

HIGH-SPEED DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVERS AND RECEIVERS

FEATURES

- Low-Voltage Differential 50-Ω Line Drivers and Receivers
- Typical Full-Duplex Signaling Rates of 100 Mbps (See Table 1)
- Bus-Terminal ESD Exceeds 12 kV
- Operates From a Single 3.3-V Supply
- Low-Voltage Differential Signaling With Typical Output Voltages of 340 mV With a 50-Ω Load
- Valid Output With as Little as 50-mV Input Voltage Difference
- Propagation Delay Times

Driver: 1.7 ns TypicalReceiver: 3.7 ns Typical

Power Dissipation at 200 MHz

Driver: 50 mW TypicalReceiver: 60 mW Typical

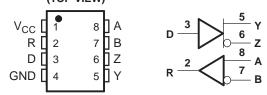
- LVTTL Input Levels Are 5-V Tolerant
- Driver Is High Impedance When Disabled or With V_{CC} < 1.5 V
- Receiver Has Open-Circuit Failsafe

DESCRIPTION

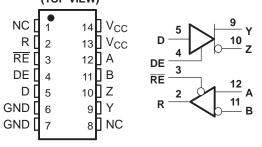
The SN65LVDM179, SN65LVDM180. SN65LVDM050, and SN65LVDM051 are differential line drivers and receivers that use low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) to achieve high signaling rates. These circuits are similar to TIA/EIA-644 standard compliant devices (SN65LVDS) counterparts, except that the output current of the drivers is doubled. This modification provides a minimum differential output voltage magnitude of 247 mV across a $50-\Omega$ load simulating two transmission lines in parallel. This allows having data buses with more than one driver or with two line termination resistors. The receivers detect a voltage difference of 50 mV with up to 1 V of ground potential difference between a transmitter and receiver.

The intended application of these devices and signaling techniques is point-to-point half duplex, baseband data transmission over a controlled impedance media of approximately 100 Ω characteristic impedance.

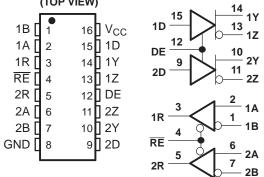
SN65LVDM179D (Marked as DM179 or LVM179) SN65LVDM179DGK (Marked as M79) (TOP VIEW)



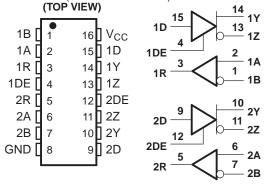
SN65LVDM180D (Marked as LVDM180) SN65LVDM180PW (Marked as LVDM180) (TOP VIEW)



SN65LVDM050D (Marked as LVDM050) SN65LVDM050PW (Marked as LVDM050) (TOP VIEW)



SN65LVDM051D (Marked as LVDM051) SN65LVDM051PW (Marked as LVDM051)





Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.





These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

The transmission media may be printed-circuit board traces, backplanes, or cables. The ultimate rate and distance of data transfer is dependent upon the attenuation characteristics of the media, the noise coupling to the environment, and other application-specific characteristics.

The SN65LVDM179, SN65LVDM180, SN65LVDM050, and SN65LVDM051 are characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

Table 1. Maximum Recommended Operating Speeds

| Part Number | All Buffers Active | Rx Buffer Only | Tx Buffer Only |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| SN65LVDM179 | 150 Mbps | 150 Mbps | 500 Mbps |
| SN65LVDM180 | 150 Mbps | 150 Mbps | 500 Mbps |
| SN65LVDM050 | 100 Mbps | 100 Mbps | 400 Mbps |
| SN65LVDM051 | 100 Mbps | 100 Mbps | 400 Mbps |

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| | PACKAGE | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| T _A | SMALL OUTLINE (D) | SMALL OUTLINE (DGK) | SMALL OUTLINE (PW) | | | |
| | SN65LVDM050D | _ | SN65LVDM050PW | | | |
| –40°C to 85°C | SN65LVDM051D | _ | SN65LVDM051PW | | | |
| -40°C 10 85°C | SN65LVDM179D | SN65LVDM179DGK | _ | | | |
| | SN65LVDM180D | _ | SN65LVDM180PW | | | |

FUNCTION TABLES

SN65LVDM179 RECEIVER

| INPUTS | OUTPUT ⁽¹⁾ |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| $V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$ | R |
| V _{ID} ≥ 50 mV | Н |
| 50 MV < V _{ID} < 50 mV | ? |
| V _{ID} ≤ -50 mV | L |
| Open | Н |

(1) H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate

SN65LVDM179 DRIVER

| INPUT ⁽¹⁾ | OUTPUTS ⁽¹⁾ | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| D | Υ | Z | |
| L | L | Н | |
| Н | Н | L | |
| Open | L | Н | |

(1) H = high level, L = low level



SN65LVDM180, SN65LVDM050, and SN65LVDM051 RECEIVER

| INPUTS ⁽¹⁾ | | OUTPUT ⁽¹⁾ |
|---------------------------------|----|-----------------------|
| $V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$ | RE | R |
| V _{ID} ≥ 50 mV | L | Н |
| 50 MV < V _{ID} < 50 mV | L | ? |
| V _{ID} ≤ –50 mV | L | L |
| Open | L | Н |
| X | Н | Z |

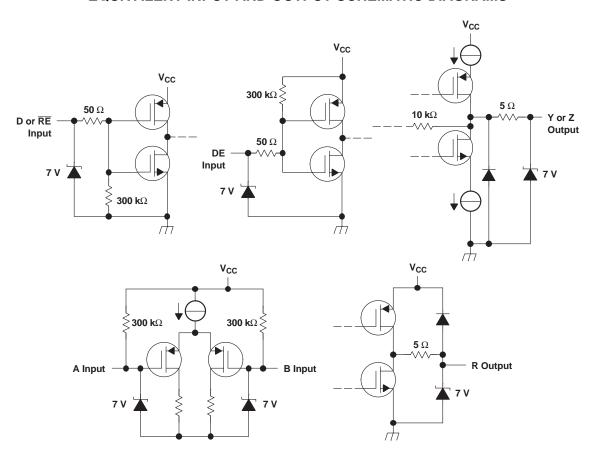
(1) H = high level, L = low level, Z = high impedance, X = don't care

