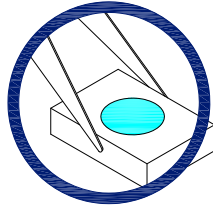


Handling Precautions

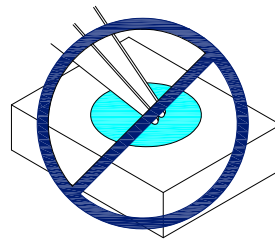
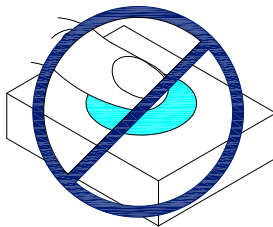
Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force.

As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

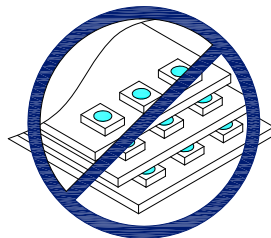
1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.



2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry.



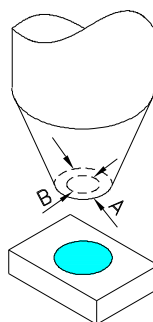
3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.



4.1. The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible.

4.2. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup.

4.3. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.



5. As silicone encapsulation is permeable to gases, some corrosive substances such as H_2S might corrode silver plating of leadframe. Special care should be taken if an LED with silicone encapsulation is to be used near such substances.

Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) [2] @ 20mA		Viewing Angle [1]
			Min.	Typ.	2θ1/2
KA-3528SYSK	Super Bright Yellow (AlGaInP)	WATER CLEAR	80	200	120°

Notes:

1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
2. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λ_{peak}	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Yellow	590		nm	I _F =20mA
λ_D [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Yellow	590		nm	I _F =20mA
$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Yellow	20		nm	I _F =20mA
C	Capacitance	Super Bright Yellow	20		pF	V _F =0V; f=1MHz
V _F [2]	Forward Voltage	Super Bright Yellow	2.0	2.5	V	I _F =20mA
I _R	Reverse Current	Super Bright Yellow		10	uA	V _R =5V

Notes:

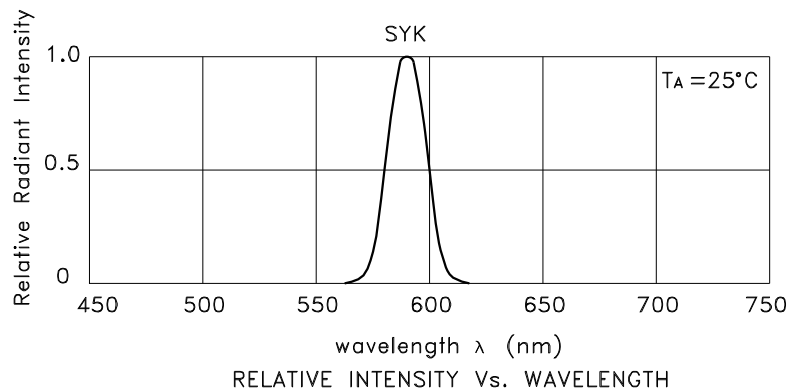
1. Wavelength: +/-1nm.
2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Super Bright Yellow	Units
Power dissipation	75	mW
DC Forward Current	30	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	175	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature	-40°C To +85°C	
Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C	

