

3U High Reliability DC-DC Converters



### **FEATURES**

- 16.8 to 137.5 VDC wide input voltage range
- Fixed 5.1. 12 or 24VDC unipolar output up to 120 Watts
- 3U x 4TE x 165.5mm (111 x 20.3 x 165.5 mm) cassette module for 19-inch rack mounting
- Ruggedized "no fans" high reliability enclosure with conformal coated components
- Extensive self-protection, over temperature and short circuit features
- On/Off control, sense, current share, output OK LED, UV lockout, Hold-up Cap and trim (some functions optional)
- Adjustable input undervoltage (UVLO) protection. optional
- 2250VDC/1500VAC I/O isolation plus RoHS-6 compliance
- Operating temperature range -40 to +85°
- Extensive EU transportation and railway standards adherence

Housed in a 3U x 4TE x 165.5 mm extruded aluminum cassette module suitable for 19-inch rack mounting, the UCR series of isolated 100 Watt DC-DC converters provide clean DC output power over a very wide input voltage range. The standard input range is 16.8 to 137.5 Volts DC with transient capability between 14.4V and 154V. The reverse-polarity protected input is immune to surges and transients per EN50155, IEC60571 and RIA12 standards. The double reinforced insulation system protects over the full power and temperature range in compliance with IEC/EN/UL60950-1 and EN50116. The UCR series is ideal for battery and mobile distributed power applications in

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

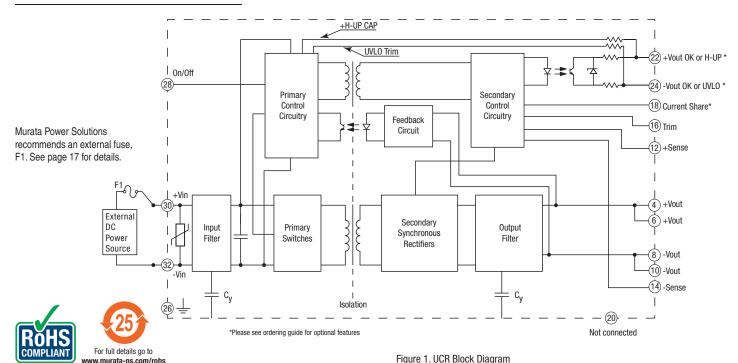
The fixed output voltage is fully regulated with excellent noise, ripple and transient settling characteristics. Isolation characteristics are 2250 Volts DC (1500 VAC) input to output and input to case.

transportation, industrial, vehicles, signal systems,

communications and railways.

The ruggedized 3U housing features conformal coating of internal components for moisture resistance. The high efficiency design requires no forced cooling since all internal power dissipation is routed to integral extruded aluminum chassis rails. The enclosure may also be mounted against a cold plate inside a sealed chassis in conduction cooling applications. The UCR series is designed to comply with numerous environmental, EMC/EMI and safety standards (see specifications). Protection systems include output overcurrent and short circuit, over temperature shutdown (with automatic recovery) and output overvoltage. An industry-standard DIN H15 rear connector is used.

All models are equipped with an On/Off control, sense inputs, and output voltage trim (±10 %). Optional features include output OK LED lamp and control signal, active current sharing with other UCR's, external capacitor for extended hold-up time, and adjustable input undervoltage lockout.



PERFORMANCE SP	ERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS SUMMARY AND ORDERING GUIDE														
	Output						Input					Dimensions			
Root Model Number ①	Vout	lout	Power	R/N (m	ıV p-p)	Regulation	on (max.)	Vin nom.	Range	Pwr, no	lin, full load	Efficiency	ши	Dimensions	
	(Volts DC)	(Amps,max.)	(Watts)	Тур.	Max.	(. Line Load (Volts DC) (Volts) ( load (W) (Amps)	load (W) (Amps) ②	load (W) (Amps) ②	oad (W) (Amps) ②	Min.	Тур.	Inches	mm		
UCR100-050-T72-C	5.1	20	100	20	80	±0.25%	±0.25%	72	16.8-137.5	3	1.61	85.0%	87%	4.38x0.81x6.52	111x20.3x165.5
UCR100-120-T72-C	12	10	120	50	75	±0.25%	±0.25%	72	16.8-137.5	3.5	1.99	84.5%	86.5%	4.38x0.81x6.52	111x20.3x165.5
UCR100-240-T72-C	24	5.5	132	100	150	±0.25%	±0.25%	72	16.8-137.5	3.5	2.11	88%	90%	4.38x0.81x6.52	111x20.3x165.5

① These are not complete model numbers. Please refer to the Part Number Structure for ordering information of all options.

<sup>@</sup> Measured at nominal line voltage and max load, +25°C ambient temperature, sense lines connected.

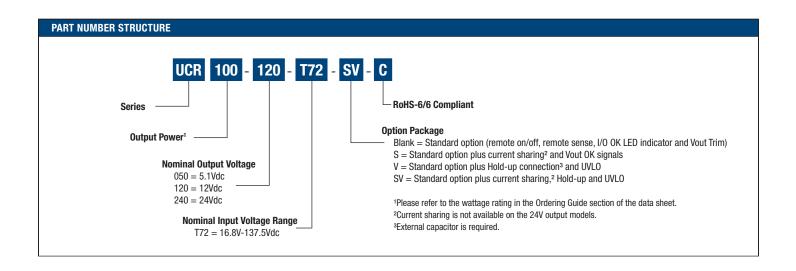


TABLE 1. OPTIONS				
PART NUMBER	CURRENT SHARE	UVLO	HOLD-UP	Vout OK
UCR100-050-T72-C				
UCR100-050-T72-S-C	✓			✓
UCR100-050-T72-SV-C	✓	✓	✓	
UCR100-050-T72-V-C		✓	✓	
UCR100-120-T72-C				
UCR100-120-T72-S-C	✓			✓
UCR100-120-T72-SV-C	✓	✓	✓	
UCR100-120-T72-V-C		✓	✓	
UCR100-240-T72-C				
UCR100-240-T72-V-C		✓	✓	

<sup>3</sup> This is the standard input range. The transient input range (0.1 seconds) is 14.4V to 154V.



