

Device Overview

The 89HPES32NT8AG2 is a member of the IDT family of PCI Express® switching solutions. The PES32NT8AG2 is a 32-lane, 8-port system interconnect switch optimized for PCI Express Gen2 packet switching in high-performance applications, supporting multiple simultaneous peer-to-peer traffic flows. Target applications include multi-host or intelligent I/O based systems where inter-domain communication is required, such as servers, storage, communications, and embedded systems.

Features

◆ High Performance Non-Blocking Switch Architecture

- 32-lane, 8-port PCIe switch with flexible port configuration
- Integrated SerDes supports 5.0 GT/s Gen2 and 2.5 GT/s Gen1 operation
- Delivers up to 32 GBps (256 Gbps) of switching capacity
- Supports 128 Bytes to 2 KB maximum payload size
- Low latency cut-through architecture
- Supports one virtual channel and eight traffic classes

◆ Port Configurability

- Eight x4 switch ports
 - Adjacent x4 ports can be merged to achieve x8 port widths
- Automatic per port link width negotiation (x8 → x4 → x2 → x1)
- Crosslink support
- Automatic lane reversal
- Per lane SerDes configuration
 - De-emphasis
 - Receive equalization
 - Drive strength

◆ Innovative Switch Partitioning Feature

- Supports up to 8 fully independent switch partitions
- Logically independent switches in the same device
- Configurable downstream port device numbering
- Supports dynamic reconfiguration of switch partitions
 - Dynamic port reconfiguration — downstream, upstream, non-transparent bridge
 - Dynamic migration of ports between partitions
 - Movable upstream port within and between switch partitions

◆ Non-Transparent Bridging (NTB) Support

- Supports up to 8 NT endpoints per switch, each endpoint can communicate with other switch partitions or external PCIe domains or CPUs
- 6 BARs per NT Endpoint
 - Bar address translation

- All BARs support 32/64-bit base and limit address translation
- Two BARs (BAR2 and BAR4) support look-up table based address translation

- 32 inbound and outbound doorbell registers
- 4 inbound and outbound message registers
- Supports up to 64 masters
- Unlimited number of outstanding transactions

◆ Multicast

- Compliant with the PCI-SIG multicast
- Supports 64 multicast groups
- Supports multicast across non-transparent port
- Multicast overlay mechanism support
- ECRC regeneration support

◆ Integrated Direct Memory Access (DMA) Controllers

- Supports up to 2 DMA upstream ports, each with 2 DMA channels
- Supports 32-bit and 64-bit memory-to-memory transfers
 - Fly-by translation provides reduced latency and increased performance over buffered approach
 - Supports arbitrary source and destination address alignment
 - Supports intra- as well as inter-partition data transfers using the non-transparent endpoint
- Supports DMA transfers to multicast groups
- Linked list descriptor-based operation
- Flexible addressing modes
 - Linear addressing
 - Constant addressing

◆ Quality of Service (QoS)

- Port arbitration
 - Round robin
- Request metering
 - IDT proprietary feature that balances bandwidth among switch ports for maximum system throughput
- High performance switch core architecture
 - Combined Input Output Queued (CIOQ) switch architecture with large buffers

◆ Clocking

- Supports 100 MHz and 125 MHz reference clock frequencies
- Flexible port clocking modes
 - Common clock
 - Non-common clock
 - Local port clock with SSC (spread spectrum setting) and port reference clock input

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◆ Hot-Plug and Hot Swap

- Hot-plug controller on all ports
 - Hot-plug supported on all downstream switch ports
- All ports support hot-plug using low-cost external I²C I/O expanders
- Configurable presence-detect supports card and cable applications
- GPE output pin for hot-plug event notification
 - Enables SCI/SMI generation for legacy operating system support
- Hot-swap capable I/O

◆ Power Management

- Supports D0, D3hot and D3 power management states
- Active State Power Management (ASPM)
 - Supports L0, L0s, L1, L2/L3 Ready, and L3 link states
 - Configurable L0s and L1 entry timers allow performance/power-savings tuning
- SerDes power savings
 - Supports low swing / half-swing SerDes operation
 - SerDes associated with unused ports are turned off
 - SerDes associated with unused lanes are placed in a low power state

◆ Reliability, Availability, and Serviceability (RAS)

- ECRC support
- AER on all ports
- SECDED ECC protection on all internal RAMs
- End-to-end data path parity protection
- Checksum Serial EEPROM content protected
- Ability to generate an interrupt (INTx or MSI) on link up/down transitions

◆ Initialization / Configuration

- Supports Root (BIOS, OS, or driver), Serial EEPROM, or SMBus switch initialization
- Common switch configurations are supported with pin strapping (no external components)
- Supports in-system Serial EEPROM initialization/programming

◆ On-Die Temperature Sensor

- Range of 0 to 127.5 degrees Celsius
- Three programmable temperature thresholds with over and under temperature threshold alarms
- Automatic recording of maximum high or minimum low temperature

◆ 9 General Purpose I/O

◆ Test and Debug

- Ability to inject AER errors simplifies in system error handling software validation
- On-chip link activity and status outputs available for several ports
- Per port link activity and status outputs available using external I²C I/O expander for all remaining ports
- Supports IEEE 1149.6 AC JTAG and IEEE 1149.1 JTAG

◆ Standards and Compatibility

- PCI Express Base Specification 2.1 compliant
- Implements the following optional PCI Express features
 - Advanced Error Reporting (AER) on all ports
 - End-to-End CRC (ECRC)
 - Access Control Services (ACS)
 - Device Serial Number Enhanced Capability
 - Sub-System ID and Sub-System Vendor ID Capability
 - Internal Error Reporting
 - Multicast
 - VGA and ISA enable
 - L0s and L1 ASPM
 - ARI

◆ Power Supplies

- Requires three power supply voltages (1.0V, 2.5V, and 3.3V)

◆ Packaged in a 23mm x 23mm 484-ball Flip Chip BGA with 1mm ball spacing

Product Description

With Non-Transparent Bridging functionality and innovative Switch Partitioning feature, the PES32NT8AG2 allows true multi-host or multi-processor communications in a single device. Integrated DMA controllers enable high-performance system design by off-loading data transfer operations across memories from the processors. Each lane is capable of 5 GT/s link speed in both directions and is fully compliant with PCI Express Base Specification 2.1.

A non-transparent bridge (NTB) is required when two PCI Express domains need to communicate to each other. The main function of the NTB block is to initialize and translate addresses and device IDs to allow data exchange across PCI Express domains. The major functionalities of the NTB block are summarized in Table 1.

Block Diagram

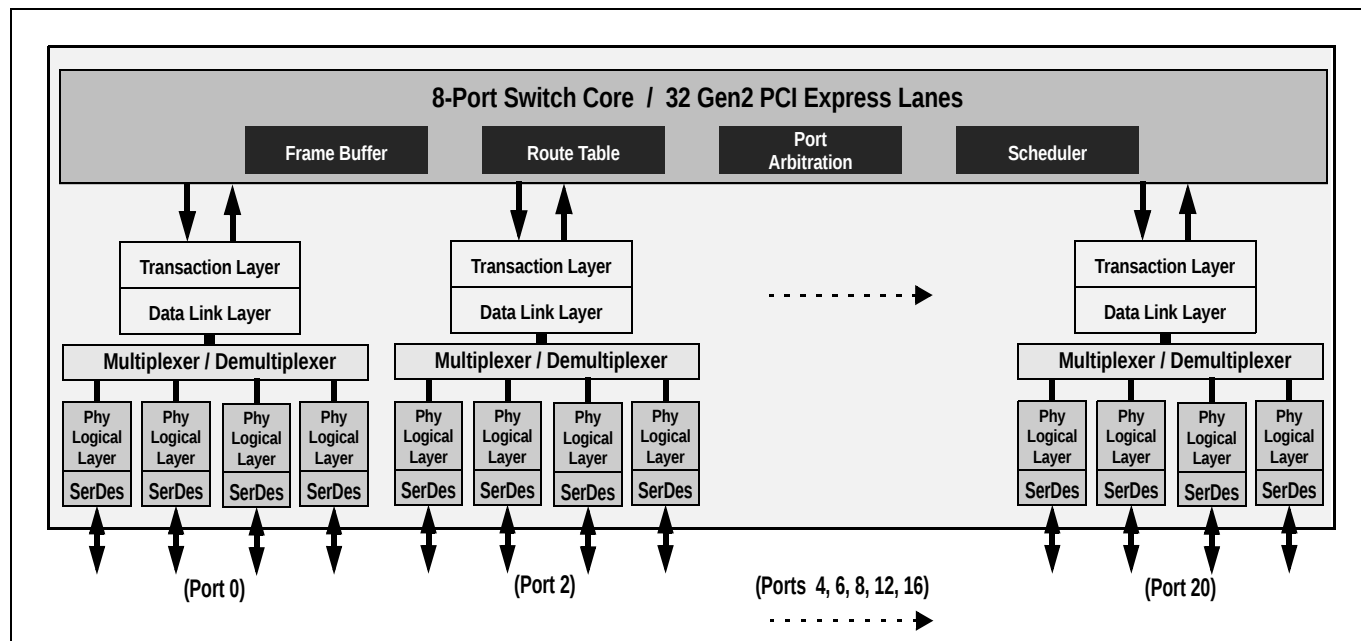


Figure 1 PES32NT8AG2 Block Diagram

Function	Number	Description
NTB ports	Up to 8	Each device can be configured to have up to 8 NTB functions and can support up to 8 CPUs/roots.
Mapping table entries	Up to 64 for entire device	Each device can have up to 64 masters ID for address and ID translations.
Mapping windows	Six 32-bits or three 64-bits	Each NT port has six BARs, where each BAR opening an NT window to another domain.
Address translation	Direct-address and lookup table translations	Lookup-table translation divides the BAR aperture into up to 24 segments, where each segment has independent translation programming and is associated with an entry in a look-up table.
Doorbell registers	32 bits	Doorbell register is used for event signaling between domains, where an outbound doorbell bit sets a corresponding bit at the inbound doorbell in the other domain.
Message registers	4 inbound and out-bound registers of 32-bits	Message registers allow mailbox message passing between domains -- message placed in the inbound register will be seen at the outbound register at the other domain.

