

### FEATURES

- Maximum output current: 500 mA
- Input voltage range: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- Low shutdown current: <1  $\mu$ A
- Low dropout voltage:
  - 250 mV @ 500 mA load
  - 50 mV @ 100 mA load
- Initial accuracy:  $\pm 1\%$
- Accuracy over line, load, and temperature:  $\pm 3\%$
- 16 fixed output voltage options with soft start:
  - 0.75 V to 3.3 V (ADP1715)
- Adjustable output voltage option: 0.8 V to 5.0 V (ADP1715 Adjustable)
- 16 fixed output voltage options with tracking:
  - 0.75 V to 3.3 V (ADP1716)
- Stable with small 2.2  $\mu$ F ceramic output capacitor
- Excellent load/line transient response
- Current limit and thermal overload protection
- Logic controlled enable
- 8-lead thermally enhanced MSOP package

### APPLICATIONS

- Notebook computers
- Memory components
- Telecommunications equipment
- Network equipment
- DSP/FPGA/ $\mu$ P supplies
- Instrumentation equipment/data acquisition systems

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADP1715/ADP1716 are low dropout, CMOS linear regulators that operate from 2.5 V to 5.5 V and provide up to 500 mA of output current. Using an advanced proprietary architecture, they provide high power supply rejection and achieve excellent line and load transient response with just a small 2.2  $\mu$ F ceramic output capacitor.

Three versions of this part are available, one with fixed output voltage options and variable soft start (ADP1715), one with adjustable output voltage and fixed soft start (ADP1715 Adjustable), and one with voltage tracking in fixed output voltage options (ADP1716). The fixed output voltage options are internally set to one of sixteen values

### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

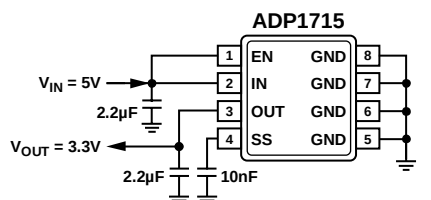


Figure 1. ADP1715 with Fixed Output Voltage, 3.3 V

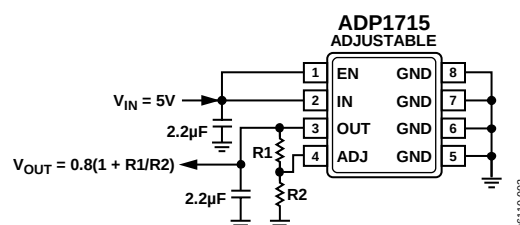


Figure 2. ADP1715 with Adjustable Output Voltage, 0.8 V to 5.0 V

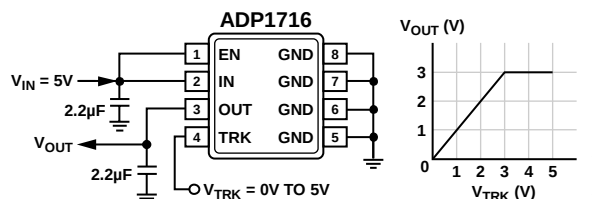


Figure 3. ADP1716 with Output Voltage Tracking

between 0.75 V and 3.3 V; the adjustable output voltage can be set to any value between 0.8 V and 5.0 V by an external voltage divider connected from OUT to ADJ. The variable soft start uses an external capacitor at SS to control the output voltage ramp. Tracking limits the output voltage to the at-or-below voltage at the TRK pin.

The ADP1715/ADP1716 are available in 8-lead thermally enhanced MSOP packages, making them not only a very compact solution but also providing excellent thermal performance for applications requiring up to 500 mA of output current in a small, low profile footprint.

#### Rev. 0

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REVISION HISTORY

9/06—Rev. 0: Initial Version

## SPECIFICATIONS

$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V})$  or 2.5 V (whichever is greater),  $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 2.2 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

| Parameter                                                                                        | Symbol                          | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Min                     | Typ                                                | Max                     | Unit                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE                                                                              | $V_{IN}$                        | $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 2.5                     |                                                    | 5.5                     | V                                                                                 |
| OPERATING SUPPLY CURRENT                                                                         | $I_{GND}$                       | $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$<br>$100 \text{ }\mu\text{A} < I_{OUT} < 500 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                         | 65<br>100<br>160<br>220<br>650                     |                         | $\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$ |
| SHUTDOWN CURRENT                                                                                 | $I_{GND-SD}$                    | $EN = \text{GND}$<br>$EN = \text{GND}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                         | 0.1<br>1.0                                         |                         | $\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$                                                    |
| FIXED OUTPUT VOLTAGE ACCURACY<br>(ADP1715 and ADP1716 ONLY)                                      | $V_{OUT}$                       | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ to $500 \text{ mA}$<br>$100 \text{ }\mu\text{A} < I_{OUT} < 500 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | -1<br>-2<br>-3          |                                                    | +1<br>+2<br>+3          | %<br>%<br>%                                                                       |
| ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT VOLTAGE<br>ACCURACY (ADP1715 ADJUSTABLE) <sup>1</sup>                          | $V_{OUT}$                       | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ to $500 \text{ mA}$<br>$100 \text{ }\mu\text{A} < I_{OUT} < 500 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.792<br>0.784<br>0.776 | 0.8<br>0.816<br>0.824                              | 0.808<br>0.816<br>0.824 | V<br>V<br>V                                                                       |
| LINE REGULATION                                                                                  | $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$  | $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V})$ to 5.5 V, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -0.15                   |                                                    | +0.15                   | %/V                                                                               |
| LOAD REGULATION <sup>2</sup>                                                                     | $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$ | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ to $500 \text{ mA}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ to $500 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                         | 0.002<br>0.004                                     |                         | %/mA<br>%/mA                                                                      |
| DROPOUT VOLTAGE <sup>3</sup>                                                                     | $V_{DROPOUT}$                   | $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{OUT} \geq 3.3 \text{ V}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{OUT} \geq 3.3 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{OUT} \geq 3.3 \text{ V}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{OUT} \geq 3.3 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $2.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 3.3 \text{ V}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $2.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 3.3 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$ , $2.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 3.3 \text{ V}$<br>$I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$ , $2.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 3.3 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$ |                         | 50<br>100<br>250<br>400<br>60<br>100<br>320<br>500 |                         | mV<br>mV<br>mV<br>mV<br>mV<br>mV<br>mV<br>mV                                      |
| START-UP TIME <sup>4</sup><br>ADP1715 Adjustable and ADP1716<br>ADP1715 with External Soft Start | $T_{START-UP}$                  | $C_{SS} = 10 \text{ nF}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         | 100<br>7.3                                         |                         | $\mu\text{s}$<br>ms                                                               |
| CURRENT LIMIT THRESHOLD <sup>5</sup>                                                             | $I_{LIMIT}$                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 550                     | 750                                                | 1200                    | mA                                                                                |
| THERMAL SHUTDOWN THRESHOLD                                                                       | $T_{SD}$                        | $T_J$ rising                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                         | 150                                                |                         | $^\circ\text{C}$                                                                  |
| THERMAL SHUTDOWN HYSTERESIS                                                                      | $T_{SD-HYS}$                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                         | 15                                                 |                         | $^\circ\text{C}$                                                                  |
| SOFT-START SOURCE CURRENT<br>(ADP1715 WITH EXTERNAL<br>SOFT START)                               | $SS_{I-SOURCE}$                 | $SS = \text{GND}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 0.7                     | 1.2                                                | 1.7                     | $\mu\text{A}$                                                                     |
| $V_{OUT}$ to $V_{TRK}$ ACCURACY<br>(ADP1716)                                                     | $V_{TRK-ERROR}$                 | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{TRK} \leq (0.5 \times V_{OUT(NOM)})$ , $V_{OUT(NOM)} \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$<br>$0 \text{ V} \leq V_{TRK} \leq (0.5 \times V_{OUT(NOM)})$ , $V_{OUT(NOM)} > 1.8 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | -50<br>-100             |                                                    | +50<br>+100             | mV<br>mV                                                                          |
| EN INPUT LOGIC HIGH                                                                              | $V_{IH}$                        | $2.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1.8                     |                                                    |                         | V                                                                                 |
| EN INPUT LOGIC LOW                                                                               | $V_{IL}$                        | $2.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                         |                                                    | 0.4                     | V                                                                                 |
| EN INPUT LEAKAGE CURRENT                                                                         | $V_{I-LEAKAGE}$                 | $EN = \text{IN}$ or $\text{GND}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         | 0.1                                                | 1                       | $\mu\text{A}$                                                                     |
| ADJ INPUT BIAS CURRENT<br>(ADP1715 ADJUSTABLE)                                                   | $ADJ_{I-BIAS}$                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                         | 30                                                 | 100                     | nA                                                                                |
| OUTPUT NOISE                                                                                     | $OUT_{NOISE}$                   | $10 \text{ Hz}$ to $100 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0.75 \text{ V}$<br>$10 \text{ Hz}$ to $100 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         | 125<br>450                                         |                         | $\mu\text{V}_{rms}$<br>$\mu\text{V}_{rms}$                                        |
| POWER SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO                                                                     | PSRR                            | $1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0.75 \text{ V}$<br>$1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                         | 67<br>53                                           |                         | dB<br>dB                                                                          |

