



$\pm 15\text{kV}$ ESD-Protected, $0.5\mu\text{A}$, $+3\text{V}$ to $+5.5\text{V}$, 1.5Mbps RS-232 Receivers in SOT23-5

General Description

The MAX3180E-MAX3183E single RS-232 receivers in a SOT23-5 package are designed for space- and cost-constrained applications requiring minimal RS-232 communications. The receiver inputs are protected to $\pm 15\text{kV}$ using IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge, to $\pm 8\text{kV}$ using IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge, and to $\pm 15\text{kV}$ per the Human Body Model, ensuring compliance with international standards.

The devices minimize power and heat dissipation by consuming only $0.5\mu\text{A}$ supply current from a $+3.0\text{V}$ to $+5.5\text{V}$ supply, and they guarantee true RS-232 performance up to a 1.5Mbps data rate. The MAX3180E/MAX3182E feature a three-state TTL/CMOS receiver output that is controlled by an EN logic input. The MAX3181E/MAX3183E feature an INVALID output that indicates valid RS-232 signals at the receiver input for applications requiring automatic system wake-up. The MAX3182E/MAX3183E have a noninverting output, while the MAX3180E/MAX3181E have a standard inverting output.

Applications

Diagnostic Ports
Telecommunications
Networking Equipment
Set-Top Boxes
Digital Cameras
Hand-Held Equipment

Features

- ♦ Tiny SOT23-5 Package
- ♦ ESD-Protected RS-232 Input
 - $\pm 15\text{kV}$ —Human Body Model
 - $\pm 8\text{kV}$ —IEC 1000-4-2, Contact Discharge
 - $\pm 15\text{kV}$ —IEC 1000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge
- ♦ $0.5\mu\text{A}$ Supply Current
- ♦ 1.5Mbps Guaranteed Data Rate
- ♦ Meets EIA/TIA-232 and V.28/V.24 Specifications Down to $V_{CC} = +3.0\text{V}$
- ♦ INVALID Output Indicates Valid RS-232 Signal at Receiver Input (MAX3181E/MAX3183E)
- ♦ Three-State TTL/CMOS Receiver Output (MAX3180E/MAX3182E)
- ♦ Noninverting RS-232 Output (MAX3182E/MAX3183E)

MAX3180E-MAX3183E

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX3180EEUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5	ACHB
MAX3181EEUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5	ACHC
MAX3182EEUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5	ACHD
MAX3183EEUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5	ACHE

Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams appear at end of data sheet.

Selector Guide

PART	ESD PROTECTION (kV)	PACKAGE	SUPPLY CURRENT (μA)	<u>EN</u> INPUT	<u>INVALID</u> OUTPUT	INVERTING ROUT	NON-INVERTING ROUT
MAX3180E	± 15	SOT23-5	0.5	✓	—	✓	—
MAX3181E	± 15	SOT23-5	0.5	—	✓	✓	—
MAX3182E	± 15	SOT23-5	0.5	✓	—	—	✓
MAX3183E	± 15	SOT23-5	0.5	—	✓	—	✓



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$\pm 15\text{kV ESD-Protected, } 0.5\mu\text{A, } +3\text{V to } +5.5\text{V, } 1.5\text{Mbps RS-232 Receivers in SOT23-5}$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{CC} to GND	.....	-0.3V to +6V
R _{IN} to GND	.....	$\pm 25\text{V}$
EN, R _{OUT} , INVALID to GND	.....	-0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)	.....
SOT23-5 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C)	.....	571mW

