 0.3	%FSR
Unipolar Zero Tempco	_	_	± 20	ppm/°C
Bipolar Zero Error				
± 25°C (Note 3)	_	_	+0.1	%FSR
- 55°C to + 125°C	_	_	± 0.3 ± 35	%FSR ppm/°C
Bipolar Offset Error		_	Ŧ 35	ppini C
	_	_	0.1	%FSR
+ 25°C (Note 3)	_	_	0.3	
Bipolar Offset Tempco	_	_	± 35	
Gain Error				
+ 25°C (Note 3)	_	_	±0.2	%FSR
-55°C to +125°C	_	_	±0.3	
Gain Error Tempco	_		± 30	ppm/°C
No Missing Codes	Over the	operating t	emperati	ure range
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				
A 1-141 T!				
Acquisition Time, At Gain = 1, +25°C		9	10	μSec.
-55°C to +125°C	_	_		μSec.
At Gain = 10, +25°C	_	9		μSec.
At Gain = 50, +25°C	_	16	_	μSec.
At Gain = 200, +25°C	_	60	_	μSec.
Aperture Delay Time	_	100	500	nSec.
Aperture Uncertainty	_	_	1	nSec.
S/H Droop Rate	_	_	800	
Feedthrough Accuracy	_	-	± 0.01	%
A/D Conversion Time:				
+25°C	-	9		μSec.
-55°C to +125°C	_	_	15	μSec.
Throughput Rate + 25°C	50	55		KHz
-55°C to +125°C	33	_	_	KHz
DIGITAL INPUTS				
Logic Levels:				
(Pins 5, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, and 20)				
Logic 1	2.0		5.5	Volts
Logic 0	0	_	0.8	Volts
(Pins 21,26, 31)	2.0		5.5	Volts
Logic 0	2.0	_	0.7	
	Ü	_	0.7	. 0.13
Logic Loading:				
(Pins 5, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, and 20)				
Logic 1	_	_	200	μA
Logic 0	_	_	- 280	μΑ
(Pins 21, 26, 31)				
Logic 1	_	_		μA
Logic 0	_	_	- 0.40	mA
Multiplexer Address Set-up				
Time	20	_		nSec.
	20	_	_	
Enable to Data Valid				
		20	30	nSec.
Enable to Data Valid	 40	20	30	nSec. nSec.



OUTPUTS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Logic Levels: (Pin 7 & Output Data) Logic 1	2.4	=		Volts Volts
(Pins 9, 10, 11, and 12) Logic 1	4.4	Ξ		Volts Volts
Logic Loading: Logic 1 Logic 0	Ξ	Ξ	400 4	μA mA
Internal Reference: Voltage, +25°C Drift External current	=	=	± 20 1	
Data Output Coding	Straight binary (b	binary (un pipolar)	ipolar) or	offset
POWER REQUIREMENTS				
Power Supply Range: + 15V dc Supply - 15V dc Supply +5 dc Supply Supply Current: +15V Supply - 15V Supply +5V Supply Power Dissipation	+ 14.5 - 14.5 + 4.75	+ 15.0 - 15.0 + 5.0 	- 15.5 + 5.25 + 40 - 45 + 95	mA
PHYSICAL — ENVIRONMENTAL				
Operating Temperature Range: MC Models MM/883B Models Storage Temperature Range: Weight Package Type		 1.4(3 ermetically	+ 125 + 150 (9.7) (sealed C	deg. C deg. C deg. C oz. (gram) Ceramic DIP

SPECIFICATION NOTES

- Analog inputs will withstand ± 35 volts with power on. If the power is off, the maximum safe input (no damage) is ± 20 volts.
- The gain equation error is guaranteed before external trimming and applies at gains under 50. This error increases at gains over 50.
- 3. Adjustable to zero.
- STROBE pulse width must be smaller than EOC period to achieve maximum throughput rate.

