

Two/Four Output Low Phase Noise Clock Evaluation Board

Contents

1	Features	2
2	General Description	2
3	Signal Path and Control Circuit	3
4	Software Selectable Options	3
5	Installing the GUI Interface and USB Driver	4
6	TI CDCE62002 Control GUI Interface	4
	6.1 Using the EVM GUI.....	5
7	Configuring the Board	7
8	CDCE62002EVM Board Schematic Diagram	9

List of Figures

1	CDCE62002EVM Evaluation Board	2
2	Input Buffer Properties	5
3	Smart MUX	5
4	Smart MUX	5
5	Loop Filter, Internal Only.....	6
6	Output Buffer Configuration (each output).....	6
7	Tools – Write to EEPROM.....	7
8	External Loop Filter selection switches	8
9	Control Bus ON/OFF Dip Switches.....	8

1 Features

- Easy to use Evaluation boards to generate low phase noise clocks between 4.25MHz and 1.175GHz
- Easy device programming via host-powered USB port
- Fast configuration through provided GUI software interface
- Total board power provided either through USB port or separate 3.3V and ground connections
- Single ended or differential input interface or crystal input
- Crystal filter on output readily available for clocking high speed A/D converters

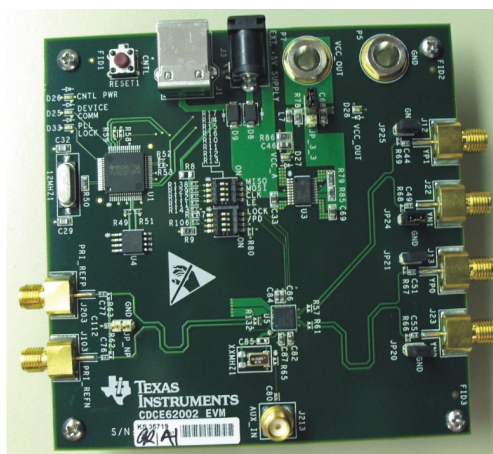


Figure 1. CDCE62002EVM Evaluation Board

2 General Description

The CDCE62002 is a high performance low phase noise frequency synthesizer and jitter cleaner. It has two fully integrated low noise LC based Voltage Control Oscillators (VCOs) which operate in the 1.735GHz – 2.35GHz range. It provides support for two redundant inputs and using its on-chip PLL architecture can provide up to two differential or four single ended low jitter outputs.

The CDCE62002 supports single ended and differential input signals as well as support for an integrated crystal oscillator circuitry that operates in conjunction with an external AT-cut crystal to produce a stable frequency reference for the PLL based frequency synthesizer.

The CDCE62002 can then be programmed through the SPI interface using the EVM programming GUI.

The evaluation module (EVM) is designed to demonstrate the electrical performance of the device. This fully assembled and factory tested evaluation board allows complete validation of all device functions.

For optimum performance, the board is equipped with 50Ω SMA connectors and well-controlled 50Ω impedance microstrip transmission lines.

3 Signal Path and Control Circuit

The CDCE62002 provides support for selectable dual-inputs. One of the inputs is (PRI REF) can accept a 800kHz–500MHz frequency input from a differential signal source or a 800kHz–200MHz frequency input from a single ended signal source. The second input (AUX IN) can support a crystal in the frequency range of 2MHz to 42MHz or a single ended input (LVCMOS) up to 70MHz. The CDCE62002EVM provides support for driving the AUX IN signal from an on-board 5mm x 3.2mm SMD crystal. If the AUX IN is alternately driven by the SMA, the on-board crystal has to be removed and R65 should be populated with a 0 Ω resistor.

The CDCE62002 provides support for up to two differential (LVDS or LVPECL) or four single ended (LVCMOS) or any combination of outputs in the range of 10.93MHz to 1.175GHz. The on-chip PLL architecture can be configured such as to enable the device operated either as a jitter cleaner or a frequency synthesizer or both.

