

# 3.3V Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver

## FEATURES

- **Software-Selectable Transceiver Supports:**  
RS232, RS449, EIA530, EIA530-A, V.35, V.36, X.21
- **Operates from Single 3.3V Supply with LTC2846 or a Single 5V Supply with 3.3V Logic with LTC2847**
- TUV Rheinland of North America Inc. Certified NET1, NET2 and TBR2 Compliant, Report No.: TBR2/050101/02
- Complete DTE or DCE Port with LTC2846 or LTC2847
- Available in a 36-Lead Narrow (0.209") SSOP and 38-Lead (7mm x 5mm) QFN package

## APPLICATIONS

- Data Networking
- CSU and DSU
- Data Routers

## DESCRIPTION

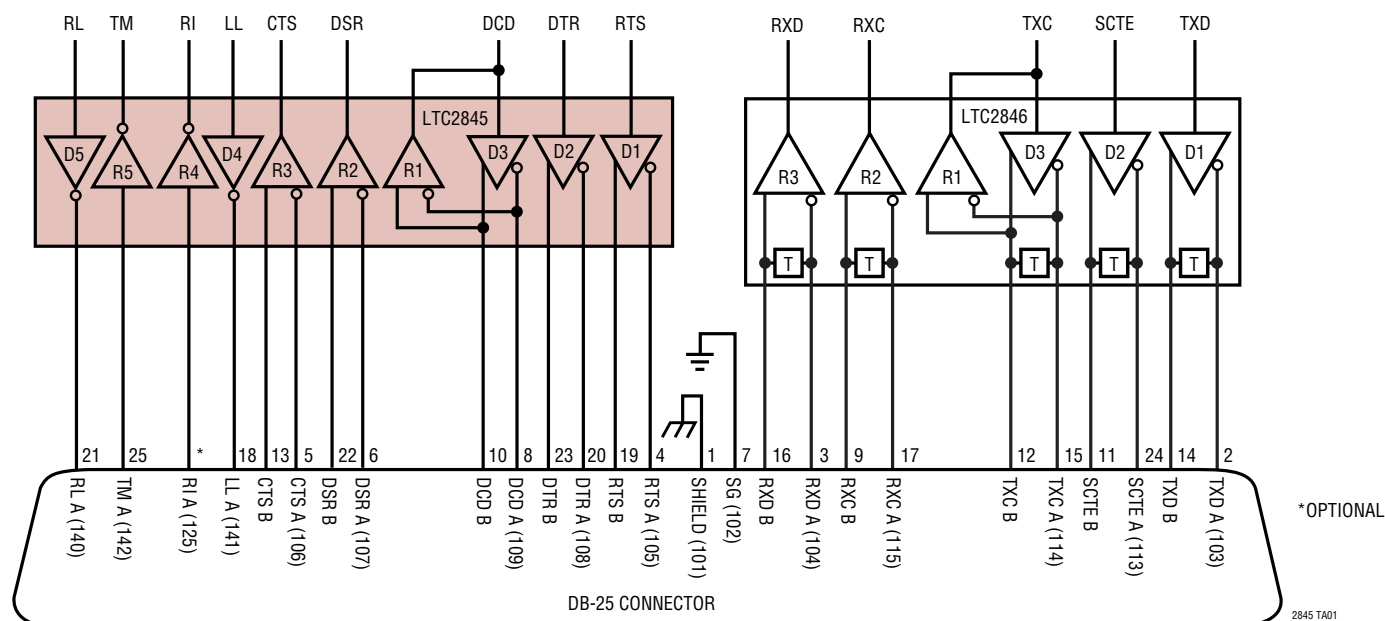
The LTC<sup>®</sup>2845 is a 5-driver/5-receiver multiprotocol transceiver. The LTC2845 and LTC2846 form the core of a complete software-selectable DTE or DCE interface port that supports the RS232, RS449, EIA530, EIA530-A, V.35, V.36 or X.21 protocols.

The LTC2845 operates from a 3.3V supply and supplies provided by the LTC2846. This part is available in a 36-lead SSOP and 38-lead (7mm x 5mm) QFN package. The LTC2845 and LTC2847 in QFN packages offer the smallest multiprotocol serial port available.

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## TYPICAL APPLICATION

DTE or DCE Multiprotocol Serial Interface with DB-25 Connector



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

### Supply Voltage

|          |       |               |
|----------|-------|---------------|
| $V_{CC}$ | ..... | -0.3V to 6.5V |
| $V_{IN}$ | ..... | -0.3V to 6.5V |
| $V_{EE}$ | ..... | -10V to 0.3V  |
| $V_{DD}$ | ..... | -0.3V to 10V  |

### Input Voltage

|              |       |                              |
|--------------|-------|------------------------------|
| Transmitters | ..... | -0.3V to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ ) |
| Receivers    | ..... | -18V to 18V                  |
| Logic Pins   | ..... | -0.3V to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ ) |

### Output Voltage

|              |       |                                            |
|--------------|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| Transmitters | ..... | ( $V_{EE} - 0.3V$ ) to ( $V_{DD} + 0.3V$ ) |
| Receivers    | ..... | -0.3V to ( $V_{IN} + 0.3V$ )               |

### Short-Circuit Duration

|                    |       |            |
|--------------------|-------|------------|
| Transmitter Output | ..... | Indefinite |
| Receiver Output    | ..... | Indefinite |
| $V_{EE}$           | ..... | 30 sec     |

### Operating Temperature Range

|          |       |               |
|----------|-------|---------------|
| LTC2845C | ..... | 0°C to 70°C   |
| LTC2845I | ..... | -40°C to 85°C |

### Storage Temperature Range

|                                      |       |       |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) | ..... | 300°C |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

| TOP VIEW                                                                                                                                                               | ORDER PART NUMBER      | TOP VIEW                                                                                                                                                                                                              | ORDER PART NUMBER          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <p>G PACKAGE<br/>36-LEAD PLASTIC SSOP<br/><math>T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 90^{\circ}C/W</math>, <math>\theta_{JC} = 35^{\circ}C/W</math></p> | LTC2845CG<br>LTC2845IG | <p>UHF PACKAGE<br/>38-LEAD (7mm x 5mm) PLASTIC QFN<br/><math>T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 34^{\circ}C/W</math><br/>EXPOSED PAD IS <math>V_{EE}</math> (PIN 39)<br/>MUST BE SOLDERED TO PCB</p> | LTC2845CUHF<br>LTC2845IUHF |
|                                                                                                                                                                        |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | UHF PART MARKING           |
|                                                                                                                                                                        |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 2845<br>2845I              |

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{DD} = 8V$ ,  $V_{EE} = -7V$  for V.28, -5.5V for V.10, V.11 (Notes 2, 3)

| SYMBOL          | PARAMETER                                                               | CONDITIONS                            | MIN | TYP | MAX  | UNITS   |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|---------|
| <b>Supplies</b> |                                                                         |                                       |     |     |      |         |
| $I_{CC}$        | $V_{CC}$ Supply Current (DCE Mode, All Digital Pins = GND or $V_{IN}$ ) | RS530, RS530-A, X.21 Modes, No Load   |     | 2.7 |      | mA      |
|                 |                                                                         | RS530, RS530-A, X.21 Modes, Full Load |     | 110 | 150  | mA      |
|                 |                                                                         | V.28 Mode, No Load                    |     | 1   | 3    | mA      |
|                 |                                                                         | V.28 Mode, Full Load                  |     | 1   | 3    | mA      |
|                 |                                                                         | No-Cable Mode                         |     | 700 | 1400 | $\mu A$ |

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 8\text{V}$ ,  $V_{EE} = -7\text{V}$  for V.28,  $-5.5\text{V}$  for V.10, V.11 (Notes 2, 3)

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                                                                  | CONDITIONS                            | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNITS         |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|---------------|
| $I_{EE}$  | $V_{EE}$ Supply Current (DCE Mode, All Digital Pins = GND or $V_{IN}$ )    | RS530, RS530-A, X.21 Modes, No Load   |     | 2    |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | RS530, X.21 Modes, Full Load          |     | 23   |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | RS530-A, Full Load                    |     | 34   |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | V.28 Mode, No Load                    |     | 1    |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | V.28 Mode, Full Load                  |     | 12   |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | No-Cable Mode                         |     | 10   |     | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{DD}$  | $V_{DD}$ Supply Current (DCE Mode, All Digital Pins = GND or $V_{IN}$ )    | RS530, RS530-A, X.21 Modes, No Load   |     | 0.3  |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | RS530, RS530-A, X.21 Modes, Full Load |     | 0.3  |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | V.28 Mode, No Load                    |     | 1    |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | V.28 Mode, Full Load                  |     | 13.5 |     | mA            |
|           |                                                                            | No-Cable Mode                         |     | 10   |     | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{VIN}$ | $V_{IN}$ Supply Current (DCE Mode, All Digital Pins = GND or $V_{IN}$ )    | All Modes Except No-Cable Mode        |     | 650  |     | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $P_D$     | Internal Power Dissipation (DCE Mode, All Digital Pins = GND or $V_{IN}$ ) | RS530, RS530-A, X.21 Modes, Full Load |     | 240  |     | mW            |
|           |                                                                            | V.28 Mode, Full Load                  |     | 64   |     | mW            |

#### Logic Inputs and Outputs

|           |                              |                                              |   |     |          |               |
|-----------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---|-----|----------|---------------|
| $V_{IH}$  | Logic Input High Voltage     |                                              | ● | 2   |          | V             |
| $V_{IL}$  | Logic Input Low Voltage      | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$                         | ● |     | 0.8      | V             |
|           |                              | R4EN when $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$             |   |     | 0.5      | V             |
| $I_{IN}$  | Logic Input Current          | D1, D2, D3, D4, D5                           | ● |     | $\pm 10$ | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|           |                              | M0, M1, M2, DCE, D4ENB, R4EN = GND           | ● | -30 | -75      | -120          |
|           |                              | M0, M1, M2, DCE, D4ENB, R4EN = $V_{IN}$      | ● |     | $\pm 10$ | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $V_{OH}$  | Output High Voltage          | $I_O = -3\text{mA}$                          | ● | 2.7 | 3        | V             |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output Low Voltage           | $I_O = 1.6\text{mA}$                         | ● |     | 0.2      | 0.4           |
| $I_{OSR}$ | Output Short-Circuit Current | $0\text{V} \leq V_O \leq V_{IN}$             | ● |     | $\pm 50$ | mA            |
| $I_{OZR}$ | Three-State Output Current   | M0 = M1 = M2 = $V_{IN}$ , $V_O = \text{GND}$ | ● | -30 | -85      | -160          |
|           |                              | M0 = M1 = M2 = $V_{IN}$ , $V_O = V_{IN}$     | ● |     | $\pm 10$ | $\mu\text{A}$ |

