



High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

General Description

The MAX6035 is a high-voltage, precision micropower voltage reference. This three-terminal device is available with output voltage options of 2.5V, 3.0V, and 5.0V. It is an excellent upgrade for industry-standard devices such as the REF02 and REF43. The MAX6035 offers 14x lower power than the REF02 and 5x lower power than the REF43, as well as a reduced package size from an 8-pin SO to a 3-pin SOT23. The MAX6035 features a proprietary temperature coefficient curvature-correction circuit and laser-trimmed, thin-film resistors that result in a very low temperature coefficient of 25ppm/°C (max) and an initial accuracy of $\pm 0.2\%$ (max).

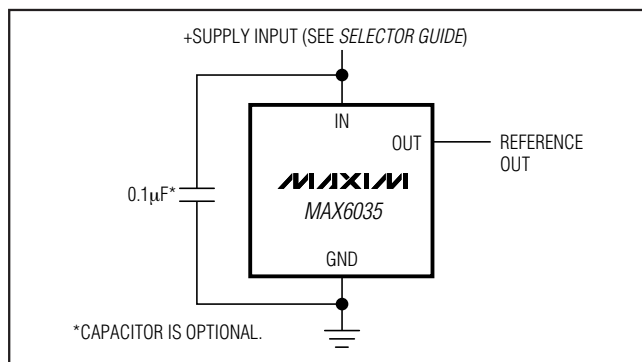
The MAX6035 typically draws only 73 μ A of supply current and can source 10mA or sink 2mA of load current. Unlike conventional shunt-mode (two-terminal) references that waste supply current and require an external resistor, this device offers a supply current that is virtually independent of the supply voltage and does not require an external resistor. Additionally, this internally compensated device does not require an external compensation capacitor, but is also stable with capacitive loads up to 5 μ F. Eliminating the external compensation capacitor saves valuable board area in space-critical applications. The supply independent, ultra-low supply current makes this device ideal for battery-operated, high-performance systems.

The MAX6035 is available in a 3-pin SOT23 package and is specified for operation from -40°C to +125°C.

Applications

4mA to 20mA Industrial Control Loops	Digital Multimeters
Li+ Battery Chargers	Portable Data-Acquisition Systems
12-Bit A/D and D/A Converters	Low-Power Test Equipment

Typical Operating Circuit



Features

- ◆ Wide Supply Voltage Range: Up to 33V
- ◆ 25ppm/°C (max) Temperature Coefficient (-40°C to +85°C)
- ◆ $\pm 0.2\%$ (max) Initial Accuracy
- ◆ 95 μ A (max) Quiescent Supply Current
- ◆ 10mA Source Current, 2mA Sink Current
- ◆ No Output Capacitor Required
- ◆ Stable with Capacitive Loads up to 5 μ F

Ordering Information

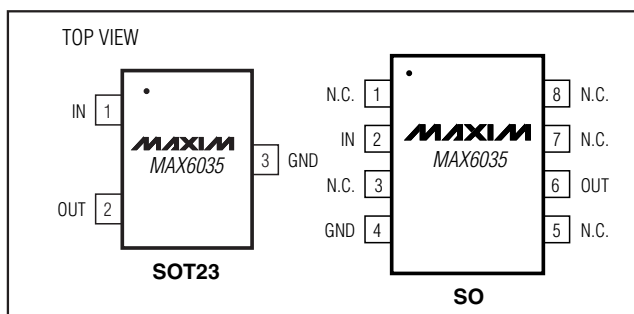
PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX6035AAUR25-T	-40°C to +125°C	3 SOT23-3	FZMW
MAX6035BAUR25-T	-40°C to +125°C	3 SOT23-3	FZMX
MAX6035ESA25	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	—
MAX6035AAUR30-T	-40°C to +125°C	3 SOT23-3	FZMY
MAX6035BAUR30-T	-40°C to +125°C	3 SOT23-3	FZMZ
MAX6035AAUR50-T	-40°C to +125°C	3 SOT23-3	FZNA
MAX6035BAUR50-T	-40°C to +125°C	3 SOT23-3	FZNB

Note: The 3-pin SOT23 package code is U3-1. The 8-pin SO package code is S8-2.

Selector Guide

PART	MAXIMUM TEMPCO (ppm/°C) (-40°C to +85°C)	MAXIMUM INITIAL ACCURACY (%)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)
MAX6035AAUR25	25	0.20	2.5
MAX6035BAUR25	65	0.50	2.5
MAX6035ESA25	40	0.20	2.5
MAX6035AAUR30	25	0.20	3.0
MAX6035BAUR30	65	0.50	3.0
MAX6035AAUR50	25	0.20	5.0
MAX6035BAUR50	65	0.50	5.0

Pin Configurations



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Voltages referenced to GND)

IN-0.3V to +36V
 OUT-0.3V to ($V_{IN} + 0.3V$)
 OUT Short-Circuit Duration to GND or IN (Note 1).....Continuous
 Current into Any Pin..... $\pm 20mA$
 Continuous Power Dissipation
 3-Pin SOT23 (derate 4.0mW/°C above +70°C).....320mW
 8-Pin SO (derate 5.9mW/°C above +70°C).....470.6mW

Operating Temperature Range:

MAX6035ESA-40°C to +85°C
 MAX6035_AUR-40°C to +125°C
 Storage Temperature Range-65°C to +150°C
 Junction Temperature+150°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Note 1: Continuous power dissipation should also be observed.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6035_AUR25 and MAX6035ESA25 (2.5V)

($V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	MAX6035AAUR, MAX6035ESA (0.2%)	2.4950	2.5000	2.5050	V
			MAX6035BAUR	2.4875	2.5000	2.5125	
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Notes 3 and 6)	TCV_{OUT}	$T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+70^\circ C$	MAX6035AAUR			20	ppm/°C
			MAX6035BAUR			50	
		$T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$	MAX6035AAUR			25	
			MAX6035ESA			40	
		$T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	MAX6035BAUR			65	
			MAX6035AAUR			30	
Line Regulation (Note 4)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	$(V_{OUT} + 2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 33V$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$		4	15	$\mu V/V$
			$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}			20	
Load Regulation (Note 4)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$, MAX6035_AUR	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10mA$		25	70	$\mu V/mA$
			Sinking: $-2mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		45	180	
		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , MAX6035_AUR	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10mA$			85	
			Sinking: $-2mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$			225	
		$T_A = +25^\circ C$, MAX6035ESA	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10mA$		105	175	
			Sinking: $-2mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		205	375	
		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , MAX6035ESA	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10mA$			350	
			Sinking: $-2mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$			500	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I_{SC}	Short to GND			27		mA
		Short to IN			-4		

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6035_AUR25 and MAX6035ESA25 (2.5V) (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 10\mu A$			1.9	V
		$I_{OUT} = 10mA$			2.25	
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 5)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/cycle$			135		ppm
Long-Term Stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}/time$	1000hr at $+25^\circ C$		110		ppm/1000hr
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Noise Voltage	e_n	$f = 0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$		21		μV_{P-P}
		$f = 10Hz$ to $1kHz$		20		μV_{RMS}
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100mV$, $f = 120Hz$		86		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t_R	$T_O V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ of final value	$C_{OUT} = 50pF$		35	μs
			$C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$		240	
Capacitive-Load Stability (Note 6)	C_{OUT}		0		5	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Supply Voltage Range	V_{IN}	Inferred from line regulation and dropout voltage	4.4		33	V
Quiescent Supply Current	I_{IN}			73	95	μA
Change in Supply Current	$\Delta I_{IN}/\Delta V_{IN}$	$4.4V \leq V_{IN} \leq 33V$		0.4	0.7	$\mu A/V$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6035_AUR30 (3.0V)

