

# 800mA Low Dropout Positive Regulators Adjustable and Fixed 2.85V, 3.3V, 5V

## FEATURES

- Space Saving SOT-223 Surface Mount Package
- 3-Terminal Adjustable or Fixed 2.85V, 3.3V, 5V
- Output Current of 800mA
- Operates Down to 1V Dropout
- Guaranteed Dropout Voltage at Multiple Current Levels
- 0.2% Line Regulation Max
- 0.4% Load Regulation Max

## APPLICATIONS

- Active SCSI Terminators
- High Efficiency Linear Regulators
- Post Regulators for Switching Supplies
- Battery Chargers
- 5V to 3.3V Linear Regulators

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## DESCRIPTION

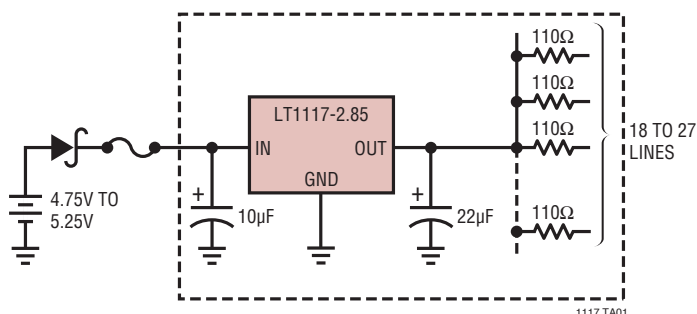
The LT<sup>®</sup>1117 is a positive low dropout regulator designed to provide up to 800mA of output current. The device is available in an adjustable version and fixed output voltages of 2.85V, 3.3V and 5V. The 2.85V version is designed specifically to be used in Active Terminators for the SCSI bus. All internal circuitry is designed to operate down to 1V input to output differential. Dropout voltage is guaranteed at a maximum of 1.2V at 800mA, decreasing at lower load currents. On chip trimming adjusts the reference/output voltage to within  $\pm 1\%$ . Current limit is also trimmed in order to minimize the stress on both the regulator and the power source circuitry under overload conditions.

The low profile surface mount SOT-223 package allows the device to be used in applications where space is limited. The LT1117 requires a minimum of 10 $\mu$ F of output capacitance for stability. Output capacitors of this size or larger are normally included in most regulator designs.

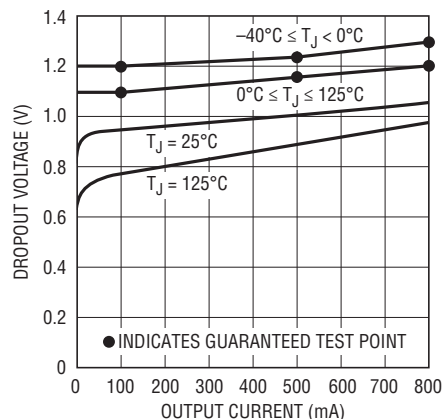
Unlike PNP type regulators where up to 10% of the output current is wasted as quiescent current, the quiescent current of the LT1117 flows into the load, increasing efficiency.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

Active Terminator for SCSI-2 Bus



Dropout Voltage ( $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ )



1117 TA02

# LT1117/LT1117-2.85 LT1117-3.3/LT1117-5

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

Input Voltage

Operating Voltage

LT1117, LT1117-3.3, LT1117-5 .....15V

LT1117-2.85 .....10V

Surge Voltage

LT1117, LT1117-3.3, LT1117-5 .....20V

Operating Junction Temperature Range

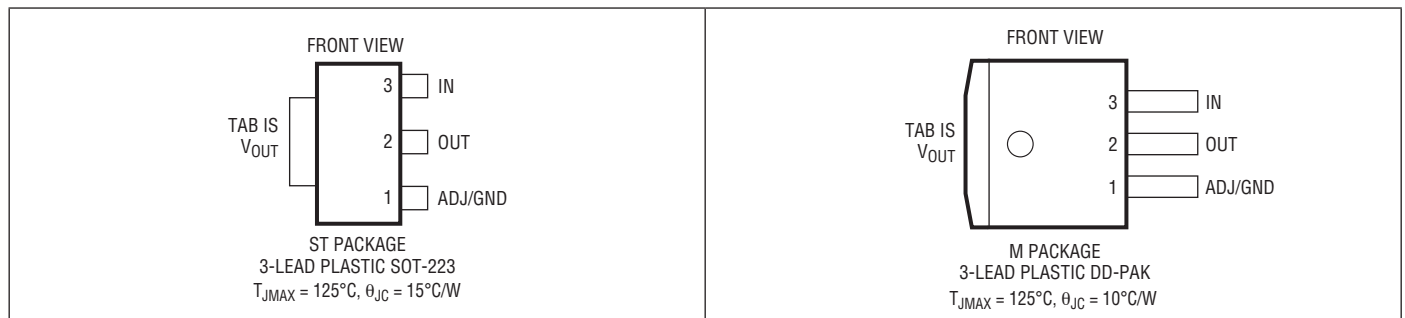
C Grade ..... 0°C to 125°C

I Grade ..... -40°C to 125°C

Storage Temperature Range ..... -65°C to 150°C

Lead Temperature ..... (See Soldering Methods)

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## ORDER INFORMATION

| LEAD FREE FINISH   | TAPE AND REEL        | PART MARKING  | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION    | TEMPERATURE RANGE |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| LT1117CST#PBF      | LT1117CST#TRPBF      | 1117          | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST#PBF      | LT1117IST#TRPBF      | 1117I         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | -40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CST-2.85#PBF | LT1117CST-2.85#TRPBF | 11172         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST-2.85#PBF | LT1117IST-2.85#TRPBF | 1117I2        | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | -40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CST-3.3#PBF  | LT1117CST-3.3#TRPBF  | 11173         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST-3.3#PBF  | LT1117IST-3.3#TRPBF  | 1117I3        | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | -40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CST-5#PBF    | LT1117CST-5#TRPBF    | 11175         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST-5#PBF    | LT1117IST-5#TRPBF    | 1117I5        | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | -40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CM#PBF       | LT1117CM#TRPBF       | LT1117CM      | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117CM-2.85#PBF  | LT1117CM-2.85#TRPBF  | LT1117CM-2.85 | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117CM-3.3#PBF   | LT1117CM-3.3#TRPBF   | LT1117CM-3.3  | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117CM-5#PBF     | LT1117CM-5#TRPBF     | LT1117CM-5    | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |

## ORDER INFORMATION

| LEAD BASED FINISH | TAPE AND REEL     | PART MARKING  | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION    | TEMPERATURE RANGE |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| LT1117CST         | LT1117CST#TR      | 1117          | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST         | LT1117IST#TR      | 1117I         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | –40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CST-2.85    | LT1117CST-2.85#TR | 11172         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST-2.85    | LT1117IST-2.85#TR | 1117I2        | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | –40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CST-3.3     | LT1117CST-3.3#TR  | 11173         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST-3.3     | LT1117IST-3.3#TR  | 1117I3        | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | –40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CST-5       | LT1117CST-5#TR    | 11175         | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117IST-5       | LT1117IST-5#TR    | 1117I5        | 3-Lead Plastic SOT-223 | –40°C to 125°C    |
| LT1117CM          | LT1117CM#TR       | LT1117CM      | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117CM-2.85     | LT1117CM-2.85#TR  | LT1117CM-2.85 | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117CM-3.3      | LT1117CM-3.3#TR   | LT1117CM-3.3  | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |
| LT1117CM-5        | LT1117CM-5#TR     | LT1117CM-5    | 3-Lead Plastic DD-PAK  | 0°C to 125°C      |

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: <http://www.linear.com/leadfree/>

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: <http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/>

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

| PARAMETER            | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | MIN                     | TYP                     | MAX                     | UNITS       |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Reference Voltage    | LT1117<br>$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ , $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 2\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $1.4\text{V} \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 10\text{V}$                                        | 1.238<br>1.225          | 1.250<br>1.250          | 1.262<br>1.270          | V<br>V      |
| Output Voltage       | LT1117-2.85<br>$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 4.85\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $4.25\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$<br>$0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 3.95\text{V}$ | 2.820<br>2.790<br>2.790 | 2.850<br>2.850<br>2.850 | 2.880<br>2.910<br>2.910 | V<br>V<br>V |
|                      | LT1117-3.3<br>$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $4.75\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$                                                                     | 3.267<br>3.235          | 3.300<br>3.300          | 3.333<br>3.365          | V<br>V      |
|                      | LT1117-5<br>$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 7\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $6.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$                                                                        | 4.950<br>4.900          | 5.000<br>5.000          | 5.050<br>5.100          | V<br>V      |
| Line Regulation      | LT1117<br>$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ , $1.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} - V_{OUT} \leq 15\text{V}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                               | ●                       | 0.035                   | 0.2                     | %           |
|                      | LT1117-2.85<br>$I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$ , $4.25\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                                    | ●                       | 1                       | 6                       | mV          |
|                      | LT1117-3.3<br>$I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$ , $4.75\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 15\text{V}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                                     | ●                       | 1                       | 6                       | mV          |
|                      | LT1117-5<br>$I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$ , $6.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 15\text{V}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                                        | ●                       | 1                       | 10                      | mV          |
| Load Regulation      | LT1117<br>$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 3\text{V}$ , $10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                             | ●                       | 0.1                     | 0.4                     | %           |
|                      | LT1117-2.85<br>$V_{IN} = 4.25\text{V}$ , $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                                           | ●                       | 1                       | 10                      | mV          |
|                      | LT1117-3.3<br>$V_{IN} = 4.75\text{V}$ , $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                                            | ●                       | 1                       | 10                      | mV          |
|                      | LT1117-5<br>$V_{IN} = 6.5\text{V}$ , $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ (Note 2)                                                                                                                                                               | ●                       | 1                       | 15                      | mV          |
| Dropout Voltage      | $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$ , $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)                                                                                                                                                          |                         | 1.00                    | 1.10                    | V           |
|                      | $I_{OUT} = 500\text{mA}$ , $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)                                                                                                                                                          |                         | 1.05                    | 1.15                    | V           |
|                      | $I_{OUT} = 800\text{mA}$ , $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)                                                                                                                                                          |                         | 1.10                    | 1.20                    | V           |
|                      | $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J < 0^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)                                                                                                                                                             |                         | 1.00                    | 1.20                    | V           |
|                      | $I_{OUT} = 500\text{mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J < 0^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)                                                                                                                                                             |                         | 1.05                    | 1.25                    | V           |
|                      | $I_{OUT} = 800\text{mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J < 0^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)                                                                                                                                                             |                         | 1.10                    | 1.30                    | V           |
| Current Limit        | $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 5\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                    | 800                     | 950                     | 1200                    | mA          |
| Minimum Load Current | LT1117<br>$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 15\text{V}$ (Note 4)                                                                                                                                                                                           | ●                       | 1.7                     | 5                       | mA          |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

| PARAMETER                 | CONDITIONS                                                                                                           | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNITS              |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|--------------------|
| Quiescent Current         | LT1117-2.85<br>LT1117-3.3<br>LT1117-5                                                                                | ●   | 5     | 10  | mA                 |
|                           | $V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$                                                                                             | ●   | 5     | 10  | mA                 |
|                           | $V_{IN} \leq 15\text{V}$                                                                                             | ●   | 5     | 10  | mA                 |
| Thermal Regulation        | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , 30ms Pulse                                                                                |     | 0.01  | 0.1 | %/W                |
| Ripple Rejection          | $f_{\text{RIPPLE}} = 120\text{Hz}$ , $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 3\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{RIPPLE}} = 1\text{V}_{\text{P-P}}$ | ●   | 60    | 75  | dB                 |
| Adjust Pin Current        |                                                                                                                      | ●   | 55    | 120 | $\mu\text{A}$      |
| Adjust Pin Current Change | $10\text{mA} \leq I_{\text{OUT}} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $1.4\text{V} \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 10\text{V}$          | ●   | 0.2   | 5   | $\mu\text{A}$      |
| Temperature Stability     |                                                                                                                      |     | 0.5   |     | %                  |
| Long Term Stability       | $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ , 1000Hrs                                                                                  |     | 0.3   |     | %                  |
| RMS Output Noise          | (% of $V_{\text{OUT}}$ ), $10\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{kHz}$                                                     |     | 0.003 |     | %                  |
| Thermal Resistance        | (Junction-to-Case, at Tab)                                                                                           |     | 15    |     | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

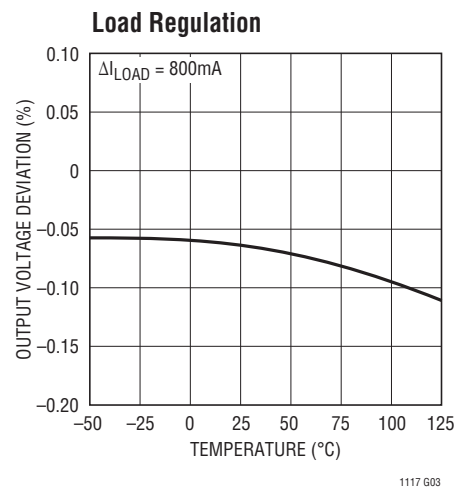
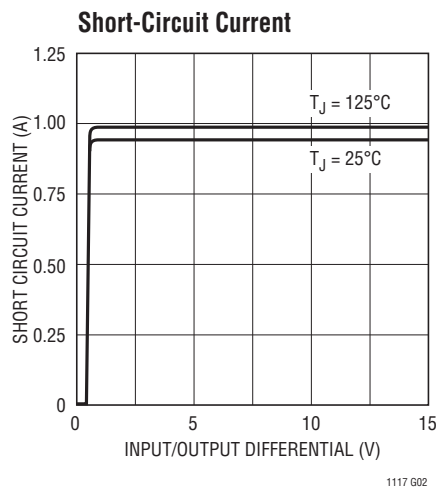
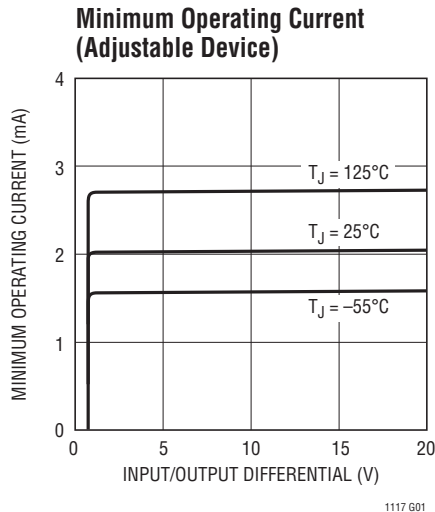
**Note 1:** Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

**Note 2:** See thermal regulation specification for changes in output voltage due to heating effects. Load regulation and line regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing.