SN65LVDM180, SN65LVDM050, and SN65LVDM051 DRIVER

| INPUTS ⁽¹⁾ | | OUTP | UTS ⁽¹⁾ |
|-----------------------|----|------|--------------------|
| D | DE | Υ | Z |
| L | Н | L | Н |
| Н | Н | Н | L |
| Open | Н | L | Н |
| X | L | Z | Z |

(1) H = high level, L = low level, Z = high impedance, X = don't care

EQUIVALENT INPUT AND OUTPUT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

| | | | UNIT |
|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| V_{CC} | Supply voltage range ⁽²⁾ | | –0.5 V to 4 V |
| | \/altaga ranga | D, R, DE, RE | –0.5 V to 6 V |
| | Voltage range | Y, Z, A, and B | –0.5 V to 4 V |
| | Floatractatic discharge | Y, Z, A, B , and GND ⁽³⁾ | CLass 3, A:12 kV, B:600 V |
| | Electrostatic discharge | All | Class 3, A:7 kV, B:500 V |
| | Continuous power dissipation | | See Dissipation Rating Table |
| | Storage temperature range | | -65°C to 150°C |

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| PACKAGE | T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C ⁽¹⁾ | T _A = 85°C POWER RATING |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| D(8) | 635 mW | 5.1 mW/°C | 330 mW |
| D(14) | 987 mW | 7.9 mW/°C | 513 mW |
| D(16) | 1110 mW | 8.9 mW/°C | 577 mW |
| DGK | 424 mW | 3.4 mW/°C | 220 mW |
| PW (14) | 736 mW | 5.9 mW/°C | 383 mW |
| PW (16) | 839 mW | 6.7 mW/°C | 437 mW |

⁽¹⁾ This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted and with no air flow.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| | | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------|
| V_{CC} | Supply voltage | 3 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| Vo | Driver output voltage | 0 | | 2.4 | V |
| V_{IH} | High-level input voltage | 2 | | | V |
| V_{IL} | Low-level input voltage | | | 0.8 | V |
| $ V_{ID} $ | Magnitude of differential input voltage | 0.1 | | 0.6 | V |
| V _{IC} | Common-mode input voltage (see Figure 6) | $\frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$ | | $2.4 - \frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$ | V |
| | | | V _{CC} -0.8 | | |
| T_A | Operating free-air temperature | —40 | | 85 | °C |

²⁾ All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to network ground terminal.

⁽³⁾ Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7.



DEVICE ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAME | TER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|----------------|---|--|------------------------|-----|------|
| | | SN65LVDM179 | No receiver load, driver $R_L = 50 \Omega$ | 10 | 15 | mA |
| | | | Driver and receiver enabled, no receiver load, driver $R_L = 50 \; \Omega$ | 10 | 15 | |
| | | SN65LVDM180 | Driver enabled, receiver disabled, $R_L = 50 \Omega$ | 9 | 13 | mA |
| | | Disabled Disabled Drivers and receivers enabled, no receiver $R_L = 50 \Omega$ Drivers enabled, receivers disabled, R | Driver disabled, receiver enabled, no load | 1.7 | 5 | |
| | | | Disabled | 0.5 | 2 | |
| I _{CC} | Supply current | | Drivers and receivers enabled, no receiver loads, driver R_L = 50 Ω | 19 | 27 | mA |
| | | | Drivers enabled, receivers disabled, R_L = 50 Ω | 16 | 24 | |
| | | | Drivers disabled, receivers enabled, no loads | 4 | 6 | |
| | | | Disabled | 0.5 | 1 | |
| | | SN65LVDM051 | Drivers enabled, no receiver loads, driver $R_L = 50 \Omega$ | 19 | 27 | mA |
| | | STAUSE V DIVIOST | Drivers disabled, no loads | 4 | 6 | ША |

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3 V supply.

DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|--|-------------------|--|--------------------|------|-------|------|
| V _{OD} | Differential output voltage ma | gnitude | | 247 | 340 | 454 | |
| Δ V _{OD} | Change in differential output between logic states | voltage magnitude | R_L = 50 Ω, See Figure 1 and Figure 2 | -50 ⁽¹⁾ | | 50 | mV |
| V _{OC(SS)} | Steady-state common-mode | output voltage | | 1.125 | 1.2 | 1.375 | V |
| $\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$ | Change in steady-state comr voltage between logic states | non-mode output | See Figure 3 | -50 | | 50 | mV |
| V _{OC(PP)} | Peak-to-peak common-mode | output voltage | | | 50 | 150 | mV |
| | High level input current | DE | V _{IH} = 5 V | -20 | -0.5 | | μА |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current | D | | | 2 | 20 | |
| | Low lovel input augreent | DE | V 08V | -10 | -0.5 | | ^ |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current | D | $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ | | 2 | 10 | μΑ |
| | Oh ant almost as the standard as more | | V _{OY} or V _{OZ} = 0 V | | 7 | 10 | A |
| los | Short-circuit output current | | V _{OD} = 0 V | | 7 | 10 | mA |
| I _{OZ} | High-impedance output current | | V _O = 0 V or 2.4 V, other output at 1.2 V, DE AT 0.8 V | -47 | | 47 | μΑ |
| I _{O(OFF)} | Power-off output current | | V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{O} = 0 V or 2.4 V, other output at 1.2 V, DE AT 0.8 V | -47 | | 47 | μΑ |
| C _{IN} | Input capacitance | | | | 3 | | pF |

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention in which the least positive (most negative) value is designated minimum is used in this datasheet.



RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------|-----|--------------------|------|------|
| V _{IT+} | Positive-going differential input voltage threshold | See Figure F and Table 2 | | | 50 | mV |
| V _{IT-} | Negative-going differential input voltage threshold | See Figure 5 and Table 2 | -50 | | | IIIV |
| V _{OH} | High-level output voltage | I _{OH} = -8 mA | 2.4 | | | V |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | I _{OL} = 8 mA | | | 0.4 | V |
| | Input current (A or B inputs) | V _I = 0 | -20 | -11 | | μΑ |
| 11 | | V _I = 2.4 V | | -3 | -1.2 | |
| I _{I(OFF)} | Power-off input current (A or B inputs) | V _{CC} = 0 | -20 | | 20 | μΑ |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current (enables) | V _{IH} = 5 V | | | 10 | μΑ |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current (enables) | V _{IL} = 0.8 V | | | 10 | μΑ |
| I _{OZ} | High-impedance output current | V _O = 0 or 5 V | -10 | | 10 | μΑ |
| C _I | Input capacitance | | | 5 | | рF |

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-----|------|
| t _{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output | | 1.7 | 2.7 | ns |
| t _{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output | | 1.7 | 2.7 | ns |
| t _r | Differential output signal rise time | $R_1 = 50\Omega$, | 0.6 | 1 | ns |
| t _f | Differential output signal fall time | $C_{L} = 10 \text{ pF},$ | 0.6 | 1 | ns |
| t _{sk(p)} | Pulse skew (t _{pHL} - t _{pLH}) | See Figure 6 | 250 | | ps |
| t _{sk(o)} | Channel-to-channel output skew ⁽²⁾ | | 100 | | ps |
| t _{sk(pp)} | Part-to-part skew ⁽³⁾ | | | 1 | ns |
| t _{PZH} | Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-high-level output | | 6 | 10 | ns |
| t _{PZL} | Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-low-level output | See Figure 7 | 6 | 10 | ns |
| t_{PHZ} | Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high-impedance output | See Figure 7 | 4 | 10 | ns |
| t _{PLZ} | Propagation delay time, low-level-to-high-impedance output | | 5 | 10 | ns |

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

⁽²⁾ $t_{sk(o)}$ is the maximum delay time difference between drivers on the same device.

⁽³⁾ $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any specified terminals of two devices when both devices operate with the same supply voltages, at the same temperature, and have identical packages and test circuits.



RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN TYP(| MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|---|----------|-----|------|
| t _{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output | | 3.7 | 4.5 | ns |
| t _{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output | C _L = 10 pF, See Figure 6 | 3.7 | 4.5 | ns |
| t _{sk(p)} | Pulse skew (t _{pHL} - t _{pLH}) | | 0.1 | | ns |
| t _{sk(o)} | Channel-to-channel output skew | | 0.2 | | ns |
| t _{sk(pp)} | Part-to-part skew ⁽²⁾ | | | 1 | ns |
| t _r | Output signal rise time | C 10 pF Coo Figure 6 | 0.7 | 1.5 | ns |
| t _f | Output signal fall time | $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, \text{ See Figure 6}$ | 0.9 | 1.5 | ns |
| t _{PZH} | Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high-impedance output | | 2.5 | | ns |
| t _{PZL} | Propagation delay time, low-level-to-low-impedance output | Coo Figure 7 | 2.5 | | ns |
| t _{PHZ} | Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-high-level output | See Figure 7 | 7 | | ns |
| t _{PLZ} | Propagation delay time, low-impedance-to-high-level output | | 4 | | ns |

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

DRIVER

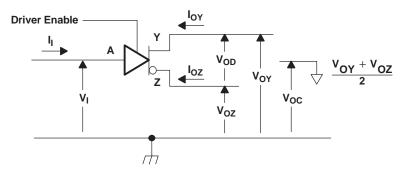
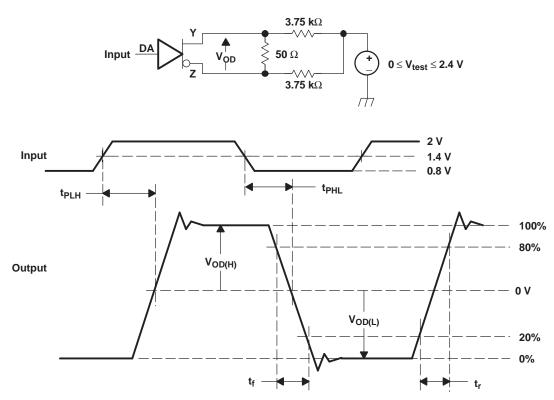


Figure 1. Driver Voltage and Current Definitions

⁽²⁾ $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any specified terminals of two devices when both devices operate with the same supply voltages, at the same temperature, and have identical packages and test circuits.

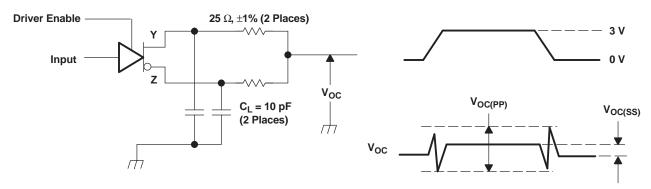


PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_r \le 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = 10 ± 0.2 ns . C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

Figure 2. Test Circuit, Timing, and Voltage Definitions for the Differential Output Signal

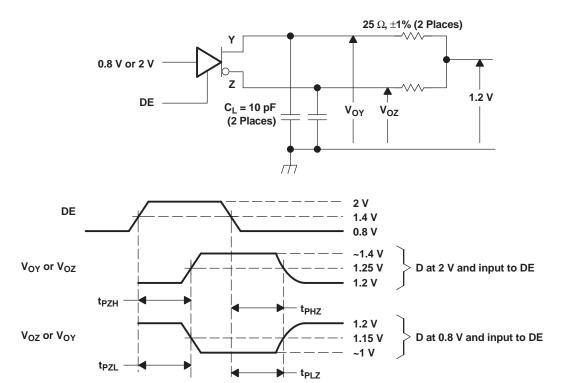


A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_r \le 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = 10 ± 0.2 ns . C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T. The measurement of $V_{OC(PP)}$ is made on test equipment with a -3 dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

Figure 3. Test Circuit and Definitions for the Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_r \le 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 0.5 Mpps, pulse width = 500 \pm 10 ns . C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

Figure 4. Enable and Disable Time Circuit and Definitions



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

RECEIVER

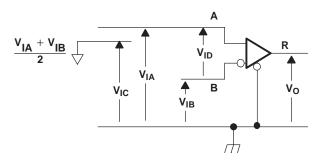
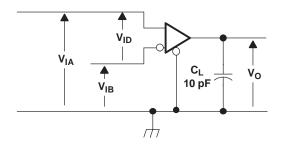