($V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	T _A = +25°C	MAX6035A (0.2%)	2.9940	3.0000	3.0060	V
			MAX6035B (0.5%)	2.9850	3.0000	3.0150	
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 3)	TCV _{OUT}	T _A = 0°C to +70°C	MAX6035A	20			ppm/°C
			MAX6035B	50			
		T _A = -40°C to +85°C	MAX6035A	25			
			MAX6035B	65			
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C	MAX6035A	30			
			MAX6035B	75			
Line Regulation (Note 4)	ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN}	(V _{OUT} + 1.75V) ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 33V	T _A = +25°C	4.5	15	μV/V	
			T _A = 0°C to +125°C	24			
		(V _{OUT} + 2V) ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 33V	T _A = -40°C to +125°C	24			
Load Regulation (Note 4)	ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT}	T _A = +25°C	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 10mA	30	81	μV/mA	
			Sinking: -2mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 0mA	54	170		
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 10mA	96			
			Sinking: -2mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 0mA	230			

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6035_AUR30 (3.0V) (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I _{SC}	Short to GND		27			mA
		Short to IN		-4			
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	V _{IN} - V _{OUT}	T _A = 0°C to +125°C	I _{OUT} = 10μA	1.75			V
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C	I _{OUT} = 10μA	1.9			
			I _{OUT} = 10mA	2.25			
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 5)	ΔV _{OUT} /cycle			135			ppm
Long-Term Stability	ΔV _{OUT} /time	1000hr at +25°C		120			ppm/ 1000hr
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS							
Output Noise Voltage	e _n	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		25			μV _{P-P}
		f = 10Hz to 1kHz		25			μV _{RMS}
Ripple Rejection	ΔV _{OUT} / ΔV _{IN}	V _{IN} = 5V ±100mV, f = 120Hz		80			dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t _R	V _{OUT} = 0.1% of final value	C _{OUT} = 50pF	40			μs
			C _{OUT} = 1μF	250			
Capacitive-Load Stability (Note 6)	C _{OUT}			0	5		μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Supply Voltage Range	V _{IN}	T _A = 0°C to +125°C, inferred from line regulation and dropout voltage		4.75	33		V
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C, inferred from line regulation and dropout voltage		4.9	33		
Quiescent Current Supply	I _{IN}			73	95		μA
Change in Supply Current	ΔI _{IN} /ΔV _{IN}	4.9V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 33V		0.4	0.7		μA/V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6035_AUR50 (5.0V)

($V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	T _A = +25°C	MAX6035A (0.2%)	4.9900	5.0000	5.0100	V
			MAX6035B (0.5%)	4.9750	5.0000	5.0250	
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 3)	TCV _{OUT}	T _A = 0°C to +70°C	MAX6035A	20			ppm/°C
			MAX6035B	50			
		T _A = -40°C to +85°C	MAX6035A	25			
			MAX6035B	65			
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C	MAX6035A	30			
			MAX6035B	75			
Line Regulation (Note 4)	ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN}	(V _{OUT} + 2V) ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 33V	T _A = +25°C	7.5		25	μV/V
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	8		40	

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MAX6035

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6035_AUR50 (5.0V) (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Load Regulation (Note 4)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10mA$		50	135	$\mu V/mA$
			Sinking: $-2mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0mA$		90	215	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10mA$			160	
			Sinking: $-2mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0mA$			300	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I_{SC}	Shorted to GND			27		mA
		Shorted to IN			-4		
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 10\mu A$				1.9	V
		$I_{OUT} = 10mA$				2.25	
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 5)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/cycle$				135		ppm
Long-Term Stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}/time$	1000hr at $+25^{\circ}C$			160		ppm/ 1000hr
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS							
Output Noise Voltage	e_n	$f = 0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$			68		μV_{P-P}
		$f = 10Hz$ to $1kHz$			48		μV_{RMS}
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 15V \pm 100mV$, $f = 120Hz$			72		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t_R	To $V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ of final value	$C_{OUT} = 50pF$		140		μs
			$C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$		300		
Capacitive-Load Stability (Note 6)	C_{OUT}			0		5	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Supply Voltage Range	V_{IN}	Inferred by line regulation and dropout voltage		6.9		33	V
Quiescent Current Supply	I_{IN}				80	100	μA
Change in Supply Current	$\Delta I_{IN}/\Delta V_{IN}$	$6.9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 33V$			0.4	0.7	$\mu A/V$

Note 2: All devices are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25^\circ C$ and are guaranteed by design for $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , as specified.

Note 3: Temperature Coefficient is measured by the "box" method, i.e., the maximum ΔV_{OUT} is divided by the maximum ΔT .

Note 4: Line and load regulation are measured with pulses and do not include output voltage fluctuation due to die-temperature changes.

Note 5: Thermal Hysteresis is defined as the change in the output voltage at $T_A = +25^\circ C$ before and after cycling the device from T_{MAX} to T_{MIN} .

