

700 mA dual H-Bridge motor driver with 3.0 V compatible logic I/O

The 17531A is a monolithic dual H-Bridge power IC ideal for portable electronic applications containing bipolar step motors and/or brush DC motors (e.g., cameras and disk drive head positioners).

The 17531A operates from 2.0 to 8.6 V using the internal charge pump, with independent control of each H-Bridge, via a parallel MCU interface. The device features built-in shoot-through current protection and an undervoltage shutdown function.

The 17531A has four operating modes: Forward, Reverse, Brake, and Tri-state (high-impedance). The 17531A has a low total $R_{DS(on)}$ of 1.2 Ω (max at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$).

The 17531A efficiently drives many types of micromotors with low power dissipation owing to its low output resistance and high output slew rates. The H-Bridge outputs can be independently pulse width modulated (PWM'ed) at up to 200 kHz for speed/torque and current control.

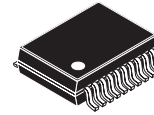
This device is powered by SMARTMOS technology.

Features

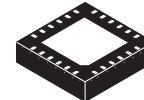
- Low total $R_{DS(on)}$ 0.8 Ω (Typ), 1.2 Ω (Max) at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Output current 0.7 A (DC)
- Shoot-through current protection circuit
- PWM control input frequency up to 200 kHz
- Built-in charge pump circuit
- Low power consumption
- Undervoltage detection and shutdown circuit
- Power save mode with current draw $\leq 2.0 \mu\text{A}$

17531A

DUAL H-BRIDGE

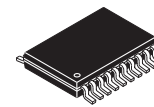


EV SUFFIX (PB-FREE)
98ASA10616D
20-PIN VMFP



EP SUFFIX (PB-FREE)
98ASA00474D
24-PIN QFN

Bottom View



EJ SUFFIX (PB-FREE)
98ASA00887D
20-PIN TSSOP
WITH EXPOSED PAD

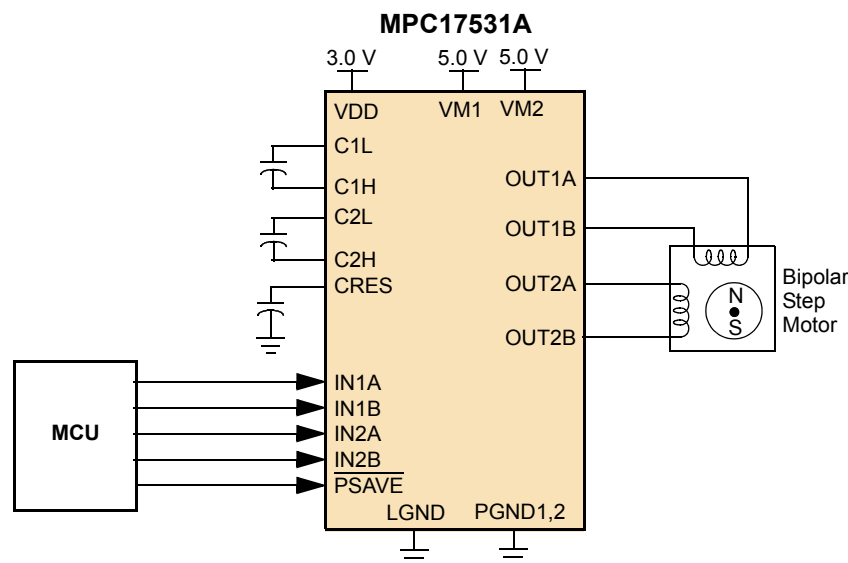


Figure 1. 17531A Simplified application diagram

Orderable parts

Table 1. Orderable part variations ⁽¹⁾

Part number	Temperature (T _A)	Package
MPC17531ATEP	-20 °C to 65 °C	24 QFN
MPC17531ATEV/EL ⁽²⁾		20 VMFP
MPC17531ATEJ		20 TSSOP (exposed pad)

Notes

- 1. To order parts in Tape & Reel, add the R2 suffix to the part number.
- 2. Not recommended for new designs.

