Ordering number : ENA0928

LC87F5R96B

CMOSIC FROM 98K byte, RAM 4096 byte on-chip

8-bit 1-chip Microcontroller



http://onsemi.com

Overview

The LC87F5R96B is an 8-bit microcomputer that, centered around a CPU running at a minimum bus cycle time of 83.3ns, integrates on a single chip a number of hardware features such as 98K-byte flash ROM (onboard programmable), 4096-byte RAM, On-chip debugging function, sophisticated 16-bit timers/counters (may be divided into 8-bit timers), a 16-bit timer/counter (may be divided into 8-bit timers/counters or 8-bit PWMs), four 8-bit timers with a prescaler, a base timer serving as a time-of-day clock, a high-speed clock counter, a synchronous SIO interface (with automatic block transmission/reception capabilities), an asynchronous/synchronous SIO port, two UART ports (full duplex), an 8-bit 11-channel AD converter, two 12-bit PWM channels, a system clock frequency divider, and a 27-source 10-vector interrupt feature.

Features

- ■Flash ROM
 - Capable of on-board-programing with wide range, 2.7 to 5.5V, of voltage source
 - Block-erasable in 128 byte units
 - 100352 × 8 bits (Address: 00000H to 17FFFH, 1F800H to 1FFFFH)

■RAM

• 4096×9 bits

■Minimum Bus Cycle Time

• 83.3ns (12MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ • 125ns (8MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ • 500ns (2MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$

Note: The bus cycle time here refers to the ROM read speed.

■Minimum Instruction Cycle Time (tCYC)

• 250ns (12MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ • 375ns (8MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ • 1.5µs (2MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$

■Ports

• Normal withstand voltage I/O ports

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1-bit units 46 (P1n, P2n, P3n, P70 to P73, P80 to P86, PCn, PWM2, PWM3, XT2)

8 (P0n)

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 4-bit units

• Normal withstand voltage input port 1 (XT1) 2 (CF1, CF2) • Dedicated oscillator ports 1 (RES)

• Reset pins • Power pins 6 (V_{SS}1 to 3, V_{DD}1 to 3)

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■Timers

- Timer 0: 16-bit timer/counter with a capture register
 - Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with an 8-bit capture register) ×2 channels
 - Mode 1: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with an 8-bit capture register)
 - + 8-bit counter (with an 8-bit capture register)
 - Mode 2: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with a 16-bit capture register)
 - Mode 3: 16-bit counter (with a 16-bit capture register)
- Timer 1: 16-bit timer/counter that supports PWM/toggle outputs
 - Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) + 8-bit timer/counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
 - Mode 1: 8-bit PWM with an 8-bit prescaler × 2 channels
 - Mode 2: 16-bit timer/counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) (toggle outputs also possible from the lower-order 8-bits)
 - Mode 3: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) (The lower-order 8 bits can be used as PWM.)
- Timer 4: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
- Timer 5: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
- Timer 6: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
- Timer 7: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
- Base timer
 - 1) The clock is selectable from the subclock (32.768kHz crystal oscillation), system clock, and timer 0 prescaler output.
 - 2) Interrupts programmable in 5 different time schemes.

■High-speed Clock Counter

- 1) Can count clocks with a maximum clock rate of 24MHz (at a main clock of 12MHz).
- 2) Can generate output real-time.

■SIO

- SIO0: 8-bit synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
 - 2) Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (maximum transfer clock cycle = 4/3 tCYC)
 - 3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 256 bits, specifiable in 1 bit units, suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte units)
- SIO1: 8-bit asynchronous/synchronous serial interface
 - Mode 0: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (2- or 3-wire configuration, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 1: Asynchronous serial I/O (half-duplex, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, 8 to 2048 tCYC baudrates)
 - Mode 2: Bus mode 1 (start bit, 8 data bits, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 3: Bus mode 2 (start detect, 8 data bits, stop detect)

■UART: 2 channels

- Full duplex
- 7/8/9 bit data bits selectable
- 1 stop bit (2 bit in continuous data transmission)
- Built-in baudrate generator (with baudrates of 16/3 to 8192/3 tCYC)
- ■AD Converter: 8 bits × 11 channels
- ■PWM: Multifrequency 12-bit PWM × 2 channels
- ■Remote Control Receiver Circuit (sharing pins with P73, INT3, and T0IN)
 - 1) Noise filtering function (noise filter time constant selectable from 1 tCYC, 32 tCYC, and 128 tCYC)
 - 2) The noise filtering function is available for the INT3, T0IN, or T0HCP signal at P73. When P73 is read with an instruction, the signal level at that pin is read regardless of the availability of the noise filtering function.

■Watchdog Timer

- External RC watchdog timer
- Interrupt and reset signals selectable

■Clock Output Function

- 1) Able to output selected oscillation clock 1/1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64 as system clock.
- 2) Able to output oscillation clock of sub clock.