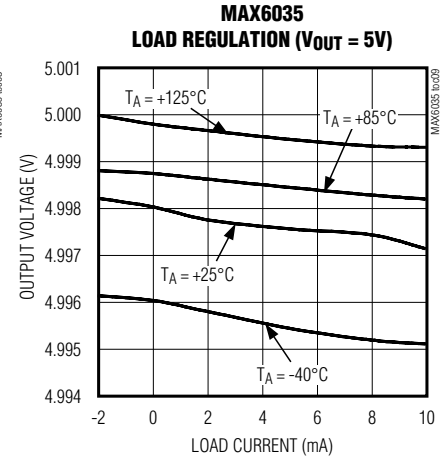
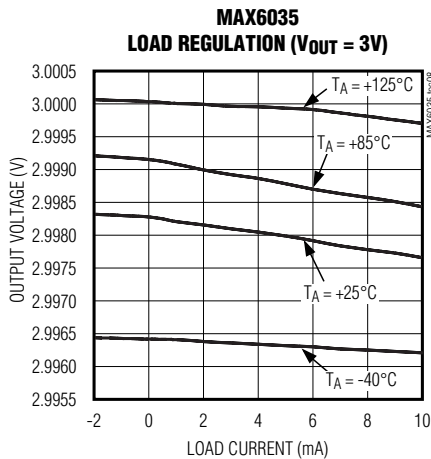
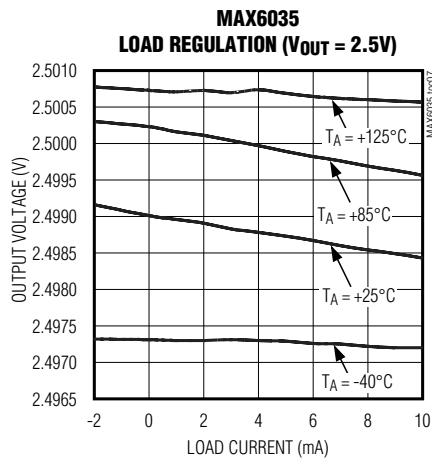
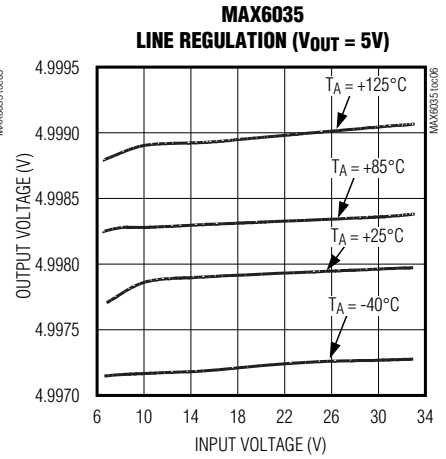
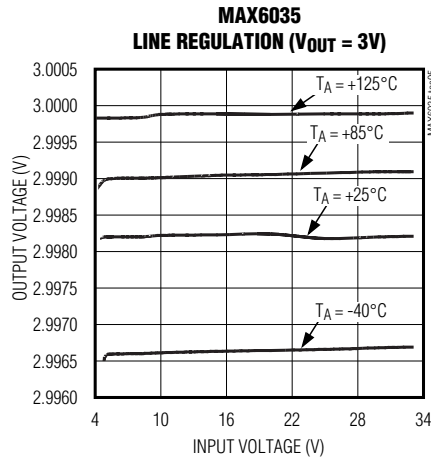
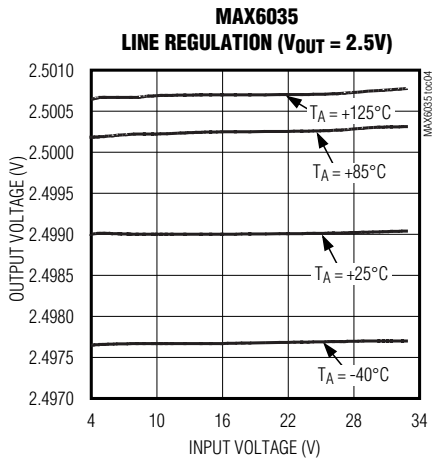
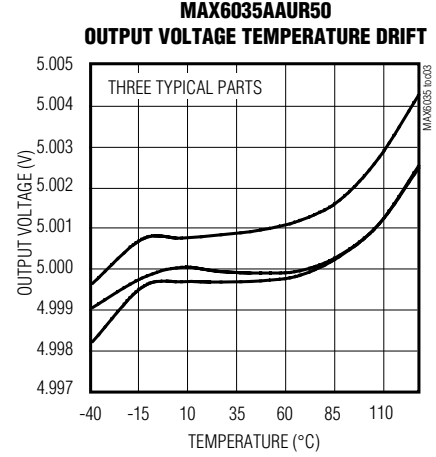
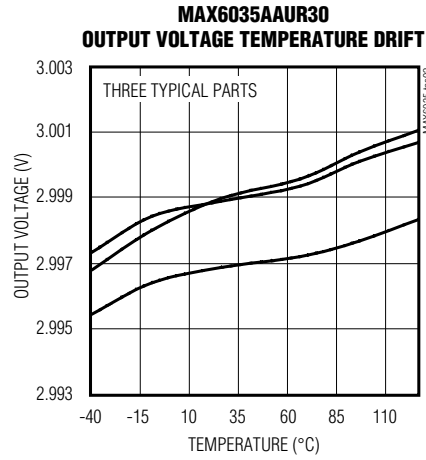
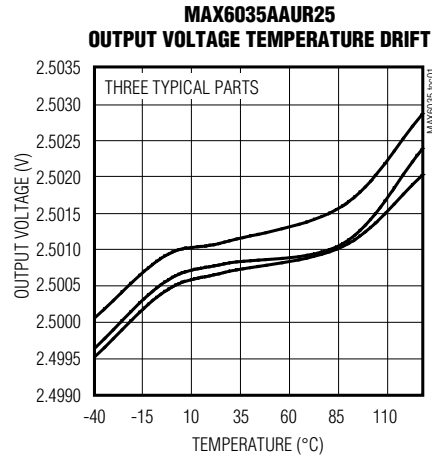
Note 6: Guaranteed by design.

Note 7: Although the source current is guaranteed to be 10mA, exercise caution to ensure that the package's absolute power dissipation rating is not exceeded.

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Typical Operating Characteristics

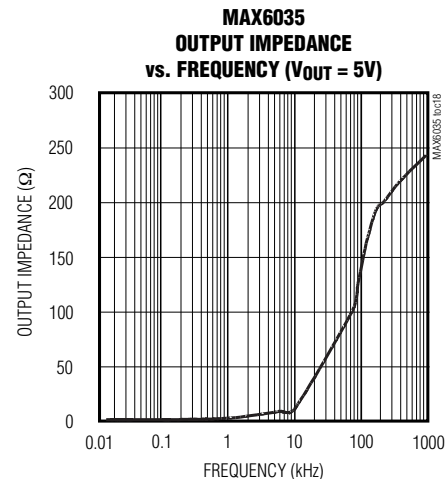
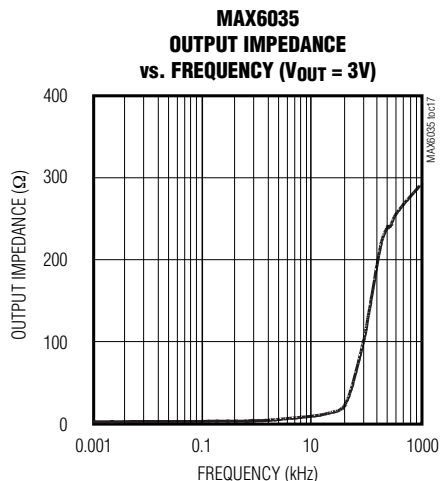
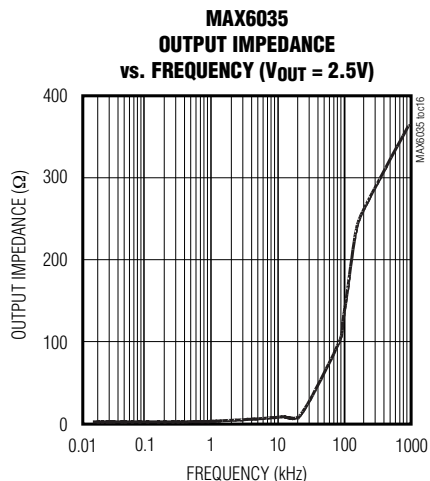
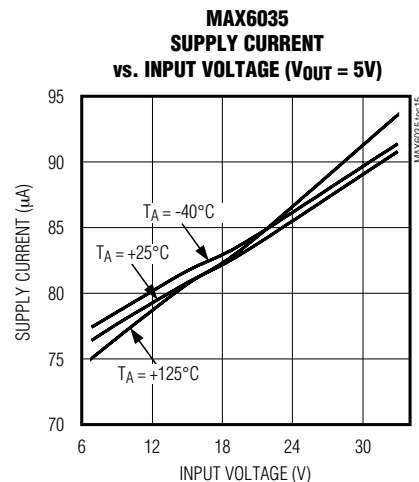
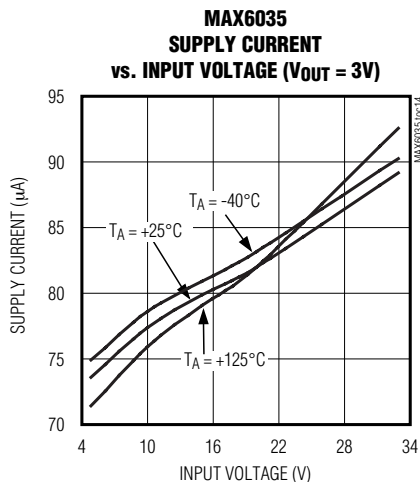
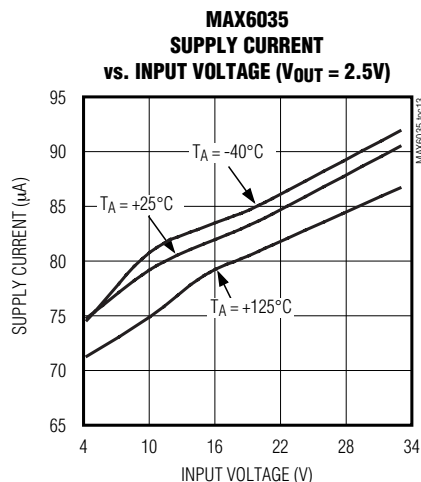
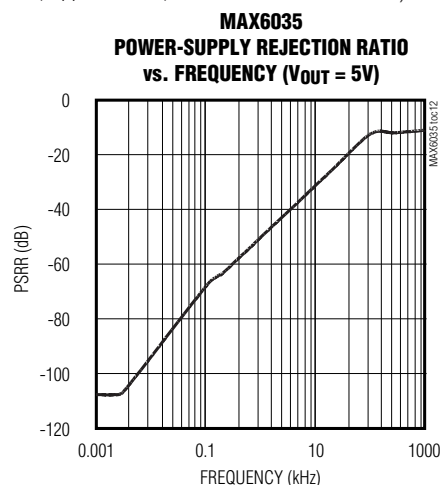
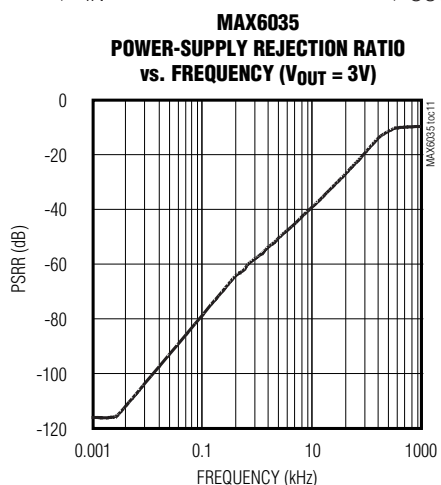
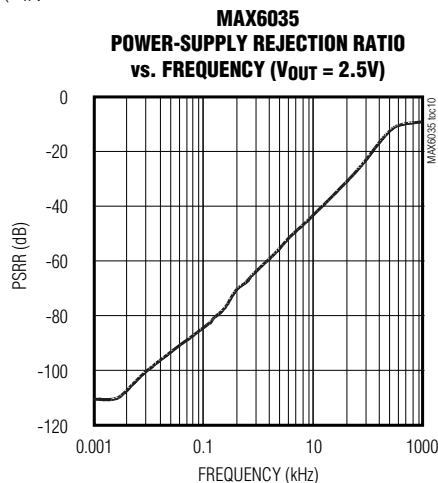
($V_{IN} = 5V$ for MAX6035AAUR25/MAX6035AAUR30, $V_{IN} = 15V$ for MAX6035AAUR50, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$ for MAX6035AAUR25/MAX6035AAUR30, $V_{IN} = 15V$ for MAX6035AAUR50, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