**Note 3:** Dropout voltage is specified over the full output current range of the device. Dropout voltage is defined as the minimum input/output differential measured at the specified output current. Test points and limits are also shown on the Dropout Voltage curve.

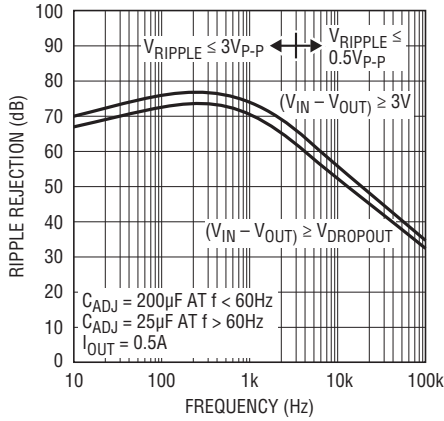
**Note 4:** Minimum load current is defined as the minimum output current required to maintain regulation.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

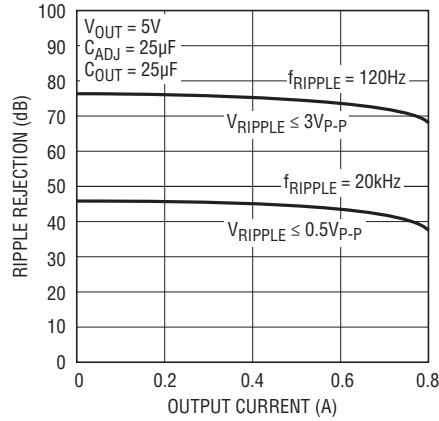


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

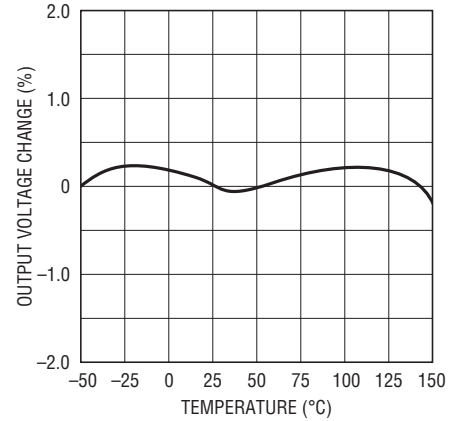
LT1117 Ripple Rejection



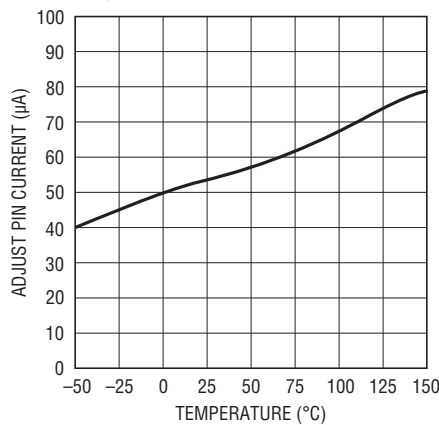
LT1117 Ripple Rejection vs Current



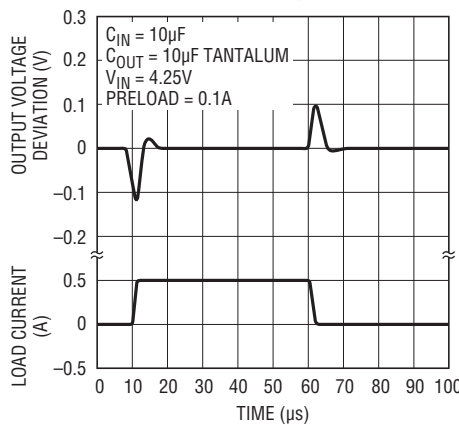
Temperature Stability



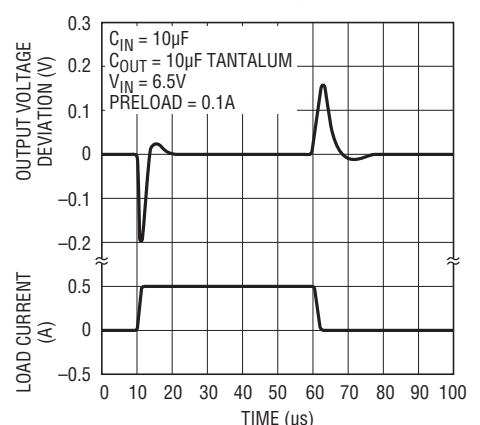
Adjust Pin Current



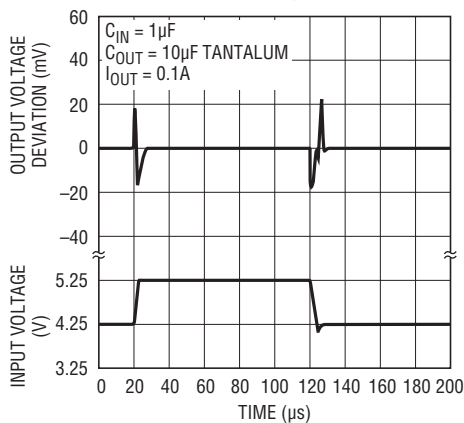
LT1117-2.85 Load Transient Response



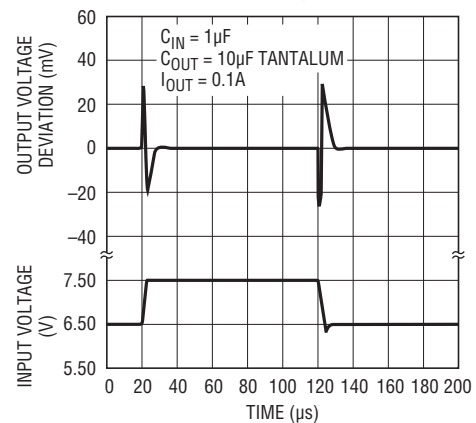
LT1117-5 Load Transient Response



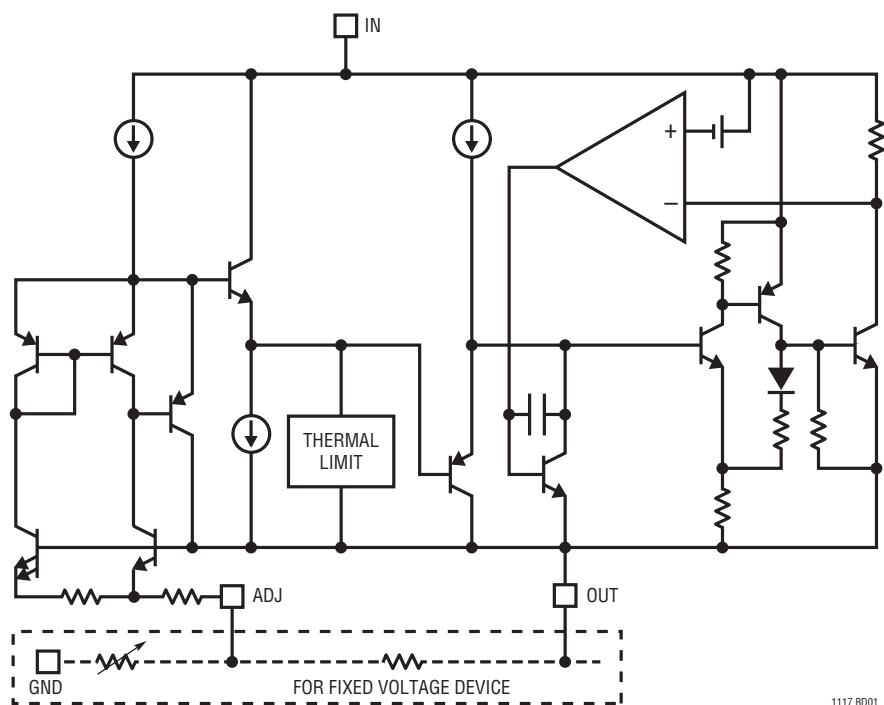
LT1117-2.85 Line Transient Response



LT1117-5 Line Transient Response



## BLOCK DIAGRAM



1117 BD01

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The LT1117 family of 3-terminal regulators are easy to use. They are protected against short circuit and thermal overloads. Thermal protection circuitry will shut down the regulator should the junction temperature exceed 165°C at the sense point. These regulators are pin compatible with older 3-terminal adjustable regulators, offer lower dropout voltage and more precise reference tolerance. Reference stability over temperature is improved over older types of regulators.

### Stability

The LT1117 family of regulators requires an output capacitor as part of the device frequency compensation. A minimum of 10 $\mu$ F of tantalum or 50 $\mu$ F of aluminum electrolytic is required. The ESR of the output capacitor should be less than 0.5 $\Omega$ . Surface mount tantalum capacitors, which have very low ESR, are available from several manufacturers.

When using the LT1117 adjustable device, the adjust terminal can be bypassed to improve ripple rejection. When the adjust terminal is bypassed, the required value of the output capacitor increases. The device will require an output capacitor of 22 $\mu$ F tantalum or 150 $\mu$ F aluminum electrolytic when the adjust pin is bypassed.

Normally, capacitor values on the order of 100 $\mu$ F are used in the output of many regulators to ensure good load transient response with large load current changes. Output capacitance can be increased without limit and larger values of output capacitance further improve stability and transient response.