Table 1 Non-Transparent Bridge Function Summary

SMBus Interface

The PES32NT8AG2 contains two SMBus interfaces. The slave interface provides full access to the configuration registers in the PES32NT8AG2, allowing every configuration register in the device to be read or written by an external agent. The master interface allows the default configuration register values of the PES32NT8AG2 to be overridden following a reset with values programmed in an external serial EEPROM. The master interface is also used by an external Hot-Plug I/O expander.

Each of the two SMBus interfaces contain an SMBus clock pin and an SMBus data pin. In addition, the slave SMBus has SSMBADDR1 and SSMBADDR2 pins. As shown in Figure 2, the master and slave SMBuses may only be used in a split configuration. In the split configuration, the master and slave SMBuses operate as two independent buses; thus, multi-master arbitration is not required. The SMBus master interface does not support SMBus arbitration. As a result, the switch's SMBus master must be the only master in the SMBus lines that connect to the serial EEPROM and I/O expander slaves.

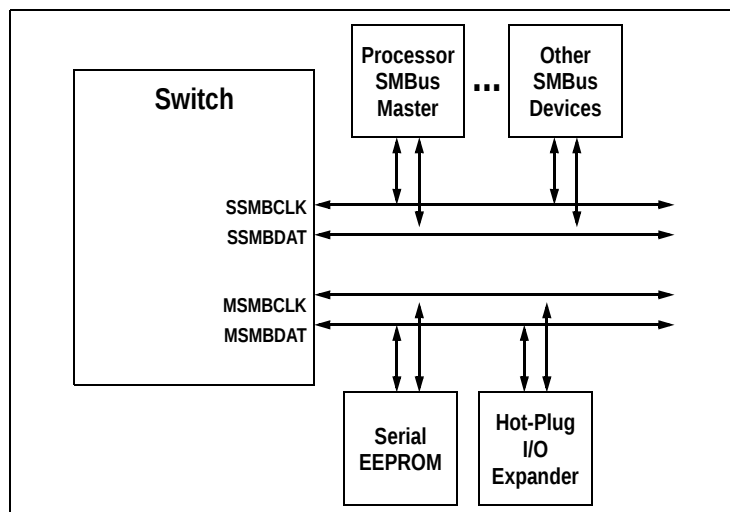


Figure 2 Split SMBus Interface Configuration

Hot-Plug Interface

The PES32NT8AG2 supports PCI Express Hot-Plug on each downstream port. To reduce the number of pins required on the device, the PES32NT8AG2 utilizes an external I/O expander, such as that used on PC motherboards, connected to the SMBus master interface. Following reset and configuration, whenever the state of a Hot-Plug output needs to be modified, the PES32NT8AG2 generates an SMBus transaction to the I/O expander with the new value of all of the outputs. Whenever a Hot-Plug input changes, the I/O expander generates an interrupt which is received on the IOEXPINTN input pin (alternate function of GPIO) of the PES32NT8AG2. In response to an I/O expander interrupt, the PES32NT8AG2 generates an SMBus transaction to read the state of all of the Hot-Plug inputs from the I/O expander.

General Purpose Input/Output

The PES32NT8AG2 provides 9 General Purpose I/O (GPIO) pins that may be individually configured as general purpose inputs, general purpose outputs, or alternate functions. All GPIO pins are shared with other on-chip functions. These alternate functions may be enabled via software, SMBus slave interface, or serial configuration EEPROM.

Pin Description

The following tables list the functions of the pins provided on the PES32NT8AG2. Some of the functions listed may be multiplexed onto the same pin. The active polarity of a signal is defined using a suffix. Signals ending with an “N” are defined as being active, or asserted, when at a logic zero (low) level. All other signals (including clocks, buses, and select lines) will be interpreted as being active, or asserted, when at a logic one (high) level. Differential signals end with a suffix “N” or “P.” The differential signal ending in “P” is the positive portion of the differential pair and the differential signal ending in “N” is the negative portion of the differential pair.

Note: Pin [x] of a port refers to a lane. For port 0, PE00RN[0] refers to lane 0, PE00RN[1] refers to lane 1, etc.

Signal	Type	Name/Description
PE00RN[3:0] PE00RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 0 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 0.
PE00TN[3:0] PE00TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 0 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 0.
PE02RN[3:0] PE02RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 2 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 2.
PE02TN[3:0] PE02TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 2 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 2.
PE04RN[3:0] PE04RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 4 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 4.
PE04TN[3:0] PE04TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 4 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 4.
PE06RN[3:0] PE06RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 6 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 6.
PE06TN[3:0] PE06TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 6 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 6.
PE08RN[3:0] PE08RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 8 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 8.
PE08TN[3:0] PE08TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 8 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 8.
PE12RN[3:0] PE12RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 12 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 12.
PE12TN[3:0] PE12TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 12 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 12.
PE16RN[3:0] PE16RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 16 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 16.
PE16TN[3:0] PE16TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 16 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 16.
PE20RN[3:0] PE20RP[3:0]	I	PCI Express Port 20 Serial Data Receive. Differential PCI Express receive pairs for port 20.
PE20TN[3:0] PE20TP[3:0]	O	PCI Express Port 20 Serial Data Transmit. Differential PCI Express transmit pairs for port 20.

Table 2 PCI Express Interface Pins

Signal	Type	Name/Description
GCLKN[1:0] GCLKP[1:0]	I	Global Reference Clock. Differential reference clock input pairs. This clock is used as the reference clock by on-chip PLLs to generate the clocks required for the system logic. The frequency of the differential reference clock is determined by the GCLKFSEL signal. Note: Both pairs of the Global Reference Clocks must be connected to and derived from the same clock source. Refer to the Overview section of Chapter 2 in the PES32NT8xG2 User Manual for additional details.
P00CLKN P00CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 0.
P02CLKN P02CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 2.
P04CLKN P04CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 4.
P06CLKN P06CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 6.
P08CLKN P08CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 8.
P12CLKN P12CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 12.
P16CLKN P16CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 16.
P20CLKN P20CLKP	I	Port Reference Clock. Differential reference clock pair associated with port 20.

Table 3 Reference Clock Pins

Signal	Type	Name/Description
MSMBCLK	I/O	Master SMBus Clock. This bidirectional signal is used to synchronize transfers on the master SMBus. It is active and generating the clock only when the EEPROM or I/O Expanders are being accessed.
MSMBDAT	I/O	Master SMBus Data. This bidirectional signal is used for data on the master SMBus.
SSMBADDR[2,1]	I	Slave SMBus Address. These pins determine the SMBus address to which the slave SMBus interface responds.
SSMBCLK	I/O	Slave SMBus Clock. This bidirectional signal is used to synchronize transfers on the slave SMBus.
SSMBDAT	I/O	Slave SMBus Data. This bidirectional signal is used for data on the slave SMBus.

Table 4 SMBus Interface Pins

Signal	Type	Name/Description
GPIO[0]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: PART0PERSTN 1st Alternate function pin type: Input/Output 1st Alternate function: Assertion of this signal initiated a partition fundamental reset in the corresponding partition. 2nd Alternate function pin name: P16LINKUPN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 16 Link Up Status output.
GPIO[1]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: PART1PERSTN 1st Alternate function pin type: Input/Output 1st Alternate function: Assertion of this signal initiated a partition fundamental reset in the corresponding partition. 2nd Alternate function pin name: P16ACTIVEN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 16 Link Active Status Output.
GPIO[2]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: PART2PERSTN 1st Alternate function pin type: Input/Output 1st Alternate function: Assertion of this signal initiated a partition fundamental reset in the corresponding partition. 2nd Alternate function pin name: P4LINKUPN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 4 Link Up Status output.
GPIO[3]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: PART3PERSTN 1st Alternate function pin type: Input/Output 1st Alternate function: Assertion of this signal initiated a partition fundamental reset in the corresponding partition. 2nd Alternate function pin name: P4ACTIVEN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 4 Link Active Status Output.
GPIO[4]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: FAILOVER0 1st Alternate function pin type: Input 1st Alternate function: When this signal changes state and the corresponding failover capability is enabled, a failover event is signaled. 2nd Alternate function pin name: POLINKUPN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 0 Link Up Status output.
GPIO[5]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: GPEN 1st Alternate function pin type: Output 1st Alternate function: Hot-plug general purpose even output. 2nd Alternate function pin name: POACTIVEN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 0 Link Active Status Output.

Table 5 General Purpose I/O Pins (Part 1 of 2)

Signal	Type	Name/Description
GPIO[6]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: FAILOVER1 1st Alternate function pin type: Input 1st Alternate function: When this signal changes state and the corresponding failover capability is enabled, a failover event is signaled. 2nd Alternate function pin name: FAILOVER3 2nd Alternate function pin type: Input 2nd Alternate function: When this signal changes state and the corresponding failover capability is enabled, a failover event is signaled.
GPIO[7]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: FAILOVER2 1st Alternate function pin type: Input 1st Alternate function: When this signal changes state and the corresponding failover capability is enabled, a failover event is signaled. 2nd Alternate function pin name: P8LINKUPN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 8 Link Up Status output.
GPIO[8]	I/O	General Purpose I/O. This pin can be configured as a general purpose I/O pin. 1st Alternate function pin name: IOEXPINTN 1st Alternate function pin type: Input 1st Alternate function: IO expander interrupt. 2nd Alternate function pin name: P8ACTIVEN 2nd Alternate function pin type: Output 2nd Alternate function: Port 8 Link Active Status Output.