■Interrupts

- 27 sources, 10 vector addresses
 - 1) Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
 - 2) When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

No.	Vector Address	Level	Interrupt Source
1	00003H	X or L	INT0
2	0000BH	X or L	INT1
3	00013H	H or L	INT2/T0L/INT4
4	0001BH	H or L	INT3/INT5/base timer0/base timer1
5	00023H	H or L	T0H/INT6
6	0002BH	H or L	T1L/T1H/INT7
7	00033H	H or L	SIO0/UART1 receive/UART2 receive
8	0003BH	H or L	SIO/UART1 transmit/UART2 transmit
9	00043H	H or L	ADC/T6/T7
10	0004BH	H or L	Port 0/T4/T5/PWM2, PWM3

- Priority levels X > H > L
- Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.
- ■Subroutine Stack Levels: 2048 levels (the stack is allocated in RAM)
- High-speed Multiplication/Division Instructions
 - 16-bits × 8-bits (5 tCYC execution time)
 - 24-bits × 16-bits (12 tCYC execution time)
 - 16-bits ÷ 8-bits (8 tCYC execution time)
 - 24-bits ÷ 16-bits (12 tCYC execution time)

■Oscillation Circuits

• RC oscillation circuit (internal) : For system clock

CF oscillation circuit : For system clock, with internal Rf
 Crystal oscillation circuit : For low-speed system clock

• Multifrequency RC oscillation circuit (internal) : For system clock

■System Clock Divider Function

- Can run on low current.
- The minimum instruction cycle selectable from 250ns, 500ns, 1.0μs, 2.0μs, 4.0μs, 8.0μs, 16.0μs, 32.0μs, and 64.0μs (at a main clock rate of 12MHz).

■Standby Function

- HALT mode: Halts instruction execution while allowing the peripheral circuits to continue operation.
 - 1) Oscillation is not halted automatically.
 - 2) Canceled by a system reset or occurrence of an interrupt.
- HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits.
 - 1) The CF, RC, and crystal oscillators automatically stop operation.
 - 2) There are three ways of resetting the HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the lower level.
 - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
- X'tal HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits except the base timer.
 - 1) The CF and RC oscillators automatically stop operation.
 - 2) The state of crystal oscillation established when the X'tal HOLD mode is entered is retained.
 - 3) There are four ways of resetting the X'tal HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
 - (2) Setting at least one of the INTO, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
 - (4) Having an interrupt source established in the base timer circuit

■On-chip Debugger Function

• Permits software debugging with the test device installed on the target board.

■Package Form

• QIP64E (14 × 14): "Lead-free type"

■Development Tools

• Evaluation (EVA) chip : LC87EV690

 \bullet Emulator : EVA62S + ECB876600D + SUB875M00 + POD64QFP

ICE-B877300 + SUB875M00 + POD64QFP

• On-chip-debugger : TCB87-TypeB + LC87F5R96B

■Programming Boards

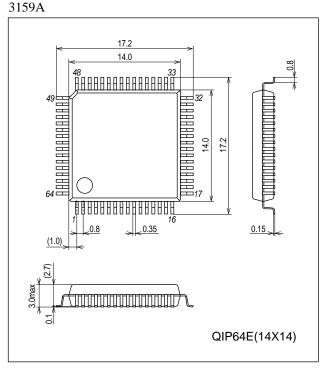
110814111111118 204140								
Package	Programming boards							
QIP64E(14 × 14)	W87F50256Q							

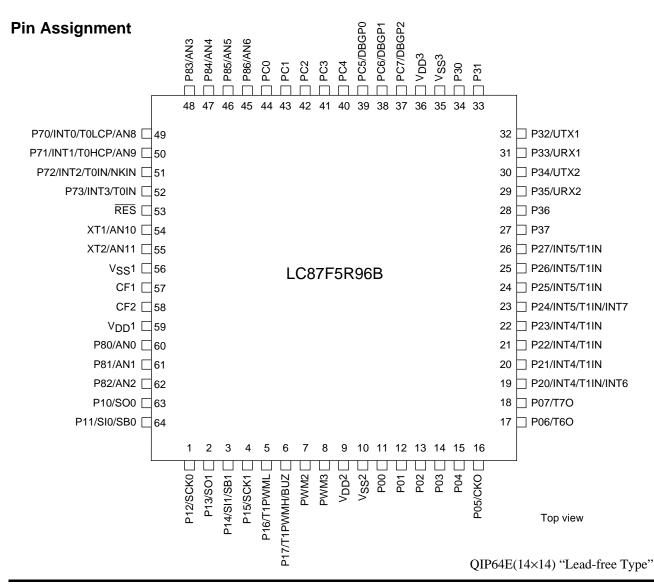
■Flash ROM Programmer

Maker	Model	Support version(Note)	Device
Flash Support Group, Inc.(Single)	AF9708/09/09B (including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)	Revision : After Rev.02.73	LC87F76C8A
Flash Support	AF9723(Main body) (including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)	Revision : After Rev.02.29	LOOZEENIOOA
Group, Inc.(Gang)	AF9833(Unit) (including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)	Revision : After Rev.01.88	LC87F5NC8A
Our company	SKK/SKK Type-B/SKK DBG Type-B (SANYO FWS)	Application Version: After 1.04 Chip Data Version: After2.11	LC87F5R96B