#### V.11 Driver

|                 |                                                    |                                                                                            |   |              |               |           |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|--------------|---------------|-----------|
| $V_{ODO}$       | Open Circuit Differential Output Voltage           | $R_L = 1.95\text{k}$ (Figure 1)                                                            | ● |              | $\pm 5$       | V         |
| $V_{ODL}$       | Loaded Differential Output Voltage                 | $R_L = 50\Omega$ (Figure 1)                                                                | ● | $0.5V_{ODO}$ | $0.67V_{ODO}$ | V         |
|                 |                                                    |                                                                                            | ● | $\pm 2$      |               | V         |
| $\Delta V_{OD}$ | Change in Magnitude of Differential Output Voltage | $R_L = 50\Omega$ (Figure 1)                                                                | ● |              | 0.2           | V         |
| $V_{OC}$        | Common Mode Output Voltage                         | $R_L = 50\Omega$ (Figure 1)                                                                | ● |              | 3             | V         |
| $\Delta V_{OC}$ | Change in Magnitude of Common Mode Output Voltage  | $R_L = 50\Omega$ (Figure 1)                                                                | ● |              | 0.2           | V         |
| $I_{SS}$        | Short-Circuit Current                              | $V_{OUT} = \text{GND}$                                                                     |   |              | $\pm 150$     | mA        |
| $I_{OZ}$        | Output Leakage Current                             | $-0.25\text{V} \leq V_O \leq 0.25\text{V}$ , Power Off or No-Cable Mode or Driver Disabled | ● |              | $\pm 1$       | $\pm 100$ |
| $t_r, t_f$      | Rise or Fall Time                                  | LTC2845C (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 2            | 15            | 25        |
|                 |                                                    | LTC2845I (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 2            | 15            | 35        |
| $t_{PLH}$       | Input to Output                                    | LTC2845C (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 20           | 40            | 65        |
|                 |                                                    | LTC2845I (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 20           | 40            | 75        |
| $t_{PHL}$       | Input to Output                                    | LTC2845C (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 20           | 40            | 65        |
|                 |                                                    | LTC2845I (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 20           | 40            | 75        |
| $\Delta t$      | Input to Output Difference, $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $  | LTC2845C (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 0            | 3             | 12        |
|                 |                                                    | LTC2845I (Figures 2, 5)                                                                    | ● | 0            | 3             | 17        |
| $t_{SKEW}$      | Output to Output Skew                              | (Figures 2, 5)                                                                             |   |              | 3             | ns        |

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 8\text{V}$ ,  $V_{EE} = -7\text{V}$  for V.28,  $-5.5\text{V}$  for V.10, V.11 (Notes 2, 3)

| SYMBOL               | PARAMETER                                         | CONDITIONS                                                                                 |        | MIN                   | TYP       | MAX        | UNITS            |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|
| <b>V.11 Receiver</b> |                                                   |                                                                                            |        |                       |           |            |                  |
| $V_{TH}$             | Input Threshold Voltage                           | $-7\text{V} \leq V_{CM} \leq 7\text{V}$                                                    | ●      | -0.2                  |           | 0.2        | V                |
| $\Delta V_{TH}$      | Input Hysteresis                                  | $-7\text{V} \leq V_{CM} \leq 7\text{V}$                                                    | ●      |                       | 15        | 40         | mV               |
| $I_{IN}$             | Input Current (A, B)                              | $-10\text{V} \leq V_{A,B} \leq 10\text{V}$                                                 | ●      |                       |           | $\pm 0.66$ | mA               |
| $R_{IN}$             | Input Impedance                                   | $-10\text{V} \leq V_{A,B} \leq 10\text{V}$                                                 | ●      | 15                    | 30        |            | k $\Omega$       |
| $t_r, t_f$           | Rise or Fall Time                                 | (Figures 2, 6)                                                                             |        |                       | 15        |            | ns               |
| $t_{PLH}$            | Input to Output                                   | LTC2845C $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 2, 6)                                                | ●      |                       | 50        | 80         | ns               |
|                      |                                                   | LTC2845I $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 2, 6)                                                | ●      |                       | 50        | 90         | ns               |
| $t_{PHL}$            | Input to Output                                   | LTC2845C $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 2, 6)                                                | ●      |                       | 50        | 80         | ns               |
|                      |                                                   | LTC2845I $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 2, 6)                                                | ●      |                       | 50        | 90         | ns               |
| $\Delta t$           | Input to Output Difference, $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $ | LTC2845C $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 2, 6)                                                | ●      | 0                     | 4         | 16         | ns               |
|                      |                                                   | LTC2845I $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 2, 6)                                                | ●      | 0                     | 4         | 21         | ns               |
| <b>V.10 Driver</b>   |                                                   |                                                                                            |        |                       |           |            |                  |
| $V_O$                | Output Voltage                                    | Open Circuit, $R_L = 3.9\text{k}$                                                          | ●      | $\pm 4$               |           | $\pm 6$    | V                |
| $V_T$                | Output Voltage                                    | $R_L = 450\Omega$ (Figure 3)<br>$R_L = 450\Omega$ (Figure 3)                               | ●      | $\pm 3.6$<br>$0.9V_O$ |           |            | V                |
| $I_{SS}$             | Short-Circuit Current                             | $V_O = \text{GND}$                                                                         |        |                       |           | $\pm 150$  | mA               |
| $I_{OZ}$             | Output Leakage Current                            | $-0.25\text{V} \leq V_O \leq 0.25\text{V}$ , Power Off or No-Cable Mode or Driver Disabled | ●      |                       | $\pm 0.1$ | $\pm 100$  | $\mu\text{A}$    |
| $t_r, t_f$           | Rise or Fall Time                                 | $R_L = 450\Omega$ , $C_L = 100\text{pF}$ (Figures 3, 7)                                    |        |                       | 2         |            | $\mu\text{s}$    |
| $t_{PLH}$            | Input to Output                                   | $R_L = 450\Omega$ , $C_L = 100\text{pF}$ (Figures 3, 7)                                    |        |                       | 1         |            | $\mu\text{s}$    |
| $t_{PHL}$            | Input to Output                                   | $R_L = 450\Omega$ , $C_L = 100\text{pF}$ (Figures 3, 7)                                    |        |                       | 1         |            | $\mu\text{s}$    |
| <b>V.10 Receiver</b> |                                                   |                                                                                            |        |                       |           |            |                  |
| $V_{TH}$             | Receiver Input Threshold Voltage                  |                                                                                            | ●      | -0.25                 |           | 0.25       | V                |
| $\Delta V_{TH}$      | Receiver Input Hysteresis                         |                                                                                            | ●      |                       | 25        | 50         | mV               |
| $I_{IN}$             | Receiver Input Current                            | $-10\text{V} \leq V_A \leq 10\text{V}$                                                     | ●      |                       |           | $\pm 0.66$ | mA               |
| $R_{IN}$             | Receiver Input Impedance                          | $-10\text{V} \leq V_A \leq 10\text{V}$                                                     | ●      | 15                    | 30        |            | k $\Omega$       |
| $t_r, t_f$           | Rise or Fall Time                                 | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 4, 8)                                                         |        |                       | 15        |            | ns               |
| $t_{PLH}$            | Input to Output                                   | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 4, 8)                                                         |        |                       | 55        |            | ns               |
| $t_{PHL}$            | Input to Output                                   | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 4, 8)                                                         |        |                       | 109       |            | ns               |
| $\Delta t$           | Input to Output Difference, $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $ | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 4, 8)                                                         |        |                       | 60        |            | ns               |
| <b>V.28 Driver</b>   |                                                   |                                                                                            |        |                       |           |            |                  |
| $V_O$                | Output Voltage                                    | Open Circuit<br>$R_L = 3\text{k}$ (Figure 3)                                               | ●<br>● | $\pm 5$               | $\pm 8.5$ | $\pm 10$   | V<br>V           |
| $I_{SS}$             | Short-Circuit Current                             | $V_O = \text{GND}$                                                                         | ●      |                       |           | $\pm 150$  | mA               |
| $I_{OZ}$             | Output Leakage Current                            | $-0.25\text{V} \leq V_O \leq 0.25\text{V}$ , Power Off or No-Cable Mode or Driver Disabled | ●      |                       | $\pm 1$   | $\pm 100$  | $\mu\text{A}$    |
| SR                   | Slew Rate                                         | $R_L = 3\text{k}$ , $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$ (Figures 3, 7)                                   | ●      | 4                     |           | 30         | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{PLH}$            | Input to Output                                   | $R_L = 3\text{k}$ , $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$ (Figures 3, 7)                                   | ●      |                       | 1.3       | 2.5        | $\mu\text{s}$    |
| $t_{PHL}$            | Input to Output                                   | $R_L = 3\text{k}$ , $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$ (Figures 3, 7)                                   | ●      |                       | 1.3       | 2.5        | $\mu\text{s}$    |

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 8\text{V}$ ,  $V_{EE} = -7\text{V}$  for V.28,  $-5.5\text{V}$  for V.10, V.11 (Notes 2, 3)

| SYMBOL               | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS                             | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS            |
|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------|
| <b>V.28 Receiver</b> |                              |                                        |     |     |     |                  |
| $V_{THL}$            | Input Low Threshold Voltage  |                                        | ●   |     | 0.8 | V                |
| $V_{TLH}$            | Input High Threshold Voltage |                                        | ●   | 2   |     | V                |
| $\Delta V_{TH}$      | Receiver Input Hysteresis    |                                        | ●   | 0.1 | 0.3 | V                |
| $R_{IN}$             | Receiver Input Impedance     | $-15\text{V} \leq V_A \leq 15\text{V}$ | ●   | 3   | 5   | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| $t_r, t_f$           | Rise or Fall Time            | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 4, 8)     |     | 15  |     | ns               |
| $t_{PLH}$            | Input to Output              | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 4, 8)     | ●   | 60  | 100 | ns               |
| $t_{PHL}$            | Input to Output              | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ (Figures 4, 8)     | ●   | 150 | 500 | ns               |

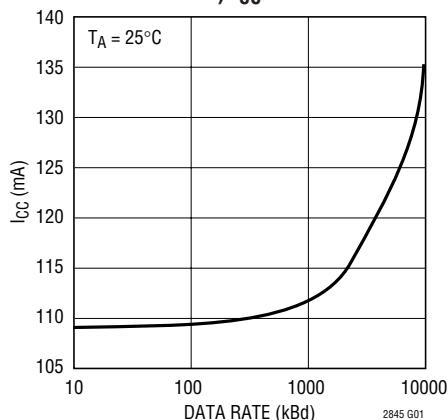
**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2:** All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground unless otherwise specified.