Table 5 General Purpose I/O Pins (Part 2 of 2)

Signal	Type	Name/Description
STK0CFG0	I	Stack 0 Configuration. This pin selects the configuration of stack 0.
STK1CFG0	I	Stack 1 Configuration. This pin selects the configuration of stack 1.
STK2CFG0	I	Stack 2 Configuration. This pin selects the configuration of stack 2.
STK3CFG0	I	Stack 3 Configuration. This pin selects the configuration of stack 3.

Table 6 Stack Configuration Pins

Signal	Type	Name/Description
CLKMODE[1:0]	I	Clock Mode. These signals determine the port clocking mode used by ports of the device.
GCLKFSEL	I	Global Clock Frequency Select. These signals select the frequency of the GCLKP and GCLKN signals. 0x0 100 MHz 0x1 125 MHz

Table 7 System Pins (Part 1 of 2)

Signal	Type	Name/Description
PERSTN	I	Fundamental Reset. Assertion of this signal resets all logic inside the device.
RSTHALT	I	Reset Halt. When this signal is asserted during a switch fundamental reset sequence, the switch remains in a quasi-reset state with the Master and Slave SMBuses active. This allows software to read and write registers internal to the device before normal device operation begins. The device exits the quasi-reset state when the RSTHALT bit is cleared in the SWCTL register by an SMBus master.
SWMODE[3:0]	I	Switch Mode. These configuration pins determine the switch operating mode. These pins should be static and not change following the negation of PERSTN. 0x0 - Single partition 0x1 - Single partition with Serial EEPROM initialization 0x2 - Single partition with Serial EEPROM Jump 0 initialization 0x3 - Single partition with Serial EEPROM Jump 1 initialization 0x4 through 0x7 - Reserved 0x8 - Single partition with reduced latency 0x9 - Single partition with Serial EEPROM initialization and reduced latency 0xA - Multi-partition with Unattached ports 0xB - Multi-partition with Unattached ports and I²C Reset 0xC - Multi-partition with Unattached ports and Serial EEPROM initialization 0xD - Multi-partition with Unattached ports with I²C Reset and Serial EEPROM initialization 0xE - Multi-partition with Disabled ports 0xF - Multi-partition with Disabled ports and Serial EEPROM initialization

Table 7 System Pins (Part 2 of 2)

Signal	Type	Name/Description
JTAG_TCK	I	JTAG Clock. This is an input test clock used to clock the shifting of data into or out of the boundary scan logic or JTAG Controller. JTAG_TCK is independent of the system clock with a nominal 50% duty cycle.
JTAG_TDI	I	JTAG Data Input. This is the serial data input to the boundary scan logic or JTAG Controller.
JTAG_TDO	O	JTAG Data Output. This is the serial data shifted out from the boundary scan logic or JTAG Controller. When no data is being shifted out, this signal is tri-stated.
JTAG_TMS	I	JTAG Mode. The value on this signal controls the test mode select of the boundary scan logic or JTAG Controller.
JTAG_TRST_N	I	JTAG Reset. This active low signal asynchronously resets the boundary scan logic and JTAG TAP Controller. An external pull-up on the board is recommended to meet the JTAG specification in cases where the tester can access this signal. However, for systems running in functional mode, one of the following should occur: 1) actively drive this signal low with control logic 2) statically drive this signal low with an external pull-down on the board

Table 8 Test Pins

Signal	Type	Name/Description
REFRES[7:0]	—	External Reference Resistor. Reference for the corresponding SerDes bias currents and PLL calibration circuitry. A 3K Ohm +/- 1% resistor should be connected from this pin to ground and isolated from any source of noise injection. Each bit of this signal corresponds to a SerDes quad, e.g., REFRES[5] is the reference resistor for SerDes quad 5.
REFRESPLL	—	PLL External Reference Resistor. Provides a reference for the PLL bias currents and PLL calibration circuitry. A 3K Ohm +/- 1% resistor should be connected from this pin to ground and isolated from any source of noise injection.
V _{DD} CORE	—	Core V_{DD}. Power supply for core logic (1.0V).
V _{DD} I/O	—	I/O V_{DD}. LVTTTL I/O buffer power supply (3.3V).
V _{DD} PEA	—	PCI Express Analog Power. Serdes analog power supply (1.0V).
V _{DD} PEHA	—	PCI Express Analog High Power. Serdes analog power supply (2.5V).
V _{DD} PETA	—	PCI Express Transmitter Analog Voltage. Serdes transmitter analog power supply (1.0V).
V _{SS}	—	Ground.

Table 9 Power, Ground, and SerDes Resistor Pins

Pin Characteristics

Note: Some input pads of the switch do not contain internal pull-ups or pull-downs. Unused SMBus and System inputs should be tied off to appropriate levels. This is especially critical for unused control signal inputs which, if left floating, could adversely affect operation. Also, floating pins can cause a slight increase in power consumption. Unused Serdes (Rx and Tx) pins should be left floating. Finally, No Connection pins should not be connected.

Function	Pin Name	Type	Buffer	I/O Type	Internal Resistor ¹	Notes
PCI Express Interface	PE00RN[3:0]	I	PCIe differential ²	Serial Link		Note: Unused SerDes pins can be left floating
	PE00RP[3:0]	I				
	PE00TN[3:0]	O				
	PE00TP[3:0]	O				
	PE02RN[3:0]	I				
	PE02RP[3:0]	I				
	PE02TN[3:0]	O				
	PE02TP[3:0]	O				
	PE04RN[3:0]	I				
	PE04RP[3:0]	I				
	PE04TN[3:0]	O				
	PE04TP[3:0]	O				
	PE06RN[3:0]	I				
	PE06RP[3:0]	I				
	PE06TN[3:0]	O				
	PE06TP[3:0]	O				
	PE08RN[3:0]	I				
	PE08RP[3:0]	I				
	PE08TN[3:0]	O				
	PE08TP[3:0]	O				
	PE12RN[3:0]	I				
	PE12RP[3:0]	I				
	PE12TN[3:0]	O				
	PE12TP[3:0]	O				
	PE16RN[3:0]	I				
	PE16RP[3:0]	I				
	PE16TN[3:0]	O				
	PE16TP[3:0]	O				
PCI Express Interface (cont.)	PE20RN[3:0]	I	PCIe differential	Serial Link		
	PE20RP[3:0]	I				
	PE20TN[3:0]	O				
	PE20TP[3:0]	O				

Table 10 Pin Characteristics (Part 1 of 3)

Function	Pin Name	Type	Buffer	I/O Type	Internal Resistor ¹	Notes
Reference Clocks	GCLKN[1:0]	I	HCSL	Diff. Clock Input		Refer to Table 11 Note: Unused port clock pins should be connected to Vss on the board.
	GCLKP[1:0]	I				
	P00CLKN	I				
	P00CLKP	I				
	P02CLKN	I				
	P02CLKP	I				
	P04CLKN	I				
	P04CLKP	I				
	P06CLKN	I				
	P06CLKP	I				
	P08CLKN	I				
	P08CLKP	I				
	P12CLKN	I				
	P12CLKP	I				
	P16CLKN	I				
	P16CLKP	I				
	P20CLKN	I				
	P20CLKP	I				
SMBus	MSMBCLK	I/O	LVTTTL	STI ³	Note: When unused, these signals must be pulled up on the board using an external resistor or current source in accordance with the SMBus specification.	
	MSMBDAT	I/O		STI		
	SSMBADDR[2,1]	I			pull-up	
	SSMBCLK	I/O		STI	Note: When unused, these signals must be pulled up on the board using an external resistor or current source in accordance with the SMBus specification.	
	SSMBDAT	I/O		STI		
General Purpose I/O	GPIO[8:0]	I/O	LVTTTL	STI, High Drive	pull-up	Unused pins can be left floating.
Stack Configuration	STK0CFG0	I	LVTTTL	Input	pull-down	Unused pins can be left floating.
	STK1CFG0	I				
	STK2CFG0	I				
	STK3CFG0	I				

Table 10 Pin Characteristics (Part 2 of 3)

Function	Pin Name	Type	Buffer	I/O Type	Internal Resistor ¹	Notes
System Pins	CLKMODE[1:0]	I	LVTTTL	Input	pull-up	Unused pins can be left floating.
	GCLKFSEL	I			pull-down	
	PERSTN	I				Schmitt trigger
	RSTHALT	I			pull-down	Unused pins can be left floating.
	SWMODE[3:0]	I			pull-down	
EJTAG / JTAG	JTAG_TCK	I	LVTTTL	STI	pull-up	Unused pins can be left floating.
	JTAG_TDI	I		STI	pull-up	
	JTAG_TDO	O				
	JTAG_TMS	I		STI	pull-up	
	JTAG_TRST_N	I		STI	pull-up	
SerDes Reference Resistors	REFRES[7:0]	—	Analog			Unused pins should be connected to Vss on the board.
	REFRESPLL	—				

Table 10 Pin Characteristics (Part 3 of 3)

¹. Internal resistor values under typical operating conditions are 92K Ω for pull-up and 91K Ω for pull-down.

². All receiver pins set the DC common mode voltage to ground. All transmitters must be AC coupled to the media.

³. Schmitt Trigger Input (STI).

