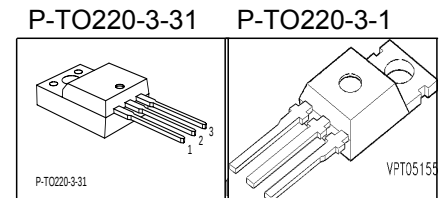


Cool MOS™ Power Transistor

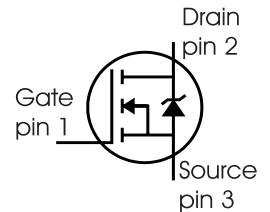
Feature

- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- Ultra low effective capacitances
- Improved transconductance
- P-TO-220-3-31: Fully isolated package (2500 VAC; 1 minute)

V_{DS}	800	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	0.9	Ω
I_D	6	A



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPP06N80C3	P-TO220-3-1	Q67040-S4351	06N80C3
SPA06N80C3	P-TO220-3-31	Q67040-S4435	06N80C3



Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		SPP	SPA	
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I_D	6 3.8	6 ¹⁾ 3.8 ¹⁾	A
Pulsed drain current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	$I_{D\text{ puls}}$	18	18	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=1.2\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AS}	230	230	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax} ²⁾ $I_D=6\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AR}	0.2	0.2	
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax}	I_{AR}	6	6	A
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Gate source voltage AC ($f > 1\text{Hz}$)	V_{GS}	± 30	± 30	
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	83	39	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j , T_{stg}	-55...+150		$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope $V_{DS} = 640 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 6 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	dv/dt	50	V/ns

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	1.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	$R_{thJC \text{ FP}}$	-	-	3.9	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	$R_{thJA \text{ FP}}$	-	-	80	
Soldering temperature, 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s ³⁾	T_{sold}	-	-	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=0.25\text{mA}$	800	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=6\text{A}$	-	870	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=800\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	0.5 -	10 100	μA
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=3.8\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	0.78 2.1	0.9 -	Ω
Gate input resistance	R_G	$f=1\text{MHz}$, open drain	-	0.7	-	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D = 3.8A$	-	4	-	S
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 25V$, $f = 1MHz$	-	785	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	390	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	20	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁴⁾ energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 0V$ to $480V$	-	22	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁵⁾ time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	42	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 400V$, $V_{GS} = 0/10V$, $I_D = 6A$, $R_G = 15\Omega$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$	-	25	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	15	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	65	75	
Fall time	t_f		-	8	11	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD} = 640V$, $I_D = 6A$	-	3.3	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	14	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g	$V_{DD} = 640V$, $I_D = 6A$, $V_{GS} = 0$ to $10V$	-	27	35	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 640V$, $I_D = 6A$	-	6	-	V

¹Limited only by maximum temperature

²Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV} = E_{AR} \cdot f$.

³Soldering temperature for TO-263: $220^\circ C$, reflow

⁴ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

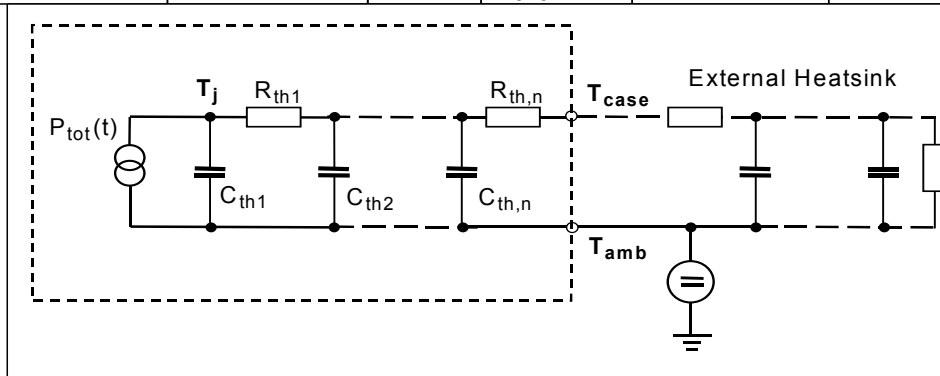
⁵ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	6	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	I_{SM}		-	-	18	
Inverse diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=400\text{V}$, $I_F=I_S$, $di_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	520	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	5	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	18	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	400	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

