# Notice for TAIYO YUDEN products

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

#### PREMINDERS

Product information in this catalog is as of October 2014. All of the contents specified herein are subject to change without notice due to technical improvements, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or usage of the Products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. shall not be responsible for any defects in products or equipment incorporating such products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual specification.

- Please contact TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. for further details of product specifications as the individual specification is available.
- Please conduct validation and verification of products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before commercial shipment of the equipment.
- All electronic components or functional modules listed in this catalog are developed, designed and intended for use in general electronics equipment.(for AV, office automation, household, office supply, information service, telecommunications, (such as mobile phone or PC) etc.). Before incorporating the components or devices into any equipment in the field such as transportation,( automotive control, train control, ship control), transportation signal, disaster prevention, medical, public information network (telephone exchange, base station) etc. which may have direct influence to harm or injure a human body, please contact TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. for more detail in advance.

Do not incorporate the products into any equipment in fields such as aerospace, aviation, nuclear control, submarine system, military, etc. where higher safety and reliability are especially required.

In addition, even electronic components or functional modules that are used for the general electronic equipment, if the equipment or the electric circuit require high safety or reliability function or performances, a sufficient reliability evaluation check for safety shall be performed before commercial shipment and moreover, due consideration to install a protective circuit is strongly recommended at customer's design stage.

- The contents of this catalog are applicable to the products which are purchased from our sales offices or distributors (so called "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel").
  - It is only applicable to the products purchased from any of TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.
- Please note that TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. shall have no responsibility for any controversies or disputes that may occur in connection with a third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights arising from your usage of products in this catalog. TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. grants no license for such rights.
- Caution for export

Certain items in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", and other applicable regulations. Should you have any question or inquiry on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

### **MULTILAYER CERAMIC CAPACITORS**



#### ■PARTS NUMBER

J	1	K	3	1	6	Δ	В	J	1	0	6	М	L	_	Т	Δ
1	2) (	3		4		(5)	(6	3		7		8	9	10	11)	12

△=Blank space

(1	)	⊽ລ	tan	\/A	ltag
U	יע	١a	rec	V V	ıcagı

Code	Rated voltage[VDC]
Р	2.5
Α	4
J	6.3
L	10
Е	16
Т	25
G	35
U	50
Н	100
Q	250
S	630

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

3End termination

Code	End termination
К	Plated
S	Cu Internal Electrodes

#### 4Dimension (L × W)

Туре	Dimensions (L×W)[mm]	EIA(inch)
042	0.4 × 0.2	01005
063	0.6 × 0.3	0201
105	1.0 × 0.5	0402
105	0.52 × 1.0 💥	0204
107	1.6 × 0.8	0603
107	0.8 × 1.6 💥	0306
212	2.0 × 1.25	0805
212	1.25 × 2.0 💥	0508
316	3.2 × 1.6	1206
325	3.2 × 2.5	1210
432	4.5 × 3.2	1812
N N	. (□1404) 1	_

Note: ※LW reverse type(□WK) only

#### 2Series name

Code	Series name
М	Multilayer ceramic capacitor
V	Multilayer ceramic capacitor for high frequency
W	LW reverse type multilayer capacitor

#### ⑤Dimension tolerance

Code	Type	L[mm]	W[mm]	T[mm]
Δ	ALL	Standard	Standard	Standard
	063	0.6±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05
	105	1.0±0.10	0.5±0.10	0.5±0.10
	107	1.6+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05
				0.45±0.05
Α	212	2.0+0.15/-0.05	1.25 + 0.15 / -0.05	0.85±0.10
				1.25 + 0.15 / -0.05
	316	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	0.85±0.10
	310	3.2 ± 0.20	1.0 ± 0.20	1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30
	063	0.6±0.09	0.3±0.09	0.3±0.09
	105	1.0+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05
	107	1.6+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0	0.45±0.05
В	107	1.6 + 0.20/ = 0	0.8 + 0.20/ - 0	0.8+0.20/-0
ь				0.45±0.05
В	212	2.0+0.20/-0	1.25 + 0.20 / -0	0.85±0.10
				1.25+0.20/-0
	316	3.2±0.30	1.6±0.30	1.6±0.30
С	105	1.0+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0

Note: P.6 Standard external dimensions

∆= Blank space

#### **6**Temperature characteristics code

■High dielectric type(Excluding Super low distortion multilayer ceramic capacitor(CFCAP<sup>TM</sup>))

Code	Applicable standard		Temperature range[°C]	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code								
	JIS	В	-25 <b>~</b> + 85	20	±10%	±10%	K								
BJ	010	ь	25.4 1 65	20	±10%	±20%	М								
ВО	EIA	X5R	-55 <b>~</b> + 85	25	±15%	±10%	K								
	LIX	AUK	-55° + 65	25	±15%	±20%	М								
В7	EIA	A X7R	VZD	VZD	VZD	VZD	VZD	V7D	V7D	ETA V7D	-55 <b>~</b> +125	25	±15%	±10%	K
В/			-557~ + 125	25	±1370	±20%	М								
C6	EIA	X6S	-55 <b>~</b> +105	25	±22%	±10%	K								
Co	EIA	703	-5574 + 105	25	1 22 90	±20%	М								
	EIA	X7S	-55~+125	25	±22%	±10%	K								
C/			-55~+125			±20%	М								
. 5010			55   05	0.5		±10%	K								
LD(※)	EIA	X5R	−55 <b>~</b> + 85	25	±15%	±20%	М								
٨٥	JIS	F	-25~+ 85	20	+30/-80%	+80/-20%	Z								
ΔF	EIA	Y5V	<b>−30~+ 85</b>	25	+22/-82%	+80/-20%	Z								

Note: X.LD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor

Δ= Blank space

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .

■Temperature c	ompensating typ
Codo	Applicable

Code	Applicable standard		Temperature range[°C]	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code
						±0.1pF	В
						±0.25pF	С
CG	EIA	C0G	-55~+125	25	$0\pm30$ ppm/°C	±0.5pF	D
						±1pF	F
						tolerance ±0.1pF ±0.25pF ±0.5pF	J
						±0.1pF	В
СН	JIS	CH		20		±0.25pF	С
			-55 <b>~</b> +125		0±60ppm/°C	±0.5pF	D
	EIA	A C0H	-55° + 125	25		±1pF	F
						±5%	J
						±5% ±10%	K
CJ	JIS	CJ	-55~+125	20	0±120ppm/°C	±0.255E	С
	EIA	C0J	35.4 1 123	25	0±120ррП/ С	±0.23pi	U
CK	JIS	CK	-55 <b>~</b> +125	20	0±250ppm/°C	±0.05□	С
	EIA	C0J	-55° +125	25	0±230ррпі/ С	±0.25pr	U
	JIS	UJ		20		±0.25pF	С
UJ	EIA	U2J	$-55 \sim +125$	25	$-750 \pm 120$ ppm/°C	±0.5pF	D
	EIA	020		20		±5%	J
UK	JIS	UK	-55 <b>~</b> +125	20	-750±250ppm/°C	±05=E	С
	EIA	U2K	-55 <b>~</b> +125	25	— /30 ± 250ppm/ C	±0.5pF	
SL	JIS	SL	-55 <b>~</b> +125	20	+350~−1000ppm/°C	±5%	J

#### 6Series code

(Super low distortion multilayer ceramic capacitor(CFCAP $^{\text{TM}}$ ) only)