Internal block diagram

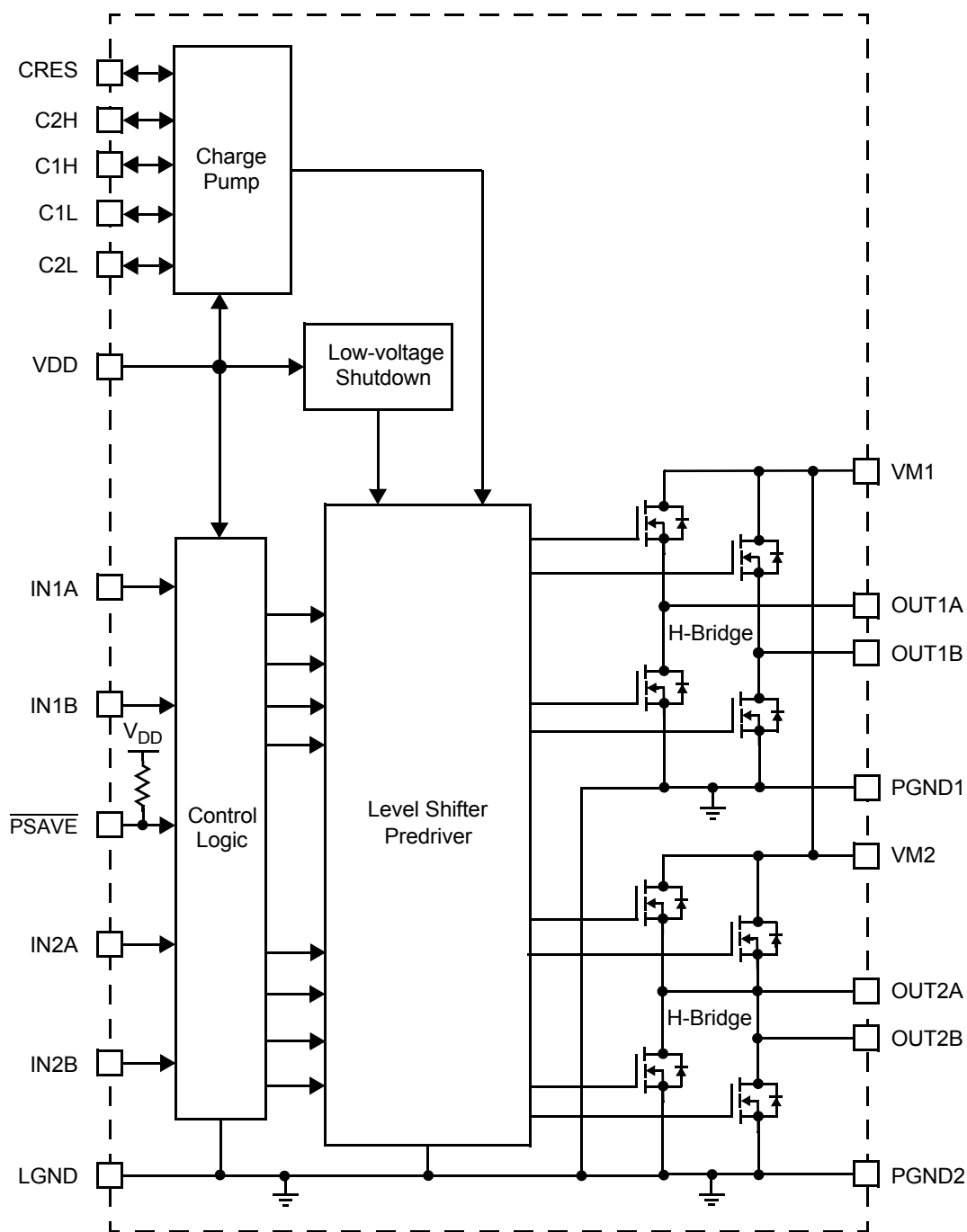


Figure 2. 17531A Simplified internal block diagram

Pin connections

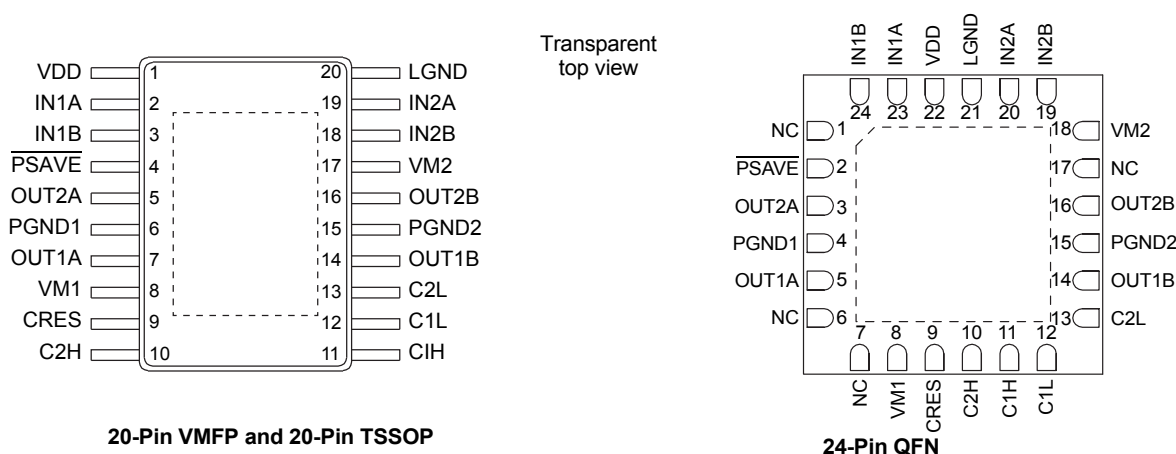


Figure 3. Pin connections

A functional description of each pin can be found in the Functional Pin Description section beginning on [page 9](#).

Table 2. 17531A, pin definitions

Pin number 20-Pin VMFP, 20-Pin TSSOP	Pin number 24-Pin QFN	Pin name	Formal name	Definition
1	22	VDD	Logic Supply	Control circuit power supply pin.
2	23	IN1A	Logic Input Control 1A	Logic input control of OUT1A (refer to Table 6, Truth table , page 8).
3	24	IN1B	Logic Input Control 1B	Logic input control of OUT1B (refer to Table 6, Truth table , page 8).
4	2	PSAVE	Power Save	Logic input controlling power save mode.
5	3	OUT2A	H-Bridge Output 2A	Output A of H-Bridge channel 2.
6	4	PGND1	Power Ground 1	High-current power ground 1.
7	5	OUT1A	H-Bridge Output 1A	Output A of H-Bridge channel 1.
8	8	VM1	Motor Drive Power Supply 1	Positive power source connection for H-Bridge 1 (Motor Drive Power Supply).
9	9	CRES	Predriver Power Supply	Internal triple charge pump output as predriver power supply.
10	10	C2H	Charge Pump 2H	Charge pump bucket capacitor 2 (positive pole).
11	11	C1H	Charge Pump 1H	Charge pump bucket capacitor 1 (positive pole).
12	12	C1L	Charge Pump 1L	Charge pump bucket capacitor 1 (negative pole).
13	13	C2L	Charge Pump 2L	Charge pump bucket capacitor 2 (negative pole).
14	14	OUT1B	H-Bridge Output 1B	Output B of H-Bridge channel 1.
15	15	PGND2	Power Ground 2	High-current power ground 2.
16	16	OUT2B	H-Bridge Output 2B	Output B of H-Bridge channel 2.
17	17	VM2	Motor Drive Power Supply 2	Positive power source connection for H-Bridge 2 (Motor Drive Power Supply).
18	19	IN2B	Logic Input Control 2B	Logic input control of OUT2B (refer to Table 6, Truth table , page 8).
19	20	IN2A	Logic Input Control 2A	Logic input control of OUT2A (refer to Table 6, Truth table , page 8).
20	21	LGND	Logic Ground	Low-current logic signal ground.
N/A	1, 6, 7, 17	NC	—	No Connect
-	N/A	-	-	Exposed pad on 20-Pin TSSOP

Electrical characteristics

Maximum ratings

Table 3. Maximum ratings

All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise noted. Exceeding these ratings may cause a malfunction or permanent damage to the device.