### **FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, UCR100-050-T72** ①

Departure voltage range, standard   Surge and Timeset Protection   Per ER50155, ES00571 and RIA12	INPUT	Conditions/Comments	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Surge and Transient Protection   Per ER50155, EXGROST; and RIA12   Popular Limits, no drawage   O		Soliditions/ Commonts				
Injust Limits, so damage		Per FN50155 IFC60571 and RIA12	10.0		107.0	Vuo
Per ENSOTSS. Symmetrical combined with   Per ENSOTSS. Symmetrical combined with   Per ENSOTSS. Symmetrical combined with actional fuse.   Per ENSOTSS. Symmetrical combined with actional fuse.   Per ENSOTSS. Symmetrical fuse.   Pe			0		154	Vdc
Reverse Polarity Protection   Yes, in conjunction with external tises.   12.8						
Reverse Polarity Protection   Yes, in conjunction with noternal fuse.	Input Filter					
Start-up threshold	Reverse Polarity Protection					Vdc
Undervoltage shutdown   50% load   10.5   12.3   14.0   Vide		,	12.8	14.6	16.4	Vdc
Overvottage shutdown   50% load   170   Vdc   Vdc   Imput current your   Full Load Current		50% load				Vdc
Injust current/power   Part   Injust current						
Fall Load Current		2277.1322				100
Peak Innsh Current				1.30	1.67	Amps
Short Circuit Input Current   Short Circuit Input Current   Short Circuit Input Current   Short Circuit Input Current   Vin = minimum   Short Short Vin = Minimum   Short Short Vin = Minimum   Shor					-	
No. Load Input Power    No. Load Input Power   No. Line Input Current   Salution Mode Input Current   Salution Salation   Salation Salation   Win = norm, 164 load					0.1	-
Low Line Input Current   Vin = minimum   5,89   7,57   Amps   Shutdown Mode Input Current   5   10   mA pk-pk	No Load Input Power	lout = minimum				
Shutdown Mode Input Current   Shutdown Mode Input Current Inmiting, Iniciau autorestart   Shut		Vin = minimum				
Reflected back inpole current ⊕   5   10   mA pk-pk   CRENERAL and SAFETY						
Selection   Sele						
Efficiency	GENERAL and SAFETY					
Vin = 110V, 16A load		Vin = nom., 16A load	85	87		%
Win = 24V, 16A load						
Switching Frequency   90						
Turn-On Time	Switching Frequency	211, 10111000			110	
Remote ON 10 Yout regulated		Vin on to Vout regulated				
Isolation Voltage	Tank on this					
Solation Voltage	Isolation Voltage		2250			
Subassemblies pre-lested per EN50116/60950   Solation Safety Rating   Based on 250 VAC or 240 VDC I/O   Double/Reinforced   Solation Safety Rating   Based on 250 VAC or 240 VDC I/O   Double/Reinforced   Mohm   Mohm   Solation Capacitance   4000   pF		1 /				
Solation Safety Rating   Based on 250 VAC or 240 VDC VO		oudd to dulput unu riam toot voitage				
Isolation Resistance   100   4000   pF		Based on 250 VAC or 240 VDC I/O	.200	Double/Reinforced		
		54554 5H 255 W 6 5H 2 H 5 H 5	100	200010/11011101000		Mohm
Safety (Designed to meet the following requirements)				4000		_
Requirements   No.60950-1, IEC/EN60950-1   FeS   Per MIL-HDBK-217F   Per MIL-HDBK-2	<u> </u>	UL-60950-1. (2nd Edition), CSA-C22.2		,		ľ
Calculated MTBF         per MIL-HDBK-217F         Brown benign, Tcase = 40°C         TBC         Hours           Ground benign, Tcase = 40°C         TBC         Hours           Ground benign, Tcase = 50°C         TBC         Hours           OUTPUT           Total Output Power         Full temperature range         0.0         81.6         103.02         Watts           Voltage         Output Voltage Range         Vout = nominal         5.049         5.1         5.151         Vdc           Setting Accuracy         50% load         ±1         % of Vnom.           Oervroltage Protection         magnetic feedback         5.9         6.2         6.5         Vdc           Vout Adjustment Range < optional>         -10         10         % of Vnom.           Current Limit Inception         98% of Vnom., after warmup         24         26.35         28.70         Amps           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout         0.5         1         Amps           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground         Continuous         Continuous           Short Circuit protection method         Current limiting, hiccup autorestart         Line Regulation         ±0.25         %				Yes		
Ground benign, Tcase = 40°C   TBC   Hours		,				
Ground benign, Tcase = 40/70°C   TBC   Hours				TBC		Hours
OUTPUT           Total Output Power         Full temperature range         0.0         81.6         103.02         Watts           Voltage         Full temperature range         0.0         81.6         103.02         Watts           Voltage         Vout = nominal         5.049         5.1         5.151         Vdc           Setting Accuracy         50% load         ±1         % of Vnom.         % of Vnom.           Coverout Loured Accuracy         50% load         ±1         % of Vnom.         % of Vnom.           Vour Adjustment Range < optional>         10         ±0         6.5         Vdc				TBC		Hours
OUTPUT         Total Output Power         Full temperature range         0.0         81.6         103.02         Watts           Voltage         Voltage Range         Vout = nominal         5.049         5.1         5.151         Vdc           Setting Accuracy         50% load         ±1         % of Vnom.           Overvoltage Protection         magnetic feedback         5.9         6.2         6.5         Vdc           Vout Adjustment Range          Vin = 16.8-137.5V.         0.0         16         20         Amps           Current Limit Inception         98% of Vnom., after warmup         24         26.35         28.70         Amps           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout         0.5         1         Amps           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Current limiting, hiccup autorestart         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Line Regulation         Vin = min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Uponamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         µSec           My         Peak deviation         ±200         ±250         mV						Hours
Voltage         Vout = nominal         5.049         5.1         5.151         Vdc           Setting Accuracy         50% load         ±1         % of Vnom.           Overvoltage Protection         magnetic feedback         5.9         6.2         6.5         Vdc           Vout Adjustment Range < optional>         -10         10         % of Vnom.           Current         0utput Current Range         Vin = 16.8-137.5V.         0.0         16         20         Amps           Current Limit Inception         98% of Vnom., after warmup         24         26.35         28.70         Amps           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout         0.5         1         Amps           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Current limiting, hiccup autorestart         Une min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Load Regulation         Vout = nom.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Dynamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         µSec           settling time to within ±1% of Vout         ±200         ±250         mV           Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 µF output	OUTPUT					
Voltage         Vout = nominal         5.049         5.1         5.151         Vdc           Setting Accuracy         50% load         ±1         % of Vnom.           Overvoltage Protection         magnetic feedback         5.9         6.2         6.5         Vdc           Vout Adjustment Range < optional>         -10         10         % of Vnom.           Current         0utput Current Range         Vin = 16.8-137.5V.         0.0         16         20         Amps           Current Limit Inception         98% of Vnom., after warmup         24         26.35         28.70         Amps           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout         0.5         1         Amps           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Current limiting, hiccup autorestart         Une min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Load Regulation         Vout = nom.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Dynamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         µSec           settling time to within ±1% of Vout         ±200         ±250         mV           Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 µF output	Total Output Power	Full temperature range	0.0	81.6	103.02	Watts
Output Voltage Range         Vout = nominal         5.049         5.1         5.151         Vdc           Setting Accuracy         50% load         ±1         % of Vnom.           Overvoltage Protection         magnetic feedback         5.9         6.2         6.5         Vdc           Vout Adjustment Range          10         10         % of Vnom.           Current           Output Current Range         Vin = 16.8-137.5V.         0.0         16         20         Amps           Current Limit Inception         98% of Vnom., after warmup         24         26.35         28.70         Amps           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout         0.5         1         Amps           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground         Continuous         Continuous           Short Circuit protection method         Current limiting, hiccup autorestart         Under the protection method         Current limiting, hiccup autorestart           Line Regulation         Vin = min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Load Regulation         lout = min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Dynamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         µSec </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>						•
Overvoltage Protectionmagnetic feedback5.96.26.5VdcVout Adjustment Range <optional>-1010% of Vnom.CurrentOutput Current RangeVin = 16.8-137.5V.0.01620AmpsCurrent Limit Inception98% of Vnom., after warmup2426.3528.70AmpsShort Circuit CurrentHiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout0.51AmpsShort Circuit DurationOutput shorted to groundContinuousShort circuit protection methodCurrent limiting, hiccup autorestartLine RegulationVin = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Vout = nom.10ut = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Dynamic Load Response50-75-50% load step75150μSecsettling time to within ±1% of Vout20±250mVRipple and Noise, 1 &amp; 10 μF output5 Hz- 20 MHz BW2080mV pk-pkTemperature CoefficientAt all outputs±0.02% of Vnom./°C</optional>		Vout = nominal	5.049	5.1	5.151	Vdc
Vout Adjustment Range <optional>     -10     10     % of Vnom.       Current       Output Current Range     Vin = 16.8-137.5V.     0.0     16     20     Amps       Current Limit Inception     98% of Vnom., after warmup     24     26.35     28.70     Amps       Short Circuit Current     Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout     0.5     1     Amps       Short Circuit Duration     Output shorted to ground     Continuous       Short circuit protection method     Current limiting, hiccup autorestart       Line Regulation     Vin = min. to max.     ±0.25     % of Vnom.       Load Regulation     lout = min. to max.     ±0.25     % of Vnom.       Dynamic Load Response     50-75-50% load step     75     150     μSec       settling time to within ±1% of Vout     settling time to within ±1% of Vout     ±200     ±250     mV       Ripple and Noise, 1 &amp; 10 μF output     5 Hz- 20 MHz BW     20     80     mV pk-pk       Temperature Coefficient     At all outputs     ±0.02     % of Vnom./°C</optional>		50% load		±1		% of Vnom.
CurrentCurrent RangeVin = 16.8-137.5V.0.01620AmpsCurrent Limit Inception98% of Vnom., after warmup2426.3528.70AmpsShort Circuit CurrentHiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout0.51AmpsShort Circuit DurationOutput shorted to groundContinuousShort circuit protection methodCurrent limiting, hiccup autorestartLine RegulationVin = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Load Regulationlout = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Dynamic Load Response50-75-50% load step75150μSecsettling time to within ±1% of Vout±200±250mVRipple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output5 Hz- 20 MHz BW2080mV pk-pkTemperature CoefficientAt all outputs±0.02% of Vnom./°C	Overvoltage Protection	magnetic feedback	5.9	6.2	6.5	Vdc
Output Current RangeVin = 16.8-137.5V.0.01620AmpsCurrent Limit Inception98% of Vnom., after warmup2426.3528.70AmpsShort Circuit CurrentHiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout0.51AmpsShort Circuit DurationOutput shorted to groundContinuousShort circuit protection methodCurrent limiting, hiccup autorestartLine RegulationVin = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Load RegulationIout = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Dynamic Load Response50-75-50% load step75150μSecsettling time to within ±1% of Vout±200±250mVRipple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output5 Hz- 20 MHz BW2080mV pk-pkTemperature CoefficientAt all outputs±0.02% of Vnom./°C	Vout Adjustment Range <optional></optional>	_	-10		10	% of Vnom.
Current Limit Inception98% of Vnom., after warmup2426.3528.70AmpsShort Circuit CurrentHiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout0.51AmpsShort Circuit DurationOutput shorted to groundContinuousShort circuit protection methodCurrent limiting, hiccup autorestartLine RegulationVin = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Load Regulationlout = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Dynamic Load Response50-75-50% load step75150μSecsettling time to within ±1% of Vout±200±250mVRipple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output5 Hz- 20 MHz BW2080mV pk-pkTemperature CoefficientAt all outputs±0.02% of Vnom./°C	Current					
Current Limit Inception98% of Vnom., after warmup2426.3528.70AmpsShort Circuit CurrentHiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout0.51AmpsShort Circuit DurationOutput shorted to groundContinuousShort circuit protection methodCurrent limiting, hiccup autorestartLine RegulationVin = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Load Regulationlout = min. to max.±0.25% of Vnom.Dynamic Load Response50-75-50% load step75150μSecsettling time to within ±1% of Vout±200±250mVRipple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output5 Hz- 20 MHz BW2080mV pk-pkTemperature CoefficientAt all outputs±0.02% of Vnom./°C	Output Current Range	Vin = 16.8-137.5V.	0.0	16	20	Amps
Short Circuit Duration  Short circuit protection method  Current limiting, hiccup autorestart  Line Regulation  Void = nom.  Load Regulation  Dynamic Load Response  Settling time to within ±1% of Vout  Peak deviation  Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 µF output  Temperature Coefficient  Output shorted to ground  Continuous  Load Continuous  Edu 25  % of Vnom.  ±0.25  % of Vnom.  ±0.20  #0.					28.70	
Short Circuit Duration Output shorted to ground Continuous  Short circuit protection method Current limiting, hiccup autorestart Line Regulation Vin = min. to max.  Vout = nom.  Load Regulation Dynamic Load Response  50-75-50% load step 50-75-50% load step 75 150 µSec  settling time to within ±1% of Vout  Peak deviation Peak deviation  Temperature Coefficient  At all outputs  Continuous  Continuous  Continuous  £0.25 % of Vnom.  ±0.25 % of Vnom.  ±0.25 % of Vnom.  ±0.25 % of Vnom.  20 80 mV pk-pk  Temperature Coefficient  At all outputs	Short Circuit Current			0.5	1	Amps
Short circuit protection method  Current limiting, hiccup autorestart  Line Regulation  Vin = min. to max.  Vout = nom.  Load Regulation  Dynamic Load Response  50-75-50% load step  50-75-50% load step  75  150  µSec  settling time to within ±1% of Vout  Peak deviation  Peak deviation  ### 200  ### 250  ### 200  ###	Short Circuit Duration			Continuous		
Line Regulation         Vin = min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Vout = nom.         Vout = nom.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Load Regulation         lout = min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Dynamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         μSec           settling time to within ±1% of Vout           Peak deviation         ±200         ±250         mV           Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW         20         80         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         ±0.02         % of Vnom./°C		·				
Vout = nom.           Load Regulation         lout = min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Dynamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         μSec           settling time to within ±1% of Vout           Peak deviation         ±200         ±250         mV           Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW         20         80         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         ±0.02         % of Vnom./°C		5			±0.25	% of Vnom.
Load Regulation         lout = min. to max.         ±0.25         % of Vnom.           Dynamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         μSec           settling time to within ±1% of Vout           Peak deviation         ±200         ±250         mV           Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW         20         80         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         ±0.02         % of Vnom./°C						
Dynamic Load Response         50-75-50% load step         75         150         μSec           settling time to within ±1% of Vout           Peak deviation         ±200         ±250         mV           Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW         20         80         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         ±0.02         % of Vnom./°C	Load Regulation				±0.25	% of Vnom.
Settling time to within ±1% of Vout  Peak deviation  Peak deviation  Peak deviation  Peak deviation  Experiment to within ±1% of Vout  Peak deviation  Peak deviation  Peak deviation  Peak deviation  Deviation  Peak deviati				75		
Peak deviation         ±200         ±250         mV           Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 μF output         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW         20         80         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         ±0.02         % of Vnom./°C				1		1
Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 $\mu$ F output 5 Hz- 20 MHz BW 20 80 mV pk-pk Temperature Coefficient At all outputs $\pm 0.02$ % of Vnom./°C				±200	±250	mV
Temperature Coefficient At all outputs ±0.02 % of Vnom./°C	Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 uF output					
					6600	

