

SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIERS

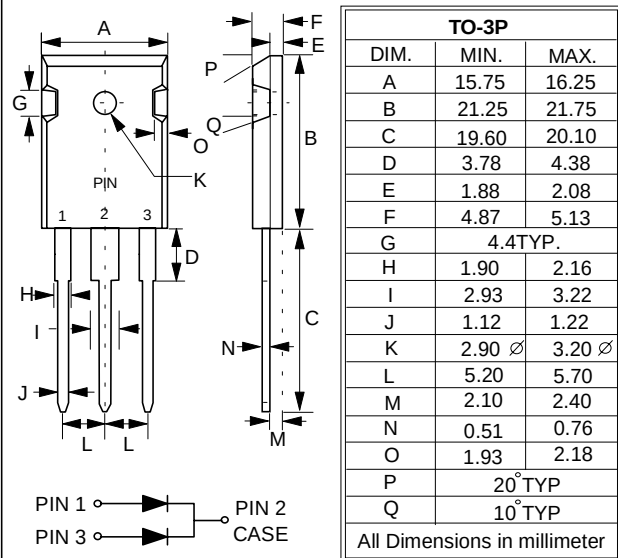
REVERSE VOLTAGE - 30 to 60 Volts
FORWARD CURRENT - 30 Amperes

FEATURES

- Metal of silicon rectifier, majority carrier conduction
- Guard ring for transient protection
- Low power loss, high efficiency
- High current capability, low VF
- High surge capacity
- Plastic package has UL flammability classification 94V-0
- For use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free-wheeling, and polarity protection applications

MECHANICAL DATA

- Case : TO-3P molded plastic
- Polarity : As marked on the body
- Weight : 0.2 ounces, 5.6 grams
- Mounting position : Any

TO-3P

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	SBL 3030PT	SBL 3035PT	SBL 3040PT	SBL 3045PT	SBL 3050PT	SBL 3060PT	UNIT
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	30	35	40	45	50	60	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	V _{RMS}	21	24.5	28	31.5	35	42	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	30	35	40	45	50	60	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current @TC=90°C	I(AV)	30						A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC METHOD)	I _{FSM}	275						A
Maximum forward Voltage at 15.0A DC	V _F	0.55				0.70		V
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage @T _J =25°C @T _J =100°C	I _R	1 75						mA
Typical Junction Capacitance per element (Note1)	C _J	700						pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	R _{θJC}	2.0						°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	T _J	-55 to +125						°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-55 to +150						°C

NOTES : 1. Measured at 1.0MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V DC.
2. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case.

REV. 2, 01-Dec-2000, KTHD05

FIG.1 - FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

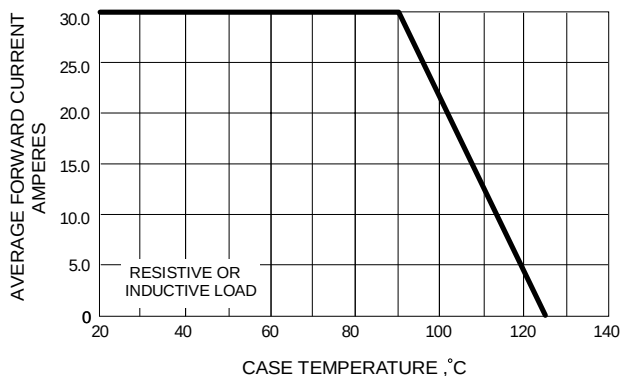


FIG.2 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

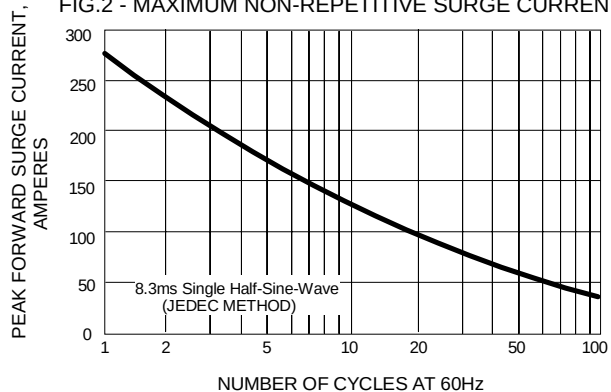


FIG.3 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

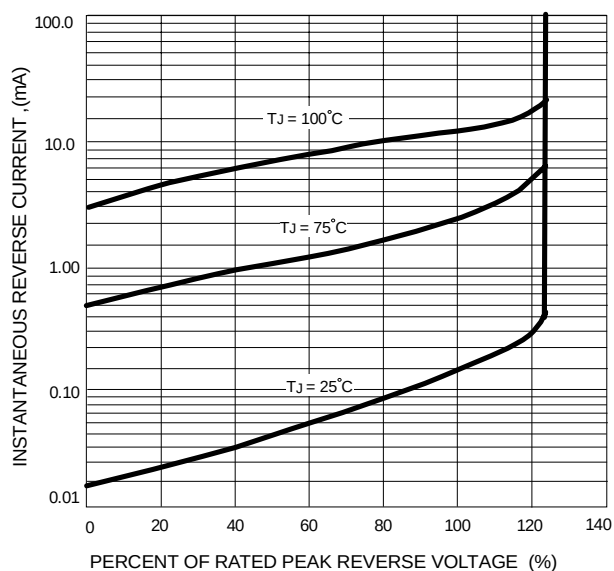


FIG.4 - TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

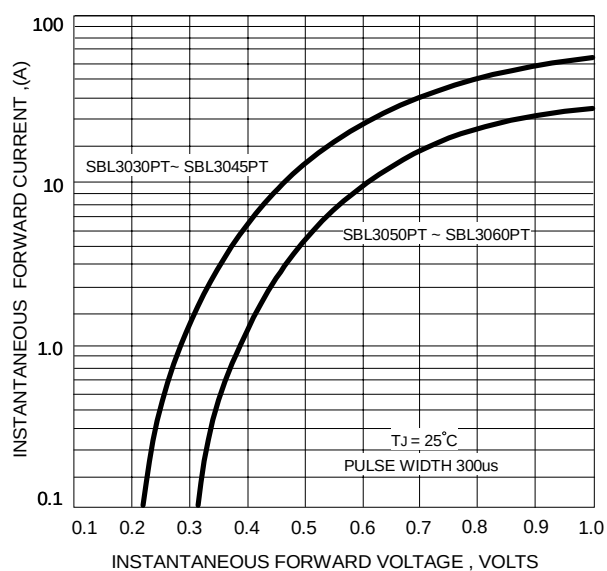


FIG.5 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