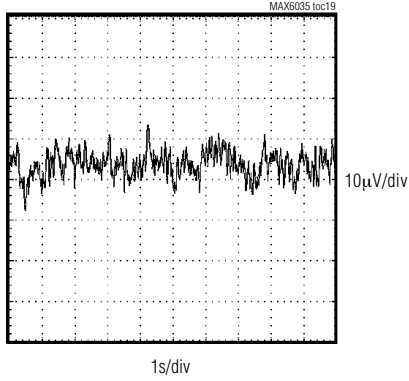


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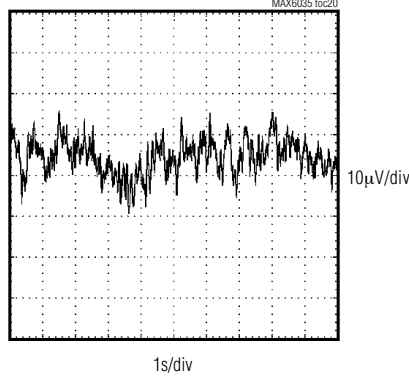
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$ for MAX6035AAUR25/MAX6035AAUR30, $V_{IN} = 15V$ for MAX6035AAUR50, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

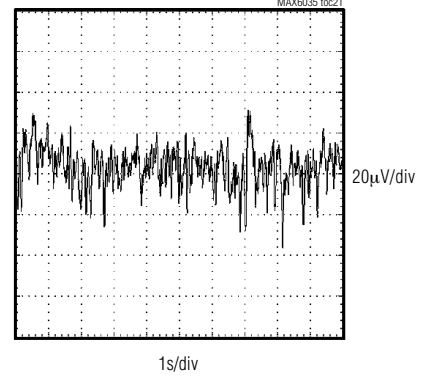
MAX6035
0.1Hz to 10Hz OUTPUT NOISE
($V_{OUT} = 2.5V$)



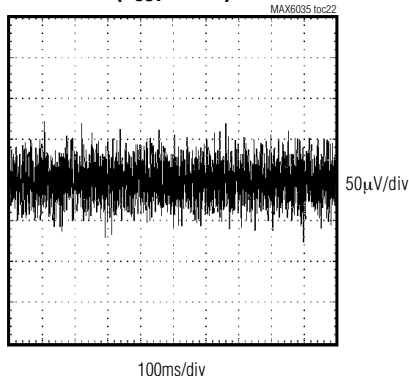
MAX6035
0.1Hz to 10Hz OUTPUT NOISE
($V_{OUT} = 3V$)



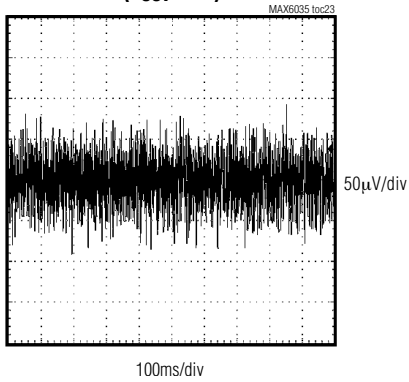
MAX6035
0.1Hz to 10Hz OUTPUT NOISE
($V_{OUT} = 5V$)



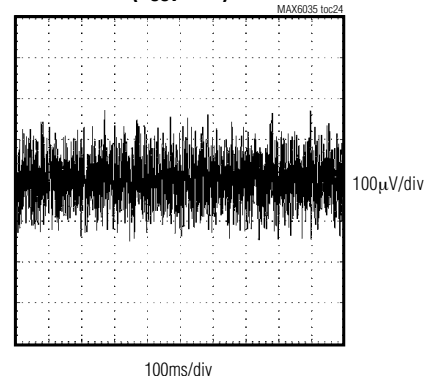
MAX6035
10Hz to 1kHz OUTPUT NOISE
($V_{OUT} = 2.5V$)



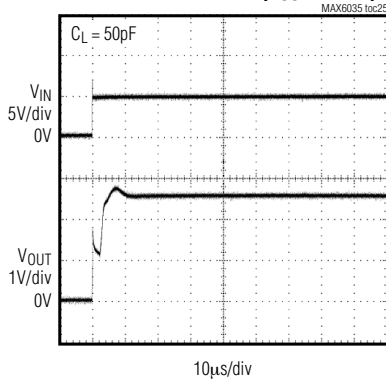
MAX6035
10Hz to 1kHz OUTPUT NOISE
($V_{OUT} = 3V$)