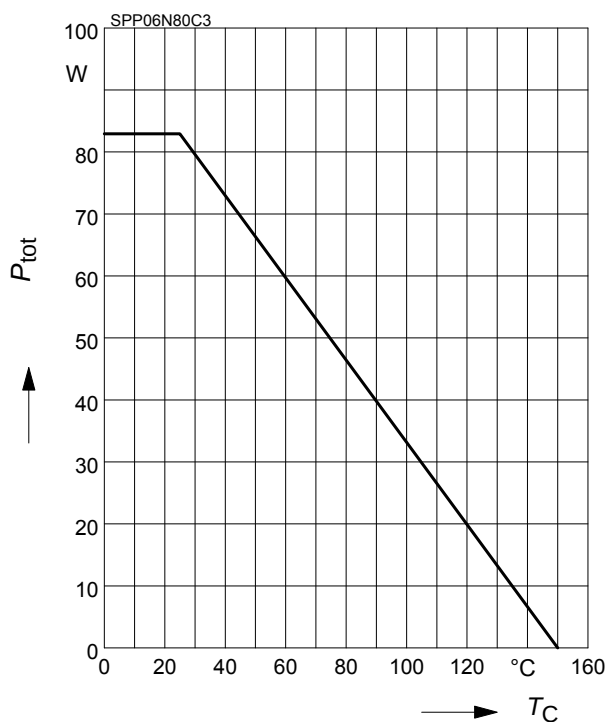
Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Value		Unit	Symbol	Value		Unit
	SPP	SPA			SPP	SPA	
R_{th1}	0.024	0.024	K/W	C_{th1}	0.0001172	0.0001172	Ws/K
R_{th2}	0.048	0.048		C_{th2}	0.000447	0.000447	
R_{th3}	0.083	0.086		C_{th3}	0.0006303	0.0006303	
R_{th4}	0.309	0.195		C_{th4}	0.001828	0.001828	
R_{th5}	0.317	0.451		C_{th5}	0.004786	0.007578	
R_{th6}	0.112	2.51		C_{th6}	0.046	0.412	



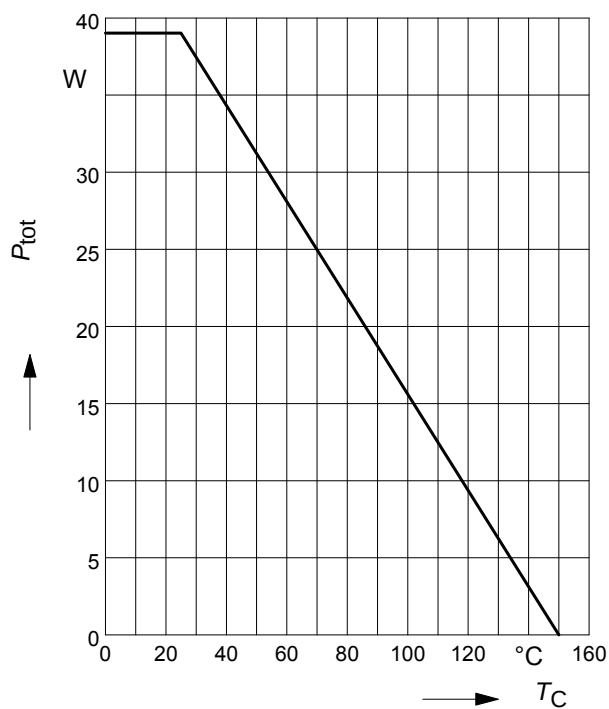
1 Power dissipation

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



2 Power dissipation FullPAK

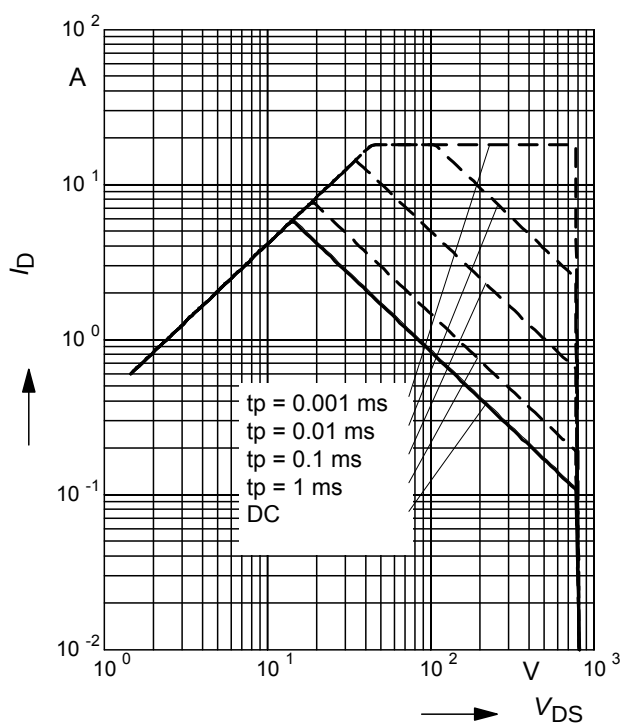
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