The CDCE62002 provides support for either a completely internal loop filter or a partially external loop filter. The loop filter selection will affect the output frequency phase noise and should be considered in conjunction with the type of input used. If the CDCE62002 is to be used only as a frequency synthesizer, the completely internal loop filter option is recommended. If the CDCE62002 is to be used as a jitter cleaner, the partially external loop filter option is recommended.

For any output of the CDCE62002, its frequency is determined through selection of either of the device's on-chip twin VCOs, selection of one of the device's two inputs, the input divider, the prescaler divider, pre-configured internal loop filter settings or external loop filter and output divider, all of which are chosen based on the CDCE62002 data sheet.

Each of the two outputs of the CDCE62002 can be selected through the software interface as a LVPECL or LVDS or LVCMOS signaling level. The CDCE62002EVM provides support for on-board DC termination for the LVPECL outputs through on-board jumper.

In LVCMOS mode the device can achieve up to 250MHz. In LVPECL mode the device can achieve up to 1.175GHz. In LVDS mode, the device can achieve up to 800MHz.

4 Software Selectable Options

The provided GUI software allows users to easily send commands to the CDCE62002 through the host-powered USB interface. The EVM includes a slave USB controller that transmits the commands to the SPI programming interface included on the CDCE62002. The DC power for the USB controller can either be derived out of the 5V power pin in the USB cable or by using an external 5V AC adapter into the slot available on the EVM. If the device is accessible for programming by the SPI programming interface through the USB controller, the on-board LED D25 would be lit on power-up.

In addition to changing configuration to the CDCE62002 SRAM while the board is powered, configuration can also be stored in EEPROM within the CDCE62002. This allows users to start the EVM in the desired state without needing programming at power-up.

Note that the CDCE62002 does have a permanent EEPROM lock mode. After this mode is selected the EEPROM within the CDCE62002 cannot be changed. This is useful when setting final configurations.

The CDCE62002EVM software also supports for the device GUI configurations to be saved into a .INI file, which can be opened up at a later time with this GUI.

5 Installing the GUI Interface and USB Driver

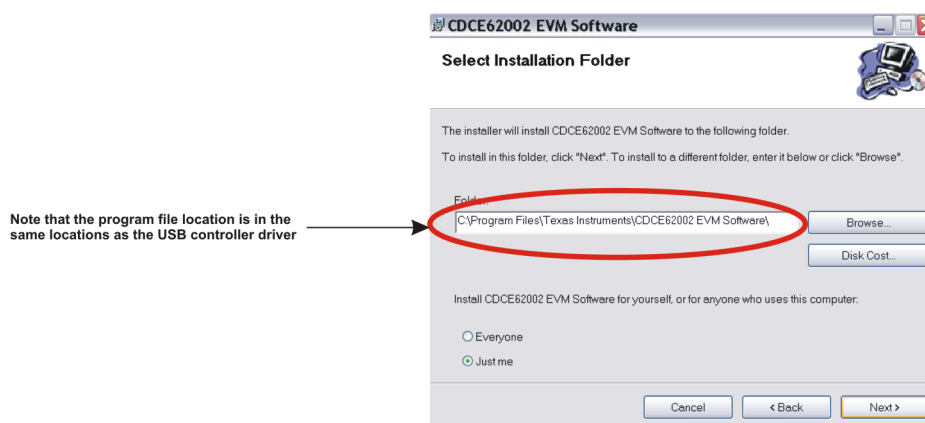
The CDCE62002 EVM Control GUI software requires that a Java Runtime Environment (JRE) to be installed. The latest JRE is available as a free download at <http://java.com>. Install the JRE first, before attempting to install the CDCE62002EVM GUI. To start the installation of the EVM software, double-click on the file named "CDCE62002EVM installer.msi".

Note the installation folder as the USB driver must be installed after the setup completes and the USB cable is connected (first time only).