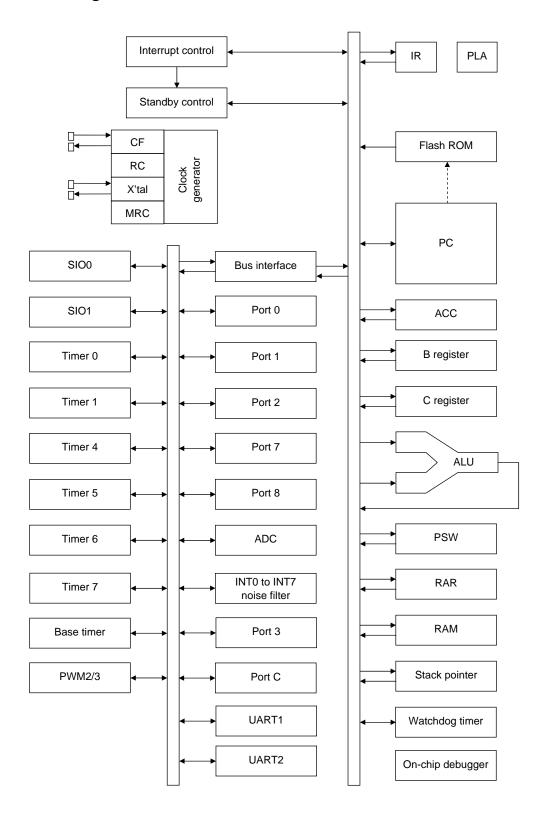
Package Dimensions

unit: mm (typ)





System Block Diagram



Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O			Des	scription			Option			
V _{SS} 1, V _{SS} 2	-	- Power supply	oin		1			No			
V _{SS} 3											
V _{DD} 1, V _{DD} 2	-	+ Power supply	pin					No			
V_{DD3}											
Port 0	I/O	• 8-bit I/O port						Yes			
P00 to P07	1	I/O specifiable	in 4-bit units								
1 00 10 1 07		Pull-up resistor	r can be turned	on and off in 4-bi	it units						
		HOLD release	input								
		Port 0 interrupt	t input								
		 Shared Pins 									
		P05: Clock out	lock output (system clock/can selected from sub clock)								
		P06: Timer 6 to	Timer 6 toggle output								
		P07: Timer 7 to	oggle output								
Port 1	I/O	• 8-bit I/O port						Yes			
P10 to P17	1	I/O specifiable	in 1-bit units								
		Pull-up resistor	r can be turned	on and off in 1-bi	it units						
		Pin functions									
		P10: SIO0 data	a output								
		P11: SIO0 data	a input/bus I/O								
		P12: SIO0 cloc	ck I/O								
		P13: SIO1 data	a output								
		P14: SIO1 data	•								
		P15: SIO1 cloc									
		P16: Timer 1 F	•								
			PWMH output/be	eper output							
Port 2	I/O	8-bit I/O port						Yes			
P20 to P27		I/O specifiable									
		Pull-up resistor		on and off in 1-bi	t units						
		Other functions									
		•		put/timer 1 even	-						
				T6 input/timer 0l			.,				
			•	reset input/timer	1 event input/tin	ner 0L capture ir	nput/				
			capture input								
		· ·		put/timer 1 even	-						
				T7 input/timer 0							
			•	reset input/timer	i eveni input/iiii	ner or capture ir	ipui/				
		Interrupt acknowledge	capture input								
		Interrupt acknowled	owieuge type		Dining/	1					
			Rising	Falling	Rising/ Falling	H level	L level				
		INT4	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable				
		INT5	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable				
		1 1						1			
		INT6	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable				

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Pin Name	I/O			Des	cription			Option
Port 7	I/O	• 4-bit I/O port						No
P70 to P73		I/O specifiable in 1	-bit units					
		Pull-up resistor car	n be turned o	n and off in 1-bit	units			
		Shared Pins						
		P70: INT0 input/H0	OLD reset inp	out/timer 0L capt	ure input/watcho	log timer output		
		P71: INT1 input/HOLD reset input/timer 0H capture input						
		P72: INT2 input/H0	OLD reset inp	out/timer 0 event	input/timer 0L c	apture input/		
		high speed cl	lock counter	input				
		P73: INT3 input (w	ith noise filte	r)/timer 0 event i	nput/timer 0H ca	apture input		
		AD converter input	t port: AN8 (F	P70), AN9 (P71)				
		Interrupt acknowle	dge type					
		Rising/ Hayel Lloyel						
			Rising	Falling	Falling	H level	L level	
		INT0	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	
		INT1	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	
		INT2	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
		INT3	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
Port 8	I/O	• 7-bit I/O port						No
P80 to P86		I/O specifiable in 1	-bit units					
		Shared Pins						
		AD converter input	port : AN0 (P80) to AN6 (P8	6)			
PWM2	I/O	PWM2 and PWM3	output ports					No
PWM3		General-purpose I	O available					
Port 3	I/O	• 8-bit I/O port						Yes
P30 to P37		I/O specifiable in 1	-bit units					
		Pull-up resistor car	n be turned o	n and off in 1-bit	units			
		 Pin functions 						
		P32: UART1 trans	mit					
		P33: UART1 recei	ve					
		P34: UART2 trans	mit					
		P35: UART2 recei	ve					
Port C	I/O	8-bit I/O port						Yes
PC0 to PC7		I/O specifiable in 1	-bit units					
		 Pull-up resistor car 	n be turned o	n and off in 1-bit	units			
		Pin functions						
		DBGP0 to DBGP2	(PC5 to PC7): On-chip Debu	gger			
RES	Input	Reset pin						No
XT1	Input	• 32.768kHz crystal	oscillator inp	ut pin				No
		 Shared pins 						
		General-purpose in	nput port					
		AD converter input	port : AN10					
		Must be connected	d to V _{DD} 1 if r	not to be used.				
XT2	I/O	• 32.768kHz crystal	oscillator inp	ut pin				No
		 Shared pins 						
		General-purpose I	O port					
		AD converter input	port : AN11					
		Must be set for osc	cillation and k	cept open if not t	o be used.			
CF1	Input	Ceramic resonator i	nput pin					No
CF2	Output	Ceramic resonator of	output pin					No

