# MIC5841/5842



## 8-Bit Serial-Input Latched Drivers

## **General Description**

Using BiCMOS technology, the MIC5841/5842 integrated circuits were fabricated to be used in a wide variety of peripheral power driver applications. The devices each have an eight-bit CMOS shift register, CMOS control circuitry, eight CMOS data latches, and eight bipolar current-sink Darlington output drivers.

These two devices differ only in maximum voltage ratings. The MIC5842 offers premium performance with a minimum output breakdown voltage rating of 80V (50V sustaining). The drivers can be operated with a split supply where the negative supply is down to -20V.

The 500mA outputs, with integral transient-suppression diodes, are suitable for use with lamps, relays, solenoids and other inductive loads.

These devices have improved speed characteristics. With a 5V logic supply, they will typically operate faster than 5 MHz. With a 12V supply, significantly higher speeds are obtained. The CMOS inputs are compatible with standard CMOS, PMOS, and NMOS logic levels. TTL or DTL circuits may require the use of appropriate pull-up resistors. By using the serial data output, the drivers can be cascaded for interface applications requiring additional drive lines.

The MIC5840 family is available in DIP, PLCC, and SOIC packages. Because of limitations on package power dissipation, the simultaneous operation of all drivers at maximum rated current might require a reduction in duty cycle. A copper-alloy lead frame provides for maximum package power dissipation.

#### **Features**

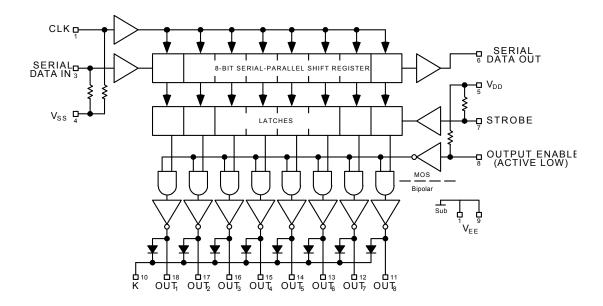
- 3.3 MHz Minimum Data-Input Rate
- CMOS, PMOS, NMOS, TTL Compatible
- Internal Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistors
- Low-Power CMOS Logic and Latches
- High-Voltage Current-Sink Outputs
- Output Transient-Protection Diodes
- Single or Split Supply Operation

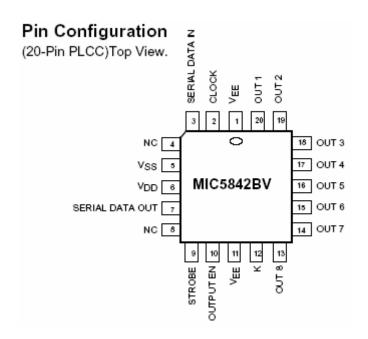
## **Ordering Information**

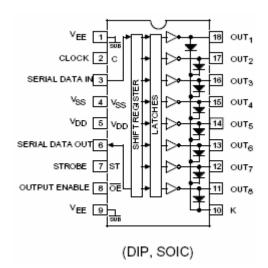
Part N	umber	Temperature Range	Package		
Standard	Pb-Free	Temperature Name	i ackage		
MIC5841BN	MIC5841YN	–40°C to +85°C	18-Pin Plastic DIP		
MIC5841BV	MIC5841YV	–40°C to +85°C	20-Pin PLCC		
MIC5841BWM	MIC5841YWM	–40°C to +85°C	18-Pin Wide SOIC		
MIC5842BN	MIC5842YN	–40°C to +85°C	18-Pin Plastic DIP		
MIC5842BV	MIC5842YV	–40°C to +85°C	20-Pin PLCC		
MIC5842BWM	MIC5842YWM	–40°C to +85°C	18-Pin Wide SOIC		

May 2006 M9999-050506

# **Functional Diagram**







# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(1,2,3)