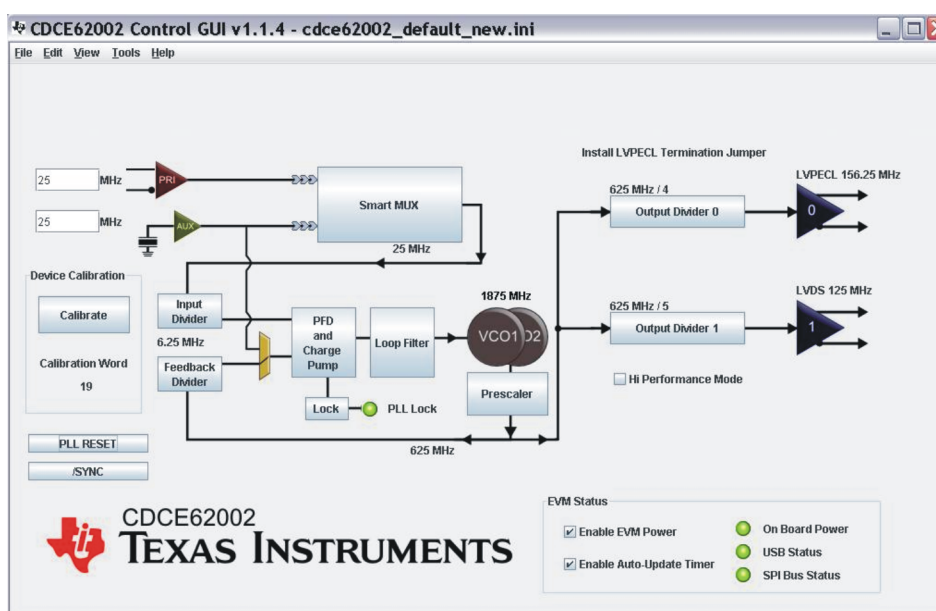
After the setup wizard completes start the GUI interface from the start menu (Start → Texas Instruments Inc → CDCE62002 Software and Driver → CDCE62002).

Connect the USB cable to the EVM. If Windows asks for an appropriate driver, Do not use the automatic search option! Select a manual installation and when prompted for the driver location browse to the CDCE62002EVM program file folder that was used during installation. If Windows does not ask for a driver, no action is needed.

After USB driver installation the GUI software should connect properly and be ready for use. A green light in the USB Status and SPI Bus Status boxes indicates good USB connection and a red light indicates faulty USB connection or faulty SPI bus.



6 TI CDCE62002 Control GUI Interface



6.1 Using the EVM GUI

The graphical layout of the EVM GUI is based on the functional structure of the CDCE62002. By means of the EVM GUI the user can change the Input Frequency, Input Divider, Input type, Input selection, PFD Charge Pump, Internal/External Loop Filter, Output MUX selection, Output Divider, and Output type. Other configuration settings are selected by the software with user-selectable options as described in the steps below. If the power to the CDCE62002 is derived from the USB, the “Enable EVM Power” check box must be checked. If the power to the CDCE62002 is derived from an external source, the “Enable EVM Power” check box must be unchecked.

Step 1: Primary Reference

The primary reference input buffer section on the GUI can be clicked for a popup window that opens up, as displayed below, showing selections on the external input signal type (differential or single ended), the external signal connection to the CDCE62002 primary inputs (AC or DC termination), input buffer 5K internal termination (enabled or disabled).

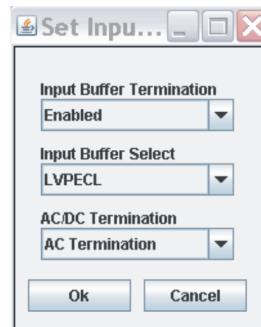


Figure 2. Input Buffer Properties

Step 2: Reference Input Selection through Smart MUX

The Smart MUX section of the GUI can be clicked for a popup window that opens up, as displayed below, showing selections between PRI SEL (Primary Reference Select), AUX SEL (Auxiliary Input Select), or AUTO Select between Primary Reference and Auxiliary Input with a preference to Primary Reference. A Reference divider up to divide by 16 is available for the Primary Reference. In order for the Smart Mux to work correctly in auto Mode the primary reference frequency should after the divider should be within 20% of the frequency of the auxiliary input.