TECHNICAL NOTES

- Input channels are protected to 20 volts beyond the power supplies. All digital output pins have one second short circuit protection; CHOLD has a ten second short circuit protection.
- To retain high system throughput rate while digitizing low level signals, apply external high gain amplifiers for each channel. Datel's AM-551 is suggested for such amplifier-per-channel applications.
- The HDAS devices have self-starting circuits for free-running sequential operation. If, however, in a power-up condition the supply voltage slew rate is less than 3V per microsecond, the free running state might not be initialized. Apply a negative pulse to the STROBE, to eliminate this condition.
- For unipolar operation, connect BIPOLAR INPUT (pin 38) to S/H OUT (pin 39).
 For bipolar operation, connect BIPOLAR INPUT (pin 38) to + 10V REFERENCE OUT (pin 40).
- 5. RDELAY may be a standard value 5% carbon composition or film type resistor.
- 6. RGAIN must be very accurate with low temperature coefficients. If necessary, fabricate the gain resistor from a precision metal film type in series with a low value trim resistor or potentiometer. The total resistor temperature coefficient must be no greater than ± 10 ppm/°C.

PIN CONNECTIONS

1 CH3 IN CH2 HIGH IN CH3 HIGH IN CH4 LOW IN CH4 HIGH IN	PIN NO.	HDAS-16	HDAS-8
2 CH2 IN CH3 HIGH IN CH1 HIGH	1	CH3 IN	CH3 HIGH IN
## CHO IN ## CHO HIGH IN ## CHO LOW IN ## CHO LO	2		CH2 HIGH IN
6	3	CH1 IN	CH1 HIGH IN
5 MUX ENABLE 6 R DELAY 7 EOC 8 STROBE 9 A8 MULTIPLEXER 10 A4 ADDRESS 111 A2 OUT 12 A1 13 RA8 MULTIPLEXER 14 RA4 ADDRESS 15 RA2 IN 16 RA1 IN 17 DIGITAL COMMON 18 +5V dc 19 LOAD ENABLE 20 CLEAR ENABLE 20 CLEAR ENABLE 21 ENABLE (Bits 9–12) 22 BIT 12 OUT (LSB) 23 BIT 11 OUT 24 BIT 10 OUT 25 BIT 9 OUT 26 ENABLE (Bits 5–8) 27 BIT 8 OUT 28 BIT 7 OUT 29 BIT 6 OUT 30 BIT 5 OUT 31 ENABLE (Bits 1–4) 32 BIT 3 OUT 33 BIT 3 OUT 34 BIT 2 OUT 35 BIT 1 OUT (MSB) 36 GAIN ADJUST 37 OFFSET ADJUST 38 BIPOLAR INPUT 39 SAMPLE/HOLD OUT 40 +10V OUT 41 ANALOG SIGNAL COMMON 42 ANALOG POWER COMMON 43 +15V dc 44 -15V dc 45 C HOLD HIGH 46 C HOLD LOW 47 R GAIN HIGH 49 AMP, IN HIGH 50 CH3 IN 51 CH18 IN 51 CH18 IN 52 CH14 IN 55 CH11 IN 56 CH10 IN 57 CH9 IN 58 CH8 IN 59 CH7 IN 59 CH7 IN 60 CH6 IN 59 CH7 IN 50 CH6 IN 59 CH7 IN 50 CH6 IN 50 CH6 IN 51 CH6 IN 51 CH6 IN 57 CH9 IN 56 CH1 IN 57 CH9 IN 58 CH8 IN 59 CH7 IN 51 CH6 IN 59 CH7 IN 50 CH6 IN 51 CH6 IN 51 CH6 IN 51 CH6 IN 51 CH7 IN 51 CH6 IN 55 CH7 IN 56 CH7 IN 57 CH9 IN 57 CH9 IN 58 CH8 IN 59 CH7 IN 50 CH6 IN 50 CH6 IN 51 CH5 IN 51 CH6 IN 51 CH6 IN 51 CH7 IN 55 CH7 IN 56 CH7 IN 57 CH9 IN 58 CH8 IN 59 CH7 IN 50 CH6 IN 50 CH6 IN 51 CH5 IN 51 CH6 IN 51		CH0 IN	CH0 HIGH IN
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## 10V OUT ## ANALOG SIGNAL COMMON			1 .
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44 - 15V dc	42	ANALOG POWER COMMON	•
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47 R GAIN LOW	46	C HOLD LOW	
48			1 .
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60 CH6 IN CH6 HIGH IN 61 CH5 IN CH5 HIGH IN			
61 CH5 IN CH5 HIGH IN			
62 CH4 IN CH4 HIGH IN			
	62	CH4 IN	CH4 HIGH IN

^{*} Same as HDAS-16

Caution: pins 49 and 50 do not have overvoltage protection; therefore, protected multiplexers, such as DATEL's MX-1606 an MX-808 are recommended. See the General Operation description.