<sup>1</sup> Accuracy when OUT is connected directly to ADJ. When OUT voltage is set by external feedback resistors, absolute accuracy in adjust mode depends on the tolerances of resistors used.

<sup>2</sup> Based on an end-point calculation using 10 mA and 500 mA loads. See Figure 8 for typical load regulation performance for loads less than 10 mA.

<sup>3</sup> Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output voltage differential when the input voltage is set to the nominal output voltage. This applies only for output voltages above 2.5 V.

<sup>4</sup> Start-up time is defined as the time between the rising edge of EN to OUT being at 95% of its nominal value.

<sup>5</sup> Current limit threshold is defined as the current at which the output voltage drops to 90% of the specified typical value. For example, the current limit for a 1.0 V output voltage is defined as the current that causes the output voltage to drop to 90% of 1.0 V, or 0.9 V.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

| Parameter                            | Rating          |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| IN to GND                            | –0.3 V to +6 V  |
| OUT to GND                           | –0.3 V to IN    |
| EN to GND                            | –0.3 V to +6 V  |
| SS/ADJ/TRK to GND                    | –0.3 V to +6 V  |
| Storage Temperature Range            | –65°C to +150°C |
| Operating Junction Temperature Range | –40°C to +125°C |
| Soldering Conditions                 | JEDEC J-STD-020 |

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

$\theta_{JA}$  is specified for the worst-case conditions, that is, a device soldered in a circuit board for surface-mount packages.

Table 3. Thermal Resistance

| Package Type | $\theta_{JA}$ | Unit |
|--------------|---------------|------|
| 8-Lead MSOP  | 118           | °C/W |

## ESD CAUTION



**ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.** Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

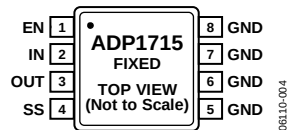


Figure 4. 8-Lead MSOP (RM-Suffix)

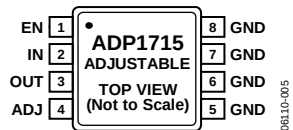


Figure 5. 8-Lead MSOP (RM-Suffix)

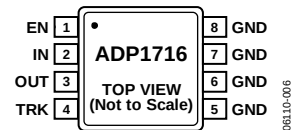


Figure 6. 8-Lead MSOP (RM-Suffix)

Table 4. Pin Function Descriptions

| ADP1715<br>Fixed<br>Pin No. | ADP1715<br>Adjustable<br>Pin No. | ADP1716<br>Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                           | 1                                | 1                  | EN       | Enable Input. Drive EN high to turn on the regulator; drive it low to turn off the regulator. For automatic startup, connect EN to IN.  |
| 2                           | 2                                | 2                  | IN       | Regulator Input Supply. Bypass IN to GND with a 2.2 $\mu$ F or greater capacitor.                                                       |
| 3                           | 3                                | 3                  | OUT      | Regulated Output Voltage. Bypass OUT to GND with a 2.2 $\mu$ F or greater capacitor.                                                    |
| 4                           | 4                                | 4                  | SS       | Soft Start. A capacitor connected to this pin determines the soft-start time.                                                           |
|                             |                                  |                    | ADJ      | Adjust. A resistor divider from OUT to ADJ sets the output voltage.                                                                     |
|                             |                                  |                    | TRK      | Track. The output will follow the voltage placed on the TRK pin. (See the Theory of Operation section for a more detailed description.) |
| 5, 6, 7, 8                  | 5, 6, 7, 8                       | 5, 6, 7, 8         | GND      | Ground.                                                                                                                                 |

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 3.8\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