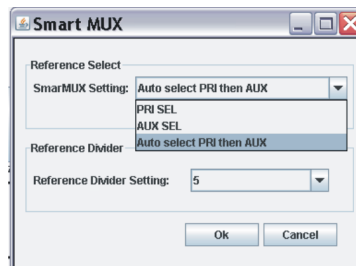


Figure 3. Smart MUX

Step 3: Input Divider Selection and PFD frequency

The Smart MUX section output feeds the input divider block where the signal can be divided up to 256. The input divider output feeds the PFD. The output frequency of the input divider is what referred to is the PFD frequency.

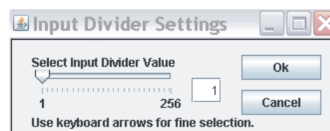


Figure 4. Smart MUX

Step3: Loop Filter Selection and Setup

The Loop Filter section of the GUI can be clicked for a popup window that opens up showing the internal loop filter fixed configuration as displayed below. The values of the resistors and capacitors and the charge pump output current of the internal active loop filter are fixed as displayed in the figure below. The values are optimized for a 30.72MHz PFD frequency.

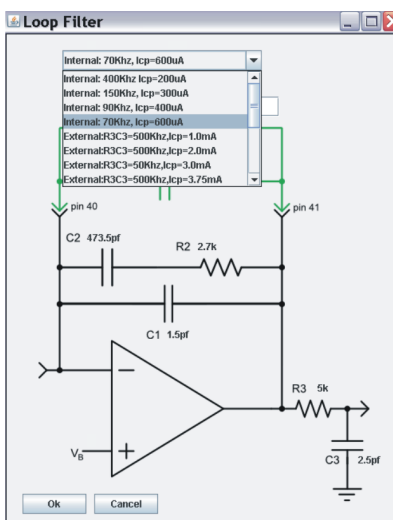


Figure 5. Loop Filter, Internal Only

Alternately, the loop filter can be configured to take external components with preselected charge pump current and high pass filter component. To use External filter, an external loop filter setting from the drop down menu with the desired charge pump current R3C3 values and only a single filter needs to be enabled. Enabling the external preset filters can be achieved by selecting Switch 1,2,3 or 4 on Dip Switches SW9 and SW10 at the back of the CDCE62002EVM. The external loop filter components (C1, R2 and C2) for the loop filter are selected by the Dip Switches and the R3 and C3 are internal to the device.

Step 7: Output Type Selection

The Output buffer section of the GUI for each of the outputs can be clicked for a popup window that opens up, as displayed below, showing selections on each output clock source selectable between LVPECL (in which cases the a jumper needs to be installed to enable a 150Ω termination resistor to ground), LVDS, LVCMOS (in which case each of the P and N act as two separate LVCMOS outputs).

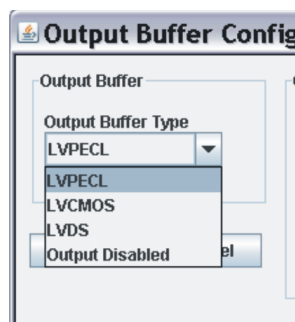


Figure 6. Output Buffer Configuration (each output)

Step 8: PLL Dividers Selection

The input, feedback and prescaler dividers can be selected by clicking on each tab in the GUI which opens up a popup window displaying all the possible selections of those dividers. Care must be taken in choosing these dividers, along with the VCO, charge pump and loop filter, such that the on-chip PLL of the CDCE62002 can operate in a stable closed loop manner. Refer to the CDCE62002 data sheet for further information on appropriate configuration of the PLL for closed loop operation. After the dividers are set accordingly, the PLL LOCK indicator display on the GUI would be lit up in bright green color. Also the on-board LED D33 would be lit to indicate PLL lock. The output dividers for each output can also be chosen from possible selections displayed in the popup window which open up by clicking the output divider tab in the GUI. Each output divider can also be disabled.