(Gaper Terr area	or drong marting or containing supursition (or continu	,,
Code	Series code	
SD	Standard	

#### • Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

Code	Series code
SD	Standard

#### 7Nominal capacitance

©	
Code (example)	Nominal capacitance
	0.F. F.
0R5	0.5pF
010	1pF
100	10pF
101	100pF
102	1,000pF
103	10,000pF
104	0.1 μ F
105	1.0 μ F
106	10 μ F
107	100 μ F

Note : R=Decimal point

#### **8**Capacitance tolerance

© Capacitarioc to	herance
Code	Capacitance tolerance
В	±0.1pF
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.5pF
F	±1pF
G	±2%
J	±5%
К	±10%
М	±20%
Z	+80/-20%

#### Thickness

Code	Thickness[mm]
С	0.2
D	0.2
Р	0.3
Т	0.3
K	0.45
V	0.5
W	0.5
Α	0.8
D	0.85(212type or more)
F	1.15
G	1.25
L	1.6
N	1.9
Υ	2.0 max
М	2.5

#### ®Special code

19 Opoolal oodo	
Code	Special code
_	Standard

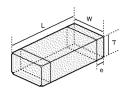
#### 11)Packaging

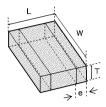
Code	Packaging						
F	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (2mm pitch)						
Т	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch)						
Р	φ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch, 1000 pcs/reel) 325 type (Thickness code M)						
W							
VV	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (1mm pitch) 042type only						

#### ①Internal code

Code	Internal code
Δ	Standard

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .





T (FIA)	Dimension [mm]								
Type( EIA )	L	W	T	*1	е				
□MK042(01005)	0.4±0.02	0.2±0.02	0.2±0.02	C D	0.1±0.03				
□VS042(01005)	0.4±0.02	0.2±0.02	0.2±0.02	С	0.1±0.03				
□MK063(0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.3±0.03	P T	0.15±0.05				
			0.2±0.02	С					
☐MK105(0402)	1.0±0.05	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	0.3±0.03	Р	$0.25 \pm 0.10$				
		W         T         *1           0.2±0.02         0.2±0.02         C           D         0.2±0.02         C           0.3±0.03         0.3±0.03         P           T         0.2±0.02         C           0.5±0.05         0.3±0.03         P           0.5±0.05         V         V           0.5±0.05         V         V           0.8±0.05         K         0.8±0.10         A           1.6±0.10         0.5±0.05         V           0.45±0.05         K         0.8±0.10         A           1.25±0.10         D         0.85±0.10         D           2.0±0.15         0.85±0.10         D         D           1.15±0.10         F         F							
□VK105(0402)	1.0±0.05	0.5±0.05	0.5±0.05	W	0.25±0.10				
□WK105(0204)※	0.52±0.05	1.0±0.05	0.3±0.05	Р	0.18±0.08				
□MK107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10			0.35±0.25				
	1.0_0.10	0.0 _ 0.10	0.8±0.10		0.00 _ 0.20				
□WK107(0306)※	0.8±0.10	1.6±0.10	0.5±0.05	V	0.25±0.15				
			0.45±0.05						
□MK212(0805)	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.85±0.10	D	$0.5 \pm 0.25$				
			1.25±0.10	G					
□WK212(0508)※	1.25±0.15	2.0±0.15	$0.85 \pm 0.1$	D	0.3±0.2				
			0.85±0.10	D					
□MK316(1206)	3.2±0.15	164015	1.15±0.10	F	0.5+0.35/-0.25				
□MK310(1200)	3.2 ± 0.13	1.0 ± 0.15	1.25±0.10	G	0.0+0.33/ -0.23				
			1.6±0.20	L					
			0.85±0.10	D					
□MK325(1210)			1.15±0.10	F					
	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	1.9±0.20	N	$0.6 \pm 0.3$				
			1.9+0.1/-0.2	Υ					
			2.5±0.20	М					
□MK432(1812)	4.5±0.40	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	М	0.9±0.6				

Note: ※. LW reverse type, \*1.Thickness code

#### STANDARD QUANTITY

Type EIA (inch)		Dime	ension	Standard q	Standard quantity[pcs]		
Туре	EIA (Inch)	[mm]	Code	Paper tape	Embossed tape		
042	01005	0.2	С		40000		
042	01005	0.2	D	_	40000		
063	0201	0.3	Р	15000	_		
003	0201	0.3	Т	13000	_		
		0.2	С	20000	_		
	0402	0.3	Р	15000	_		
105	0402	0.5	V				
		0.5	W	10000	_		
	0204 ※	0.30	Р				
	0602	0.45	K	4000			
107	0603	0.8	Α	4000			
	0306 ※	0.50	V	_	4000		
		0.45	K	4000	_		
010	0805	0.85	D	4000			
212		1.25	G	_	3000		
	0508 ※	0.85	D	4000	_		
		0.85	D	4000	_		
010	1000	1.15	F		2000		
316	1206	1.25	G	_	3000		
		1.6	L	_	2000		
		0.85	D				
		1.15	F				
325	1210	1.9	N	_	2000		
		2.0 max	Υ				
		2.5	М	_	500(T), 1000(F		
432	1812	2.5	М	_	500		

Note : ※.LW Reverse type(□WK)

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .

[Temperature Characteristic U $\triangle$  : U $\triangle$ /U2 $\triangle$ ] 0.5mm thickness(V)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]		erature eristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	Q (at 1MHz) min	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Soldering R:Reflow W:Wave
UMK105 UK0R5CV-F			UK	U2K	0.5 р	±0.25pF	410	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UK010CV-F			UK	U2K	1 p	±0.25pF	420	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UK1R5CV-F			UK	U2K	1.5 p	±0.25pF	430	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UK020CV-F			UK	U2K	2 p	±0.25pF	440	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UK030CV-F			UK	U2K	3 p	±0.25pF	460	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UJ040CV-F			UJ	U2J	4 p	±0.25pF	480	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UJ050CV-F			UJ	U2J	5 p	±0.25pF	500	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UJ060DV-F			UJ	U2J	6 p	±0.5pF	520	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UJ070DV-F			UJ	U2J	7 p	±0.5pF	540	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UJ080DV-F			UJ	U2J	8 p	±0.5pF	560	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ090DV-F			UJ	U2J	9 p	±0.5pF	580	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ100DV-F			UJ	U2J	10 p	±0.5pF	600	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ120JV-F			UJ	U2J	12 p	±5%	640	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ150JV-F			UJ	U2J	15 p	±5%	700	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ180JV-F		50	UJ	U2J	18 p	±5%	760	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ220JV-F		30	UJ	U2J	22 p	±5%	840	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ270JV-F			UJ	U2J	27 p	±5%	940	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ330JV-F			UJ	U2J	33 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ390JV-F			UJ	U2J	39 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ470JV-F			UJ	U2J	47 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ560JV-F			UJ	U2J	56 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ680JV-F			UJ	U2J	68 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ820JV-F			UJ	U2J	82 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ101JV-F			UJ	U2J	100 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ121JV-F			UJ	U2J	120 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ151JV-F			UJ	U2J	150 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ181JV-F			UJ	U2J	180 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ221JV-F			UJ	U2J	220 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 UJ271JV-F			UJ	U2J	270 р	±5%	1000	200	0.5±0.05	R
UMK105 UJ331JV-F			UJ	U2J	330 р	±5%	1000	200	0.5±0.05	R

