

# **Features**

- Up to15 Watts of Output Power
- Wide Input Range
- Rated to 100°C Case Operating Temperature
- 24 & 48 Volt Nominal Inputs, 1.8, 2.5, 3.3, 5, 12 and 15 Volt Outputs
- Five Year Warranty
- Water Washable Design

# **Description**

The Calex BR series are 15 Watt DC/DC converters in a 1" x 2" case with a 4:1 input ratio. The input voltage range is 9 to 36 VDC for 24 Volt models and 18 to 72 for 48 Volt models.

The BR series requires a low source impedance at the input terminals by using an external capacitor (see Application Notes). These models do not have an internal input filter.

The units are filled with a compound which allows them to withstand a normal water wash after being soldered to a PC board.

Selection Chart							
Model		Range DC	Output	Output			
	Min Max		VDC	mA			
24S1R8.4500BR	9	36	1.8	4500			
24S2R5.4500BR	9	36	2.5	4500			
24S3R3.4500BR	9	36	3.3	4500			
24S5.3000BR	9	36	5	3000			
24S12.1250BR	9	36	12	1250			
24S15.1000BR	9	36	15	1000			
48S1R8.4500BR	18	72*	1.8	4500			
48S2R5.4500BR	18	72*	2.5	4500			
48S3R3.4500BR	18	72*	3.3	4500			
48S5.3000BR	18	72*	5	3000			
48S12.1250BR	18	72*	12	1250			
48S15.1000BR	18	72*	15	1000			

<sup>\*</sup>UL Recognition only applies up to 60VDC

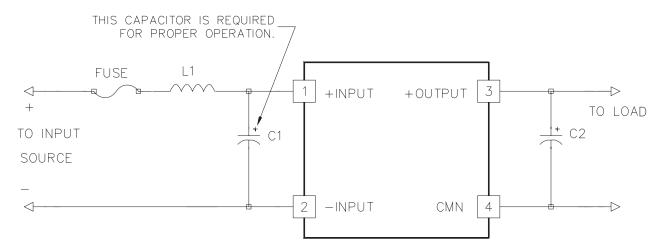


Figure 1. Recommended application

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise specified, all parameters are full load, nominal line, T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, and thermal steady state.

Input Parameters (1)								
Model		24S1R8.4500BR	24S2R5.4500BR	24S3R3.4500BR	24S5.3000BR	24S12.1250BR	24S15.1000BR	Units
Voltage Range	MIN NOM MAX		9 24 36				VDC	
Input Current, No Load Full Load	TYP TYP	10 473	10 630	10 780	10 753	10 744	10 744	mADC
Efficiency Vin=24VDC, Full Load	TYP	72	75	80	83	84	84	%
Switching Frequency	TYP			40	00			kHz
Maximum Input Overvoltage, 100ms	MAX	MAX 40					VDC	
Recommended Fuse		(2)						AMPS
Model		48S1R8.4500BR	48S2R5.4500BR	48S3R3.4500BR	48S5.3000BR	48\$12.1250BR	48S15.1000BR	Units
Voltage Range	MIN NOM MAX		18 48 72*			VDC		
Input Current, No Load Full Load	TYP TYP	10 236	10 320	10 385	10 377	10 372	10 372	mADC
Efficiency Vin=48VDC, Full Load	TYP	72	75	80	83	84	84	%
Switching Frequency TYP 400					kHz			
Maximum Input Overvoltage, 100ms	MAX	80				VDC		
Recommended Fuse	Recommended Fuse (2)					AMPS		

#### \*UL Recognition only applies up to 60VDC

Output Parameters (1)								
Model		24S1R8.4500BR 48S1R8.4500BR	24S2R5.4500BR 48S2R5.4500BR	24S3R3.4500BR 48S3R3.4500BR	24S5.3000BR 48S5.3000BR	24S12.1250BR 48S12.1250BR	24S15.1000BR 48S15.1000BR	Units
Output Voltage		1.8	2.5	3.3	5	12	15	VDC
Output Voltage Accuracy	MIN TYP MAX	1.750 1.800 1.850	2.450 2.500 2.550	3.234 3.300 3.366	4.90 5.00 5.10	11.76 12.00 12.24	14.70 15.00 15.30	VDC
Rated Load Range (3)	MIN MAX	0.68 4.54	0.68 4.54	0.68 4.54	0.45 3.00	0.19 1.25	0.15 1.00	ADC
Load Regulation 1/4 FL - FL	TYP MAX	0.1 1				%		
Line Regulation Vin = Min-Max VDC	TYP MAX	0.02 0.2 0.1				%		
Power On Overshoot	TYP	0.5				٧		
Load Transient Recovery Time (1) error band = ±1%	TYP	200				μs		
Load Transient Overshoot	TYP	150 300				mV peak		
Noise (4) bw = 0.01 - 1MHz bw = 0 - 20 MHz	TYP TYP	100 150				mV P-P		
Temperature Coefficient	TYP MAX	50 150			ppm/°C			
Short Circuit Protection, Output to Common		Continuous						

### NOTES:

- (1) Refer to the CALEX Application Notes for the definition of terms, measurement circuits, and other information.
  - Load Transient Overshoot is the output voltage peak amplitude referenced to the final value due to a step load change of 50-75%. "Load Transient Overshoot" and "Dynamic Response" are the same specification. Load Transient Recovery Time is the time for the output to return to within the specified voltage error band centered about the final value. "Load Transient Recovery Time" and "Transient Response" are the same specification.
- (2) See CALEX Application Notes to determine the correct fuse. A fuse is required only for system protection, but must be used for reverse voltage protection of the input.
- Below the minimum rated load, the output may exhibit noise

- performance degradation. Operation with less than the minimum rated load will not damage unit, and DC regulation is not significantly affected.
- Noise is measured per CALEX Application Notes. Output noise is measured with a 10 µF tantalum capacitor and a 0.01µF ceramic capacitor connected across the output pins.
- (5) The Case is tied to the -input pin.
- The case thermal impedance is specified as the case temperature rise over ambient per package watt dissipated.
- Specifications subject to change without notice.
- Water Washability Calex DC/DC converters are designed to withstand most solder/wash processes. Careful attention should be used when assessing the applicability in your specific manufacturing process. Converters are not hermetically sealed.