Port Output Types

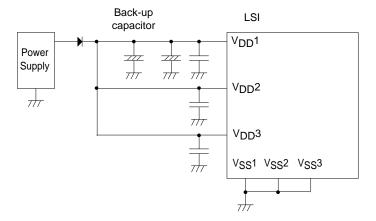
The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor. Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

Port	Options Selected in Units of	Option Type	Output Type	Pull-up Resistor
P00 to P07	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable (Note 1)
		2	Nch-open drain	No
P10 to P17	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P20 to P27	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P30 to P37	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P70	-	No	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P71 to P73	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
P80 to P86	-	No	Nch-open drain	No
PWM2, PWM3	-	No	CMOS	No
PC0 to PC7	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
XT1	-	No	Input for 32.768kHz crystal oscillator (Input only)	No
XT2	-	No	Output for 32.768kHz crystal oscillator	No
			(Nch-open drain when in general-purpose output mode)	

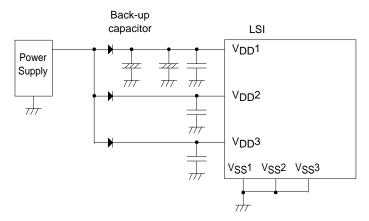
Note 1: Programmable pull-up resistors for port 0 are controlled in 4-bit units (P00 to 03, P04 to 07).

*1: Make the following connection to minimize the noise input to the $V_{DD}1$ pin and prolong the backup time. Be sure to electrically short the $V_{SS}1$, $V_{SS}2$, and $V_{SS}3$ pins.

(Example 1) When backup is active in the HOLD mode, the high level of the port outputs is supplied by the backup capacitors.



(Example 2) The high-level output at the ports is unstable when the HOLD mode backup is in effect.



Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V

	Parameter	Cumbal	Pins/Remarks	Conditions			Specification		
	Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
	ximum supply tage	V _{DD} max	$V_{DD}1$, $V_{DD}2$, $V_{DD}3$	V _{DD} 1=V _{DD} 2=V _{DD} 3		-0.3		+6.5	
Inp	ut voltage	V _I (1)	XT1, CF1			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	
Inp	ut/Output voltage	V _{IO} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 7, 8 Ports 3, C PWM0, PWM1, XT2			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	V
	Peak output current	IOPH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, C	CMOS output select Per 1 application pin		-10			
		IOPH(2)	PWM2, PWM3	Per 1 application pin.		-20			
		IOPH(3)	P71 to P73	Per 1 application pin.		-5			
ent	Mean output current	IOMH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, C	CMOS output select Per 1 application pin		-7.5			
ırren	(Note1-1)	IOMH(2)	PWM2, PWM3	Per 1 application pin		-10			
ut c		IOMH(3)	P71 to P73	Per 1 application pin		-3			
outp	Total output	ΣΙΟΑΗ(1)	P71 to P73	Total of all applicable pins		-10			
High level output current	current	ΣΙΟΑΗ(2)	Port 1 PWM2, PWM3	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
Hig		ΣΙΟΑΗ(3)	Ports 0, 2	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
		ΣΙΟΑΗ(4)	Ports 0, 1, 2 PWM2, PWM3	Total of all applicable pins		-45			
		ΣΙΟΑΗ(5)	Port 3	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
		ΣΙΟΑΗ(6)	Port C	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
		ΣΙΟΑΗ(7)	Ports 3, C	Total of all applicable pins		-45			
	Peak output	IOPL(1)	P02 to P07	Per 1 application pin.					
	current		Ports 1, 2 Ports 3, C PWM2, PWM3					20	mA
		IOPL(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 application pin.				30	
		IOPL(3)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	Per 1 application pin.				10	
Ħ	Mean output current (Note1-1)	IOML(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2 Ports 3, C PWM2, PWM3	Per 1 application pin.				15	
current		IOML(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 application pin.				20	
but c		IOML(3)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	Per 1 application pin.				7.5	
Low level output	Total output current	ΣIOAL(1)	Port 7 P83 to P86, XT2	Total of all applicable pins				15	
e wc		ΣIOAL(2)	P80 to P82	Total of all applicable pins				15	
۲		ΣIOAL(3)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	Total of all applicable pins				20	
		ΣIOAL(4)	Port 1 PWM2, PWM3	Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(5)	Ports 0, 2	Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(6)	Ports 0, 1, 2 PWM2, PWM3	Total of all applicable pins				80	
		ΣIOAL(7)	Port 3	Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(8)	Port C	Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(9)	Ports 3, C	Total of all applicable pins				80	
Po	wer dissipation	Pd max	QIP64E(14×14)	Ta=-40 to +85°C				300	mW
	erating ambient	Topr				-40		+85	°C
	rage ambient	Tstg				-55		+125	°C

Note 1-1: The mean output current is a mean value measured over 100ms.