Step 9: Write to CDCE62002 EEPROM

To write any particular setting to the EEPROM (locked or unlocked), the menu item at the top of the GUI titled "Tool" must be clicked which would highlight the items "Write EEPROM Unlocked" and "Write EEPROM Locked" as part of a drop-down menu. Choosing the appropriate one after setting the desired PLL configurations would result in writing to the EEPROM in its appropriate mode.

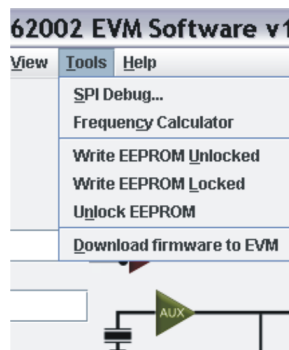


Figure 7. Tools – Write to EEPROM

7 Configuring the Board

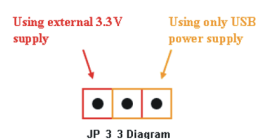
The CDCE62002EVM can be powered from the USB power supply or from an external source. The CDCE62002EVM only needs a USB cable attached for programming purposes however for test measurements it is recommended to also use an external 3.3V power supply. Test measurements can also be taken with only the USB supplied power however due to USB power variances results may degrade. It is also possible to program the CDCE62002 and then disconnect the USB cable with minor board configuration changes.

Configuration for Programming and Testing (with USB cable attached) (Default Configuration)

The CDCE62002EVM is configured by default to operate with the USB cable attached and a 3.3V power supply added to EXT VDD and GND. In this configuration the USB microcontroller is powered by the USB port's 5V supply while the CDCE62002 is powered by the 3.3V external supply. This setup is optimal for programming the CDCE62002 while also taking measurements. This configuration removes the power variation found in USB power supplies by isolating the CDCE62002 from the USB supply.

Configuration for Programming (using USB power)

The CDCE62002EVM can use power supplied through the USB cable as its sole power source. However due to power supply variances in the USB supply this configuration is not recommended for measurements. This setup is for saving configuration settings to the CDCE62002 and later powering the device from its internal memory (useful during performance testing of the device). In this configuration JP_3_3 must be moved from its default position to the new position shown below. Also the "Enable EVM Power" box must be checked on the EVM GUI interface software.



Configuration for On-board Reference Input Biasing

If the CDCE62002 EVM is designed to be used in AC termination with the internal 5K input termination to VBB. The VBB voltage is controlled by the internal register settings. For more information about that VBB voltage refer to the data sheet.

In case other types of terminations to an external reference needs to be tested on the EVM, some modifications need to be made on the board to accomplish the measurement. C76, C77, R62, R63 and R130 and the 2 Pin jumper that is feeding C112 can accommodate all possible combinations like LVPECL-AC, LVPECL-DC, LVDS-AC and LVDC-DC terminations.

Configuration for On-board External Loop Filter

If the CDCE62002 is chosen to be operated as a jitter cleaner, it requires use of the partially external loop filter which is located at the back side of the CDCE62002EVM. There are four external loop filter options provided on the EVM. The external loop filter topology is as shown below.



The external loop filter can be chosen by selecting one from the four available options on the CDCE62002EVM using the dip switches, SW9 and SW10, located at the back side of the EVM and shown below.

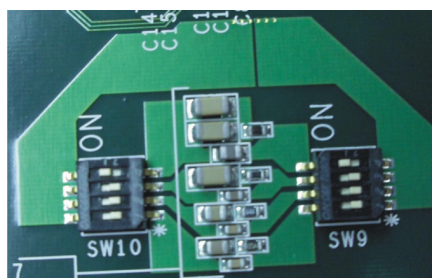


Figure 8. External Loop Filter selection switches

Configuration the Device to Run without the Microcontroller

The CDCE62002EVM allows the user to isolate the device under test (CDCE62002 Device) from the microcontroller that communicates to the device and the GUI. Dip switches, SW1 and SW11, located at the front side of the EVM and shown below engage the microcontroller when they are in the ON position and disengage the microcontroller when they are in the OFF position.