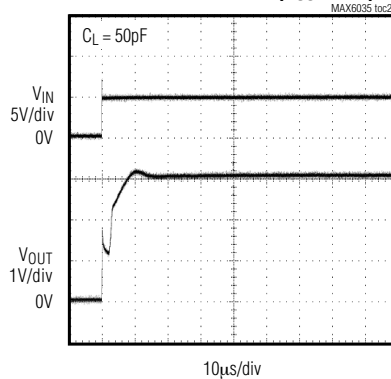
MAX6035
10Hz to 1kHz OUTPUT NOISE
($V_{OUT} = 5V$)



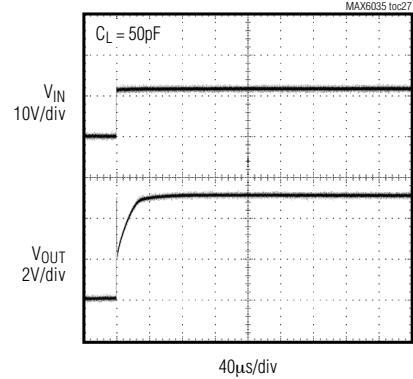
MAX6035
TURN-ON TRANSIENT ($V_{OUT} = 2.5V$)



MAX6035
TURN-ON TRANSIENT ($V_{OUT} = 3V$)



MAX6035
TURN-ON TRANSIENT ($V_{OUT} = 5V$)

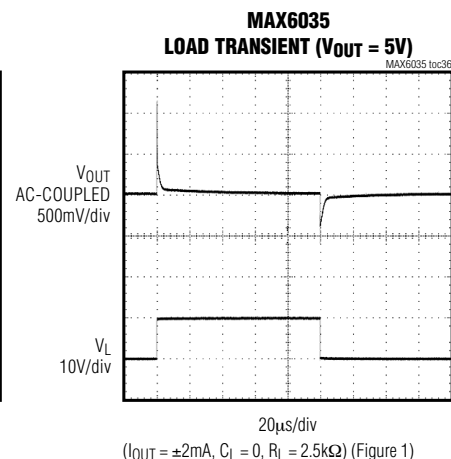
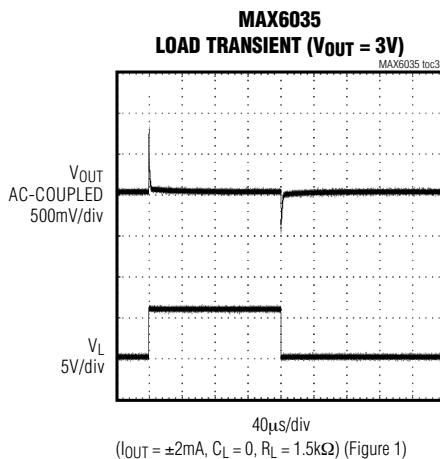
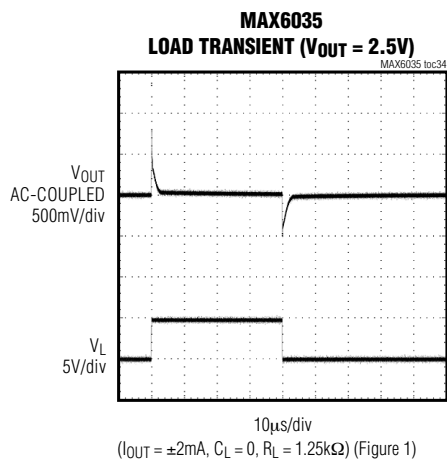
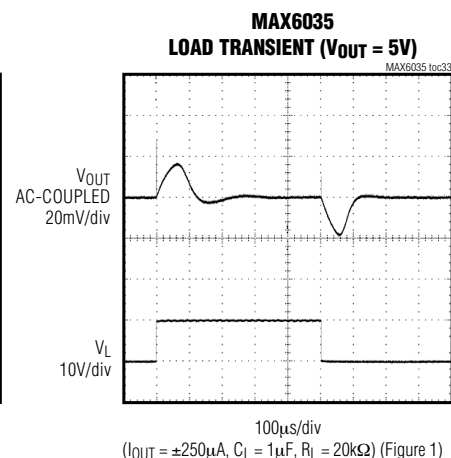
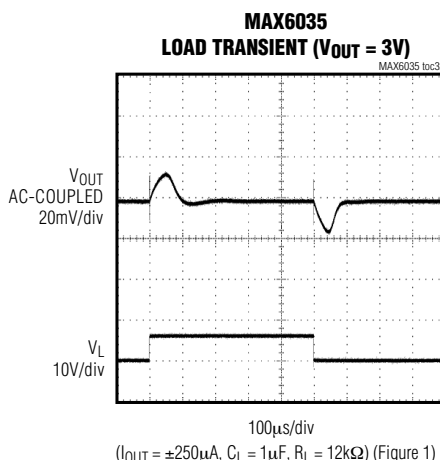
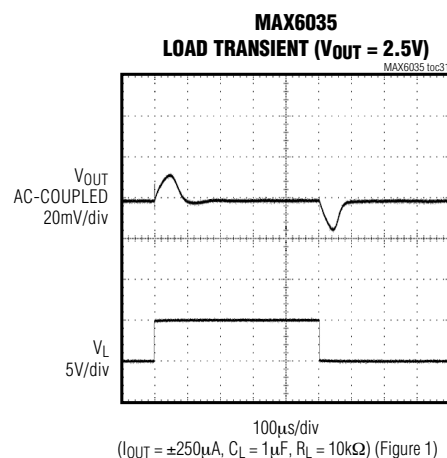
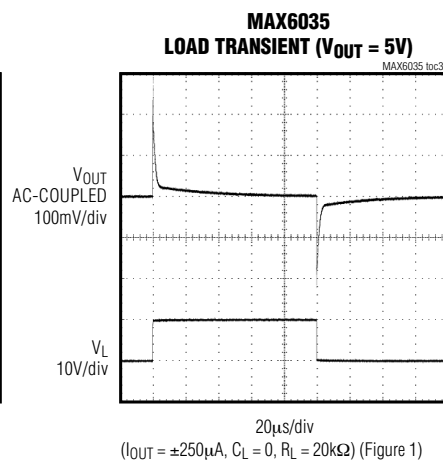
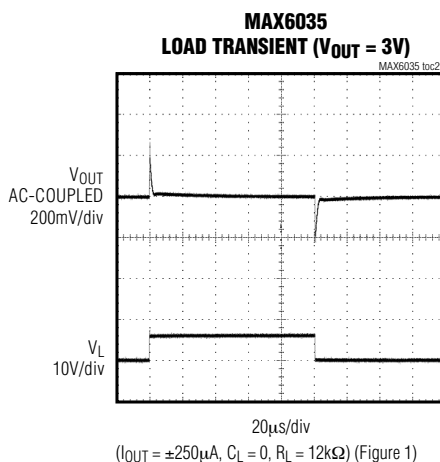
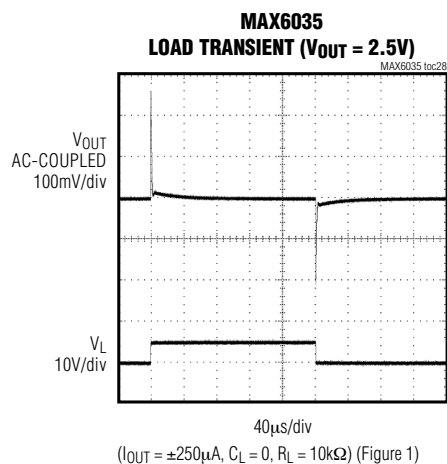