Symbol	Ratings	Value	Unit	Notes
V_M	Motor Supply Voltage	-0.5 to 11.0	V	
V_{CRES}	Charge Pump Output Voltage	-0.5 to 14.0	V	
V_{DD}	Logic Supply Voltage	-0.5 to 5.0	V	
V_{IN}	Signal Input Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{DD} + 0.5$	V	
I_O I_{OPK}	Driver Output Current • Continuous • Peak	0.7 1.4	A	(3)
V_{ESD1} V_{ESD2}	ESD Voltage • Human Body Model • Machine Model	± 1200 ± 150	V	(4)
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature	-20 to 150	°C	
T_A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-20 to 65	°C	
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance	50	°C/W	(5)
P_D	Power Dissipation • WMFP • QFN	1.0 2.5	W	(6)
T_{SOLDER}	Pin Soldering Temperature	260	°C	(7)
T_{PPRT}	Peak Package Reflow Temperature During Reflow	Note 8	°C	(7), (8)

Notes

- $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 10 ms pulse width at 200 ms intervals.
- ESD1 testing is performed in accordance with the Human Body Model ($C_{ZAP} = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_{ZAP} = 1500\ \Omega$), ESD2 testing is performed in accordance with the Machine Model ($C_{ZAP} = 200\text{ pF}$, $R_{ZAP} = 0\ \Omega$).
- QFN24: 45 x 30 x 1 [mm] glass EPOXY board mount. (See: recommended heat pattern) VMFP16: 37 x 50 x 1.6 [mm] glass EPOXY board mount. When the exposed pad is bonded, R_{sj} is not performed.
- Maximum at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. When the exposed pad is bonded, R_{sj} is not performed.
- Pin soldering temperature limit is for 10 seconds maximum duration. Not designed for immersion soldering. Exceeding these limits may cause malfunction or permanent damage to the device.
- NXP's Package Reflow capability meets Pb-free requirements for JEDEC standard J-STD-020C. For Peak Package Reflow Temperature and Moisture Sensitivity Levels (MSL), Go to www.NXP.com, search by part number [e.g. remove prefixes/suffixes and enter the core ID to view all orderable parts. (i.e. MC33xxx enter 33xxx), and review parametrics.

Static electrical characteristics

Table 4. Static electrical characteristics

Characteristics noted under conditions $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $V_M = 5.0\text{ V}$, $\text{GND} = 0\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values noted reflect the approximate parameter means at $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ under nominal conditions, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power input						
V_{M-CP}	Motor Supply Voltage (Using Internal Charge Pump)	2.0	5.0	8.6	V	(9)
V_{M-NCP}	Motor Supply Voltage (V_{CRES} Applied Externally)	–	–	10	V	(10)
$V_{CRES-VM}$	Gate Drive Voltage - Motor Supply Voltage (V_{CRES} Applied Externally)	5.0	6.0	–	V	(11)
V_{DD}	Logic Supply Voltage	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	
I_{QM} $I_{QM-PSAVE}$	Driver Quiescent Supply Current • No Signal Input • Power Save Mode	– –	– –	100 1.0	μA	
I_{QVDD} $I_{QVDD-PSAVE}$	Logic Quiescent Supply Current • No Signal Input • Power Save Mode	– –	– –	1.0 1.0	mA μA	(12)
I_{VDD} I_{CRES}	Operating Power Supply Current • Logic Supply Current • Charge Pump Circuit Supply Current	– –	– –	3.0 0.7	mA	(13) (14)
V_{DDEDET}	Low V_{DD} Detection Voltage	1.0	1.6	2.5	V	(15)
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Driver Output ON Resistance	–	0.8	1.2	Ω	(16)

Gate drive

V_{CRES}	Gate Drive Voltage • No Current Load	12	13	13.5	V	(14)
$V_{CRESLOAD}$	Gate Drive Ability (Internally Supplied) • $I_{CRES} = -1.0\text{ mA}$	8.5	9.2	–	V	
C_{CP}	Recommended External Capacitance ($C1L-C1H$, $C2L-C2H$, $C_{RES}-GND$)	0.01	0.1	1.0	μF	

Control logic

V_{IN}	Logic Input Voltage	0	–	V_{DD}	V	
V_{IH} V_{IL} I_{IH} I_{IL} $I_{IL-PSAVE}$	Logic Inputs ($2.7\text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.3\text{ V}$) • High Level Input Voltage • Low Level Input Voltage • High Level Input Current • Low Level Input Current • PSAVE Pin Input Current Low	$V_{DD} \times 0.7$ – – –1.0 –	– – – – 50	– $V_{DD} \times 0.3$ 1.0 – 100	V V μA μA μA	

Notes

9. Gate drive voltage V_{CRES} is generated internally. $2 \times V_{DD} + V_M$ must be $< V_{CRES\text{ MAX}}$ (13.5 V).
10. No internal charge pump used. V_{CRES} is applied from an external source.
11. $R_{DS(ON)}$ is not guaranteed if $V_{CRES-VM} < 5.0\text{ V}$. Also, function is not guaranteed if $V_{CRES-VM} < 3.0\text{ V}$.
12. I_{QVDD} includes the current to pre-driver circuit.
13. I_{VDD} includes the current to predriver circuit at $f_{IN} = 100\text{ kHz}$.
14. At $f_{IN} = 20\text{ kHz}$.
15. Detection voltage is defined as when the output becomes high-impedance after V_{DD} drops below the detection threshold. V_{CRES} is applied from an external source. $2 \times V_{DD} + V_M$ must be $< V_{CRES\text{ MAX}}$ (13.5 V).
16. $I_O = 0.7\text{ A}$ source + sink.