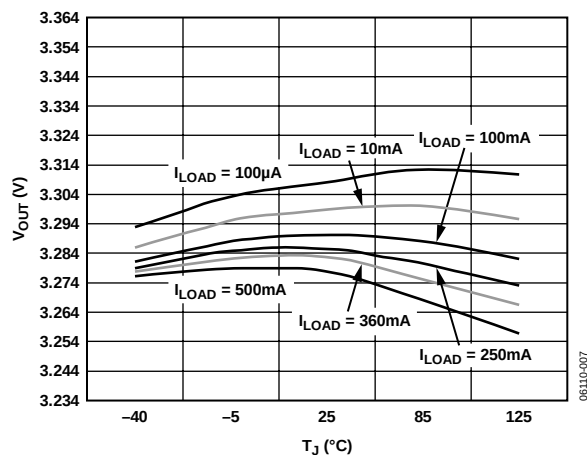


Figure 7. Output Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

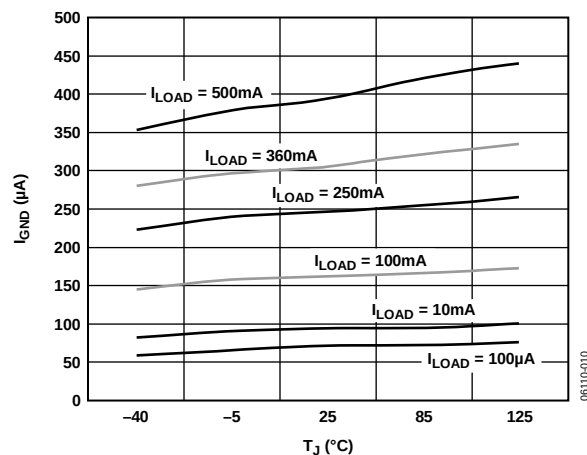


Figure 10. Ground Current vs. Junction Temperature

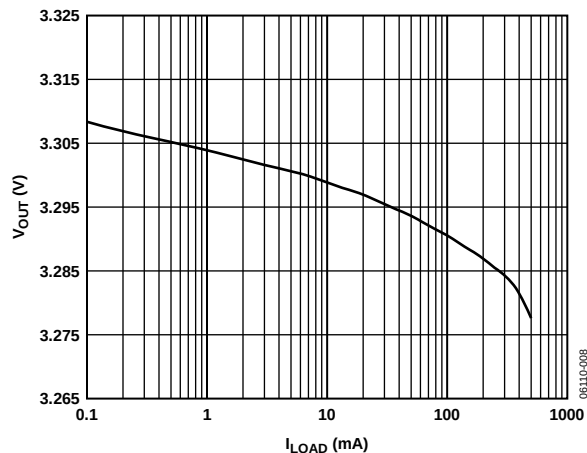


Figure 8. Output Voltage vs. Load Current

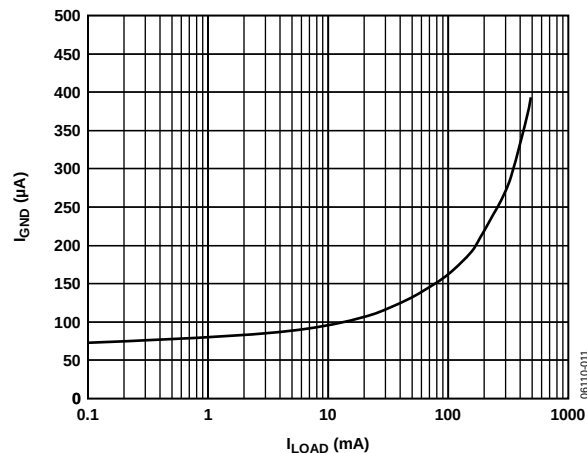


Figure 11. Ground Current vs. Load Current

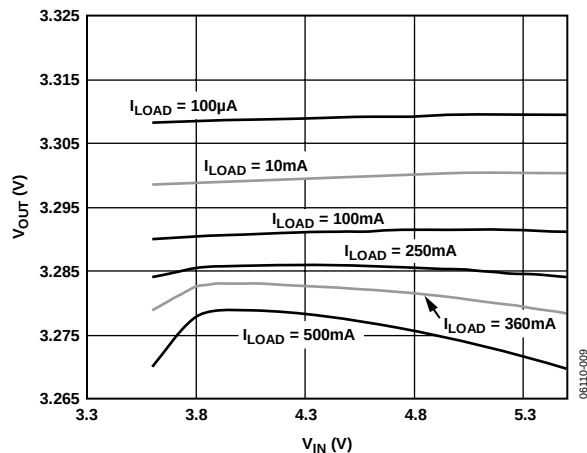


Figure 9. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

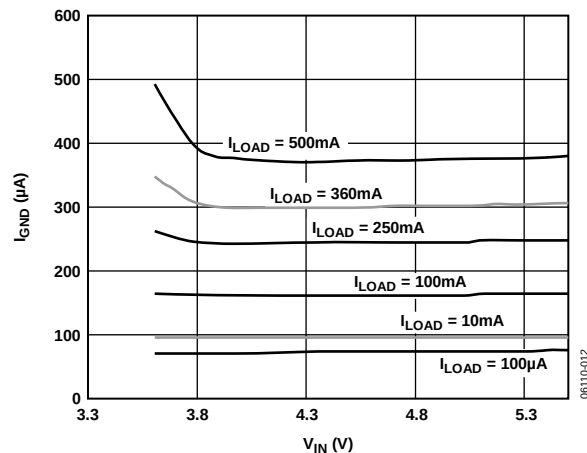


Figure 12. Ground Current vs. Input Voltage

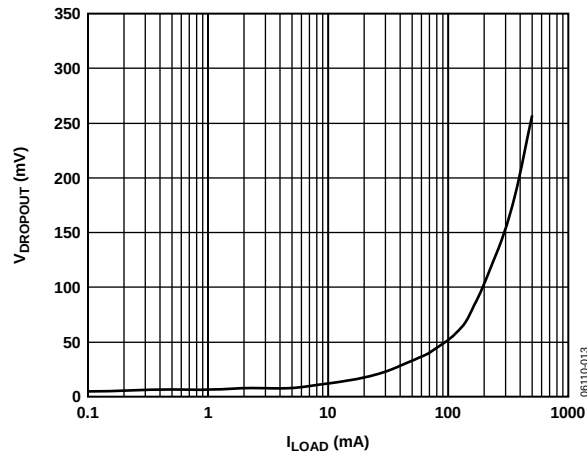


Figure 13. Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current

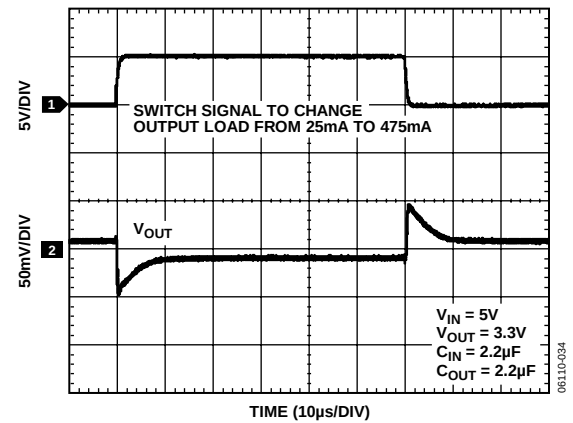


Figure 16. Load Transient Response

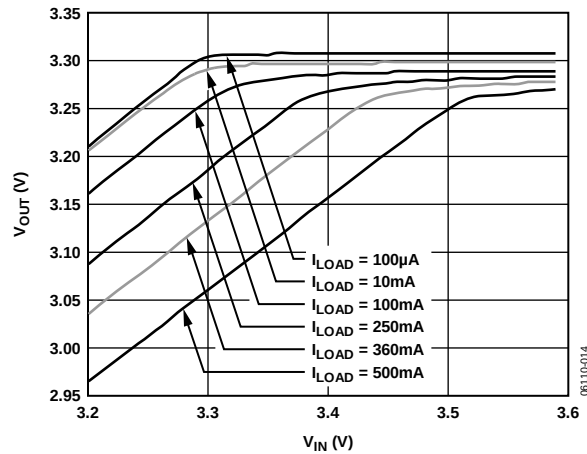


Figure 14. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (in Dropout)

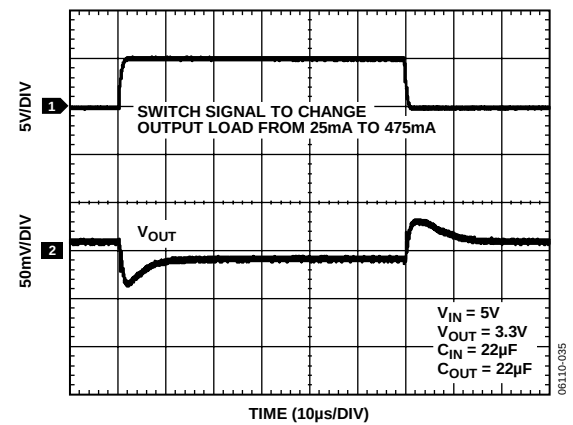


Figure 17. Load Transient Response

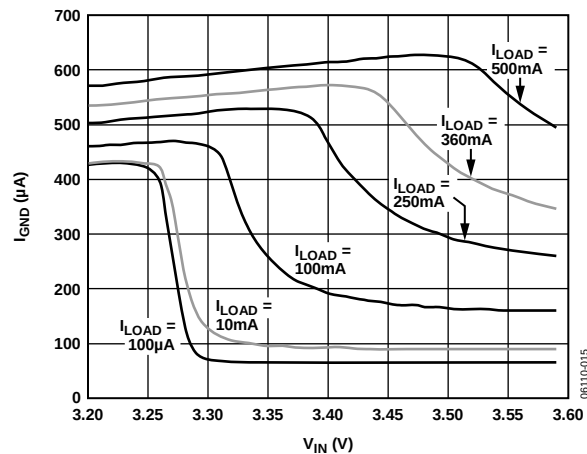


Figure 15. Ground Current vs. Input Voltage (in Dropout)