### Protection Diodes

In normal operation, the LT1117 family does not need any protection diodes. Older adjustable regulators required protection diodes between the adjust pin and the output and between the output and input to prevent over stressing the die. The internal current paths on the LT1117 adjust pin are limited by internal resistors. Therefore, even with capacitors on the adjust pin, no protection diode is needed to ensure device safety under short-circuit conditions. The adjust pin can be driven, on a transient basis,  $\pm 25$ V with respect to the output without any device degradation.

Diodes between input and output are not usually needed. The internal diode between the output and input pins of the device can withstand microsecond surge currents of 10A to 20A. Normal power supply cycling can not generate currents of this magnitude. Only with extremely large output capacitors, such as 1000 $\mu$ F and larger, and with the input pin instantaneously shorted to ground can damage occur. A crowbar circuit at the input of the LT1117 in combination with a large output capacitor could generate currents large enough to cause damage. In this case a diode from output to input is recommended, as shown in Figure 1.

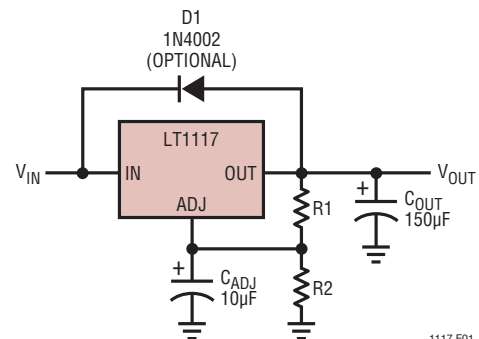


Figure 1

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Output Voltage

The LT1117 develops a 1.25V reference voltage between the output and the adjust terminal (see Figure 2). By placing a resistor between these two terminals, a constant current is caused to flow through R1 and down through R2 to set the overall output voltage. Normally this current is chosen to be the specified minimum load current of 10mA. Because  $I_{ADJ}$  is very small and constant when compared to the current through R1, it represents a small error and can usually be ignored. For fixed voltage devices R1 and R2 are included in the device.

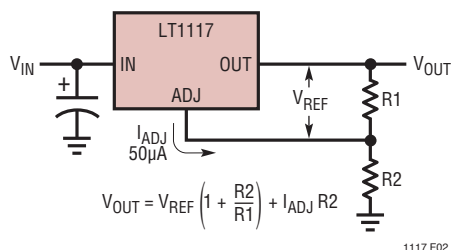


Figure 2. Basic Adjustable Regulator

### Load Regulation

Because the LT1117 is a 3-terminal device, it is not possible to provide true remote load sensing. Load regulation will be limited by the resistance of the wire connecting the regulator to the load. The data sheet specification for load regulation is measured at the output pin of the device. Negative side sensing is a true Kelvin connection, with the bottom of the output divider returned to the negative side of the load. Although it may not be immediately obvious, best load regulation is obtained when the top of the resistor divider (R1) is returned directly to the output pin of the device, not to the load. This is illustrated in Figure 3. Connected as shown,  $R_P$  is not multiplied by the divider ratio. If R1 were connected to the load, the effective resistance between the regulator and the load would be:

$$R_P \times \frac{R2+R1}{R1}, R_P = \text{Parasitic Line Resistance}$$

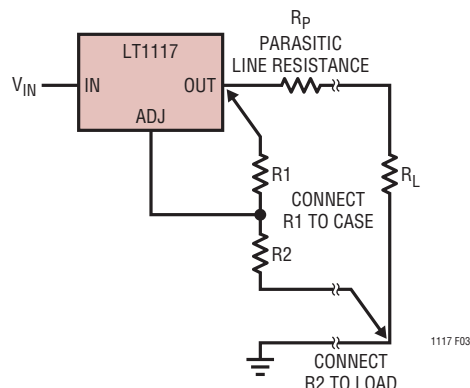


Figure 3. Connections for Best Load Regulation

For fixed voltage devices the top of R1 is internally Kelvin connected, and the ground pin can be used for negative side sensing.