At 25°C Free-Air Temperature and V <sub>SS</sub>	0V
Output Voltage, V <sub>CE</sub> (MIC5841)	
(MIC5842)	80V
Output Voltage, V <sub>CE(SUS)</sub> (MIC5841) <sup>(1)</sup>	35V
(MIC5842)	50V
Logic Supply Voltage, V <sub>DD</sub>	15V
VDD with Reference to V <sub>EE</sub>	25V

Emitter Supply Voltage, V<sub>EE</sub>.....–20V Input Voltage Range,  $V_{\text{IN}}$  ......-0.3V to  $V_{\text{DD}}$  + 0.3V Continuous Output Current, I<sub>OUT</sub>......500mA Package Power Dissipation, P<sub>D</sub><sup>(2)</sup>......1.82W Operating Temperature Range, T<sub>A</sub>......-55°C to +85°C Storage Temperature Range, T<sub>S</sub> ......-65°C to +150°C

## **Electrical Characteristics**

At  $T_A = 25$ °C  $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{SS} = V_{EE} = 0V$  (unless otherwise noted)

					Limits	
Characteristic	Symbol	Applicable Devices	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>CEX</sub>	MIC5841	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 50V		50	μΑ
			V <sub>OUT</sub> = 50V, T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C		100	
		MIC5842	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 80V		50	
			V <sub>OUT</sub> = 80V, T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C		100	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CE(SAT)</sub>	Both	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA		1.1	V
			I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200mA		1.3	
			$I_{OUT} = 350 \text{mA}, V_{DD} = 7.0 \text{V}$		1.6	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CE(SUS)</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	MIC5841	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350mA, L = 2mH	35		V
		MIC5842	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350mA, L = 2mH	50		
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN(0)</sub>	Both			0.8	V
	V <sub>IN(1)</sub>	Both	V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V	10.5		
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 10V	8.5		
			$V_{DD} = 5.0V(4)$	3.5		
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	Both	V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V	50		kΩ
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 10V	50		
			$V_{DD} = 5.0V$	50		
Supply Current	IDD <sub>(ON)</sub>	Both	All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V		16	1.6
			All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 10V		14	
			All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V		8.0	
	IDD <sub>(OFF)</sub>	Both	All Drivers OFF, V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V		2.9	
			All Drivers OFF, V <sub>DD</sub> = 10V		2.5	
			All Drivers OFF, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V		1.6	
Clamp Diode Leakage Current	I <sub>R</sub>	MIC5841	V <sub>R</sub> = 50V		50	μA
		MIC5842	V <sub>R</sub> = 80V		50	
Clamp Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	Both	I <sub>F</sub> = 350mA		2.0	V

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## **Electrical Characteristics**

At  $T_A = -55^{\circ}C V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{SS} = V_{EE} = 0V$  (unless otherwise noted)

			Limits			
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>CEX</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 80V		50	μA	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CE(SAT)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA		1.3	V	
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200mA		1.5		
		$I_{OUT} = 350 \text{mA}, V_{DD} = 7.0 \text{V}$		1.8		
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN(0)</sub>			8.0	V	
	V <sub>IN(1)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V	10.5			
		$V_{DD} = 5.0V$	3.5			
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{DD} = 12V$	35		kΩ	
		$V_{DD} = 10V$	35			
		$V_{DD} = 5.0V$	35			
Supply Current	I <sub>DD(ON)</sub>	All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V		16	mA	
		All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 10V		14		
		All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V		10		
	I <sub>DD(OFF)</sub>	All Drivers OFF, V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V		3.5		
		All Drivers OFF, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V		2.0		