Logic Diagram — PES32NT8AG2

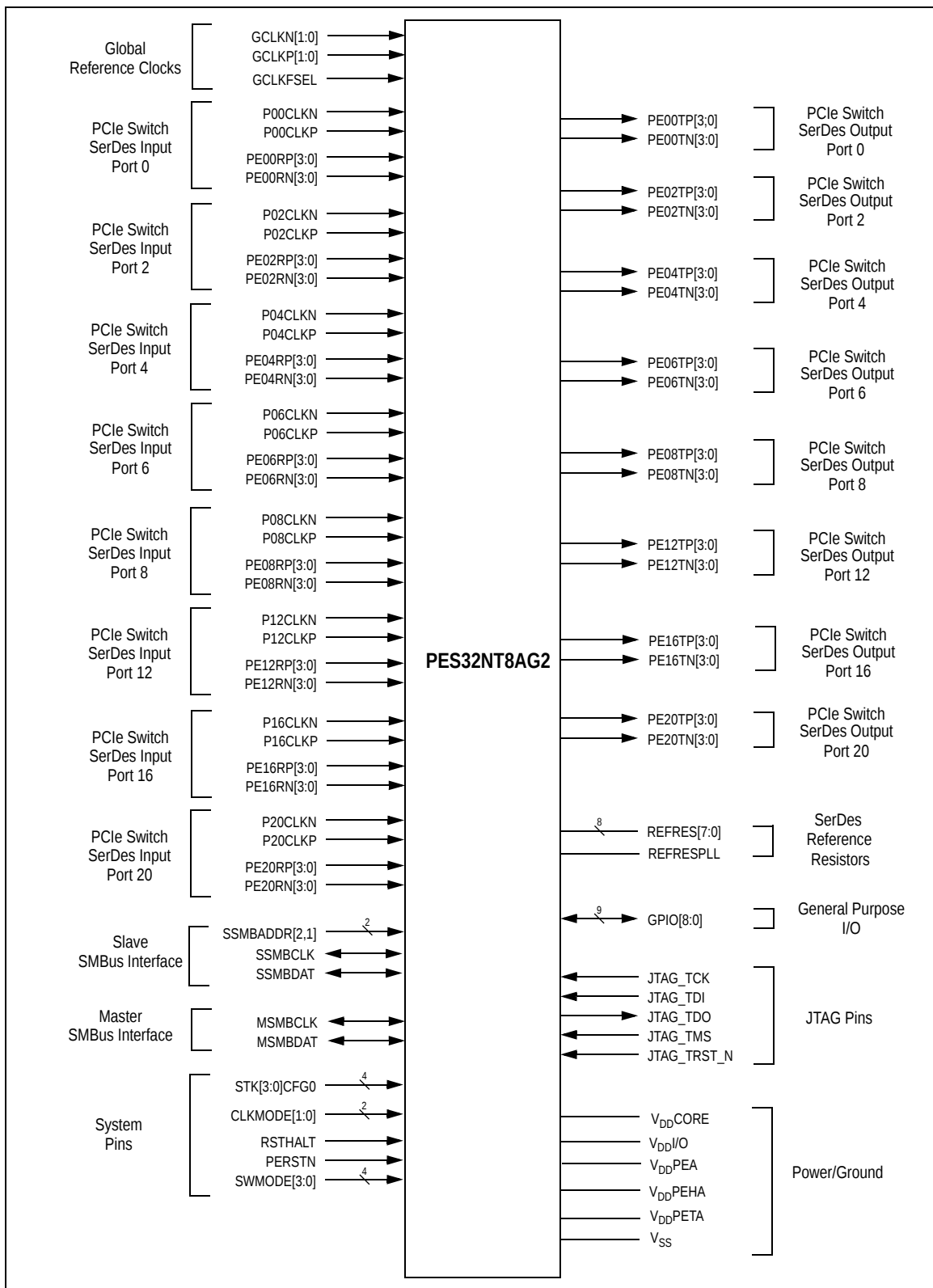


Figure 3 PES32NT8AG2 Logic Diagram

System Clock Parameters

Values based on systems running at recommended supply voltages and operating temperatures, as shown in Tables 16 and 15.

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Refclk _{FREQ}	Input reference clock frequency range		100		125 ¹	MHz
T _{C-RISE}	Rising edge rate	Differential	0.6		4	V/ns
T _{C-FALL}	Falling edge rate	Differential	0.6		4	V/ns
V _{IH}	Differential input high voltage	Differential	+150			mV
V _{IL}	Differential input low voltage	Differential			-150	mV
V _{CROSS}	Absolute single-ended crossing point voltage	Single-ended	+250		+550	mV
V _{CROSS-DELTA}	Variation of V _{CROSS} over all rising clock edges	Single-ended			+140	mV
V _{RB}	Ring back voltage margin	Differential	-100		+100	mV
T _{STABLE}	Time before V _{RB} is allowed	Differential	500			ps
T _{PERIOD-AVG}	Average clock period accuracy		-300		2800	ppm
T _{PERIOD-ABS}	Absolute period, including spread-spectrum and jitter		9.847		10.203	ns
T _{CC-JITTER}	Cycle to cycle jitter				150	ps
V _{MAX}	Absolute maximum input voltage				+1.15	V
V _{MIN}	Absolute minimum input voltage		-0.3			V
Duty Cycle	Duty cycle		40		60	%
Rise/Fall Matching	Single ended rising Refclk edge rate versus falling Refclk edge rate			20		%
Z _{C-DC}	Clock source output DC impedance		40		60	Ω

Table 11 Input Clock Requirements

¹ The input clock frequency will be either 100 or 125 MHz depending on signal GCLKFSEL.

Note: Refclk jitter compliant to PCIe Gen2 Common Clock architecture is adequate for the GCLKN/P[x] and PE[x]CLKN/P pins of this IDT PCIe switch. This same jitter specification is applicable when interfacing the switch to another IDT switch in a Separate (Non-Common) Clock architecture.

AC Timing Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Gen 1			Gen 2			Units
		Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹	Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹	
PCIe Transmit								
UI	Unit Interval	399.88	400	400.12	199.94	200	200.06	ps
T _{TX-EYE}	Minimum Tx Eye Width	0.75			0.75			UI
T _{TX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-JITTER}	Maximum time between the jitter median and maximum deviation from the median			0.125				UI

Table 12 PCIe AC Timing Characteristics (Part 1 of 2)

Parameter	Description	Gen 1			Gen 2			Units
		Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹	Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹	
T _{TX-RISE} , T _{TX-FALL}	TX Rise/Fall Time: 20% - 80%	0.125			0.15			UI
T _{TX-IDLE-MIN}	Minimum time in idle	20			20			UI
T _{TX-IDLE-SET-TO-IDLE}	Maximum time to transition to a valid Idle after sending an Idle ordered set			8			8	ns
T _{TX-IDLE-TO-DIFF-DATA}	Maximum time to transition from valid idle to diff data			8			8	ns
T _{TX-SKEW}	Transmitter data skew between any 2 lanes			1.3			1.3	ns
T _{MIN-PULSED}	Minimum Instantaneous Lone Pulse Width	NA			0.9			UI
T _{TX-HF-DJ-DD}	Transmitter Deterministic Jitter > 1.5MHz Bandwidth	NA					0.15	UI
T _{RF-MISMATCH}	Rise/Fall Time Differential Mismatch	NA					0.1	UI
PCIe Receive								
UI	Unit Interval	399.88	400	400.12	199.94		200.06	ps
T _{RX-EYE (with jitter)}	Minimum Receiver Eye Width (jitter tolerance)	0.4			0.4			UI
T _{RX-EYE-MEDIUM TO MAX JITTER}	Max time between jitter median & max deviation			0.3				UI
T _{RX-SKEW}	Lane to lane input skew			20			8	ns
T _{RX-HF-RMS}	1.5 — 100 MHz RMS jitter (common clock)	NA					3.4	ps
T _{RX-HF-DJ-DD}	Maximum tolerable DJ by the receiver (common clock)	NA					88	ps
T _{RX-LF-RMS}	10 KHz to 1.5 MHz RMS jitter (common clock)	NA					4.2	ps
T _{RX-MIN-PULSE}	Minimum receiver instantaneous eye width	NA			0.6			UI

Table 12 PCIe AC Timing Characteristics (Part 2 of 2)

¹ Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values meet the requirements under PCI Express Base Specification 2.1.

Signal	Symbol	Reference Edge	Min	Max	Unit	Timing Diagram Reference
GPIO						
GPIO[8:0] ¹	Tpw_13b ²	None	50	—	ns	See Figure 4.

Table 13 GPIO AC Timing Characteristics

¹ GPIO signals must meet the setup and hold times if they are synchronous or the minimum pulse width if they are asynchronous.

² The values for this symbol were determined by calculation, not by testing.

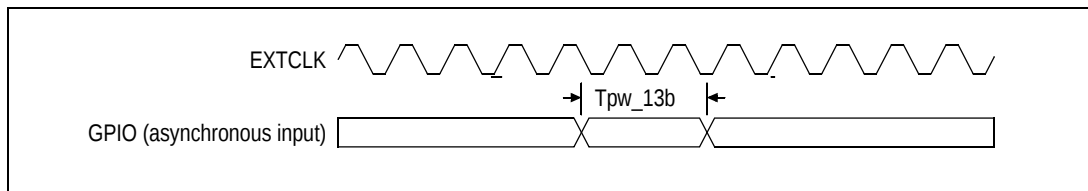


Figure 4 GPIO AC Timing Waveform

Signal	Symbol	Reference Edge	Min	Max	Unit	Timing Diagram Reference
JTAG						
JTAG_TCK	Tper_16a	none	50.0	—	ns	See Figure 5 .
	Thigh_16a, Tlow_16a		10.0	25.0	ns	
JTAG_TMS ¹ , JTAG_TDI	Tsu_16b	JTAG_TCK rising	2.4	—	ns	
	Thld_16b		1.0	—	ns	
JTAG_TDO	Tdo_16c	JTAG_TCK falling	—	20	ns	
	Tdz_16c ²		—	20	ns	
JTAG_TRST_N	Tpw_16d ²	none	25.0	—	ns	

Table 14 JTAG AC Timing Characteristics

¹ The JTAG specification, IEEE 1149.1, recommends that JTAG_TMS should be held at 1 while the signal applied at JTAG_TRST_N changes from 0 to 1. Otherwise, a race may occur if JTAG_TRST_N is deasserted (going from low to high) on a rising edge of JTAG_TCK when JTAG_TMS is low, because the TAP controller might go to either the Run-Test/Idle state or stay in the Test-Logic-Reset state.

