



## **PTC thermistors**

Motor protection, single sensors

**Series/Type:** B59100  
**Date:** March 2006

## Sensors

### Motor protection, single sensors

**M1100**

#### Applications

- Thermal protection of winding in electric motors
- Limit temperature monitoring

#### Features

- Thermistor pellet with insulating encapsulation
- Low-resistance type, steep R/T curve
- Silver-plated and Teflon-insulated AWG 26 litz wires
- Extremely fast response due to small dimensions
- Characteristics for nominal threshold temperatures  $T_{NTT} = 90$  up to  $160$  °C conform with DIN 44081
- Color coding of litz wires to DIN 44081
- UL approval to UL 1434 (file number E69802)
- RoHS-compatible

#### Delivery mode

- Bulk

#### General technical data

Max. operating voltage	$(T_A = 0 \dots 40$ °C)	$V_{max}$	30	VDC
Max. measuring voltage	$(T_A = -25$ °C ... $T_{NTT} + 23$ K)	$V_{meas,max}$	7.5	VDC
Rated resistance	$(V_{PTC} \leq 2.5$ V)	$R_R$	$\leq 100$	Ω
Insulating test voltage		$V_{ins}$	2.5	kVAC
Thermal threshold time		$t_a$	<3	s
Operating temperature range	$(V \leq V_{meas,max})$	$T_{op}$	$-25 / T_{NTT} + 23$	°C
Operating temperature range	$(V = V_{max})$	$T_{op}$	0 / +40	°C

#### Electrical specifications and ordering codes

$T_{NTT}$ °C	$R$ $(T_{NTT} - \Delta T)$ $(V_{PTC} \leq 2.5$ V)	$R$ $(T_{NTT} + \Delta T)$ $(V_{PTC} \leq 2.5$ V)	$R$ $(T_{NTT} + 15$ K) $(V_{PTC} \leq 7.5$ V)	$R$ $(T_{NTT} + 23$ K) $(V_{PTC} \leq 2.5$ V)	Ordering code
$\Delta T = 5$ K					
60	$\leq 570$	$\geq 570$	-	$\geq 10$ k	B59100M1060A070
70	$\leq 570$	$\geq 570$	-	$\geq 10$ k	B59100M1070A070
80	$\leq 570$	$\geq 570$	-	$\geq 10$ k	B59100M1080A070
90	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4$ k	-	B59100M1090A070
100	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4$ k	-	B59100M1100A070