3 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

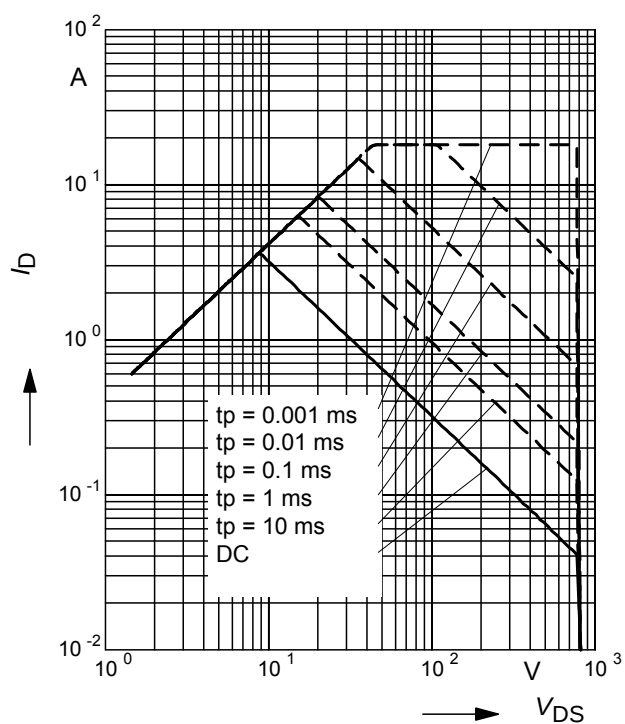
parameter : $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



4 Safe operating area FullPAK

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

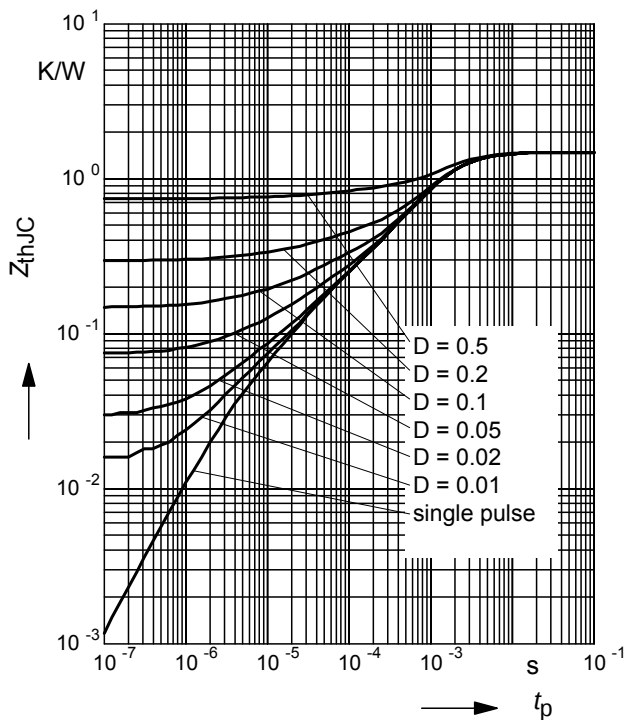
parameter: $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