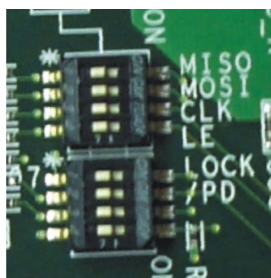
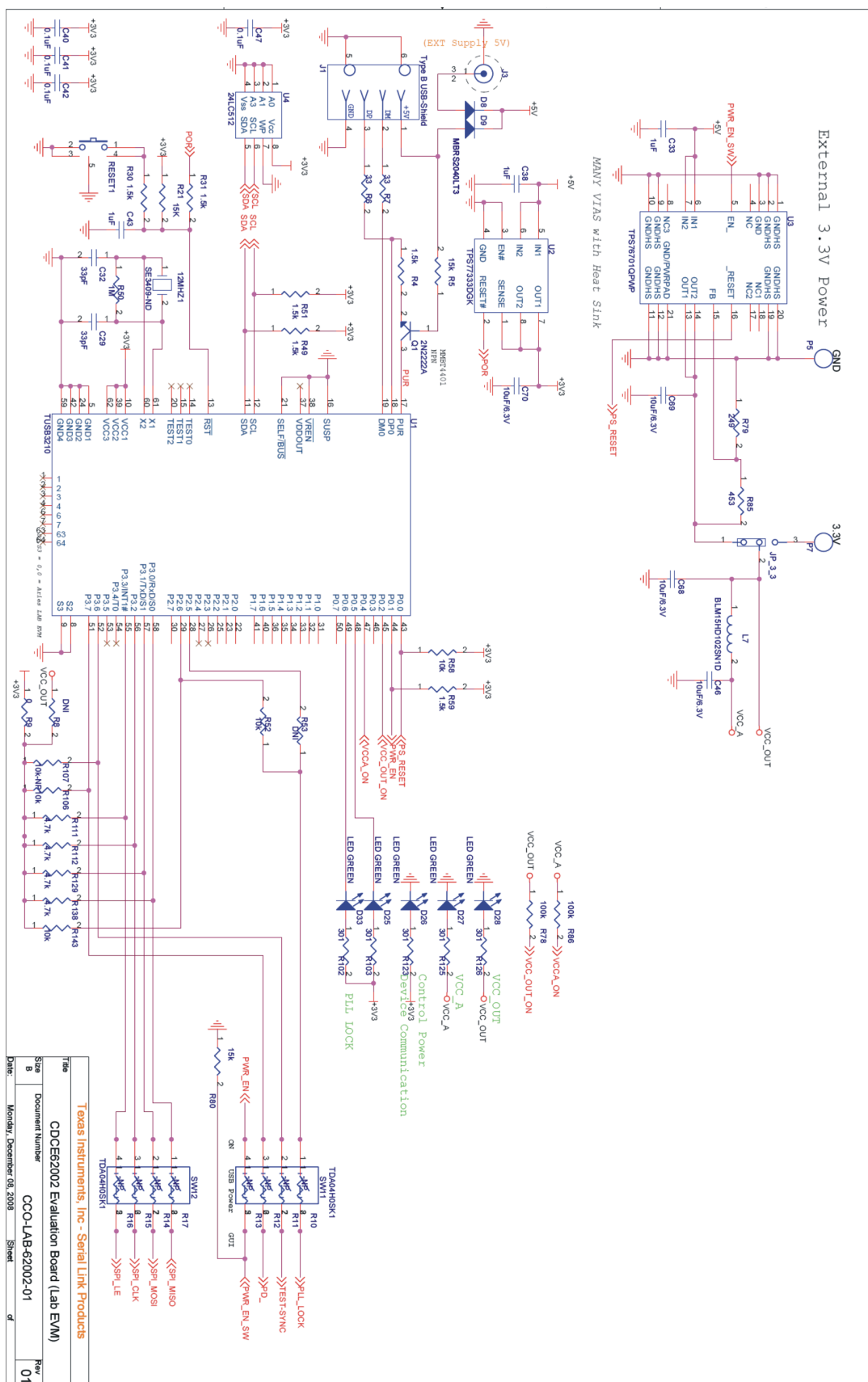
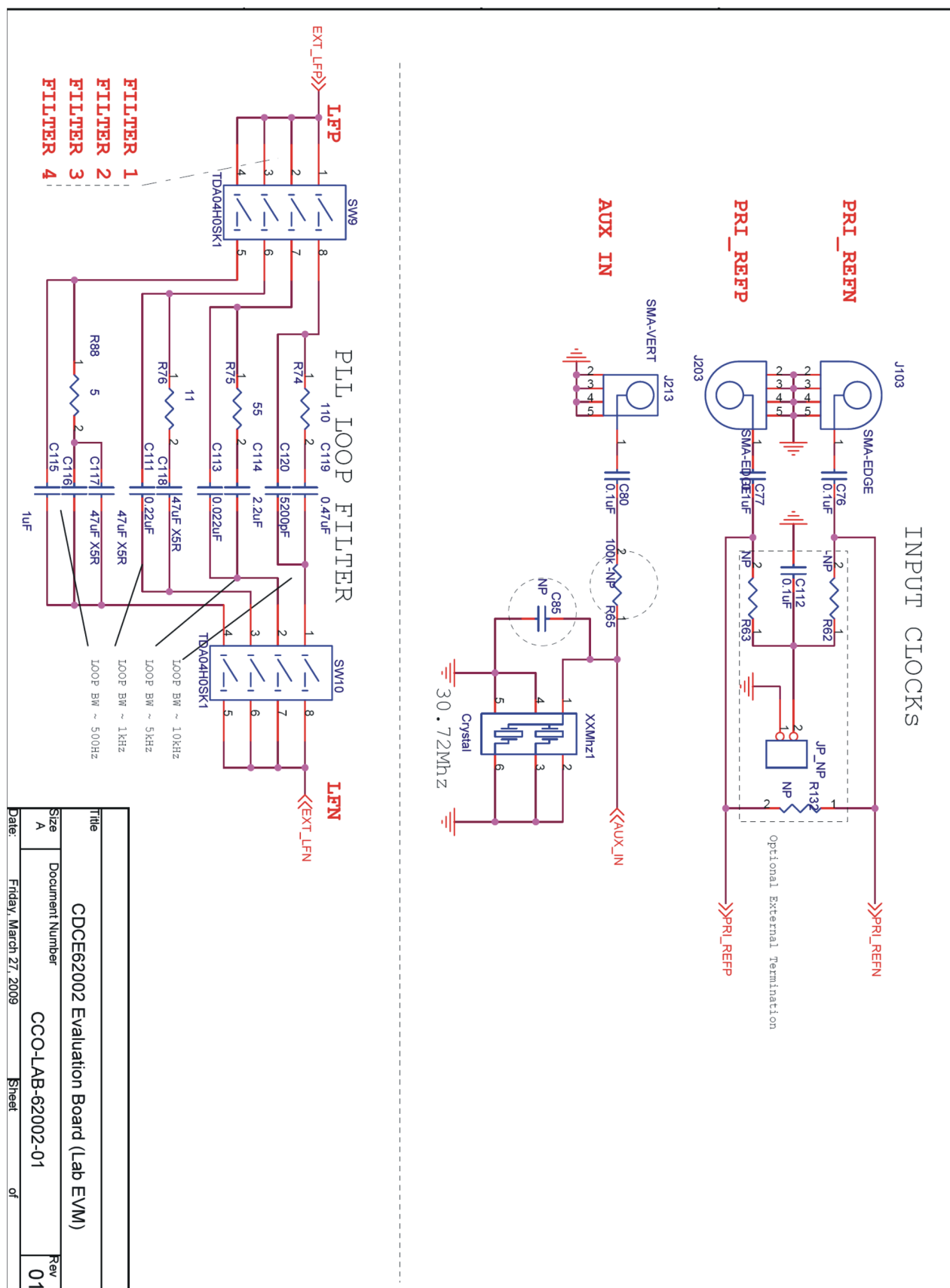