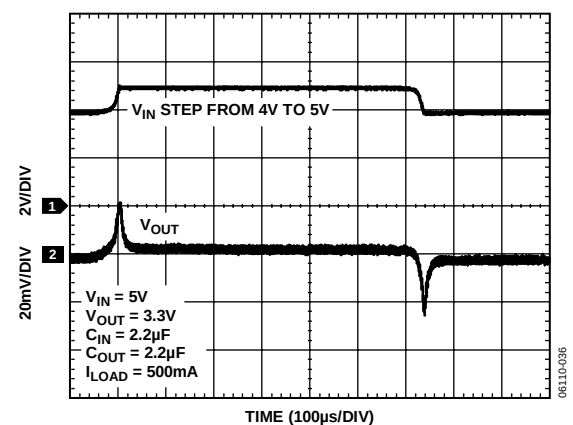


Figure 18. Line Transient Response

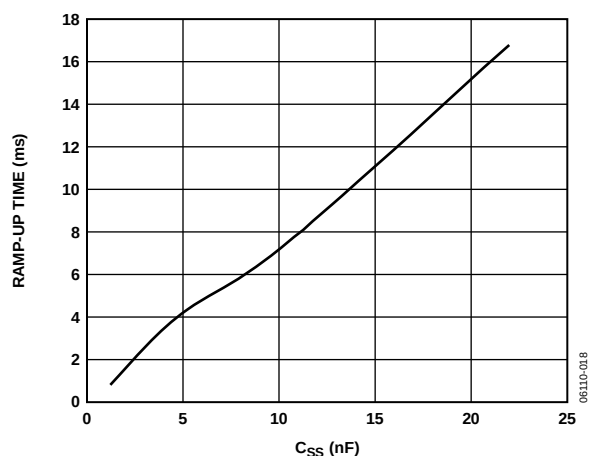


Figure 19. Output Voltage Ramp-Up Time vs. Soft-Start Capacitor Value

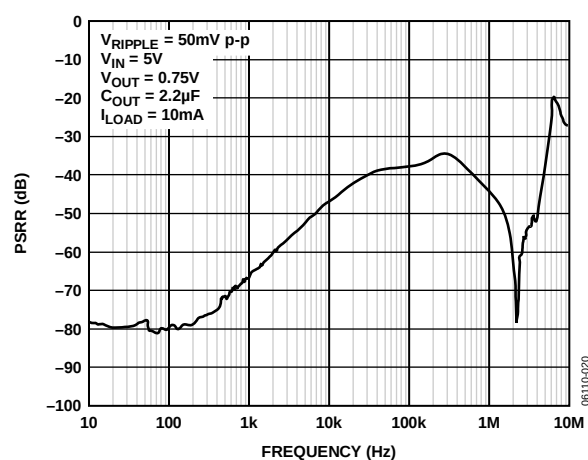


Figure 21. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency

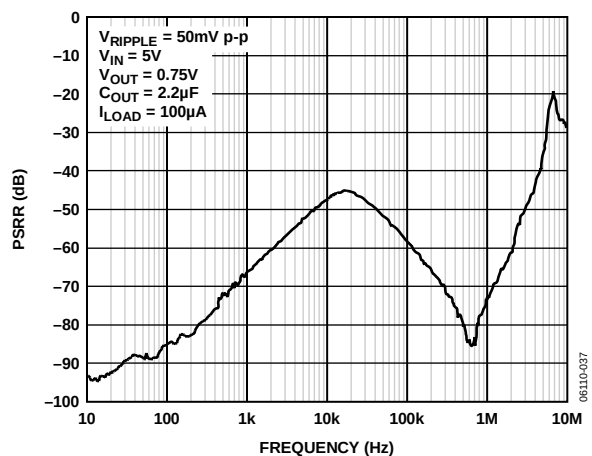


Figure 20. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency

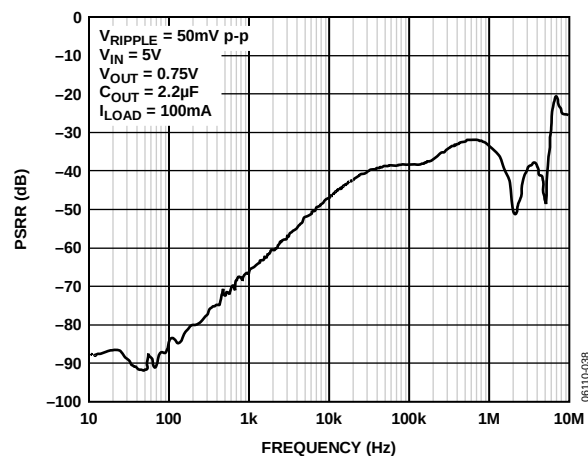


Figure 22. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency



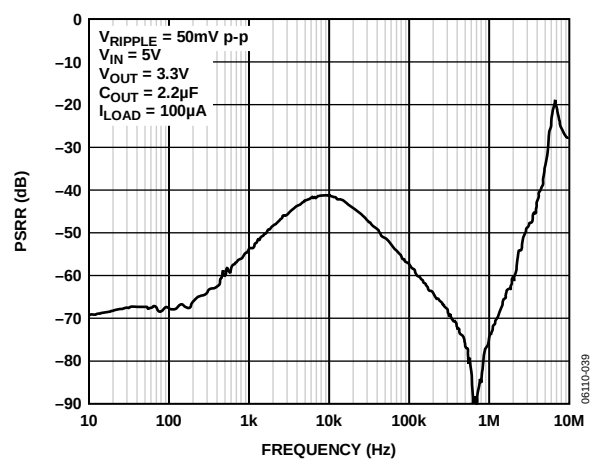


Figure 23. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency

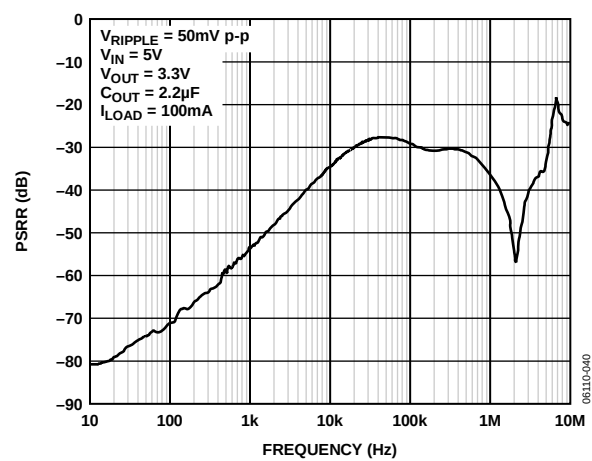


Figure 25. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency

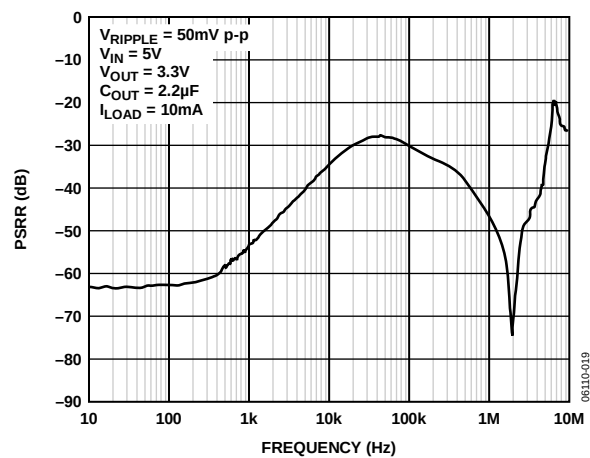


Figure 24. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency

# ADP1715/ADP1716

## THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADP1715/ADP1716 are low dropout, CMOS linear regulators that use an advanced, proprietary architecture to provide high power supply rejection ratio (PSRR) and excellent line and load transient response with just a small 2.2  $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic output capacitor. Both devices operate from a 2.5 V to 5.5 V input rail and provide up to 500 mA of output current. Supply current in shutdown mode is typically 100 nA.

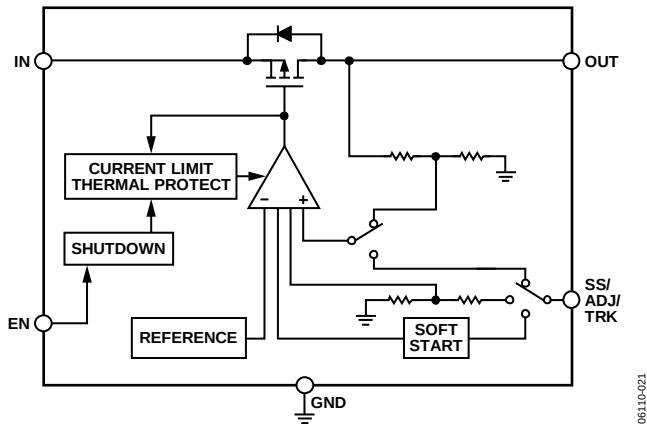


Figure 26. Internal Block Diagram

Internally, the ADP1715/ADP1716 consist of a reference, an error amplifier, a feedback voltage divider, and a PMOS pass transistor. Output current is delivered via the PMOS pass device, which is controlled by the error amplifier. The error amplifier compares the reference voltage with the feedback voltage from the output and amplifies the difference. If the feedback voltage is lower than the reference voltage, the gate of the PMOS device is pulled lower, allowing more current to pass and increasing the output voltage. If the feedback voltage is higher than the reference voltage, the gate of the PMOS device is pulled higher, allowing less current to pass and decreasing the output voltage.