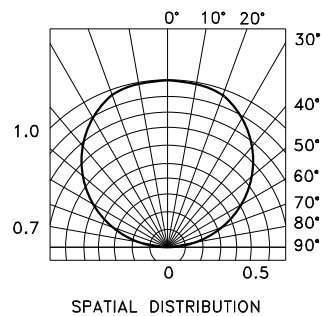
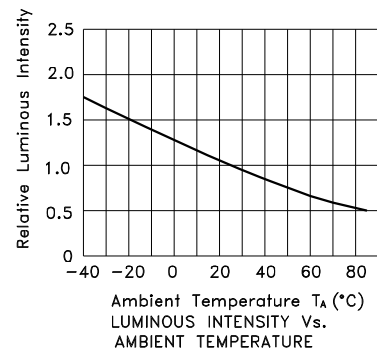
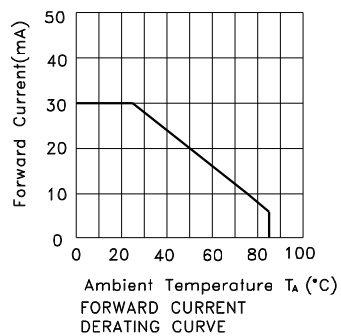
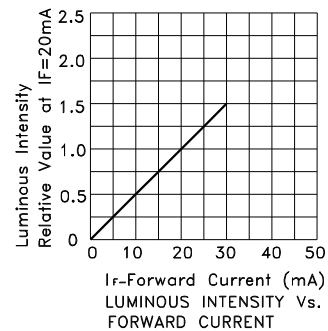
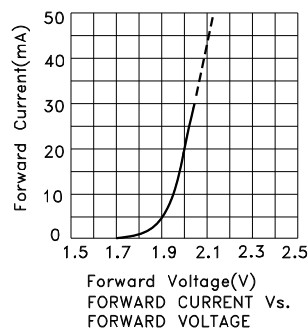
Note:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.



Super Bright Yellow

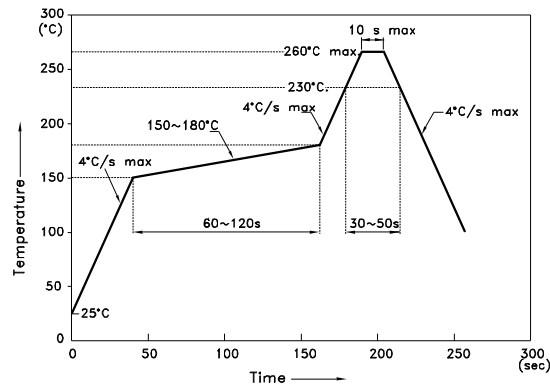
KA-3528SYSK



KA-3528SYSK

Reflow soldering is recommended and the soldering profile is shown below.
Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

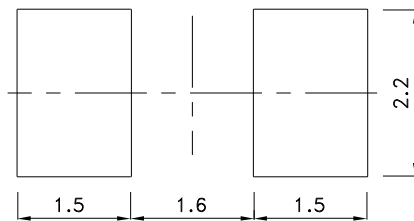
Reflow Soldering Profile For Lead-free SMT Process.



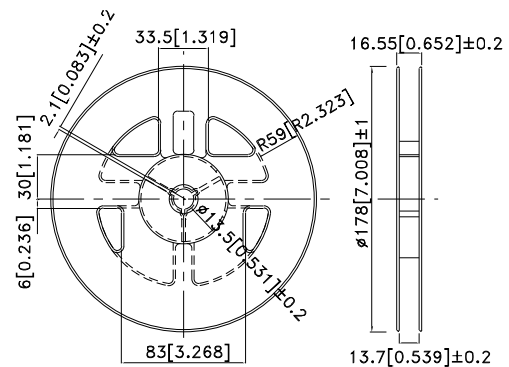
NOTES:

1. We recommend the reflow temperature 245°C(+/-5°C). The maximum soldering temperature should be limited to 260°C.
2. Don't cause stress to the epoxy resin while it is exposed to high temperature.
3. Number of reflow process shall be 2 times or less.