High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$ for MAX6035AAUR25/MAX6035AAUR30, $V_{IN} = 15V$ for MAX6035AAUR50, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

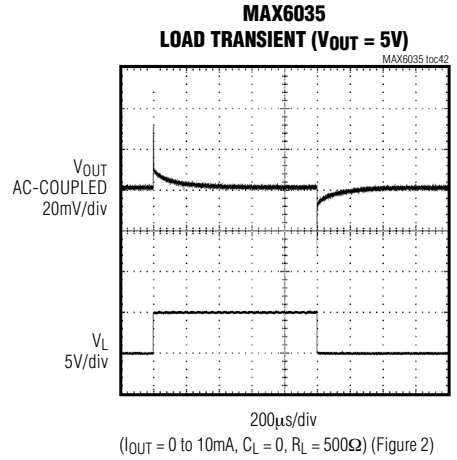
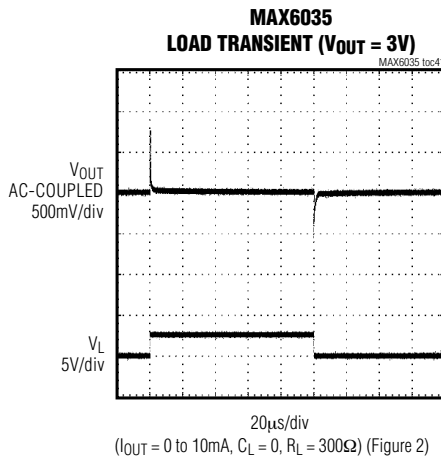
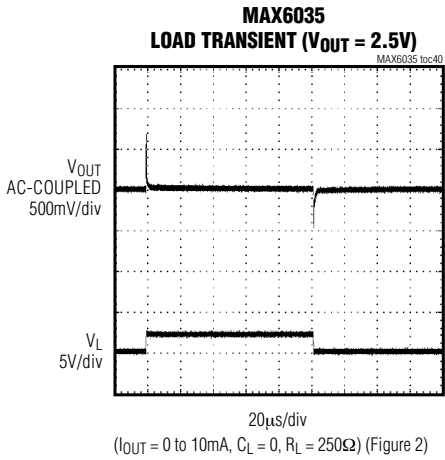
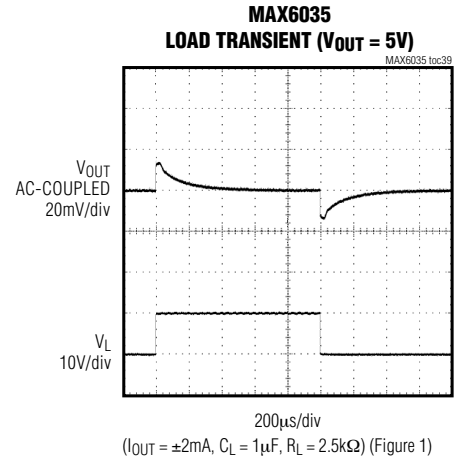
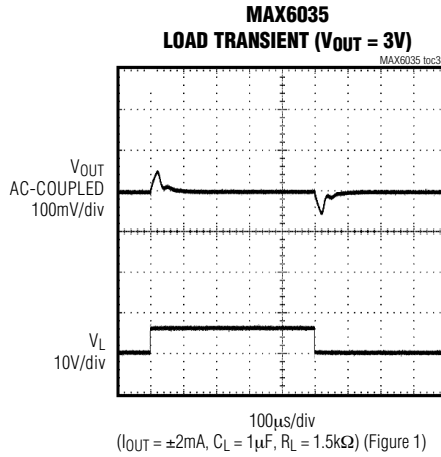
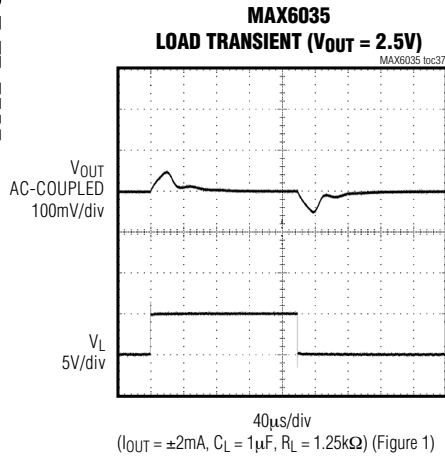
MAX6035



High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$ for MAX6035AAUR25/MAX6035AAUR30, $V_{IN} = 15V$ for MAX6035AAUR50, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 5V$ for MAX6035AAUR25/MAX6035AAUR30, $V_{IN} = 15V$ for MAX6035AAUR50, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

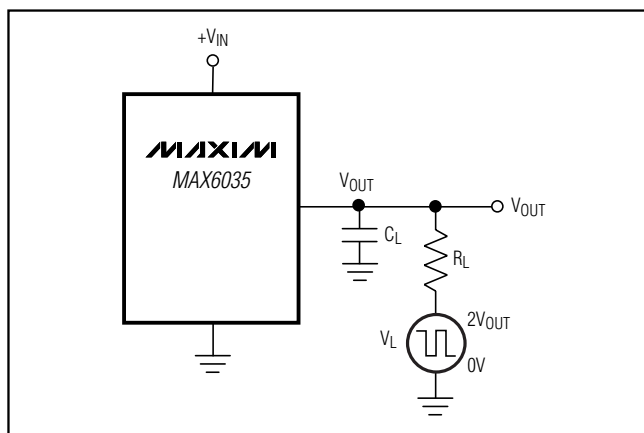
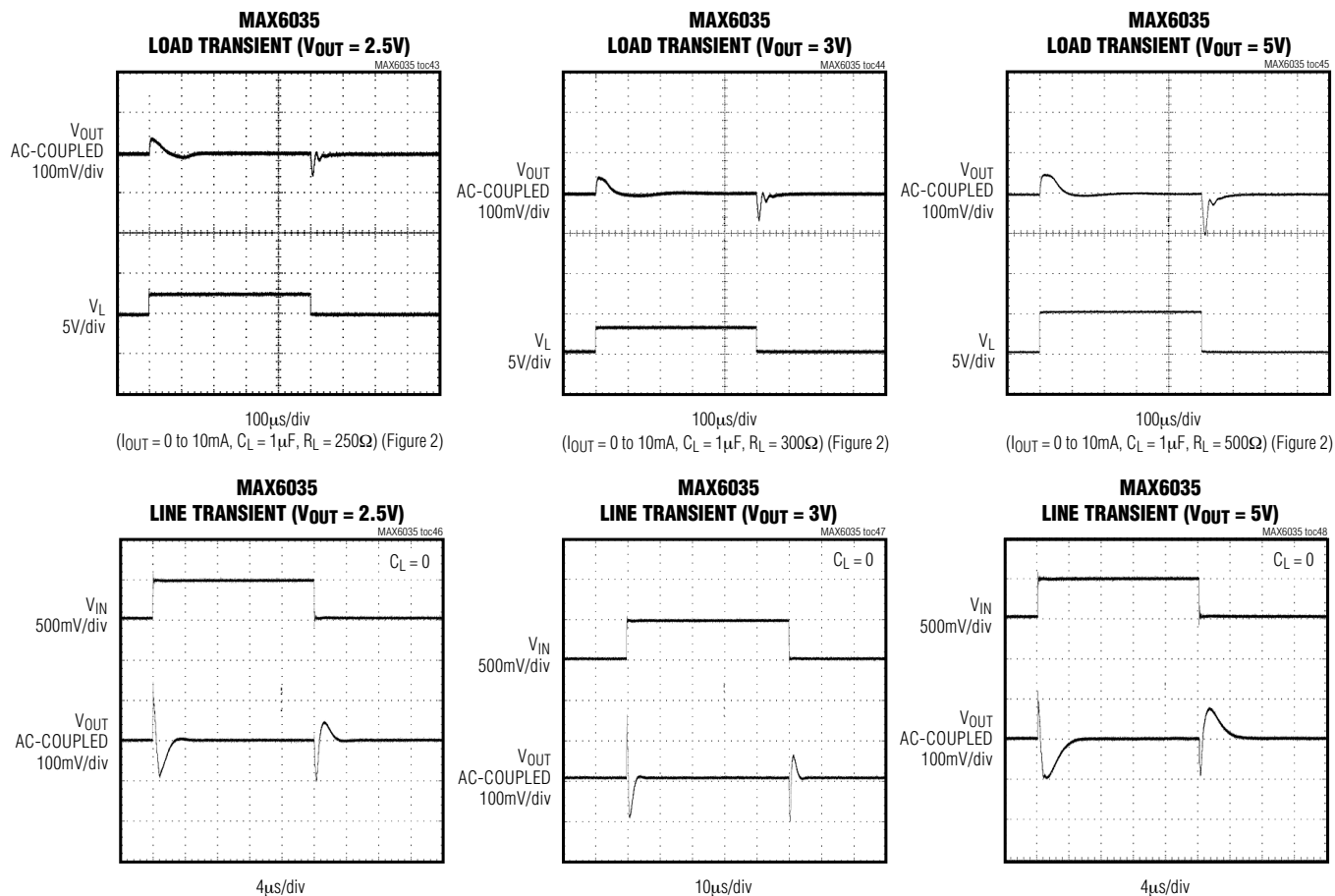


