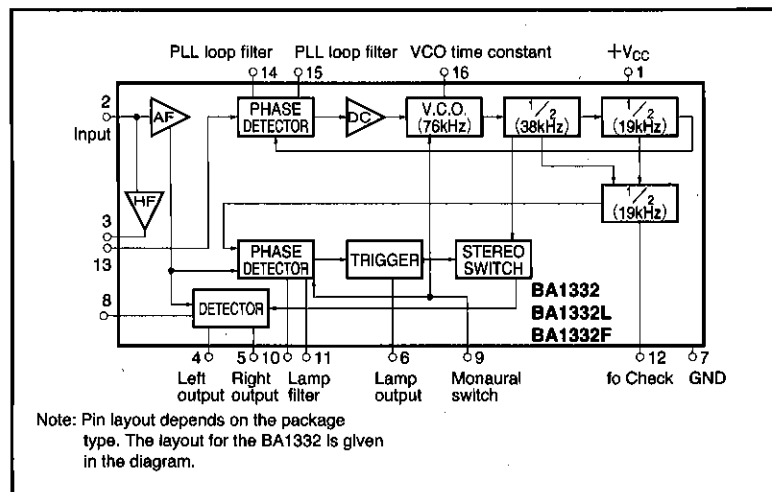


## ● Features

- Block diagram



● Absolute maximum ratings ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	14.0	V
Power dissipation	BA1332	1100*1	mW
	BA1332L	400*2	
	BA1332F	300*3	
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	$-20 \sim 70$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	$-55 \sim 125$	$^\circ\text{C}$

\*1 Reduced by 11mW for each increase in  $T_a$  of  $1^\circ\text{C}$  over  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .\*2 Reduced by 4mW for each increase in  $T_a$  of  $1^\circ\text{C}$  over  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .\*3 Reduced by 3mW for each increase in  $T_a$  of  $1^\circ\text{C}$  over  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .● Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise specified  $f = 1\text{kHz}$ ,  $200\text{mV}$ ,  $L + R = 90\%$ ,  $\text{PILOT } 10\%$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Quiescent current	$I_Q$	—	9.0	15	mA	—	Fig.1
Distortion	THD	—	0.1	0.7	%	Main signal	Fig.1
Channel separation	Sep	35	50	—	dB	Depends on volume	Fig.1
Maximum input level	$V_{IN \text{ Max.}}$	350	—	—	mV	$\text{THD} \geq 2\%$	Fig.1
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	100	145	190	mVrms	Monaural signal, $R_L = 3.3\text{k}\Omega$	Fig.1
LED on level	$V_p$	4.0	6.5	9.5	mVrms	—	Fig.1
LED hysteresis	Hys	—	2	—	dB	—	Fig.1