- Unless otherwise noted, units are specified with 1μF ceramic and 10μF tantalum external output capacitors in parallel (low ESR). The external input capacitor is 33μF, low ESR
- ② Undervoltage shutdown is also available as a user-adjustable option.
- ④ Remove overload for recovery
- ⑤ Output may be shorted to ground with no damage.



### FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, UCR100-120-T72 $\odot$

INPUT	Conditions/Comments	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Operating voltage range, standard		16.8	72	137.5	Vdc
Surge and Transient Protection	Per EN50155, IEC60571 and RIA12				
Input Limits, no damage	Operating or non-operating	0		154	Vdc
Input Filter	Per EN50155, Symmetrical combined with VDR/transorb				
Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes, in conjunction with external fuse				Vdc
Start-up threshold		11.5	15.0	16.3	Vdc
Undervoltage shutdown ②	50% load	10.3	12	14.8	Vdc
Overvoltage shutdown	50% load		170		Vdc
Input current/power					•
Full Load Current			1.54	1.99	Amps
Peak Inrush Current			40		Amps
Short Circuit Input Current			0.05	0.1	Amps
No Load Input Power	lout = minimum		3.5	4.5	Watts
Low Line Input Current	Vin = minimum		7.05	9.37	Amps
Shutdown Mode Input Current			5	10	mA
Reflected (back) ripple current ③			5	10	mA pk-pk
GENERAL and SAFETY					
Efficiency	Vin = nom., 8A load	84.5	86.5		%
•	Vin = 110V, 8A load	86	87.5		%
	Vin = 24V, 8A load	77	81		%
Switching Frequency		90	100	110	KHz
Turn-On Time	Vin on to Vout regulated		150	160	mS
	Remote ON to Vout regulated		150	160	mS
Isolation Voltage	Input to output, case and aux. test	2250			Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Case to output and Aux. test voltage	2250			Vdc
Subassemblies pre-tested per EN50116/60950	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4200			Vdc
Isolation Safety Rating	Based on 250 VAC or 240 VDC I/O		Double/Reinforced		1,00
Isolation Resistance		100			Mohm
Isolation Capacitance			4000		pF
Safety (Designed to meet the following	UL-60950-1, (2nd Edition), CSA-C22.2		.,		·
requirements)	No.60950-1, IEC/EN60950-1		Yes		
Calculated MTBF	per MIL-HDBK-217F				
	Ground benign, Tcase = 40°C		TBC		Hours
	Ground benign, Tcase = 40/70°C		TBC		Hours
	Ground benign, Tcase = 50°C		TBC		Hours
OUTPUT	3,				
Total Output Power	Full temperature range	0.0	96	121.2	Watts
Voltage					
Output Voltage Range	Vout = nominal	11.88	12.0	12.12	Vdc
Setting Accuracy	50% load		±1		% of Vnom.
Overvoltage Protection	magnetic feedback	13.5	14.4	15	Vdc
Vout Adjustment Range <optional></optional>		-10		10	% of Vnom.
Current					
Output Current Range	Vin = 16.8-137.5V.	0.0	8.0	10.0	Amps
Current Limit Inception	98% of Vnom., after warmup	14	16	18	Amps
Short Circuit Current	Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1% of Vout		0.5	1	Amps
Short Circuit Duration	Output shorted to ground		Continuous		
Short circuit protection method	Current limiting, hiccup autorestart				
Line Regulation	Vin = min. to max.			±0.25	% of Vnom.
	Vout = nom.				
Load Regulation	lout = min. to max.			±0.25	% of Vnom.
Dynamic Load Response	50-75-50% load step		100	200	μSec
	settling time to within ±1% of Vout				·
	Peak deviation		±200	±250	mV
Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 µF output capacitors	5 Hz- 20 MHz BW		50	75	mV pk-pk
Temperature Coefficient	At all outputs		±0.02	-	% of Vnom./°C
Maximum Output Capacitance	ESR 0.02Ω min., resistive load			3300	μF
1 1 2 2 2 2 2	1		1		

- Unless otherwise noted, units are specified with 1μF ceramic and 10μF tantalum external output capacitors in parallel (low ESR). The external input capacitor is 33μF, low ESR
- ② Undervoltage shutdown is also available as a user-adjustable option.
- 3 Back ripple current input filter is Cin=33μF, Cbus=220μF, Lbus=12μH
- Remove overload for recovery
- ⑤ Output may be shorted to ground with no damage.



### FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, UCR100-240-T72 $\odot$

INPUT	Conditions/Comments	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Operating voltage range, standard		16.8	72	137.5	Vdc
Surge and Transient Protection	Per EN50155, IEC60571 and RIA12				
Input Limits, no damage	Operating or non-operating	0		154	Vdc
Input Filter	Per EN50155, Symmetrical combined with VDR/transorb				
Reverse Polarity Protection	Supplied standard		Yes		Vdc
Start-up threshold		11.5	13.9	16.3	Vdc
Undervoltage shutdown ②	50% load	10.5	12.7	14.8	Vdc
Overvoltage shutdown	50% load		170		Vdc
Input current/power	33.13.13.12				1 2 2 2
Full Load Current			1.63	2.11	Amps
Peak Inrush Current			40		Amps
Short Circuit Input Current			0.25	0.35	Amps
No Load Input Power	lout = minimum		3.5	4.5	Watts
Low Line Input Current	Vin = minimum		7.76	10.09	Amps
Shutdown Mode Input Current	VIII — IIIIIIIIIIIII		5	10	mA
Reflected (back) ripple current ③			5	10	mA pk-pk
GENERAL and SAFETY			3	10	пи рк рк
Efficiency	Vin = nom., 4.4A load	88	90		%
Emotority	Vin = 11011., 4.4A load Vin = 110V, 4.4A load	86.5	88.5		%
	Vin = 24V, 4.4A load	79	81		%
Switching Frequency	VIII = 24V, 4.4A 10du	90	100	110	KHz
Turn-On Time	Vin on to Vout regulated	30	150	160	mS
Turn-on time	Remote ON to Vout regulated		150	160	mS
Isolation Voltage	Input to output, case and aux. test	2250	130	100	Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Case to output and Aux. test voltage	2250			Vdc
Subassemblies pre-tested per EN50116/60950	Case to output and Aux. test voltage	4200			Vdc
Isolation Safety Rating	Based on 250 VAC or 240 VDC I/O	4200	Double/Reinforced		Vuc
Isolation Resistance	Daseu on 230 VAC of 240 VDC I/O	100	Double/helillorceu		Mohm
Isolation Capacitance		100	4000		pF
Safety (Designed to meet the following	UL-60950-1, (2nd Edition), CSA-C22.2		4000		μг
requirements)	No.60950-1, (21d Edition), CSA-C22.2		Yes		
Calculated MTBF	,				
Calculated WTDF	per MIL-HDBK-217F Ground benign, Tcase = 40°C		TBC		Hours
	Ground benign, Tcase = 40 C		TBC		Hours
	Ground benign, Tcase = 40/70 C  Ground benign, Tcase = 50°C		TBC		Hours
ОИТРИТ	Ground benign, rease = 50 C		IDC		nours
Total Output Power	Full temperature range	0.0	105.6	133.98	Watts
Voltage	ruii terriperature range	0.0	103.0	133.90	vvalis
Output Voltage Range	Vout = nominal	23.64	24.0	24.36	Vdc
Setting Accuracy	50% load	23.04	±1.5	24.30	% of Vnom.
Overvoltage Protection	magnetic feedback	27	28.5	30	Vdc
Vout Adjustment Range <optional></optional>	magnetic reeuback	-10	20.0	10	% of Vnom.
Current		-10		10	70 UI VIIUIII.
Output Current Range	Vin = 16.8-137.5V.	0.0	4.4	5.5	Amno
Current Limit Inception	98% of Vnom., after warmup	6.5	7.75	9.5	Amps
Current Limit inception	Hiccup technique, autorecovery within ±1%	0.0	1.13	9.0	Amps
Short Circuit Current	of Vout		0.5	1	Amps
Short Circuit Duration	Output shorted to ground		Continuous		
Short circuit protection method	Current limiting, hiccup autorestart				
Line Regulation	Vin = min. to max.			±0.25	% of Vnom.
Load Pagulation	Vout = nom.			, O OF	0/ of Vnon-
Load Regulation	lout = min. to max.		100	±0.25	% of Vnom.
Dynamic Load Response	50-75-50% load step		100	200	μSec
	settling time to within ±1% of Vout		. 000	. 050	
Dinale and Naise 4.9.40 of soday	Peak deviation		±200	±250	mV
Ripple and Noise, 1 & 10 µF output	5 Hz- 20 MHz BW		100	150	mV pk-pk
Temperature Coefficient	At all outputs		±0.02	1000	% of Vnom./°C
Maximum Output Capacitance	ESR 0.02Ω min., resistive load			1200	μF