Figure 1. Load-Transient Test Circuit

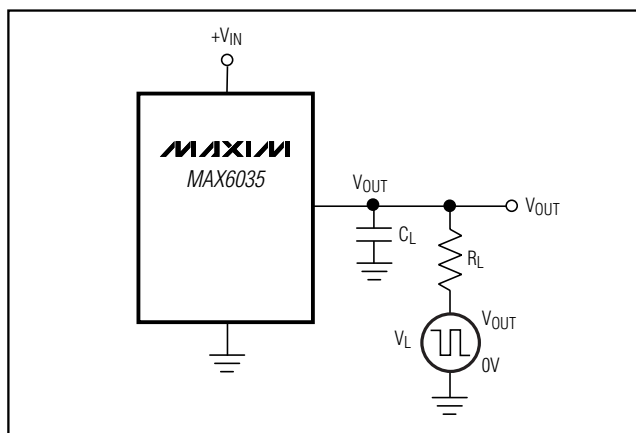


Figure 2. Load-Transient Test Circuit

High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

Pin Description

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
SOT23	SO		
1	2	IN	Input Voltage
2	6	OUT	Reference Output
3	4	GND	Ground
	1, 3, 5, 7, 8	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.

Applications Information

Input Bypassing

For the best line-transient performance, decouple the input with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor as shown in the *Typical Operating Circuit*. Locate the capacitor as close to the device as possible. Where transient performance is less important, no capacitor is necessary.

Output/Load Capacitance

Devices in the MAX6035 family do not require any output capacitance for frequency stability. In applications where the load or the supply can experience step changes, an output capacitor of at least 0.1 μ F reduces the amount of overshoot (undershoot) and improves the circuit's transient response. Many applications do not require an external capacitor, and the MAX6035 family can offer a significant advantage in these applications when board space is critical.

Supply Current

The quiescent supply current of the MAX6035 series-mode family is typically 73 μ A and is virtually independent of the supply voltage, with only a 0.7 μ A/V (max) variation with supply voltage. In contrast, the quiescent current of a shunt-mode reference is a function of the input voltage due to a series resistor connected to the

power supply. Additionally, shunt-mode references have to be biased at the maximum expected load current, even if the load current is not present at the time. In the MAX6035 family, the load current is drawn from the input voltage only when required, so supply current is not wasted and efficiency is maximized at all input voltages. This improved efficiency reduces power dissipation and extends battery life.

Thermal Hysteresis

Thermal hysteresis is the change of output voltage at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ before and after the device is cycled over its entire operating temperature range. The typical temperature hysteresis value is 135ppm.

Turn-On Time

These devices typically turn on and settle to within 0.1% of their final value in 240 μ s. Increased output capacitance also increases turn-on time.

Temperature Coefficient vs. Operating Temperature Range for a 1 LSB Maximum Error

In a data converter application, the reference voltage of the converter must stay within a certain limit to keep the error in the data converter smaller than the resolution limit through the operating temperature range. Figure 3 shows the maximum allowable reference-voltage temperature coefficient to keep the conversion error to less than 1LSB, as a function of the operating temperature range ($T_{MAX} - T_{MIN}$) with the converter resolution as a parameter. The graph assumes the reference-voltage temperature coefficient as the only parameter affecting accuracy.

In reality, the absolute static accuracy of a data converter is dependent on the combination of many parameters such as integral nonlinearity, differential nonlinearity, offset error, gain error, as well as voltage reference changes

High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

MAX6035

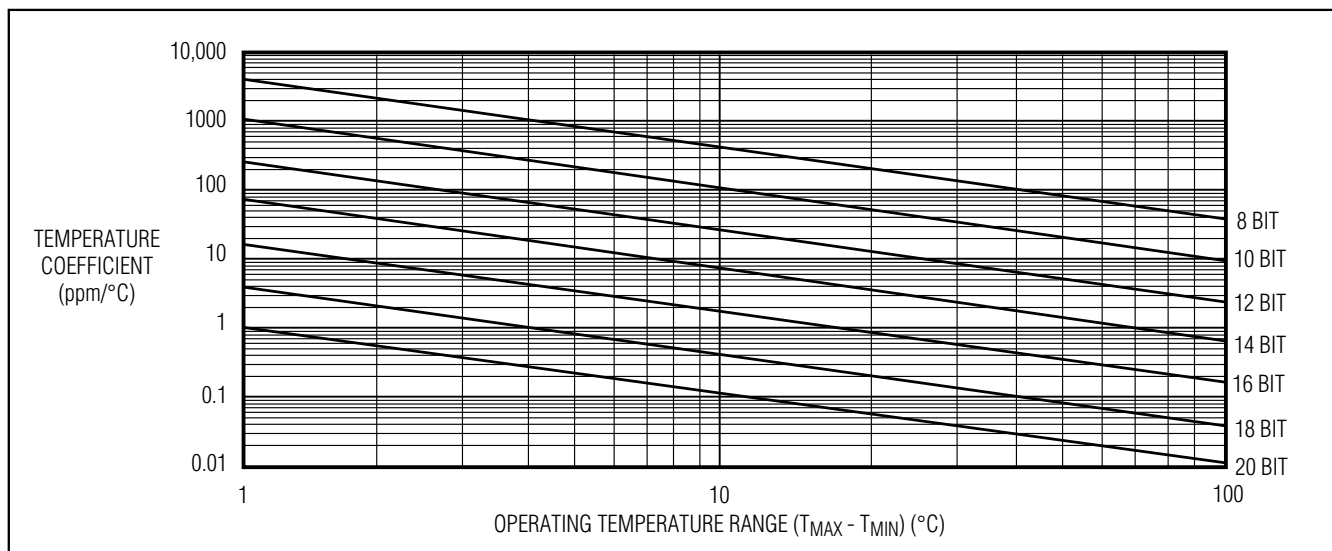


Figure 3. Temperature Coefficient vs. Operating Temperature Range for a 1 LSB Maximum Error