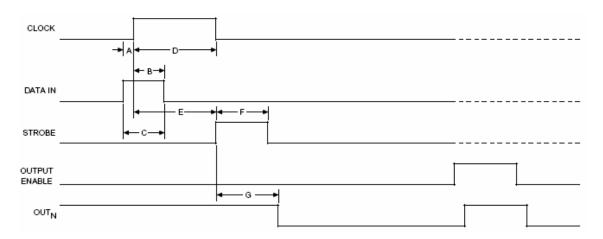
## **Electrical Characteristics**

At  $T_A = +125$ °C  $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{SS} = V_{EE} = 0V$  (unless otherwise noted)

				Limits	
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>CEX</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 80V		500	μA
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CE(SAT)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA		1.3	V
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200mA		1.5	
		$I_{OUT} = 350 \text{mA}, V_{DD} = 7.0 \text{V}$		1.8	
Input Voltage	$V_{IN(0)}$			0.8	V
	$V_{IN(1)}$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V	10.5		
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V	3.5		
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V	50		kΩ
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 10V	50		
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V	50		
Supply Current	I <sub>DD(ON)</sub>	All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V		16	mA
		All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 10V		14	
		All Drivers ON, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V		8	
	I <sub>DD(OFF)</sub>	All Drivers OFF, V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V		2.9	
		All Drivers OFF, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V		2.1.6	
Clamp Diode Leakage Current	I <sub>R</sub>	MIC5841A V <sub>R</sub> = 50V		1.6	μΑ
		MIC5842A V <sub>R</sub> = 80V		100	

#### Notes:

- 1. For Inductive load applications.
- 2. Derate at the rate of 18.2mW/°C above TA = 25°C (Plastic DIP)
- 3. CMOS devices have input-static protection but are susceptible to damage when exposed to extremely high static electrical charges.
- 4. Operation of these devices with standard TTL may require the use of appropriate pull-up resistors to insure an input logic HIGH.
- 5. Not 100% tested. Guaranteed by design.



## **Timing Conditions**

(TA = 25°C Logic Levels are $V_{DD}$ and $V_{SS}$ )	$V_{DD} = 5V$
A. Minimum Data Active Time Before Clock Pulse (Data Set-Up Time)	75 ns
B. Minimum Data Active Time After Clock Pulse (Data Hold Time)	75 ns
C. Minimum Data Pulse Width	150 ns
D. Minimum Clock Pulse Width	150 ns
E. Minimum Time Between Clock Activation and Strobe	300 ns
F. Minimum Strobe Pulse Width	100 ns
G. Typical Time Between Strobe Activation and Output Transition	500 ns

SERIAL DATA present at the input is transferred to the shift register on the logic "0" to logic "1" transition of the CLOCK input pulse. On succeeding CLOCK pulses, the registers shift data information towards the SERIAL DATA OUTPUT. The SERIAL DATA must appear at the input prior to the rising edge of the CLOCK input waveform.

Information present at any register is transferred to its respective latch when the STROBE is high (serial-to-parallel conversion). The latches will continue to accept new data as long as the STROBE is held high. Applications where the latches are bypassed (STROBE tied high) will require that the ENABLE input be high during serial data entry.

When the ENABLE input is high, all of the output buffers are disabled (OFF) without affecting information stored in the latches or shift register. With the ENABLE input low, the outputs are controlled by the state of the latches.

# MIC5840 Family Truth Table

Serial	Clock	Shif	ft Reg	jister	Conte	ents	Serial	Strobe		Latch	n Con	tents		Output	tout Output Contents				
Data Input	Input	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>		l <sub>8</sub>	Data Output	Input	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>		l <sub>8</sub>	Enable	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>	:	l <sub>8</sub>
Н		Н	R1	R2		R7	R7												
L		L	R1	R2		R7	R7												
Х		R1	R2	R3		R8	R8												
		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	L	R1	R2	R3		R8						
		P1	P2	P3		P8	P8	Н	P1	P2	P3		P8	L	P1	P2	P3		P8
									Х	Х	Х		Х	Н	Н	Η	Н		Η