### Thermal Considerations

LT1117 series regulators have internal thermal limiting circuitry designed to protect the device during overload conditions. For continuous normal load conditions however, the maximum junction temperature rating of 125°C must not be exceeded.

It is important to give careful consideration to all sources of thermal resistance from junction to ambient. For the SOT-223 package, which is designed to be surface mounted, additional heat sources mounted near the device must also be considered. Heat sinking is accomplished using the heat spreading capability of the PC board and its copper traces. The thermal resistance of the LT1117 is 15°C/W from the junction to the tab. Thermal resistances from tab to ambient can be as low as 30°C/W. The total thermal resistance from junction to ambient can be as low as 45°C/W. This requires a reasonable sized PC board with at least one layer of copper to spread the heat across the board and couple it into the surrounding air.

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Experiments have shown that the heat spreading copper layer does not need to be electrically connected to the tab of the device. The PC material can be very effective at transmitting heat between the pad area, attached to the tab of the device, and a ground plane layer either inside or on the opposite side of the board. Although the actual thermal resistance of the PC material is high, the Length/Area ratio of the thermal resistor between layers is small. The data in Table 1 was taken using 1/16" FR-4 board with 1oz. copper foil. It can be used as a rough guideline in estimating thermal resistance.

Table 1.

| COPPER AREA |             | BOARD AREA  | THERMAL RESISTANCE<br>(JUNCTION-TO-AMBIENT) |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------|
| TOPSIDE*    | BACKSIDE    |             |                                             |
| 2500 Sq. mm | 2500 Sq. mm | 2500 Sq. mm | 45°C/W                                      |
| 1000 Sq. mm | 2500 Sq. mm | 2500 Sq. mm | 45°C/W                                      |
| 225 Sq. mm  | 2500 Sq. mm | 2500 Sq. mm | 53°C/W                                      |
| 100 Sq. mm  | 2500 Sq. mm | 2500 Sq. mm | 59°C/W                                      |
| 1000 Sq. mm | 1000 Sq. mm | 1000 Sq. mm | 52°C/W                                      |
| 1000 Sq. mm | 0           | 1000 Sq. mm | 55°C/W                                      |

\* Tab of device attached to topside copper

The thermal resistance for each application will be affected by thermal interactions with other components on the board. Some experimentation will be necessary to determine the actual value.

The power dissipation of the LT1117 is equal to:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})(I_{OUT})$$

Maximum junction temperature will be equal to:

$$T_J = T_{A(MAX)} + P_D (\text{Thermal Resistance (junction-to-ambient)})$$

Maximum junction temperature must not exceed 125°C.

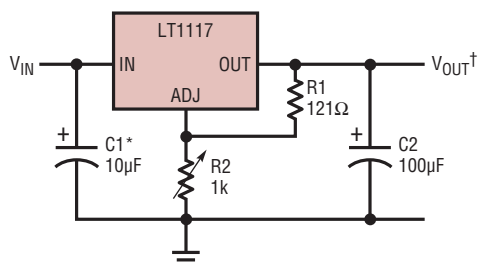
### Ripple Rejection

The curves for Ripple Rejection were generated using an adjustable device with the adjust pin bypassed. These curves will hold true for all values of output voltage. For proper bypassing, and ripple rejection approaching the values shown, the impedance of the adjust pin capacitor, at the ripple frequency, should be  $< R_1$ .  $R_1$  is normally in the range of 100Ω to 200Ω. The size of the required adjust pin capacitor is a function of the input ripple frequency. At 120Hz, with  $R_1 = 100\Omega$ , the adjust pin capacitor should be  $>13\mu\text{F}$ . At 10kHz only 0.16μF is needed.

For fixed voltage devices, and adjustable devices without an adjust pin capacitor, the output ripple will increase as the ratio of the output voltage to the reference voltage ( $V_{OUT}/V_{REF}$ ). For example, with the output voltage equal to 5V, the output ripple will be increased by the ratio of 5V/1.25V. It will increase by a factor of four. Ripple rejection will be degraded by 12dB from the value shown on the curve.

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

### 1.2V to 10V Adjustable Regulator

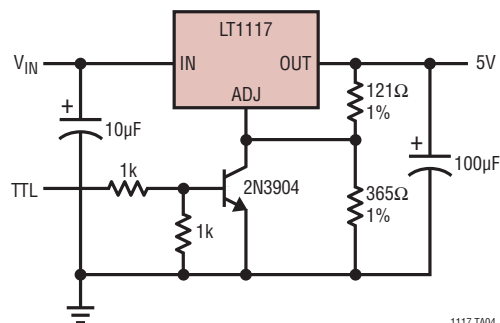


\* NEEDED IF DEVICE IS FAR FROM FILTER CAPACITORS

$$V_{OUT} = 1.25V \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right)$$

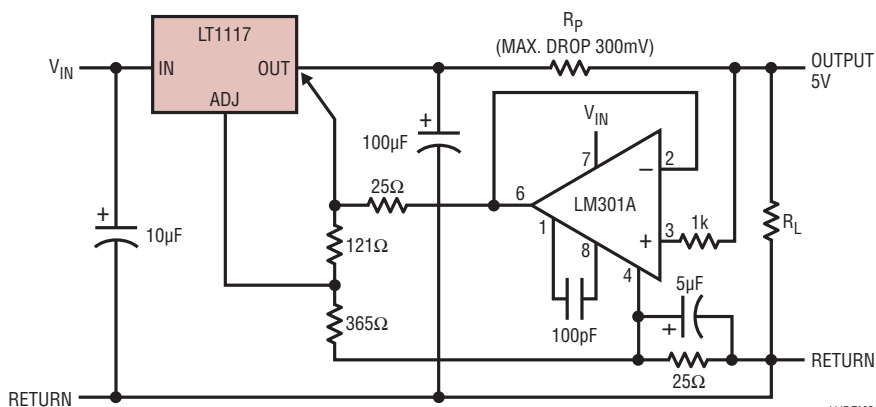
1117 TA03

### 5V Regulator with Shutdown



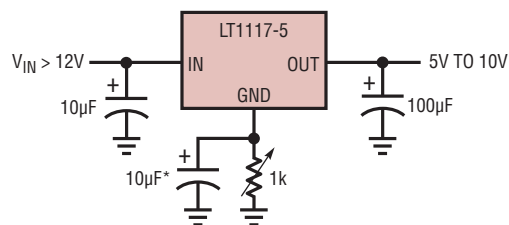
1117 TA04

### Remote Sensing



1117 TA05

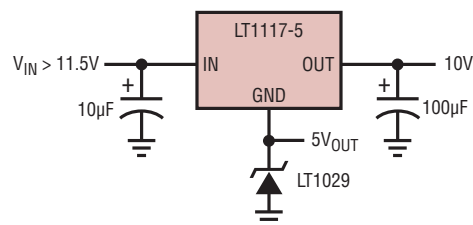
### Adjusting Output Voltage of Fixed Regulators