5 Transient thermal impedance

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

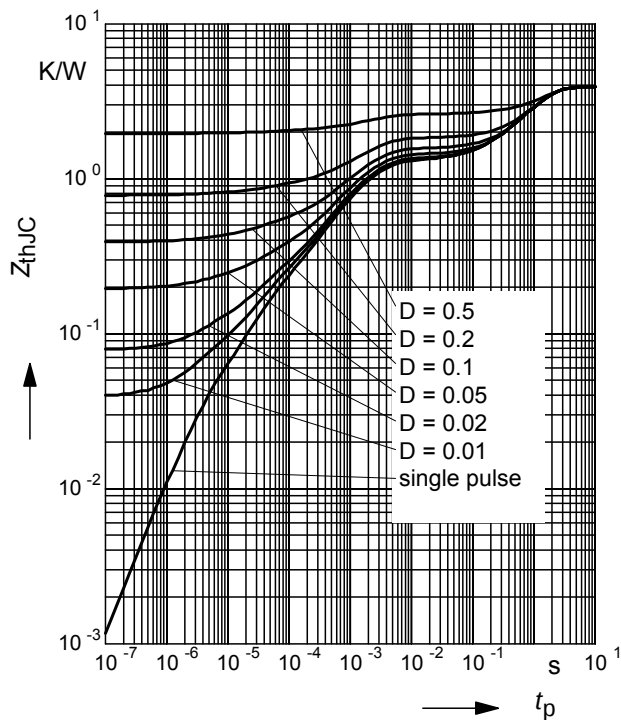
parameter: $D = t_p/T$



6 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

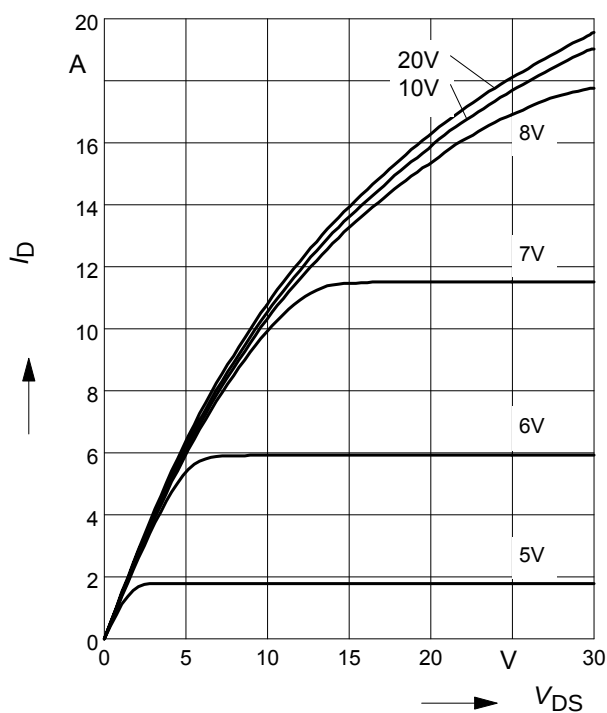
parameter: $D = t_p/t$



7 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

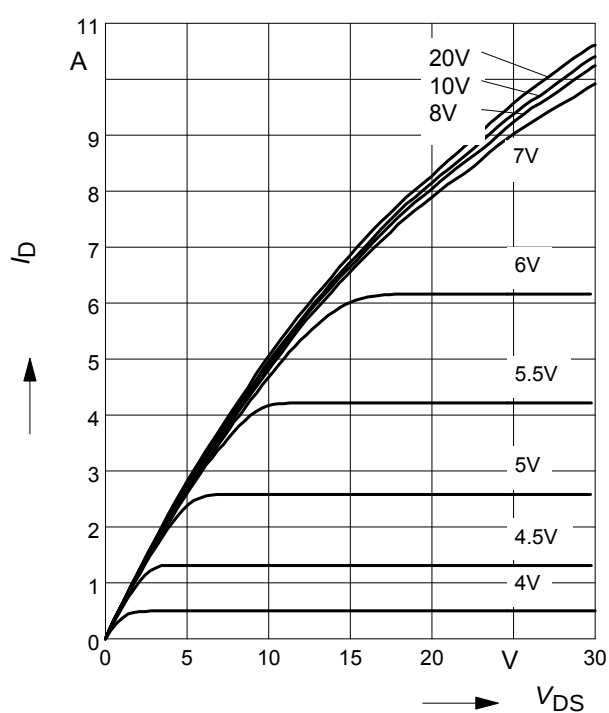
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$



8 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

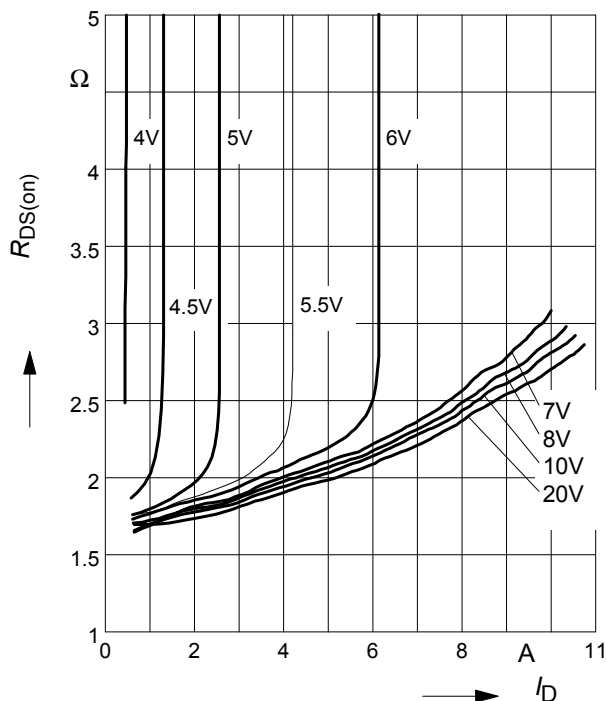
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$



9 Typ. drain-source on resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

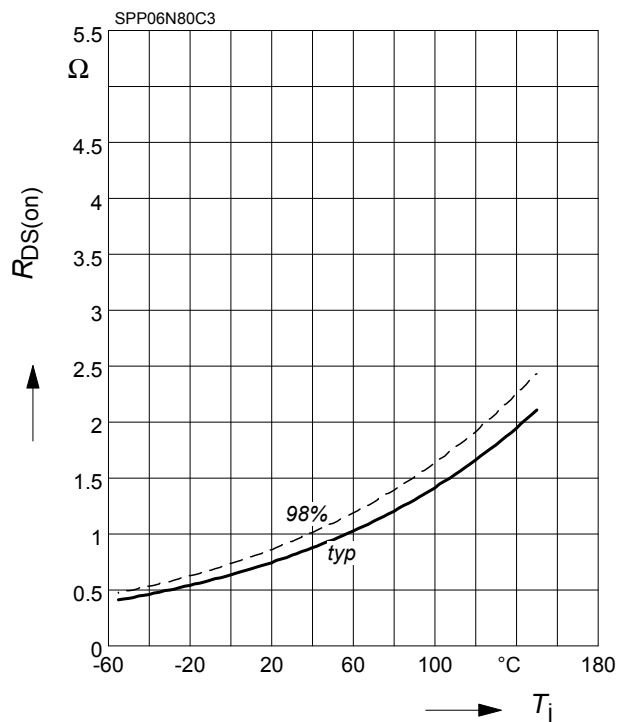
parameter: $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, V_{GS}



