

Kingbright®

30mm (1.2 INCH) 5x7 DOT MATRIX DISPLAY

TA12-22

TC12-22

Features

- 1.2 INCH MATRIX HEIGHT.
- DOT SIZE 3mm.
- LOW CURRENT OPERATION.
- HIGH CONTRAST AND LIGHT OUTPUT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USACII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY.
- COLUMN CATHODE AND COLUMN ANODE AVAILABLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARDS OR SOCKETS.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY, YELLOW AND GREEN CATEGORIZED FOR COLOR.
- MECHANICALLY RUGGED.
- STANDARD: GRAY FACE, WHITE DOT.

Description

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

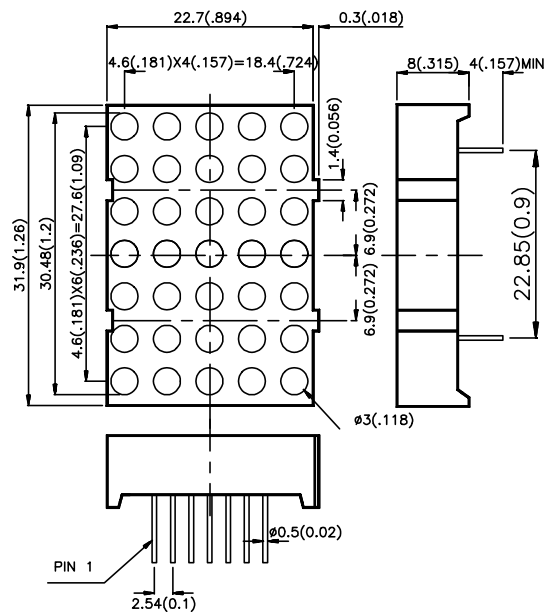
The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

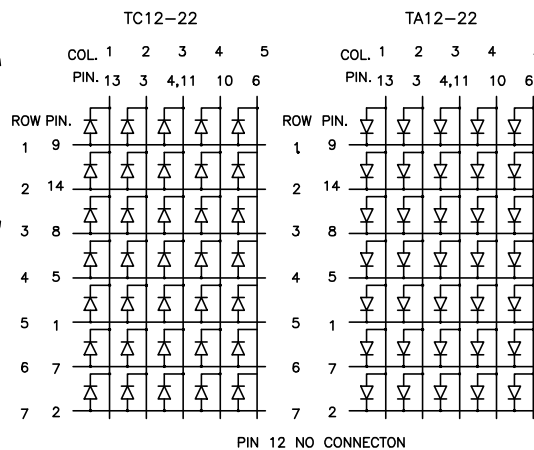
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

The Super Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions



Internal Circuit Diagram



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches). Tolerance is 0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
2. Specifications are subjected to change without notice.

Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Iv (ucd) @ 10 mA		Description
		Min.	Max.	
TA12-22HWA	BRIGHT RED (GaP)	560	1400	Column Anode
TC12-22HWA				Column Cathode
TA12-22EWA	HIGH EFFICIENCY RED (GaAsP/GaP)	3600	9000	Column Anode
TC12-22EWA				Column Cathode
TC12-22GWA	GREEN (GaP)	2200	5600	Column Anode
TC12-22GWA				Column Cathode
TA12-22YWA	YELLOW (GaAsP/GaP)	2200	5600	Column Anode
TC12-22YWA				Column Cathode
TA12-12SRWA	SUPER BRIGHT RED (GaAlAs)	5600	14000	Column Anode
TC12-22SRWA				Column Cathode