\* OPTIONAL IMPROVES RIPPLE REJECTION

1117 TA06

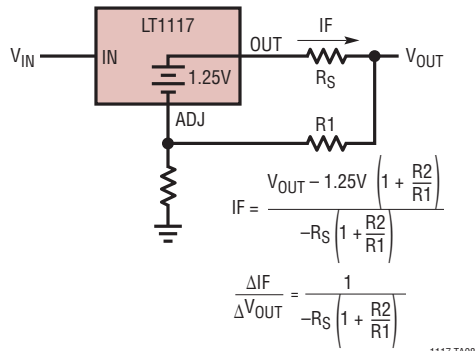
### Regulator with Reference



1117 TA07

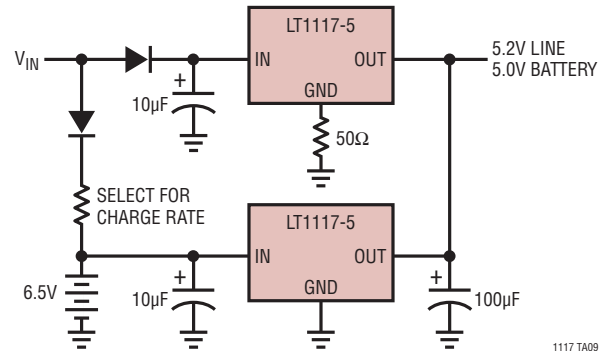
## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Battery Charger