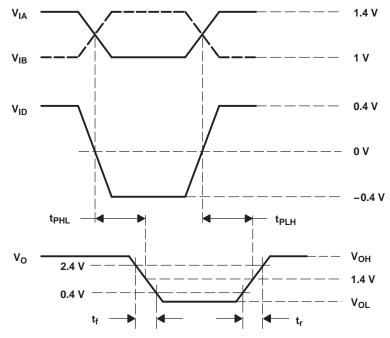
Figure 5. Receiver Voltage Definitions

Table 2. Receiver Minimum and Maximum Input Threshold Test Voltages

| | OLTAGES /) | RESULTING DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE (mV) | RESULTING COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE (V) |
|-----------------|---------------|---|---|
| V _{IA} | V_{IB} | V _{ID} | V _{IC} |
| 1.225 | 1.175 | 50 | 1.2 |
| 1.175 | 1.225 | -50 | 1.2 |
| 2.375 | 2.325 | 50 | 2.35 |
| 2.325 | 2.375 | -50 | 2.35 |
| 0.05 | 0 | 50 | 0.05 |
| 0 | 0.05 | -50 | 0.05 |
| 1.5 | 0.9 | 600 | 1.2 |
| 0.9 | 1.5 | -600 | 1.2 |
| 2.4 | 1.8 | 600 | 2.1 |
| 1.8 | 2.4 | -600 | 2.1 |
| 0.6 | 0 | 600 | 0.3 |
| 0 | 0.6 | -600 | 0.3 |



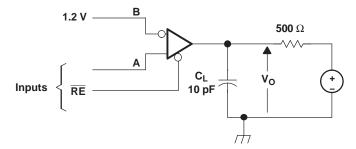




A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_l \le 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = 10 \pm 0.2 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

Figure 6. Timing Test Circuit and Waveforms

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NOTE A: All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \le 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 0.5 Mpps, pulse width = 500 ± 10 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

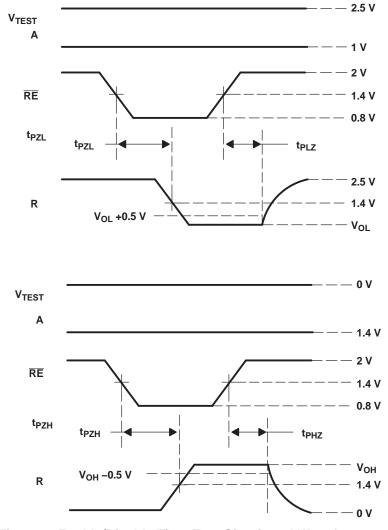
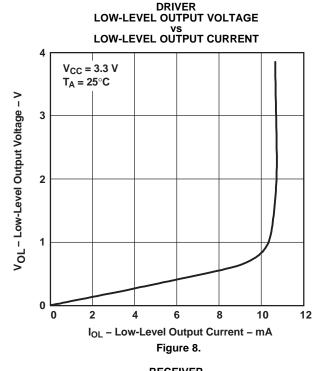
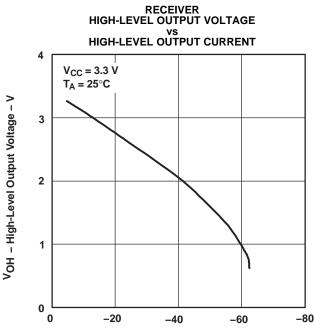


Figure 7. Enable/Disable Time Test Circuit and Waveforms



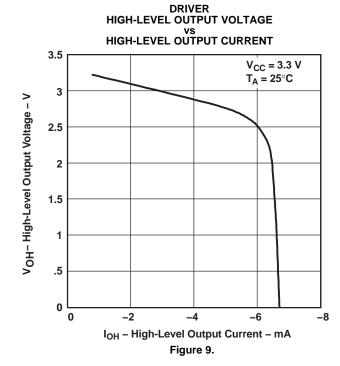
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

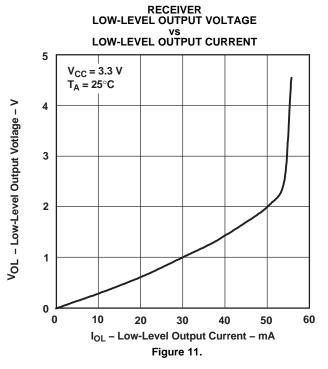




IOH - High-Level Output Current - mA

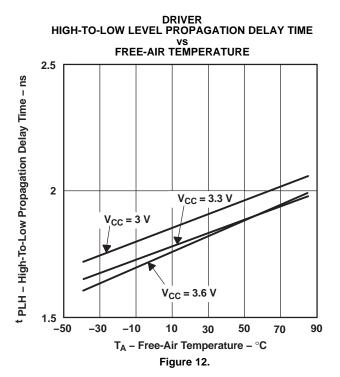
Figure 10.



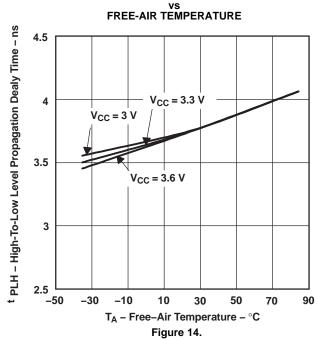




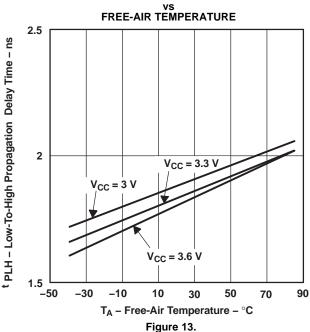
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)



RECEIVER HIGH-TO-LOW LEVEL PROPAGATION DELAY TIME vs



DRIVER LOW-TO-HIGH LEVEL PROPAGATION DELAY TIME



RECEIVER LOW-TO-HIGH LEVEL PROPAGATION DELAY TIME

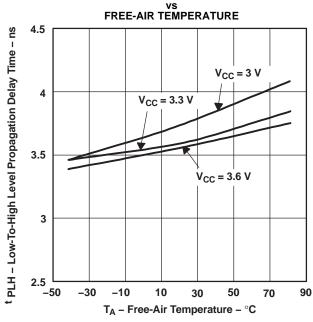


Figure 15.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Equipment

- Hewlett Packard HP6624A DC power supply
- Tektronix TDS7404 Real Time Scope
- Agilent ParBERT E4832A

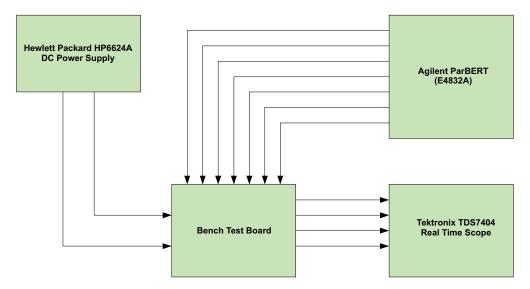
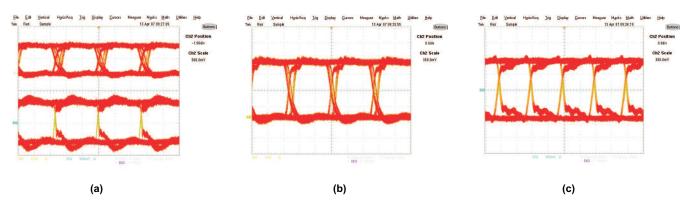


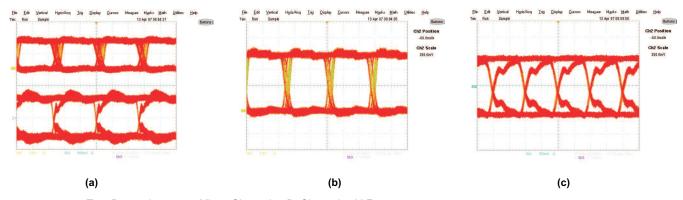
Figure 16. Equipment Setup



- a. Tx + Rx running at 150 Mbps; Channel 1: R, Channel 2: Y-Z
- b. Rx only running at 150 Mbps; Channel 1: R
- c. Tx only running at 500 Mbps; Channel 1: Y-Z

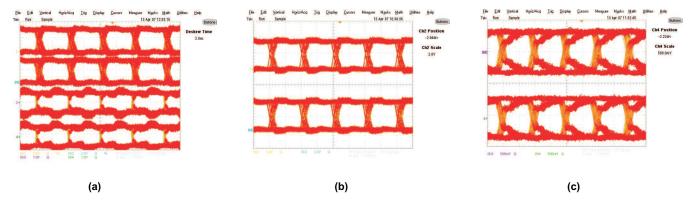
Figure 17. Typical Eye Patterns SN65LVDM179: (T = 25° C; V_{CC} = 3.6 V; PRBS = 2^{23-1})

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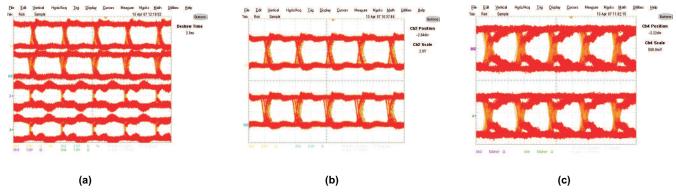
- a. Tx + Rx running at 150 Mbps; Channel 1: R, Channel 2: Y-Z
- b. Rx only running at 150 Mbps; Channel 1: R
- c. Tx only running at 500 Mbps; Channel 1: Y-Z

Figure 18. Typical Eye Patterns SN65LVDM180: (T = 25° C; V_{CC} = 3.6 V; PRBS = 2^{23-1})



- a. All buffers running at 100 Mbps; Channel 1: R, Channel 2: 2R, Channel 3: 1Y-1Z, Channel 4: 2Y-2Z,
- b. Rx buffers only running at 100 Mbps; Channel 1: R, Channel 2: 2R
- c. Tx buffers only running at 400 Mbps; Channel 3: 1Y-1Z, Channel 4: 2Y-2Z,

Figure 19. Typical Eye Patterns SN65LVDM050: (T = 25° C; V_{CC} = 3.6 V; PRBS = 2^{23-1})



- a. All buffers running at 100 Mbps; Channel 1: R, Channel 2: 2R, Channel 3: 1Y-1Z, Channel 4: 2Y-2Z,
- b. Rx buffers only running at 100 Mbps; Channel 1: R, Channel 2: 2R
- c. Tx buffers only running at 400 Mbps; Channel 3: 1Y-1Z, Channel 4: 2Y-2Z,

Figure 20. Typical Eye Patterns SN65LVDM051: (T = 25° C; V_{CC} = 3.6 V; PRBS = 2^{23-1})



The devices are generally used as building blocks for high-speed point-to-point data transmission. Ground differences are less than 1 V with a low common-mode output and balanced interface for low noise emissions. Devices can interoperate with RS-422, PECL, and IEEE-P1596. Drivers/receivers maintain ECL speeds without the power and dual supply requirements.

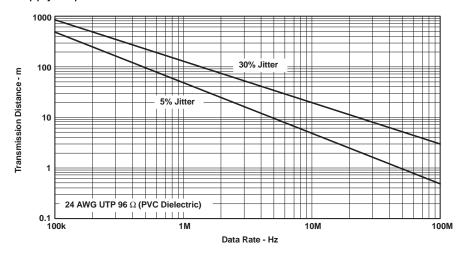


Figure 21. Data Transmission Distance Versus Rate

FAIL SAFE

One of the most common problems with differential signaling applications is how the system responds when no differential voltage is present on the signal pair. The LVDS receiver is like most differential line receivers, in that its output logic state can be indeterminate when the differential input voltage is between –50 mV and 50 mV and within its recommended input common-mode voltage range. Tl's LVDS receiver is different; however, in the way it handles the open-input circuit situation.

Open-circuit means that there is little or no input current to the receiver from the data line itself. This could be when the driver is in a high-impedance state or the cable is disconnected. When this occurs, the LVDS receiver pulls each line of the signal pair to near V_{CC} through 300-k Ω resistors as shown in Figure 22. The fail-safe feature uses an AND gate with input voltage thresholds at about 2.3 V to V_{CC} – 0.4 V to detect this condition and force the output to a high-level, regardless of the differential input voltage.

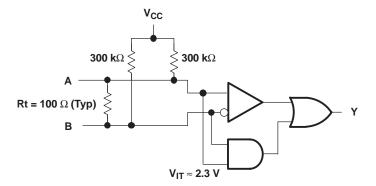


Figure 22. Open-Circuit Fail Safe of the LVDS Receiver

It is only under these conditions that the output of the receiver is valid with less than a 50-mV differential input voltage magnitude. The presence of the termination resistor, R_t, does not affect the fail-safe function as long as it is connected as shown in the figure. Other termination circuits may allow a dc current to ground that could defeat the pullup currents from the receiver and the fail-safe feature.

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REVISION HISTORY

| Changes from Revision I (January 2009) to Revision J Changed value from 40 to -40 | | Page |
|--|--|------|
| • | Changed value from 40 to -40 | 4 |
| • | Deleted value 85 from NOM value and moved to max | 4 |





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PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp | Op Temp (°C) | Top-Side Markings | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| SN65LVDM050D | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM050DG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM050DR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM050DRG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM050PW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM050PWG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM050PWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM050PWRG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM050 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051D | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051DG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051DR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051DRG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051PW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051PWG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051PWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM051PWRG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM051 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM179D | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | DM179 | Samples |





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| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp | Op Temp (°C) | Top-Side Markings | Samples |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| SN65LVDM179DG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | DM179 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM179DGK | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 80 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | M79 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM179DGKG4 | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 80 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | M79 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM179DGKR | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | M79 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM179DGKRG4 | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | M79 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM179DR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | DM179 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM179DRG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | DM179 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180D | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 50 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180DG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 50 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180DR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180DRG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180PW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180PWG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180PWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |
| SN65LVDM180PWRG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | LVDM180 | Samples |

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows: **ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.



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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN65LVDM050, SN65LVDM051:

Automotive: SN65LVDM050-Q1, SN65LVDM051-Q1

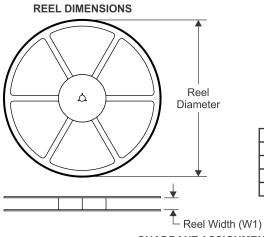
NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

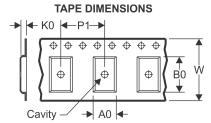
Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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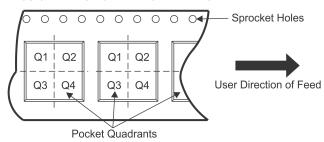
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





| | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
|----|---|
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

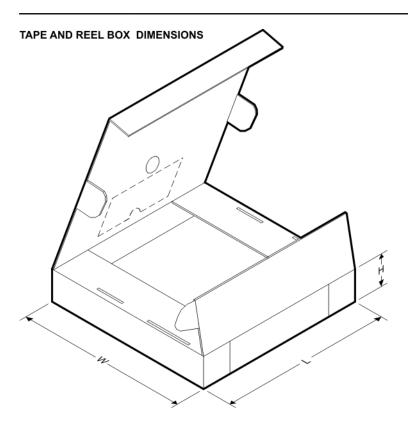
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| SN65LVDM050DR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| SN65LVDM050PWR | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| SN65LVDM051DR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| SN65LVDM051PWR | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| SN65LVDM179DGKR | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| SN65LVDM179DR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| SN65LVDM180DR | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| SN65LVDM180PWR | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |

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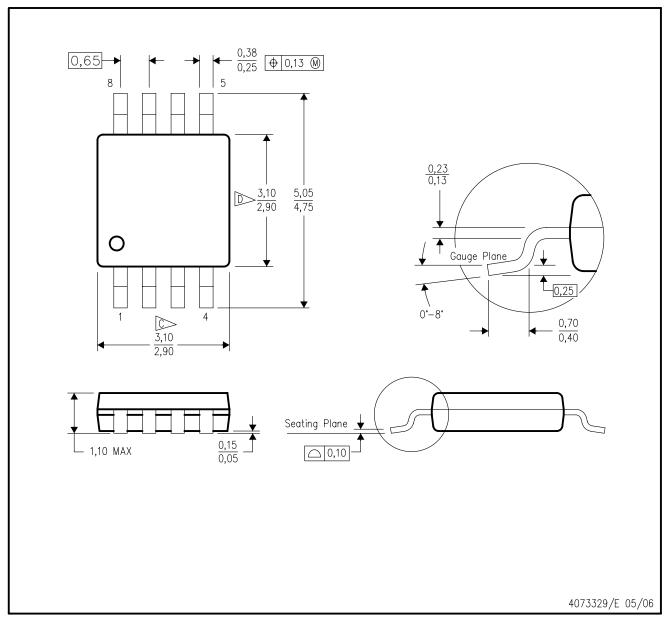


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| SN65LVDM050DR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 38.0 |
| SN65LVDM050PWR | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 35.0 |
| SN65LVDM051DR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 38.0 |
| SN65LVDM051PWR | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 35.0 |
| SN65LVDM179DGKR | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 358.0 | 335.0 | 35.0 |
| SN65LVDM179DR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 340.5 | 338.1 | 20.6 |
| SN65LVDM180DR | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 38.0 |
| SN65LVDM180PWR | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2000 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 35.0 |

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

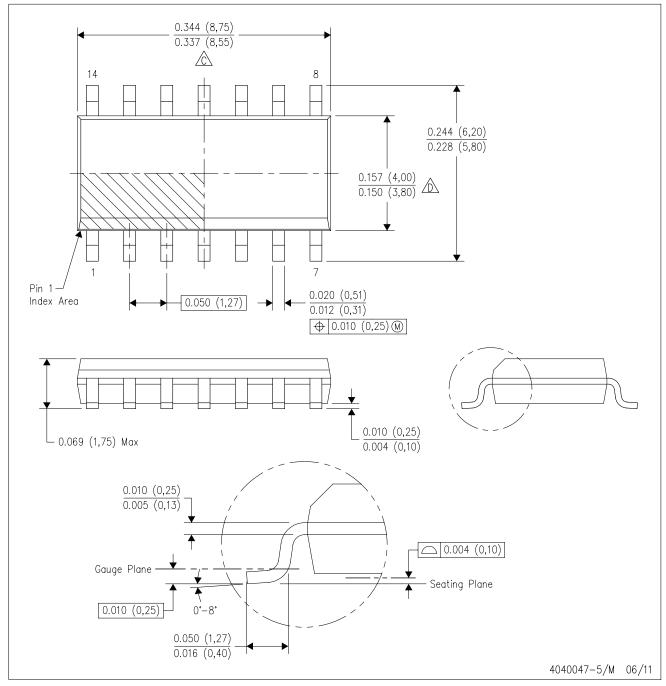


- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.