- Unless otherwise noted, units are specified with 1μF ceramic and 10μF tantalum external output capacitors in parallel (low ESR). The external input capacitor is 33μF, low ESR
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$  Undervoltage shutdown is also available as a user-adjustable option.
- 3 Back ripple current input filter is Cin=33μF, Cbus=220μF, Lbus=12μH
- Remove overload for recovery
- ⑤ Output may be shorted to ground with no damage.

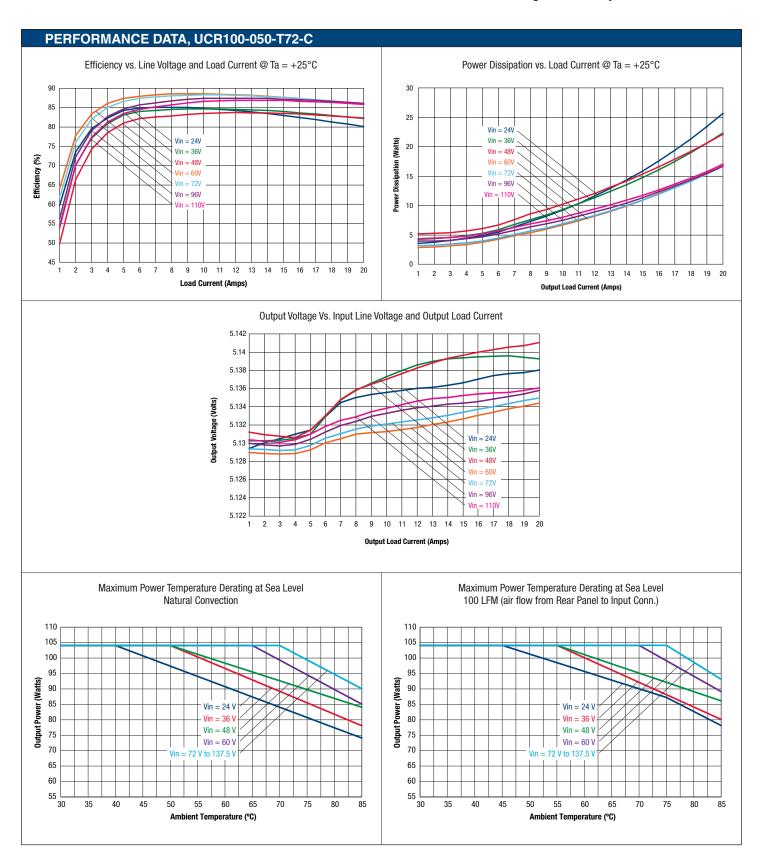
## 3U High Reliability DC-DC Converters

### **FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR ALL MODELS, CONTINUED**

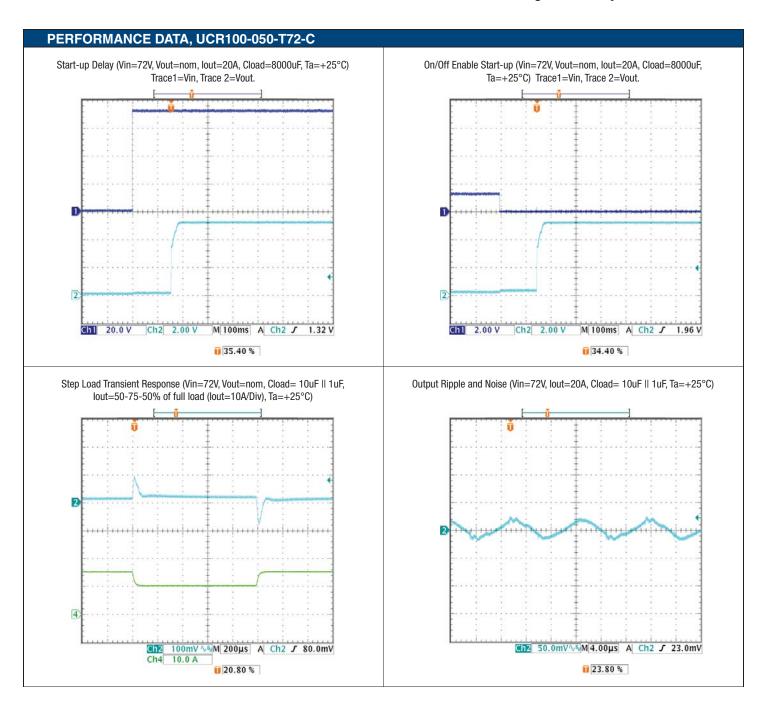
Remote On/Off Control	FEATURES and OPTIONS	Conditions/Comments	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Unit is ON         Open collector/drain         -0.5         0.8         Vdc           Shutdown Current         Open collector/drain         1         2         mA           Remote Sense         Sense pins connected externally to respective Vout's         10         %           Vout trim         +10         +10         % of Vout Pre-biased startup         External voltage < Vset	Remote On/Off Control	Negative logic				
Shutdown Current   Open collector/drain   1   2   mA	Unit is OFF	Pin open or external voltage	2.5		50	Vdc
Remote Sense   Sense pins connected externally to respective   Vout's   10    %	Unit is ON		-0.5		0.8	Vdc
Nout trim	Shutdown Current	Open collector/drain		1	2	mA
External voltage < Vset   Monotonic	Remote Sense				10	%
Solated Vout "OK" Signal <optional> ("S" suffix)    </optional>	Vout trim		-10		+10	% of Vout
Solated Vout "OK" Signal <optional> ("S" suffix)    </optional>	Pre-biased startup	External voltage < Vset		Monotonic		
Vout ready (LO)         lok < 0.5 mA         0.8         1.0         Vdc           Vout fail (HI)         External Vok < 15V.						
Current Share <optional>  "S" or "SV" suffix  See Hold-up Time note  Input Undervoltage Lockout  "V" or "SV" suffix&gt;  See Input Undervoltage Lockout note  "See Input Undervoltage Lockout note  "Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72  Weight: UCR100-240-T72  Case Material  Rear Connector  "S" or "SV" suffix  See Hold-up Time note  10  MS  ### 4.38x0.81x6.52  Inches  ### 4.38x0.81x6.52  Inches  ### 111x20.3x165.5  ### Mm  ### 4.38x0.81x6.52  Inches  ### 111x20.3x165.5  ### Mm  ### 4.38x0.81x6.52  Inches  ### 111x20.3x165.5  ### 0unces  ### 510  ### Grams  ### Case Material  ### Aluminum  ### Aluminum  ### Rear Connector  ### P87 pinout, per DIN41612  ### H15</optional>				0.8	1.0	Vdc
External Cap Hold-up Time <"V" or "SV" suffix> Input Undervoltage Lockout <"V" or "SV" suffix>  MECHANICAL Outline Dimensions please refer to Mechanical Specifications Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72 Weight: UCR100-240-T72  Weight: UCR100-240-T72  Case Material Rear Connector  See Hold-up Time note 10  mS  4.38x0.81x6.52 Inches 111x20.3x165.5  mm  4.38x0.81x6.52 Inches 111x20.3x165.5  mm  4.38x0.81x6.52 Inches 111x20.3x165.5  mm  Aluminum  P87 pinout, per DIN41612  H15		External Vok < 15V.			25	μА
External Cap Hold-up Time <"V" or "SV" suffix> Input Undervoltage Lockout <"V" or "SV" suffix>  MECHANICAL Outline Dimensions please refer to Mechanical Specifications Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72 Weight: UCR100-240-T72  Weight: UCR100-240-T72  Case Material Rear Connector  See Hold-up Time note 10  mS  4.38x0.81x6.52 Inches 111x20.3x165.5  mm  4.38x0.81x6.52 Inches 111x20.3x165.5  mm  4.38x0.81x6.52 Inches 111x20.3x165.5  mm  Aluminum  P87 pinout, per DIN41612  H15	Current Share <optional></optional>	"S" or "SV" suffix		±20		% of lout
Input Undervoltage Lockout  <"V" or "SV" suffix>  MECHANICAL  Outline Dimensions  please refer to Mechanical Specifications  Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72  Weight: UCR100-240-T72  Weight: UCR100-240-T72  Case Material  Rear Connector  See Input Undervoltage Lockout note  4.38x0.81x6.52  Inches  111x20.3x165.5  mm  4.38x0.81x6.52  Inches  111x20.3x165.5  mm  Valunica  11x20.3x165.5  mm  Carams  Ounces  510  Grams  Grams  Aluminum  Rear Connector  P87 pinout, per DIN41612  H15			10			mS
Kee Input Undervoltage Lockout note         A.38x0.81x6.52         Inches           MECHANICAL           Outline Dimensions         4.38x0.81x6.52         Inches           please refer to Mechanical Specifications         111x20.3x165.5         mm           Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72         18         Ounces           Weight: UCR100-240-T72         21         Ounces           Case Material         Aluminum           Rear Connector         P87 pinout, per DIN41612         H15		·	-			
Outline Dimensions         4.38x0.81x6.52         Inches           please refer to Mechanical Specifications         111x20.3x165.5         mm           Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72         18         Ounces           Weight: UCR100-240-T72         21         Ounces           Case Material         Aluminum           Rear Connector         P87 pinout, per DIN41612         H15		See Input Undervoltage Lockout note				
Outline Dimensions         4.38x0.81x6.52         Inches           please refer to Mechanical Specifications         111x20.3x165.5         mm           Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72         18         Ounces           Weight: UCR100-240-T72         21         Ounces           Case Material         Aluminum           Rear Connector         P87 pinout, per DIN41612         H15	MECHANICAL					
please refer to Mechanical Specifications         111x20.3x165.5         mm           Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72         18         Ounces           Weight: UCR100-240-T72         510         Grams           Weight: UCR100-240-T72         21         Ounces           Case Material         Aluminum           Rear Connector         P87 pinout, per DIN41612         H15				4.38x0.81x6.52		Inches
Weight: UCR100-050-T72, UCR100-120-T72         18         Ounces           Weight: UCR100-240-T72         510         Grams           Weight: UCR100-240-T72         21         Ounces           Case Material         Aluminum           Rear Connector         P87 pinout, per DIN41612         H15						
S10   Grams	<u> </u>			18		Ounces
Weight: UCR100-240-T72         21         Ounces           Case Material         595         Grams           Rear Connector         P87 pinout, per DIN41612         H15	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			510		Grams
Case Material         Aluminum           Rear Connector         P87 pinout, per DIN41612         H15	Weight: UCR100-240-T72			21		Ounces
Case Material Aluminum Rear Connector P87 pinout, per DIN41612 H15				595		Grams
Rear Connector P87 pinout, per DIN41612 H15	Case Material			Aluminum		
		P87 pinout, per DIN41612				
		, par = 1111 - 1		Provided by case		
ENVIRONMENTAL						
Saa Parformanca Data for		See Performance Data for	40		- <i>,</i>	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range temperature derating curves -40 71 °C	Operating Ambient Temperature Range		-40		/1	O.C.
Absolute Operating Temperature Range With derating -40 95 °C	Absolute Operating Temperature Range	With derating	-40		95	°C
Storage Temperature Vin = Zero (no power) -55 125 °C			-55		125	°C
Thermal Protection/Shutdown Measured at case center 105 110 120 °C		( 1 /		110		
Electromagnetic Interference (pending)	Electromagnetic Interference (pending)				-	
Conducted, EN55022/CISPR22 Measure within 19" rack		Measure within 19" rack				
Radiated, EN55022/CISPR22						
Relative humidity, non-condensing To +85°C/85%	,			To +85°C/85%		
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS						
Input Voltage, Transient Operating or non-operating, 100 mS max. 0 154 Vdc		Operating or non-operating, 100 mS max.	0		154	Vdc
Input Reverse Polarity  Yes  Vdc		a paramag a managa a	-	Yes		
On/Off Control Power on or off, referred to -Vin -0.5 50 Vdc		Power on or off, referred to -Vin	-0.5		50	
Storage Temperature Range Vin = Zero (no power) -55 125 °C		,				

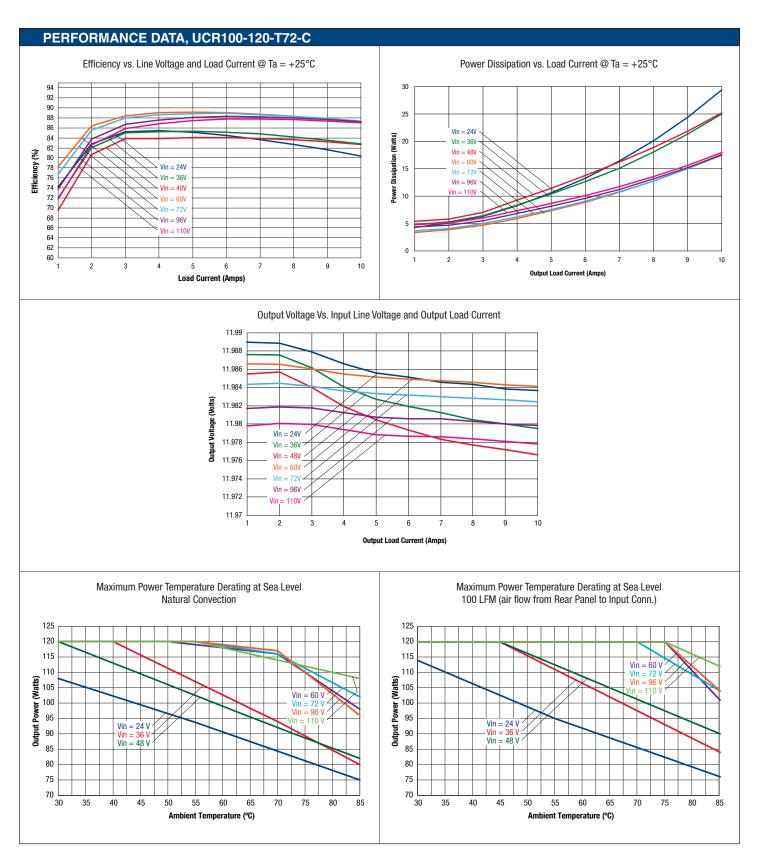
- $\odot$  Unless otherwise noted, units are specified with 1µF ceramic and 10µF tantalum external output capacitors in parallel (low ESR). The external input capacitor is 33µF, low ESR.
- ② Undervoltage shutdown is also available as a user-adjustable option.
- ③ Back ripple current input filter is Cin=33μF, Cbus=220μF, Lbus=12μH
- Remove overload for recovery
- ⑤ Output may be shorted to ground with no damage.