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

Allowable Operating Conditions at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_SS1 = V_SS2 = V_SS3 = 0V$

	•	<u>, </u>	1	, , , , , , , ,	. 22	. 55-		
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions			Specif	ication	
Farameter	Symbol	FIIIS/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Operating	V _{DD} (1)	$V_{DD}1=V_{DD}2=V_{DD}3$	0.245μs≤ tCYC≤200μs		2.8		5.5	
supply voltage			0.367μs≤ tCYC≤200μs		2.5		5.5	
(Note2-1)			1.47μs≤ tCYC≤200μs		2.2		5.5	
Memory sustaining supply voltage	VHD	V _{DD} 1=V _{DD} 2=V _{DD} 3	RAM and register contents sustained in HOLD mode		2.0		5.5	
High level input voltage	V _{IH} (1)	Ports 1, 2 P71 to P73 P70 port input/ interrupt side		2.2 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V _{DD}	
	V _{IH} (2)	Ports 0, 8, 3, C PWM2, PWM3		2.2 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V _{DD}	
	V _{IH} (3)	Port P70 watchdog timer side		2.2 to 5.5	0.9V _{DD}		V _{DD}	٧
	V _{IH} (4)	XT1, XT2, CF1, RES		2.2 to 5.5	0.75V _{DD}		V_{DD}	
Low level input voltage	V _{IL} (1)	Ports 1, 2 P71 to P73		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.1V _{DD} +0.4	
		P70 port input/ Interrupt side		2.2 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (2)	Ports 0, 8, 3, C PWM2, PWM3		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.15V _{DD} +0.4	
				2.2 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (3)	Port 70 watchdog timer side		2.2 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.8V _{DD} -1.0	
	V _{IL} (4)	XT1, XT2, CF1, RES		2.2 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.25V _{DD}	
Instruction cycle	tCYC			2.8 to 5.5	0.245		200	
time				2.5 to 5.5	0.367		200	μs
(Note2-2)				2.2 to 5.5	1.47		200	
External system	FEXCF(1)	CF1	CF2 pin open	2.8 to 5.5	0.1		12	
clock frequency			System clock frequency	2.5 to 5.5	0.1		8	
			division rate=1/1 • External system clock duty=50±5%	2.2 to 5.5	0.1		2	MHz
			CF2 pin open	2.8 to 5.5	0.2		24.4	
			System clock frequency	2.5 to 5.5	0.1		16	
			division rate=1/2	2.2 to 5.5	0.1		4	
Oscillation frequency	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	12MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.8 to 5.5		12		
range (Note2-3)	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	8MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.5 to 5.5		8		
	FmCF(3)	CF1, CF2	4MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.2 to 5.5		4		MHz
	FmRC		Internal RC oscillation	2.2 to 5.5	0.3	1.0	2.0	
	FmMRC		Frequency variable RC oscillation	2.5 to 5.5		16		
	FsX'tal	XT1, XT2	32.768kHz crystal oscillation See Fig. 2.	2.2 to 5.5		32.768		kHz

Note 2-1: V_{DD} must be held greater than or equal to 2.7V in the flash ROM onboard programming mode.

Note 2-3: See Tables 1 and 2 for the oscillation constants.

Note 2-2: Relationship between tCYC and oscillation frequency is 3/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/1 and 6/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/2.

Electrical Characteristics at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$

	0	Di (D	O a a Prince a			Specification		
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
High level input current	I _{IH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 7, 8 Ports 3, C RES PWM2, PWM3	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off VIN=VDD (Including output Tr's off leakage current))	2.2 to 5.5			1	
	I _{IH} (2)	XT1, XT2	For input port specification VIN=VDD	2.2 to 5.5			1	
	I _{IH} (3)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{DD}	2.2 to 5.5			15	
Low level input current	I _{IL} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 7, 8 Ports 3, C RES PWM2, PWM3	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off VIN=VSS (Including output Tr's off leakage current))	2.2 to 5.5	-1			- μΑ
	I _{IL} (2)	XT1, XT2	For input port specification V _{IN} =V _{SS}	2.2 to 5.5	-1			
	I _{IL} (3)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{SS}	2.2 to 5.5	-15			
High level output	V _{OH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2	I _{OH} =-1mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1			
voltage	V _{OH} (2)	Ports 3, C	I _{OH} =-0.4mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (3)		I _{OH} =-0.2mA	2.2 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (4)	Ports 71 to 73	I _{OH} =-0.4mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (5)		I _{OH} =-0.2mA	2.2 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (6)	PWM2, PWM3	I _{OH} =-10mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1.5			
	V _{OH} (7)		I _{OH} =-1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			V
	V _{OH} (8)		I _{OH} =-1mA	2.2 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
Low level output	V _{OL} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2	I _{OL} =10mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	
voltage	V _{OL} (2)	Ports 3, C	I _{OL} =1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (3)	PWM2, PWM3,	I _{OL} =1mA	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (4)	Ports 7, 8	I _{OL} =1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (5)	XT2	I _{OL} =1mA	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (6)	P00, P01	I _{OL} =30mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	
	V _{OL} (7)		I _{OL} =5mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (8)		I _{OL} =2.5mA	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
Pull-up resistance	Rpu(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 7	V _{OH} =0.9V _{DD}	4.5 to 5.5	15	35	80	kΩ
	Rpu(2)	Ports 3, C		2.2 to 5.5	18	35	150	KS2
Hysteresis voltage	VHYS	RES Ports 1, 2, 7		2.2to 5.5		0.1V _{DD}		V
Pin capacitance	СР	All pins	For pins other than that under test: VIN=VSS f=1MHz Ta=25°C	2.2 to 5.5		10		pF

Serial I/O Characteristics at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$