General Specifications							
All M	All Models Units						
Isolation (5)	Isolation (5)						
Isolation Voltage Input to Output 24S Input to Output 48S	MIN MIN	700 1500	VDC				
Input to Output Capacitance	TYP	1600	pF				
Environmental							
Case Operating Range	MIN MAX	-40 100	°C				
Storage Range	MIN MAX	-55 125	°C				
Thermal Impedance (6)	TYP	15	°C/Watt				
General							
Unit Weight	TYP	1.1	oz				
Chassis Mounting Kit	MS8	-					
MTBF		> 1 M Hours					
Agency Approvals		CSA/UL 6095	60				

Note: On nominal 48Vin Models UL Recognition only applies up to 60VDC.

# **Application Notes**

#### General

Figure 1 shows the recommended connections for the 15 Watt BR Single. Capacitor C1 is mandatory for proper operation as the BR may be damaged if operated without it. C1 must be rated to handle the ripple current from the BR input. L1 is optional and serves to reduce the reflected ripple current from the BR back into the Input Source. L1 must be rated to handle the DC input current. Information about C1 and L1 is shown in the following paragraphs. The fuse is required only for system protection (Note 2).

Capacitor C2 is optional and serves to further reduce output noise. It may be made up of several capacitors already in your system that are distributed at the loads.

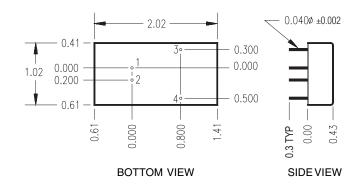
#### **Input Capacitor**

C1 in figure 1 is mandatory and must be connected across the input pins for proper operation. Locate C1 within 1" maximum from the input pins.

## Suggested Capacitor P/N's:

Model	Туре	P/N
24S	Thru hole	470μF, 50V, 0.059 ohms, 2.0A at +85°C (1.2A at +105°C) NIC: NRSZ471M50V12.5X20
24S	SMT	6.8μF, 50V, 0.6 ohms, 0.49A at +85°C. Use 4 in parallel. Vishay Sprague: 593D685X9050D2
48S	Thru hole	68μF, 100V, 0.24 ohms, 1.0A at +85°C (0.63A at +105°C) NIC: NRSZ680M100V10X20
48S	SMT	100µF, 100V, 0.17 ohms, 1.1A at +85°C (0.79A at +105°C) NIC: NACK101M100V16X17

The ripple current and ESR ratings are at 100kHz. Equivalents are available from other manufacturers.



Pin	Function			
1	+INPUT			
2	-INPUT, CASE			
3	+OUTPUT			
4	CMN			

Mechanical tolerances unless otherwise noted:

X.XX dimensions: ±0.020 inches X.XXX dimensions: ±0.005 inches Pin location is for the mating PCB.

The case is metal with a non-conductive header

The following table lists the requirements for C1

## C1 Requirements:

Model	Input Voltage VDC	Required Capacitor Ripple Current A-RMS, minimum rating
24S	9 to 36	1.8
48S	18 to 72	0.9

## **Input Inductor**

The same inductor is suitable for both 24S and 48S models of the BR.

## Suggested Inductor P/N's:

	10μH, 4.2ADC, 0.030 ohms. <b>Coilcraft: RFB08010-100</b>
	10μH, 3.5ADC, 0.040 ohms. <b>Coilcraft: DO3340P-103</b>

Equivalents are available from other manufacturers.

## **Input Filter:**

Using an input filter with the values shown gives the following results:

Model	C1	L1	Reflected Ripple Current
24S	Four 6.8µF / 50V Tantalum	10µH	About 50mA P-P About 20mA RMS
48S	100μF / 100V	10µH	About 25mA P-P About 12mA RMS

P-P Reflected Current does not include the switching spike.

The C1 and L1 parts listed above are suitable for the BR operating at full power output. These C1 and L1 parts will work up to  $+85^{\circ}$ C ambient temperture, although the BR itself will require some sort of heatsink or cooling to operate at full power at  $+85^{\circ}$ C ambient. More filtering can be accomplished by increasing the value of C1 and lowering its ESR which is done by paralleling capacitors. In addition adding an optional ceramic capacitor of 0.1 to  $1.0\mu$ F close to the pins will further help reduce the spike.

Increasing the value of L1 requires at least a proportional increase in the value of C1. i.e. If L1 is doubled then at least double the value of C1 shown in the table. Not using L1 (but MUST have C1) will increase the Reflected Ripple Current back into the the Input Source power supply.

#### **Measurement Technique**

Using the ground clip lead on a scope probe will show sharp switching spikes on the oscilloscope, while using a tip jack will minimize this effect. There will generally be a switching spike when scoping the input pins which happens because capacitor C1 cannot be located directly on the BR input pins.