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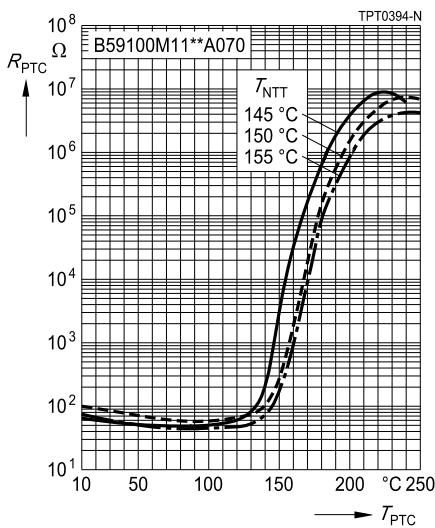
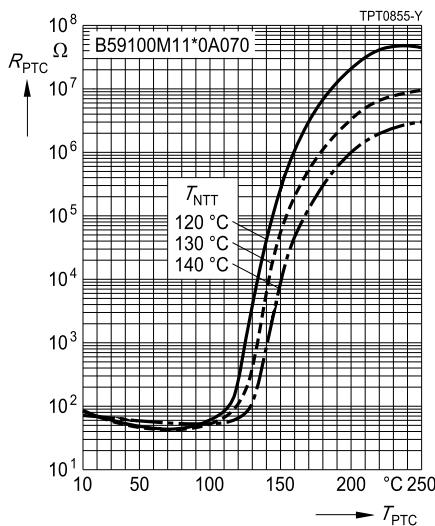
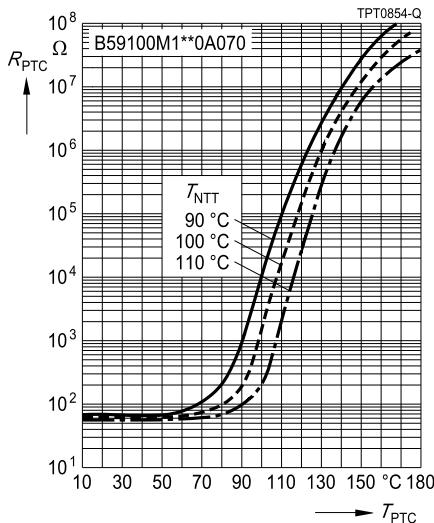
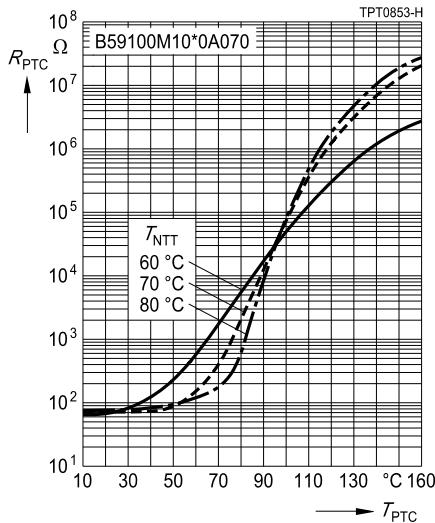
$T_{NTT}$ °C	R ( $T_{NTT} - \Delta T$ ) ( $V_{PTC} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$ ) $\Omega$	R ( $T_{NTT} + \Delta T$ ) ( $V_{PTC} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$ ) $\Omega$	R ( $T_{NTT} + 15 \text{ K}$ ) ( $V_{PTC} \leq 7.5 \text{ V}$ ) $\Omega$	R ( $T_{NTT} + 23 \text{ K}$ ) ( $V_{PTC} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$ ) $\Omega$	Ordering code
110	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1110A070
120	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1120A070
130	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1130A070
140	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1140A070
145	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1145A070
150	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1150A070
155	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1155A070
160	$\leq 550$	$\geq 1330$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}$	-	B59100M1160A070
<b><math>\Delta T = 7 \text{ K}</math></b>					
170	$\leq 570$	$\geq 570$	-	$\geq 10 \text{ k}$	B59100M1170A070
180	$\leq 570$	$\geq 570$	-	$\geq 10 \text{ k}$	B59100M1180A070
190	$\leq 570$	$\geq 570$	-	$\geq 10 \text{ k}$	B59100M1190A070

**Color coding of litz wires (to DIN 44081)**

$T_{NTT}$ °C	Color
60	white/grey
70	white/brown
80	white/white
90	green/green
100	red/red
110	brown/brown
120	grey/grey
130	blue/blue
140	white/blue
145	white/black
150	black/black
155	blue/black
160	blue/red
170	white/green
180	white/red
190	black/grey

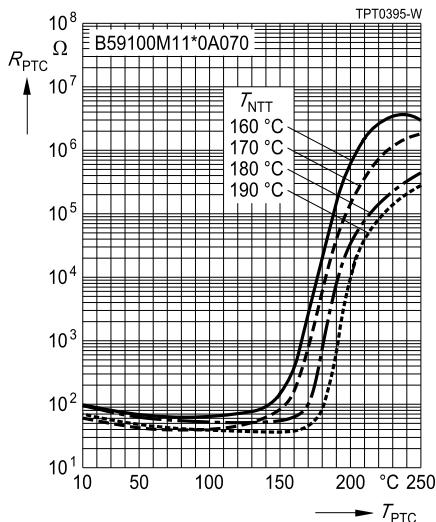
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**Characteristics (typical)**

PTC resistance  $R_{PTC}$  versus PTC temperature  $T_{PTC}$   
(measured at low signal voltage)



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PTC resistance  $R_{\text{PTC}}$  versus PTC temperature  $T_{\text{PTC}}$   
(measured at low signal voltage)



**Sensors****Motor protection, single sensors****M1100****Cautions and warnings****General**

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

**Storage**

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature  $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \dots +45^{\circ}\text{C}$ , relative humidity  $\leq 75\%$  annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function or function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within 6 months after delivery.

**Handling**

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

**Soldering**

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.

**Mounting**

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

**Operation**

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

## Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

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