1. SIO0 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-1-1)

Parameter Symbol Pins Conditions			Speci	fication						
		arametei	Symbol	/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
		Frequency	tSCK(1)	SCK0(P12)	• See Fig. 6.		2			
		Low level	tSCKL(1)				1			
	충	pulse width		1						
	Input clock	High level pulse width	tSCKH(1)			2.2 to 5.5	1			tCYC
clock	ı		tSCKHA(1)		Continuous data transmission/reception mode See Fig. 6. (Note 4-1-2)		4			1010
Serial clock		Frequency	tSCK(2)	SCK0(P12)	CMOS output selected See Fig. 6.		4/3			
	ock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(2)		Ü		1/2			tSCK
	Output clock	High level pulse width	tSCKH(2)			2.2 to 5.5	1/2			LOOK
	ПО		tSCKHA(2)		Continuous data transmission/reception mode CMOS output selected See Fig. 6.		tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) +(10/3) tCYC	tCYC
Serial input	Da	ta setup time	tsDI(1)	SB0(P11), SI0(P11)	Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK See fig. 6.	2.2 to 5.5	0.03			
Serial	Da	ta hold time	thDI(1)			2.2 to 5.5	0.03			
	Input clock	Output delay time	tdD0(1)	SO0(P10), SB0(P11),	Continuous data transmission/reception mode (Note 4-1-3)	2.2 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	
Serial output	Input		tdD0(2)		• Synchronous 8-bit mode • (Note 4-1-3)	2.2 to 5.5			1tCYC +0.05	μs
Serial	Output clock		tdD0(3)		• (Note 4-1-3)	2.2 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.15	

Note 4-1-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-1-2: To use serial-clock-input in continuous trans/rec mode, a time from SI0RUN being set when serial clock is "H" to the first negative edge of the serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

Note 4-1-3: Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

2. SIO1 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-2-1)

	_		Symbol	Pins/	Conditions			Speci	fication	
	Р			Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
	ik	Frequency	tSCK(3)	SCK1(P15)	• See Fig. 6.		2			
	Input clock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(3)			2.2 to 5.5	1			
clock	In	High level pulse width	tSCKH(3)				1			tCYC
Serial clock	ck	Frequency	tSCK(4)	SCK1(P15)	CMOS output selected. See Fig. 6.		2			
	Output clock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(4)			2.2 to 5.5	1/2		.0016	
	nO	High level pulse width	tSCKH(4)					1/2		tSCK
Serial input	Da	Data setup time tsDI(2)		SB1(P14) SI1(P14),	Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK See fig. 6.	0 0 1 1 5	0.03			
Serial	Da	ta hold time	thDI(2)			2.2 to 5.5	0.03			
Serial output	Ou	tput delay ie	tdD0(4)	SO1(P13), SB1(P14)	Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.	2.2 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	μѕ

Note 4-2-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Pulse Input Conditions at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_SS1 = V_SS2 = V_SS3 = 0V$

Parameter	O make al	Pins/Remarks	Condition -			Speci	fication	
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
High/low level	tPIH(1)	INT0(P70),	Interrupt source flag can be set.					
pulse width	tPIL(1)	INT1(P71),	Event inputs for timer 0 or 1 are					
		INT2(P72)	enabled.					
		INT4(P20 to P23),		2.2 to 5.5	1			
		INT5(P24 to P27),						
		INT6(P20)						
		INT7(P24)						tCYC
	tPIH(2)	INT3(P73) when noise filter	Interrupt source flag can be set.	2.2 to 5.5	2			
	tPIL(2)	time constant is 1/1.	Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.2 10 5.5	2			
	tPIH(3)	INT3(P73) when noise filter	Interrupt source flag can be set.	2.2 to 5.5	64			
	tPIL(3)	time constant is 1/32	Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.2 10 5.5	64			
	tPIH(4)	INT3(P73) when noise filter	Interrupt source flag can be set.	2240 5 5	256			
	tPIL(4)	time constant is 1/128	Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.2 to 5.5	256			
	tPIL(5)	RES	Resetting is enabled.	2.2 to 5.5	200			μs

AD Converter Characteristics at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_SS1 = V_SS2 = V_SS3 = 0V$

		5: (5 .	0 1111		Specification				
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Resolution	N	AN0(P80) to		3.0 to 5.5		8		bit	
Absolute accuracy	ET	AN6(P86), AN8(P70),	(Note 6-1)	3.0 to 5.5			±1.5	LSB	
Conversion time	TCAD	AN9(P71), AN10(XT1), AN11(XT2),	AD conversion time=32×tCYC (when ADCR2=0) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	11.74 (tCYC= 0.367μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 3.06μs)		
			3.0 to 5.5	23.53 (tCYC= 0.735μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 3.06μs)			
			AD conversion time=64xtCYC (when ADCR2=1) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	15.68 (tCYC= 0.245μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 1.53μs)	μs	
			3.0 to 5.5	23.49 (tCYC= 0.376μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 1.53μs)			
Analog input voltage range	VAIN			3.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		V _{DD}	V	
Analog port	IAINH		VAIN=V _{DD}	3.0 to 5.5			1		
input current	IAINL		VAIN=V _{SS}	3.0 to 5.5	-1			μА	

Note 6-1: The quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB) is excluded from the absolute accuracy value.

Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the interval from the time the instruction for starting the converter is issued till the time the complete digital value corresponding to the analog input value is loaded in the required register.