D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

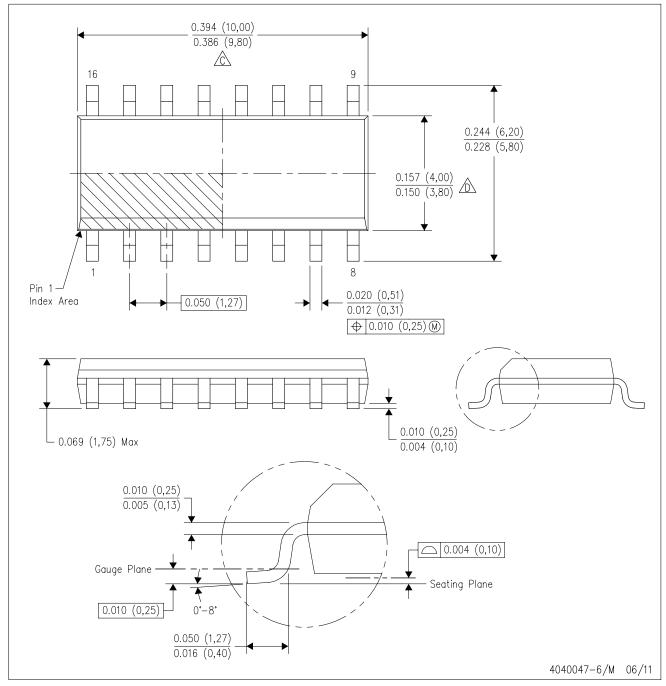


- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.