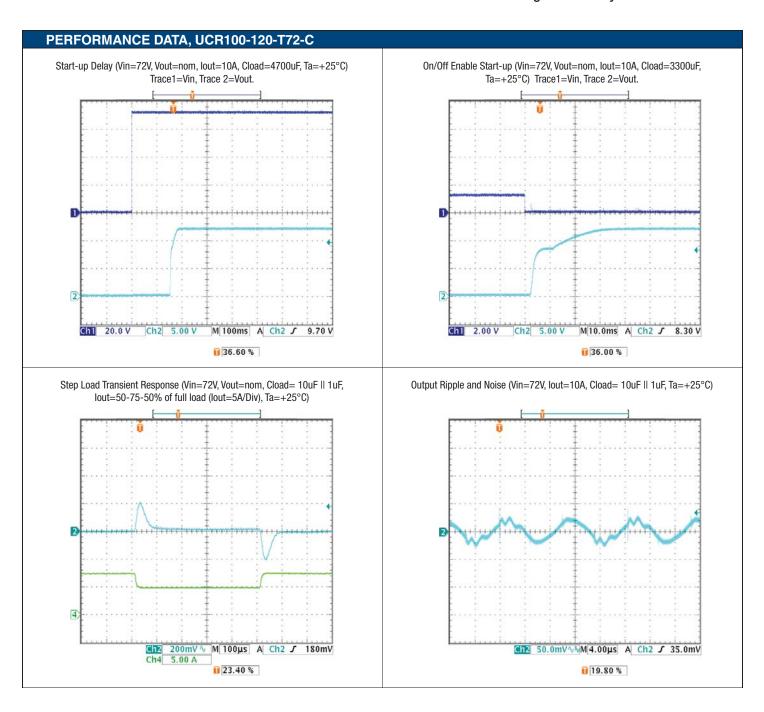


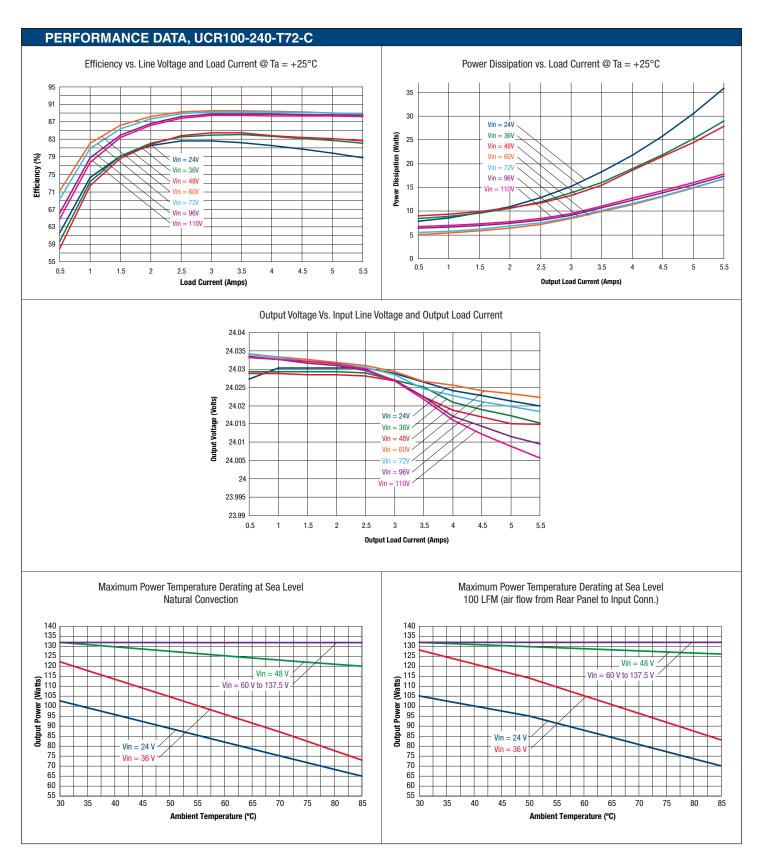




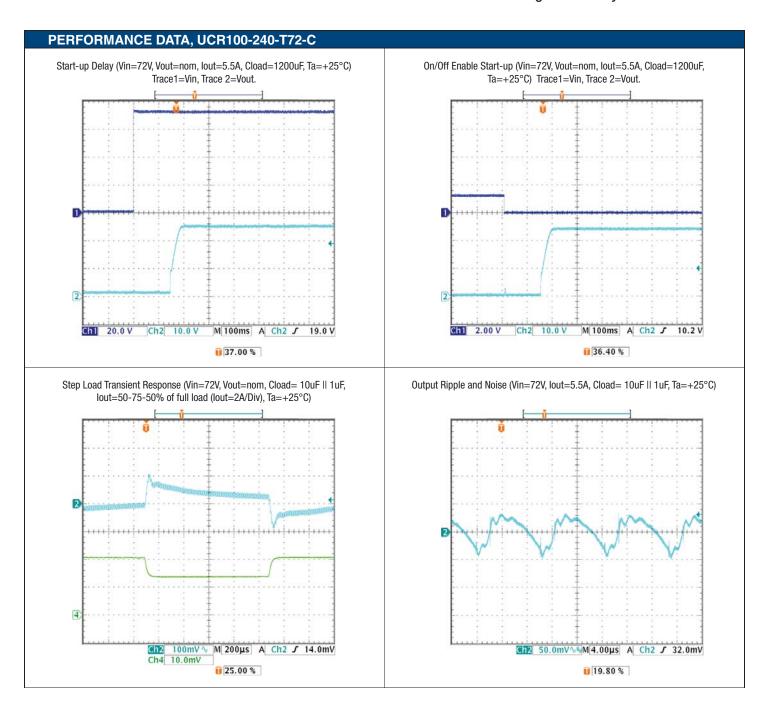


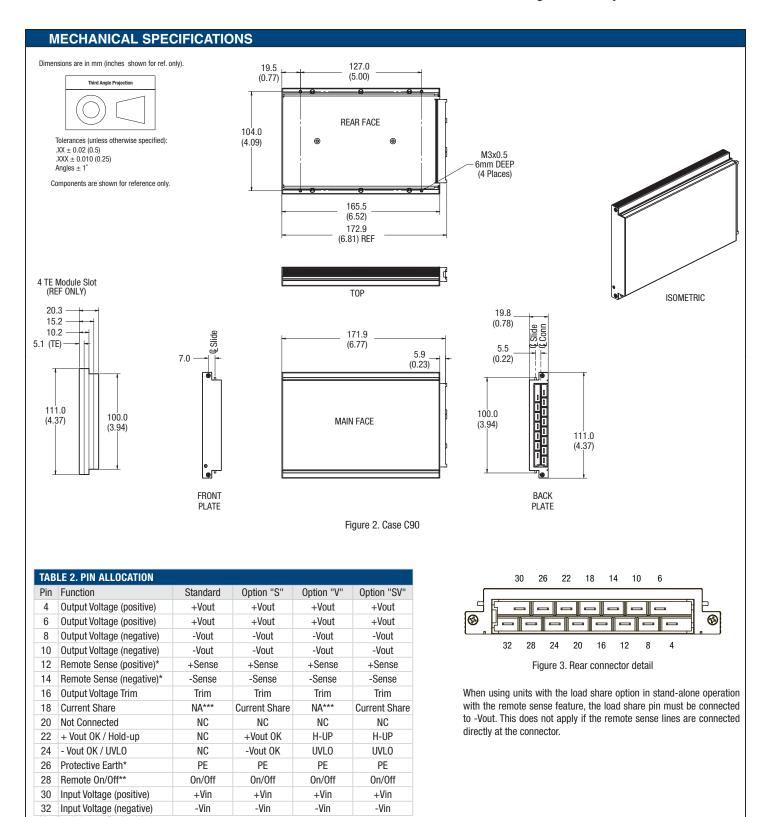












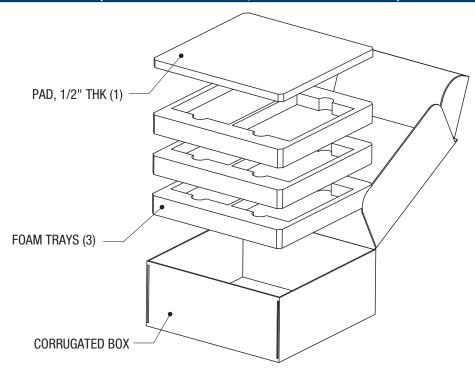
<sup>\*</sup> Leading pin (connect first, break last)

\*\* Connect to -Vin if not used

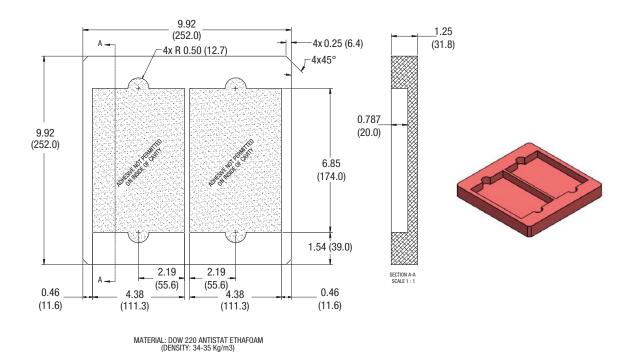
Pinout P87

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Pin is disconnected internally

### SHIPPING TRAYS AND BOXES (3 TRAYS PER CARTON, 6 UNITS PER CARTON)



### **SHIPPING TRAY DIMENSIONS (2 UNITS PER TRAY)**



## 3U High Reliability DC-DC Converters

### **Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Immunity:**

A transorb diode together with a symmetrical input filter form an effective protection against high input transient voltages, which typically occur in most installations, but especially in battery-driven mobile applications. The UCR-Series are tested to the following specifications:

Phenomenon	Standard	Level	Coupling mode ①	Value applied	Waveform	Source impedance	Test procedure	In operation	Perf. crit. ②		
Supply related	RIA 12	В	+i/- i	1.5 x V <sub>batt</sub>	0.1/1/0.1 s	0.2 Ω	1 positive surge	VOO	А		
surge	EN 50155	D	+1/-1	1.4 x V <sub>batt</sub>	0.1/1/0.1 8	1 Ω	i positive surge	yes	A		
Direct transients		D ④	-i/c, +i/-i	1800 V <sub>p</sub>	5/50 µs	5 Ω					
Direct transients	RIA 12 EN 50155:	G ⑤	-I/C, +I/-I	8400 V <sub>p</sub>	0.05/0.1 μs		5 pos. and 5	1/00	A		
Indirect coupled	1995	Н	-0/c. +0/-00/-i	1800 V <sub>p</sub>	5/50 µs	100 Ω	neg. impulses	yes	A		
transients		L	-0/C, +0/-0, -0/-i	8400 V <sub>p</sub>	0.05/0.1 μs						
Electrostatic			contact discharge	8000 V <sub>p</sub>			10 positive and		· '		
discharge (to case)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	4 6	air discharge	15000 V <sub>p</sub>	1/50 ns	330 Ω	10 negative discharges	yes	В		
	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	х 🗇	antenna	20 V/m	AM 80% 1 kHz	n.a.	80 – 1000 MHz	yes	А		
Electromagnetic field	ENV 50204	4 100	antenna	30 V/m	50% duty cycle, 200 Hz repetition frequency	n.a.	900 ±5 MHz	yes	А		
			capacitive, o/c	2000 V <sub>p</sub>	bursts of 5/50		60 s positive				
Electrical fast transients/burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	4 ®	direct, +i/c, -i/c,+i/-i	4000 V <sub>p</sub>	ns 5 kHz over 15 ms; burst period: 300 ms	50 Ω	60 s negative transients per coupling mode	yes  yes  yes  yes  yes  yes	В		
		3 ③	i/c	2000 V <sub>p</sub> ③		12 Ω	5 pos. and 5		_		
Surges	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	2 ③	+i/—i	1000 V <sub>p</sub> ③	1.2/50 μs	2 Ω	neg. surges per coupling mode	yes	В		
Conducted disturbances	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	3 9	i, o, signal wires	10 VAC (140 dBμV)	AM 80% 1 kHz	150 Ω	0.15 – 80 MHz	yes	A		

 $<sup>\</sup>textcircled{1}$  i = input, o = output, c = case.