Operating Temperature Range	.....	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	.....	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	.....	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = +3.0V to +5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +5.0V, T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS						
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		3.0	5.5		V
Supply Current	I _{CC}	V _{CC} = 3.3V or 5V, R _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND, no load	0.5	5.0		μA
LOGIC INPUT (EN)						
Logic Threshold Low	V _{IL}			0.8		V
Logic Threshold High	V _{IH}	V _{CC} = 3.3V	2.0			V
		V _{CC} = 5.0V	2.4			
Leakage Current	I _{EN}		± 0.01	± 1.0		μA
LOGIC OUTPUT						
INVALID Output Voltage Low	V _{IOL}	I _{SINK} = 1.6mA		0.4		V
INVALID Output Voltage High	V _{IOH}	I _{SOURCE} = 1.0mA	V _{CC} - 0.6			V
RECEIVER INPUT						
Input Voltage Range	V _{RIN}		-25	25		V
Input Threshold Low	V _{ITL}	V _{CC} = 3.3V	0.6	1.2		V
		V _{CC} = 5.0V	0.8	1.5		
Input Threshold High	V _{ITH}	V _{CC} = 3.3V	1.5	2.4		V
		V _{CC} = 5.0V	1.8	2.7		
Input Hysteresis	V _{HYST}		300			mV
R _{IN} Threshold to INVALID Output High	V _{ITO} H	Positive threshold		2.7		V
		Negative threshold	-2.7			
R _{IN} Threshold to INVALID Output Low	V _{ITO} L		-0.3	0.3		V
Input Resistance	R _{RIN}		3	5	7	k Ω
RECEIVER OUTPUT						
Output Leakage Current	I _{ROUT}	Receiver disabled	± 0.05	± 10		μA
Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}	I _{SINK} = 1.6mA		0.4		V
Output Voltage High	V _{OH}	I _{SOURCE} = 1.0mA	V _{CC} - 0.6	V _{CC} - 0.1		V

$\pm 15kV$ ESD-Protected, $0.5\mu A$, +3V to +5.5V, 1.5Mbps RS-232 Receivers in SOT23-5

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{CC} = +3.0V to +5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +5.0V, T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

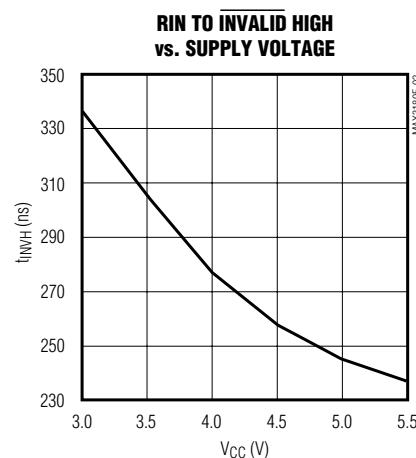
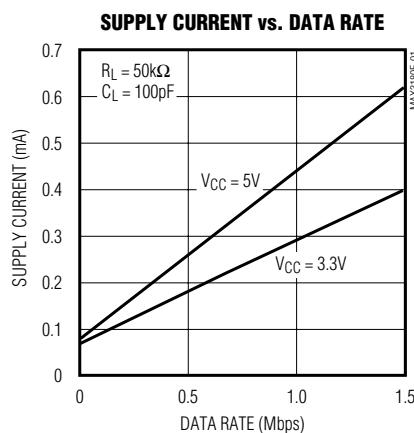
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS						
Maximum Data Rate		$C_L = 50\text{pF}$	1.5			Mbps
Receiver Propagation Delay, High-to-Low	t_{PHL}	R_{IN} to R_{OUT} ; $C_L = 150\text{pF}$		0.15		μs
Receiver Propagation Delay, Low-to-High	t_{PLH}	R_{IN} to R_{OUT} ; $C_L = 150\text{pF}$		0.15		μs
Receiver Skew	t_{RS}$	|t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}|$, Figure 1		50		ns
Receiver Output Enable Time	t_{ROE}			200		ns
Receiver Output Disable Time	t_{ROD}			200		ns
Receiver Positive or Negative Threshold to $\overline{INVALID}$ High	t_{INVH}			250		ns
Receiver Positive or Negative Threshold to $\overline{INVALID}$ Low	t_{INVL}			30		μs

Note 1: Specifications are 100% tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design.