D (R-PDS0-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

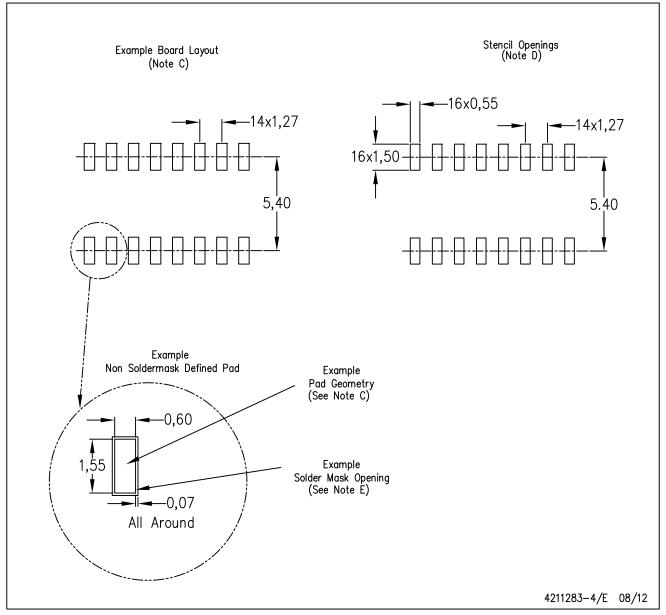


- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

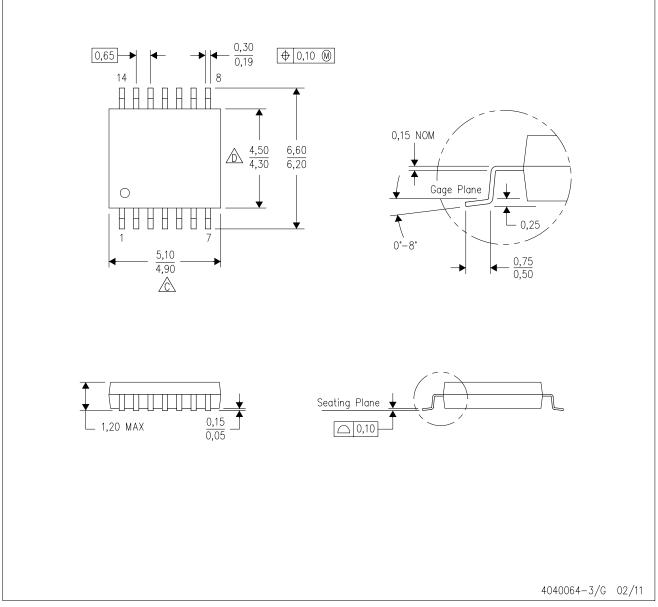


- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

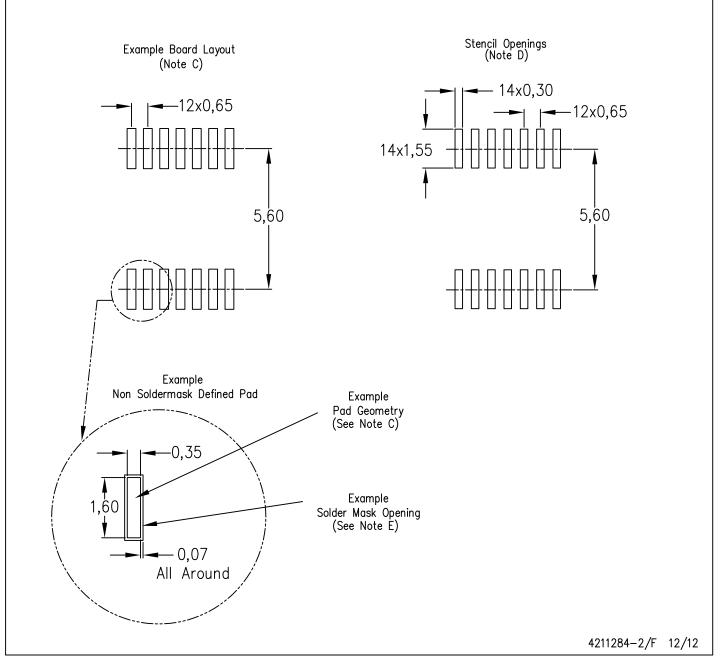


- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

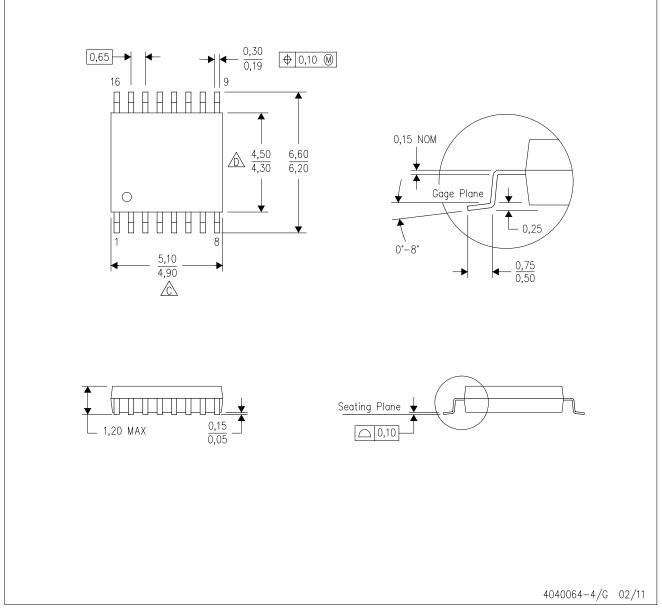


- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

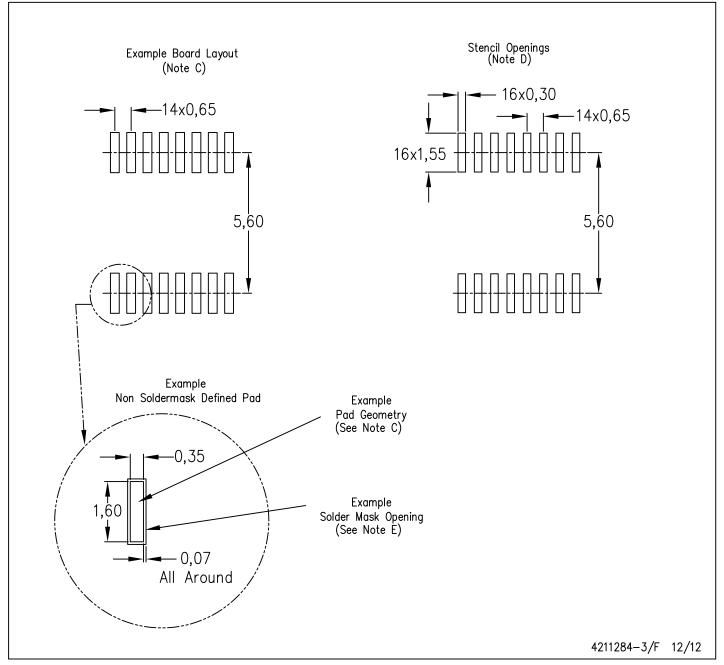


- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



PW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

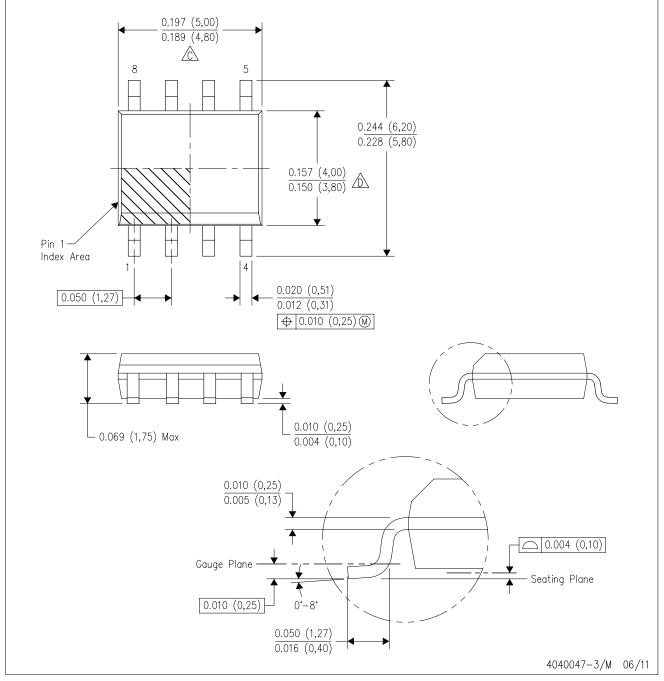


- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

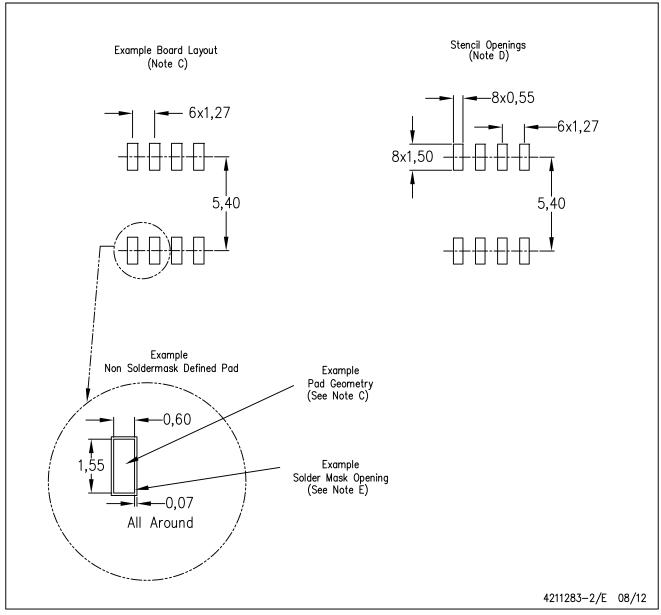


- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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