 $<sup>\</sup>textcircled{2}$  A = Normal operation, no deviation from specs, B = Temporary deviation from specs possible.

③ Measured with an external input capacitor specified in table 4 of the standard.

<sup>@</sup> Corresponds to EN 50155:2001, waveform A, and EN 50121-3-2:2000, table 7.2.

⑤ Corresponds to EN 50155:2001, waveform B.

<sup>@</sup>Corresponds to EN 50121-3-2:2000, table 9.2.

<sup>©</sup> Corresponds to EN 50121-3-2:2000, table 9.1.

<sup>®</sup> Corresponds to EN 50121-3-2:2000, table 7.1.

<sup>(9)</sup> Corresponds to EN 50121-3-2:2000, table 7.4.

<sup>@</sup> Fulfills also EN 50121-5:2000, table 1.2, where ENV 50204 is referenced.



### **Immunity to Environmental Conditions**

Test me	thod	Standard	Test Conditions		Status
Cab	Damp heat steady state	IEC/EN 60068-2-78 MIL-STD-810D section 507.2	Temperature: Relative humidity: Duration:	40 ±2 °C 93 +2/-3 % 56 days	Converter not operating
Kb	Salt mist, cyclic (sodium chloride NaCl solution)	IEC/EN 60068-2-52	Concentration: Storage: Number of cycles	5% (30°C) for 2 hours 40°C, 93% rel. humidity for 22 hours 3 (= 3 days)	Converter not operating
Eb	Bump (half-sinusoidal)	IEC/EN 60068-2-29 MIL-STD-810D section 516.3	Acceleration amplitude: Bump duration: Number of bumps:	25 gn = 245 m/s <sup>2</sup> 11 ms 6000 (1000 in each direction)	Converter operating
Fc	Vibration (sinusoidal)	IEC/EN 60068-2-6 MIL-STD-810D section 514.3	Acceleration amplitude: Frequency (1 Oct/min): Test duration:	0.35  mm (10 - 60  Hz) $5 \text{ g}_n = 49 \text{ m/s}^2 (60 - 2000 \text{ Hz})$ 10 - 2000  Hz 7.5  hours (2.5  hours in each axis)	Converter operating
Ea	Shock (half-sinusoidal)	IEC/EN 60068-2-27 MIL-STD-810D section 516.3	Acceleration amplitude: Bump duration: Number of bumps:	50 $g_n = 490 \text{ m/s}^2$ 11 ms 18 (3 in each direction)	Converter operating
	Shock	EN 50155 / EN 61373 sect. 10, class A and B body mounted ①	Acceleration amplitude: Bump duration: Number of bumps:	5.1 g <sub>n</sub> 30 ms 18 (3 in each direction)	Converter operating
Fda	Random vibration wide band Reproducibility high	IEC/EN 60068-2-35 DIN 40046 part 23	Acceleration spectral density: Frequency band: Acceleration magnitude: Test duration:	$0.05  g_n^2/Hz$ 20 - 500  Hz $4.9  g_{n  rms}$ 3  hours  (1  hour  in  each  axis)	Converter operating
	Simulated long life testing at increased random vibration levels	EN 50155 / EN 61373 sect. 9, cat 1, class B, body mounted ①	Acceleration spectral density: Frequency band: Acceleration magnitude: Test duration:	$0.02~g_n^2/Hz$ 5 – 150 Hz $0.8~g_{n~rms}$ 15 hours (5 hours in each axis)	Converter operating

 $<sup>\</sup>textcircled{1}$  Body mounted = chassis of a railway coach

### **Technical Notes**

### Start-Up Threshold and Undervoltage Shutdown

Under normal start-up conditions, the UCR Series will not begin to regulate properly until the ramping input voltage exceeds the Start-Up Threshold. Once operating, devices will turn off when the applied voltage drops below the Undervoltage Shutdown point. Devices will remain off as long as the undervoltage condition continues. Units will automatically re-start when the applied voltage is brought back above the Start-Up Threshold. The hysteresis built into this function avoids an indeterminate on/off condition at a single input voltage. See Performance/Functional Specifications table for actual limits.

### **Start-Up Time**

The  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  Start-Up Time is the interval between the point at which a ramping input voltage crosses the Start-Up Threshold voltage and the point at which the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified  $\pm 1\%$  accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, and the slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears to the converter. The On/Off to  $V_{OUT}$  start-up time assumes that the converter is turned off via the Remote On/Off Control with the nominal input voltage already applied.

#### **On/Off Control**

The primary-side, Remote On/Off Control function is off when On/Off is high/open and on when On/Off is pulled low or grounded. See Figure 4.

Dynamic control of the remote on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or an open-collector/open-drain drive circuit (optically isolated if appropriate). The drive circuit should be able to sink appropriate current (see Performance Specifications) when activated and withstand appropriate voltage when deactivated.

### **Current Limiting**

When power demands from the output falls within the current limit inception range for the rated output current, the DC-DC converter will go into a current limiting mode. In this condition the output voltage will decrease proportionately with increases in output current, thereby maintaining a somewhat constant power dissipation. This is commonly referred to as power limiting. Current limit inception is defined as the point where the full-power output voltage falls below the specified tolerance. If the load current being drawn from the converter is significant enough, the unit will go into a short circuit condition. See "Short Circuit Condition."

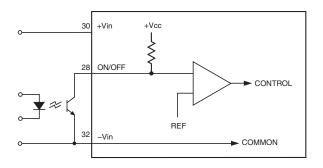


Figure 4. Driving the Remote On/Off Control Pin

#### **Short Circuit Condition**

When a converter is in current limit mode the output voltages will drop as the output current demand increases. If the output voltage drops too low, the magnetically coupled voltage used to develop primary side voltages will also drop, thereby shutting down the PWM controller. Following a time-out period, the PWM will restart, causing the output voltages to begin ramping to their appropriate values. If the short-circuit condition persists, another shutdown cycle will be initiated. This on/off cycling is referred to as "hiccup" mode. The hiccup cycling reduces the average output current, thereby preventing internal temperatures from rising to excessive levels. The UCR is capable of enduring an indefinite short circuit output condition.

### **Thermal Shutdown**

UCR converters are equipped with thermal-shutdown circuitry. If the internal temperature of the DC-DC converter rises above the designed operating temperature (See Performance Specifications), a precision temperature sensor will power down the unit. When the internal temperature decreases below the threshold of the temperature sensor, the unit will self start.

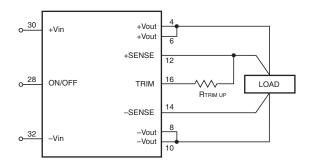


Figure 5. Trim Connections to Increase Output Voltage Using Fixed Resistors

Rtrim Up (k
$$\Omega$$
) =  $\frac{4 \text{ x (Vout - 2.5V)}}{2.5 \text{V x (Vout ÷ Vnom - 1)}}$ 

### **Output Overvoltage Protection**

The output voltage is monitored for an overvoltage condition via magnetic coupling to the primary side. If the output voltage rises to a fault condition, which could be damaging to the load circuitry (see Functional Specifications), the sensing circuitry will power down the PWM controller causing the output voltage to decrease. Following a time-out period the PWM will restart, causing the output voltage to ramp to its appropriate value. If the fault condition persists, and the output voltages again climb to excessive levels, the overvoltage circuitry will initiate another shutdown cycle. This on/off cycling is referred to as "hiccup" mode.

### **Input Fusing**

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require the installation of fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used if the possibility of a sustained, non-current-limited, input-voltage polarity reversal exists. For MPS UCR Series DC-DC Converters, fast-blow fuses are recommended with values no greater than twice the maximum input current.

Fuse Specifications		
Model	Fuse Type	Reference and rating
UCR100-050-T72-C	Fast-blow	15A 250V
UCR100-120-T72-C	Fast-blow	18A 250V
UCR100-240-T72-C	Fast-blow	20A 250V

### **Trimming Output Voltage**

UCR converters have a trim capability that enables users to adjust the output voltage from -10% to +10% of Vnominal. Adjustments to the output voltage can be accomplished with a single fixed resistor as shown in Figures 5 and 6. A single fixed resistor can increase or decrease the output voltage depending on its connection. Resistors should be located close to the converter and have TCR's less than  $100 \text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  to minimize sensitivity to changes in temperature. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim pin open.

Trim adjustments greater than the specified -10% to +10% can have an adverse affect on the converter's performance and are not recommended. Excessive voltage differences between Vout and Sense, in conjunction with trim adjustment of the output voltage, can cause the overvoltage protection circuitry to activate (see Functional Specifications for overvoltage limits).

Use only one trim up or trim down resistor. *Do not* connect both resistors simultaneously. When trimming, do not exceed maximum output power.