10 Drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

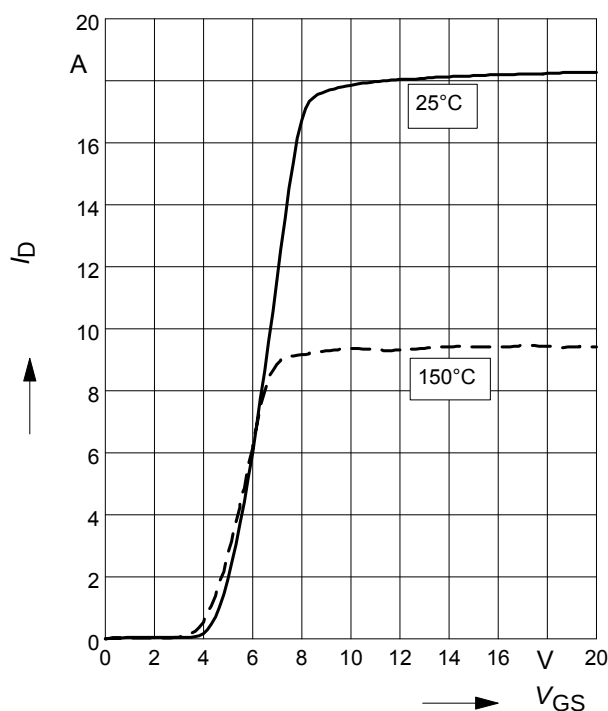
parameter: $I_D = 3.8\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



11 Typ. transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$$

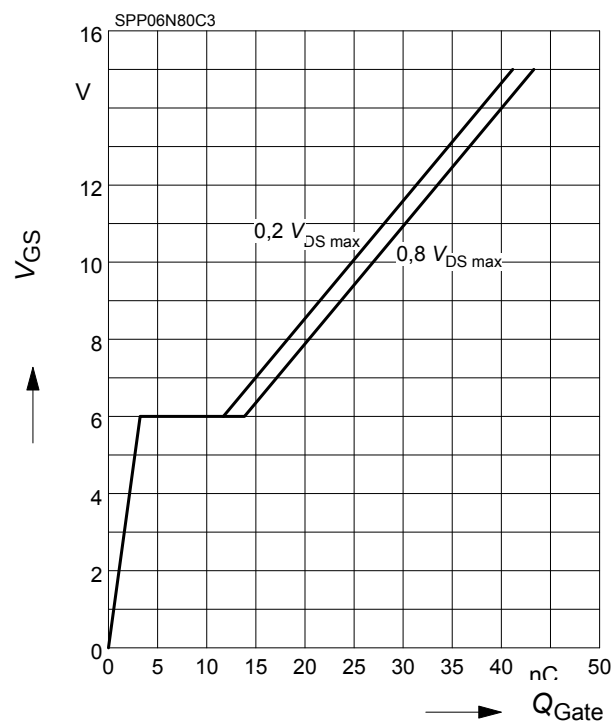
parameter: $t_p = 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