Dynamic electrical characteristics

Table 5. Dynamic electrical characteristics

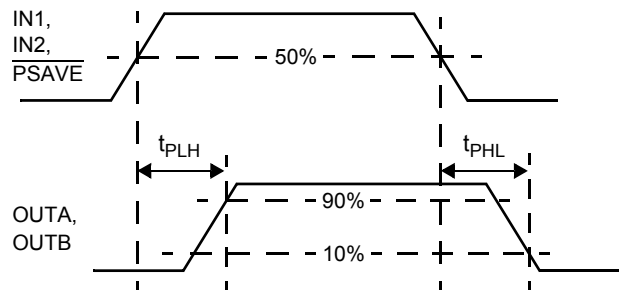
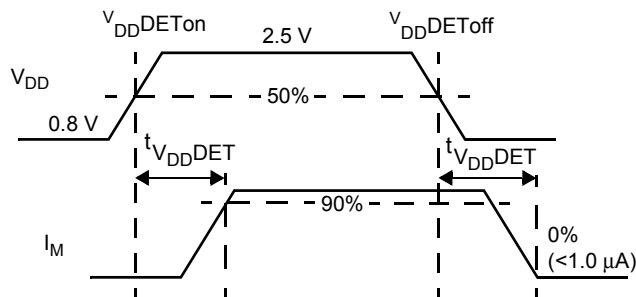
Characteristics noted under conditions $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $V_M = 5.0\text{ V}$, $\text{GND} = 0\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values noted reflect the approximate parameter means at $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ under nominal conditions, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Input						
f_{IN}	Pulse Input Frequency	–	–	200	kHz	
t_R	Input Pulse Rise Time	–	–	1.0 ⁽¹⁸⁾	μs	⁽¹⁷⁾
t_F	Input Pulse Fall Time	–	–	1.0 ⁽¹⁸⁾	μs	⁽¹⁹⁾
Output						
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time • Turn-ON Time • Turn-OFF Time	– –	0.1 0.1	0.5 0.5	μs	⁽²⁰⁾
t_{VGON}	Charge Pump Wake-up Time	–	1.0	3.0	ms	⁽²¹⁾
t_{VDDDET}	Low Voltage Detection Time	–	–	10	ms	

Notes

17. Time is defined between 10% and 90%.
18. That is, the input waveform slope must be steeper than this.
19. Time is defined between 90% and 10%.
20. Output load is $8.0\text{ }\Omega$ DC.
21. $C_{CP} = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$.

Timing diagrams

**Figure 4. t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} , and t_{PZH} timing****Figure 5. Low voltage detection timing**

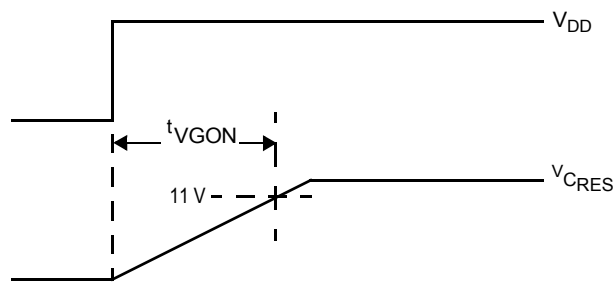


Figure 6. Charge pump timing

Table 6. Truth table

INPUT			OUTPUT		Charge pump and low voltage detector
$\overline{\text{PSAVE}}$	IN1A IN2A	IN1B IN2B	OUT1A OUT2A	OUT1B OUT2B	
L	L	L	L	L	RUN
L	H	L	H	L	RUN
L	L	H	L	H	RUN
L	H	H	Z	Z	RUN
H	X	X	Z	Z	STOP

H = High.
L = Low.
Z = High-impedance.
X = Don't care.
PSAVE pin is pulled up to V_{DD} with internal resistance.

Functional description

Introduction

The 17531A is a monolithic dual H-Bridge ideal for portable electronic applications to control bipolar step motors and brush DC motors, such as those found in camera lens assemblies, camera shutters, and optical disk drives. The device features an on-board charge pump, as well as built-in shoot-through current protection and under-voltage shutdown.

The 17531A has four operating modes: Forward, Reverse, Brake, and Tri-state (high-impedance). The MOSFETs comprising the output bridge have a total source + sink $R_{DS(ON)} \leq 1.2 \Omega$. The 17531A can simultaneously drive two brush DC motors or one bipolar step motor. The drivers are designed to be PWMed at frequencies up to 200 kHz.

Functional pin description

Logic supply (VDD)

The VDD pin carries the logic supply voltage and current into the logic sections of the IC. VDD has an undervoltage threshold. If the supply voltage drops below the undervoltage threshold, the output power stage switches to a tri-state condition. When the supply voltage returns to a level that is above the threshold, the power stage automatically resumes normal operation according to the established condition of the input pins.

Logic input control (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, and IN2B)

These logic input pins control each H-Bridge output. IN1A logic HIGH = OUT1A HIGH. However, if all inputs are taken HIGH, the outputs bridges are both tri-stated (refer to [Table 6, Truth table](#), page 8).

Power save ($\overline{\text{PSAVE}}$)

The $\overline{\text{PSAVE}}$ pin is a HIGH = TRUE power save mode input. When $\overline{\text{PSAVE}} = \text{HIGH}$, all H-Bridge outputs (OUT1A, OUT1B, OUT2A, and OUT2B) are tri-stated (High-Z), regardless of logic inputs (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, and IN2B) states, and the internal charge pump and low voltage detection current are shut off to save power.

H-Bridge output (OUT1A, OUT1B, OUT2A, and OUT2B)

These pins provide connection to the outputs of each of the internal H-Bridges (see [Figure 2, 17531A Simplified internal block diagram](#), page 3).

Motor drive power supply (VM1 and VM2)

The VM pins carry the main supply voltage and current into the power sections of the IC. This supply then becomes controlled and/or modulated by the IC as it delivers the power to the loads attached between the OUTput pins. All VM pins must be connected together on the printed circuit board.