Chip Information

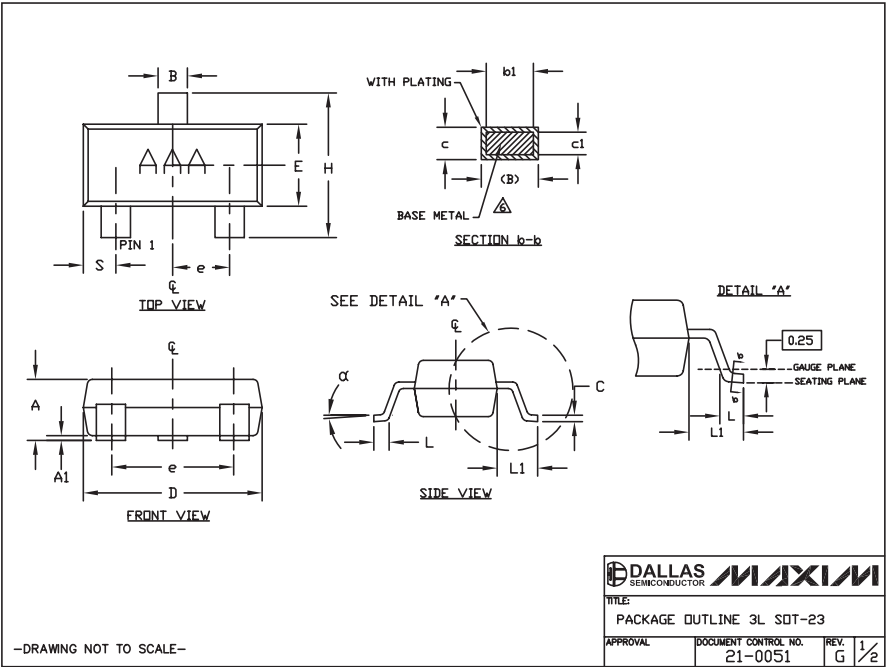
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 84

PROCESS: BiCMOS

High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.



- NOTES:
1. D&E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
 2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED .15mm (.006").
 3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 4. REFERENCE JEDEC TD236-VARIATION AB.
 5. LEADS TO BE COPLANAR WITHIN 0.10mm.
 6. DIMENSIONS MEASURED AT FLAT SECTION OF LEAD BETWEEN 0.08mm AND 0.15mm FROM LEAD TIP.
 7. MARKING SHOWN IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.

DIM	INCHES			MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.035	0.0394	0.044	0.890	1.000	1.120
A1	0.0004	0.0024	0.004	0.010	0.060	0.100
B	0.012	0.0165	0.020	0.300	0.420	0.500
b1	0.012		0.018	0.300		0.450
c	0.003	0.047	0.071	0.085	0.120	0.180
c1	0.003		0.071	0.080		0.160
D	0.110	0.115	0.120	2.800	2.920	3.040
E	0.047	0.0512	0.055	1.200	1.30	1.400
e		0.037 BSC.			0.950 BSC.	
e1		0.075 BSC.			1.900 BSC.	
H	0.083	0.0925	0.104	2.100	2.350	2.640
L	0.015	0.0205	0.023	0.400	0.520	0.600
L1		0.021 REF			0.54 REF	
S	0.018	0.0213	0.024	0.45	0.540	0.60
α	0°	2°	8°	0°	2	8°

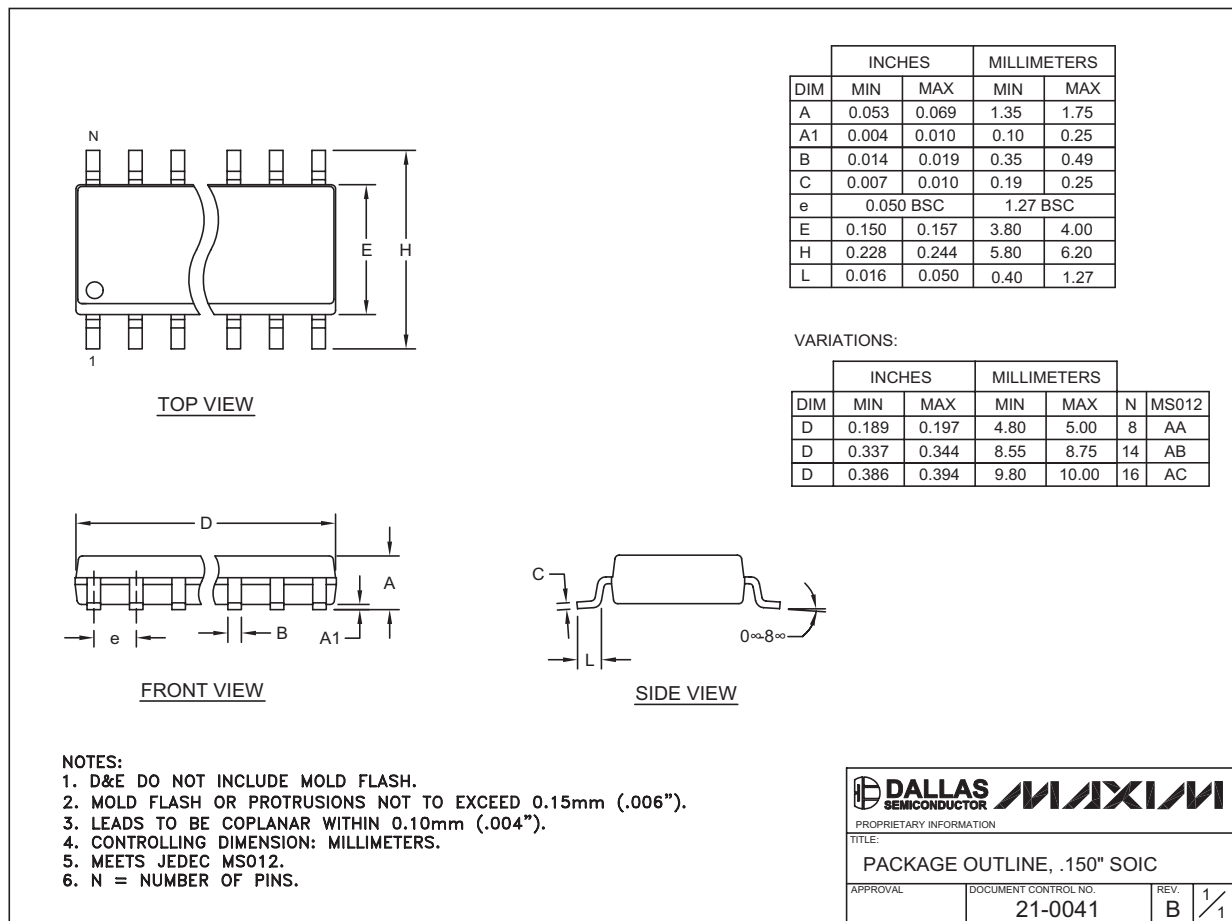
PKG CODES: U3-1, U3-2



High-Supply-Voltage, Precision Voltage Reference in SOT23

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-integrated.com/packages.)



MAX6035

Revision History

Pages changed at Rev 2: 1, 2, 3, 12, 15

Pages changed at Rev 3: 1, 2, 15

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Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600 15