[Temperature Characteristic SL] 0.5mm thickness(V)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]		erature teristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	Q (at 1MHz) min	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Soldering R:Reflow W:Wave
UMK105 SL121JV-F			SL		120 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 SL151JV-F			SL		150 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 SL181JV-F		50	SL		180 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 SL221JV-F		30	SL		220 p	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 SL271JV-F			SL		270 р	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 SL331JV-F			SL		330 р	±5%	1000	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R

# Multilaver Ceramic Capacitors for High Frequency Applications (1GHz+) 042TYPE [Temperature Characteristic CH: CH/C0H] 0.2mm thickness(C)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature Capacitance		Capacitance	Capacitance	Q (at 1GHz)	HTLT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Soldering R:Reflow
Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voitage [v]	charact	eristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	(min)	Rated voltage x %	inickness [mm]	W:Wave
TVS042 CH0R2[]C-W			CH	C0H	0.2 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	0.2±0.02	R
TVS042 CH0R3[]C-W			CH	C0H	0.3 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	0.2±0.02	R
TVS042 CH0R4∏C-W			CH	C0H	0.4 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH0R5∏C-W			CH	C0H	0.5 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH0R6[]C-W			CH	C0H	0.6 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH0R7[]C-W			CH	C0H	0.7 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CHR75[]C-W			CH	C0H	0.75 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH0R8∏C-W			CH	C0H	0.8 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH0R9∏C-W			CH	C0H	0.9 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH010[]C-W			CH	C0H	1 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	300	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH1R1∏C-W			CH	C0H	1.1 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	280	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH1R2[]C-W		_	CH	C0H	1.2 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	270	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH1R3∏C-W			CH	C0H	1.3 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	260	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH1R5∏C-W			CH	C0H	1.5 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	240	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH1R6∏C-W			CH	C0H	1.6 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	230	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH1R8∏C-W			CH	C0H	1.8 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	210	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH020[]C-W			CH	C0H	2 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	190	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH2R2∏C-W			CH	C0H	2.2 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	180	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH2R4∏C-W			CH	C0H	2.4 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	170	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH2R7∏C-W			CH	C0H	2.7 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	150	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH030∏C-W		25	CH	C0H	3 р	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	130	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH3R3∏C-W		20	CH	C0H	3.3 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	120	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH3R6∏C-W			CH	C0H	3.6 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	110	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH3R9∏C-W			CH	C0H	3.9 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	100	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH040∏C-W			CH	C0H	4 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	90	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH4R3∏C-W			CH	C0H	4.3 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	85	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH4R7∏C-W			CH	C0H	4.7 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	85	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH050∏C-W			CH	C0H	5 p	±0.1pF, 0.25pF	80	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH5R1∏C-W			CH	C0H	5.1 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	75	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH5R6∏C-W			CH	C0H	5.6 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	70	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH060∏C-W			CH	C0H	6 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	65	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH6R2∏C-W			CH	C0H	6.2 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	65	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH6R8[]C-W			CH	C0H	6.8 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	60	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH070[C-W		<b>_</b>	CH	C0H	7 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	60	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH7R5[]C-W		_	CH	C0H	7.5 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	55	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH080∏C-W			CH	C0H	8 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	55	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH8R2[]C-W		<b>_</b>	CH	C0H	8.2 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	50	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH090∏C-W		<b>_</b>	CH	C0H	9 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	50	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH9R1[]C-W		_	CH	C0H	9.1 p	±0.25pF, 0.5pF	45	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH100∏C-W		_	CH	C0H	10 p	±2%, ±5%	45	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH110JC-W			CH	C0H	11 p	±5%	40	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH120JC-W			CH	C0H	12 p	±5%	40	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]		erature teristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	Q (at 1GHz) (min)	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Soldering R:Reflow W:Wave
TVS042 CH130JC-W			CH	C0H	13 p	±5%	40	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH150JC-W			CH	C0H	15 p	±5%	40	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH160JC-W		25	CH	C0H	16 p	±5%	40	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH180JC-W			CH	C0H	18 p	±5%	40	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R
TVS042 CH220JC-W			CH	C0H	22 p	±5%	30	200	$0.2 \pm 0.02$	R

[Temperature Characteristic CH : CH/C0H] 0.5mm thickness(W)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Tempe charact		Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	Q (at 1GHz) (min)	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Soldering R:Reflow W:Wave
EVK105 CH0R3BW-F			CH	C0H	0.3 p	±0.1pF	300	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH0R4BW-F			CH	COH	0.4 p	±0.1pF	300	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH0R5BW-F			CH	COH	0.5 p	±0.1pF	300	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH0R6BW-F			CH	COH	0.6 p	±0.1pF	300	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH0R7BW-F			CH	C0H	0.7 p	±0.1pF	300	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH0R8BW-F			CH	C0H	0.8 p	±0.1pF	300	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH0R9BW-F			CH	C0H	0.9 p	±0.1pF	300	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH010BW-F			CH	C0H	1 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH1R1BW-F			CH	C0H	1.1 p	±0.1pF	280	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH1R2BW-F			CH	C0H	1.2 p	±0.1pF	270	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH1R3BW-F			CH	C0H	1.3 p	±0.1pF	260	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH1R5BW-F			CH	C0H	1.5 p	±0.1pF	240	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH1R6BW-F		16	CH	C0H	1.6 p	±0.1pF	230	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH1R8BW-F			CH	C0H	1.8 p	±0.1pF	210	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH020BW-F			CH	C0H	2 p	±0.1pF	190	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH2R2JW-F			CH	C0H	2.2 p	±5%	180	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH2R4JW-F			CH	C0H	2.4 p	±5%	170	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH2R7JW-F			CH	C0H	2.7 p	±5%	150	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH030JW-F			CH	C0H	3 p	±5%	130	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH3R3JW-F			CH	C0H	3.3 p	±5%	120	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH3R6JW-F			CH	C0H	3.6 p	±5%	110	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH3R9JW-F			CH	C0H	3.9 p	±5%	99	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH4R3JW-F			CH	C0H	4.3 p	±5%	84	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EVK105 CH4R7JW-F			CH	C0H	4.7 p	±5%	84	200	0.5±0.05	R
EVK105 CH5R1JW-F			CH	C0H	5.1 p	±5%	84	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R

[Temperature Characteristic CH : CH/C0H] 0.5mm thickness(W)

Temperature Characterist			Tempe	erature	Capacitance	Capacitance	Q	HTLT	+2 = =	Soldering
Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	charact		[F]	tolerance [%]	(at 1GHz) (min)	Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	R:Reflow W:Wave
UVK105 CH0R3BW-F			CH	C0H	0.3 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH0R4BW-F			CH	C0H	0.4 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH0R5BW-F			CH	C0H	0.5 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH0R6BW-F			CH	C0H	0.6 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH0R7BW-F			CH	C0H	0.7 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH0R8BW-F			CH	C0H	0.8 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH0R9BW-F			CH	C0H	0.9 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH010BW-F			CH	C0H	1 p	±0.1pF	300	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH1R1BW-F			CH	C0H	1.1 p	±0.1pF	280	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH1R2BW-F			CH	C0H	1.2 p	±0.1pF	270	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH1R3BW-F			CH	C0H	1.3 p	±0.1pF	260	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH1R5BW-F			CH	C0H	1.5 p	±0.1pF	240	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH1R6BW-F		50	CH	C0H	1.6 p	±0.1pF	230	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH1R8BW-F			CH	C0H	1.8 p	±0.1pF	210	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH020BW-F			CH	C0H	2 p	±0.1pF	190	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH2R2JW-F			CH	C0H	2.2 p	±5%	180	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH2R4JW-F			CH	C0H	2.4 p	±5%	170	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH2R7JW-F			CH	C0H	2.7 p	±5%	150	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH030JW-F			CH	C0H	3 p	±5%	130	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH3R3JW-F			CH	C0H	3.3 p	±5%	120	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH3R6JW-F			CH	C0H	3.6 p	±5%	110	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH3R9JW-F			CH	C0H	3.9 p	±5%	99	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH4R3JW-F			CH	C0H	4.3 p	±5%	84	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UVK105 CH4R7JW-F			CH	C0H	4.7 p	±5%	84	200	0.5±0.05	R
UVK105 CH5R1JW-F			CH	C0H	5.1 p	±5%	84	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R