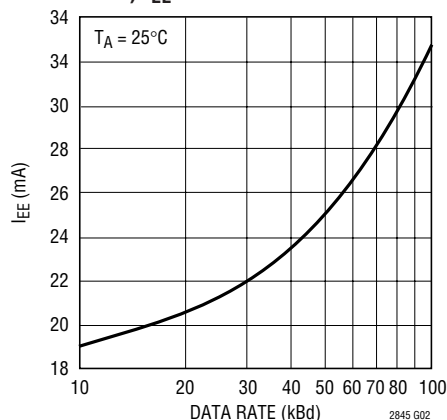
**Note 3:** All typicals are given for  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 8\text{V}$ ,  $V_{EE} = -7\text{V}$  for V.28,  $-5.5\text{V}$  for V.10, V.11 and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

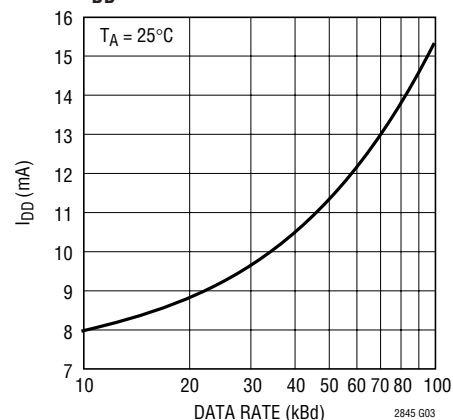
**RS530, X.21 in DCE Mode  
(Three V.11, Two V.10 Drivers  
with Full Load)  $I_{CC}$  vs Data Rate**



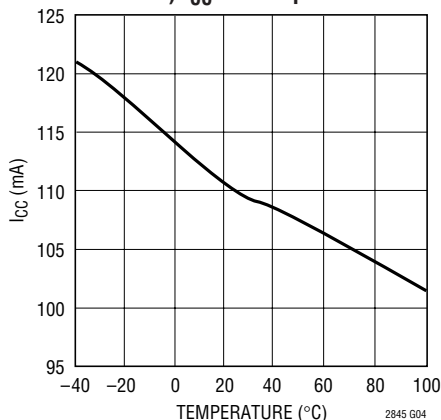
**RS530-A in DCE Mode  
(Three V.10 Drivers with Full  
Load)  $I_{EE}$  vs Data Rate**



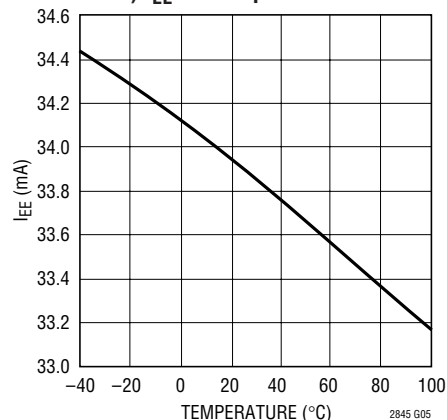
**V.28 in DCE Mode  
(Five V.28 Drivers with Full Load)  
 $I_{DD}$  vs Data Rate**



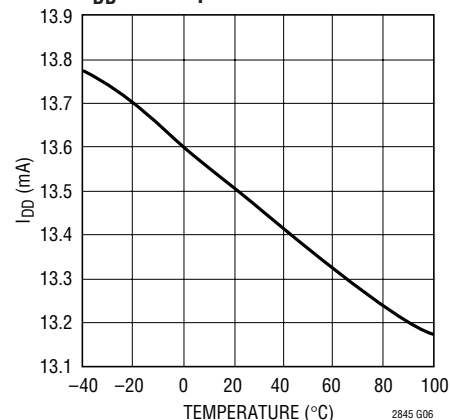
**RS530, X.21 in DCE Mode  
(Three V.11, Two V.10 Drivers with  
Full Load)  $I_{CC}$  vs Temperature**



**RS530-A in DCE Mode  
(Three V.10 Drivers with Full  
Load)  $I_{EE}$  vs Temperature**



**V.28 in DCE Mode  
(Five V.28 Drivers with Full Load)  
 $I_{DD}$  vs Temperature**



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**PIN FUNCTIONS** (G-36/QFN-38 Packages)

**V<sub>CC</sub> (Pins 1, 19/Pins 17, 36):** Positive Supply for the Transceivers. Connect to V<sub>CC</sub> Pin 8 on LTC2846 or to 5V supply. Connect a 1μF capacitor to ground.

**V<sub>DD</sub> (Pin 2/Pin 37):** Positive Supply Voltage for V.28. Connect to V<sub>DD</sub> Pin 7 on LTC2846 or 8V supply. Connect a 1μF capacitor to ground.

**D1 (Pin 3/Pin 38):** TTL Level Driver 1 Input.

**D2 (Pin 4/Pin 1):** TTL Level Driver 2 Input.

**D3 (Pin 5/Pin 2):** TTL Level Driver 3 Input.

**R1 (Pin 6/Pin 3):** CMOS Level Receiver 1 Output. Receiver outputs have a weak pull up to V<sub>IN</sub> when high impedance.

**R2 (Pin 7/Pin 4):** CMOS Level Receiver 2 Output.

**R3 (Pin 8/Pin 5):** CMOS Level Receiver 3 Output.

**D4 (Pin 9/Pin 6):** TTL Level Driver 4 Input.

**R4 (Pin 10/Pin 7):** CMOS Level Receiver 4 Output.

**M0 (Pin 11/Pin 8):** TTL Level Mode Select Input 0. Mode select inputs pull up to V<sub>IN</sub>.

**M1 (Pin 12/Pin 9):** TTL Level Mode Select Input 1.

**M2 (Pin 13/Pin 10):** TTL Level Mode Select Input 2.

**DCE/DTE (Pin 14/Pin 12):** TTL Level Mode Select Input. Logic high enables Driver 3. Logic low enables Receiver 1.

**D4ENB (Pin 15/Pin 13):** TTL Level Enable Input. Logic low enables Driver 4. Pulls up to V<sub>IN</sub>.

**R4EN (Pin 16/Pin 14):** TTL Level Enable Input. Logic high enables Receiver 4. Pulls up to V<sub>IN</sub>.

**R5 (Pin 17/Pin 15):** CMOS Level Receiver 5 Output.

**D5 (Pin 18/Pin 16):** TTL Level Driver 5 Input.

**V<sub>IN</sub> (Pin 20/Pin 18):** Positive Supply for the Receiver Outputs.  $3V \leq V_{IN} \leq 3.6V$ . Connect a 1μF capacitor to ground.

**D5 A (Pin 21/Pin 19):** Driver 5 Inverting Output.

**R5 A (Pin 22/Pin 20):** Receiver 5 Inverting Input.

**R4 A (Pin 23/Pin 21):** Receiver 4 Inverting Input.

**D4 A (Pin 24/Pin 22):** Driver 4 Inverting Input.

**R3 B (Pin 25/Pin 23):** Receiver 3 Noninverting Input.

**R3 A (Pin 26/Pin 24):** Receiver 3 Inverting Input.

**R2 B (Pin 27/Pin 25):** Receiver 2 Noninverting Input.

**R2 A (Pin 28/Pin 26):** Receiver 2 Inverting Input.

**D3/R1 B (Pin 29/Pin 27):** Receiver 1 Noninverting Input and Driver 3 Noninverting Output.

**D3/R1 A (Pin 30/Pin 28):** Receiver 1 Inverting Input and Driver 3 Inverting Output.

**D2 B (Pin 31/Pin 29):** Driver 2 Noninverting Output.

**D2 A (Pin 32/Pin 30):** Driver 2 Inverting Output.

**D1 B (Pin 33/Pin 31):** Driver 1 Noninverting Output.

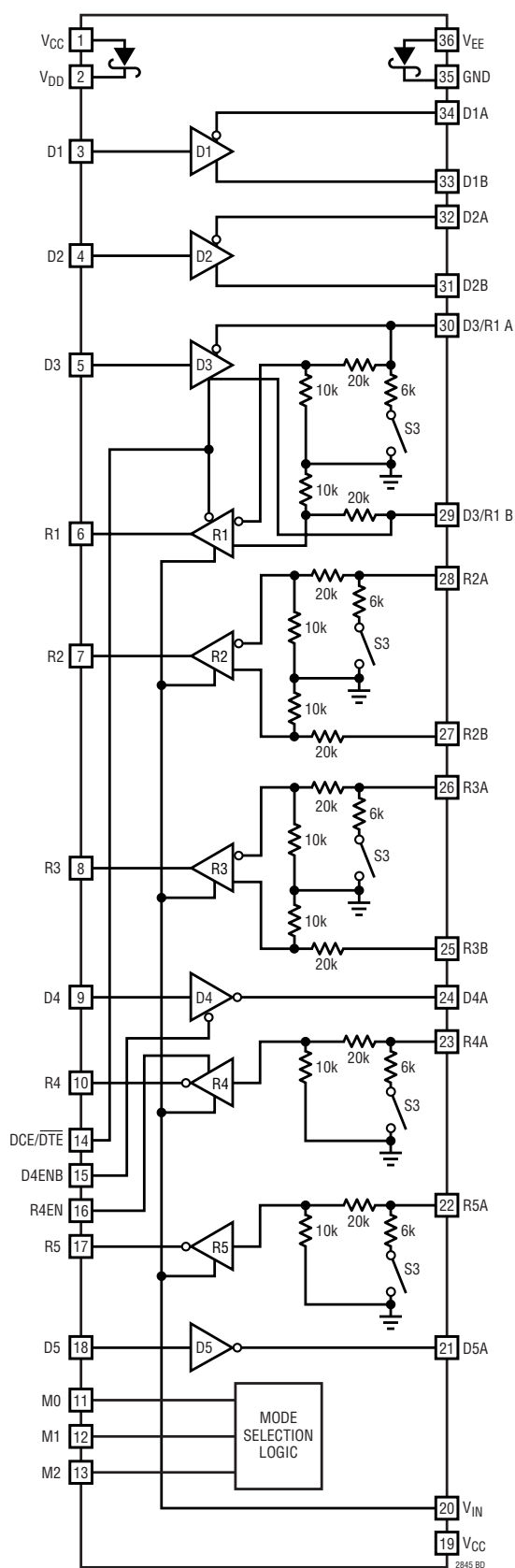
**D1 A (Pin 34/Pin 32):** Driver 1 Inverting Output.

**GND (Pin 35/Pin 33):** Ground.

**V<sub>EE</sub> (Pin 36/Pins 34, 35):** Negative Supply Voltage. Connect to V<sub>EE</sub> Pin 31 on LTC2846 or to -7V supply. Connect a 1μF capacitor to ground.