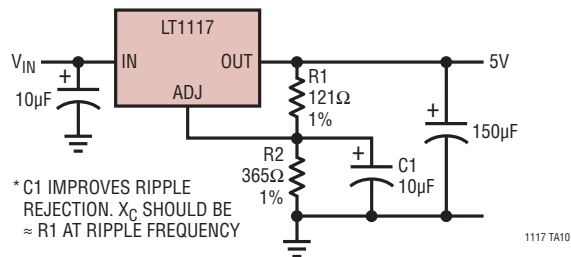
1117 TA08

Battery Backed Up Regulated Supply



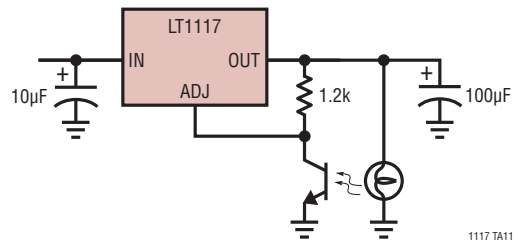
1117 TA09

Improving Ripple Rejection



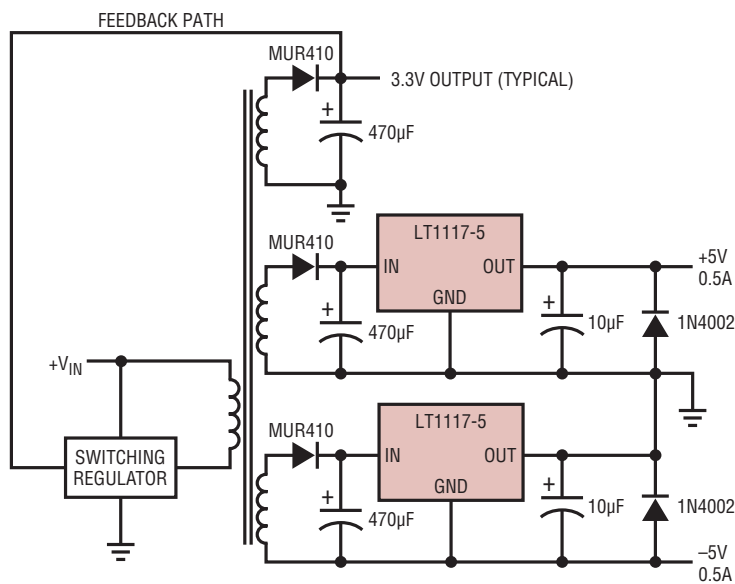
1117 TA10

Automatic Light Control



1117 TA11

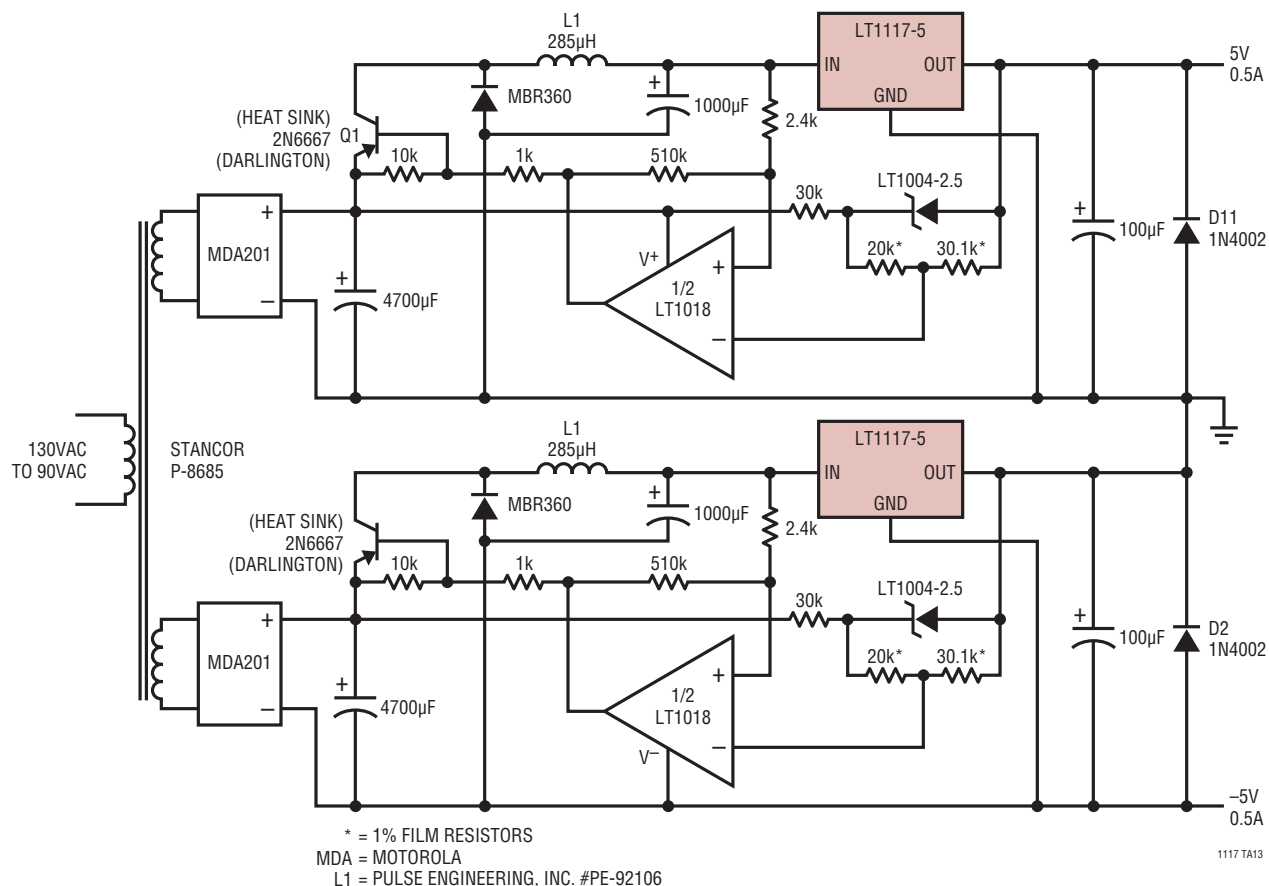
High Efficiency Dual Supply



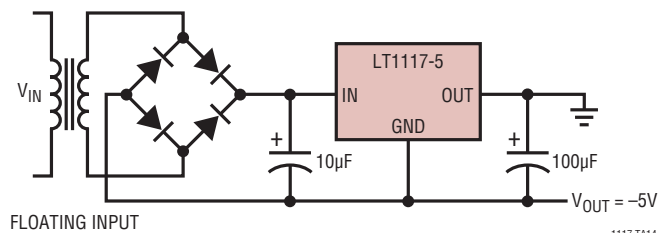
1117 TA12

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

### High Efficiency Dual Linear Supply

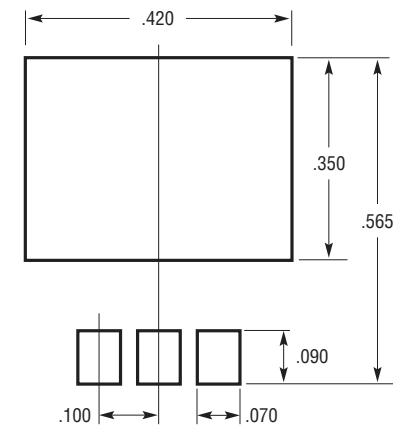
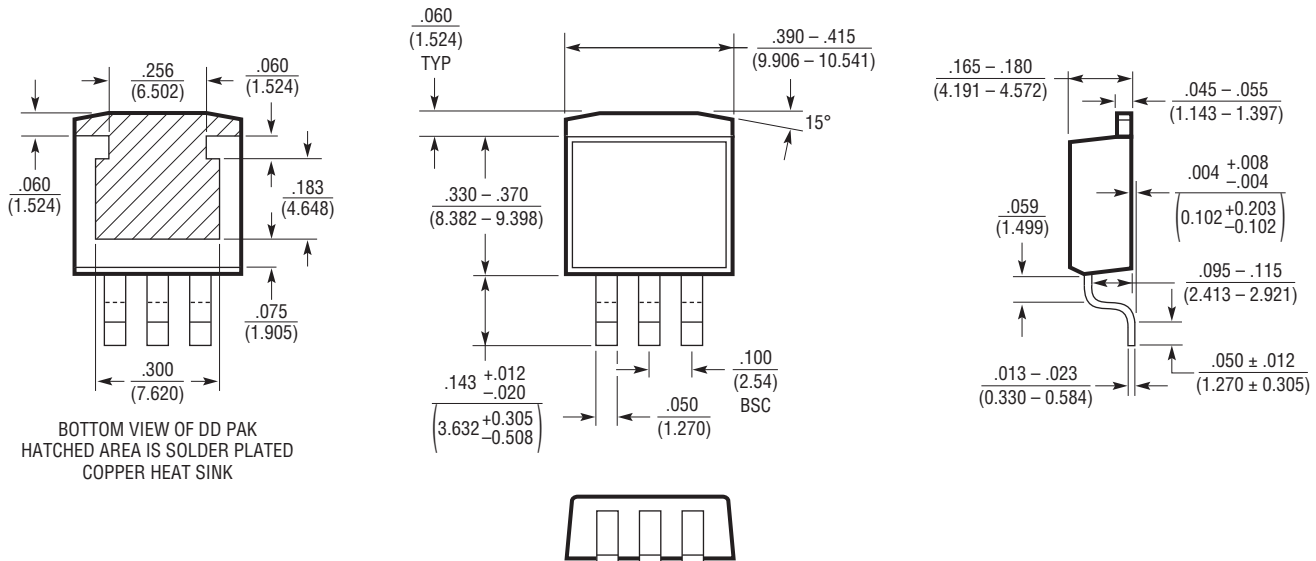