² The values for this symbol were determined by calculation, not by testing.

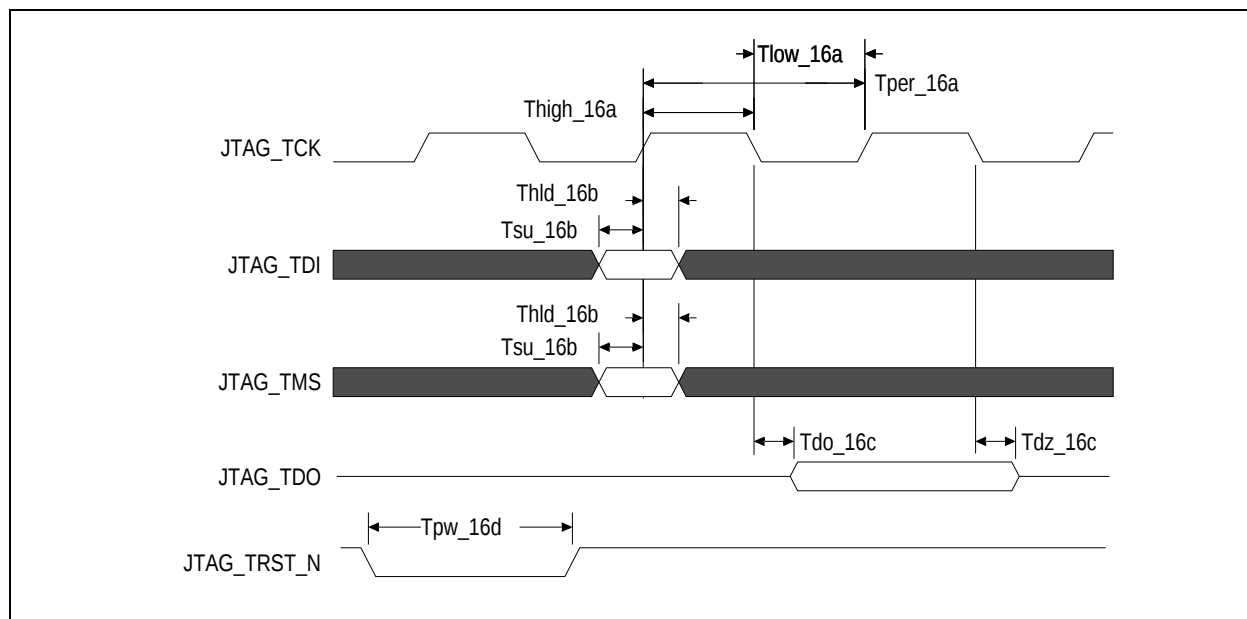


Figure 5 JTAG AC Timing Waveform

Recommended Operating Temperature

Grade	Temperature
Commercial	0°C to +70°C Ambient
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C Ambient

Table 15 PES32NT8AG2 Operating Temperatures

Recommended Operating Supply Voltages — Commercial Temperature

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V _{DD} CORE	Internal logic supply	0.9	1.0	1.1	V
V _{DD} I/O	I/O supply except for SerDes	3.125	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DD} PEA ¹	PCI Express Analog Power	0.95	1.0	1.1	V
V _{DD} PEHA ²	PCI Express Analog High Power	2.25	2.5	2.75	V
V _{DD} PETA ¹	PCI Express Transmitter Analog Voltage	0.95	1.0	1.1	V
V _{SS}	Common ground	0	0	0	V

Table 16 PES32NT8AG2 Operating Voltages — Commercial Temperature

¹. V_{DD}PEA and V_{DD}PETA should have no more than 25mV_{peak-peak} AC power supply noise superimposed on the 1.0V nominal DC value.

². V_{DD}PEHA should have no more than 50mV_{peak-peak} AC power supply noise superimposed on the 2.5V nominal DC value.

Recommended Operating Supply Voltages — Industrial Temperature

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V _{DD} CORE	Internal logic supply	0.9	1.0	1.1	V
V _{DD} I/O	I/O supply except for SerDes	3.125	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DD} PEA ¹	PCI Express Analog Power	0.95	1.0	1.05	V
V _{DD} PEHA ²	PCI Express Analog High Power	2.25	2.5	2.75	V
V _{DD} PETA ¹	PCI Express Transmitter Analog Voltage	0.95	1.0	1.1	V
V _{SS}	Common ground	0	0	0	V

Table 17 PES32NT8AG2 Operating Voltages — Industrial Temperature

¹. V_{DD}PEA and V_{DD}PETA should have no more than 25mV_{peak-peak} AC power supply noise superimposed on the 1.0V nominal DC value.

². V_{DD}PEHA should have no more than 50mV_{peak-peak} AC power supply noise superimposed on the 2.5V nominal DC value.

Power-Up/Power-Down Sequence

During power supply ramp-up, V_{DD}CORE must remain at least 1.0V below V_{DD}I/O at all times. There are no other power-up sequence requirements for the various operating supply voltages.

The power-down sequence can occur in any order.

Power Consumption

Typical power is measured under the following conditions: 25°C Ambient, 35% total link usage on all ports, typical voltages defined in [Table 16](#) (and also listed below).

Maximum power is measured under the following conditions: 70°C Ambient, 85% total link usage on all ports, maximum voltages defined in [Table 16](#) (and also listed below).

Number of Active Lanes per Port		Core Supply		PCIe Analog Supply		PCIe Analog High Supply		PCIe Transmitter Supply		I/O Supply		Total	
		Typ 1.0V	Max 1.1V	Typ 1.0V	Max 1.1V	Typ 2.5V	Max 2.75V	Typ 1.0V	Max 1.1V	Typ 3.3V	Max 3.465	Typ Power	Max Power
x8/x8/x8/x4/x4 (Full Swing)	mA	2486	3400	1623	1806	230	234	679	729	3	5		
	Watts	2.49	3.74	1.62	1.99	0.58	0.64	0.68	0.80	0.01	0.02	5.38	7.19
x8/x8/x8/x4/x4 (Half Swing)	mA	2486	3400	1396	1553	230	234	353	379	3	5		
	Watts	2.49	3.74	1.40	1.71	0.58	0.64	0.35	0.42	0.01	.02	4.83	6.53

Table 18 PES32NT8AG2 Power Consumption

Note 1: The above power consumption assumes that all ports are functioning at Gen2 (5.0 GT/S) speeds. Power consumption can be reduced by turning off unused ports through software or through boot EEPROM. Power savings will occur in V_{DD}PEA, V_{DD}PEHA, and V_{DD}PETA. Power savings can be estimated as directly proportional to the number of unused ports, since the power consumption of a turned-off port is close to zero. For example, if 3 ports out of 16 are turned off, then the power savings for each of the above three power rails can be calculated quite simply as 3/16 multiplied by the power consumption indicated in the above table.

Note 2: Using a port in Gen1 mode (2.5GT/S) results in approximately 18% power savings for each power rail: V_{DD}PEA, V_{DD}PEHA, and V_{DD}PETA.

Thermal Considerations

This section describes thermal considerations for the PES32NT8AG2 (23mm² FCBGA484 package). The data in Table 19 below contains information that is relevant to the thermal performance of the PES32NT8AG2 switch.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units	Conditions
$T_{J(max)}$	Junction Temperature	125	°C	Maximum
$T_{A(max)}$	Ambient Temperature	70	°C	Maximum for commercial-rated products
		85	°C	Maximum for industrial-rated products
$\theta_{JA(effective)}$	Effective Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	15.2	°C/W	Zero air flow
		8.5	°C/W	1 m/S air flow
		7.1	°C/W	2 m/S air flow
θ_{JB}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	3.1	°C/W	
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	0.15	°C/W	
P	Power Dissipation of the Device	7.19	Watts	Maximum

Table 19 Thermal Specifications for PES32NT8AG2, 23x23 mm FCBGA484 Package

Note: It is important for the reliability of this device in any user environment that the junction temperature not exceed the $T_{J(max)}$ value specified in Table 19. Consequently, the effective junction to ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) for the worst case scenario must be maintained below the value determined by the formula:

$$\theta_{JA} = (T_{J(max)} - T_{A(max)})/P$$

Given that the values of $T_{J(max)}$, $T_{A(max)}$, and P are known, the value of desired θ_{JA} becomes a known entity to the system designer. How to achieve the desired θ_{JA} is left up to the board or system designer, but in general, it can be achieved by adding the effects of θ_{JC} (value provided in Table 19), thermal resistance of the chosen adhesive (θ_{CS}), that of the heat sink (θ_{SA}), amount of airflow, and properties of the circuit board (number of layers and size of the board). It is strongly recommended that users perform their own thermal analysis for their own board and system design scenarios.

DC Electrical Characteristics

Values based on systems running at recommended supply voltages, as shown in [Table 16](#).

Note: See [Table 10](#), Pin Characteristics, for a complete I/O listing.