12 Typ. gate charge

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

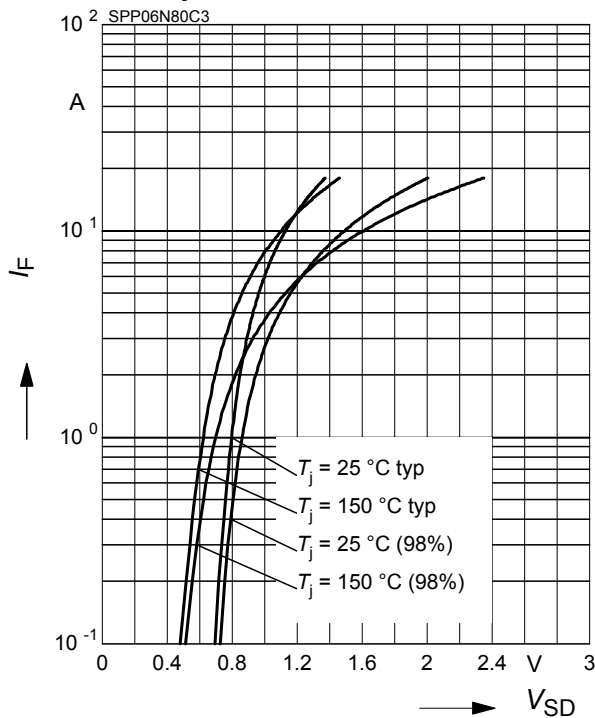
parameter: $I_D = 6\text{ A}$ pulsed



13 Forward characteristics of body diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

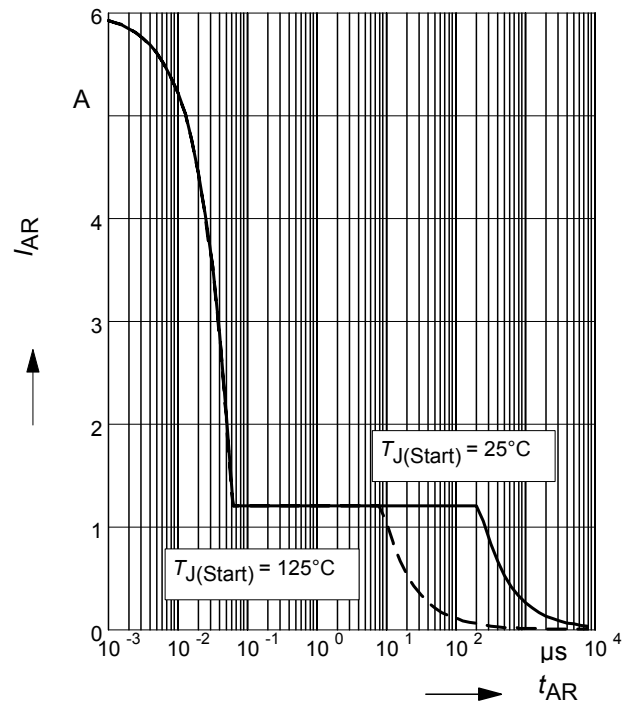
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 10 \mu s$



14 Avalanche SOA

$$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$$

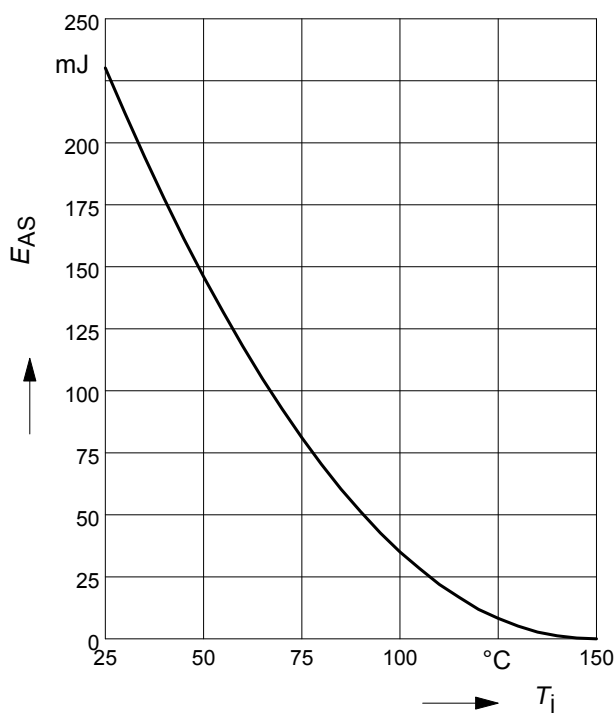
par.: $T_j \leq 150 \text{ °C}$



15 Avalanche energy

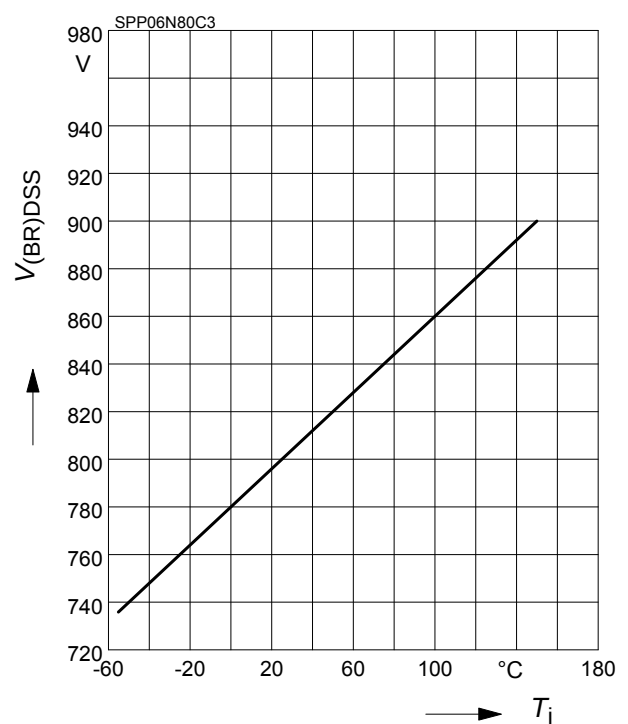
$$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$$