# Super Low Distortion Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors (CFCAP<sup>TM</sup>) ● 105TYPE [Temperature Characteristic SD : Standard] 0.5mm thickness(V)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance	Capacitance	tan δ	HTLT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Soldering R:Reflow
Part number I	Part number 2			[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Thickness [mm]	W:Wave
UMK105 SD391KV-F		50		390 р	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 SD471KV-F				470 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
UMK105 SD561KV-F			- Standard Type	560 р	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
TMK105 SD681KV-F		25		680 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
TMK105 SD821KV-F				820 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
TMK105 SD102KV-F				1000 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
TMK105 SD122KV-F				1200 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EMK105 SD152KV-F				1500 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EMK105 SD182KV-F		16		1800 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
EMK105 SD222KV-F		10		2200 p	±10	0.1	200	0.5±0.05	R
EMK105 SD272KV-F				2700 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
LMK105 SD332KV-F				3300 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
LMK105 SD392KV-F		10		3900 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R
LMK105 SD472KV-F				4700 p	±10	0.1	200	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	R

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .

#### **Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors**

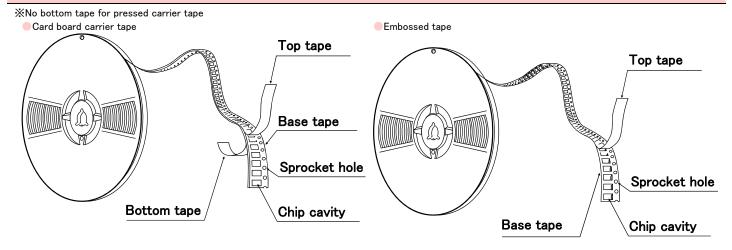
#### ■PACKAGING

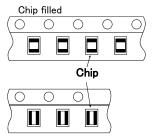
#### 1 Minimum Quantity

Taped package					
Type(EIA)	Thick	ness	Standard o	uantity [pcs]	
Type(EIA)	mm	code	Paper tape	Embossed tape	
☐MK042(01005)	0.2	C, D		40000	
□VS042(01005)	0.2	С		40000	
☐MK063(0201)	0.3	P, T	15000		
□WK105(0204) ※	0.3	Р	10000		
	0.2	С	20000		
□MK105(0402)	0.3	Р	15000 —		
	0.5	V	10000		
□VK105(0402) ※	0.5	W	10000		
□MK107(0603)	0.45	K	4000	1	
□WK107(0306) ※	0.5	V	_	4000	
□MR107(0603)	0.8	Α			
□MK212(0805)	0.45	K	4000	_	
□WK212(0508) ※	0.85	D	7		
□MR212(0805)	125	G	_	3000	
	0.85	D	4000	_	
□MK316(1206)	1.15	F		2000	
□MR316(1206)	125	G	_	3000	
	1.6	L	_	2000	
	0.85	D			
	1.15	F			
☐MK325(1210)	1.9	N	7 -	2000	
□MR325(1210)	2.0max.	Υ	7		
	2.5	М		500(T), 1000(P)	
□MK432(1812)	2.5	М	_	500	

Note: X LW Reverse type.

#### ②Taping material



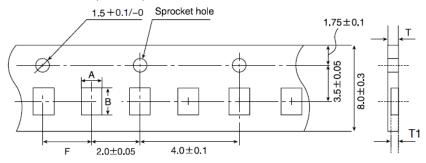


This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

#### 3 Representative taping dimensions

#### Paper Tape (8mm wide)

#### ● Pressed carrier tape (2mm pitch)

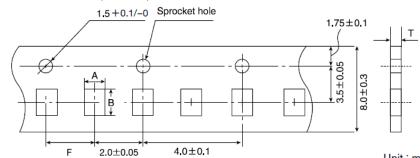


			Onit : mm			
Type(EIA)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	T1	
☐MK063(0201)	0.37	0.67		0.45max.	0.42max.	
□WK105(0204) ※			2.0±0.05	0.45max.	0.42max.	
☐MK105(0402) (*1 C)	0.65	1.15	2.0±0.05	0.4max.	0.3max.	
□MK105(0402) (*1 P)				0.45max.	0.42max.	

Note \*1 Thickness, C:0.2mm ,P:0.3mm. \* LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

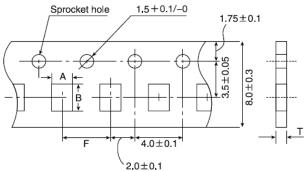
#### ●Punched carrier tape (2mm pitch)



			Unit : mm		
Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	
□MK105 (0402) □VK105 (0402)	0.65	1.15	2.0±0.05	0.8max.	

Unit:mm

#### ●Punched carrier tape (4mm pitch)



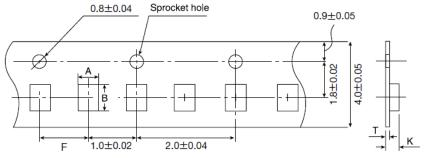
	2.0 ± 0.1	Unit	: mm		
Type(EIA)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	
☐MK107(0603)					
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8		1.1max.	
☐MR107(0603)			40101		
☐MK212(0805)	1.05	0.4	4.0±0.1		
□WK212(0508) ※	1.65	2.4		1.1max.	
☐MK316(1206)	2.0	3.6			
				•	

Note: Taping size might be different depending on the size of the product. 💥 LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

#### Embossed tape (4mm wide)

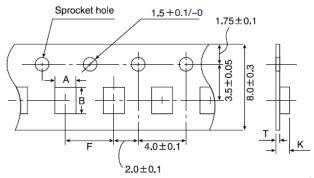


и.	~:4		
	าเ1	m	

Τ /ΓΙΔ \	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
☐MK042(01005)	0.00	0.40	10+000	0.5	0.05	
□VS042(01005)	0.23	0.43	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.	

 $\mathsf{Unit}\!:\!\mathsf{mm}$ 

#### Embossed tape (8mm wide)

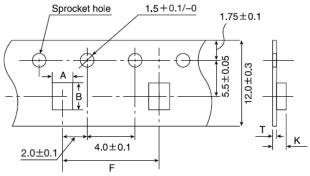


Unit: mm

Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Ti	nickness
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8		1.3max.	0.25±0.1
□MK212(0805) □MR212(0805)	1.65	2.4			
□MK316(1206) □MR316(1206)	2.0	3.6	4.0±0.1	3.4max.	0.6max.
□MK325(1210) □MR325(1210)	2.8	3.6			

Note: \* LW Reverse type. Unit:mm

#### Embossed tape (12mm wide)



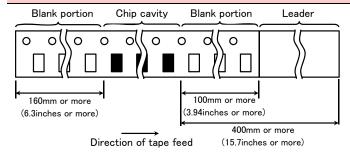
l	•		
ımı	п		mm
	ni	nit	lnit:

Type(EIA)	Type(EIA) Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape Th	nickness
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т
□MK432(1812)	3.7	4.9	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.

