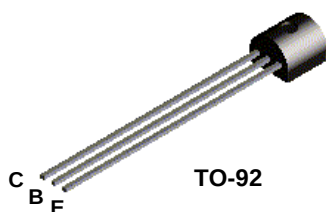
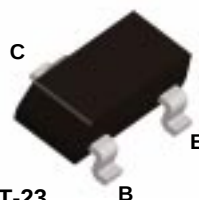


2N4403



TO-92

MMBT4403



SOT-23
Mark: 2T

PNP General Purpose Amplifier

This device is designed for use as a general purpose amplifier and switch requiring collector currents to 500 mA.

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
V _{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	40	V
V _{CBO}	Collector-Base Voltage	40	V
V _{EBO}	Emitter-Base Voltage	5.0	V
I _C	Collector Current - Continuous	600	mA
T _J , T _{stg}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

*These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.

NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 150 degrees C.
- 2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.

Thermal Characteristics

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Characteristic	Max		Units
		2N4403	*MMBT4403	
P _D	Total Device Dissipation	625	350	mW
	Derate above 25°C	5.0	2.8	mW/°C
R _{θJC}	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	83.3		°C/W
R _{θJA}	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	200	357	°C/W

*Device mounted on FR-4 PCB 1.6" X 1.6" X 0.06."

PNP General Purpose Amplifier

(continued)

2N4403 / MMBT4403

Electrical Characteristics

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	-----	-----	-------

OFF CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage*	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	40		V
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_E = 0$	40		V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E = 0.1 \text{ A}, I_C = 0$	5.0		V
I_{BEX}	Base Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		0.1	μA
I_{CEX}	Collector Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		0.1	μA

ON CHARACTERISTICS

h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}^*$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}^*$	30 60 100 100 20	300	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage*	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		0.4 0.75	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}^*$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	0.75	0.95 1.3	V V

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

f_T	Current Gain - Bandwidth Product	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	200		MHz
C_{cb}	Collector-Base Capacitance	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0,$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		8.5	pF
C_{eb}	Emitter-Base Capacitance	$V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0,$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		30	pF
h_{ie}	Input Impedance	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	1.5	15	$k\Omega$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	0.1	8.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
h_{fe}	Small-Signal Current Gain	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	60	500	
h_{oe}	Output Admittance	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	1.0	100	μmhos

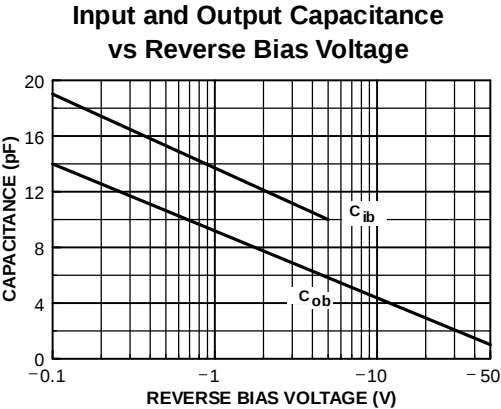
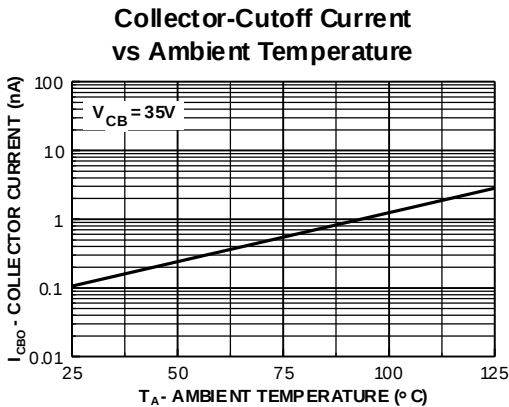
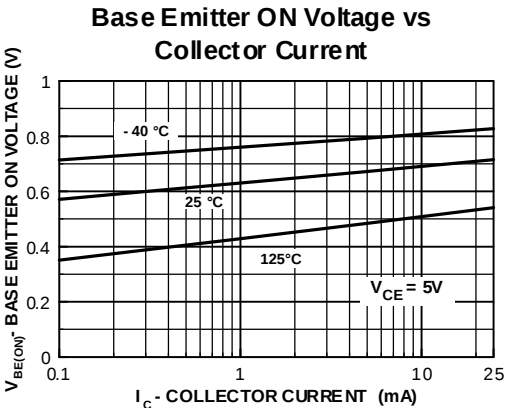
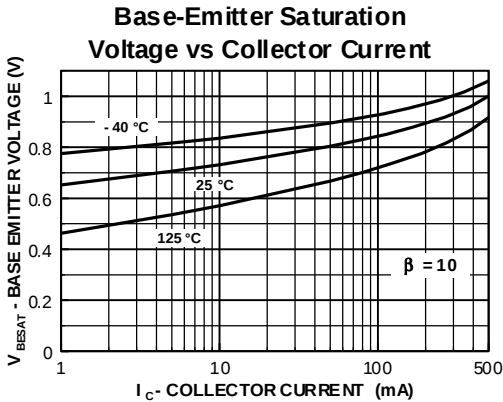
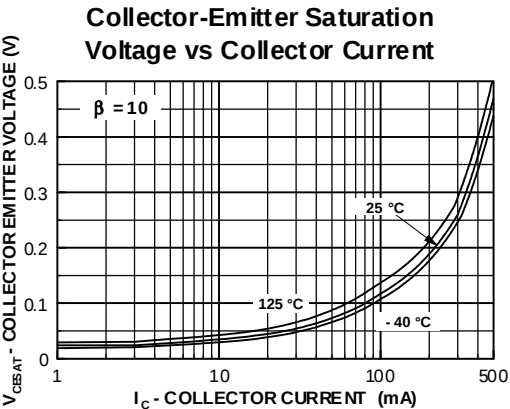
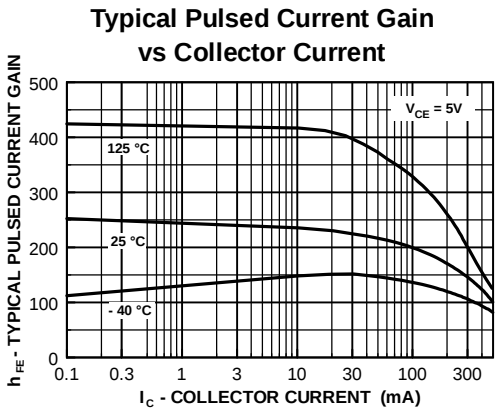
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