Table 1.		tion of Pin Functions
FUNCTION	LOGIC STATE	DESCRIPTION
DIGITAL INPUTS		
STROBE	1 to 0	Initiates acquisition and conversion of analog signal Random Address Mode Initiated
	1	on falling edge of STROBE Sequential Address Mode
CLEAR	0	Allows next STROBE pulse to reset MULTIPLEXER ADDRESS to CH0 overriding LOAD COMMAND
MULTIPLEXER ENABLE	0 1	Disables internal MULTIPLEXER Enables internal MULTIPLEXER
MULTIPLEXER ADDRESS IN		Selects channel for Random Address Mode 8, 4, 2, and 1 natural binary coding
DIGITAL OUTPUT	s	5 1 (0) 1051510
EOC	0 1	End of Conversion (STATUS) Conversion complete
ENABLE (1-4)	0	Conversion in process Enables three-state outputs bits 1–4 Disables three-state outputs bits 1–4
ENABLE (5-8)	0 1	Enables three-state outputs bits 5–8 Disables three-state outputs bits 5–8
ENABLE (9-12)	0	Enables three-state outputs bits 9–12 Disables three-state outputs bits 9–12
MULTIPLEXER ADDRESS OUT		Output of MULTIPLEXER Address Register 8, 4, 2, 1 natural binary coding
ANALOG INPUTS Channel Inputs	Limit v	roltage to +20V beyond power supplies
Bipolar Input	For un S/H C)	ipolar operation, connect to pin 39
****	(+10V	OUT)
AMP. IN HIGH AMP. IN LOW	tation	pins are direct inputs to the instrumen- amplifier for external channel expansion d 16SE or 8D channels.
ANALOG OUTPUT		
S/H OUT		le/Hold Output red +10V reference output
ADJUSTMENT PIN ANALOG SIGNAL		
		evel analog signal return
ADJUSTMENT	instruc	nal gain adjustment, see calibration ctions.
OFFSET ADJUSTMENT	instruc	·
	for G :	nal gain selection point. Factory adjusted
R DELAY	Option conne Must I	nal hold capacitor connection. nal acquisition time adjustment when cited to +5V, factory adjusted for 9 µSec. onnected to +5V either directly or the properties of the connected to +5V either directly or the properties of the connected to +5V either directly or +5V eith

- ANALOG SIGNAL COMMON, POWER COMMON, and DIGITAL COMMON are connected internally. Avoid ground-related problems by connecting the commons to one point . . . the ground plane beneath the converer when the above special grounding considerations do not apply
- 8. For HDAS-16, tie pin 50 to a "signal source common" if possible. Otherwise tie pin 50 to pin 41 (ANA SIGN COM).

Table 2. Calibration Table

UNIPOLAR RANGE	ADJUST	INPUT VOLTAGE			
0 TO +5V	ZERO GAIN	+ 0.6 mV + 4.9982V			
0 TO +10V	ZERO GAIN	+1.2 mV +9.9963V			
BIPOLAR RANGE					
± 2.5V	OFFSET GAIN	- 2.4994V + 2.4982V			
<u>±</u> 5V	OFFSET GAIN	- 4.9988V + 4.9963V			
± 10V	OFFSET GAIN	- 9.9976V + 9.9927V			

CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

- 1. Offset and gain adjustments are made by connecting two 20K trim potentiometers as shown in Figure 1.
- 2. Connect a precision voltage source to pin 4 (CH0 IN). If the HDAS-8 is used, connect pin 58 (CH0 LOW IN) to analog ground. Ground pin 20 (CLEAR) and momentarily short pin 8 (STROBE). Trigger the A/D by connecting pin 7 (EOC) to pin 8 (STROBE). Select proper value for RGAIN and RDELAY by referring to Table 3.
- Adjust the precision voltage source to the value shown in Table 2 for the unipolar zero adjustment (ZERO + 1/2 LSB) or the bipolar offset adjustment ($-FS + \frac{1}{2}LSB$). Adjust the offset trim potentiometer so that the output code flickers equally between 0000 0000 0000 and 0000 0000 0001.
- 4. Change the output of the precision voltage source to the value shown in Table 2 for the unipolar or bipolar gain adjustment (+FS - 11/2 LSB). Adjust the gain trim potentiometer so that the output flickers equally between 1111 1111 1110 and 1111 1111 1111.