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at T_A=25°C

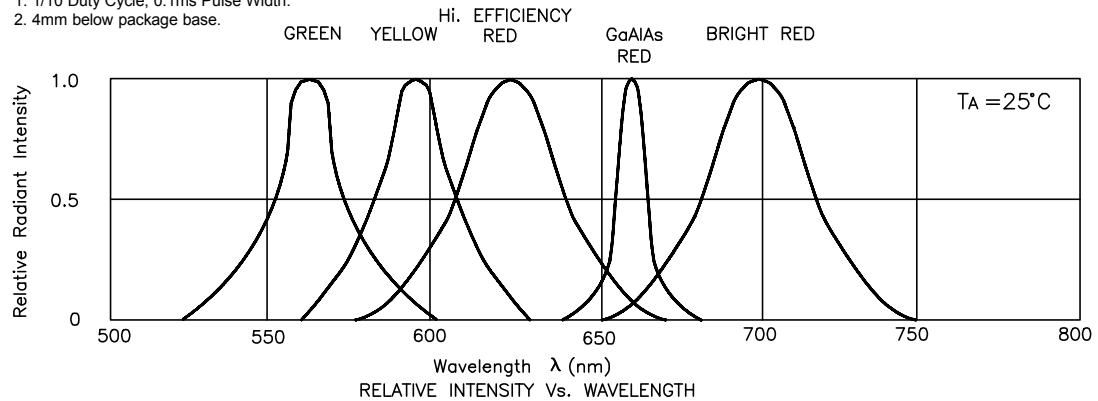
Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λ_{peak}	Peak Wavelength	Bright Red High Efficiency Red Green Yellow Super Bright Red	700 625 565 590 660		nm	IF=20mA
$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	Spectral Line Halfwidth	Bright Red High Efficiency Red Green Yellow Super Bright Red	45 45 30 35 20		nm	IF=20mA
C	Capacitance	Bright Red High Efficiency Red Green Yellow Super Bright Red	40 12 45 10 95		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
V _F	Forward Voltage	Bright Red High Efficiency Red Green Yellow Super Bright Red	2.0 2.0 2.2 2.1 1.85	2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	V	IF=20mA
I _R	Reverse Current	All	10		uA	VR = 5V

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

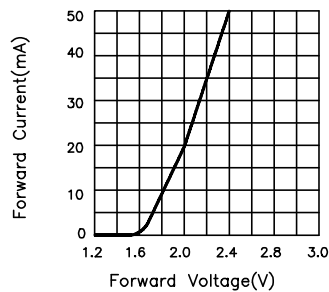
Parameter	Bright Red	High Efficiency Red	Green	Yellow	Super Bright Red	Units
Power dissipation	120	105	105	105	100	mW
DC Forward Current	25	30	25	30	30	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	150	150	150	150	150	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [2]	260°C For 5 Seconds					

Notes:

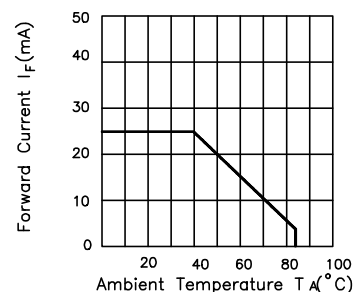
- 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
- 4mm below package base.



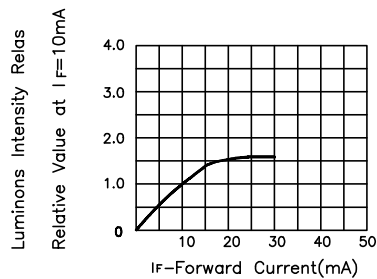
Bright Red



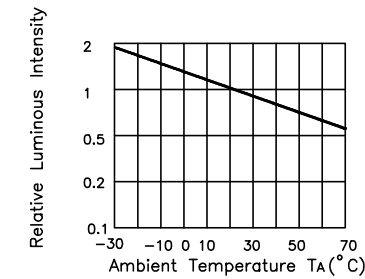
FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE



FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

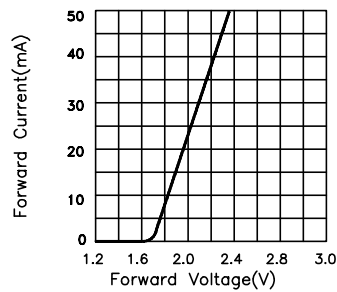


LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

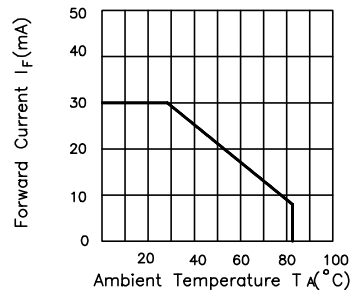


LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

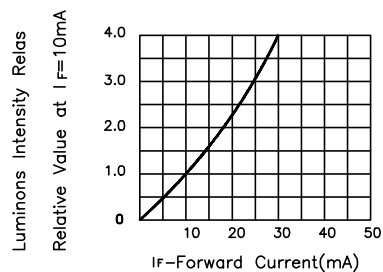
High Efficiency Red



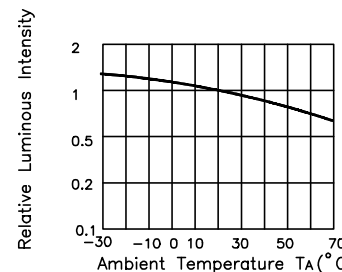
FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