I/O Type	Parameter	Description	Gen1			Gen2			Unit	Condi- tions
			Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹	Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹		
Serial Link	PCIe Transmit									
	V _{TX-DIFFp-p}	Differential peak-to-peak output voltage	800		1200	800		1200	mV	
	V _{TX-DIFFp-p-LOW}	Low-Drive Differential Peak to Peak Output Voltage	400		1200	400		1200	mV	
	V _{TX-DE-RATIO-3.5dB}	De-emphasized differential out-put voltage	-3		-4	-3.0	-3.5	-4.0	dB	
	V _{TX-DE-RATIO-6.0dB}	De-emphasized differential out-put voltage	NA			-5.5	-6.0	-6.5	dB	
	V _{TX-DC-CM}	DC Common mode voltage	0		3.6	0		3.6	V	
	V _{TX-CM-ACP}	RMS AC peak common mode output voltage			20				mV	
	V _{TX-CM-DC-active-idle-delta}	Abs delta of DC common mode voltage between L0 and idle			100			100	mV	
	V _{TX-CM-DC-line-delta}	Abs delta of DC common mode voltage between D+ and D-			25			25	mV	
	V _{TX-Idle-DiffP}	Electrical idle diff peak output			20			20	mV	
	RL _{TX-DIFF}	Transmitter Differential Return loss	10					10	dB	0.05 - 1.25GHz
								8	dB	1.25 - 2.5GHz
	RL _{TX-CM}	Transmitter Common Mode Return loss	6					6	dB	
	Z _{TX-DIFF-DC}	DC Differential TX impedance	80	100	120			120	Ω	
	VTX _{CM-ACpp}	Peak-Peak AC Common	NA					100	mV	
	V _{TX-DC-CM}	Transmit Driver DC Common Mode Voltage	0		3.6	0		3.6	V	
	V _{TX-RCV-DETECT}	The amount of voltage change allowed during Receiver Detec-tion			600			600	mV	
	I _{TX-SHORT}	Transmitter Short Circuit Current Limit	0		90				90	mA

Table 20 DC Electrical Characteristics (Part 1 of 3)

I/O Type	Parameter	Description	Gen1			Gen2			Unit	Condi- tions
			Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹	Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹		
Serial Link (cont.)	PCIe Receive									
	V _{RX-DIFFp-p}	Differential input voltage (peak-to-peak)	175		1200	120		1200	mV	
	RL _{RX-DIFF}	Receiver Differential Return Loss	10					10	dB	0.05 - 1.25GHz
							8	1.25 - 2.5GHz		
	RL _{RX-CM}	Receiver Common Mode Return Loss	6					6	dB	
	Z _{RX-DIFF-DC}	Differential input impedance (DC)	80	100	120	Refer to return loss spec			Ω	
	Z _{RX-DC}	DC common mode impedance	40	50	60	40		60	Ω	
	Z _{RX-COMM-DC}	Powered down input common mode impedance (DC)	200k	350k				50k	Ω	
	Z _{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-POS}	DC input CM input impedance for V>0 during reset or power down			50k			50k	Ω	
	Z _{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-NEG}	DC input CM input impedance for V<0 during reset or power down			1.0k			1.0k	Ω	
	V _{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFFp-p}	Electrical idle detect threshold	65		175	65		175	mV	
V _{RX-CM-ACp}	Receiver AC common-mode peak voltage			150			150	mV	V _{RX-CM-ACp}	
PCIe REFCLK										
	C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	1.5	—		1.5	—		pF	
Other I/Os										
LOW Drive Output	I _{OL}		—	2.5	—	—	2.5	—	mA	V _{OL} = 0.4v
	I _{OH}		—	-5.5	—	—	-5.5	—	mA	V _{OH} = 1.5V
High Drive Output	I _{OL}		—	12.0	—	—	12.0	—	mA	V _{OL} = 0.4v
	I _{OH}		—	-20.0	—	—	-20.0	—	mA	V _{OH} = 1.5V
Schmitt Trigger Input (STI)	V _{IL}		-0.3	—	0.8	-0.3	—	0.8	V	—
	V _{IH}		2.0	—	V _{DD} /O + 0.5	2.0	—	V _{DD} /O + 0.5	V	—
Input	V _{IL}		-0.3	—	0.8	-0.3	—	0.8	V	—
	V _{IH}		2.0	—	V _{DD} /O + 0.5	2.0	—	V _{DD} /O + 0.5	V	—
3.3V Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}		—	—	0.4		—	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 8mA for JTAG_TDO and GPIO pins
3.3V Output High Volt- age	V _{OH}		2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	V	I _{OH} = 8mA for JTAG_TDO and GPIO pins

Table 20 DC Electrical Characteristics (Part 2 of 3)

I/O Type	Parameter	Description	Gen1			Gen2			Unit	Condi- tions
			Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹	Min ¹	Typ ¹	Max ¹		
Capacitance	C _{IN}		—	—	8.5	—	—	8.5	pF	—
Leakage	Inputs		—	—	± 10	—	—	± 10	μA	V _{DD} /I/O (max)
	I/O _{LEAK} w/o Pull-ups/downs		—	—	± 10	—	—	± 10	μA	V _{DD} /I/O (max)
	I/O _{LEAK} WITH Pull-ups/downs		—	—	± 80	—	—	± 80	μA	V _{DD} /I/O (max)

Table 20 DC Electrical Characteristics (Part 3 of 3)

¹ Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values meet the requirements under PCI Express Base Specification 2.1.

Absolute Maximum Voltage Rating

Core Supply	PCIe Analog Supply	PCIe Analog High Supply	PCIe Transmitter Supply	I/O Supply
1.5V	1.5V	4.6V	1.5V	4.6V

Table 21 PES32NT8AG2 Absolute Maximum Voltage Rating

Warning: For proper and reliable operation in adherence with this data sheet, the device should not exceed the recommended operating voltages in Table 16. The absolute maximum operating voltages in Table 21 are offered to provide guidelines for voltage excursions outside the recommended voltage ranges. Device functionality is not guaranteed at these conditions and sustained operation at these values or any exposure to voltages outside the maximum range may adversely affect device functionality and reliability.

SMBus Characterization

Symbol	Parameter	SMBus 2.0 Char. Data ¹			Unit
		3V	3.3V	3.6V	
DC Parameter for SDA Pin					
V _{IL}	Input Low	1.16	1.26	1.35	V
V _{IH}	Input High	1.56	1.67	1.78	V
V _{OL@350uA}	Output Low	15	15	15	mV
I _{OL@0.4V}		23	24	25	mA
I _{Pullup}	Current Source	—	—	—	μA
I _{IL_Leak}	Input Low Leakage	0	0	0	μA
I _{IH_Leak}	Input High Leakage	0	0	0	μA

Table 22 SMBus DC Characterization Data (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	SMBus 2.0 Char. Data ¹			Unit
		3V	3.3V	3.6V	
DC Parameter for SCL Pin					
V _{IL} (V)	Input Low	1.11	1.2	1.31	V
V _{IH} (V)	Input High	1.54	1.65	1.76	V
I _{IL_Leak}	Input Low Leakage	0	0	0	μA
I _{IH_Leak}	Input High Leakage	0	0	0	μA

Table 22 SMBus DC Characterization Data (Part 2 of 2)¹ Data at room and hot temperature.

Symbol	Parameter	SMBus @3.3V $\pm 10\%$ ¹		Unit
		Min	Max	
F_{SCL}	Clock frequency	5	600	KHz
T_{BUF}	Bus free time between Stop and Start	3.5	—	μ s
$T_{HD:STA}$	Start condition hold time	1	—	μ s
$T_{SU:STA}$	Start condition setup time	1	—	μ s
$T_{SU:STO}$	Stop condition setup time	1	—	μ s
$T_{HD:DAT}$	Data hold time	1	—	ns
$T_{SU:DAT}$	Data setup time	1	—	ns
$T_{TIMEOUT}$	Detect clock low time out	—	74.7	ms
T_{LOW}^2	Clock low period	3.7	—	μ s
T_{HIGH}^2	Clock high period	3.7	—	μ s
T_F	Clock/Data fall time	—	72.2	ns
T_R	Clock/Data rise time	—	68.3	ns
$T_{POR@10kHz}$	Time which a device must be operational after power-on reset	20	—	ms

Table 23 SMBus AC Timing Data¹ Data at room and hot temperature.² T_{LOW} and T_{HIGH} are measured at $F_{SCL} = 135$ kHz.

Package Pinout — 484-BGA Signal Pinout for the PES32NT8AG2

The following table lists the pin numbers and signal names for the PES32NT8AG2 device. Note: Pins labeled NC are No Connection.

Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.
A1	V _{SS}		B5	PE06TN3		C9	REFRES03	
A2	V _{SS}		B6	PE06TN2		C10	V _{SS}	
A3	V _{SS}		B7	V _{SS}		C11	V _{SS}	
A4	V _{SS}		B8	PE06TN1		C12	V _{SS}	
A5	PE06TP3		B9	PE06TN0		C13	V _{SS}	
A6	PE06TP2		B10	V _{SS}		C14	V _{SS}	
A7	V _{SS}		B11	P06CLKN		C15	V _{SS}	
A8	PE06TP1		B12	GCLKN0		C16	NC	
A9	PE06TP0		B13	P04CLKN		C17	V _{SS}	
A10	V _{SS}		B14	V _{SS}		C18	V _{SS}	
A11	P06CLKP		B15	PE04TN3		C19	V _{SS}	
A12	GCLKP0		B16	PE04TN2		C20	MSMBDAT	
A13	P04CLKP		B17	V _{SS}		C21	SSMBDAT	
A14	V _{SS}		B18	PE04TN1		C22	JTAG_TCK	
A15	PE04TP3		B19	PE04TN0		D1	VDDIO	
A16	PE04TP2		B20	PERSTN		D2	VDDIO	
A17	V _{SS}		B21	JTAG_TMS		D3	VDDIO	
A18	PE04TP1		B22	CLKMODE1		D4	V _{SS}	
A19	PE04TP0		C1	V _{SS}		D5	V _{SS}	
A20	MSMBCLK		C2	V _{SS}		D6	V _{SS}	
A21	JTAG_TDO		C3	V _{SS}		D7	PE06RN3	
A22	JTAG_TRST_N		C4	V _{SS}		D8	PE06RN2	
B1	V _{SS}		C5	V _{SS}		D9	V _{SS}	
B2	V _{SS}		C6	V _{SS}		D10	PE06RN1	
B3	V _{SS}		C7	V _{SS}		D11	PE06RN0	
B4	V _{SS}		C8	V _{SS}		D12	REFRESPLL	

Table 24 PES32NT8AG2 Signal Pin-Out (Part 1 of 7)

Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.
D13	REFRES02		E17	PE04RP1		F21	V _{SS}	
D14	PE04RN3		E18	PE04RP0		F22	V _{SS}	
D15	PE04RN2		E19	VDDIO		G1	PE08TP0	
D16	V _{SS}		E20	P02CLKP		G2	PE08TN0	
D17	PE04RN1		E21	VDDIO		G3	V _{SS}	
D18	PE04RN0		E22	VDDIO		G4	PE08RN0	
D19	V _{SS}		F1	V _{SS}		G5	PE08RP0	
D20	JTAG_TDI		F2	V _{SS}		G6	V _{DD} PETA	
D21	SSMBCLK		F3	P08CLKN		G7	V _{DD} PEHA	
D22	SSMBADDR2		F4	V _{SS}		G8	V _{SS}	
E1	VDDIO		F5	V _{SS}		G9	V _{DD} PEA	
E2	VDDIO		F6	V _{SS}		G10	V _{DD} PEA	
E3	P08CLKP		F7	V _{DD} PEHA		G11	V _{DD} PEA	
E4	VDDIO		F8	V _{DD} PEHA		G12	V _{DD} PEA	
E5	V _{SS}		F9	V _{DD} PETA		G13	V _{DD} PEA	
E6	V _{SS}		F10	V _{DD} PETA		G14	V _{DD} PEA	
E7	PE06RP3		F11	V _{DD} PETA		G15	V _{SS}	
E8	PE06RP2		F12	V _{DD} PETA		G16	V _{DD} PEHA	
E9	V _{SS}		F13	V _{DD} PETA		G17	V _{DD} PETA	
E10	PE06RP1		F14	V _{DD} PETA		G18	PE02RP3	
E11	PE06RP0		F15	V _{DD} PEHA		G19	PE02RN3	
E12	V _{SS}		F16	V _{DD} PEHA		G20	V _{SS}	
E13	V _{SS}		F17	V _{SS}		G21	PE02TN3	
E14	PE04RP3		F18	V _{SS}		G22	PE02TP3	
E15	PE04RP2		F19	V _{SS}		H1	PE08TP1	
E16	V _{SS}		F20	P02CLKN		H2	PE08TN1	

Table 24 PES32NT8AG2 Signal Pin-Out (Part 2 of 7)

Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.
H3	V _{SS}		J7	V _{DD} PEA		K11	V _{SS}	
H4	PE08RN1		J8	V _{SS}		K12	V _{SS}	
H5	PE08RP1		J9	V _{DD} CORE		K13	V _{DD} CORE	
H6	V _{DD} PETA		J10	V _{DD} CORE		K14	V _{DD} CORE	
H7	V _{DD} PEHA		J11	V _{SS}		K15	V _{SS}	
H8	V _{SS}		J12	V _{SS}		K16	V _{DD} PEA	
H9	V _{DD} CORE		J13	V _{DD} CORE		K17	REFRES01	
H10	V _{DD} CORE		J14	V _{DD} CORE		K18	PE02RP1	
H11	V _{SS}		J15	V _{SS}		K19	PE02RN1	
H12	V _{SS}		J16	V _{DD} PEA		K20	V _{SS}	
H13	V _{DD} CORE		J17	V _{DD} PETA		K21	PE02TN1	
H14	V _{DD} CORE		J18	V _{SS}		K22	PE02TP1	
H15	V _{SS}		J19	V _{SS}		L1	PE08TP3	
H16	V _{DD} PEHA		J20	V _{SS}		L2	PE08TN3	
H17	V _{DD} PETA		J21	V _{SS}		L3	V _{SS}	
H18	PE02RP2		J22	V _{SS}		L4	PE08RN3	
H19	PE02RN2		K1	PE08TP2		L5	PE08RP3	
H20	V _{SS}		K2	PE08TN2		L6	V _{DD} PEA	
H21	PE02TN2		K3	V _{SS}		L7	V _{DD} PEA	
H22	PE02TP2		K4	PE08RN2		L8	V _{SS}	
J1	V _{SS}		K5	PE08RP2		L9	V _{DD} CORE	
J2	V _{SS}		K6	REFRES04		L10	V _{DD} CORE	
J3	V _{SS}		K7	V _{DD} PEA		L11	V _{DD} CORE	
J4	V _{SS}		K8	V _{SS}		L12	V _{DD} CORE	
J5	V _{SS}		K9	V _{DD} CORE		L13	V _{DD} CORE	
J6	V _{DD} PETA		K10	V _{DD} CORE		L14	V _{DD} CORE	

Table 24 PES32NT8AG2 Signal Pin-Out (Part 3 of 7)

Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.
L15	V _{SS}		M19	V _{SS}		P1	PE12TP1	
L16	V _{DD} PEA		M20	V _{SS}		P2	PE12TN1	
L17	V _{DD} PEA		M21	V _{SS}		P3	V _{SS}	
L18	PE02RP0		M22	V _{SS}		P4	PE12RN1	
L19	PE02RN0		N1	PE12TP0		P5	PE12RP1	
L20	V _{SS}		N2	PE12TN0		P6	V _{DD} PETA	
L21	PE02TN0		N3	V _{SS}		P7	V _{DD} PEA	
L22	PE02TP0		N4	PE12RN0		P8	V _{SS}	
M1	V _{SS}		N5	PE12RP0		P9	V _{DD} CORE	
M2	V _{SS}		N6	REFRES05		P10	V _{DD} CORE	
M3	V _{SS}		N7	V _{DD} PEA		P11	V _{SS}	
M4	V _{SS}		N8	V _{SS}		P12	V _{SS}	
M5	V _{SS}		N9	V _{DD} CORE		P13	V _{DD} CORE	
M6	V _{DD} PEA		N10	V _{DD} CORE		P14	V _{DD} CORE	
M7	V _{DD} PEA		N11	V _{SS}		P15	V _{SS}	
M8	V _{SS}		N12	V _{SS}		P16	V _{DD} PEA	
M9	V _{DD} CORE		N13	V _{DD} CORE		P17	V _{DD} PETA	
M10	V _{DD} CORE		N14	V _{DD} CORE		P18	PE00RP2	
M11	V _{DD} CORE		N15	V _{SS}		P19	PE00RN2	
M12	V _{DD} CORE		N16	V _{DD} PEA		P20	V _{SS}	
M13	V _{DD} CORE		N17	REFRES00		P21	PE00TN2	
M14	V _{DD} CORE		N18	PE00RP3		P22	PE00TP2	
M15	V _{SS}		N19	PE00RN3		R1	V _{SS}	
M16	V _{DD} PEA		N20	V _{SS}		R2	V _{SS}	
M17	V _{DD} PEA		N21	PE00TN3		R3	V _{SS}	
M18	V _{SS}		N22	PE00TP3		R4	V _{SS}	

Table 24 PES32NT8AG2 Signal Pin-Out (Part 4 of 7)

Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.
R5	V _{SS}		T9	V _{DD} PEA		U13	V _{DD} PETA	
R6	V _{DD} PETA		T10	V _{DD} PEA		U14	V _{DD} PETA	
R7	V _{DD} PEHA		T11	V _{DD} PEA		U15	V _{DD} PEHA	
R8	V _{SS}		T12	V _{DD} PEA		U16	V _{DD} PEHA	
R9	V _{DD} CORE		T13	V _{DD} PEA		U17	V _{SS}	
R10	V _{DD} CORE		T14	V _{DD} PEA		U18	PE00RP0	
R11	V _{SS}		T15	V _{SS}		U19	PE00RN0	
R12	V _{SS}		T16	V _{DD} PEHA		U20	V _{SS}	
R13	V _{DD} CORE		T17	V _{DD} PETA		U21	PE00TN0	
R14	V _{DD} CORE		T18	PE00RP1		U22	PE00TP0	
R15	V _{SS}		T19	PE00RN1		V1	V _{SS}	
R16	V _{DD} PEHA		T20	V _{SS}		V2	V _{SS}	
R17	V _{DD} PETA		T21	PE00TN1		V3	P12CLKP	
R18	V _{SS}		T22	PE00TP1		V4	V _{SS}	
R19	V _{SS}		U1	PE12TP3		V5	V _{SS}	
R20	V _{SS}		U2	PE12TN3		V6	PE16RP0	
R21	V _{SS}		U3	V _{SS}		V7	PE16RP1	
R22	V _{SS}		U4	PE12RN3		V8	V _{SS}	
T1	PE12TP2		U5	PE12RP3		V9	PE16RP2	
T2	PE12TN2		U6	V _{SS}		V10	PE16RP3	
T3	V _{SS}		U7	V _{DD} PEHA		V11	V _{SS}	
T4	PE12RN2		U8	V _{DD} PEHA		V12	V _{SS}	
T5	PE12RP2		U9	V _{DD} PETA		V13	PE20RP0	
T6	V _{DD} PETA		U10	V _{DD} PETA		V14	PE20RP1	
T7	V _{DD} PEHA		U11	V _{DD} PETA		V15	V _{SS}	
T8	V _{SS}		U12	V _{DD} PETA		V16	PE20RP2	