**EXPOSED Pad V<sub>EE</sub> (Pin 39):** Must be Soldered to PCB.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## TEST CIRCUITS

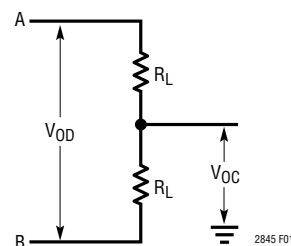


Figure 1. V.11 Driver Test Circuit

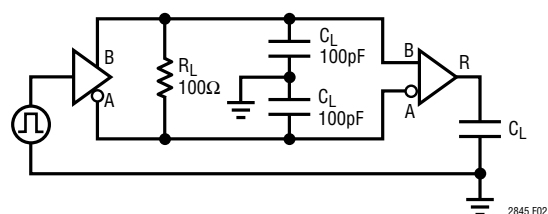


Figure 2. V.11 Driver/Receiver AC Test Circuit

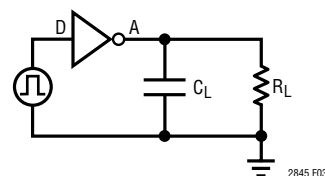


Figure 3. V.10/V.28 Driver Test Circuit

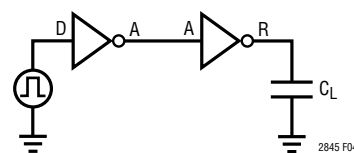


Figure 4. V.10/V.28 Receiver Test Circuit

## MODE SELECTION

| MODE NAME                  | M2 | M1 | M0 | DCE<br>/DTE | (Note 1)<br>(Note 4)<br>D1, D2,<br>D4, D5 | (Note 1)<br>D3 | D1   |      | D2   |      | D3   |      | (Note 4)<br>D4A<br>D5A |
|----------------------------|----|----|----|-------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------------------------|
|                            |    |    |    |             | A                                         | B              | A    | B    | A    | B    |      |      |                        |
| Not Used<br>(Default V.11) | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0           | TTL                                       | X              | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | Z    | Z    | V.10                   |
| RS530A                     | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0           | TTL                                       | X              | V.11 | V.11 | V.10 | Z    | Z    | Z    | V.10                   |
| RS530                      | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0           | TTL                                       | X              | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | Z    | Z    | V.10                   |
| X.21                       | 0  | 1  | 1  | 0           | TTL                                       | X              | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | Z    | Z    | V.10                   |
| V.35                       | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0           | TTL                                       | X              | V.28 | Z    | V.28 | Z    | Z    | Z    | V.28                   |
| RS449/V.36                 | 1  | 0  | 1  | 0           | TTL                                       | X              | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | Z    | Z    | V.10                   |
| V.28/RS232                 | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0           | TTL                                       | X              | V.28 | Z    | V.28 | Z    | Z    | Z    | V.28                   |
| No Cable                   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0           | X                                         | X              | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z                      |
| Not Used<br>(Default V.11) | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1           | TTL                                       | TTL            | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.10                   |
| RS530A                     | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1           | TTL                                       | TTL            | V.11 | V.11 | V.10 | Z    | V.11 | V.11 | V.10                   |
| RS530                      | 0  | 1  | 0  | 1           | TTL                                       | TTL            | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.10                   |
| X.21                       | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1           | TTL                                       | TTL            | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.10                   |
| V.35                       | 1  | 0  | 0  | 1           | TTL                                       | TTL            | V.28 | Z    | V.28 | Z    | V.28 | Z    | V.28                   |
| RS449/V.36                 | 1  | 0  | 1  | 1           | TTL                                       | TTL            | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.11 | V.10                   |
| V.28/RS232                 | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1           | TTL                                       | TTL            | V.28 | Z    | V.28 | Z    | V.28 | Z    | V.28                   |
| No Cable                   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1           | X                                         | X              | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z    | Z                      |

| MODE NAME                  | M2 | M1 | M0 | DCE<br>/DTE | (Note 2)<br>R1 |      | (Note 2)<br>R2 |      | (Note 2)<br>R3 |      | (Note 2)<br>(Note 5)<br>R4A<br>R5A | (Note 3)<br>R1 | (Note 3)<br>(Note 5)<br>R2, R3<br>R4, R5 |
|----------------------------|----|----|----|-------------|----------------|------|----------------|------|----------------|------|------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------|
|                            |    |    |    |             | A              | B    | A              | B    | A              | B    |                                    |                |                                          |
| Not Used<br>(Default V.11) | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0           | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | CMOS           | CMOS                                     |
| RS530A                     | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0           | V.11           | V.11 | V.10           | 30k  | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | CMOS           | CMOS                                     |
| RS530                      | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0           | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | CMOS           | CMOS                                     |
| X.21                       | 0  | 1  | 1  | 0           | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | CMOS           | CMOS                                     |
| V.35                       | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0           | V.28           | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28                               | CMOS           | CMOS                                     |
| RS449/V.36                 | 1  | 0  | 1  | 0           | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | CMOS           | CMOS                                     |
| V.28/RS232                 | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0           | V.28           | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28                               | CMOS           | CMOS                                     |
| No Cable                   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0           | 30k            | 30k  | 30k            | 30k  | 30k            | 30k  | 30k                                | Z              | Z                                        |
| Not Used<br>(Default V.11) | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | Z              | CMOS                                     |
| RS530A                     | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | V.10           | 30k  | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | Z              | CMOS                                     |
| RS530                      | 0  | 1  | 0  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | Z              | CMOS                                     |
| X.21                       | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | Z              | CMOS                                     |
| V.35                       | 1  | 0  | 0  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28                               | Z              | CMOS                                     |
| RS449/V.36                 | 1  | 0  | 1  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | V.11           | V.11 | V.11           | V.11 | V.10                               | Z              | CMOS                                     |
| V.28/RS232                 | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28           | 30k  | V.28                               | Z              | CMOS                                     |
| No Cable                   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1           | 30k            | 30k  | 30k            | 30k  | 30k            | 30k  | 30k                                | Z              | Z                                        |

**Note 1:** Driver inputs are TTL level compatible.

**Note 2:** Unused receiver inputs are terminated with 30k to ground.

**Note 3:** Receiver outputs are CMOS level compatible and have a weak pull-up to  $V_{IN}$  when Z.

**Note 4:** Driver 4 is enabled by D4ENB=0 (Pin 15).

**Note 5:** Receiver 4 is enabled by R4EN=1 (Pin 16).

## SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORMS

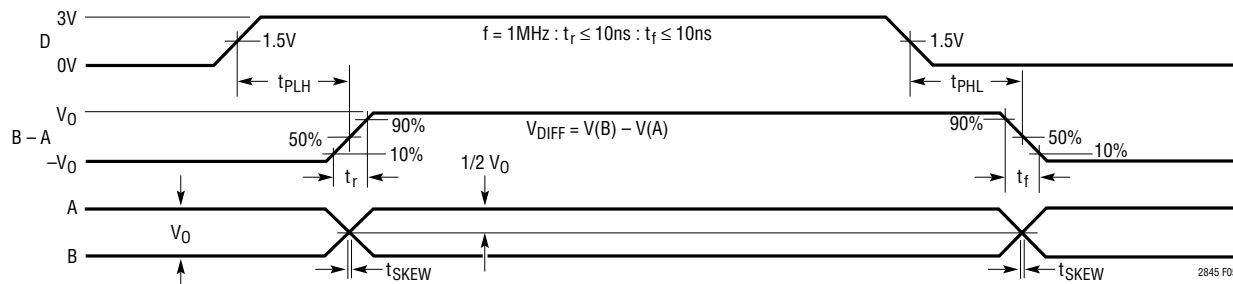


Figure 5. V.11 Driver Propagation Delays

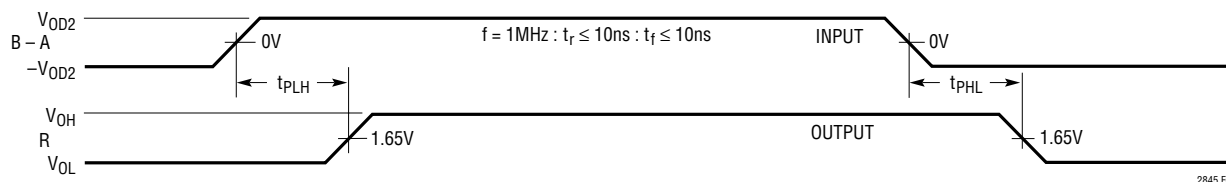


Figure 6. V.11 Receiver Propagation Delays

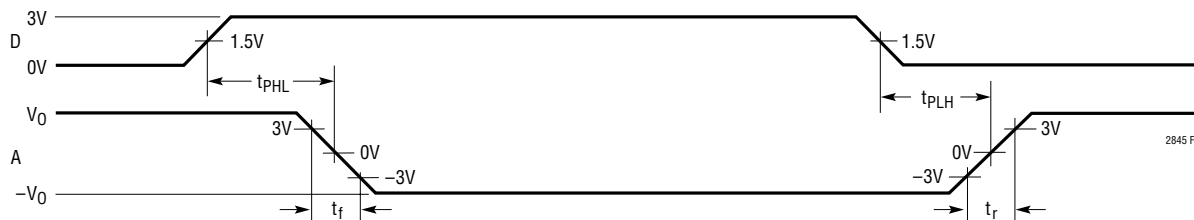


Figure 7. V.10, V.28 Driver Propagation Delays

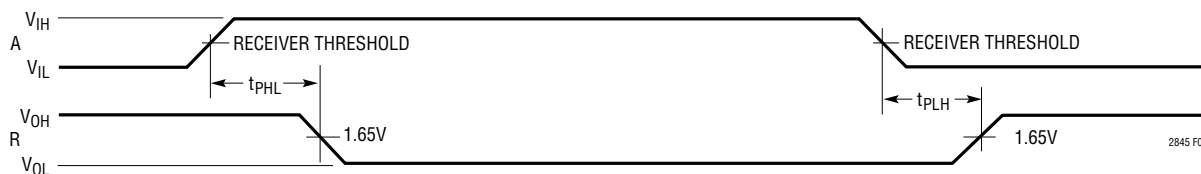


Figure 8. V.10, V.28 Receiver Propagation Delays

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Overview

The LTC2846/LTC2845 or LTC2847/LTC2845 form the core of a complete software-selectable DTE or DCE interface port that supports the RS232, RS449, EIA530, EIA530-A, V.35, V.36 or X.21 protocols. Cable termination is provided on-chip, eliminating the need for discrete designs.