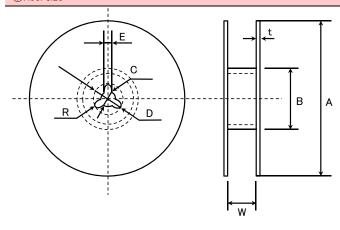
Unit:mm

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

#### 4 Trailer and Leader



#### **5**Reel size



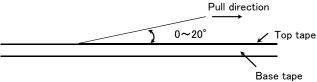
Α	В	С	D	E	R
$\phi$ 178 ± 2.0	$\phi$ 50min.	$\phi$ 13.0 $\pm$ 0.2	$\phi$ 21.0 ± 0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	Т	W
4mm wide tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm wide tape	2.5max.	10±1.5
12mm wide tape	2.5max.	14±1.5

Unit:mm

#### 6 Top Tape Strength

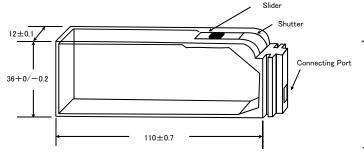
The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1 to 0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.

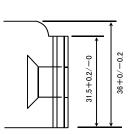


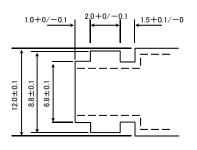
#### **7**Bulk Cassette

The exchange of individual specification is necessary.

Please contact Taiyo Yuden sales channels.







Unit:mm

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

# Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

#### ■RELIABILITY DATA

Remarks

Charge/discharge current

opsidding 16	mperature Range	0	I			
	Temperature Compensating(Class1)	Standard High Frequency Type	-55 to +	-125°C		
				Specification	Temperature	Range
				В	-25 to +	
				X5R	-55 to +	
Specified			B7	X7R	-55 to +	
/alue			C6	X6S	-55 to +	
	High Permittivity (Class2)	)	C7	X7S	-55 to +	
			LD(※)	X5R	-55 to +	
			LD(X)	F	-25 to +	
			F	Y5V	-30 to +	
					gh value multilayer	
			Note. 🔊	CD LOW distortion in	gri value multilayer	Ceramic G
. Storage Con	ditions		T			
	Temperature	Standard	-55 to +	.125°C		
	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	-55 to +	· 125 C		
				Specification	Temperature	Range
				В	-25 to +	
			BJ	X5R	-55 to +	
Specified			B7	X7R	-55 to +	
Value			C6	X6S	−55 to +	105°C
	High Permittivity (Class2)	)	C7	X7S	-55 to +	
			LD(※)	X5R	−55 to +	
			_	F	-25 to +	85°C
			F	Y5V	-30 to +	85°C
			Note: X	LD Low distortion hi	gh value multilayer	ceramic ca
3. Rated Voltag	ge					
	Temperature	Standard	50VDC, 25	VDC, 16VDC		
Specified	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	50VDC, 25VDC, 16VDC			
Value	High Permittivity (Class2)			VDC, 25VDC, 16VDC	10\/DC 63\/DC	4\/DC 2.5\/
	riight remittivity (Glass2)		30 V D O, 33	VDO, 23VDO, 10VDC	, 10VDO, 0.3VDO,	4 V D O , 2.0 V
4. Withstanding	y Voltage (Between terminal	s)	1			
0:6	Temperature	Standard				
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	No breakdo	own or damage		
alue	High Permittivity (Class2)	)				
		Cla	ass 1	C	ass 2	
Гest	Applied voltage		oltage × 3		oltage × 2.5	
Methods and	Duration			1 to 5 sec.		
Remarks	Charge/discharge currer	nt		50mA max.		
		<u> </u>				I
Inquisting D	- sistem - s					
5. Insulation Re	esistance					
	Temperature	Standard	10000 MΩ	min.		
Specified	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	10000 141 3E			
Value	TIST D. See S. Co. S.	\	C≦0.047 µ	ι F : 10000 MΩ min.		
	High Permittivity (Class2)	Note 1		ι F : 500M Ω • μ F		
Test	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage	·	<u> </u>		
Methods and	Duration	: 60±5 sec.				
		. 50 1				

: 50mA max.

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

6. Capacitance	(Tolerance)					
	Temperature Compensating (Class1)	Standard	C   U   SL	0.2pF≦C≦5pF 0.2pF≦C≦10pF C>10pF	: ±0.25pF : ±0.5pF : ±5% or ±10%	
Specified Value	Compensating (Class)	High Frequency Type	СН	0.2pF≦C≦2pF C>2pF	: ±0.1pF : ±5%	
	High Permittivity (Class2)	BJ, B7, C6, C7, LD( $\overset{\cdot}{\times}$ ): $\pm$ 10% or $\pm$ 20%, F: $+$ 80/ $-$ 20%  Note: $\overset{\cdot}{\times}$ LD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor				
			Class 1		Class 2	
Test		Standard	d l	High Frequency Type	C≦10 <i>μ</i> F	C>10 μ F
Nethods and	Preconditioning		No	one	Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note 2	
Remarks	Measuring frequency		1MHz	±10%	1kHz±10%	120±10Hz
Remarks	Measuring voltage Note		0.5 to	5Vrms	1±0.2Vrms	0.5±0.1Vrms
	Bias application				None	

Specified	Temperature Compensating(Class1)	Standard		C<30pF: Q≧400+20C C≧30pF: Q≧1000 (C:Nominal capacitance)				
Value	Compensating (Glass I)	High F	High Frequency Type Refer to detailed specification			l		
	High Permittivity (Class2)	Note	1	BJ, B7, C6, C7: 2.5% max., F: 7% max.				
	_		Class 1		Class 2			
			Standard		High Frequency Type	C≦10 <i>μ</i> F	C>10 μ F	
	Preconditioning		None		Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note 2			
Test	Measuring frequency		1MHz±10	0%	1GHz	1kHz±10%	120±10Hz	
Methods and	Measuring voltage Note	1		0.5 to	5Vrms	1±0.2Vrms	0.5±0.1Vrms	
Remarks	Bias application					None		
	High Frequency Type							
	Measuring equipment	: HP	4291A					
	Measuring jig	: HP	16192A					

8. Temperature	Characteristic (Without vo	Itage application)					
			Tem	perature Charac	cteristic [ppm/°	C] T	olerance [ppm/°C]
		Standard			CG,CH, CJ, (	CK	G: ±30
							H: ±60
	Temperature	Staridard	U□ :	<b>-</b> 750	UJ, UK		J: ±120
	Compensating(Class1)						K: ±250
			SL :	+350  to  -100	00		
		High Frequency Type		perature Charac	cteristic [ppm/°	C] T	olerance [ppm/°C]
		C□:	0	CH	H: ±60		
Specified					Capacitance	Reference	Temperature Range
Value				Specification	change	temperatu	e Temperature Name
				В	±10%	20°C	−25 to +85°C
			BJ	X5R	±15%	25°C	−55 to +85°C
			B7	X7R	±15%	25°C	-55 to +125°C
	High Permittivity (Class2)	)	C6	X6S	±22%	25°C	-55 to +105°C
			C7	X7S	±22%	25°C	-55 to +125°C
			LD(※)	X5R	±15%	25°C	−55 to +85°C
			F	F	+30/-80%	20°C	−25 to +85°C
				Y5V	+22/-82%	25°C	−30 to +85°C
			Note:	€LD Low disto	ortion high value	multilayer cer	amic capacitor

Class 1

Capacitance at  $20^{\circ}$ C and  $85^{\circ}$ C shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation.

$$\frac{(C_{85}-C_{20})}{C_{20}\times\Delta T} \times 10^{6} (ppm/^{\circ}C) \qquad \Delta T = 65$$

Test Methods and Remarks

Class 2

Capacitance at each step shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation.