par.: $I_D = 1.2 \text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$



16 Drain-source breakdown voltage

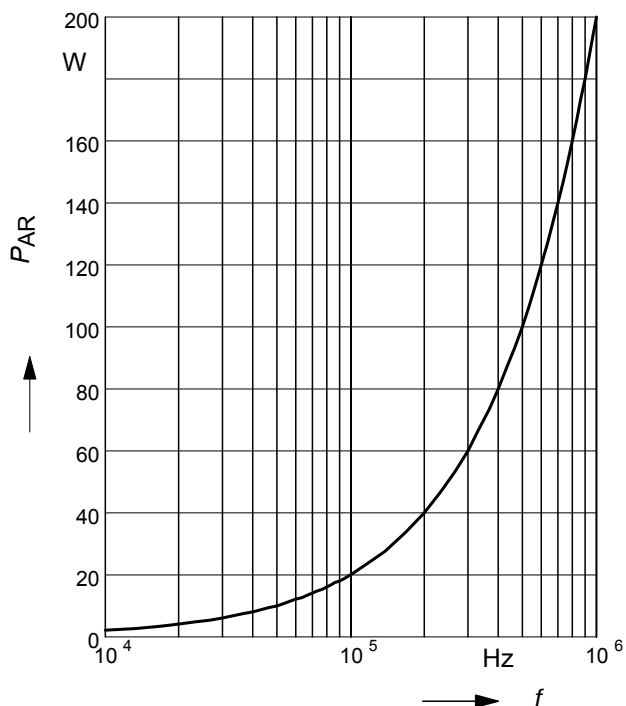
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



17 Avalanche power losses

$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

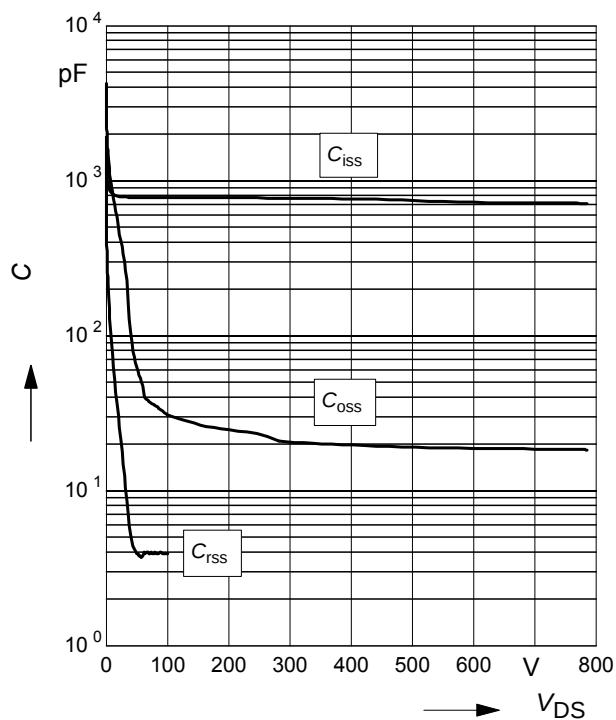
parameter: $E_{AR}=0.2\text{mJ}$



18 Typ. capacitances

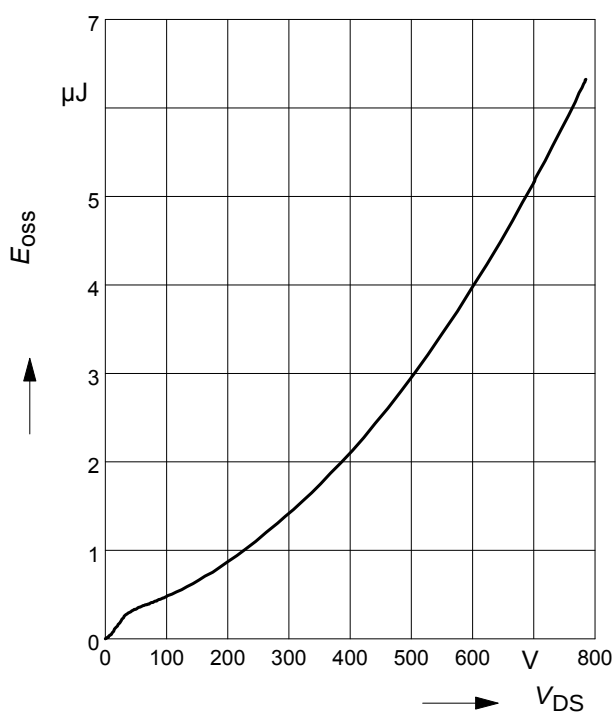
$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter: $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$