The ADP1715 is available in two versions, one with fixed output voltage options and one with an adjustable output voltage. The fixed output voltage options are set internally to one of sixteen values between 0.75 V and 3.3 V, using an internal feedback network. The adjustable output voltage can be set to between 0.8 V and 5.0 V by an external voltage divider connected from OUT to ADJ. The fixed output version of ADP1715 allows for connection of an external soft-start capacitor, which controls the output voltage ramp during startup. The ADP1716 features a track pin and is available with fixed output voltage options. All devices are controlled by an enable pin (EN).

### SOFT-START FUNCTION (ADP1715)

For applications that require a controlled startup, the ADP1715 provides a programmable soft-start function. Programmable soft start is useful for reducing inrush current upon startup and for providing voltage sequencing. To implement soft start,

connect a small ceramic capacitor from SS to GND. Upon startup, a 1.2  $\mu\text{A}$  current source charges this capacitor. The ADP1715 start-up output voltage is limited by the voltage at SS, providing a smooth ramp up to the nominal output voltage. The soft-start time is calculated by

$$T_{SS} = V_{REF} \times (C_{SS}/I_{SS}) \quad (1)$$

where:

$T_{SS}$  is the soft-start period.

$V_{REF}$  is the 0.8 V reference voltage.

$C_{SS}$  is the soft-start capacitance from SS to GND.

$I_{SS}$  is the current sourced from SS (1.2  $\mu\text{A}$ ).

When the ADP1715 is disabled (using EN), the soft-start capacitor is discharged to GND through an internal 100  $\Omega$  resistor.

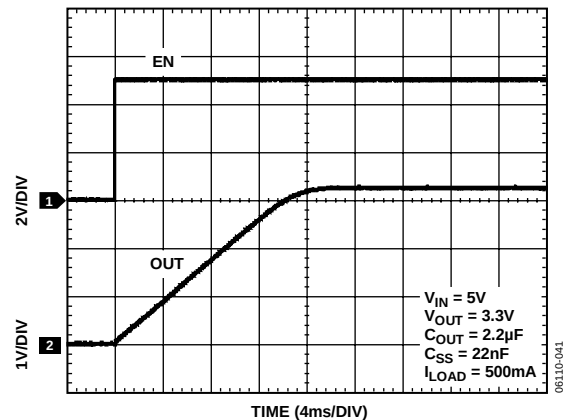


Figure 27. OUT Ramp-Up with External Soft-Start Capacitor

The ADP1715 adjustable version and the ADP1716 have no pins for soft start, so the function is switched to an internal soft-start capacitor. This sets the soft-start ramp-up period to approximately 24  $\mu\text{s}$ . For the worst-case output voltage of 5 V, using the suggested 2.2  $\mu\text{F}$  output capacitor, the resulting input inrush current is approximately 460 mA, which is less than the maximum 500 mA load current.

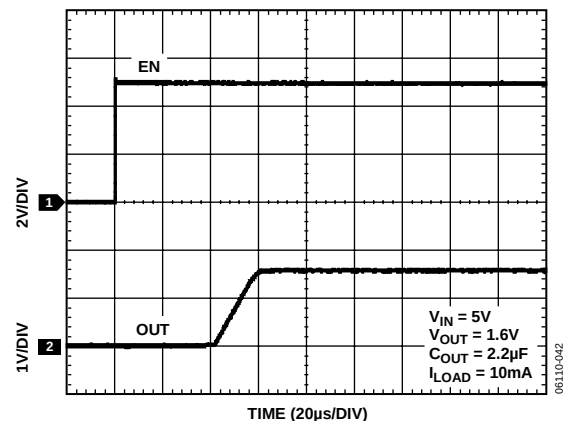


Figure 28. OUT Ramp-Up with Internal Soft-Start

## ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT VOLTAGE (ADP1715 ADJUSTABLE)

The ADP1715 adjustable version can have its output voltage set over a 0.8 V to 5.0 V range. The output voltage is set by connecting a resistive voltage divider from OUT to ADJ. The output voltage is calculated using the equation

$$V_{OUT} = 0.8 \text{ V} (1 + R1/R2) \quad (2)$$

where:

$R1$  is the resistor from OUT to ADJ.

$R2$  is the resistor from ADJ to GND.

The maximum bias current into ADJ is 100 nA, so for less than 0.5% error due to the bias current, use values less than 60 k $\Omega$  for  $R2$ .

## TRACK MODE (ADP1716)

The ADP1716 includes a tracking mode feature. As shown in Figure 29, if the voltage applied at the TRK pin is less than the nominal output voltage, OUT is equal to the voltage at TRK. Otherwise, OUT regulates to its nominal output value.

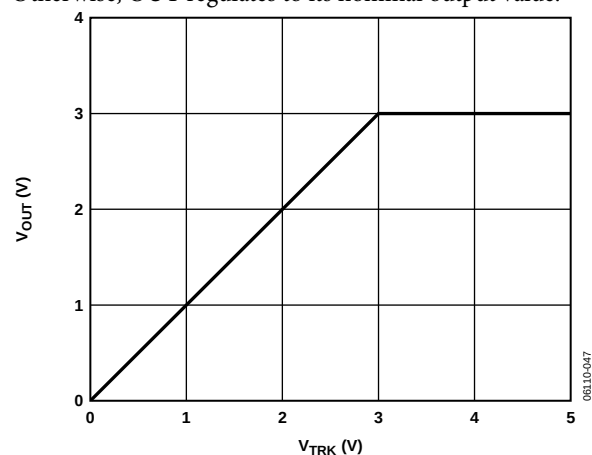


Figure 29. ADP1716 Output Voltage vs. Tracking Voltage with Nominal Output Voltage Set to 3 V

For example, consider an ADP1716 with a nominal output voltage of 3 V. If the voltage applied to its TRK pin is greater than 3 V, OUT maintains a nominal output voltage of 3 V. If the voltage applied to TRK is reduced below 3 V, OUT tracks this voltage. OUT can track the TRK pin voltage from the nominal value all the way down to 0 V. A voltage divider is present from TRK to the error amplifier input with a divider ratio equal to the divider from OUT to the error amplifier. This sets the output voltage equal to the tracking voltage. Both divider ratios are set by post-package trim, depending on the desired output voltage.

## ENABLE FEATURE

The ADP1715/ADP1716 use the EN pin to enable and disable the OUT pin under normal operating conditions. As shown in Figure 30, when a rising voltage on EN crosses the active threshold, OUT turns on. When a falling voltage on EN crosses the inactive threshold, OUT turns off.

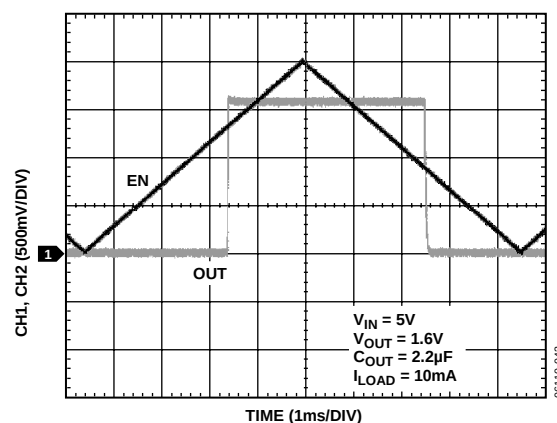


Figure 30. ADP1715 Adjustable Typical EN Pin Operation

As can be seen, the EN pin has hysteresis built in. This prevents on/off oscillations that can occur due to noise on the EN pin as it passes through the threshold points.