Step	B, F	X5R, X7R, X6S, X7S, Y5V			
1	Minimum operat	ing temperature			
2	20°C	25°C			
3	Maximum operating temperature				

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

- ×100(%)

:Capacitance in Step 1 or Step 3

C2 : Capacitance in Step 2

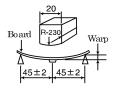
9. Deflection				
	Temperature	Standard	Appearance Capacitance change	: No abnormality : Within $\pm 5\%$ or $\pm 0.5$ pF, whichever is larger.
Specified	Compensating (Class1) High Frequency Ty		Appearance Capacitance change	: No abnormality : Within±0.5 pF
Value	High Permittivity (Class2)		Appearance Capacitance change	: No abnormality : Within ±12.5%(BJ, B7, C6, C7,LD(※)) Within ±30%(F)

Note:  $\times$ LD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor

Test Methods and Remarks

	Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors			
	042, 063, *105 Type	The other types		
Board	Glass epoxy-resin substrate			
Thickness	0.8mm 1.6mm			
Warp	1mm			
Duration	10 sec.			





Capacitance measurement shall be conducted with the board bent

10. Body Stren	gth		
0 15 1	Temperature	Standard	1
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	No mechanical damage.
Value	High Permittivity (Class2)	)	_
Test Methods and Remarks	High Frequency Type Applied force : 5N Duration : 10 sec.	Pres Pres	R0.5 Pressing Jig Chip  O.6A A

	Temperature	Standard					
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Typ	oe No terminal separati	No terminal separation or its indication.			
Value	High Permittivity (Clas	s2)					
		Multilayer Cera	mic Capacitors	Hooked jig			
Test		042, 063 Type	105 Type or more				
Methods and	Applied force	2N	5N	R=05           Board			
Remarks	Duration	30±	5 sec.	]			

12. Solderability	1				
Specified Value	Temperature	Standard			
	Compensating (Class1)	High Frequency Type	At least 95%	of terminal electrode is covered l	by new solder.
	High Permittivity (Class2)	l			
T4		Eutectic so	older	Lead-free solder	
Test Methods and	Solder type	H60A or H	63A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu	
Remarks	Solder temperature 230±5°		С	245±3°C	
Remarks	Duration		4±1 sec.		

Finis catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .

Resistance	to Soldering		
	Temperature	Standard	Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF, whichever is larger. Q : Initial value Insulation resistance : Initial value Withstanding voltage (between terminals) : No abnormality
Specified Value	Compensating(Class1)	High Frequency Type	Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within ±2.5% Q : Initial value Insulation resistance : Initial value Withstanding voltage (between terminals) : No abnormality
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1		Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within ±7.5%(BJ, B7, C6, C7, LD(※)) Within ±20%(F) Dissipation factor : Initial value Insulation resistance : Initial value Withstanding voltage (between terminals): No abnormality Note: ※LD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor
			Class 1
		042, 063 Type	105 Type
	Preconditioning		None
	Preheating	150°C, 1 to 2 min.	80 to 100°C, 2 to 5 min. 150 to 200°C, 2 to 5 min.
	Solder temp.		270±5°C
	Duration		3±0.5 sec.
est	Recovery	6 to 24 hrs	rs (Standard condition) Note 5
Methods and Remarks			Class 2
		042,063 Type	105, 107, 212 Type 316, 325 Type
	Preconditioning		Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1 hr) Note 2
	Preheating	150°C, 1 to 2 min.	80 to 100°C, 2 to 5 min. 80 to 100°C, 5 to 10 min. 150 to 200°C, 2 to 5 min. 150 to 200°C, 5 to 10 min.
	Solder temp.		270±5°C
	Duration		3±0.5 sec.
	Recovery		24±2 hrs (Standard condition) Note 5

14. Temperatur	re Cycle (Thermal Shock)							
	Temperature	Standard		$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		rger.		
Specified Value	Compensating (Class1)	High Frequency	Туре	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage	: Within : Initial : Initial		o abnormality	
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1			Appearance Capacitance change  Dissipation factor Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage Note: ※LD Low distorti	: Within Withi : Initial : Initial (between	value en terminals): No	abnormality	
			Class 1			Class 2		
	Preconditioning			None		Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1 hr)  Note 2		or 1 hr)
Test Methods and Remarks	1 cycle	-	Step 1 2 3 4	Temperature (°C)  Minimum operating temperature  Normal temperature  Maximum operating temperature  Normal temperature		perature ure nperature	Time (min.) 30±3 2 to 3 30±3 2 to 3	
	Number of cycles				5 times	3		
	Recovery	6 to 24 hrs	(Stan	dard condition)Note 5		24±2 hrs (S	tandard condition)	Note 5

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

15. Humidity(	Steady State)					
			Appearance	: No abnormality		
			Capacitance change	: Within ±5% or ±0.5pF, whichever is larger.		
		Standard	Q	: C<10pF : Q≧200+10C		
		Standard		10≦C<30pF: Q≧275+2.5C		
Specified Value	Temperature			C≧30pF:Q≧350(C:Nominal capacitance)		
	Compensating(Class1)		Insulation resistance	: 1000 MΩ min.		
			Appearance	: No abnormality		
		High Frequency Type	Capacitance change	: Within $\pm 0.5$ pF,		
			Insulation resistance	ce : 1000 M Ω min.		
			Appearance : No abnormality			
			Capacitance change : Within ±12.5% (BJ, B7, C6, C7, LD(※))			
				Within $\pm 30\%$ (F)		
	High Permittivity (Class	2) Note 1	Dissipation factor	: 5.0% max.(BJ, B7, C6, C7, LD(※))		
				11.0% max.(F)		
			Insulation resistance	: 50 M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 1000 M $\Omega$ whichever is smaller.		
			Note: XLD Low distortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor			
		Cla	ass 1	Class 2		
		Standard	High Frequency Typ	pe All items		
Test	Preconditioning	N	lone	Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1 hr) Note 2		
Methods and	Temperature	40±2°C	60±2°C	40±2°C		
Remarks	Humidity	90 to	95%RH	90 to 95%RH		
	Duration	500+2	4/-0 hrs	500+24/-0 hrs		
	Recovery	6 to 24 hrs (Stand	ard condition) Note 5	24±2 hrs (Standard condition) Note 5		

16. Humidity Lo	pading			
	Temperature	Standard	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : Within $\pm 7.5\%$ or $\pm 0.75$ pF, whichever is larger. : C $<30$ pF:Q $\ge 100+10$ C/3 C $\ge 30$ pF:Q $\ge 200$ (C:Nominal capacitance) : 500 M $\Omega$ min.
Specified Value	Compensating (Class1)	High Frequency Type	Appearance Capacitance change Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : C≦2pF:Within ±0.4 pF C>2pF:Within ±0.75 pF (C:Nominal capacitance) : 500 MΩ min.
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1		$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
		C	class 1	Class 2
	Preconditioning	Standard	High Frequency Ty	Voltage treatment (Rated voltage are applied for 1 hour at 40°C) Note 3
Test	Temperature	40±2°C	60±2°C	40±2°C
Methods and	Humidity	90 t	:o 95%RH	90 to 95%RH
Remarks	Duration	500+	24/-0 hrs	500+24/-0 hrs
	Applied voltage	Rate	d voltage	Rated voltage
	Charge/discharge current	50r	mA max.	50mA max.
	Recovery	6 to 24 hrs (Stan	dard condition) Note 5	24±2 hrs(Standard condition) Note 5