Charge pump (C1L and C1H, C2L and C2H)

These two pairs of pins, the C1L and C1H, and the C2L and C2H, connect to the external bucket capacitors required by the internal charge pump. The typical value for the bucket capacitors is 0.1 μF .

Predriver power supply (CRES)

The CRES pin is the output of the internal charge pump. Its output voltage is approximately three times of V_{DD} voltage. The V_{CRES} voltage is power supply for the internal predriver circuit of H-Bridges.

Power ground (PGND)

Power ground pins. They must be tied together on the PCB.

Logic ground (LGND)

Logic ground pin.

Typical applications

Figure 7 shows a typical application for the 17531A. When applying the gate voltage to the CRES pin from an external source, be sure to connect it via a resistor equal to or greater than $R_G = V_{CRES}/0.02 \Omega$.

The internal charge pump of this device is generated from the V_{DD} supply; therefore, care must be taken to provide sufficient gate-source voltage for the high side MOSFETs when $V_M \gg V_{DD}$ (e.g., $V_M = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$), in order to ensure full enhancement of the high side MOSFET channels.

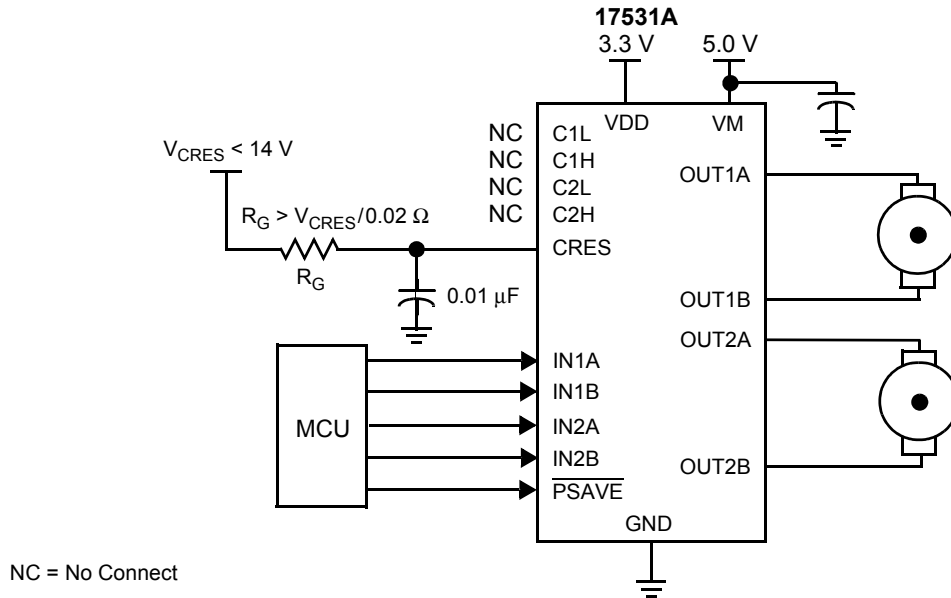


Figure 7. 17531A typical application diagram

CEMF snubbing techniques

Care must be taken to protect the IC from potentially damaging CEMF spikes induced when commutating currents in inductive loads. Typical practice is to provide snubbing of voltage transients via placing a capacitor or zener at the supply pin (VM) (see Figure 8).

PCB layout

When designing the printed circuit board (PCB), connect sufficient capacitance between power supply and ground pins to ensure proper filtering from transients. For all high current paths, use wide copper traces and the shortest possible distances.

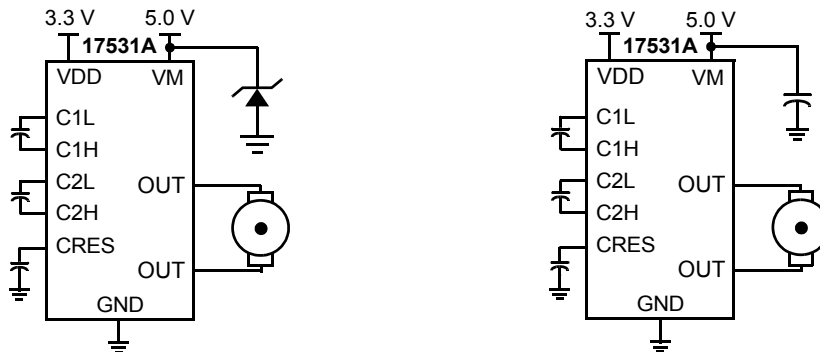
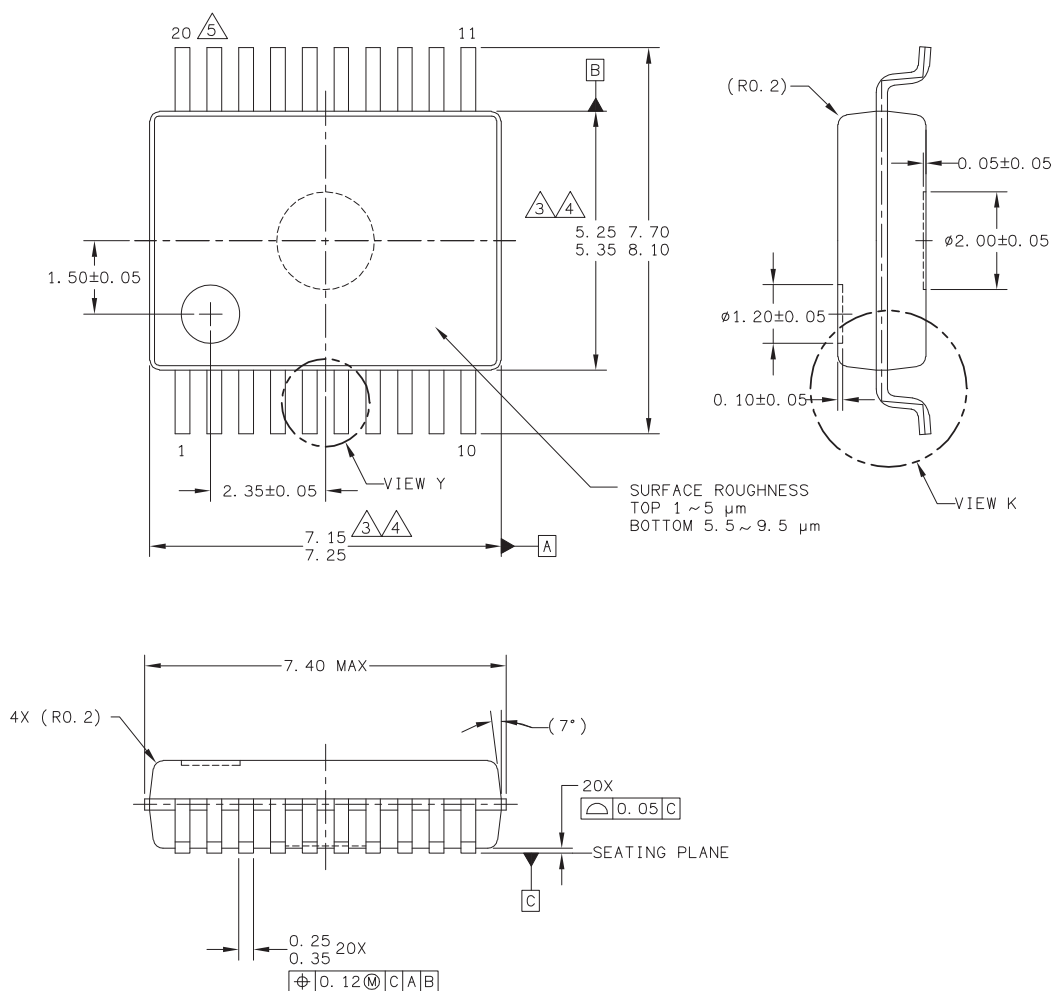