## ● Measurement circuit

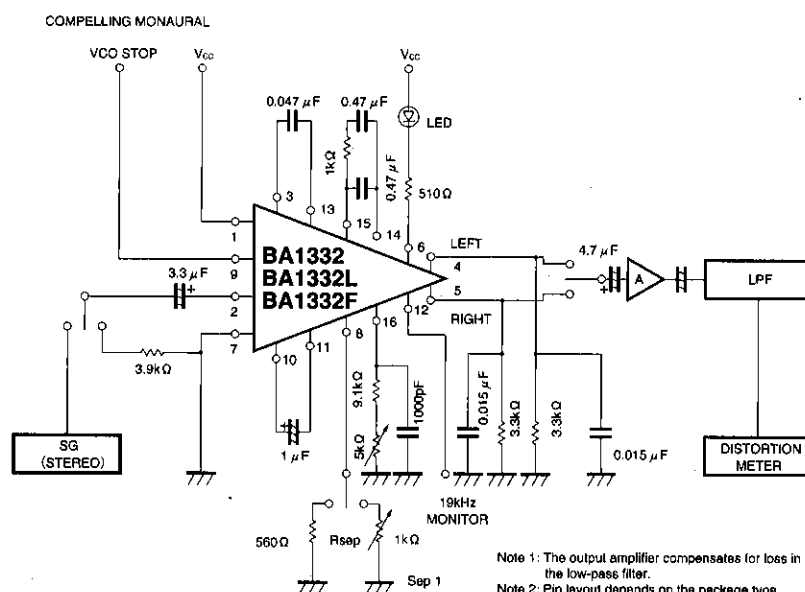


Fig. 1

## ●Electrical characteristics curves

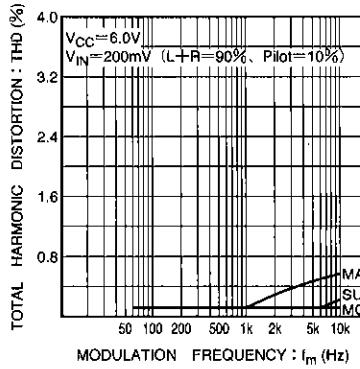


Fig. 2 Total harmonic distortion vs. modulation frequency

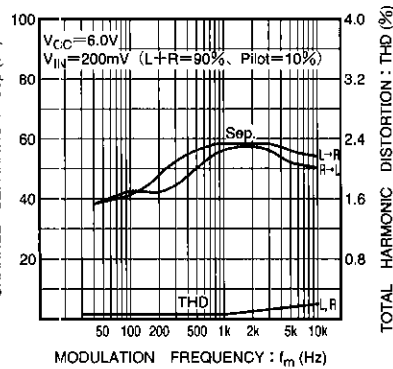


Fig. 3 Total harmonic distortion and channel separation vs. modulation frequency

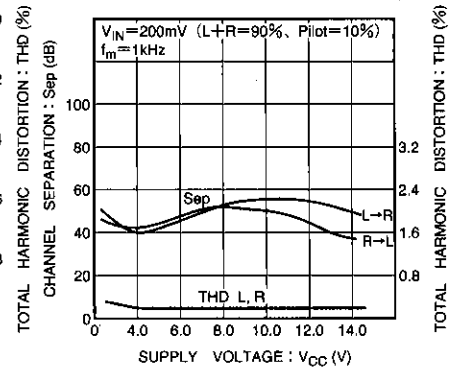


Fig. 4 Total harmonic distortion and channel separation vs. supply voltage

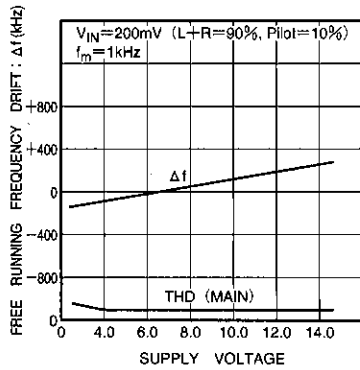


Fig. 5 Total harmonic distortion and free-running drift vs. supply voltage - Test circuit

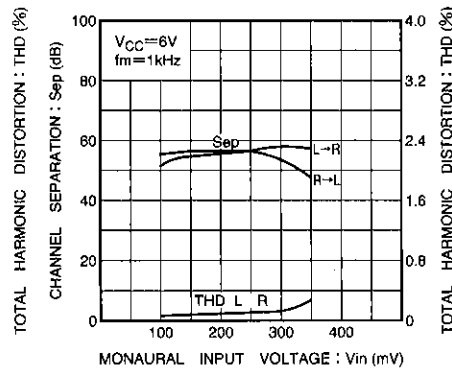


Fig. 6 Total harmonic distortion and channel separation vs. monaural input voltage