### Low Dropout Negative Supply

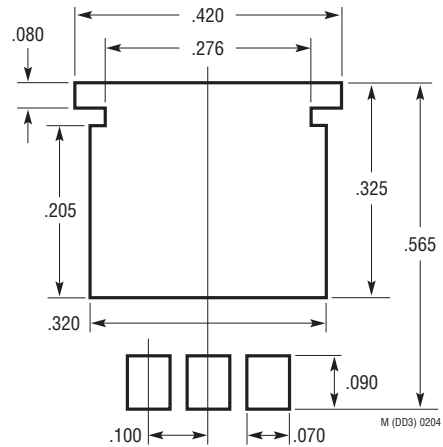


## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

**M Package**  
**3-Lead Plastic DD Pak**  
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1460)



RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT

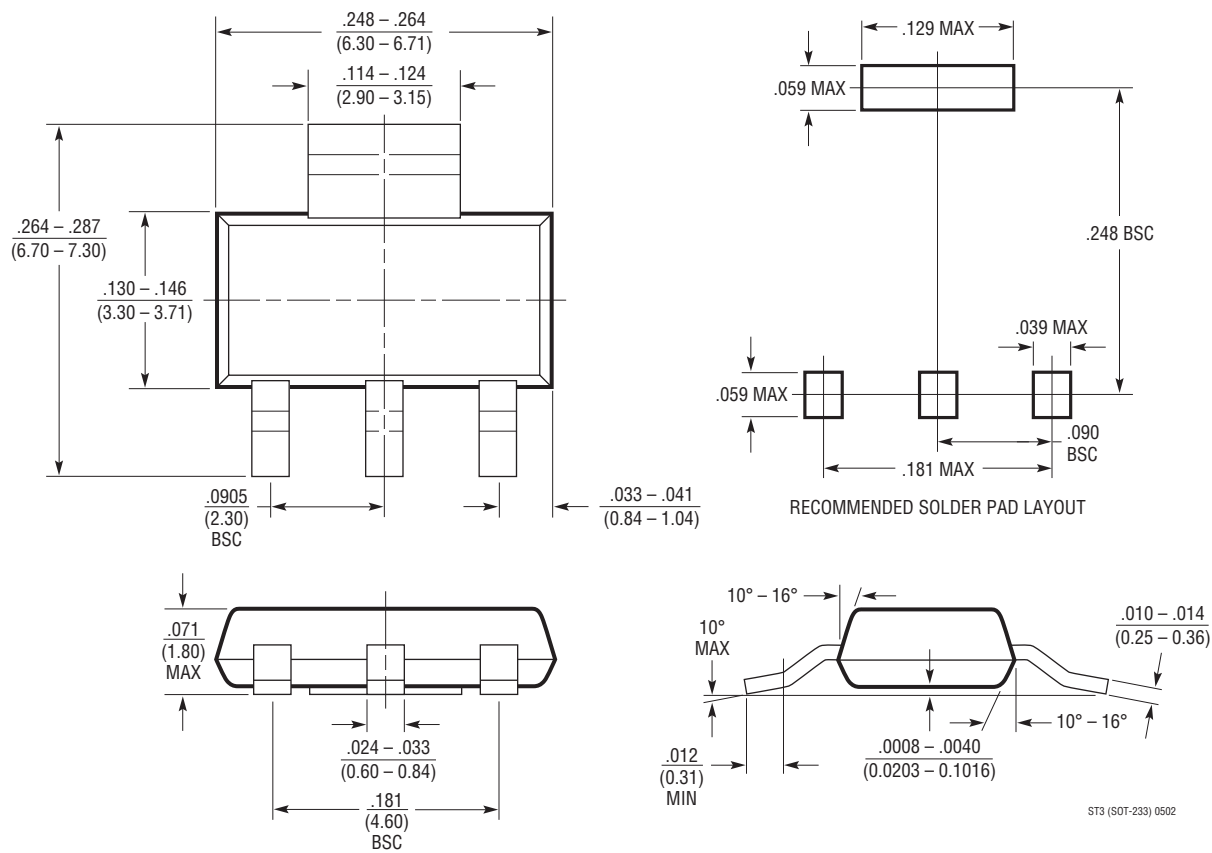


RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT  
FOR THICKER SOLDER PASTE APPLICATIONS

NOTE:  
1. DIMENSIONS IN INCH/(MILLIMETER)  
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

**ST Package**  
**3-Lead Plastic SOT-223**  
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1630)



ST3 (SOT-223) 0502

## REVISION HISTORY

(Revision history begins at Rev D)

| REV | DATE | DESCRIPTION                                                                               | PAGE NUMBER |
|-----|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| D   | 4/10 | Updated DD-Pak part markings in Order Information section and revised all other sections. | 1 to 16     |

The circuit diagram shows a precision current source. A 28V input is connected to a 10k resistor, which is in series with a 1k resistor connected to the non-inverting input of an LT1011 op-amp. The op-amp's inverting input is connected to a 1M resistor and a 1N914 diode to ground. The op-amp's output drives the base of a 4N28 PNP transistor, which is also connected to a 10k resistor to ground. The emitter of the 4N28 transistor is connected to the IN pin of an LT1117 LDO. The LT1117's ADJ pin is connected to the wiper of a 2k potentiometer labeled 'OUTPUT ADJUST'. The potentiometer's other end is connected to the output of the LT1117. The LT1117's OUT pin is connected to the output of the circuit. The circuit includes several passive components: a 1mH inductor, a 10,000μF capacitor, a 470Ω resistor, a 240Ω resistor, and a 100μF capacitor. A 1N914 diode is also connected between the 470Ω resistor and the LT1117's IN pin. The LT1117 is powered by a 28V input, and the LT1011 is powered by a 28V input and a 1N914 diode to ground.

| PART NUMBER                                | DESCRIPTION                                                         | COMMENTS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LT1118                                     | Low I <sub>Q</sub> , Low Dropout, 800mA, Source and Sink Regulators | Sources and Sinks Current, 600mA Quiescent Current, Dropout Voltage: 1V, SOIC-8 and SOT-223 Packages                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| LT1129                                     | 700mA Micropower Low Dropout Regulator                              | 50μA Quiescent Current                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| LT1763                                     | 500mA, Low Noise LDO                                                | 300mV Dropout Voltage, Low Noise: 20μV <sub>RMS</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8V to 20V, SO-8 Package                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| LT1764, LT1764A                            | 3A, Fast Transient Response, Low Noise LDO                          | 340mV Dropout Voltage, Low Noise: 40μV <sub>RMS</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 20V, TO-220 and DD Packages "A" version stable also with ceramic caps                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| LT1963, LT1763A                            | 1.5A Low Noise, Fast Transient Response LDO                         | 340mV Dropout Voltage, Low Noise: 40μV <sub>RMS</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V to 20V, "A" version stable with ceramic caps, TO-220, DD, SOT-223 and SO-8 Packages                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| LT1965                                     | 1.1A, Low Noise, Low Dropout Linear Regulator                       | 290mV Dropout Voltage, Low Noise: 40μV <sub>RMS</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> : 1.8V to 20V, V <sub>OUT</sub> : 1.2V to 19.5V, stable with ceramic caps, TO-220, DDPak, MSOP and 3 × 3 DFN Packages                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| LT3021                                     | 500mA, Low Voltage, VLDO Linear Regulator                           | V <sub>IN</sub> : 0.9V to 10V, Dropout Voltage: 160mV Typical, Adjustable Output (V <sub>REF</sub> = V <sub>OUT(MIN)</sub> = 200mV), Fixed Output Voltages: 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, Stable with Low ESR, Ceramic Output Capacitors 16-Pin DFN (5mm × 5mm) and 8-Lead SO Packages                                                                                                            |
| LT3080, LT3080-1                           | 1.1A, Parallelable, Low Noise, Low Dropout Linear Regulator         | 300mV Dropout Voltage (2-supply operation), Low Noise: 40μV <sub>RMS</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> : 1.2V to 36V, V <sub>OUT</sub> : 0V to 35.7V, current-based reference with 1-resistor V <sub>OUT</sub> set; directly parallelable (no op amp required), stable with ceramic caps, TO-220, SOT-223, MS8E and 3 × 3 DFN-8 Packages; "-1" version has integrated internal ballast resistor |
| LT3085                                     | 500mA, Parallelable, Low Noise, Low Dropout Linear Regulator        | 275mV Dropout Voltage (2-supply operation), Low Noise: 40μV <sub>RMS</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> : 1.2V to 36V, V <sub>OUT</sub> : 0V to 35.7V, current-based reference with 1-resistor V <sub>OUT</sub> set; directly parallelable (no op amp required), stable with ceramic caps, MS8E and 2 × 3 DFN-6 packages                                                                         |
| LTC3025-1, LTC3025-2, LTC3025-3, LTC3025-4 | 500mA Micropower VLDO Linear Regulator in 2 × 2 DFN                 | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.9V to 5.5V, Dropout Voltage: 75mV, Low Noise 80μV <sub>RMS</sub> , Low I <sub>Q</sub> : 54μA, Fixed Output: 1.2V (LTC3025-2), 1.5V (LTC3025-3), 1.8V (LTC3025-4); Adjustable Output Range: 0.4V to 3.6V (LTC3025-1), 2mm × 2mm 6-Lead DFN Package                                                                                                                 |
| LTC3026                                    | 1.5A, Low Input Voltage VLDO Linear Regulator                       | V <sub>IN</sub> : 1.14V to 3.5V (Boost Enabled), 1.14V to 5.5V (with External 5V), V <sub>DO</sub> = 0.1V, I <sub>Q</sub> = 950μA, Stable with 10μF Ceramic Capacitors, 10-Lead MSOP-E and DFN-10 Packages                                                                                                                                                                            |