Figure 8. CEMF snubbing techniques

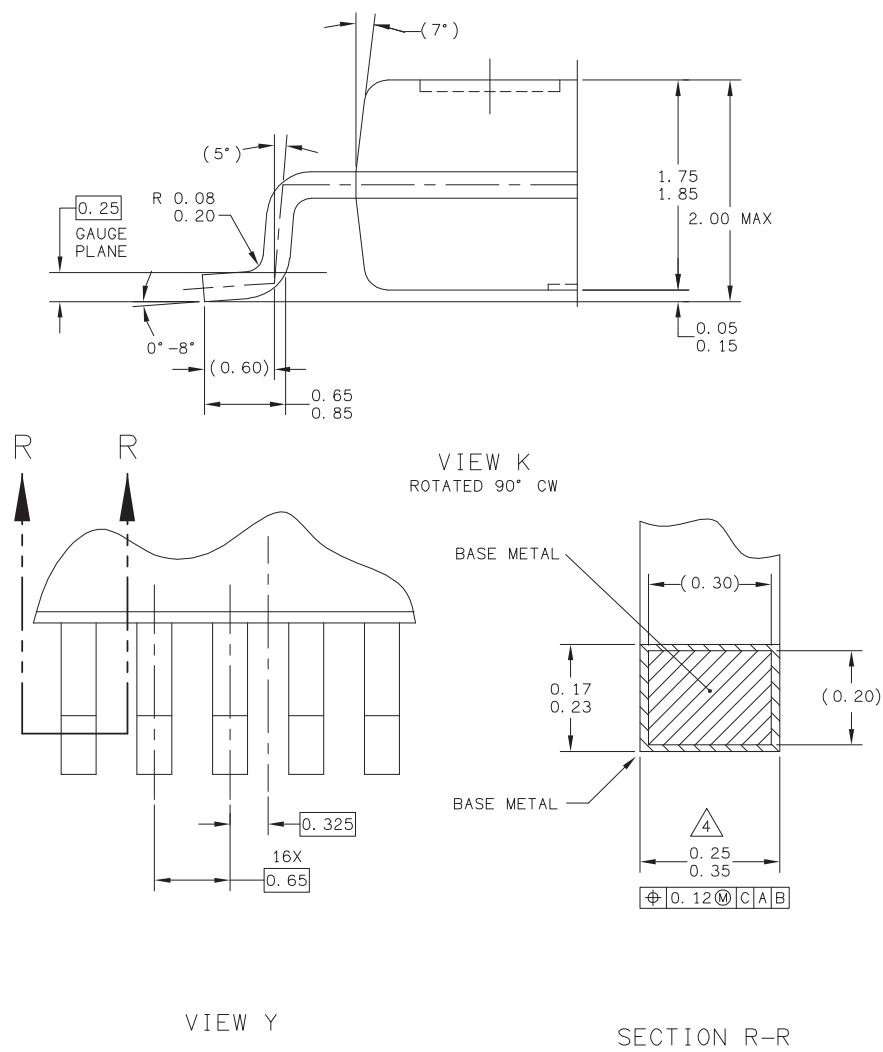
Packaging

Package dimensions

For the most current package revision, visit www.NXP.com and perform a keyword search using the “98A” drawing number listed.



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NOTES:

1 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M – 1994.