A complete DCE-to-DTE interface operating in EIA530 mode is shown in Figure 9. The LTC2846 of each port is used to generate the clock and data signals. The LTC2845 is used to generate the control signals along with LL (Local Loop-Back), RL (Remote Loop-Back), TM (Test Mode) and RI (Ring Indicate). Cable termination is used only for the clock and data signals because they must support V.11 cable termination. The control signals do not need any external resistors.

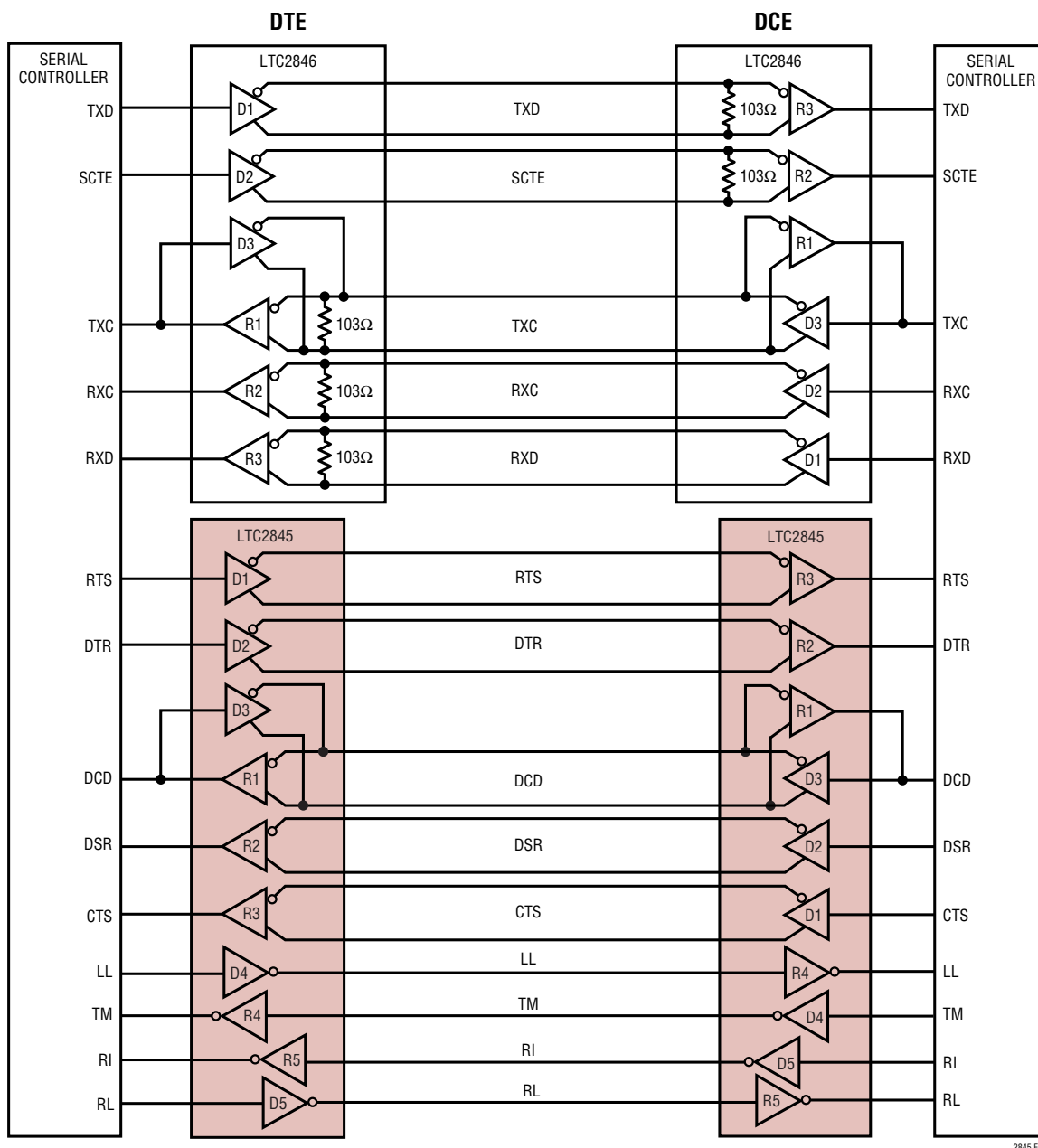


Figure 9. Complete Multiprotocol Interface in EIA530 Mode

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## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Mode Selection

The interface protocol is selected using the mode select pins M0, M1 and M2 (see the Mode Selection table).

For example, if the port is configured as a V.35 interface, the mode selection pins should be M2 = 1, M1 = 0, M0 = 0. For the control signals, the drivers and receivers will operate in V.28 (RS232) electrical mode. For the clock and data signals, the drivers and receivers will operate in V.35 electrical mode. The DCE/ $\overline{\text{DTE}}$  pin will configure the port for DCE mode when high, and DTE when low.

The interface protocol may be selected simply by plugging the appropriate interface cable into the connector. The mode pins are routed to the connector and are left unconnected (1) or wired to ground (0) in the cable as shown in Figure 10.

The internal pull-up current sources will ensure a binary 1 when a pin is left unconnected and that the LTC2846/LTC2845 enters the no-cable mode when the cable is removed. In the no-cable mode the LTC2846/LTC2845 supply current drops to less than 1000 $\mu\text{A}$  and all driver outputs are forced into a high impedance state.

The mode selection may also be accomplished by using jumpers to connect the mode pins to ground or  $V_{\text{IN}}$ .

### Cable Termination

Traditional implementations have included switching resistors with expensive relays, or required the user to change termination modules every time the interface standard has changed. Custom cables have been used with the termination in the cable head or separate terminations are built on the board and a custom cable routes the signals to the appropriate termination. Switching the termination with FETs is difficult because the FETs must remain off even though the signal voltage is beyond the supply voltage for the FET drivers or the power is off.

Using the LTC2846/LTC2845 solves the cable termination switching problem. Via software control, appropriate termination for the V.10 (RS423), V.11 (RS422), V.28 (RS232) and V.35 electrical protocols is chosen.

### V.10 (RS423) Interface

A typical V.10 unbalanced interface is shown in Figure 11. A V.10 single-ended generator output A with ground C is connected to a differential receiver with inputs A' connected to A, and input C' connected to the signal return ground C. Usually, no cable termination is required for V.10 interfaces, but the receiver inputs must be compliant with the impedance curve shown in Figure 12.

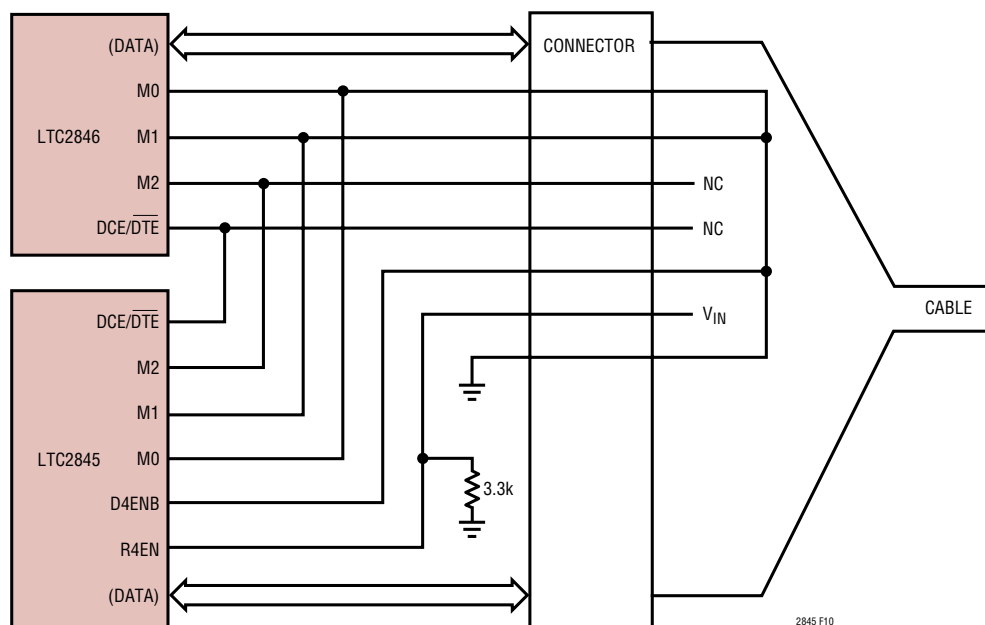


Figure 10. Single Port DCE V.35 Mode Selection in the Cable

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The V.10 receiver configuration in the LTC2845 is shown in Figure 13. In V.10 mode switch S3 inside the LTC2845 is turned off. The noninverting input is disconnected inside the LTC2845 receiver and connected to ground. The cable termination is then the 30k input impedance to ground of the LTC2845 V.10 receiver.

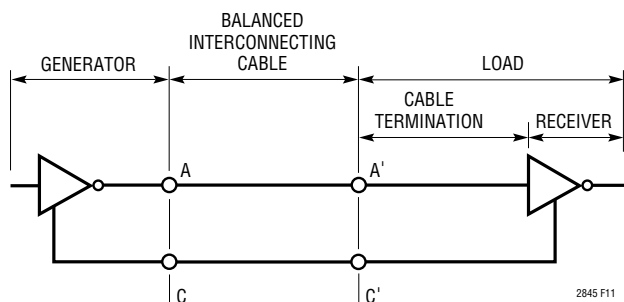


Figure 11. Typical V.10 Interface

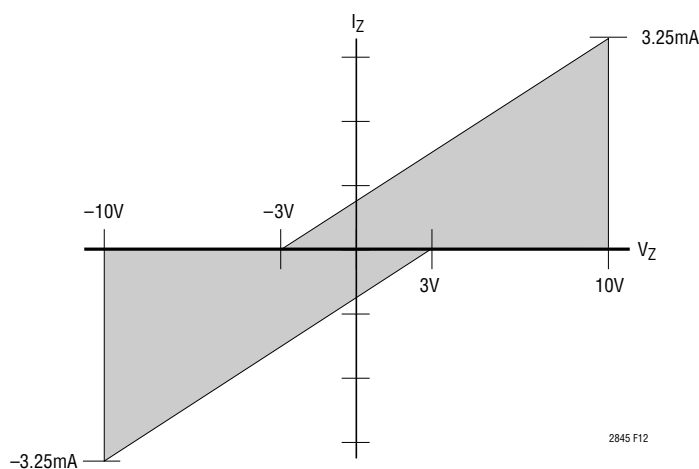


Figure 12. V.10 Receiver Input Impedance

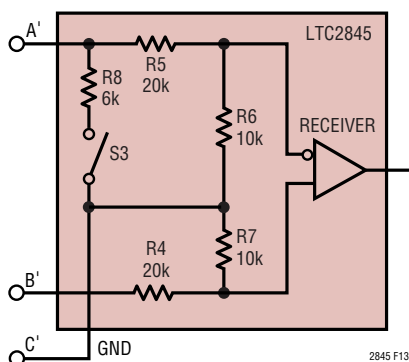


Figure 13. V.10 Receiver Configuration

### V.11 (RS422) Interface

A typical V.11 balanced interface is shown in Figure 14. A V.11 differential generator with outputs A and B with ground C is connected to a differential receiver with ground C', inputs A' connected to A, B' connected to B. The V.11 interface has a differential termination at the receiver end that has a minimum value of 100Ω. The termination resistor is optional in the V.11 specification, but for the high speed clock and data lines, the termination is required to prevent reflections from corrupting the data. The receiver inputs must also be compliant with the impedance curve shown in Figure 12.