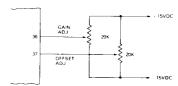


Figure 1. External Adjustment

GENERAL OPERATION

The HDAS devices accept either 16 single-ended or 8 differential input signals. For single-ended circuits, the AMP IN LOW (pin 50) input to the instrumentation amplifier must terminate at ANALOG SIGNAL COMMON (pin 41). For differential circuits, both the HIGH and LOW signal inputs must terminate externally for each channel. Tie unused channels to the ANALOG SIGNÁL COM-MON (pin 41). To obtain additional channels, connect external multiplexers to the AMP IN HIGH (pin 49) and AMP IN LOW (pin 50). Using this scheme, the HDAS-16 can provide 32 singleended expansion channels while the HDAS-8 can provide up to 16 differential expansion channels. DATEL multiplexer MX-1606 is recommended.

The acquisition time is the amount of time the multiplexer, instrumentation amplifier, and Sample/Hold require to settle within a specified range of accuracy after STROBE (pin 8) goes low. The acquisition time period can be observed by measuring how long EOC is low after the falling edge of STROBE (see

Table 3. Input Range Parameters (Typical)

INPUT RANGE	GAIN	RGAIN (Ω)	ACQUISITION AND SETTLING DELAY	RDELAY (Ω)	THROUGHPUT	SYSTEM ACCURACY (%of FSR)
<u>±</u> 10V	1	OPEN	9 μSec.	0 (SHORT)	55.5 KHz	0.009%
<u>+</u> 5V	2	20.0K	9 μSec.	0 (SHORT)	55.5 KHz	0.009%
± 2.5V	4	6.667K	9 μSec.	0 (SHORT)	55.5 KHz	0.009%
<u>±</u> 1V	10	2.222K	9 µSec	0 (SHORT)	55.5 KHz	0.009%
± 200 mV	50	408.2	16 μSec.	`7K	40.0 KHz	0.010%
± 100 mV	100	202.0	30 μSec.	21K	25.6 KHz	0.011%
± 50 mV	200	100.5	60 μSec.	51K	14.5 KHz	0.016%

NOTES

 $RGAIN (\Omega) = \frac{20,000}{(GAIN-1)} RDELAY (\Omega) = \frac{(Delay \,\mu sec. \times 1000)}{(GAIN-1)} - 9000$

- For gains between 1 and 10, RDELAY (pin 6) must be shorted to +5V (pin 18).
- Throughput period equals Acquisition and Settling Delay, plus A/D conversion period (10 microseconds maximum).

Figure 2). For higher gains increase the acquisition time. Do this by connecting a resistor from RDELAY (pin 6) to +5V (pin 18). An external resistor RGAIN, can be added to increase the gain value. The gain is equal to 1 without an RGAIN resistor. Table 3 refers to the appropriate RDELAY and RGAIN resistors required for various gains.

The HDAS devices enter the hold mode and are ready for conversion as soon as the one-shot (controlling acquisition time) times out. An internal clock is gated ON, and start-convert pulse is sent to the 12-bit A/D converter, driving the EOC output high.

The HDAS devices can be configured for either bipolar or unipolar operation (see Table 2). The conversion is complete within a maximum of 10 microseconds. The EOC now returns low, the data is valid and sent to the three-state output buffers. The sample/hold amplifier is now ready to acquire new data. The next falling edge of the STROBE pulse repeats the process for the next conversion.

Table 4. Output Coding

	UNIPOLAR	STRAIGHT BINARY	
	0 to +10V	0 to +5V	
+FS-1 LSB +½FS +1 LSB ZERO	+ 9.9976 + 5.0000 + 0.0024 0.0000	+ 4.9988 + 2.5000 + 0.0012 0.0000	1111 1111 1111 1000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0001 0000 0000 0000

	BIPOLAR	OFFSET BINARY	
	± 10 V	± 5V	
+FS-1LSB	+ 9.9951	+ 4.9976	1111 1111 1111
+ 1/2FS	+ 5.0000	+ 2.5000	1100 0000 0000
+1 LSB	+ 0.0049	+ 0.0024	1000 0000 0001
ZERO	0.0000	0.0000	1000 0000 0000
- FS + 1 LSB	- 9.9951	- 4.9976	0000 0000 0001
- FS	- 10.000	- 5.0000	0000 0000 0000

^{*}For 2's complement — add inverter to MSB line.