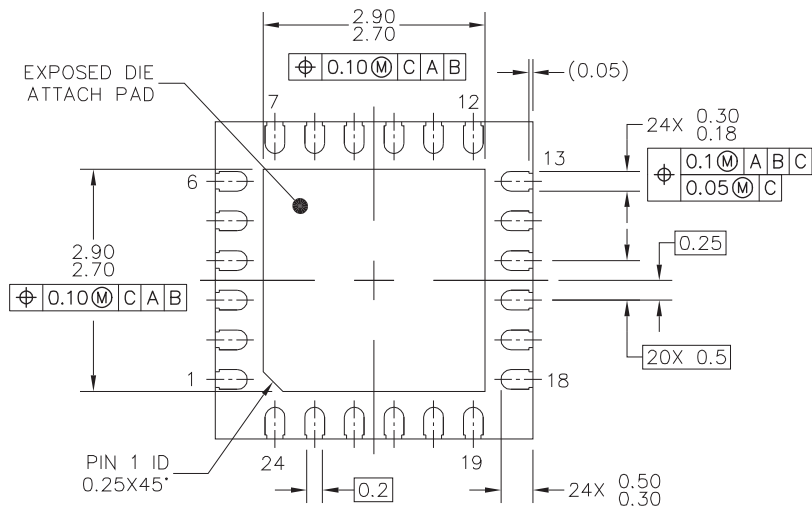
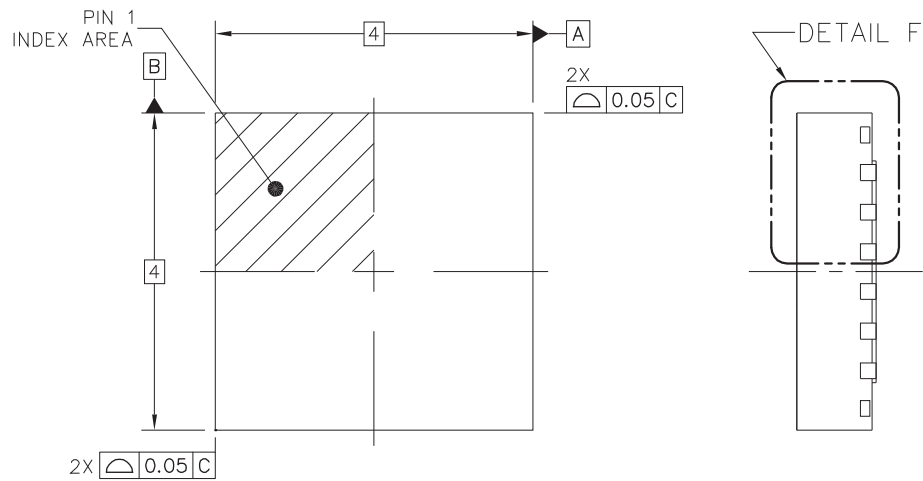
2 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

3 DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.
MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 ANY SIDE.
DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE.

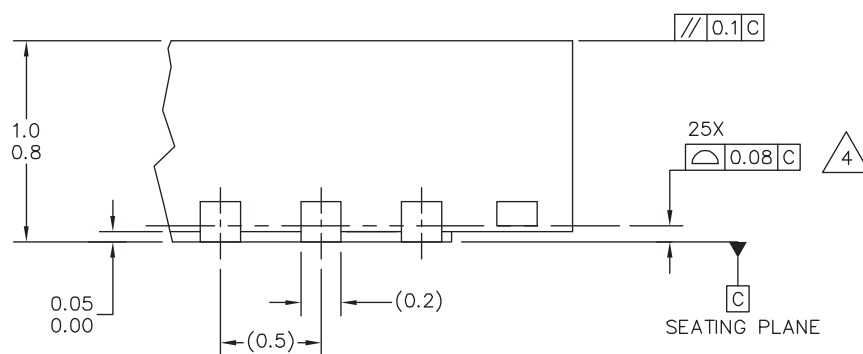
4 DIMENSIONS ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY
EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH, TIE BAR BURRS, GATE BURRS, AND INTERLEAD FLASH,
BUT INCLUDING ANY MISMATCH BETWEEN THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE PLASTIC BODY.

5 TERMINAL NUMBER ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

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		SOT616-8		12 JAN 2016




DETAIL F
VIEW ROTATED 90°CW

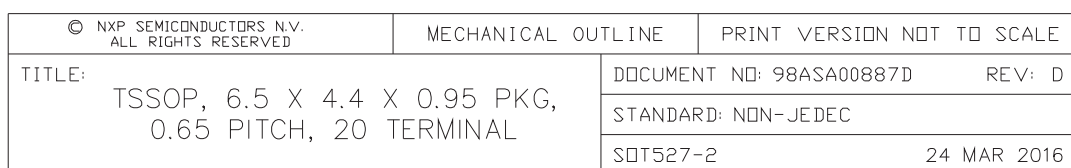
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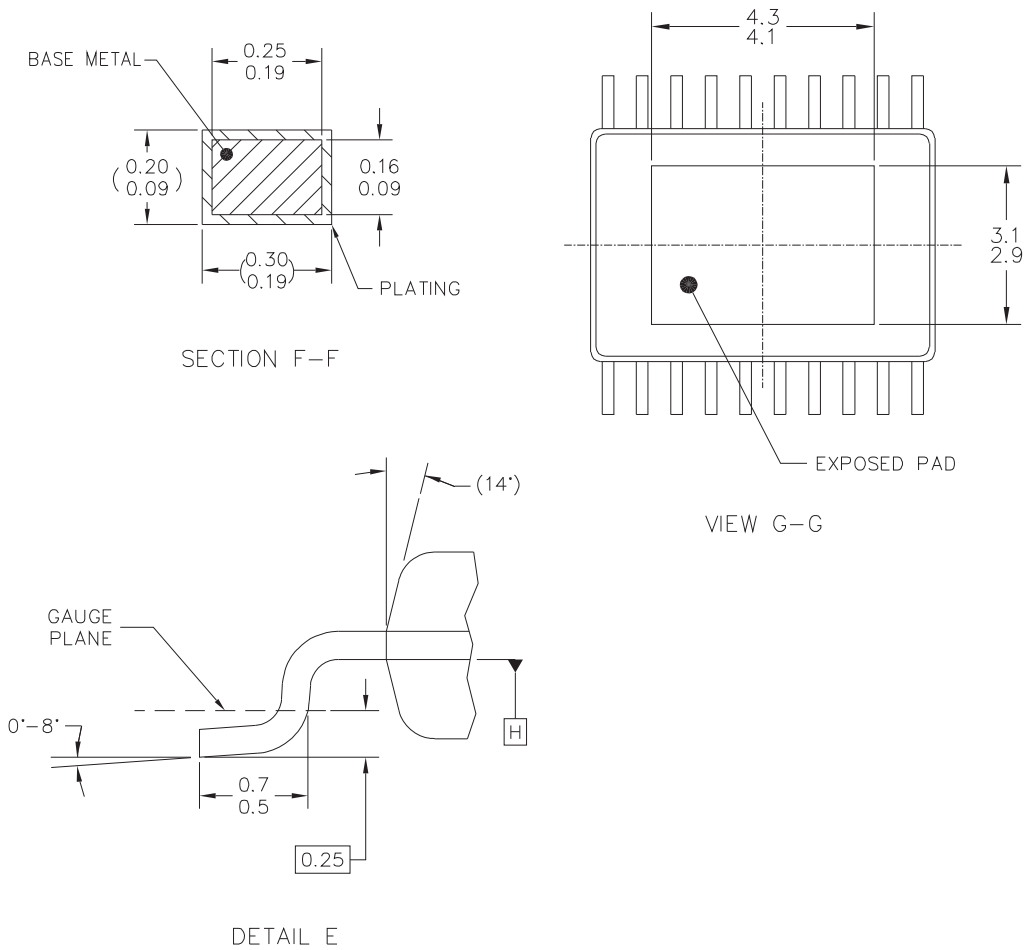