In V.11 mode, all switches are off except S1 of the LTC2846's receivers which connects a 103Ω differential termination impedance to the cable as shown in Figure 15<sup>1</sup>. The LTC2845 only handles control signals, so no termination other than its V.11 receivers' 30k input impedance is necessary.

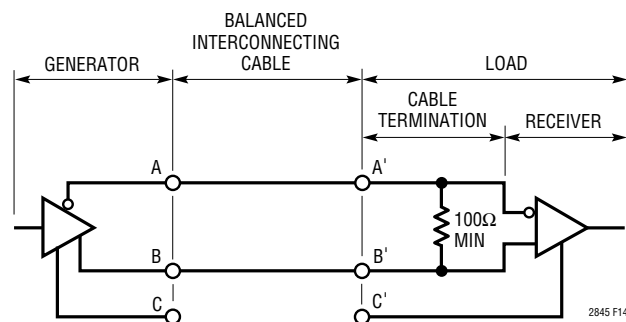


Figure 14. Typical V.11 Interface

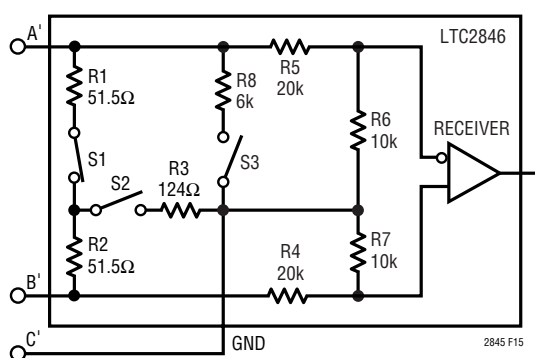


Figure 15. V.11 Receiver Configuration

<sup>1</sup>Actually, there is no switch S1 in receivers R2 and R3. However, for simplicity, all termination networks on the LTC2846 can be treated identically if it is assumed that an S1 switch exists and is always closed on the R2 and R3 receivers.

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### V.28 (RS232) Interface

A typical V.28 unbalanced interface is shown in Figure 16. A V.28 single-ended generator output A with ground C is connected to a single-ended receiver with input A' connected to A, ground C' connected via the signal return ground C.

In V.28 mode, all switches are off except S3 inside the LTC2846/LTC2845 which connects a 6k (R8) impedance to ground in parallel with 20k (R5) plus 10k (R6) for a combined impedance of 5k as shown in Figure 17. The noninverting input is disconnected inside the LTC2846/LTC2845 receiver and connected to a TTL level reference voltage for a 1.4V receiver trip point.

### V.35 Interface

A typical V.35 balanced interface is shown in Figure 18. A V.35 differential generator with outputs A and B with

ground C is connected to a differential receiver with ground C', inputs A' connected to A, B' connected to B. The V.35 interface requires a T or delta network termination at the receiver end and the generator end. The receiver differential impedance measured at the connector must be  $100\Omega \pm 10\Omega$ , and the impedance between shorted terminals (A' and B') and ground C' must be  $150\Omega \pm 15\Omega$ .

In V.35 mode, both switches S1 and S2 inside the LTC2846 are on, connecting the T network impedance as shown in Figure 19. The 30k input impedance of the receiver is placed in parallel with the T network termination, but does not affect the overall input impedance significantly.

The generator differential impedance must be  $50\Omega$  to  $150\Omega$  and the impedance between shorted terminals (A and B) and ground C must be  $150\Omega \pm 15\Omega$ . For the generator termination, switches S1 and S2 are both on as shown in Figure 20.

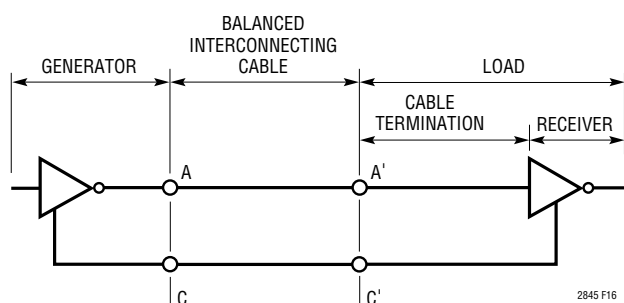


Figure 16. Typical V.28 Interface

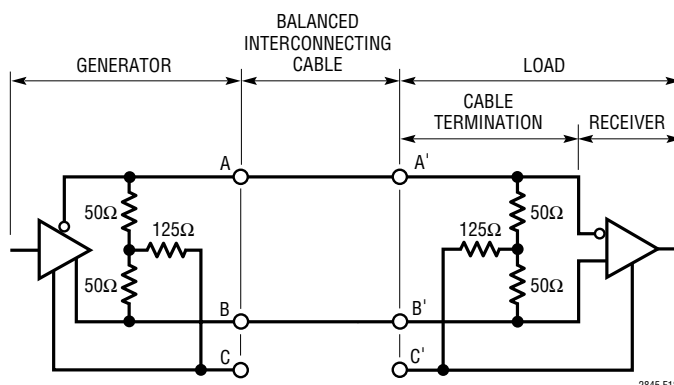


Figure 18. Typical V.35 Interface

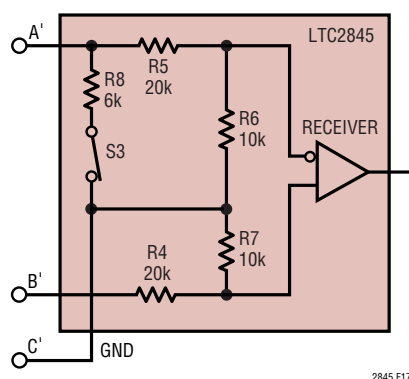


Figure 17. V.28 Receiver Configuration

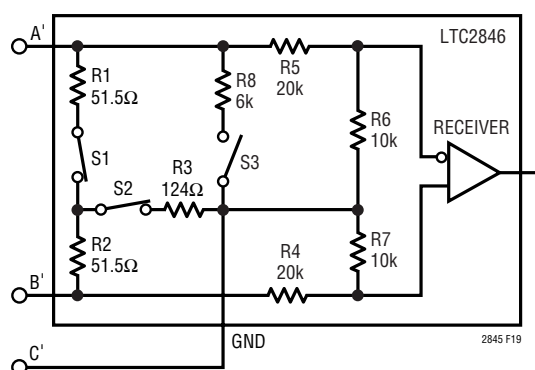


Figure 19. V.35 Receiver Configuration

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

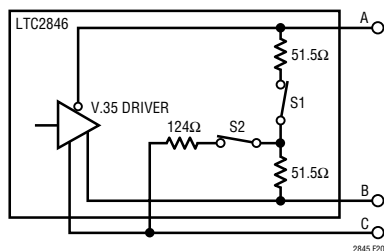


Figure 20. V.35 Driver

## No-Cable Mode

The no-cable mode ( $M0=M1=M2=D4ENB=1$ ,  $R4EN=0$ ) is intended for the case when the cable is disconnected from the connector. The bias circuitry, drivers and receivers are turned off, the driver outputs are forced into a high impedance state, and the supply current drops to less than  $700\mu A$ .

## LTC2846 and LTC2847 Supplies

The LTC2846 and LTC2847 use an internal capacitive charge pump to generate  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{EE}$  as shown in Figure 21. A voltage doubler generates about 8V on  $V_{DD}$  and a voltage inverter generates about  $-7.5V$  for  $V_{EE}$ . Three  $1\mu F$  surface mounted tantalum or ceramic capacitors are required for C1, C2 and C3. The  $V_{EE}$  capacitor C4 should be a minimum of  $3.3\mu F$ . All capacitors are 16V and should be placed as close as possible to the LTC2846 to reduce EMI.

The LTC2846 has an internal boost switching regulator which generates a 5V output from the 3.3V supply as shown in Figure 22. The 5V  $V_{CC}$  supplies its internal charge pump and transceivers as well as its companion chip. The LTC2847 requires an external 5V supply.

## Receiver Fail-Safe

All LTC2846/LTC2845 receivers feature fail-safe operation in all modes. If the receiver inputs are left floating or shorted together by a termination resistor, the receiver output will always be forced to a logic high.

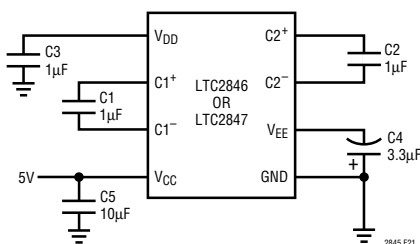


Figure 21. Charge Pump

## DTE vs DCE Operation

The DCE/ $\overline{DTE}$  pin acts as an enable for Driver 3/Receiver 1 in the LTC2846, and Driver 3/Receiver 1 in the LTC2845.

The LTC2846/LTC2845 can be configured for either DTE or DCE operation in one of two ways: a dedicated DTE or DCE port with a connector of appropriate gender, or a port with one connector that can be configured for DTE or DCE operation by rerouting the signals to the LTC2846/LTC2845 using a dedicated DTE cable or dedicated DCE cable.

A dedicated DTE port using a DB-25 male connector is shown in Figure 23. The interface mode is selected by logic outputs from the controller or from jumpers to either  $V_{IN}$  or GND on the mode select pins. A dedicated DCE port using a DB-25 female connector is shown in Figure 24.

A port with one DB-25 connector, can be configured for either DTE or DCE operation is shown in Figure 25. The configuration requires separate cables for proper signal routing in DTE or DCE operation. For example, in DTE mode, the TXD signal is routed to Pins 2 and 14 via Driver 1 in the LTC2846. In DCE mode, Driver 1 now routes the RXD signal to Pins 2 and 14.