t_d	Delay Time	$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA},$		15	ns
t_r	Rise Time	$I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$		20	ns
t_s	Storage Time	$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$		225	ns
t_f	Fall Time	$I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$		30	ns

*Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300 \text{ ms}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$

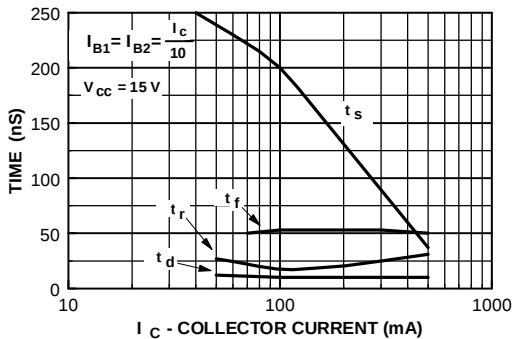
PNP General Purpose Amplifier
(continued)

Typical Characteristics

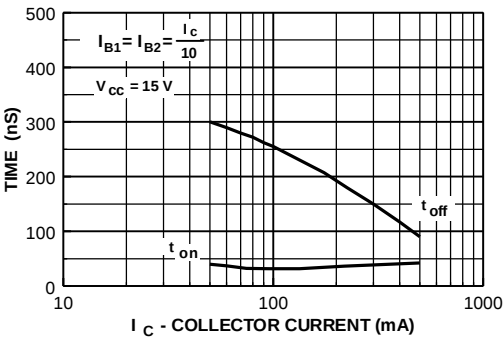


Typical Characteristics (continued)

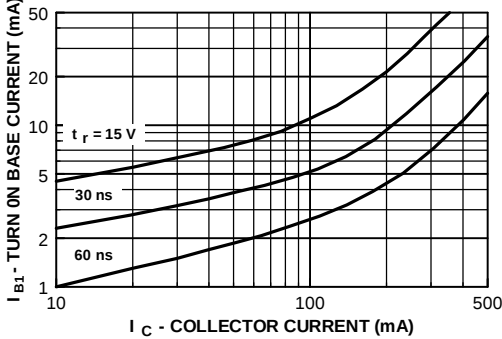
Switching Times
vs Collector Current



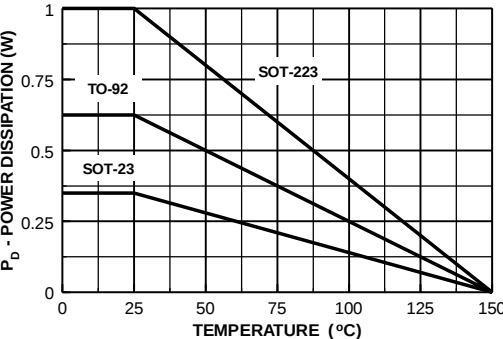
Turn On and Turn Off Times
vs Collector Current