The EN pin active/inactive thresholds are derived from the IN voltage. Therefore, these thresholds vary with changing input voltage. Figure 31 shows typical EN active/inactive thresholds when the input voltage varies from 2.5 V to 5.5 V.

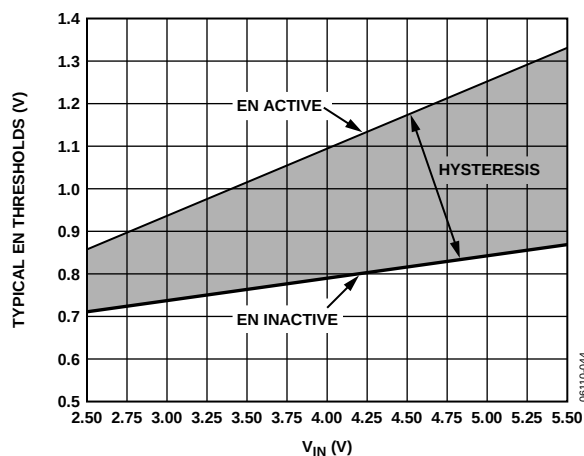


Figure 31. Typical EN Pin Thresholds vs. Input Voltage

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### CAPACITOR SELECTION

#### Output Capacitor

The ADP1715/ADP1716 are designed for operation with small, space-saving ceramic capacitors, but they will function with most commonly used capacitors as long as care is taken about the effective series resistance (ESR) value. The ESR of the output capacitor affects stability of the LDO control loop. A minimum of 2.2  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitance with an ESR of 500 m $\Omega$  or less is recommended to ensure stability of the ADP1715/ADP1716. Transient response to changes in load current is also affected by output capacitance. Using a larger value of output capacitance improves the transient response of the ADP1715/ADP1716 to large changes in load current. Figure 32 and Figure 33 show the transient responses for output capacitance values of 2.2  $\mu\text{F}$  and 22  $\mu\text{F}$ .

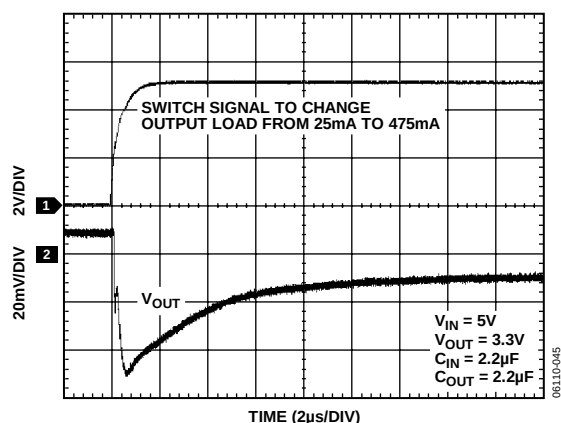


Figure 32. Output Transient Response

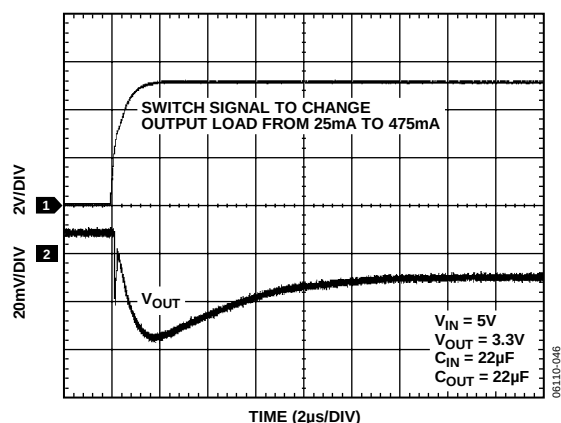


Figure 33. Output Transient Response

#### Input Bypass Capacitor

Connecting a 2.2  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor from the IN pin to GND reduces the circuit sensitivity to printed circuit board (PCB) layout, especially when long input traces, or high source impedance, is encountered. If greater than 2.2  $\mu\text{F}$  of output capacitance is required, the input capacitor should be increased to match it.

#### Input and Output Capacitor Properties

Any good quality ceramic capacitors can be used with the ADP1715/ADP1716, as long as they meet the minimum capacitance and maximum ESR requirements. Ceramic capacitors are manufactured with a variety of dielectrics, each with different behavior over temperature and applied voltage. Capacitors must have a dielectric adequate to ensure the minimum capacitance over the necessary temperature range and dc bias conditions. X5R or X7R dielectrics with a voltage rating of 6.3 V or 10 V are recommended. Y5V and Z5U dielectrics are not recommended, due to their poor temperature and dc bias characteristics.

### CURRENT LIMIT AND THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION

The ADP1715/ADP1716 are protected against damage due to excessive power dissipation by current and thermal overload protection circuits. The ADP1715/ADP1716 are designed to current limit when the output load reaches 750 mA (typical). When the output load exceeds 750 mA, the output voltage is reduced to maintain a constant current limit.

Thermal overload protection is included, which limits the junction temperature to a maximum of 150°C (typical). Under extreme conditions (that is, high ambient temperature and power dissipation) when the junction temperature starts to rise above 150°C, the output is turned off, reducing the output current to zero. When the junction temperature drops below 135°C, the output is turned on again and output current is restored to its nominal value.

Consider the case where a hard short from OUT to ground occurs. At first the ADP1715/ADP1716 will current limit, so that only 750 mA is conducted into the short. If self heating of the junction is great enough to cause its temperature to rise above 150°C, thermal shutdown will activate, turning off the output and reducing the output current to zero. As the junction temperature cools and drops below 135°C, the output turns on and conducts 750 mA into the short, again causing the junction temperature to rise above 150°C. This thermal oscillation between 135°C and 150°C causes a current oscillation between 750 mA and 0 mA that continues as long as the short remains at the output.

Current and thermal limit protections are intended to protect the device against accidental overload conditions. For reliable operation, device power dissipation should be externally limited so junction temperatures do not exceed 125°C.

### THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

To guarantee reliable operation, the junction temperature of the ADP1715/ADP1716 should not exceed 125°C. To ensure the junction temperature stays below this maximum value, the user

should be aware of the parameters that contribute to junction temperature changes. These parameters include ambient temperature, power dissipation in the power device, and thermal resistances between the junction and ambient air ( $\theta_{JA}$ ). The  $\theta_{JA}$  number is dependent on the package assembly compounds used and the amount of copper to which the GND pins of the package are soldered to on the PCB. Table 5 shows typical  $\theta_{JA}$  values of the 8-lead thermally enhanced MSOP package for various PCB copper sizes.

**Table 5.**

| Copper Size (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | $\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| 0 <sup>1</sup>                 | 118                  |
| 100                            | 99                   |
| 300                            | 77                   |
| 500                            | 75                   |
| 700                            | 74                   |

<sup>1</sup> Device soldered to minimum size pin traces.

The junction temperature of the ADP1715/ADP1716 can be calculated from the following equation:

$$T_J = T_A + (P_D \times \theta_{JA}) \quad (3)$$

where:

$T_A$  is the ambient temperature.

$P_D$  is the power dissipation in the die, given by

$$P_D = [(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{LOAD}] + (V_{IN} \times I_{GND}) \quad (4)$$

where:

$I_{LOAD}$  is the load current.

$I_{GND}$  is ground current.

$V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  are input and output voltages, respectively.

Power dissipation due to ground current is quite small and can be ignored. Therefore, the junction temperature equation simplifies to the following:

$$T_J = T_A + \{[(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{LOAD}] \times \theta_{JA}\} \quad (5)$$

As shown in Equation 5, for a given ambient temperature, input to output voltage differential, and continuous load current, there exists a minimum copper size requirement for the PCB to ensure the junction temperature does not rise above 125°C. The following figures show junction temperature calculations for different ambient temperatures, load currents,  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  differentials, and areas of PCB copper.