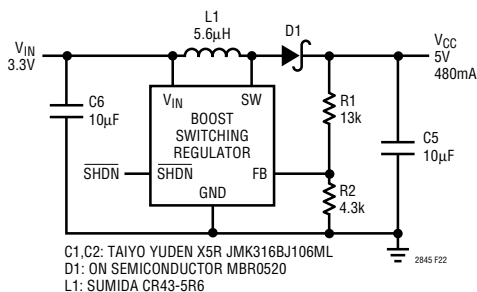
## Compliance Testing

The LTC2846/LTC2845 chipset has been tested by TUV Rheinland of North America Inc. and passed the NET1, NET2 and TBR2 requirements. Copies of the test report are available from LTC or TUV Rheinland of North America Inc.

The title of the report is Test Report No. TBR2/050101/02

The address of TUV Rheinland of North America Inc. is:

TUV Rheinland of North America Inc.  
1775, Old Highway 8 NW, Suite 107  
St. Paul, MN 55112  
Tel. (651) 639-0775  
Fax (651) 639-0873



C1, C2: TAIYO YUDEN X5R JMK316BJ106ML  
D1: ON SEMICONDUCTOR MBR0520  
L1: SUMIDA CR43-5R6

Figure 22. LTC2846 Boost Switching Regulator

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## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

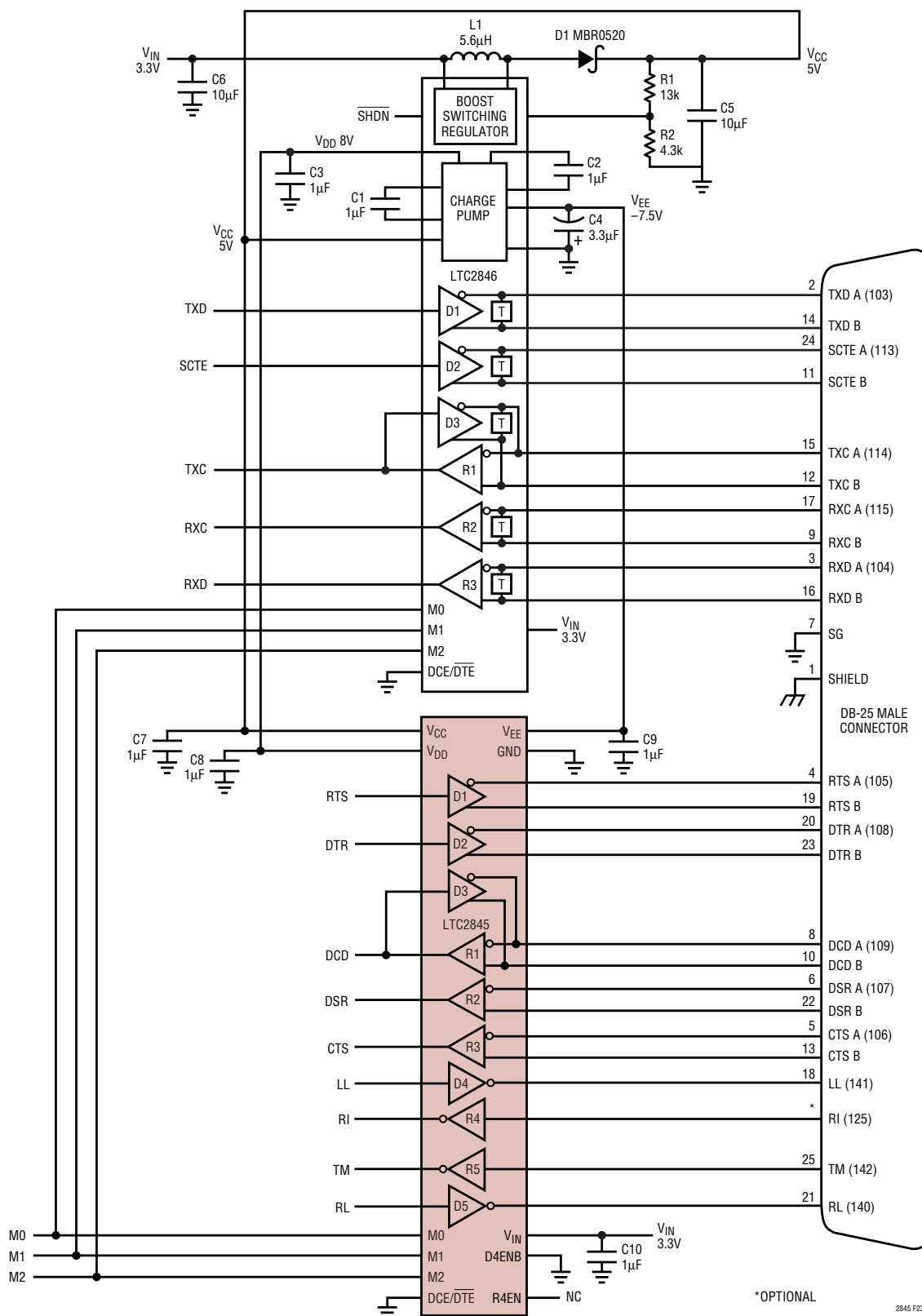


Figure 23. Controller-Selectable Multiprotocol DTE Port with DB-25 Connector

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TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