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

17. High Temp	erature Loading					
	Temperature Compensating(Class1)	Standard	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : Within $\pm 3\%$ or $\pm 0.3$ pF, whichever is larger. : $C < 10$ pF: $Q \ge 200 + 10$ C $10 \le C < 30$ pF: $Q \ge 275 + 2.5$ C $C \ge 30$ pF: $Q \ge 350$ ( $C$ : Nominal capacitance) : $1000 \ M\Omega$ min.		
Specified Value		High Frequency Type Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within $\pm 3\%$ or $\pm 0.3$ pF, whichever is large : 1000 M $\Omega$ min.				
	High Permittivity (Class2	) Note 1	Appearance Capacitance change Dissipation factor Insulation resistance Note: %LD Low dist	: No abnormality : Within $\pm 12.5\%$ (BJ, B7, C6, C7, LD( $\%$ )) Within $\pm 30\%$ (F) : 5.0% max.(BJ, B7, C6, C7, LD( $\%$ )) 11.0% max.(F) : 50 M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 1000 M $\Omega$ , whichever is smaller. ortion high value multilayer ceramic capacitor		
	Class 1		s 1	Class 2		
		Standard F	High Frequency Type	BJ, LD( <u>*</u> ), F C6 B7, C7		
	Preconditioning	None		Voltage treatment (Twice the rated voltage shall be applied for 1 hour at 85°C, 105°C or 125°C) Note 3, 4		
Test	Temperature	Maximum operation	ng temperature	Maximum operating temperature		
Methods and	Duration	1000+48	/-0 hrs	1000+48/-0 hrs		
Remarks	Applied voltage	Rated voltage	×2 Note 4	Rated voltage × 2 Note 4		
i tolliai Na	Charge/discharge	50mA max.		50mA max.		
	current	001171				

Note 1 The figures indicate typical specifications. Please refer to individual specifications in detail.

- Note 2 Thermal treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is heat-treated at  $150 \pm 0/-10^{\circ}$ C for an hour and kept at room temperature for  $24 \pm 2$  hours.
- Note 3 Voltage treatment: Initial value shall be measured after test sample is voltage—treated for an hour at both the temperature and voltage specified in the test conditions, and kept at room temperature for 24±2hours.
- Note 4 150% of rated voltage is applicable to some items. Please refer to their specifications for further information.
- Note 5 Standard condition: Temperature: 5 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 85 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa When there are questions concerning measurement results, in order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under the following condition.

Temperature:  $20\pm2^{\circ}$ C, Relative humidity: 60 to 70 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition".

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

#### Precautions on the use of Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

#### PRECAUTIONS

#### 1. Circuit Design

- ◆Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
- 1. A malfunction of equipment in fields such as medical, aerospace, nuclear control, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.

Therefore, any capacitors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and reliability, and shall be clearly differentiated from them used in general purpose applications.

#### Precautions

- ◆Operating Voltage (Verification of Rated voltage)
  - 1. The operating voltage for capacitors must always be their rated voltage or less.
    - If an AC voltage is loaded on a DC voltage, the sum of the two peak voltages shall be the rated voltage or less.
    - For a circuit where an AC or a pulse voltage may be used, the sum of their peak voltages shall also be the rated voltage or less.
  - 2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage or a pulse voltage having rapid rise time is used in a circuit.

#### 2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
- 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCBs, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect the capacitor performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of land patterns:
  - (1) Excessive solder applied can cause mechanical stresses which lead to chip breaking or cracking. Therefore, please consider appropriate land-patterns for proper amount of solder.
  - (2) When more than one component are jointly soldered onto the same land, each component's soldering point shall be separated by solder-resist.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)

After capacitors are mounted on boards, they can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering of the boards, etc.). For this reason, land pattern configurations and positions of capacitors shall be carefully considered to minimize stresses.

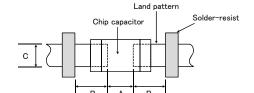
◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)

The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended land patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts.

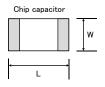
- (1) Recommended land dimensions for typical chip capacitors
- Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors : Recommended land dimensions (unit: mm)

Wave-soldering

Type 107		107	212	316	325
:	L	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2
Size	W	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5
A	١	0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5
Е	3	0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5	0.8 to 1.7	0.8 to 1.7
(	)	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.6	1.8 to 2.5



Land patterns for PCBs



# Technical considerations

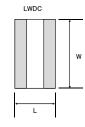
#### Reflow-soldering

1101	10 11 30	Jidoi ilig							
Ту	ре	042	063	105	107	212	316	325	432
Size	L	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.5
Size	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	3.2
-	4	0.15 to 0.25	0.20 to 0.30	0.45 to 0.55	0.8 to 1.0	0.8 to 1.2	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5	2.5 to 3.5
Е	3	0.15 to 0.20	0.20 to 0.30	0.40 to 0.50	0.6 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.2	1.0 to 1.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 1.8
(	)	0.15 to 0.30	0.25 to 0.40	0.45 to 0.55	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.6	1.2 to 2.0	1.8 to 3.2	2.3 to 3.5

 ${\bf Note:} Recommended \ land \ size \ might \ be \ different \ according \ to \ the \ allowance \ of \ the \ product.$ 

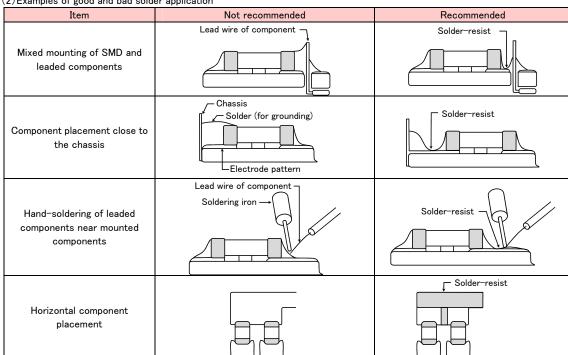
## ●LWDC: Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (unit: mm)

Ту	ре	105	107	212
Size		0.52	0.8	1.25
Size	W	1.0	1.6	2.0
1	4	0.18 to 0.22	0.25 to 0.3	0.5 to 0.7
Е	3	0.2 to 0.25	0.3 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.5
С		0.9 to 1.1	1.5 to 1.7	1.9 to 2.1



This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

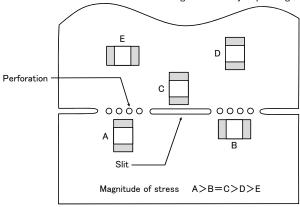
(2) Examples of good and bad solder application



- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)
  - 1-1. The following is examples of good and bad capacitor layouts; capacitors shall be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Items	Not recommended	Recommended
Deflection of board		Place the product at a right angle to the direction of the anticipated mechanical stress.

1-2. The amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on capacitor layout. Please refer to diagram below.



1-3. When PCB is split, the amount of mechanical stress on the capacitors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, please consider the PCB, split methods as well as chip location.