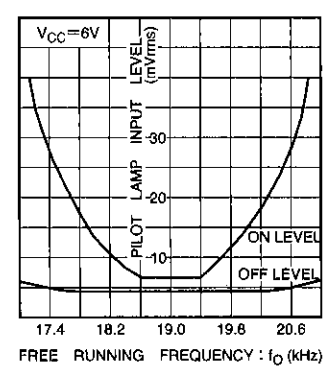


Fig. 7 Lamp on and off levels vs. free-running frequency

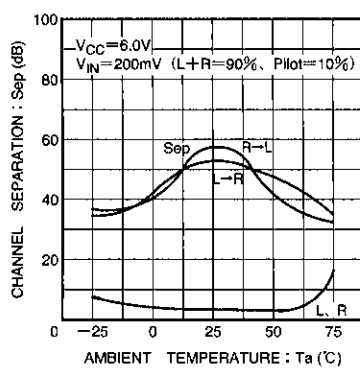


Fig. 8 Total harmonic distortion and channel separation vs. ambient temperature

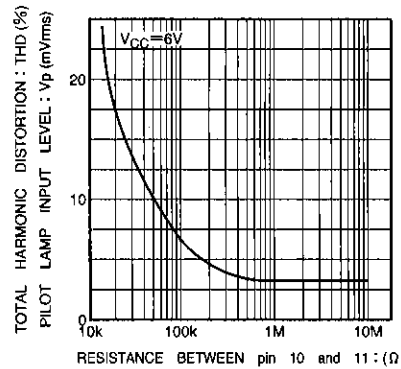


Fig. 9 Resistance between pins 10 and 11 vs. lamp on level

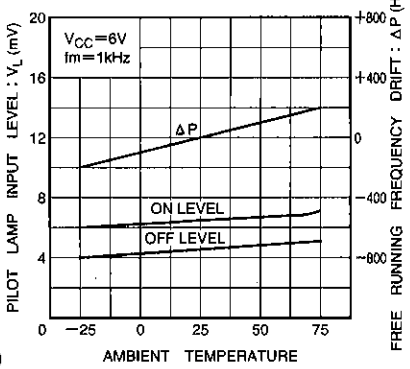


Fig. 10 Free running frequency drift and lamp on and off levels vs. ambient temperature

### ●Application notes

#### (1) Lamp on level

##### 1) Lamp on level

The BA1332 automatically switches from monaural to stereo operation when the pilot signal level (19kHz) of the stereo input signal becomes large, and the stereo indication lamp lights. The input pilot signal level at the point at which the switch to stereo operation occurs is called the lamp on level.

For the BA1332, the lamp on level is 6.5mV (typ.).

Normally, the pilot signal is 10% of the stereo signal, so the total stereo signal is 65mV ( $L + R = 90\%$ , pilot = 10%).

#### (2) VCO

##### 1) VCO temperature characteristics

The VCO temperature characteristics must be taken into consideration when selecting the timing resistor and capacitor for pin 16.

The temperature characteristic of the BA1332 is approximately  $-420\text{ppm}$ . To compensate for the temperature characteristic, use components for the timing resistor and capacitor that have negative temperature characteristics. Using a carbon resistor and styrene capacitor is an easy way to provide compensation (see Fig. 10).

##### 2) VCO adjustment

Adjust the free-running frequency of the VCO by connecting a frequency counter to the monitor output (pin 12). Note the following points when making the adjustment :

##### a) VCO stabilization time

A certain amount of time is required for the VCO to stabilize after power is applied. Allow the VCO to stabilize before adjusting it after applying power.

b) When adjusting the noise when not tuned, and the total circuit of the FM receiver for a tuned input signal, the free-running frequency of the VCO may be effected by the state of the antenna. When not tuned, the IC input noise is added, the VCO may oscillate depending on the state and amplitude of the noise, and the frequency counter display will fluctuate. The VCO is also influenced by the entry of monaural signals when tuning, in particular, when the input signal is large. This causes a low frequency to be displayed on the counter and will result in incorrect adjustment.

The stable state for VCO adjustment is during FM reception (tuned), with no audio signal (unmodulated).

Adjust the VCO using the potentiometer on pin 16 in this state.

With regard to the VCO stabilization time, refer to the following :

Immediately after power up

Larger than 19kHz

After adjusting other components

Exactly 19kHz

#### (3) Separation

##### 1) Separation control function

Adjust the separation control using the potentiometer on pin 8.

Maximum separation occurs when the ratio  $(L + R) : (L - R)$  is 1 : 1. This can be achieved by adjusting either  $(L + R)$  or  $(L - R)$ . For example, when the  $(L - R)$  level has dropped, you can improve the separation by reducing  $(L + R)$  by that amount. As a general rule, only vary  $(L + R)$ .

##### 2) Adjusting the separation control resistor

A  $1\text{k}\Omega$  variable resistor is used as the separation control resistor for the standard external circuit. When a signal from the stereo signal generator is input, separation will be at a maximum when the separation control resistor ( $R_{\text{sep}}$ ) is set at  $620\Omega$  (typ.).

#### (4) Oscillation prevention and forced-monaural operation using pin 9

##### 1) Function of pin 9

Driving the voltage on pin 9 of the BA1332 below 1.5V (typ.) stops oscillation and forces monaural operation. Monaural output is when the output is monaural regardless of the input pilot signal.