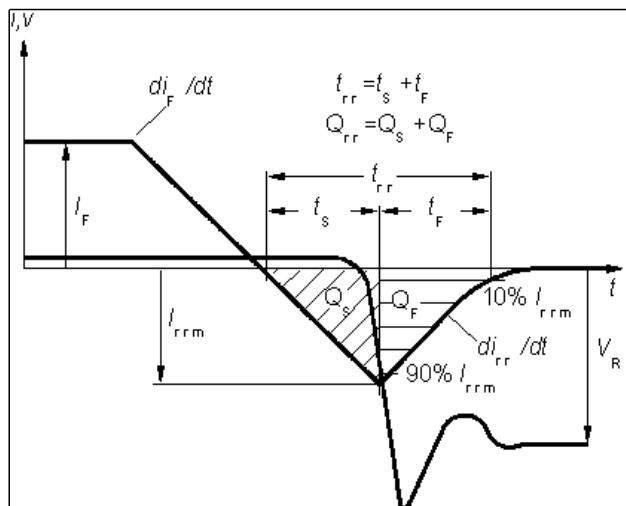


19 Typ. C_{oss} stored energy

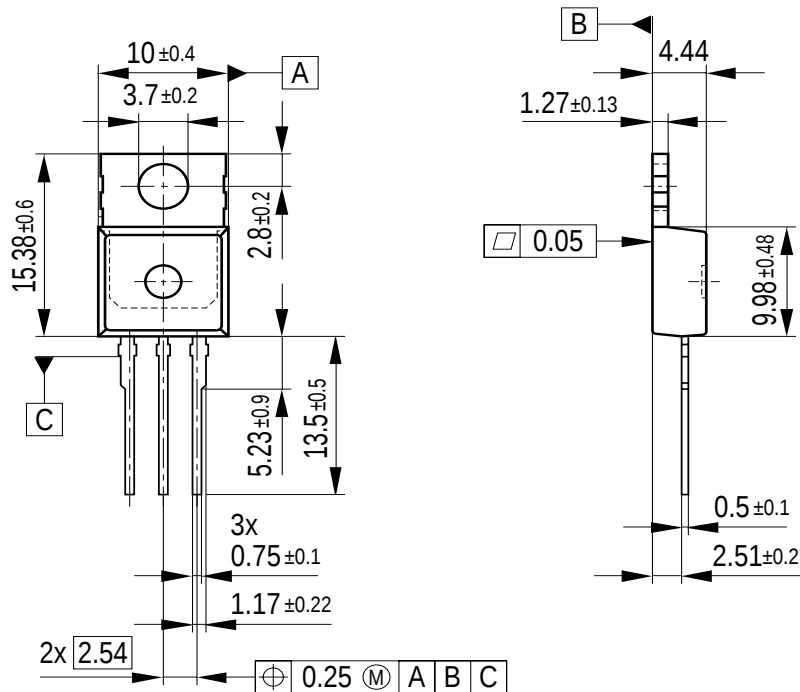
$$E_{oss}=f(V_{DS})$$



Definition of diodes switching characteristics

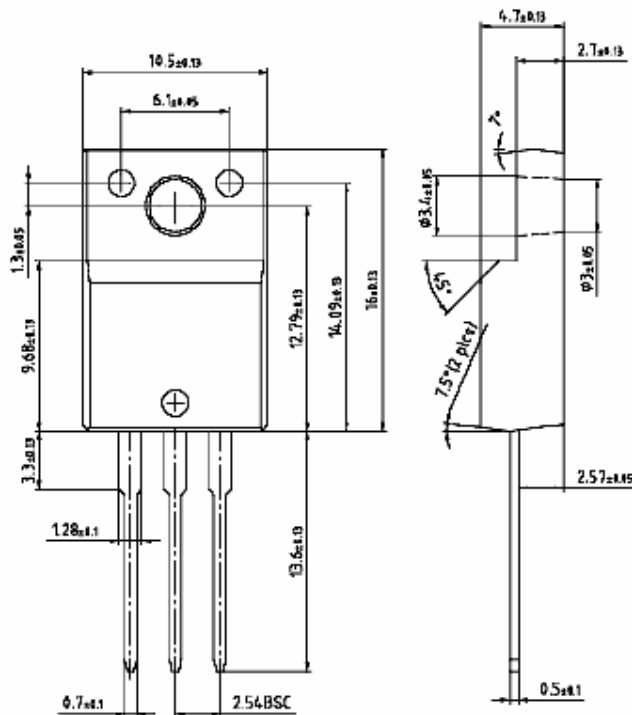


P-TO-220-3-1



All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.
Metal surface min. x=7.25, y=12.3

P-TO-220-3-31 (FullPAK)



Please refer to mounting instructions (application note AN-TO220-3-31-01)

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