#### 3. Mounting

◆Adjustment of mounting machine

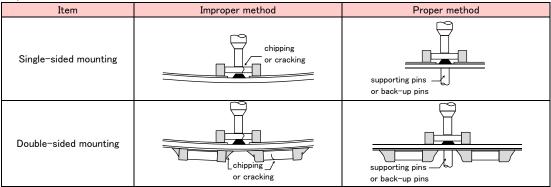
◆Selection of Adhesives

- 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCB, excessive impact load shall not be imposed on them.
- 2. Maintenance and inspection of mounting machines shall be conducted periodically.
- Precautions
- 1. When chips are attached on PCBs with adhesives prior to soldering, it may cause capacitor characteristics degradation unless the following factors are appropriately checked: size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, please contact us for further information.

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .

#### ◆Adjustment of mounting machine

- 1. When the bottom dead center of a pick-up nozzle is too low, excessive force is imposed on capacitors and causes damages. To avoid this, the following points shall be considerable.
  - (1) The bottom dead center of the pick-up nozzle shall be adjusted to the surface level of PCB without the board deflection.
  - (2) The pressure of nozzle shall be adjusted between 1 and 3 N static loads.
  - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins shall be used on the other side of the PCB. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good and bad pick-up nozzle placement:



# Technical considerations

2. As the alignment pin is worn out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of capacitors because of mechanical impact on the capacitors.

To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pins in the stopped position, maintenance, check and replacement of the pin shall be conducted periodically.

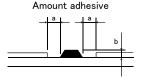
#### ◆Selection of Adhesives

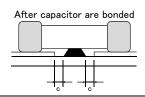
Some adhesives may cause IR deterioration. The different shrinkage percentage of between the adhesive and the capacitors may result in stresses on the capacitors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect components. Therefore, the following precautions shall be noted in the application of adhesives.

- (1) Required adhesive characteristics
  - a. The adhesive shall be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
  - b. The adhesive shall have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
  - c. The adhesive shall have good coating and thickness consistency.
  - d. The adhesive shall be used during its prescribed shelf life.
  - e. The adhesive shall harden rapidly.
  - f. The adhesive shall have corrosion resistance.
  - g. The adhesive shall have excellent insulation characteristics.
  - h. The adhesive shall have no emission of toxic gasses and no effect on the human body.
- (2) The recommended amount of adhesives is as follows;

[Recommended condition]

a 0.3mm min b 100 to 120 μ m	Figure	212/316 case sizes as examples
	а	0.3mm min
	b	100 to 120 $\mu$ m
c Adhesives shall not contact land	С	Adhesives shall not contact land





#### 4. Soldering

Precautions

Technical

considerations

#### ◆Selection of Flux

Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of capacitors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;

- (1) Flux used shall be less than or equal to 0.1 wt%( in Cl equivalent) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content shall not be applied.
- (2) When shall capacitors are soldered on boards, the amount of flux applied shall be controlled at the optimum level.
- (3) When water-soluble flux is used, special care shall be taken to properly clean the boards.

#### **♦**Soldering

Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. shall be set in accordance with their recommended conditions.

Sn-Zn solder paste can adversely affect MLCC reliability.

Please contact us prior to usage of Sn-Zn solder.

#### ◆Selection of Flux

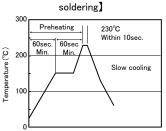
- 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate flux, or highly acidic flux is used, it may lead to corrosion of terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surfaces of the capacitors.
- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in wave soldering. However if too much flux is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may adversely affect the solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved in moisture in the air, the residues on the surfaces of capacitors in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and reliability of the capacitors. Therefore, the cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used shall also be considered carefully when water-soluble flux is used.

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

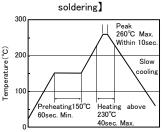
#### **♦**Soldering

- · Ceramic chip capacitors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling.
- Therefore, the soldering must be conducted with great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock
- Preheating : Capacitors shall be preheated sufficiently, and the temperature difference between the capacitors and solder shall be within 130°C
- Cooling: The temperature difference between the capacitors and cleaning process shall not be greater than 100°C.
   [Reflow soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic

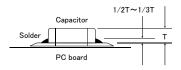


[Recommended condition for Pb-free



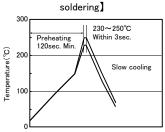
#### Caution

- $\bigcirc$  The ideal condition is to have solder mass(fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of a capacitor.
- ②Because excessive dwell times can adversely affect solderability, soldering duration shall be kept as close to recommended times as possible.

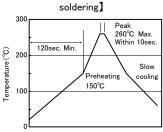


#### [Wave soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic



#### [Recommended condition for Pb-free

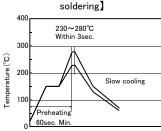


#### Caution

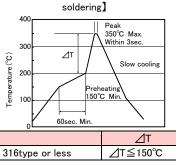
①Wave soldering must not be applied to capacitors designated as for reflow soldering only.

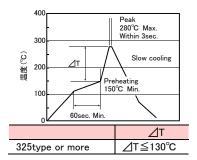
#### [Hand soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic



#### [Recommended condition for Pb-free





#### Caution

- ①Use a 50W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.
- ②The soldering iron shall not directly touch capacitors.

#### 5. Cleaning

#### 4 WI D

#### Precautions

- 1. When PCBs are cleaned after capacitors mounting, please select the appropriate cleaning solution in accordance with the intended use of the cleaning. (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.)
- 2. Cleaning condition shall be determined after it is verified by using actual cleaning machine that the cleaning process does not affect capacitor's characteristics.

# Technical considerations

- 1. The use of inappropriate cleaning solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to capacitors or deteriorate their outer coating, resulting in a degradation of the capacitor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance).
- 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may adversely affect the performance of the capacitors. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of PCBs which may lead to the cracking of capacitors or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Therefore, the following conditions shall be carefully checked;

Ultrasonic output: 20 W/l or less Ultrasonic frequency: 40 kHz or less Ultrasonic washing period: 5 min. or less

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

# 6. Resin coating and mold 1. With some type of resins, decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the capacitor's performance. 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than capacitor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excessive heat may lead to damage or destruction of capacitors. The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

# 7. Handling Splitting of PCB 1. When PCBs are split after components mounting, care shall be taken so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board. 2. Board separation shall not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices. Mechanical considerations Be careful not to subject capacitors to excessive mechanical shocks. (1) If ceramic capacitors are dropped onto a floor or a hard surface, they shall not be used. (2) Please be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.

8. Storage condi	tions
Precautions	◆Storage  1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep packaging materials in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.  *Recommended conditions  Ambient temperature: Below 30°C  Humidity: Below 70% RH  The ambient temperature must be kept below 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of capacitor is deteriorated as time passes, so capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.  *Ceramic chip capacitors shall be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.  2. The capacitance values of high dielectric constant capacitors will gradually decrease with the passage of time, so care shall be taken to design circuits. Even if capacitance value decreases as time passes, it will get back to the initial value by a heat treatment at 150°C for 1hour.
Technical considerations	If capacitors are stored in a high temperature and humidity environment, it might rapidly cause poor solderability due to terminal oxidation and quality loss of taping/packaging materials. For this reason, capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the capacitors.

\*\*RCR-2335B (Safety Application Guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic equipment) is published by JEITA. Please check the guide regarding precautions for deflection test, soldering by spot heat, and so on.

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).