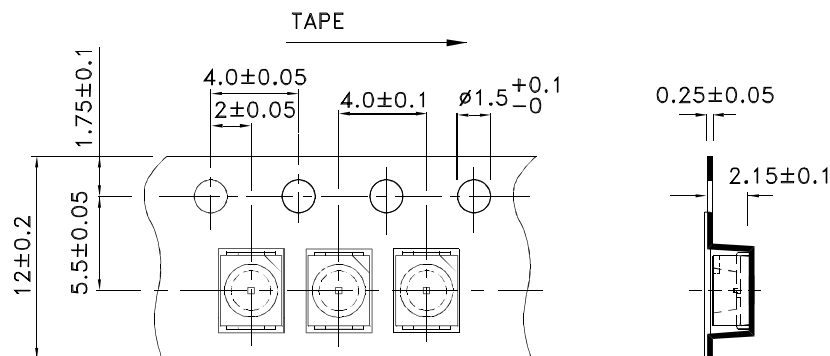
Recommended Soldering Pattern (Units : mm; Tolerance: ± 0.1)



Reel Dimension

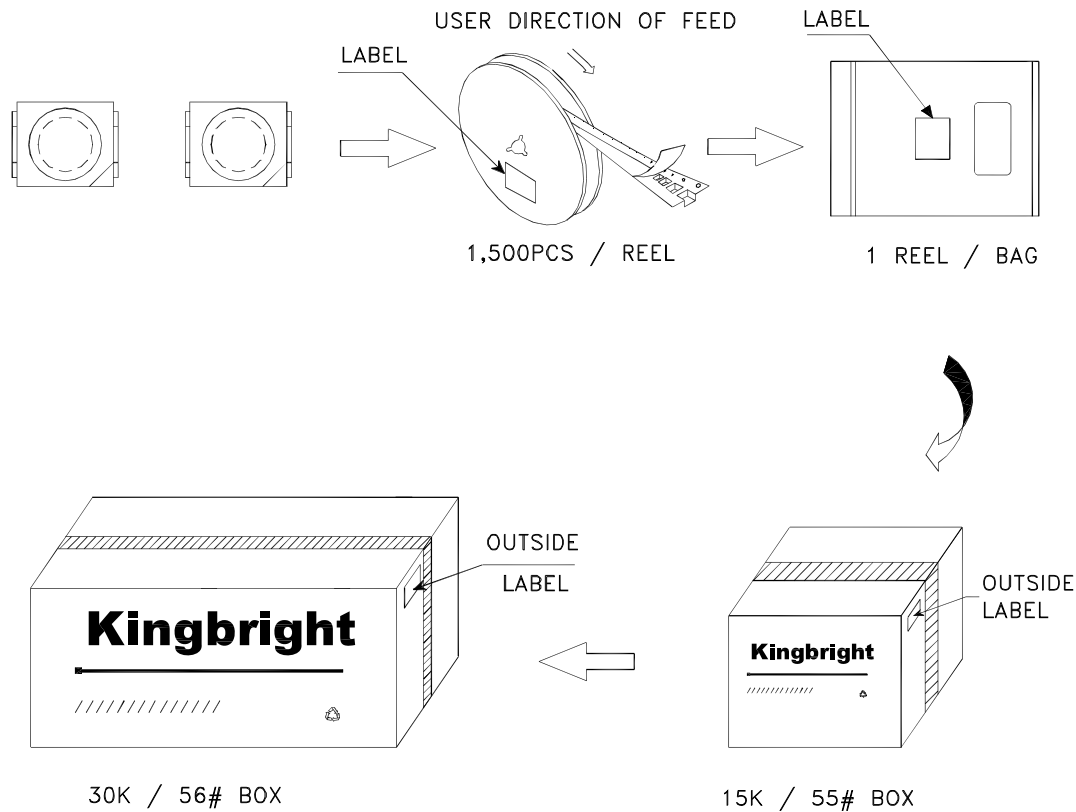


Tape Dimensions (Units : mm)



PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

KA-3528SYSK



Kingbright	
P/NO: KA-3528xxx	
QTY: 1,500 pcs	Q.C. Q C xx xx xxxx PASSED
S/N: XXXX	
CODE: XXX	
LOT NO:	
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
RoHS Compliant	