MAX3180E-MAX3183E

Typical Operating Characteristics

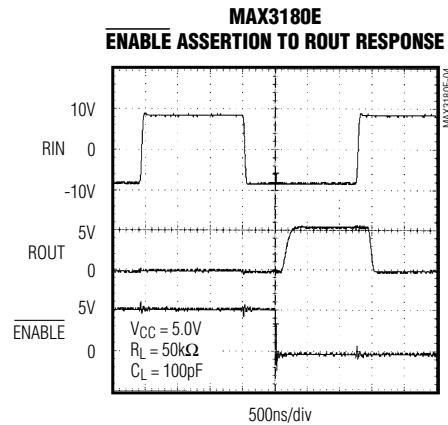
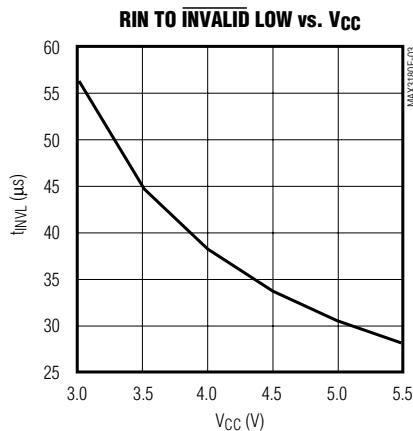
(V_{CC} = +5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



$\pm 15\text{kV ESD-Protected, } 0.5\mu\text{A, } +3\text{V to } +5.5\text{V, } 1.5\text{Mbps RS-232 Receivers in SOT23-5}$

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

PIN	NAME				FUNCTION
	MAX3180E	MAX3181E	MAX3182E	MAX3183E	
1	EN	—	EN	—	Receiver Output Enable
	—	INVALID	—	INVALID	Output of the Valid Input Detector
2	GND	GND	GND	GND	Ground
3	ROUT	ROUT	—	—	Inverting Receiver Output
	—	—	ROUT	ROUT	Noninverting Receiver Output
4	RIN	RIN	RIN	RIN	Receiver Input
5	V_{CC}	V_{CC}	V_{CC}	V_{CC}	Supply Voltage

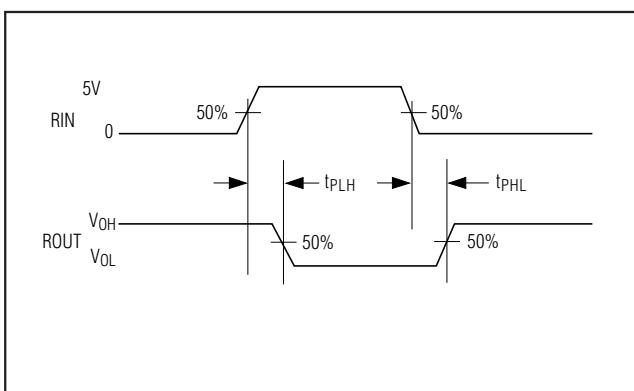


Figure 1. Receiver Propagation-Delay Timing

Detailed Description

The MAX3180E-MAX3183E are EIA/TIA-232 and V.28/V.24 communications receivers that convert RS-232 signals to CMOS logic levels. They operate on a $+3\text{V}$ to $+5.5\text{V}$ supply, have 1.5Mbps data rate capability, and feature enhanced electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection (see *ESD Protection*). All of these devices achieve a typical supply current of $0.5\mu\text{A}$. The MAX3180E/MAX3182E have a receiver enable control (EN). The MAX3181E/MAX3183E contain a signal invalid output (INVALID). The MAX3180E/MAX3181E invert the ROUT signal relative to RIN (standard RS-232). The MAX3182E/MAX3183E outputs are not inverted. The devices come in tiny SOT23-5 packages.

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MAX3180E-MAX3183E

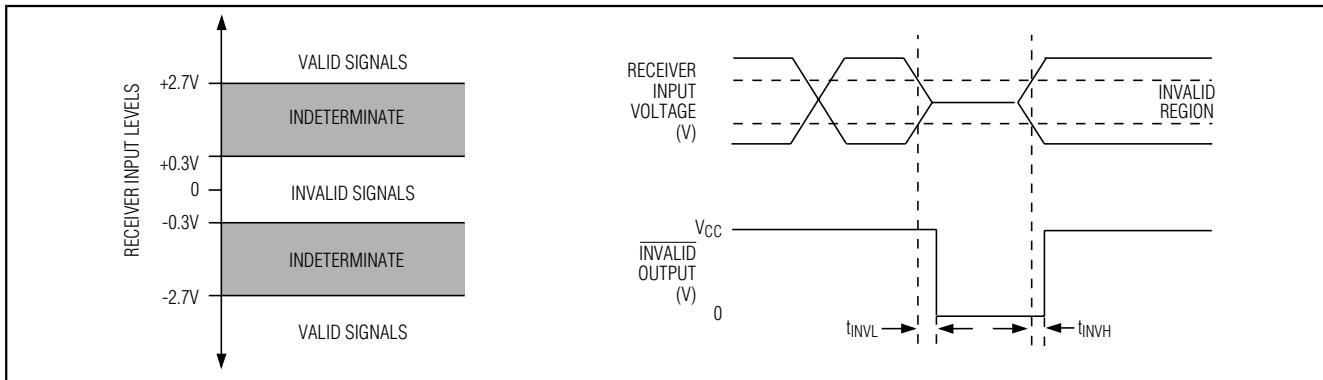


Figure 2. Input Levels and $\overline{\text{INVALID}}$ Timing

Signal Invalid Detector

If no valid signal levels appear on RIN for $30\mu\text{s}$ (typ), $\overline{\text{INVALID}}$ goes low. This event typically occurs if the RS-232 cable is disconnected, or if the connected peripheral transmitter is turned off. $\overline{\text{INVALID}}$ goes high when a valid level is applied to the RS-232 receiver input. Figure 2 shows the input levels and timing diagram for $\overline{\text{INVALID}}$ operation.

Enable Input

The MAX3180E/MAX3182E feature an enable input ($\overline{\text{EN}}$). Drive $\overline{\text{EN}}$ high to force ROUT into a high-impedance state. In this state, the devices ignore incoming RS-232 signals. Pull $\overline{\text{EN}}$ low for normal operation.

ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against ESD encountered during handling and assembly. The receiver inputs of the MAX3180E-MAX3183E have extra protection against static electricity. Maxim's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures enabling these pins to withstand ESD up to $\pm 15\text{kV}$ without damage or latchup. The receiver inputs of the MAX3180E-MAX3183E are characterized for protection to the following limits:

- $\pm 15\text{kV}$ using the Human Body Model
- $\pm 8\text{kV}$ using the Contact Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2
- $\pm 15\text{kV}$ using the Air-Gap Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2

Human Body Model

Figure 3 shows the Human Body Model, and Figure 4 shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of

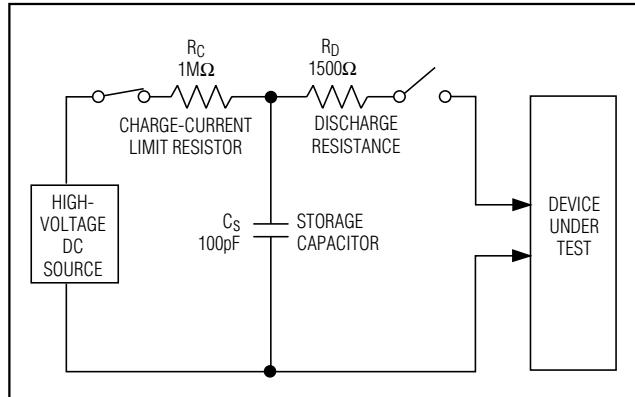


Figure 3. Human Body ESD Test Model

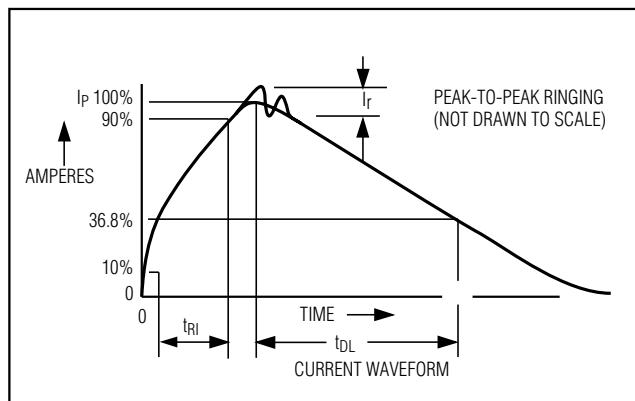


Figure 4. Human Body Model Current Waveform

a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, and then discharged into the test device through a $1.5\text{k}\Omega$ resistor.

$\pm 15\text{kV}$ ESD-Protected, $0.5\mu\text{A}$, $+3\text{V}$ to $+5.5\text{V}$, 1.5Mbps RS-232 Receivers in SOT23-5

IEC 1000-4-2

The IEC 1000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to ICs. The MAX3180E–MAX3183E enable the design of equipment that meets the highest level (Level 4) of IEC 1000-4-2 without the need for additional ESD-protection components.

The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 1000-4-2. Because series resistance is lower in the IEC 1000-4-2 model, the ESD withstand voltage measured to this standard is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body. Figure 5 shows the IEC 1000-4-2 model, and Figure 6 shows the

current waveform for the $\pm 8\text{kV}$ IEC 1000-4-2 Level 4 ESD Contact Discharge test.

The Air-Gap test involves approaching the device with a charged probe. The Contact Discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized.

Power-Supply Decoupling

In most circumstances, a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ V_{CC} bypass capacitor is adequate. Connect the bypass capacitor as close to the IC as possible.

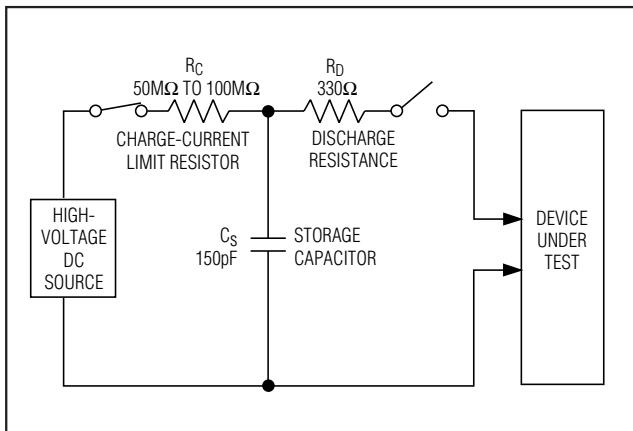


Figure 5. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Test Model

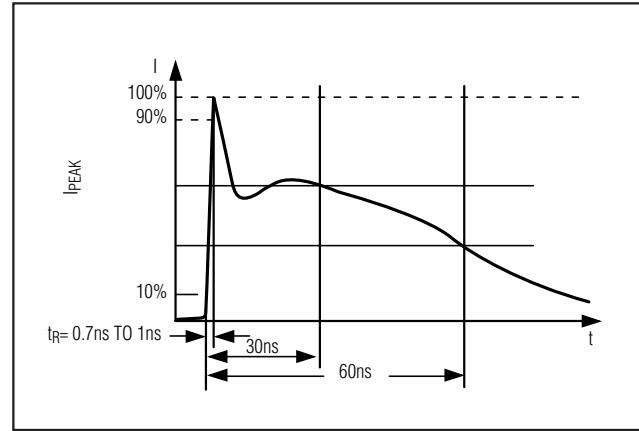


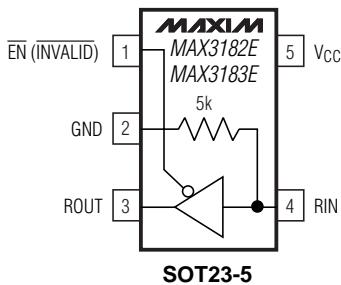
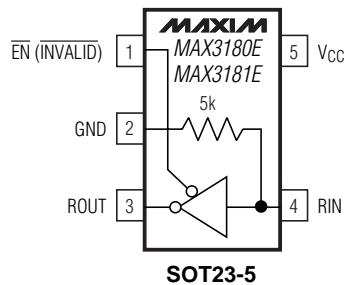
Figure 6. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Generator Current Waveform

$\pm 15kV$ ESD-Protected, $0.5\mu A$, +3V to +5.5V, 1.5Mbps RS-232 Receivers in SOT23-5

Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams

MAX3180E-MAX3183E

TOP VIEW



() ARE FOR MAX3181E/MAX3183E ONLY.