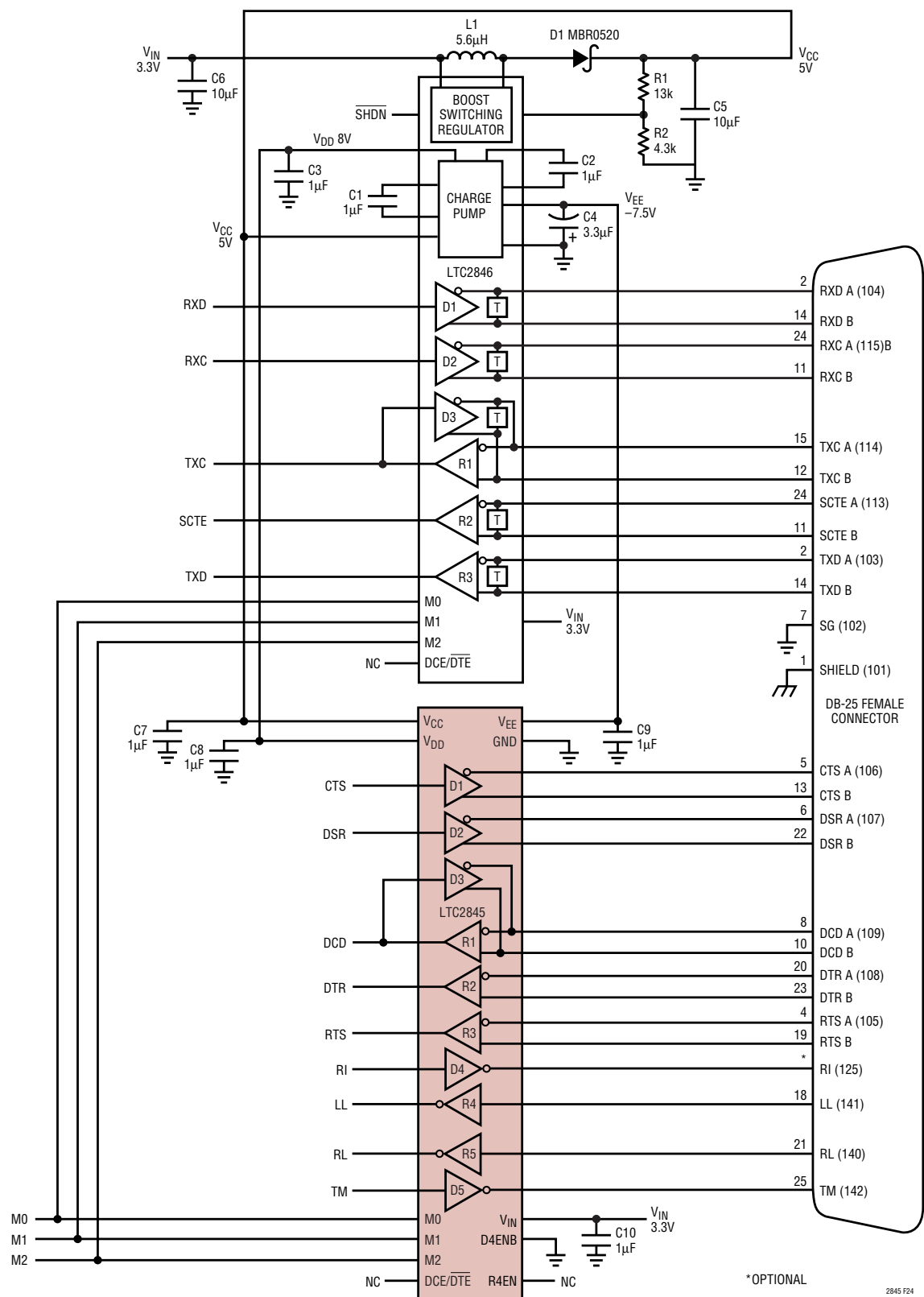


Figure 24. Controller-Selectable DCE Port with DB-25 Connector

sn2845 2845fs

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

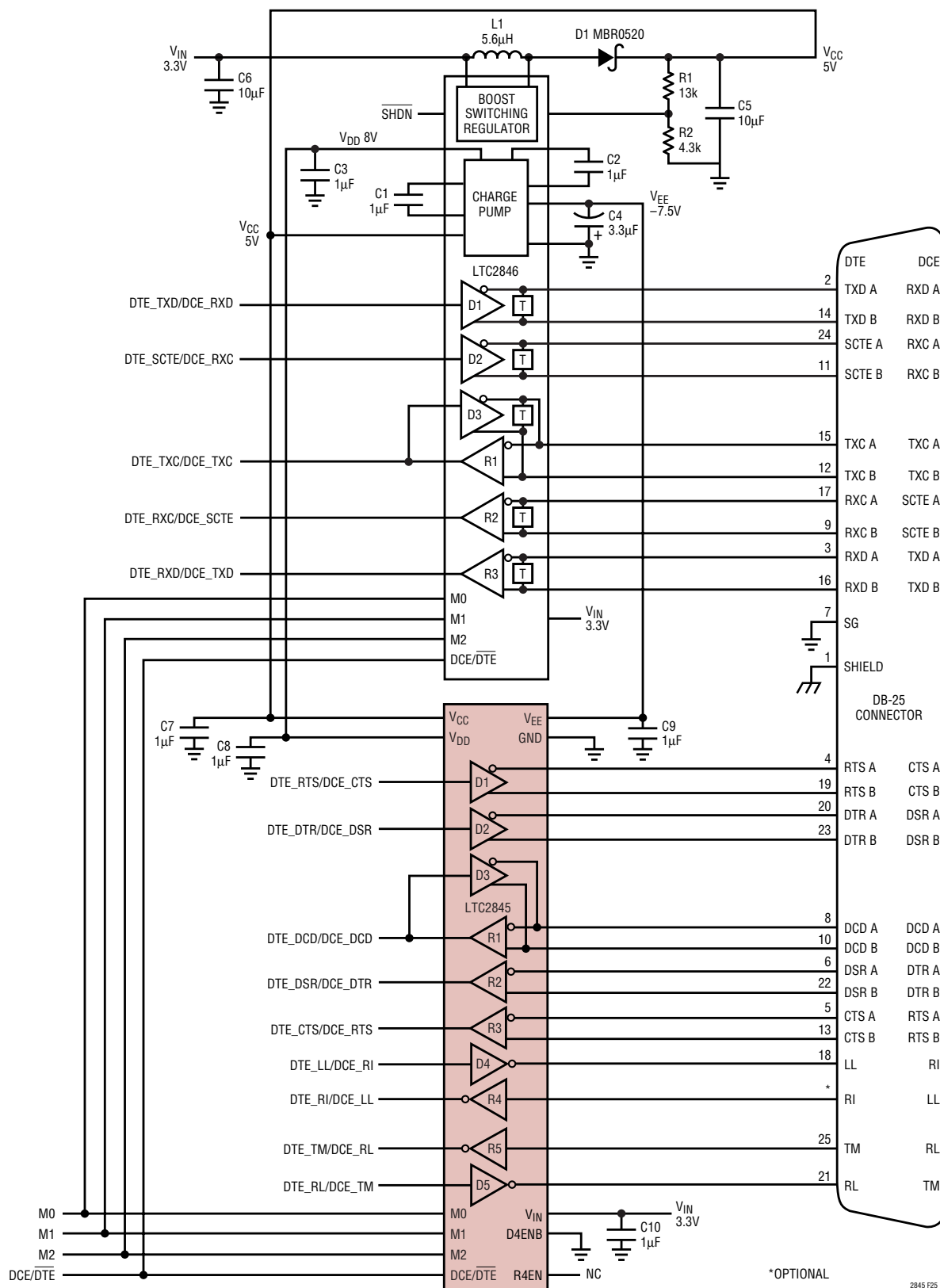
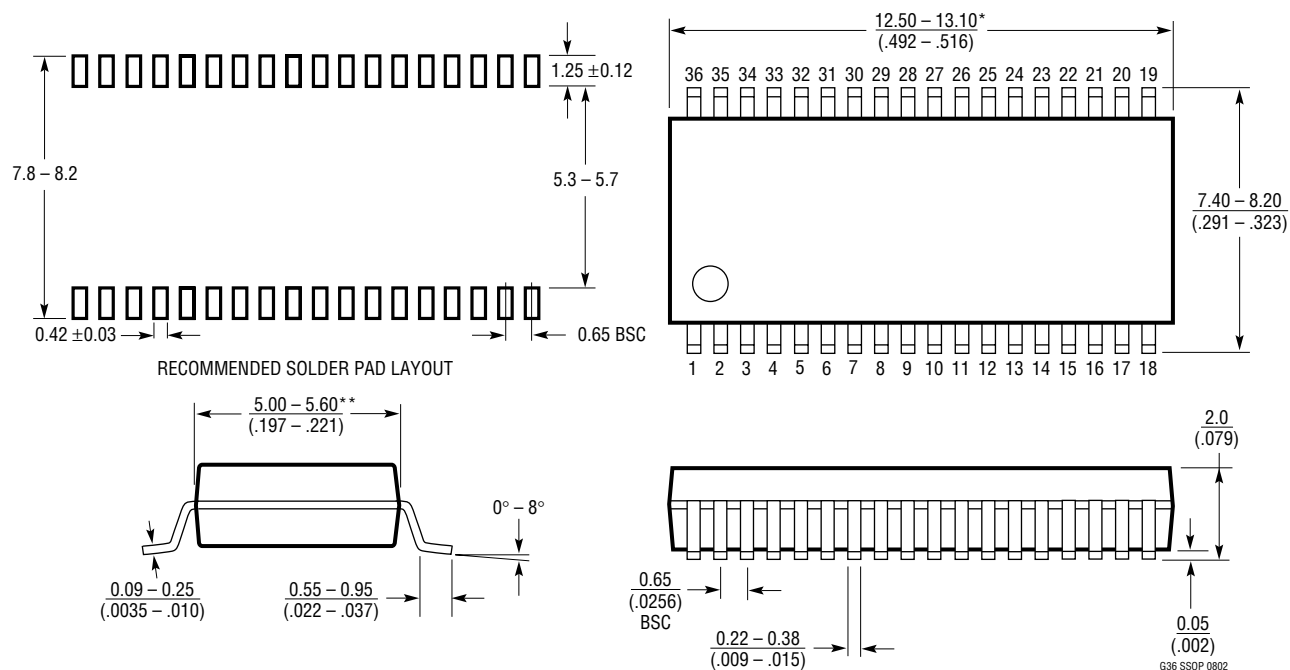


Figure 25. Controller-Selectable Multiprotocol DTE/DCE Port with DB-25 Connector

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## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

**G Package**  
**36-Lead Plastic SSOP (5.3mm)**  
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1640)



**NOTE:**

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS

2. DIMENSIONS ARE IN  $\frac{\text{MILLIMETERS}}{(\text{INCHES})}$

3. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

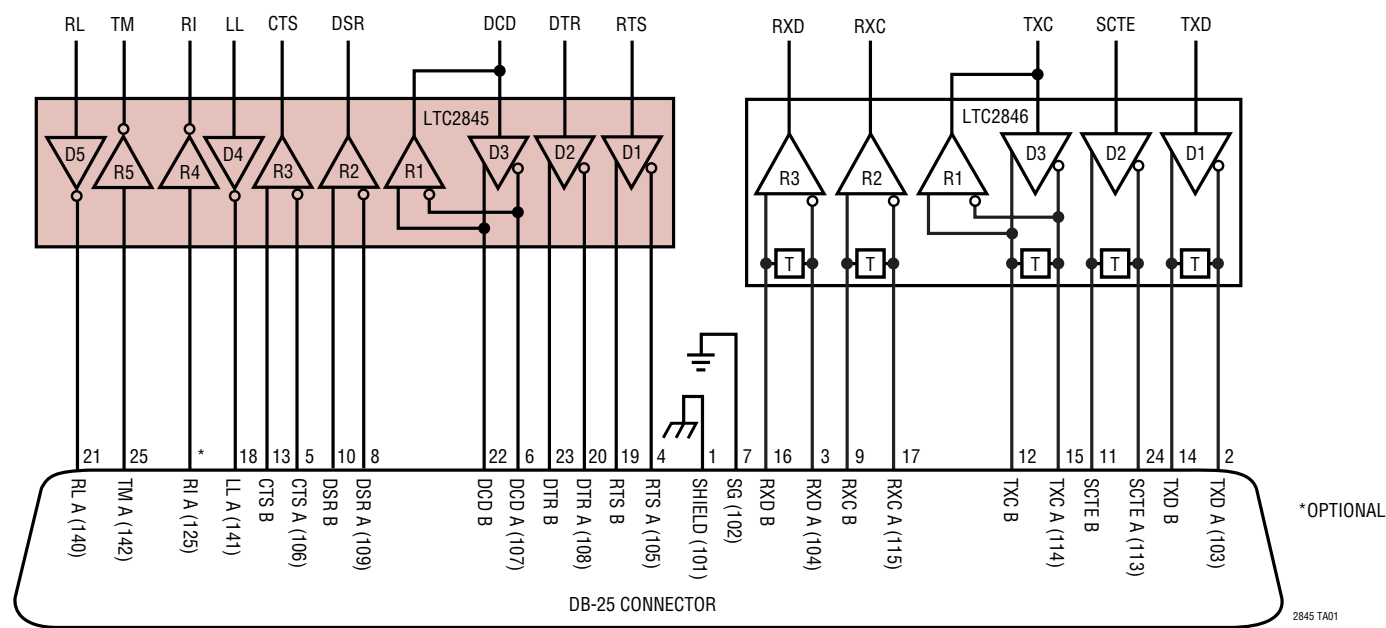
\*DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .152mm (.006") PER SIDE

\*\*DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .254mm (.010") PER SIDE



TYPICAL APPLICATION

DTE or DCE Multiprotocol Serial Interface with DB-25 Connector



RELATED PARTS

| PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION                                                               | COMMENTS                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LTC1321     | Dual RS232/RS485 Transceiver                                              | Two RS232 Driver/Receiver Pairs or Two RS485 Driver/Receiver Pairs                                                                                       |
| LTC1334     | Single 5V RS232/RS485 Multiprotocol Transceiver                           | Two RS232 Driver/Receiver or Four RS232 Driver/Receiver Pairs                                                                                            |
| LTC1343     | Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver                             | 4-Driver/4-Receiver for Data and Clock Signals                                                                                                           |
| LTC1344A    | Software-Selectable Cable Terminator                                      | Perfect for Terminating the LTC1543 (Not Needed with LTC1546)                                                                                            |
| LTC1345     | Single Supply V.35 Transceiver                                            | 3-Driver/3-Receiver for Data and Clock Signals                                                                                                           |
| LTC1346A    | Dual Supply V.35 Transceiver                                              | 3-Driver/3-Receiver for Data and Clock Signals                                                                                                           |
| LTC1543     | Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver                             | Terminated with LTC1344A for Data and Clock Signals, Companion to LTC1544 or LTC1545 for Control Signals                                                 |
| LTC1544     | Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver                             | Companion to LTC1546 or LTC1543 for Control Signals Including LL                                                                                         |
| LTC1545     | Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver                             | 5-Driver/5-Receiver Companion to LTC1546 or LTC1543 for Control Signals Including LL, TM and RL                                                          |
| LTC1546     | Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver                             | 3-Driver/3-Receiver with Termination for Data and Clock Signals                                                                                          |
| LTC2844     | 3.3V Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver                        | 3.3V Supply, 4-Driver/4-Receiver Companion to LTC2846 for Control Signals Including LL                                                                   |
| LTC2846     | 3.3V Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver                        | 3.3V Supply, 3-Driver/3-Receiver with Termination for Data and Clock Signals, Generates the Required 5V and ±8V Supplies for LTC2846 and Companion Parts |
| LTC2847     | Software-Selectable Multiprotocol Transceiver with 3.3V Digital Interface | 3-Driver/3-Receiver with Termination for Data and Clock Signals. Separate Supply for Digital Interface Works Down to 3.3V                                |