MULTIPLEXER ADDRESSING

The HDAS devices can be configured in either random or sequential addressing modes. Refer to Table 5 and the subsequent descriptions. The number of channels sequentially addressed can be truncated using the MUX ADDRESS OUT (pins 9, 10, 11 and 12) and appropriate decoding circuitry for the highest channel desired. The decoding circuit can drive the CLEAR (pin 20) function low to reset the addressing to channel 0.

- The analog input range to the A/D converter is 0 to +10V for unipolar signals, and -10.0V to +10.0V for bipolar signals.
- Full-scale can be accommodated for analog signal ranges of ±50mv to ±10V

RANDOM ADDRESS

Set pin 19 (LOAD) to logic 0. The next falling edge of STROBE will load the MUX CHANNEL ADDRESS present on pin 13 to pin 16. Digital address inputs must be stable 20 nanoseconds before and after falling edge of STROBE pulse.

FREE RUNNING SEQUENTIAL ADDRESS

Set pin 19 (LOAD) and pin 20 (CLEAR) to logic 1 or leave open. Connect pin 7 (EOC) to pin 8 (STROBE). The falling edge of EOC will increment channel address. This means that when the EOC is low, the digital output data is valid for the previous channel (CHn –1) than the channel indicated on MUX ADDRESS OUTPUT. The HDAS will continually scan all channels.

Example:

CH4 has been addressed and a conversion takes place. The EOC goes low. That channel's data becomes valid, but MUX ADDRESS CODE is now CH5.

TRIGGERED SEQUENTIAL ADDRESS

Set pin 19 (LOAD) and pin 20 (CLEAR) to logic 1 or leave open. Apply a falling edge trigger pulse to pin 8 (STROBE). This negative transition causes the contents of the address counter to be incremented by one, followed by an A/D conversion in 9 microseconds.

Table 5. Mux Channel Addressing

			\$ -	DRESS	MUX A	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>		PIN			
	Ź	5	12	11	10	9
	ON CHANNEL	MUX ENAB.	RA1	RA2	RA4	RAB
""	NONE	0	Х	Х	X	X
	0	1	0	0	0 0 0	0000000
	1	1	1	0	0	0
	2	1	. 0	1	0	0
	3	1	1	1	0	0
	4	1	0	0	1	С
	5	1	1	0	1	0
HDAS-8	6	1	0	1	1	
(3-BIT ADDRESS	7	11	1	1	_ 1	0
	8	1	0	0	0 -	1
	9	1	1	0	0	1
	10	1	0	1	0	1
	1.1	1	1	1	0	1
	12	1	0	0	1	1
	13	1	1	0	1	1
HDAS-16	14	7	0	1	1	1
(4-BIT ADDRESS)	15	1	1	_ 1	_ 1	1

For Immediate Assistance, Dial 1-800-233-2765

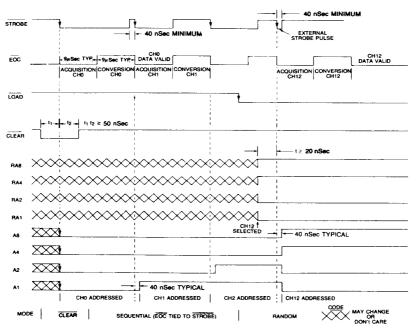


Figure 2. HDAS Timing Diagram

INPUTIVOLTAGE PROTECTION

As shown in Figure 3, the multiplexer has reversed biased diodes which protect the input channels from being damaged by overvoltage signals. The HDAS input channels are protected up to 20V beyond the supplies and can be increased by adding series resistors (Ri) to each channel. The input resistor must limit the current flowing through the protection diodes to 10 mA.

The value of Ri for a specific voltage protection range (Vp) can be calculated by the following formula:

$$Vp = (R \text{ signal} + Ri + Ron) (10 \text{ mA})$$

where $R_{ON} = 2K$

NOTE: Increased input series resistance will increase multiplexer settling time significantly.

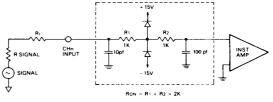


Figure 3. Multiplexer Equivalent Circuit

ORDERING INFORMATION					
MODEL	OPERATING TEMP. RANGE				
HDAS-16MC HDAS-16MM HDAS-16/883B HDAS-8MC HDAS-8MM HDAS-8/883B	0°C to + 70°C -55°C to + 125°C -55°C to + 125°C 0°C to + 70°C -55°C to + 125°C -55°C to + 125°C				
	ting can be ordered through AMP mponent lead spring socket) 62				
/883B Models are fully c	ompliant to MIL-STD-883.				