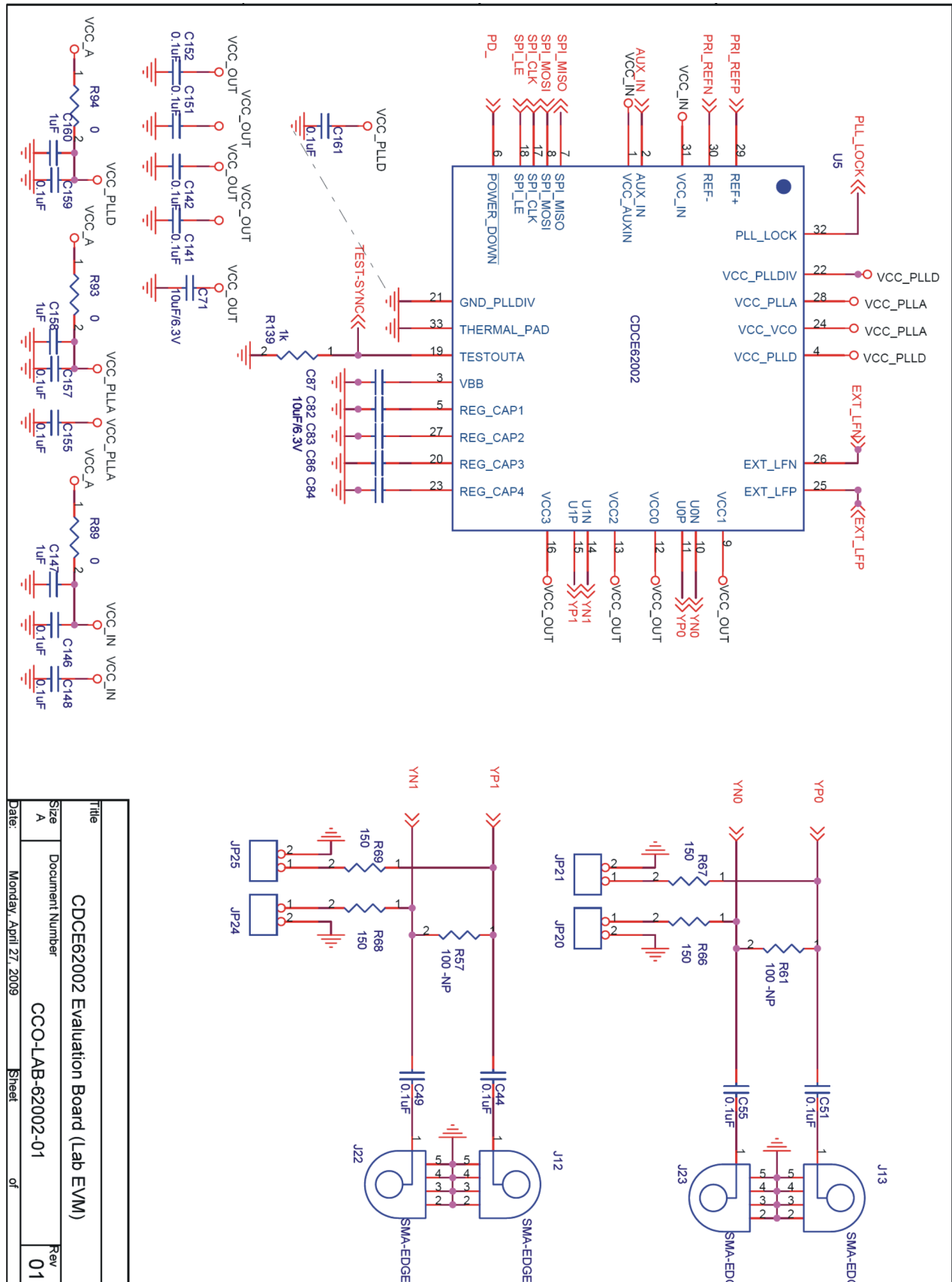


Figure 9. Control Bus ON/OFF Dip Switches

8 CDCE62002EVM Board Schematic Diagram







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