##### 2) Pin 9 control using the IF level

Pin 9 can be used to force monaural operation for weak input signals. This is done by converting the varying IF-stage level to a DC voltage and applying it to pin 9. This prevents degradation of the S/N ratio for maintaining stereo when the input signal is weak.

Stereo multiplexers

High-frequency signal processors

## 3) Switch control of pin 9

By holding pin 9 at above 1.5V, it is possible to stop oscillation. This can be used to prevent AM beat interference during AM reception. Pin 9 can be used for receivers that have a forced monaural switch.

## 4) Points to note when using pin 9

a) If pin 9 is to be connected to  $V_{CC}$ , ensure that the voltage on it is in the range 1.5V to  $V_{CC}$ .

b) When making use of the IF level, note that there is no hysteresis, and this may result in instability.

## (5) Output ripple rejection ratio characteristics

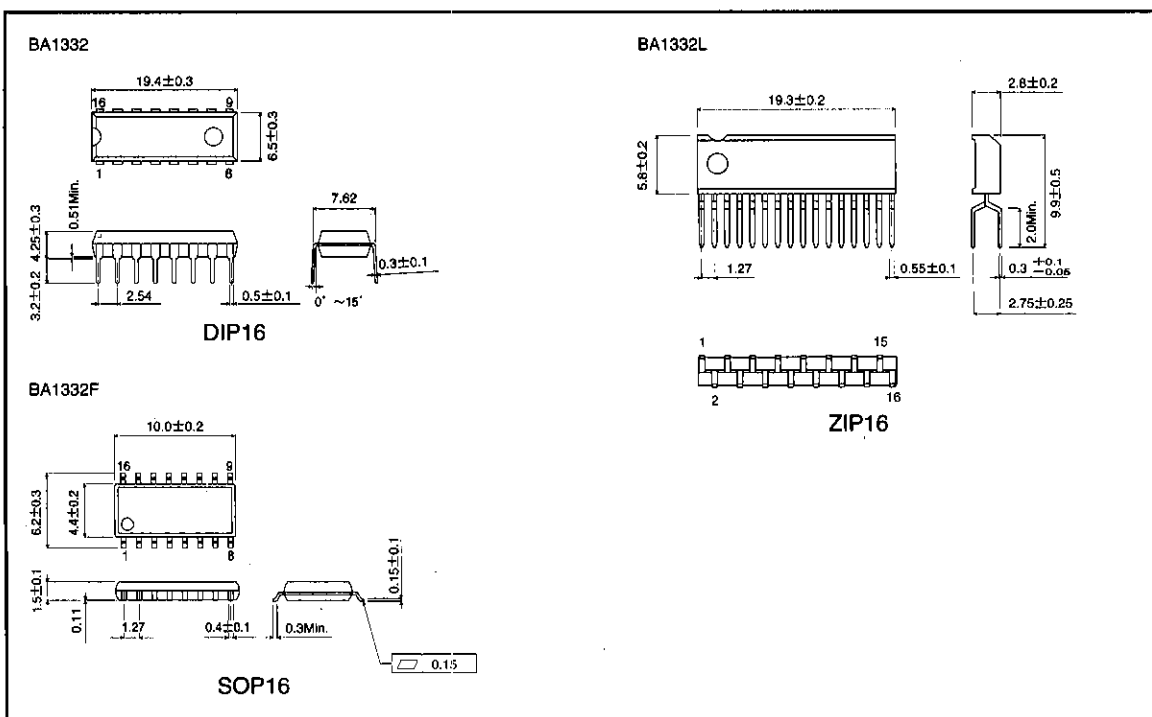
The BA1332 is designed to have an output resistor connected to GND. If the output resistor is connected to  $V_{CC}$ , variations in  $V_{CC}$  will vary the output DC voltage. The BA1332 has a built-in ripple rejection circuit for battery-powered applications.

## (6) Signal-to-noise ratio (S/N ratio)

In general, compared to monaural operation, the signal-to-noise will be lower during stereo operation, due to noise in the sub-signal frequency band. When weak input signals are lower than the limiting level of the IC, the S/N ratio will deteriorate further. To improve the S/N ratio of the audio signal at the output, it is necessary to improve the S/N ratio of the input. If the weak-input S/N ratio is extremely poor, improve the detector and IF stages.

(7) Note, that the BA1332, BA1332L, and BA1332F come in different packages with different pin layouts.

## ● External dimensions (Unit: mm)



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