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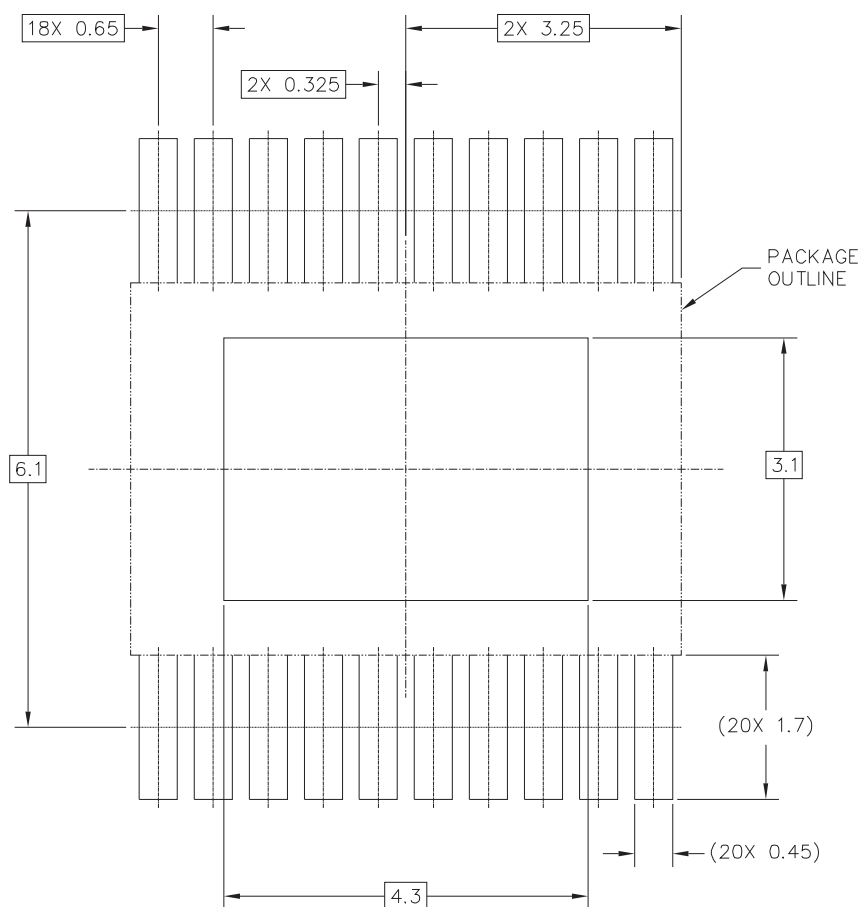
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3. THIS IS A NON-JEDEC REGISTERED PACKAGE.
4.  COPLANARITY APPLIES TO LEADS AND DIE ATTACH FLAG.
5. MIN. METAL GAP SHOULD BE 0.2 MM.

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		STANDARD: NON-JEDEC	
		SOT527-2	24 MAR 2016



LAND PATTERN

THIS SHEET SERVES ONLY AS A GUIDELINE TO HELP DEVELOP A USER SPECIFIC SOLUTION. DEVELOPMENT EFFORT WILL STILL BE REQUIRED BY END USERS TO OPTIMIZE PCB MOUNTING PROCESSES AND BOARD DESIGN IN ORDER TO MEET INDIVIDUAL / SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.

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	STANDARD: NON-JEDEC	
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NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.

2. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION IS 0.15 PER SIDE.

4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR MOLD PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 PER SIDE.

5. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED THE MAXIMUM DIMENSION BY MORE THAN 0.08 MM. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD OR PROTRUSION 0.07 MM.

6. DATUMS A AND B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.

7. DIMENSIONS TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE C.

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TITLE: TSSOP, 6.5 X 4.4 X 0.95 PKG, 0.65 PITCH, 20 TERMINAL	DOCUMENT NO: 98ASA00887D REV: D	
	STANDARD: NON-JEDEC	
	SOT527-2	24 MAR 2016

Revision history

Revision	Date	Description of changes
2.0	9/2005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implemented Revision History page Converted to Freescale format
3.0	2/2008	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected Table 2, Pin Definitions on page 4
4.0	5/2009	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected Note 7, in Static Electrical Characteristics table
5.0	10/2013	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated package drawings Corrected ordering information table to MPC17531ATEP and MPC17531ATEV/EL Added new back page and document properties
6.0	10/2013	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected packaging information on page 1
7.0	11/2014	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changed the QFN 98A to 98ASA00474D per PCN 16331 Corrected errors in ordering information
8.0	3/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected unit typo for Logic Quiescent Supply Current
9.0	7/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added 98ASA00887D package information and updated tables where applicable Added MPC17531ATEJ to the ordering information Updated as per PCN # 16724
	8/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected the 98A package information for 20-pin TSSOP
10.0	10/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added EP notation for TSSOP package. Fixed notations for TSSOP in Orderable parts and Pin connections. Updated Packaging 98A drawing for TSSOP
	7/2016	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated to NXP document form and style

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