Table 24 PES32NT8AG2 Signal Pin-Out (Part 5 of 7)

Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.
V17	PE20RP3		W21	VDDIO		AA3	SWMODE1	
V18	V _{SS}		W22	VDDIO		AA4	RSTHALT	
V19	V _{SS}		Y1	STK0CFG0		AA5	PE16TN0	
V20	P00CLKN		Y2	STK3CFG0		AA6	PE16TN1	
V21	V _{SS}		Y3	SWMODE0		AA7	V _{SS}	
V22	V _{SS}		Y4	SWMODE2		AA8	PE16TN2	
W1	VDDIO		Y5	SWMODE3		AA9	PE16TN3	
W2	VDDIO		Y6	V _{SS}		AA10	V _{SS}	
W3	P12CLKN		Y7	V _{SS}		AA11	P16CLKN	
W4	VDDIO		Y8	NC		AA12	P20CLKN	
W5	V _{SS}		Y9	REFRES06		AA13	V _{SS}	
W6	PE16RN0		Y10	V _{SS}		AA14	PE20TN0	
W7	PE16RN1		Y11	GCLKP1		AA15	PE20TN1	
W8	V _{SS}		Y12	GCLKN1		AA16	V _{SS}	
W9	PE16RN2		Y13	V _{SS}		AA17	PE20TN2	
W10	PE16RN3		Y14	REFRES07		AA18	PE20TN3	
W11	V _{SS}		Y15	V _{SS}		AA19	GPIO_00	2
W12	V _{SS}		Y16	V _{SS}		AA20	GPIO_02	2
W13	PE20RN0		Y17	V _{SS}		AA21	GPIO_06	2
W14	PE20RN1		Y18	GPIO_01	2	AA22	GPIO_07	2
W15	V _{SS}		Y19	GPIO_03	2	AB1	STK1CFG0	
W16	PE20RN2		Y20	GPIO_04	2	AB2	GCLKFSEL	
W17	PE20RN3		Y21	GPIO_08	2	AB3	V _{SS}	
W18	V _{SS}		Y22	SSMBADDR1		AB4	V _{SS}	
W19	VDDIO		AA1	CLKMODE0		AB5	PE16TP0	
W20	P00CLKP		AA2	STK2CFG0		AB6	PE16TP1	

Table 24 PES32NT8AG2 Signal Pin-Out (Part 6 of 7)

Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.	Pin	Function	Alt.
AB7	V _{SS}		AB13	V _{SS}		AB19	V _{SS}	
AB8	PE16TP2		AB14	PE20TP0		AB20	V _{SS}	
AB9	PE16TP3		AB15	PE20TP1		AB21	V _{SS}	
AB10	V _{SS}		AB16	V _{SS}		AB22	GPIO_05	2
AB11	P16CLKP		AB17	PE20TP2				
AB12	P20CLKP		AB18	PE20TP3				

Table 24 PES32NT8AG2 Signal Pin-Out (Part 7 of 7)



PES32NT8AG2 Package Drawing — Page Two

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ALL DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1982

"e" REPRESENTS THE BASIC SOLDER BALL GRID PITCH

"M" REPRESENTS THE MAXIMUM SOLDER BALL MATRIX SIZE

"N" REPRESENTS THE BALLCOUNT NUMBER

DIMENSION "b" IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM SOLDER BALL DIAMETER, PARALLEL TO PRIMARY DATUM $\square$ -C-

SEATING PLANE AND PRIMARY DATUM $\square$ -C- ARE DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS

"A1" ID CORNER MUST BE IDENTIFIED BY CHAMFER, INK MARK, METALLIZED MARKING, INDENTATION OR OTHER FEATURE ON PACKAGE BODY

EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER IS OPTIONAL

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

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CENTER BALL MATRIX

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Note:

Nominal package height: 2.63mm

Minimum package height: 2.53mm.

REV

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DESCRIPTION

INITIAL RELEASE

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09/22/09

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Revision History

October 27, 2010: Initial publication of final data sheet.

November 11, 2010: Added ZB silicon on Ordering page.

January 26, 2011: In [Table 18](#), Power Consumption, revised IO (and Total) power numbers in Full Swing section and added Half Swing section. Adjusted P value in [Table 19](#).

March 9, 2011: In [Table 10](#), deleted "External pull-down" from the Notes column for JTAG_TRST_N.

March 28, 2011: In Tables 16 and 17, added $V_{DD}PETA$ to footnote #1.

May 13, 2011: Added ZB to the Ordering codes on page 34.

May 20, 2011: Removed ZA silicon and added ZC to Order page and codes.

November 7, 2011: Revised values in [Table 18](#), Power Consumption, and updated power dissipation value in [Table 19](#).

November 29, 2011: Added new Tables 22 and 23, SMBus Characterization and Timing.

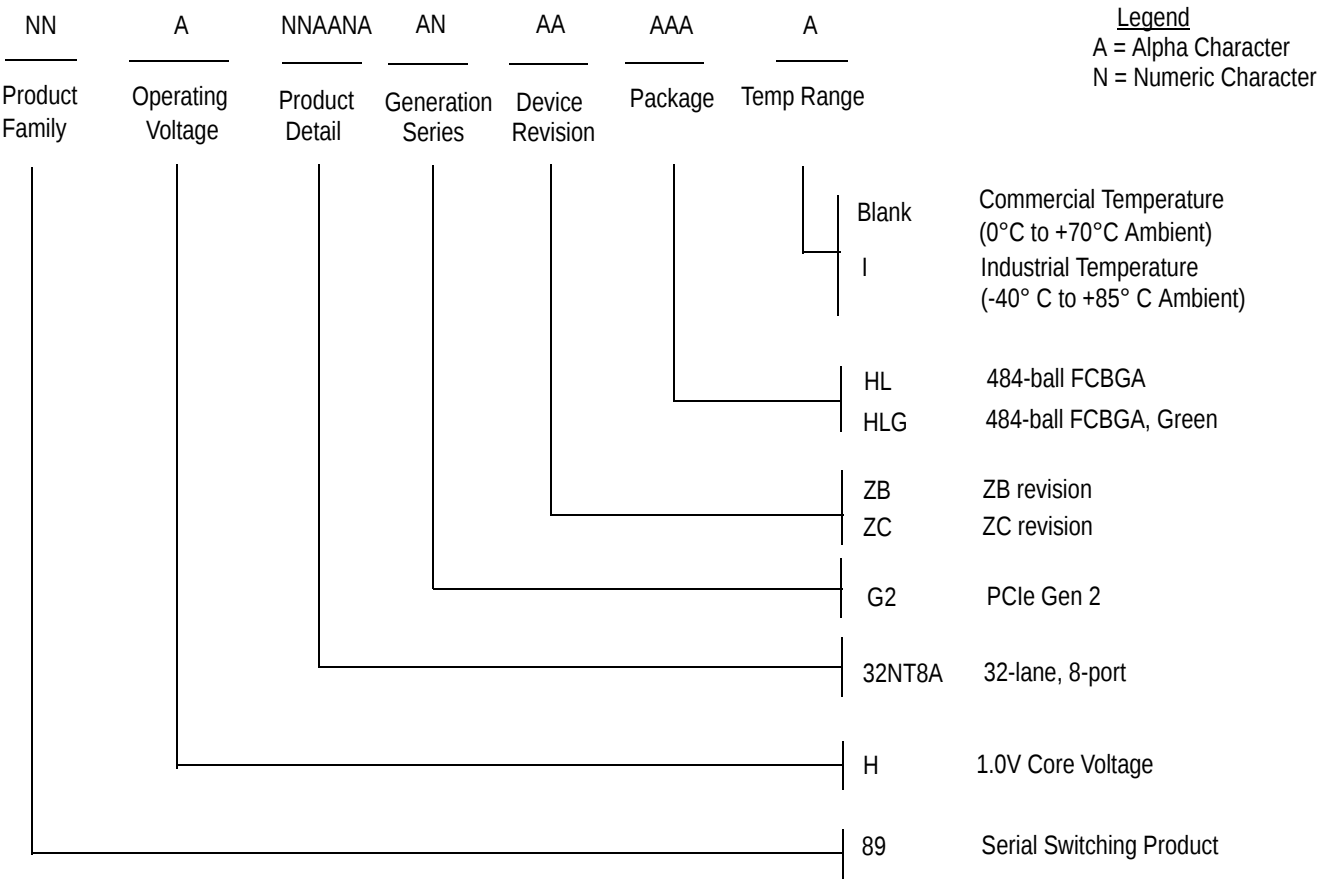
March 14, 2012: In [Table 3](#), revised description for GCLKN/P signals.

April 16, 2013: In [Table 20](#), added 3.3V output voltage parameters under Other I/Os category.

May 16, 2013: Added Note after Table 11. In [Table 20](#), added information in the Conditions column for the 3.3V parameters.

December 17, 2013: Added footnote 2 to [Table 23](#).

Ordering Information



Valid Combinations

89H32NT8AG2ZBHL	484-ball FCBGA package, Commercial Temp.	89H32NT8AG2ZCHL	484-ball FCBGA package, Commercial Temp.
89H32NT8AG2ZBHLG	484-ball Green FCBGA package, Commercial Temp.	89H32NT8AG2ZCHLG	484-ball Green FCBGA package, Commercial Temp.
89H32NT8AG2ZBHLI	484-ball FCBGA package, Industrial Temp.	89H32NT8AG2ZCHLI	484-ball FCBGA package, Industrial Temp.
89H32NT8AG2ZBHLGI	484-ball Green FCBGA package, Industrial Temp.	89H32NT8AG2ZCHLGI	484-ball Green FCBGA package, Industrial Temp.

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Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu,
Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan
www.renesas.com

Contact Information

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