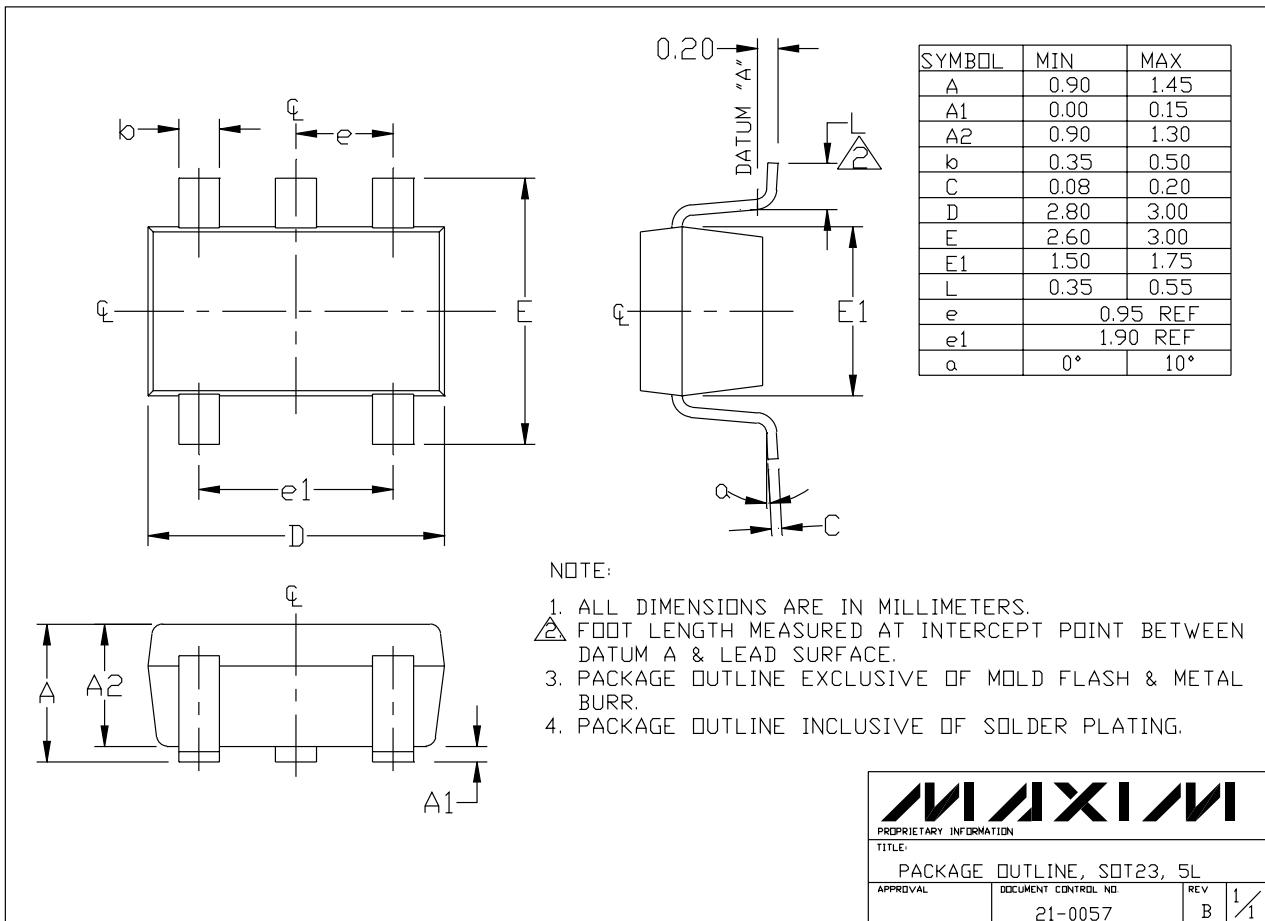
Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 41

***±15kV ESD-Protected, 0.5µA, +3V to +5.5V,
1.5Mbps RS-232 Receivers in SOT23-5***

Package Information

SOT23-5



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