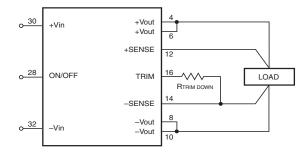


Figure 6. Trim Connections to Decrease Output Voltage Using Fixed Resistors

Rtrim Down (k
$$\Omega$$
) =  $\frac{4 \text{ x Vout}}{\text{Vnom - Vout}}$ 

#### **Remote Sense**

UCR series converters employ a sense feature to provide point of use regulation, thereby overcoming moderate IR drops in pcb conductors or cabling. The remote sense lines carry very little current and therefore require minimal cross-sectional-area conductors. The sense lines, which are capacitively coupled to their respective output lines, are used by the feedback control-loop to regulate the output. As such, they are not low impedance points and must be treated with care in layouts and cabling. Sense lines on a pcb should be run adjacent to dc signals, preferably ground. In cables and discrete wiring applications, twisted pair or other techniques should be implemented.

UCR series converters will compensate for drops between the output voltage at the DC-DC converter output pins and the voltage at the DC-DC sense input pins provided that:

$$[Vout(+) - Vout(-)] - [Sense(+) - Sense(-)] \le 10\% Vout(-)$$

Output overvoltage protection is monitored at the output voltage pin, not the Sense pin. Therefore, excessive voltage differences between Vour and Sense in conjunction with trim adjustment of the output voltage can cause the overvoltage protection circuitry to activate (see Performance Specifications for overvoltage limits). Power derating is based on maximum output current and voltage at the converter's output pins. Use of trim and sense functions can cause output voltages to increase, thereby increasing output power beyond the conveter's specified rating, or cause output voltages to climb into the output overvoltage region. Therefore, the designer must ensure:

(Vout at pins) 
$$\times$$
 (lout)  $\leq$  rated output power

Note: The Sense and  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  lines are internally connected through low-value resistors. Nevertheless, if the sense function is not used for remote regulation the user must connect the +Sense to + $V_{\text{OUT}}$  and -Sense to - $V_{\text{OUT}}$  at the DC-DC converter pins.

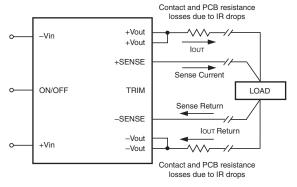


Figure 7. Remote Sense Circuit Configuration

### **Conformal Coating**

The UCR modules have conformal coating to protect them against moisture, dust, and chemical and temperature extremes during all types of applications. They provide environmental and mechanical protection to extend the life of the components and circuitry significantly. Conformal coating on the UCR modules is applied by dipping. Conformal coating protects the UCR modules from moisture and contaminants, preventing short circuits and corrosion of conductors and solder joints. In addition, the use of conformal coating protects circuits and components from abrasion and solvents. Stress relief is also provided, as well as protection of the insulation resistance of the module. The conformal coating is particularly useful for protecting circuitry in severe service environments, while maintaining a low stress environment for components and connections.

### Features and Options

#### **Hold-Up Time**

The hold-up time function provided by the UCR100 is designed to work with an external hold-up capacitor that is charged from circuitry internal to the converter. Hold-up time is defined as the duration of time that the DC-DC converter output will remain active following a loss of input power. When the hold-up function is activated, the UCR100 uses the hold-up capacitor energy to support operation. This provides a charge that maintains the DC-DC converter in operation for 10ms of hold-up time. The capacitors in the application are recommended below. The values in the table are standard capacitor values that will provide a hold-up time of better than 10ms.

Vin	24V	36V	48V	72V	96V	110V
Standard	1900µf	1000µf	860µf	680µf	510µf	1200µf
Working Voltage	75VDC	100VDC	100VDC	150VDC	150VDC	150VDC

Figure 8 shows the relationship between the input voltage and the fall of the output voltage.

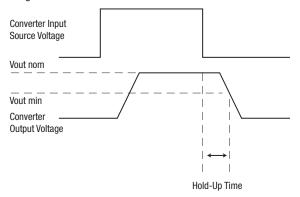


Figure 8. Hold-up Time to DC-DC Converter



Figure 9 shows the connection of the external output capacitor for the UCR100 model.

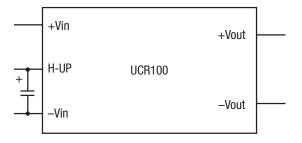


Figure 9. Connection of External Hold-up Capacitor

#### **Undervoltage Lockout**

URC series converters with the –V or –SV suffix have an undervoltage lockout feature that will shut down the controller if the input voltage falls below an adjustable threshold. The undervoltage threshold is determined by the value of a resistor placed between the UVLO and –Vin. Figure 10 shows a typical configuration.

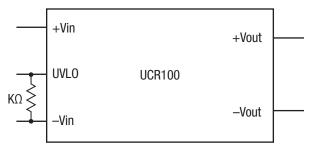


Figure 10. Undervoltage Lockout Configuration

The converter will remain off as long as the input voltage remains below the UVLO threshold. Devices will automatically restart when the applied voltage rises above the UVLO threshold. The hysteresis built into this function prevents an indeterminate on/off condition at a single input voltage. The table below shows common UVLO values for various nominal input voltages and the required resistor value for each.

Vin Nominal (V)	24	36	48	72	96	110
UVLO (V)	14.4 (±1V)	21.6 (±1V)	28.8 (±1V)	43.2 (±1V)	57.6 (±1V)	66 (±1V)
UVLO External Trim Resistor (KΩ)	50	11.5	6.1	2.7	1.5	1.1

### **Using Multiple Converters**

UCR converters may be connected in series to achieve a higher output voltage. URC converters with the optional current share feature (-S and -SV models) may also be connected in parallel to support higher output current, to improve redundancy or to spread the thermal load in high power, high temperature environments. Please refer to the typical circuits below. For all modes, use short connections with sufficient wire gauge and adequate grounding. Trim circuits are not shown in the following diagrams however they are the same as the Output Adjustment section.

A desirable feature of using multiple converters is that, since all units are isolated, they can use a common input power supply. Or you may use separate inputs for redundancy.

When using units with the load share option in stand-alone operation with the remote sense feature, the load share pin must be connected to -Vout. This connection is not needed if the remote sense lines are connected directly at the connector.

### **Using series connections (see figure 11)**

Figure 11 illustrates a typical configuration for two URC converters connected in series. The Current Share inputs should be left floating or tied to -Vout. When connected in series the maximum load regulation remains constant as a percentage of the series output voltage. The total percentage of regulation does not change over the series string however the regulation amounts (in millivolts) accumulate in each converter.

When trimming UCRs in a series-connected chain, be sure to avoid exceeding the voltage trim limits for each individual converter. Specifically, try to make the trim adjustments approximately equal on all series-connected converters.

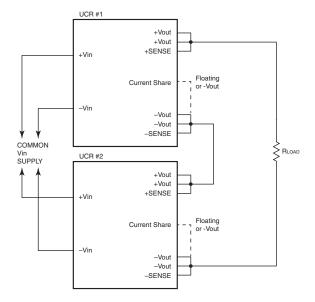


Figure 11. Series Connections

### Using parallel connections - Load Sharing (see figure 12)

The +Sense must be left open when current sharing is required. Be sure to differentiate between wiring for redundancy or wiring for load sharing which is greater than one converter's output current rating. Redundant connections

UCR #1 +Vout +Vout +SENSE +Vin Floating Current Share –Vin -Vout -Vout -SENSE UCR #2 +Vout +SENSE +Vin Floating Current Share -Vir -Vout -Vout Additional UCRs

Figure 12. Load-Sharing Parallel Connections

expect one or the remaining converters to absorb the whole load if one converter fails. Therefore the entire load cannot exceed the rating of one converter.

Load sharing requires all parallel converters to be operational since failure of one converter forces all others to go into overcurrent shutdown. For two or more parallel load sharing converters, connect all Current Share pins together. The load-share parallel current circuit requires interconnection of the Current Share pins between each converter to insure that the current load is approximately balanced between all converters.

### **Using parallel connections – Redundancy**

The redundancy connections in figures 13 and 14 requires external user-supplied "OR'ing" diodes to share the load. The diodes prevent one converter with slightly higher voltage forcing current into the lower-current converter. The diodes also protect the application against catastrophic "crow-barring" failure (shorted output) by one of the converters.

The diodes should be identical part numbers to enhance balance between the two converters. The default factory nominal voltage should be sufficiently matched between converters however you may wish to add optional external trim circuits to make the load approximately equal. Adjust the converters for equal output voltage before connecting in parallel.

The OR'ing diode system is the responsibility of the user. Be aware of the power levels applied to the diodes and possible heat sink requirements.

Be very careful placing the diodes "in the loop" when when using Sense inputs. This might cause the output terminals to exceed their +10% trim range or maximum power outputs. Schottky power diodes with approximately 0.3 Volt

drops may be suitable in the loop whereas 0.7 Volt silicon power diodes may not be advisable. The Sense inputs are being asked to compensate for both the diode drop and the wiring losses. Placing the diodes "in the loop" provides better system regulation at the risk of exceeding power levels (see figure 14).

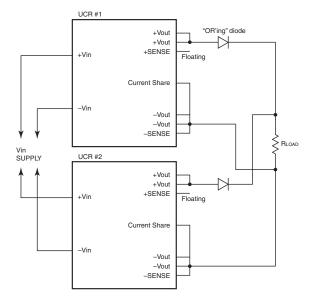


Figure 13. Redundant Parallel Connections

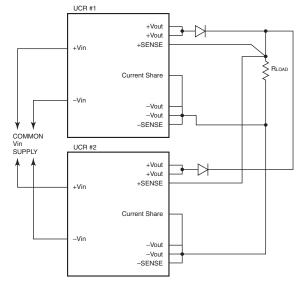


Figure 14. Optional Redundant Parallel Sense Wiring

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