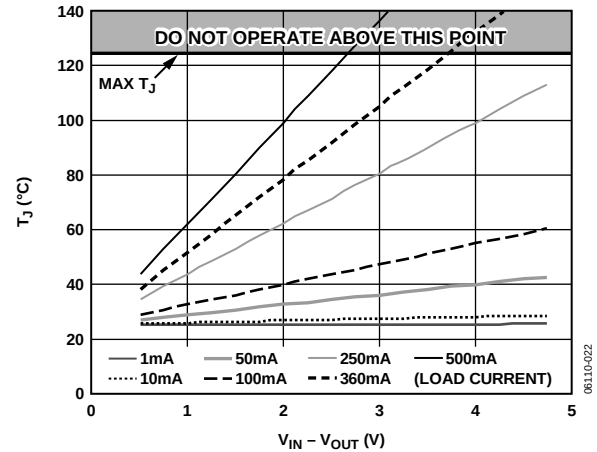


Figure 34. 700 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

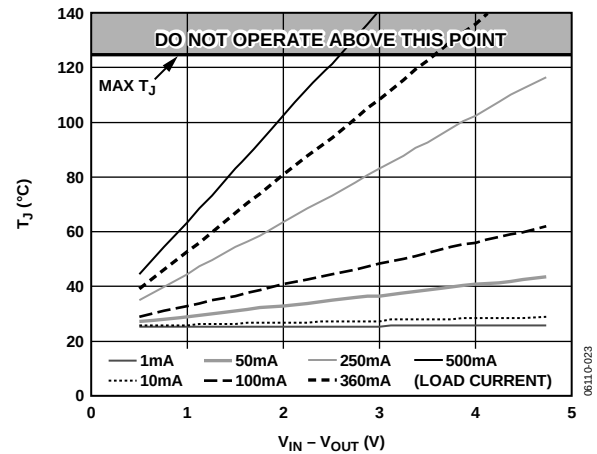


Figure 35. 300 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

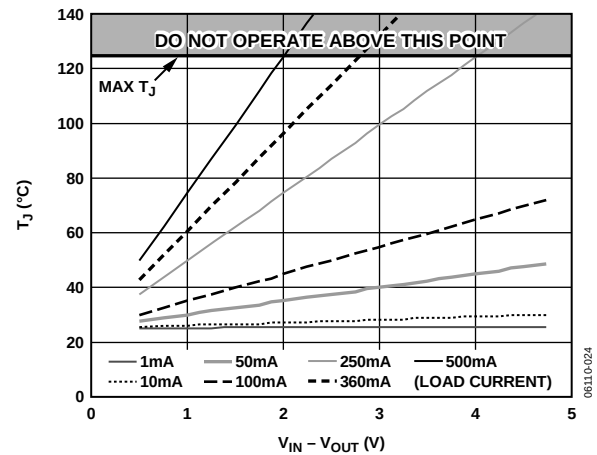


Figure 36. 100 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

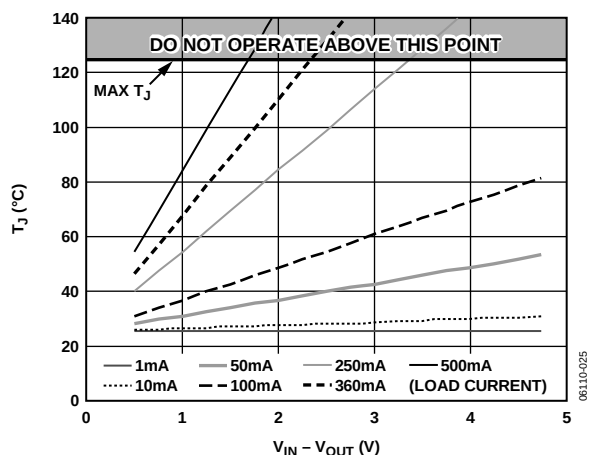


Figure 37. 0 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

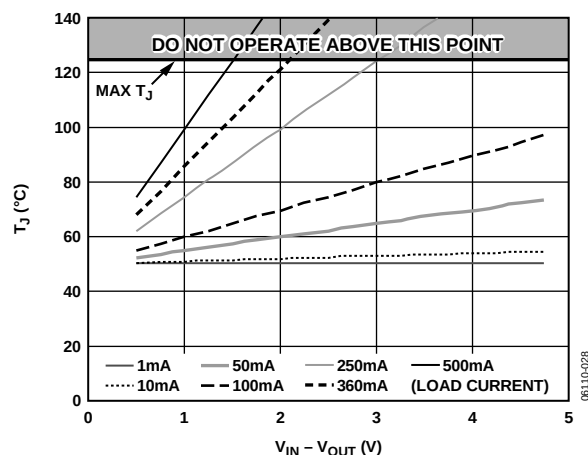


Figure 40. 100 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 50^{\circ}\text{C}$

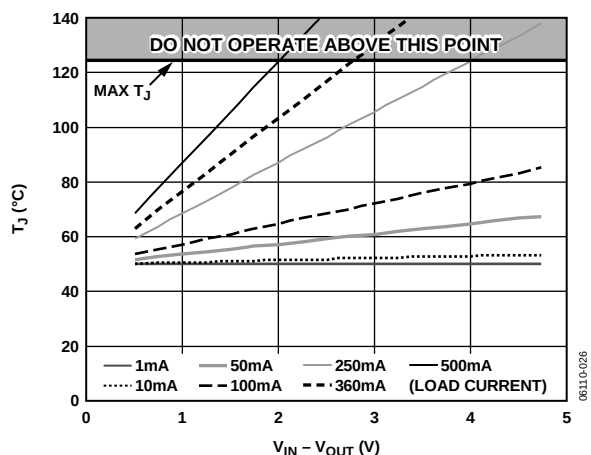


Figure 38. 700 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 50^{\circ}\text{C}$

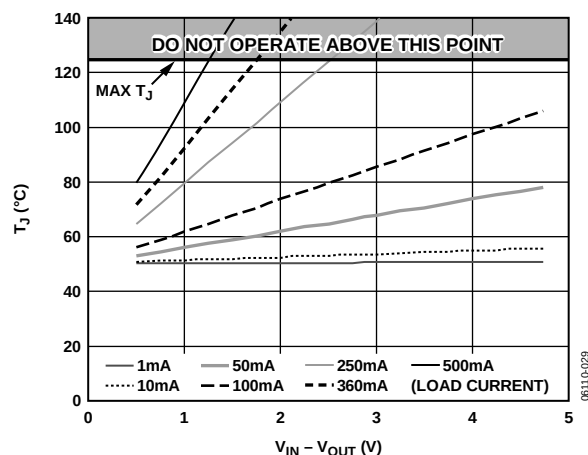


Figure 41. 0 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 50^{\circ}\text{C}$

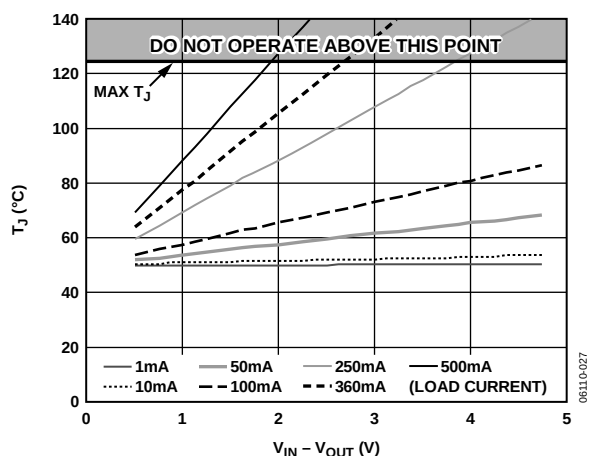


Figure 39. 300 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 50^{\circ}\text{C}$