L = Low Logic Level

H = High Logic Level

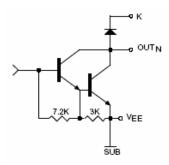
X = Irrelevant

P = Present State

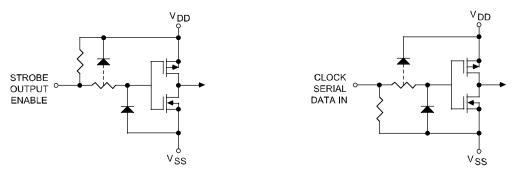
R = Previous State

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# **Typical Output Driver**



# **Typical Input Circuits**



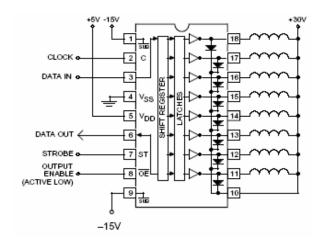
# Maximum Allowable Duty Cycle (Plastic DIP) $V_{DD} = 5.0V$

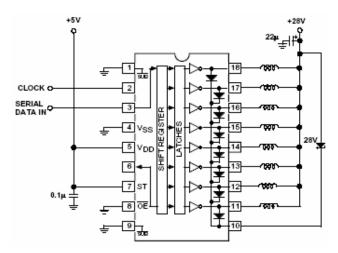
Number of Outputs ON (I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200mA		Max. Allowable D	Outy Cycle at Ambien	t Temperature of	
$V_{DD} = 5.0V$ )	25°C	40°C	50°C	60°C	70°C
8	85%	72%	64%	55%	46%
7	97%	82%	73%	63%	53%
6	100%	96%	85%	73%	62%
5	100%	100%	100%	88%	75%
4	100%	100%	100%	100%	93%
3	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

 $V_{DD} = 12V$ 

Number of Outputs ON (I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200mA		Max. Allowable	Duty Cycle at Ambier	nt Temperature of	
V <sub>DD</sub> = 12V)	25°C	40°C	50°C	60°C	70°C
8	80%	68%	60%	52%	44%
7	91%	77%	68%	59%	50%
6	100%	90%	79%	69%	58%
5	100%	100%	95%	82%	69%
4	100%	100%	100%	100%	86%
3	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

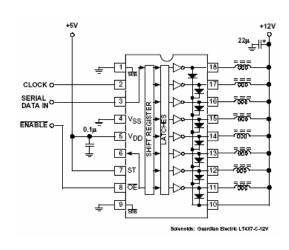
# **Typical Applications**



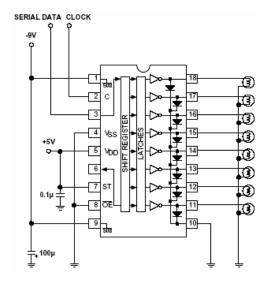


Relay/Solenoid Driver MIC5842

**MIC5841 Hammer Driver** 

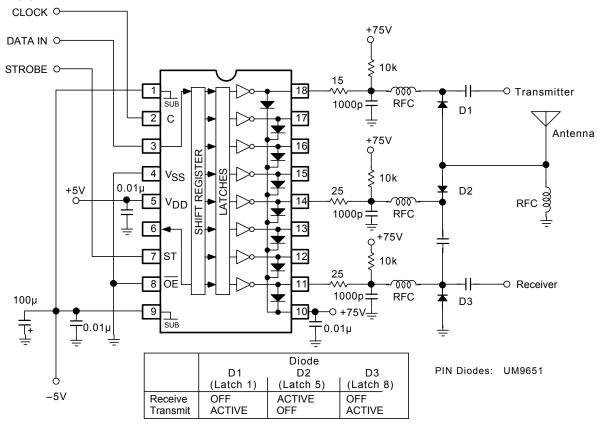


MIC5841 Solenoid Driver with Output Enable



MIC5841 Level Shifting Lamp Driver with **Darlington Emitters Tied to a Negative Supply** 

# **Typical Applications, Continued**



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