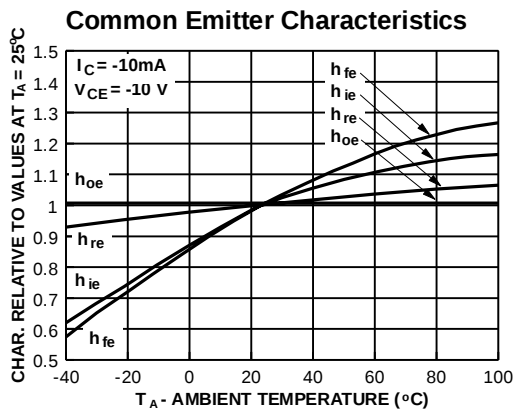
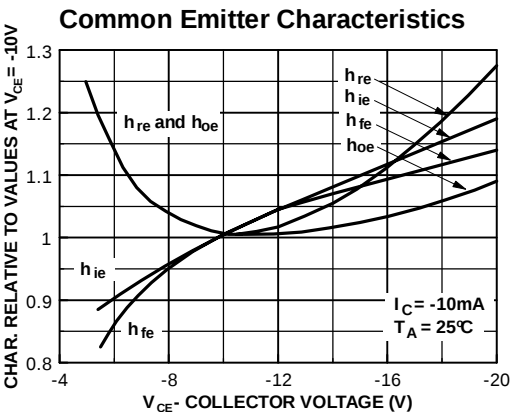
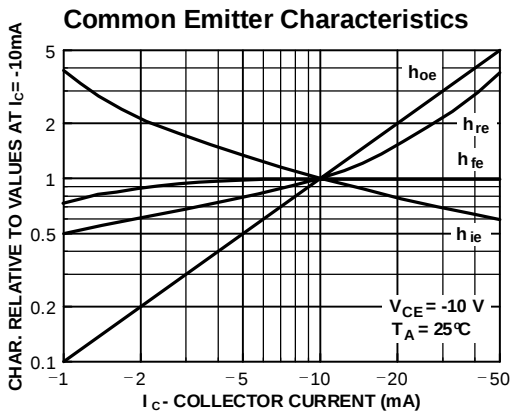
Rise Time vs Collector
and Turn On Base Currents



Power Dissipation vs
Ambient Temperature



Typical Common Emitter Characteristics (f = 1.0kHz)



Test Circuits

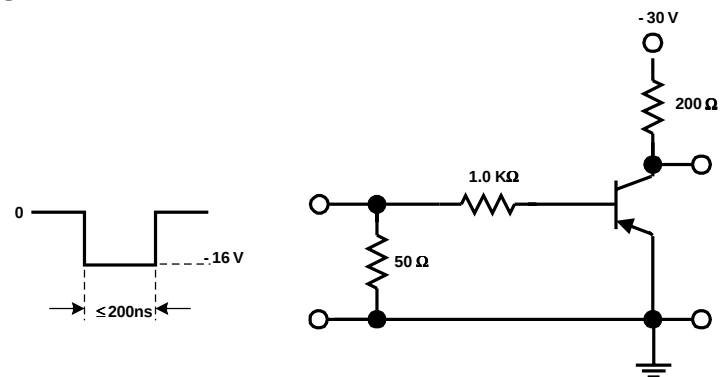


FIGURE 1: Saturated Turn-On Switching Time Test Circuit

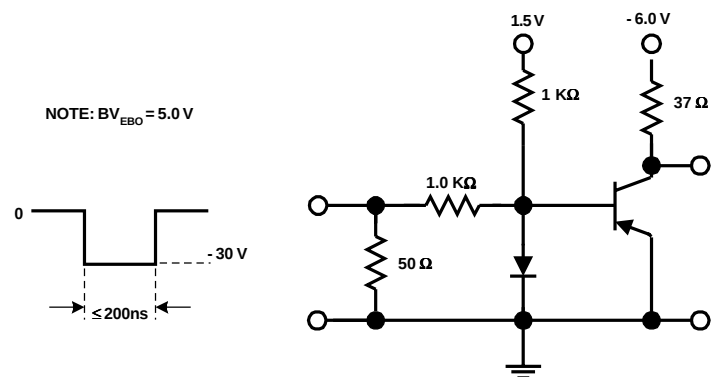


FIGURE 2: Saturated Turn-Off Switching Time Test Circuit

TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACE ^{Ex} TM	FAST [®]	OPTOLOGIC TM	SMART START TM	VCX TM
Bottomless TM	FAST ^r TM	OPTOPLANAR TM	STAR*POWER TM	
CoolFET TM	FRFET TM	PACMAN TM	Stealth TM	
CROSSVOLT TM	GlobalOptoisolator TM	POP TM	SuperSOT TM -3	
DenseTrench TM	GTO TM	Power247 TM	SuperSOT TM -6	
DOME TM	HiSeC TM	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT TM -8	
EcoSPARK TM	ISOPLANAR TM	QFET TM	SyncFET TM	
E ² CMOS TM	LittleFET TM	QS TM	TinyLogic TM	
EnSigna TM	MicroFET TM	QT Optoelectronics TM	TruTranslation TM	
FACT TM	MicroPak TM	Quiet Series TM	UHC TM	
FACT Quiet Series TM	MICROWIRE TM	SILENT SWITCHER [®]	UltraFET [®]	

STAR*POWER is used under license

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.