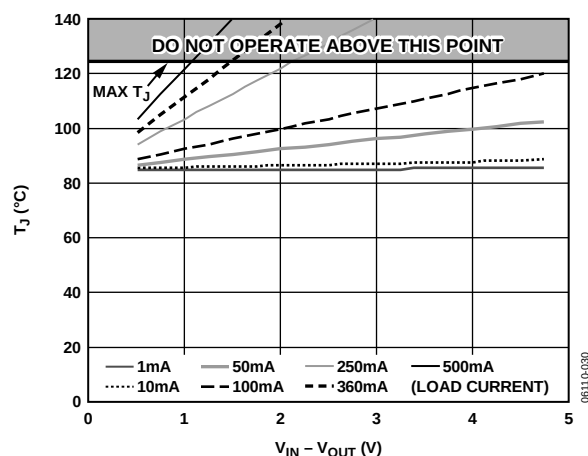


Figure 42. 700 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$

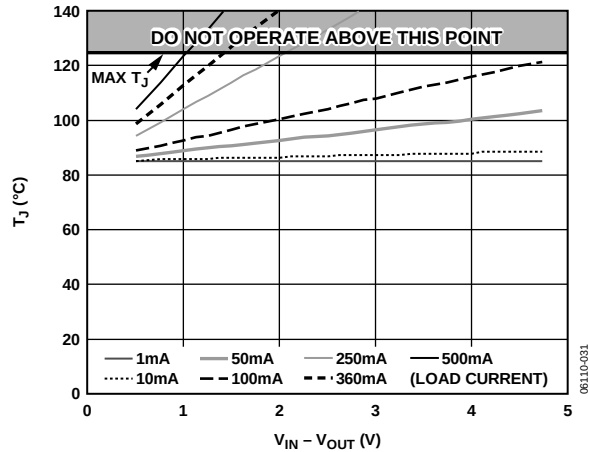


Figure 43. 300 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$

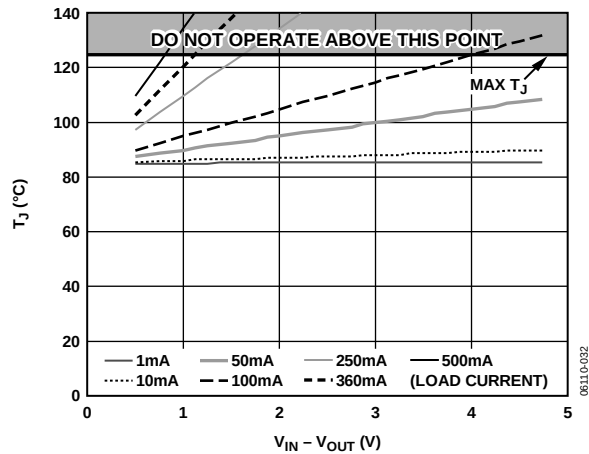


Figure 44. 100 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$

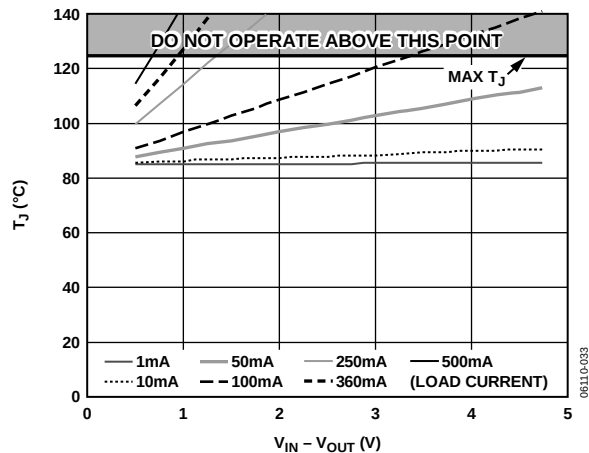


Figure 45. 0 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB Copper,  $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$

## PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

The 8-lead MSOP package has the four GND pins fused together internally, which enhances its thermal characteristics. Heat dissipation from the package is increased by connecting as much copper as possible to the four GND pins of the ADP1715/ADP1716. From Table 5 it can be seen that a point of diminishing returns eventually is reached, beyond which an increase in the copper size does not yield additional heat dissipation benefits.

Figure 46 shows a typical layout for the ADP1715/ADP1716. The four GND pins are connected to a large copper pad. If a second layer is available, multiple vias can be used to connect them, increasing the overall copper area. The input capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the IN and GND pins. The output capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the OUT and GND pins. 0603 or 0402 size capacitors and resistors should be used to achieve the smallest possible footprint solution on boards where area is limited.

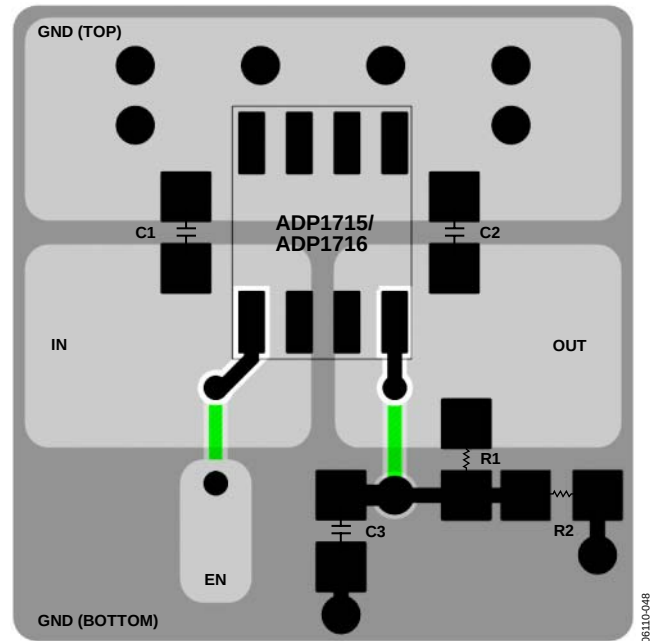
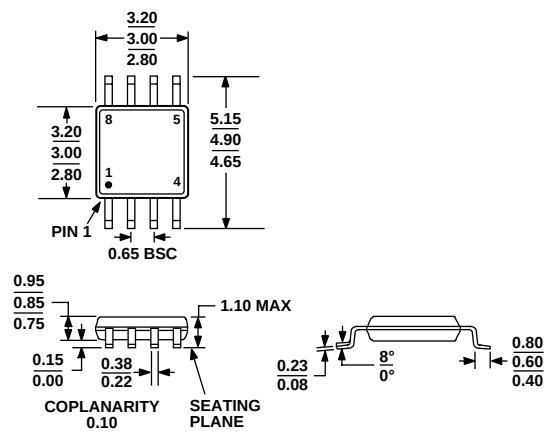


Figure 46. Example PCB Layout

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-187-AA

Figure 47. 8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]  
(RM-8)  
Dimensions show in millimeters



## ORDERING GUIDE

| Model                           | Temperature Range | Output Voltage (V) | Package Description | Package Option | Branding |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------|
| ADP1715ARMZ-0.75R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.75               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L29      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-0.8-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.80               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2A      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-0.85R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.85               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2C      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-0.9-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.90               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2D      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-0.95R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.95               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2E      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.0-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.00               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2F      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.05R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.05               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2G      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.1-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.10               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2H      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.15R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.15               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2J      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.2-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.20               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2K      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.3-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.30               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L32      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.5-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.50               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2L      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-1.8-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.80               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L3R      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-2.5-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 2.50               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L33      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-3.0-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 3.00               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L34      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-3.3-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 3.30               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L35      |
| ADP1715ARMZ-R7 <sup>1</sup>     | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.8 to 5.0         | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L3K      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-0.75R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.75               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2N      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-0.8-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.80               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2P      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-0.85R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.85               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2Q      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-0.9-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.90               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2R      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-0.95R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 0.95               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2S      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.0-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.00               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2T      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.05R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.05               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L3D      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.1-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.10               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2U      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.15R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.15               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2V      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.2-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.20               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2W      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.3-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.30               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2X      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.5-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.50               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L2Y      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-1.8-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 1.80               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L31      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-2.5-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 2.50               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L37      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-3.0-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 3.00               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L38      |
| ADP1716ARMZ-3.3-R7 <sup>1</sup> | –40°C to +125°C   | 3.30               | 8-Lead MSOP         | RM-8           | L39      |

<sup>1</sup> Z = Pb-free part.

**NOTES**

NOTES

## **NOTES**