Consumption Current Characteristics at Ta = -40 °C to +85 °C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$

_						Specifi	cation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Normal mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDOP(1)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3	FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 12MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		9.1	18.5	
(Note 7-1)			Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.8 to 4.5		5.3	13.5	
	IDDOP(2)		FmCF=8MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 8MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		6.7	14	
	IDDOP(3)		Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		3.8	10	
	IDDOP(4)		FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 4MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		2.7	6	mA
	IDDOP(5)		Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		1.45	3.8	
	IDDOP(6)		FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation	4.5 to 5.5		0.95	4.3	
	IDDOP(7)		System clock set to internal RC oscillation frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		0.53	3.0	
	IDDOP(8)		FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode. Contact the AMULE with for support	4.5 to 5.5		1.25	5.2	
	IDDOP(9)		System clock set to 1MHz with frequency variable RC oscillation Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		0.67	4.2	
	IDDOP(10)		FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode.	4.5 to 5.5		38	112	
	IDDOP(11)		System clock set to 32.768kHz side. Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		19	72	μΑ
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(1)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3	HALT mode FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		3.2	7.5	
			System clock set to 12MHz side Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.8 to 5.5		1.8	4	
	IDDHALT(2)		HALT mode FmCF=8MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		2.4	5.3	mA
	IDDHALT(3)		System clock set to 8MHz side Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		12.5	2.8	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors

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Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions		Specification			
T didinotoi	Cymbol	T IIIO/T COMAINO	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(4)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3	HALT mode FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		1	2.3	
	IDDHALT(5)		System clock set to 4MHz side Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		0.5	1.3	
	IDDHALT(6)		HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation	4.5 to 5.5		0.33	0.9	mA
	IDDHALT(7)		mode • System clock set to internal RC oscillation • frequency variable RC oscillation stopped •1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		0.17	0.7	ma
	IDDHALT(8)		HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode.	4.5 to 5.5		1	3.8	
	IDDHALT(9)		System clock set to 1MHz with frequency variable RC oscillation Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		0.5	2.7	
	IDDHALT(10)		HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode.	4.5 to 5.5		18	73	
	IDDHALT(11)		System clock set to 32.768kHz side. Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.2 to 4.5		5	65	μА
HOLD mode	IDDHOLD(1)	V _{DD} 1	• HOLD mode	4.5 to 5.5		0.035	20	
consumption current	IDDHOLD(2)	1	CF1=V _{DD} or open (External clock mode)	2.2 to 4.5		0.015	16	
Timer HOLD mode	IDDHOLD(3)		Timer HOLD mode CF1=V _{DD} or open (External clock mode)	4.5 to 5.5		16	65	
consumption current	IDDHOLD(4)		FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode	2.2 to 4.5		3.5	52	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors

F-ROM Programming Characteristics at $Ta = +10^{\circ}C$ to $+55^{\circ}C$, VSS1 = VSS2 = VSS3 = 0V

	9	<u> </u>		, D	9		55	
D	O. made ad	Dia - /D	Conditions	Specification				
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Onboard	IDDFW(1)	V _{DD} 1	Without CPU current					
programming				2.70 to 5.5		5	10	mA
current								
Programming	tFW(1)		Erasing	2.7 to 5.5		20	30	ms
time	tFW(2)		programming	2.7 to 5.5		40	60	μs

UART (Full Duplex) Operating Conditions at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$

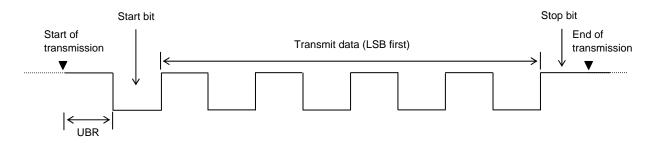
Danamatan	O. made al.	Dia - /D	O a maliation o		Specification			ation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Transfer rate	UBR	P32 (UTX1),							
		P33 (URX1),		2.5 to 5.5	16/0		8192/3	tCYC	
		P34 (UTX2),		2.5 10 5.5	16/3		0192/3	icrc	
		P35 (URX2)							

Data length: 7/8/9 bits (LSB first)

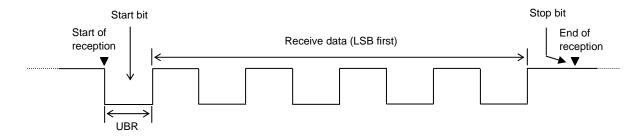
Stop bits : 1-bit (2-bit in continuous data transmission)

Parity bits : None

Example of Continuous 8-bit Data Transmission Mode Processing (First Transmit Data = 55H)



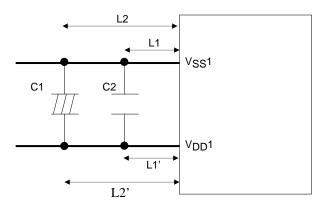
Example of Continuous 8-bit Data Reception Mode Processing (First Receive Data = 55H)



VDD1, VSS1 Terminal Condition

It is necessary to place capacitors between $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}1$ and $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SS}}1$ as describe below.

- Place capacitors as close to V_{DD}1 and V_{SS}1 as possible.
- Place capacitors so that the length of each terminal to the each leg of the capacitor be equal (L1 = L1', L2 = L2').
- Place high capacitance capacitor C1 and low capacitance capacitor C2 in parallel.
- \bullet Capacitance of C2 must be more than 0.1 $\mu F.$
- \bullet Use thicker pattern for $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}1$ and $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SS}}1.$



Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillation Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample main system clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Ceramic Oscillator

Nominal Vendor		O a illustra Na a a	Circuit Constant				Operating Voltage		lation tion Time	Demondo	
Frequency	Name	Oscillator Name	C1	C2	Rf1	Rd1	Range	typ	max	Remarks	
		[pF]	[pF]	[Ω]	[Ω]	[V]	[ms]	[ms]			
12MHz		CSTCE12M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	470	2.6 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
400411-	10MHz MURATA	CSTCE10M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	470	2.4 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
TOMHZ		CSTLS10M0G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	680	2.6 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
ONAL I-		CSTCE8M00G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	680	2.3 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
8MHz		CSTLS8M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1k	2.5 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
48411-	4MHz	CSTCR4M00G53-R0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
4MHZ		CSTLS4M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after V_{DD} goes above the operating voltage lower limit (see Fig. 4).

Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample subsystem clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 2 Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Crystal Oscillator

Nominal	Nominal Vendor Frequency Name	0 311 1 1	Circuit Constant			Operating Voltage	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Domorko	
Frequency		Oscillator Name	C3 [pF]	C4 [pF]	Rf2 [Ω]	Rd2 [Ω]	Range [V]	typ [s]	max [s]	Remarks
32.768kHz	SEIKO TOYOCOM	MC-306	18	18	Open	560k	2.2 to 5.5	1.2	3.0	Applicable CL value=12.5pF

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the instruction for starting the subclock oscillation circuit is executed and to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the HOLD mode is reset (see Figure. 4).

Note: The components that are involved in oscillation should be placed as close to the IC and to one another as possible because they are vulnerable to the influences of the circuit pattern.

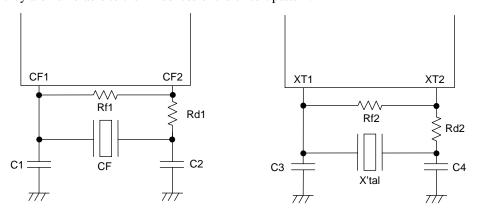
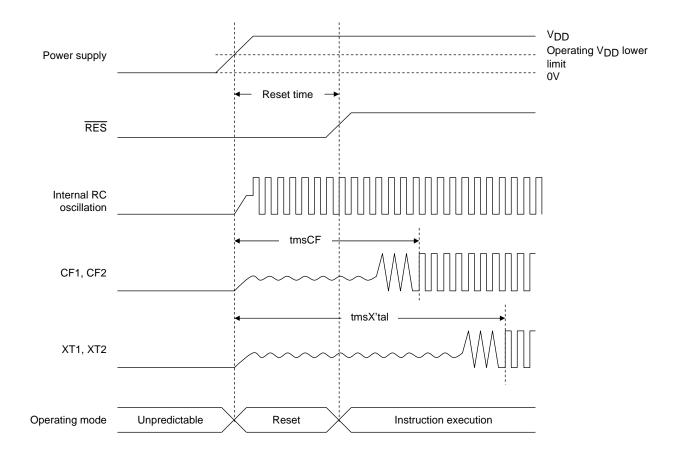


Figure 1 CF Oscillator Circuit

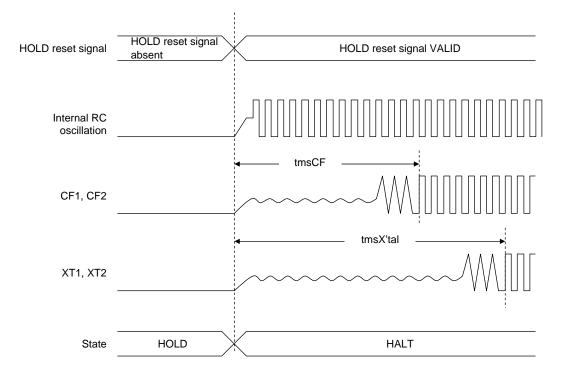
Figure 2 XT Oscillator Circuit



Figure 3 AC Timing Measurement Point

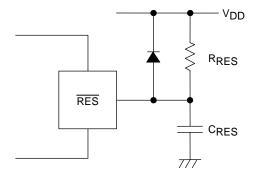


Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time



HOLD Release Signal and Oscillation Stabilization Time

Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilization Times



Note:

Determine the value of CRES and RRES so that the reset signal is present for a period of $200\mu s$ after the supply voltage goes beyond the lower limit of the IC's operating voltage.

Figure 5 Reset Circuit

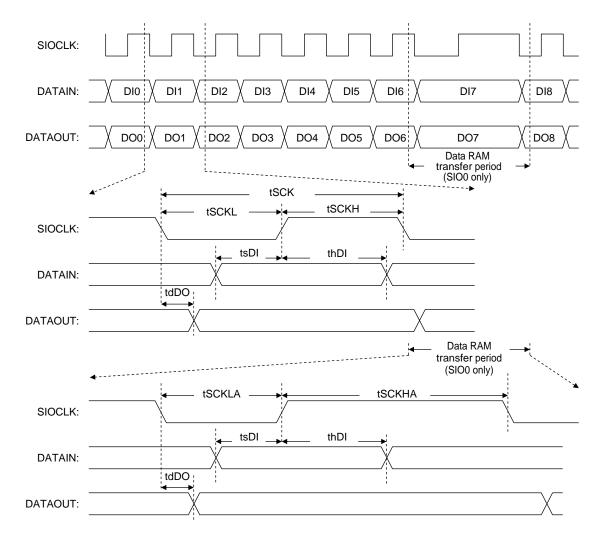


Figure 6 Serial I/O Waveforms

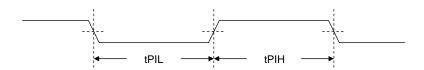


Figure 7 Pulse Input Timing Signal Waveform

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