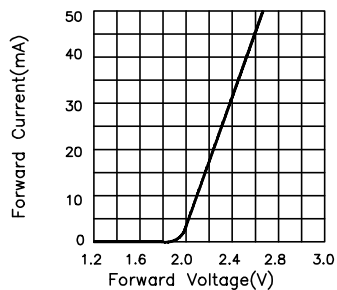


LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT

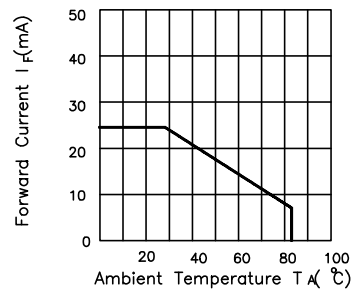


LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

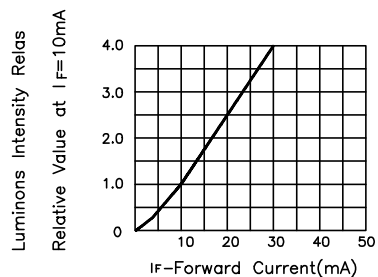
Green



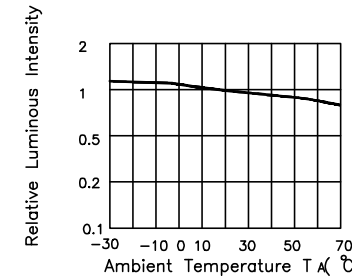
FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

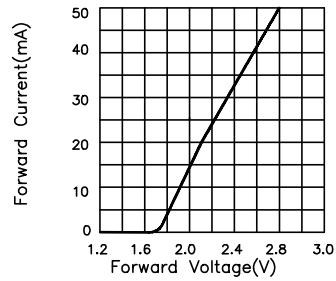


LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT

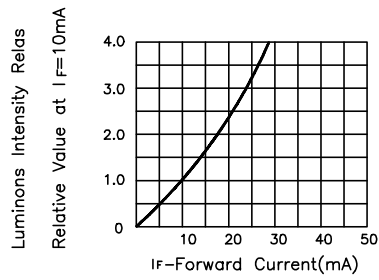


LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

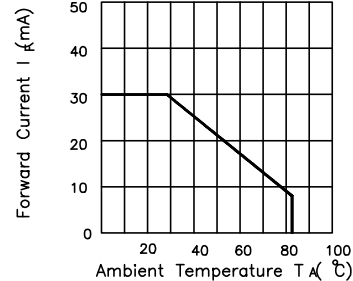
Yellow



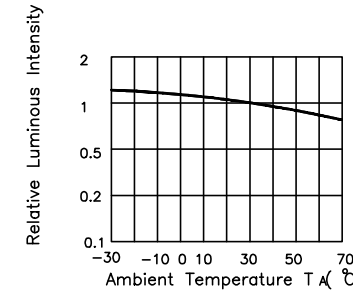
FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT

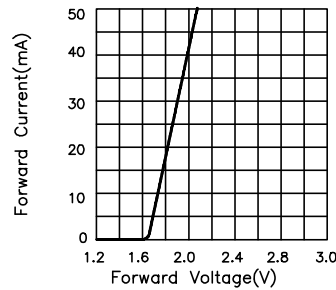


FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

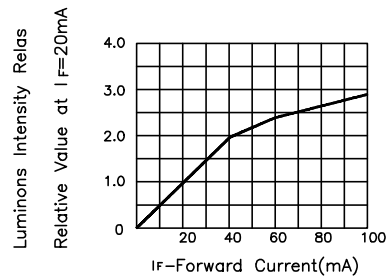


LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

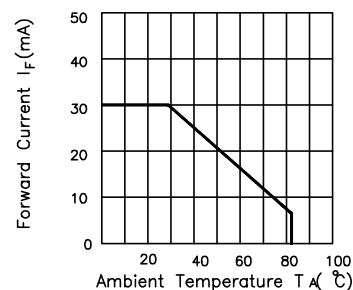
Super Bright Red



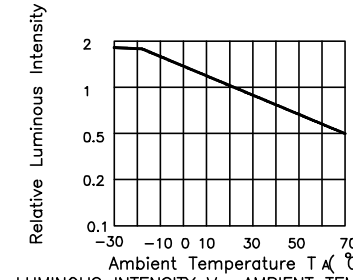
FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT



FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE