

# MPC8245 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications

The MPC8245 combines a PowerPC™ MPC603e processor core built on Power Architecture™ technology with a PCI bridge so that system designers can rapidly design systems using peripherals designed for PCI and the other standard interfaces. Also, a high-performance memory controller supports various types of ROM and SDRAM. The MPC8245 is the second of a family of products that provide system-level support for industry-standard interfaces with an MPC603e processor core.

This hardware specification describes pertinent electrical and physical characteristics of the MPC8245. For functional characteristics of the processor, refer to the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual* (MPC8245UM).

For published errata or updates to this document, visit the website listed on the back cover of the document.

## 1 Overview

The MPC8245 integrated processor is composed of a peripheral logic block and a 32-bit superscalar MPC603e core, as shown in [Figure 1](#).

### Contents

|                                                 |    |
|-------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1. Overview .....                               | 1  |
| 2. Features .....                               | 3  |
| 3. General Parameters .....                     | 5  |
| 4. Electrical and Thermal Characteristics ..... | 5  |
| 5. Package Description .....                    | 31 |
| 6. PLL Configurations .....                     | 39 |
| 7. System Design .....                          | 44 |
| 8. Document Revision History .....              | 56 |
| 9. Ordering Information .....                   | 62 |

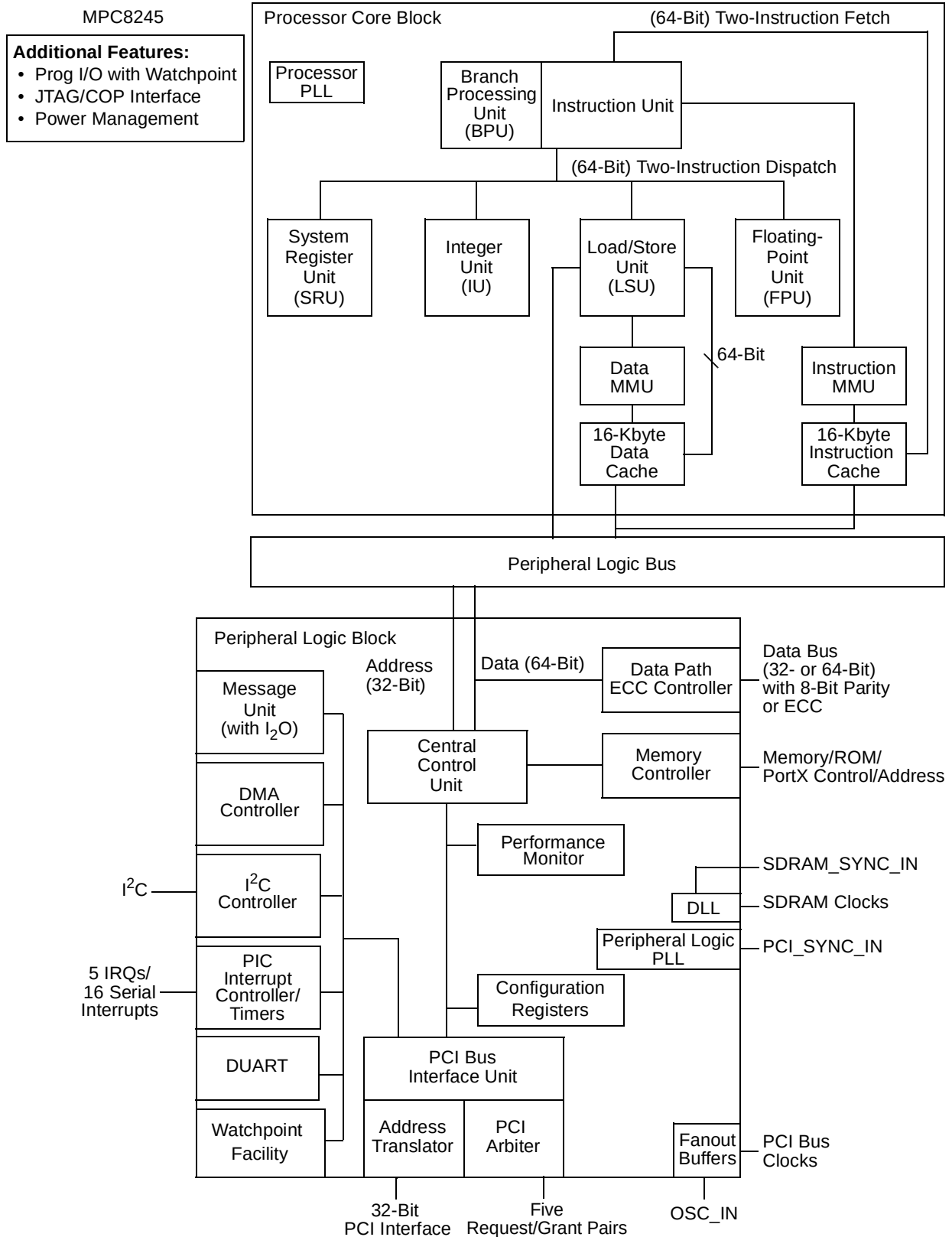


Figure 1. MPC8245 Block Diagram

The peripheral logic integrates a PCI bridge, dual universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter (DUART), memory controller, DMA controller, PIC interrupt controller, a message unit (and I<sup>2</sup>O interface), and an I<sup>2</sup>C controller. The processor core is a full-featured, high-performance processor with floating-point support, memory management, a 16-Kbyte instruction cache, a 16-Kbyte data cache, and power management features. The integration reduces the overall packaging requirements and the number of discrete devices required for an embedded system.

An internal peripheral logic bus interfaces the processor core to the peripheral logic. The core can operate at a variety of frequencies, allowing the designer to trade off performance for power consumption. The processor core is clocked from a separate PLL that is referenced to the peripheral logic PLL. This allows the microprocessor and the peripheral logic block to operate at different frequencies while maintaining a synchronous bus interface. The interface uses a 64- or 32-bit data bus (depending on memory data bus width) and a 32-bit address bus along with control signals that enable the interface between the processor and peripheral logic to be optimized for performance. PCI accesses to the MPC8245 memory space are passed to the processor bus for snooping when snoop mode is enabled.

The general-purpose processor core and peripheral logic serve a variety of embedded applications. The MPC8245 can be used as either a PCI host or PCI agent controller.

## 2 Features

Major features of the MPC8245 are as follows:

- Processor core
  - High-performance, superscalar processor core
  - Integer unit (IU), floating-point unit (FPU) (software enabled or disabled), load/store unit (LSU), system register unit (SRU), and branch processing unit (BPU)
  - 16-Kbyte instruction cache
  - 16-Kbyte data cache
  - Lockable L1 caches—Entire cache or on a per-way basis up to three of four ways
  - Dynamic power management: 60x nap, doze, and sleep modes
- Peripheral logic
  - Peripheral logic bus
    - Various operating frequencies and bus divider ratios
    - 32-bit address bus, 64-bit data bus
    - Full memory coherency
    - Decoupled address and data buses for pipelining of peripheral logic bus accesses
    - Store gathering on peripheral logic bus-to-PCI writes
  - Memory interface
    - Up to 2 Gbytes of SDRAM memory
    - High-bandwidth data bus (32- or 64-bit) to SDRAM
    - Programmable timing supporting SDRAM
    - One to eight banks of 16-, 64-, 128-, 256-, or 512-Mbit memory devices

- Write buffering for PCI and processor accesses
- Normal parity, read-modify-write (RMW), or ECC
- Data-path buffering between memory interface and processor
- Low-voltage TTL logic (LVTTL) interfaces
- 272 Mbytes of base and extended ROM/Flash/PortX space
- Base ROM space for 8-bit data path or same size as the SDRAM data path (32- or 64-bit)
- Extended ROM space for 8-, 16-, 32-bit gathering data path, 32- or 64-bit (wide) data path
- PortX: 8-, 16-, 32-, or 64-bit general-purpose I/O port using ROM controller interface with programmable address strobe timing, data ready input signal ( $\overline{\text{DRDY}}$ ), and 4 chip selects
- 32-bit PCI interface
  - Operates up to 66 MHz
  - PCI 2.2-compatible
  - PCI 5.0-V tolerance
  - Dual address cycle (DAC) for 64-bit PCI addressing (master only)
  - Accesses to PCI memory, I/O, and configuration spaces
  - Selectable big- or little-endian operation
  - Store gathering of processor-to-PCI write and PCI-to-memory write accesses
  - Memory prefetching of PCI read accesses
  - Selectable hardware-enforced coherency
  - PCI bus arbitration unit (five request/grant pairs)
  - PCI agent mode capability
  - Address translation with two inbound and outbound units (ATU)
  - Internal configuration registers accessible from PCI
- Two-channel integrated DMA controller (writes to ROM/PortX not supported)
  - Direct mode or chaining mode (automatic linking of DMA transfers)
  - Scatter gathering—Read or write discontinuous memory
  - 64-byte transfer queue per channel
  - Interrupt on completed segment, chain, and error
  - Local-to-local memory
  - PCI-to-PCI memory
  - Local-to-PCI memory
  - PCI memory-to-local memory
- Message unit
  - Two doorbell registers
  - Two inbound and two outbound messaging registers
  - I<sup>2</sup>O message interface
- I<sup>2</sup>C controller with full master/slave support that accepts broadcast messages

- Programmable interrupt controller (PIC)
  - Five hardware interrupts (IRQs) or 16 serial interrupts
  - Four programmable timers with cascade
- Two (dual) universal asynchronous receiver/transmitters (UARTs)
- Integrated PCI bus and SDRAM clock generation
- Programmable PCI bus and memory interface output drivers
- System-level performance monitor facility
- Debug features
  - Memory attribute and PCI attribute signals
  - Debug address signals
  - $\overline{MIV}$  signal—Marks valid address and data bus cycles on the memory bus
  - Programmable input and output signals with watchpoint capability
  - Error injection/capture on data path
  - IEEE Std 1149.1® (JTAG)/test interface

### 3 General Parameters

The following list summarizes the general parameters of the MPC8245:

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Technology        | 0.25- $\mu$ m CMOS, five-layer metal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Die size          | 49.2 mm <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Transistor count  | 4.5 million                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Logic design      | Fully-static                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Packages          | Surface-mount 352 tape ball grid array (TBGA)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Core power supply | 1.7 V to 2.1 V DC for 266 and 300 MHz with the condition that the usage is “nominal” $\pm$ 100 mV where “nominal” is 1.8/1.9/2.0 volts.<br>1.9 V to 2.2 V DC for 333 and 350 MHz with the condition that the usage is “nominal” $\pm$ 100 mV where “nominal” is 2.0/2.1 volts.<br>See <a href="#">Table 2</a> for details of recommended operating conditions) |
| I/O power supply  | 3.0- to 3.6-V DC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## 4 Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

This section provides the AC and DC electrical specifications and thermal characteristics for the MPC8245.

### 4.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

This section covers ratings, conditions, and other DC electrical characteristics.

### 4.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

The tables in this section describe the MPC8245 DC electrical characteristics. [Table 1](#) provides the absolute maximum ratings.

**Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Characteristic <sup>1</sup>                  | Symbol                                          | Range                 | Unit |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| Supply voltage—CPU core and peripheral logic | V <sub>DD</sub>                                 | –0.3 to 2.25          | V    |
| Supply voltage—memory bus drivers            | GV <sub>DD</sub>                                | –0.3 to 3.6           | V    |
| Supply voltage—PCI and standard I/O buffers  | OV <sub>DD</sub>                                | –0.3 to 3.6           | V    |
| Supply voltage—PLLs                          | AV <sub>DD</sub> /AV <sub>DD</sub> <sub>2</sub> | –0.3 to 2.25          | V    |
| Supply voltage—PCI reference                 | LV <sub>DD</sub>                                | –0.3 to 5.4           | V    |
| Input voltage <sup>2</sup>                   | V <sub>in</sub>                                 | –0.3 to 3.6           | V    |
| Operational die-junction temperature range   | T <sub>j</sub>                                  | 0 to 105 <sup>3</sup> | °C   |
| Storage temperature range                    | T <sub>stg</sub>                                | –55 to 150            | °C   |

**Notes:**

1. Functional and tested operating conditions are given in [Table 2](#). Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stress beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device.
2. PCI inputs with LV<sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 5% V DC may be correspondingly stressed at voltages exceeding LV<sub>DD</sub> + 0.5 V DC.
3. Note that this temperature range does not apply to the 400 MHz parts. For details, refer to the hardware specifications addendum MPC8245ECSO2AD.

### 4.1.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

[Table 2](#) provides the recommended operating conditions for the MPC8245. Some voltage values do not apply to the 400-MHz parts. For details, refer to the hardware specifications addendum MPC8245ECSO2AD.

**Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                         | Symbol           | Recommended Value      | Unit | Notes    |
|----------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------|----------|
| Supply voltage                         | V <sub>DD</sub>  | 1.8/1.9/2.0 V ± 100 mV | V    | 4, 7     |
|                                        |                  | 2.0/2.1 V ± 100 mV     | V    | 5, 7     |
| I/O buffer supply for PCI and standard | OV <sub>DD</sub> | 3.3 ± 0.3              | V    | 7        |
| Supply voltages for memory bus drivers | GV <sub>DD</sub> | 3.3 ± 5%               | V    | 9        |
| CPU PLL supply voltage                 | AV <sub>DD</sub> | 1.8/1.9/2.0 V ±        | V    | 4, 7, 12 |
|                                        |                  | 2.0/2.1 V ±            | V    | 5, 7, 12 |

**Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>1</sup> (continued)**

| Characteristic                      |                  | Symbol            | Recommended Value | Unit | Notes     |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|-----------|
| PLL supply voltage—peripheral logic |                  | AV <sub>DD2</sub> | 1.8/1.9/2.0 V ±   | V    | 4, 7, 12  |
|                                     |                  |                   | 2.0/2.1 V ±       | V    | 5, 7, 12  |
| PCI reference                       |                  | LV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5.0 ± 5%          | V    | 2, 10, 11 |
|                                     |                  |                   | 3.3 ± 0.3         | V    | 3, 10, 11 |
| Input voltage                       | PCI inputs       | V <sub>in</sub>   | 0 to 3.6 or 5.75  | V    | 2, 3      |
|                                     | All other inputs |                   | 0 to 3.6          | V    | 6         |
| Die-junction temperature            |                  | T <sub>j</sub>    | 0 to 105          | °C   |           |

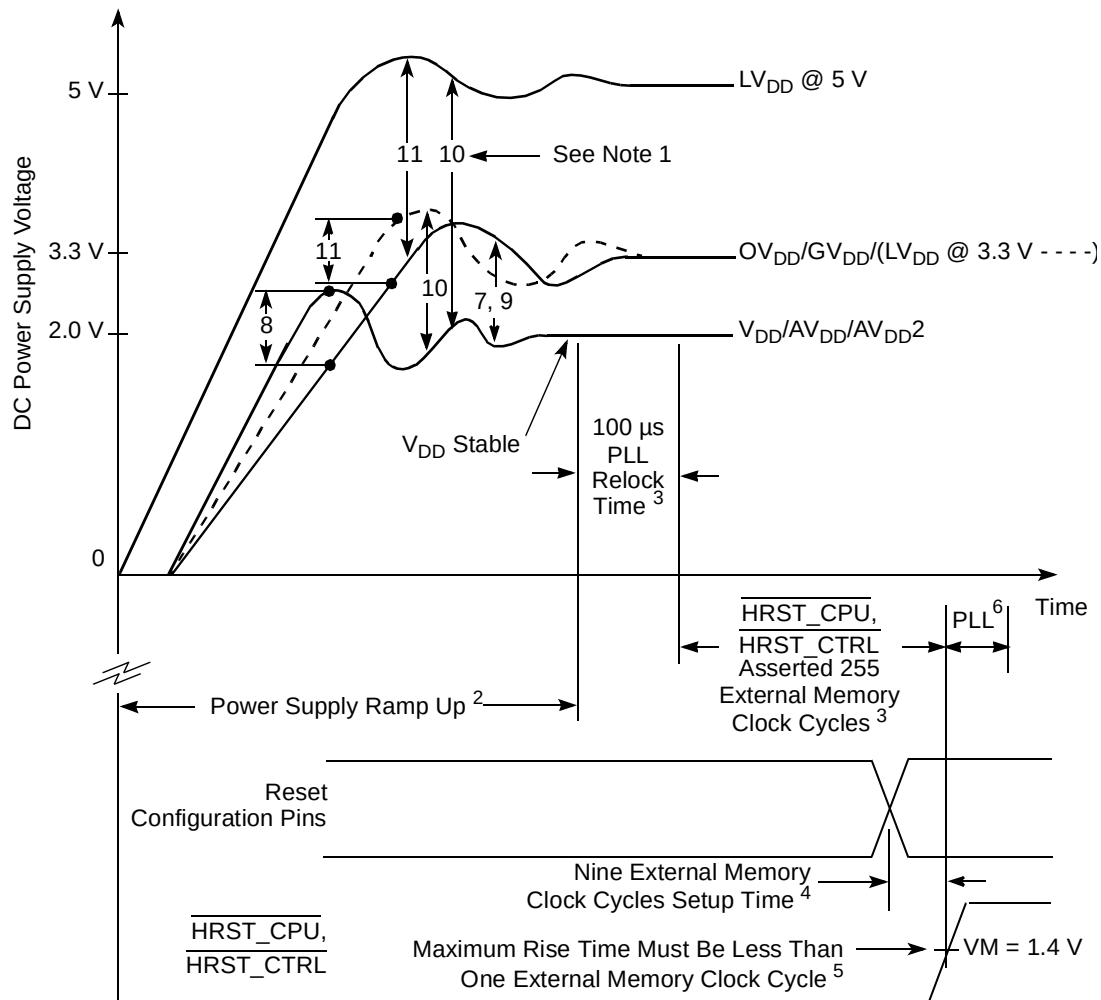
**Notes:**

- These are the recommended and tested operating conditions. Proper device operation outside of these conditions is not guaranteed.
- PCI pins are designed to withstand LV<sub>DD</sub> + 5% V DC when LV<sub>DD</sub> is connected to a 5.0-V DC power supply.
- PCI pins are designed to withstand LV<sub>DD</sub> + 0.5 V DC when LV<sub>DD</sub> is connected to a 3.3-V DC power supply.
- The voltage supply value of 1.8/1.9/2.0 V ± 100 mV applies to parts marked as having a maximum CPU speed of 266 and 300 MHz. See [Table 7](#). For each chosen nominal value (1.8/1.9/2.0 V) the supply voltage should not exceed ± 100 mV of the nominal value.
- The voltage supply value of 2.0/2.1 V ± 100 mV applies to parts marked as having a maximum CPU speed of 333 and 350 MHz. See [Table 7](#). For each chosen nominal value (2.0/2.1 V) the supply voltage should not exceed ± 100 mV of the nominal value.

**Cautions:**

- Input voltage (V<sub>in</sub>) must not be greater than the supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD2</sub>) by more than 2.5 V at all times, including during power-on reset. Input voltage (V<sub>in</sub>) must not be greater than GV<sub>DD</sub>/OV<sub>DD</sub> by more than 0.6 V at all times, including during power-on reset.
- OV<sub>DD</sub> must not exceed V<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD2</sub> by more than 1.8 V at any time, including during power-on reset. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 20 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- V<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD2</sub> must not exceed OV<sub>DD</sub> by more than 0.6 V at any time, including during power-on reset. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 20 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- GV<sub>DD</sub> must not exceed V<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD2</sub> by more than 1.8 V at any time, including during power-on reset. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 20 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- LV<sub>DD</sub> must not exceed V<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD2</sub> by more than 5.4 V at any time, including during power-on reset. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 20 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- LV<sub>DD</sub> must not exceed OV<sub>DD</sub> by more than 3.0 V at any time, including during power-on reset. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 20 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- This voltage is the input to the filter discussed in [Section 7.1, "PLL Power Supply Filtering,"](#) and not necessarily the voltage at the AV<sub>DD</sub> pin, which may be reduced from V<sub>DD</sub> by the filter.

Figure 2 shows supply voltage sequencing and separation cautions.



**Notes:**

1. Numbers associated with waveform separations correspond to caution numbers listed in Table 2.
2. See the Cautions section of Table 2 for details on this topic.
3. See Table 8 for details on PLL relock and reset signal assertion timing requirements.
4. Refer to Table 10 for additional information on reset configuration pin setup timing requirements.
5.  $\overline{\text{HRST\_CPU}}, \overline{\text{HRST\_CTRL}}$  must transition from a logic 0 to a logic 1 in less than one SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN clock cycle for the device to be in the nonreset state.
6. PLL\_CFG signals must be driven on reset and must be held for at least 25 clock cycles after the negation of  $\overline{\text{HRST\_CTRL}}$  and  $\overline{\text{HRST\_CPU}}$  in order to be latched.

**Figure 2. Supply Voltage Sequencing and Separation Cautions**

Figure 3 shows the undershoot and overshoot voltage of the memory interface.

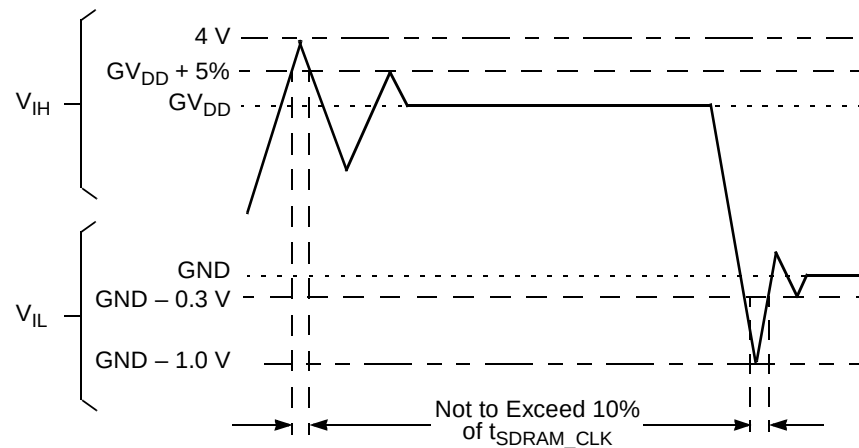


**Figure 3. Overshoot/Undershoot Voltage**

Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the undershoot and overshoot voltage of the PCI interface for the 3.3- and 5-V signals, respectively.

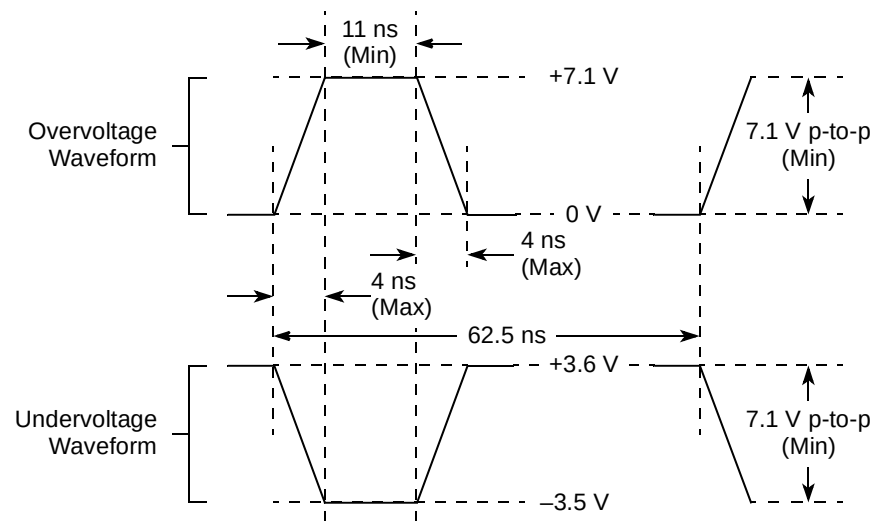


**Figure 4. Maximum AC Waveforms for 3.3-V Signaling**

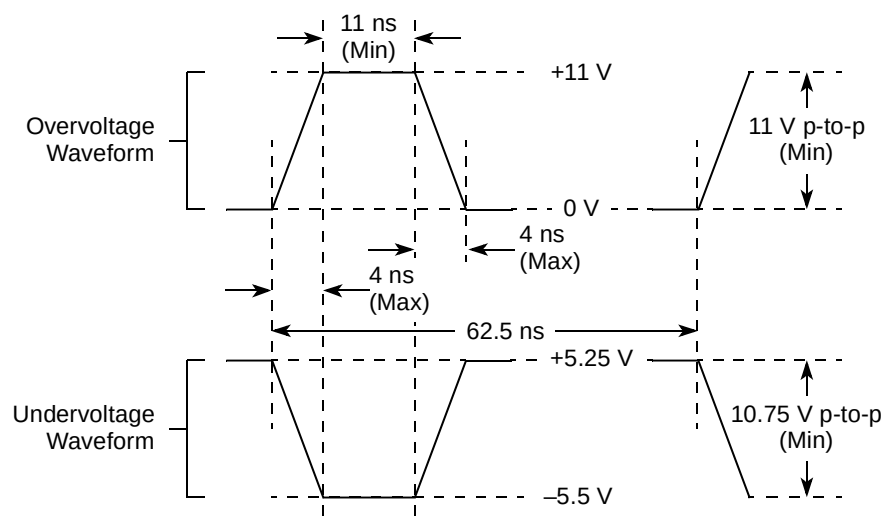


Figure 5. Maximum AC Waveforms for 5-V Signaling

## 4.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 3 provides the DC electrical characteristics for the MPC8245 at recommended operating conditions.

**Table 3. DC Electrical Specifications**

At recommended operating conditions (see Table 2)

| Characteristic                                      | Condition <sup>3</sup>                                                         | Symbol   | Min                   | Max                  | Unit          | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------|
| Input high voltage                                  | PCI only, except PCI_SYNC_IN                                                   | $V_{IH}$ | $0.65 \times OV_{DD}$ | $LV_{DD}$            | V             | 1     |
| Input low voltage                                   | PCI only, except PCI_SYNC_IN                                                   | $V_{IL}$ | —                     | $0.3 \times OV_{DD}$ | V             |       |
| Input high voltage                                  | All other pins, including PCI_SYNC_IN ( $GV_{DD} = 3.3$ V)                     | $V_{IH}$ | 2.0                   | 3.3                  | V             |       |
| Input low voltage                                   | All inputs, including PCI_SYNC_IN                                              | $V_{IL}$ | GND                   | 0.8                  | V             |       |
| Input leakage current for pins using DRV_PCI driver | $0.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{in} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}$<br>@ $LV_{DD} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ | $I_L$    | —                     | $\pm 70$             | $\mu\text{A}$ | 4     |
| Input leakage current for all others                | $LV_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}$<br>$GV_{DD} \leq 3.465 \text{ V}$                    | $I_L$    | —                     | $\pm 10$             | $\mu\text{A}$ | 4     |
| Output high voltage                                 | $I_{OH}$ = driver-dependent<br>( $GV_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ )                   | $V_{OH}$ | 2.4                   | —                    | V             | 2     |
| Output low voltage                                  | $I_{OL}$ = driver-dependent<br>( $GV_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ )                   | $V_{OL}$ | —                     | 0.4                  | V             | 2     |

**Table 3. DC Electrical Specifications (continued)**

At recommended operating conditions (see Table 2)

| Characteristic | Condition <sup>3</sup>                     | Symbol   | Min | Max  | Unit | Notes |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------|----------|-----|------|------|-------|
| Capacitance    | $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | $C_{in}$ | —   | 16.0 | pF   |       |

**Notes:**

1. See Table 16 for pins with internal pull-up resistors.
2. See Table 4 for the typical drive capability of a specific signal pin based on the type of output driver associated with that pin as listed in Table 16.
3. These specifications are for the default driver strengths indicated in Table 4.
4. Leakage current is measured on input and output pins in the high-impedance state. The leakage current is measured for nominal  $OV_{DD}/LV_{DD}$ , and  $V_{DD}$  or both  $OV_{DD}/LV_{DD}$  and  $V_{DD}$  must vary in the same direction.

## 4.2.1 Output Driver Characteristics

Table 4 provides information on the characteristics of the output drivers referenced in Table 16. The values are preliminary estimates from an IBIS model and are not tested.

**Table 4. Drive Capability of MPC8245 Output Pins <sup>5</sup>**

| Driver Type  | Programmable Output Impedance ( $\Omega$ ) | Supply Voltage           | $I_{OH}$ | $I_{OL}$ | Unit | Notes   |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|---------|
| DRV_STD_MEM  | 20 (default)                               | $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | 36.6     | 18.0     | mA   | 2, 4, 6 |
|              | 40                                         |                          | 18.6     | 9.2      | mA   | 2, 4, 6 |
| DRV_PCI      | 20                                         |                          | 12.0     | 12.4     | mA   | 1, 3    |
|              | 40 (default)                               |                          | 6.1      | 6.3      | mA   | 1, 3    |
| DRV_MEM_CTRL | 6 (default)                                | $GV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | 89.0     | 42.3     | mA   | 2, 4    |
| DRV_PCI_CLK  | 20                                         |                          | 36.6     | 18.0     | mA   | 2, 4    |
| DRV_MEM_CLK  | 40                                         |                          | 18.6     | 9.2      | mA   | 2, 4    |

**Notes:**

1. For DRV\_PCI,  $I_{OH}$  read from the IBIS listing in the pull-up mode, I(Min) column, at the 0.33-V label by interpolating between the 0.3- and 0.4-V table entries' current values that correspond to the PCI  $V_{OH} = 2.97 = 0.9 \times OV_{DD}$  ( $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ) where table entry voltage =  $OV_{DD} - PCI\ V_{OH}$ .
2. For all others with  $GV_{DD}$  or  $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OH}$  read from the IBIS listing in the pull-up mode, I(Min) column, at the 0.9-V table entry that corresponds to the  $V_{OH} = 2.4\text{ V}$  where table entry voltage =  $GV_{DD}/OV_{DD} - V_{OH}$ .
3. For DRV\_PCI,  $I_{OL}$  read from the IBIS listing in the pull-down mode, I(Min) column, at  $0.33\text{ V} = PCI\ V_{OL} = 0 \times OV_{DD}$  ( $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ) by interpolating between the 0.3- and 0.4-V table entries.
4. For all others with  $GV_{DD}$  or  $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OL}$  read from the IBIS listing in the pull-down mode, I(Min) column, at the 0.4-V table entry.
5. See driver bit details for output driver control register (0x73) in the MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual.
6. See Chip Errata No. 19 in the MPC8245/MPC8241 RISC Microprocessor Chip Errata.

## 4.3 Power Characteristics

Table 5 provides power consumption data for the MPC8245.

**Table 5. Power Consumption**

| Mode                                    | PCI Bus Clock/Memory Bus Clock/CPU Clock Frequency (MHz) |              |              |              |           |            |            | Unit | Notes   |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|------|---------|
|                                         | 66/66/266                                                | 66/133/266   | 66/66/300    | 66/100/300   | 33/83/333 | 66/133/333 | 66/100/350 |      |         |
| Typical                                 | 1.7<br>(1.5)                                             | 2.0<br>(1.8) | 1.8<br>(1.7) | 2.0<br>(1.8) | 2.0       | 2.3        | 2.2        | W    | 1, 5    |
| Max—FP                                  | 2.2<br>(1.9)                                             | 2.4<br>(2.1) | 2.3<br>(2.0) | 2.5<br>(2.2) | 2.6       | 2.8        | 2.8        | W    | 1, 2    |
| Max—INT                                 | 1.8<br>(1.6)                                             | 2.1<br>(1.8) | 2.0<br>(1.8) | 2.1<br>(1.8) | 2.2       | 2.4        | 2.4        | W    | 1, 3    |
| Doze                                    | 1.1<br>(1.0)                                             | 1.4<br>(1.3) | 1.2<br>(1.1) | 1.4<br>(1.3) | 1.4       | 1.6        | 1.5        | W    | 1, 4, 6 |
| Nap                                     | 0.4<br>(0.4)                                             | 0.7<br>(0.7) | 0.4<br>(0.4) | 0.6<br>(0.6) | 0.5       | 0.7        | 0.6        | W    | 1, 4, 6 |
| Sleep                                   | 0.2<br>(0.2)                                             | 0.4<br>(0.4) | 0.2<br>(0.4) | 0.3<br>(0.3) | 0.3       | 0.4        | 0.3        | W    | 1, 4, 6 |
| <b>I/O Power Supplies <sup>10</sup></b> |                                                          |              |              |              |           |            |            |      |         |
| Mode                                    | Min                                                      |              |              |              | Max       |            |            | Unit | Notes   |
| Typ—OV <sub>DD</sub>                    | 134 (121)                                                |              |              |              | 334 (301) |            |            | mW   | 7, 8    |
| Typ—GV <sub>DD</sub>                    | 324 (292)                                                |              |              |              | 800 (720) |            |            | mW   | 7, 9    |

**Notes:**

1. The values include V<sub>DD</sub>, AV<sub>DD</sub>, and AV<sub>DD2</sub> but do not include I/O supply power. Information on OV<sub>DD</sub> and GV<sub>DD</sub> supply power is captured in the I/O power supplies section of this table. Values shown in parenthesis ( ) indicate power consumption at V<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD</sub>/AV<sub>DD2</sub> = 1.8 V.
2. Maximum—FP power is measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.1 V with dynamic power management enabled while running an entirely cache-resident, looping, floating-point multiplication instruction.
3. Maximum—INT power is measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.1 V with dynamic power management enabled while running entirely cache-resident, looping, integer instructions.
4. Power saving mode maximums are measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.1 V while the device is in doze, nap, or sleep mode.
5. Typical power is measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = AV<sub>DD</sub> = 2.0 V, OV<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V where a nominal FP value, a nominal INT value, and a value where there is a continuous flush of cache lines with alternating ones and zeros on 64-bit boundaries to local memory are averaged.
6. Power saving mode data measured with only two PCI\_CLKs and two SDRAM\_CLKs enabled.
7. The typical minimum I/O power values were results of the MPC8245 performing cache resident integer operations at the slowest frequency combination of 33:66:200 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz.
8. The typical maximum OV<sub>DD</sub> value resulted from the MPC8245 operating at the fastest frequency combination of 66:100:350 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz and performing continuous flushes of cache lines with alternating ones and zeros to PCI memory.
9. The typical maximum GV<sub>DD</sub> value resulted from the MPC8245 operating at the fastest frequency combination of 66:100:350 (PCI:Mem:CPU) MHz and performing continuous flushes of cache lines with alternating ones and zeros on 64-bit boundaries to local memory.
10. Power consumption of PLL supply pins (AV<sub>DD</sub> and AV<sub>DD2</sub>) < 15 mW. Guaranteed by design and not tested.

## 4.4 Thermal Characteristics

Table 6 provides the package thermal characteristics for the MPC8245. For details, see [Section 7.8](#), “Thermal Management.”

**Table 6. Thermal Characteristics**

| Characteristic                                                    | Symbol           | Value | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------|------|-------|
| Junction-to-ambient natural convection<br>(Single-layer board—1s) | $R_{\theta JA}$  | 16.1  | °C/W | 1, 2  |
| Junction-to-ambient natural convection<br>(Four-layer board—2s2p) | $R_{\theta JMA}$ | 12.0  | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-ambient (@200 ft/min)<br>(Single-layer board—1s)      | $R_{\theta JMA}$ | 11.6  | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-ambient (@200 ft/min)<br>(Four layer board—2s2p)      | $R_{\theta JMA}$ | 9.0   | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-board                                                 | $R_{\theta JB}$  | 4.8   | °C/W | 4     |
| Junction-to-case                                                  | $R_{\theta JC}$  | 1.8   | °C/W | 5     |
| Junction-to-package top (natural convection)                      | $\Psi_{JT}$      | 1.0   | °C/W | 6     |

**Notes:**

1. Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, airflow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.
2. Per SEMI G38-87 and JEDEC JESD51-2 with the single-layer board horizontal.
3. Per JEDEC JESD51-6 with the board horizontal.
4. Thermal resistance between the die and the printed-circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.
5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1) with the cold plate used for case temperature.
6. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between the package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JT.

## 4.5 AC Electrical Characteristics

After fabrication, functional parts are sorted by maximum processor core frequency as shown in [Table 7](#) and tested for conformance to the AC specifications for that frequency. The processor core frequency is determined by the bus (PCI\_SYNC\_IN) clock frequency and the settings of the PLL\_CFG[0:4] signals. Parts are sold by maximum processor core frequency. See [Section 9](#), “Ordering Information,” for details on ordering parts.

Table 7 provides the operating frequency information for the MPC8245 at recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ .

**Table 7. Operating Frequency**<sup>1</sup>

| Characteristic <sup>2, 3</sup> | 266 MHz                                                                          | 300 MHz             | 333 MHz                                                                      | 350 MHz             | Unit |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------|
|                                | V <sub>DD</sub> /AV <sub>DD</sub> /AV <sub>DD2</sub> = 1.8/1.9/2.0 V<br>± 100 mV |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> /AV <sub>DD</sub> /AV <sub>DD2</sub> = 2.0/2.1 V<br>± 100 mV |                     |      |
| Processor frequency (CPU)      | 100–266                                                                          | 100–300             | 100–333                                                                      | 100–350             | MHz  |
| Memory bus frequency           | 50–133                                                                           | 50–100 <sup>4</sup> | 50–133                                                                       | 50–100 <sup>4</sup> | MHz  |
| PCI input frequency            | 25–66                                                                            |                     |                                                                              |                     | MHz  |

**Notes:**

- For details, refer to the hardware specifications addendum MPC8245ECSO2AD.
- Caution:** The PCI\_SYNC\_IN frequency and PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings must be chosen such that the resulting peripheral logic/memory bus frequency and CPU (core) frequencies do not exceed their respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies. Refer to the PLL\_CFG[0:4] signal description in Section 6, “PLL Configurations,” for valid PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings and PCI\_SYNC\_IN frequencies.
- See Table 17 and Table 18 for details on VCO limitations for memory and CPU VCO frequencies of various PLL configurations.
- No available PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings support 133-MHz memory interface operation at 300- and 350-MHz CPU operation, since the multipliers do not allow a 300:133 and 350:133 ratio relation. However, running these parts at slower processor speeds may produce ratios that run above 100 MHz. See Table 17 for the PLL settings.

## 4.5.1 Clock AC Specifications

Table 8 provides the clock AC timing specifications at recommended operating conditions, as defined in Section 4.5.2, “Input AC Timing Specifications.” These specifications are for the default driver strengths indicated in Table 4.

**Table 8. Clock AC Timing Specifications**

At recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

| Num  | Characteristics and Conditions                                                         | Min          | Max | Unit | Notes   |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|------|---------|
| 1    | Frequency of operation (PCI_SYNC_IN)                                                   | 25           | 66  | MHz  |         |
| 2, 3 | PCI_SYNC_IN rise and fall times                                                        | —            | 2.0 | ns   | 1       |
| 4    | PCI_SYNC_IN duty cycle measured at 1.4 V                                               | 40           | 60  | %    |         |
| 5a   | PCI_SYNC_IN pulse width high measured at 1.4 V                                         | 6            | 9   | ns   | 2       |
| 5b   | PCI_SYNC_IN pulse width low measured at 1.4 V                                          | 6            | 9   | ns   | 2       |
| 7    | PCI_SYNC_IN jitter                                                                     | —            | 200 | ps   |         |
| 8a   | PCI_CLK[0:4] skew (pin-to-pin)                                                         | —            | 250 | ps   |         |
| 8b   | SDRAM_CLK[0:3] skew (pin-to-pin)                                                       | —            | 190 | ps   | 3       |
| 10   | Internal PLL relock time                                                               | —            | 100 | μs   | 2, 4, 5 |
| 15   | DLL lock range with DLL_EXTEND = 0 (disabled) and normal tap delay; (default DLL mode) | See Figure 7 |     | ns   | 6       |

**Table 8. Clock AC Timing Specifications (continued)**At recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ 

| Num | Characteristics and Conditions      | Min                            | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 16  | DLL lock range for other modes      | See Figure 8 through Figure 10 |     | ns   | 6     |
| 17  | Frequency of operation (OSC_IN)     | 25                             | 66  | MHz  |       |
| 19  | OSC_IN rise and fall times          | —                              | 5   | ns   | 7     |
| 20  | OSC_IN duty cycle measured at 1.4 V | 40                             | 60  | %    |       |
| 21  | OSC_IN frequency stability          | —                              | 100 | ppm  |       |

**Notes:**

1. Rise and fall times for the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input are measured from 0.4 to 2.4 V.
2. Specification value at maximum frequency of operation.
3. Pin-to-pin skew includes quantifying the additional amount of clock skew (or jitter) from the DLL besides any intentional skew added to the clocking signals from the variable length DLL synchronization feedback loop, that is, the amount of variance between the internal *sys\_logic\_clk* and the SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN signal after the DLL is locked. While pin-to-pin skew between SDRAM\_CLKs can be measured, the relationship between the internal *sys\_logic\_clk* and the external SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN cannot be measured and is guaranteed by design.
4. Relock time is guaranteed by design and characterization. Relock time is not tested.
5. Relock timing is guaranteed by design. PLL-relock time is the maximum amount of time required for PLL lock after a stable  $V_{DD}$  and PCI\_SYNC\_IN are reached during the reset sequence. This specification also applies when the PLL has been disabled and subsequently re-enabled during sleep mode. Also note that HRST\_CPU/HRST\_CTRL must be held asserted for a minimum of 255 bus clocks after the PLL-relock time during the reset sequence.
6. DLL\_EXTEND is bit 7 of the PMC2 register <72>.  $N$  is a non-zero integer (see Figure 7 through Figure 10).  $T_{clk}$  is the period of one SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT clock cycle in ns.  $T_{loop}$  is the propagation delay of the DLL synchronization feedback loop (PC board runner) from SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT to SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN in ns; 6.25 inches of loop length (unloaded PC board runner) corresponds to approximately 1 ns of delay. For details about how Figure 7 through Figure 10 may be used refer to the Freescale application note AN2164, *MPC8245/MPC8241 Memory Clock Design Guidelines*, for details on MPC8245 memory clock design.
7. Rise and fall times for the OSC\_IN input is guaranteed by design and characterization. OSC\_IN input rise and fall times are not tested.

Figure 6 shows the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input clock timing diagram with the labeled number items listed in Table 8.

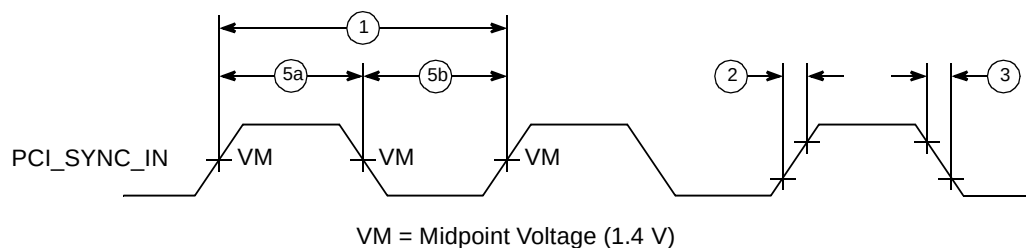
**Figure 6. PCI\_SYNC\_IN Input Clock Timing Diagram**

Figure 7 through Figure 10 show the DLL locking range loop delay vs. frequency of operation. These graphs define the areas of DLL locking for various modes. The gray areas show where the DLL locks.

Register settings that define each DLL mode are shown in [Table 9](#).

**Table 9. DLL Mode Definition**

| DLL Mode                        | Bit 2 of Configuration Register at 0x76 | Bit 7 of Configuration Register at 0x72 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Normal tap delay, No DLL extend | 0                                       | 0                                       |
| Normal tap delay, DLL extend    | 0                                       | 1                                       |
| Max tap delay, No DLL extend    | 1                                       | 0                                       |
| Max tap delay, DLL extend       | 1                                       | 1                                       |

The DLL\_MAX\_DELAY bit can lengthen the amount of time through the delay line by increasing the time between each of the 128 tap points in the delay line. Although this increased time makes it easier to guarantee that the reference clock is within the DLL lock range, there may be slightly more jitter in the output clock of the DLL; that is, the phase comparator shifts the clock between adjacent tap points. Refer to the Freescale application note AN2164, *MPC8245/MPC8241 Memory Clock Design Guidelines: Part 1*, for details on DLL modes and memory design.

The value of the current tap point after the DLL locks can be determined by reading bits 6–0 (DLL\_TAP\_COUNT) of the DLL tap count register (DTCR, located at offset 0xE3). These bits store the value (binary 0 through 127) of the current tap point and can indicate whether the DLL advances or decrements as it maintains the DLL lock. Therefore, for evaluation purposes, DTCR can be read for all DLL modes that support the  $T_{loop}$  value used for the trace length of SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT to SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN. The DLL mode with the smallest tap point value in the DTCR should be used because the bigger the tap point value, the more jitter that can be expected for clock signals. Note that keeping a DLL mode that is locked below tap point decimal 12 is not recommended.

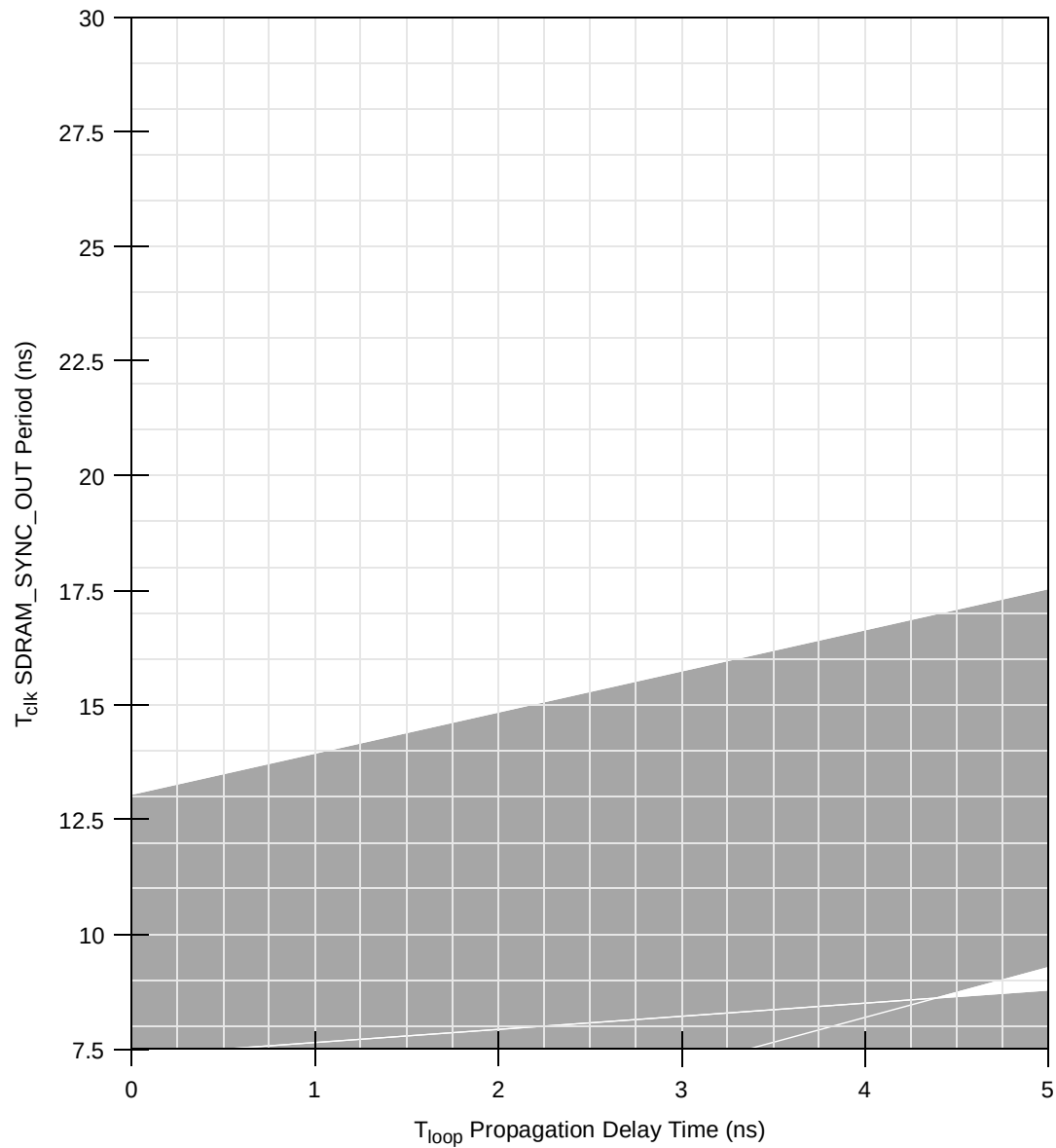


**Figure 7. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay Versus Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend=0 and Normal Tap Delay**

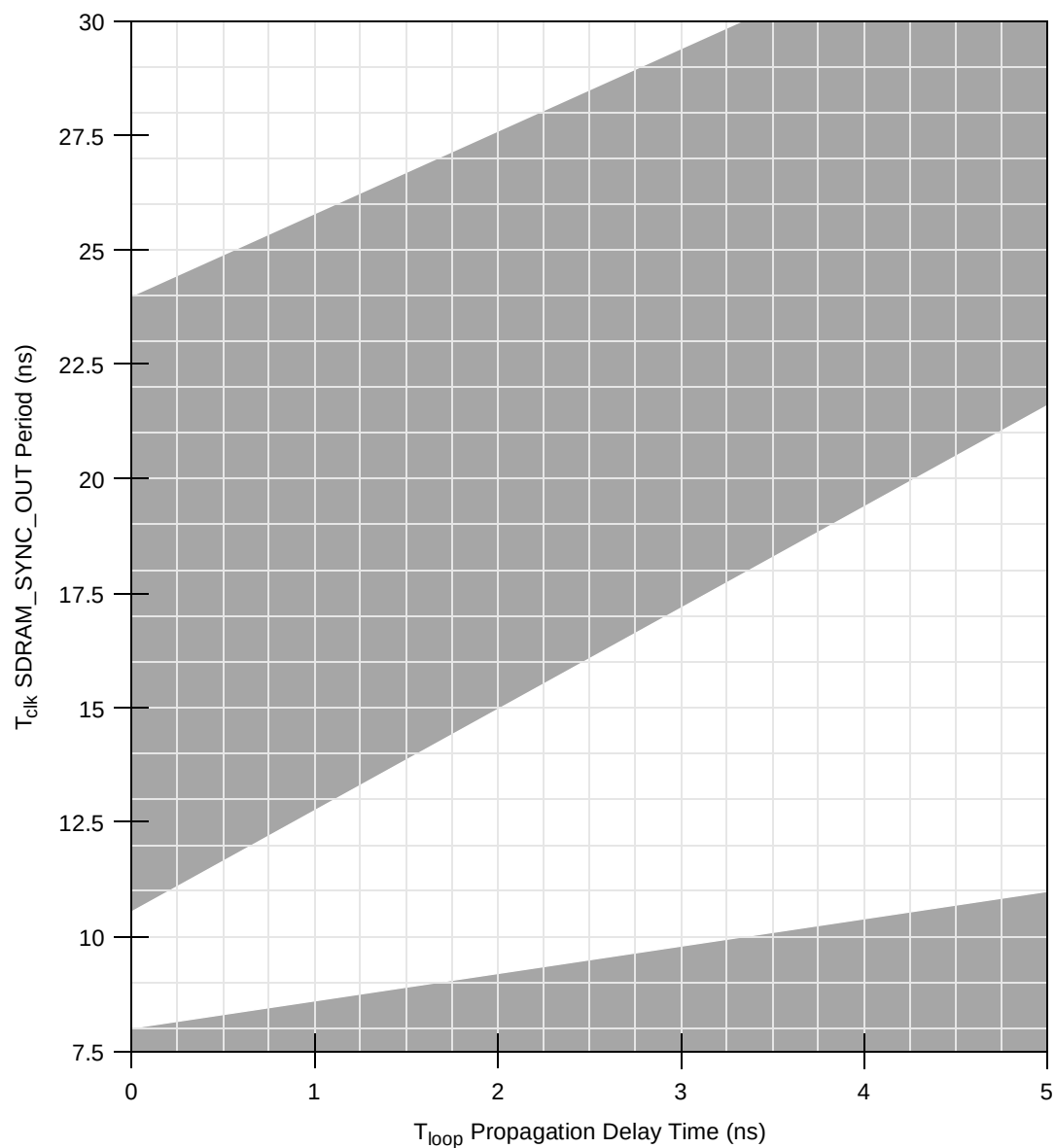


**Figure 8. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay Versus Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend=1 and Normal Tap Delay**

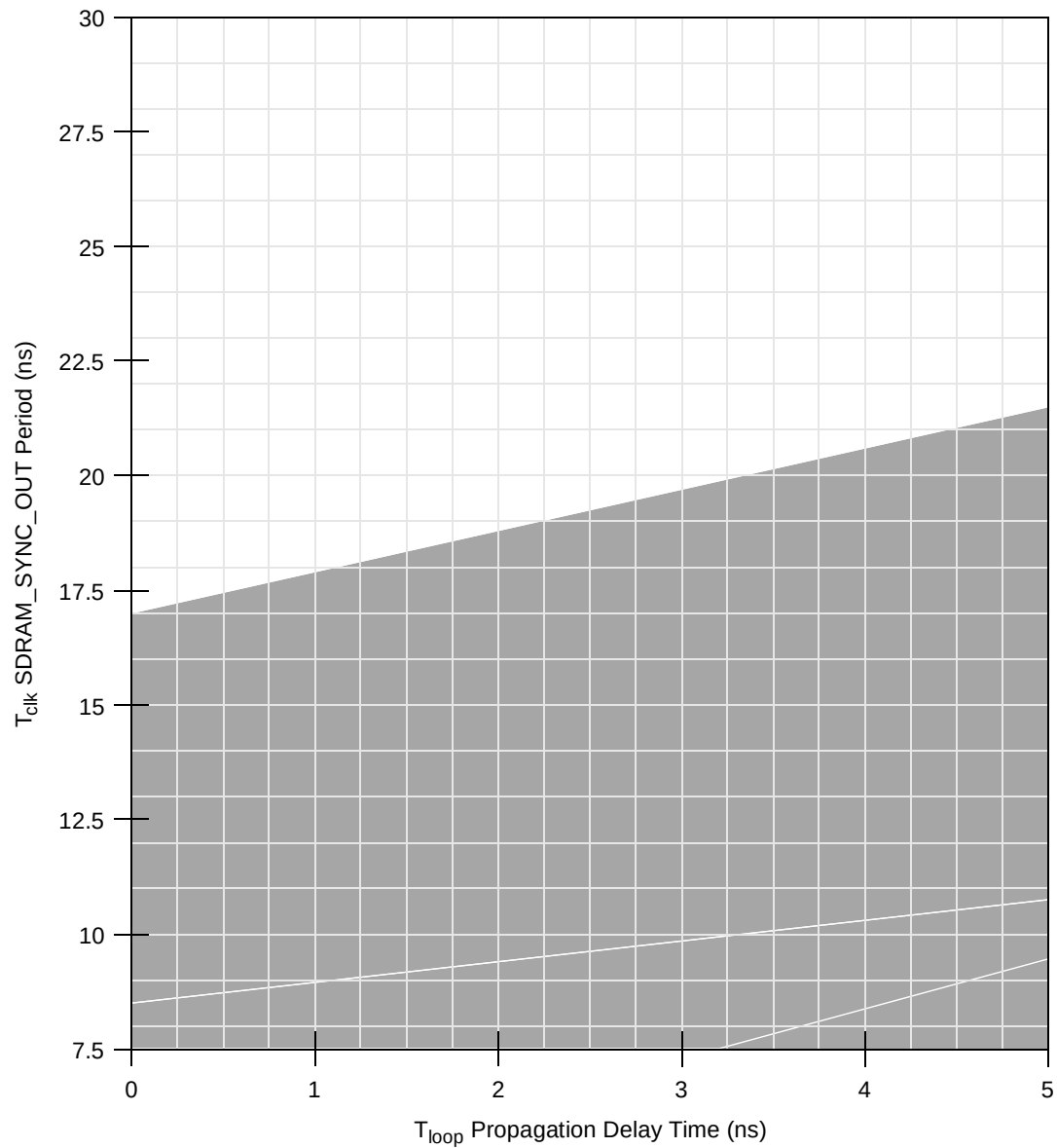


**Figure 9. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay Versus Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend=0 and Max Tap Delay**

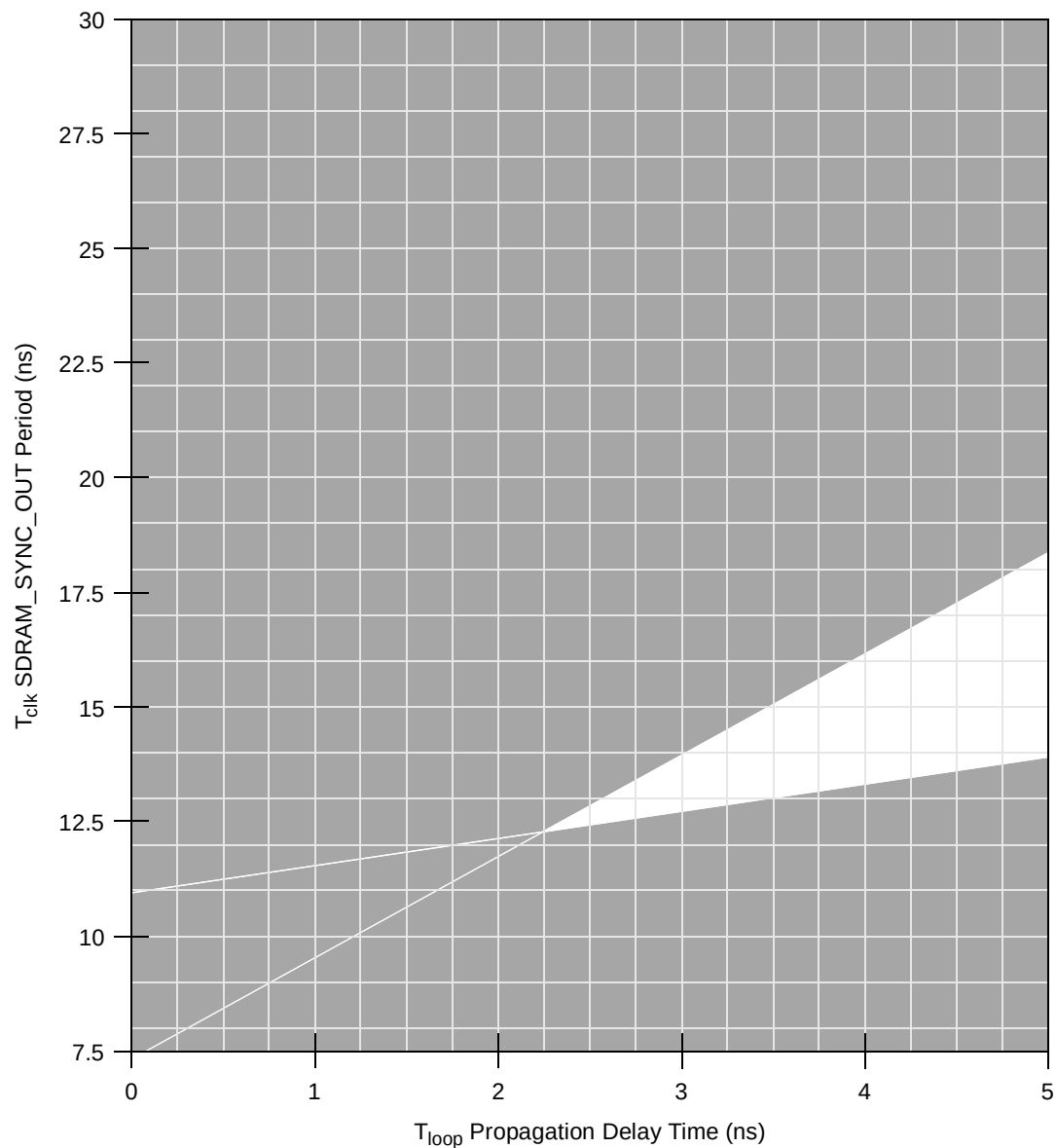


Figure 10. DLL Locking Range Loop Delay Versus Frequency of Operation for DLL\_Extend=1 and Max Tap Delay

### 4.5.2 Input AC Timing Specifications

Table 10 provides the input AC timing specifications at recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $LV_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ .

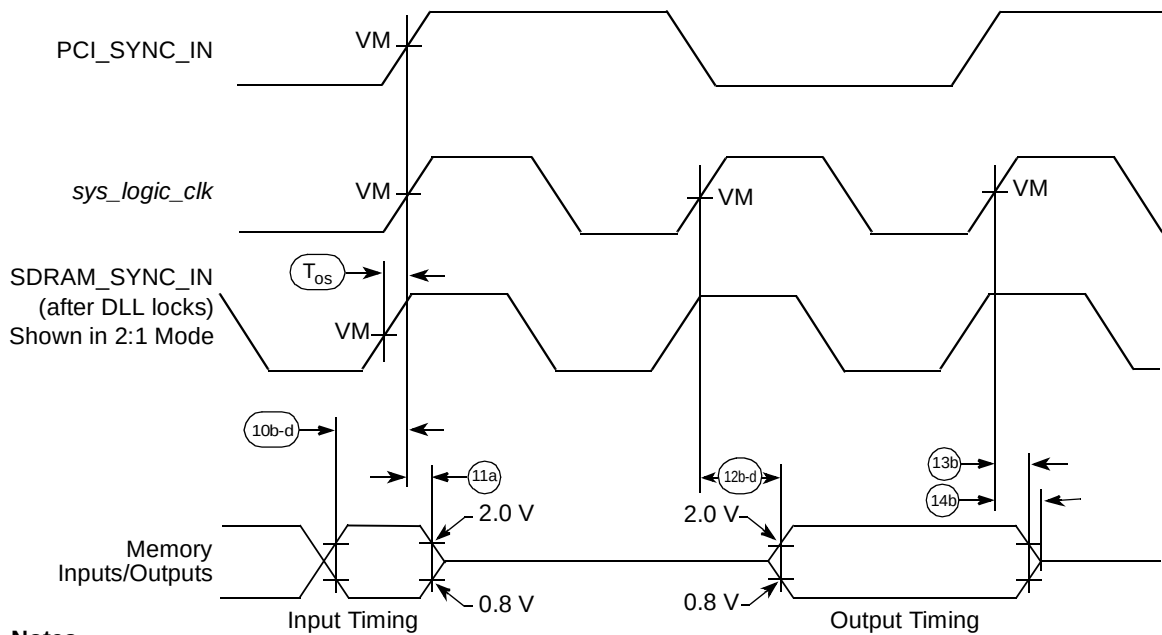
Table 10. Input AC Timing Specifications

| Num  | Characteristic                                                      | Min                | Max | Unit | Notes   |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|------|---------|
| 10a  | PCI input signals valid to PCI_SYNC_IN (input setup)                | 3.0                | —   | ns   | 1, 3    |
| 10b  | Memory input signals valid to sys_logic_clk (input setup)           |                    |     |      |         |
| 10b0 | Tap 0, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b00                      | 2.6                | —   | ns   | 2, 3, 6 |
| 10b1 | Tap 1, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b01                      | 1.9                | —   |      |         |
| 10b2 | Tap 2, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b10 (default)            | 1.2                | —   |      |         |
| 10b3 | Tap 3, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b11                      | 0.5                | —   |      |         |
| 10c  | PIC, misc. debug input signals valid to sys_logic_clk (input setup) | 3.0                | —   | ns   | 2, 3    |
| 10d  | I <sup>2</sup> C input signals valid to sys_logic_clk (input setup) | 3.0                | —   | ns   | 2, 3    |
| 10e  | Mode select inputs valid to HRST_CPU/HRST_CTRL (input setup)        | $9 \times t_{CLK}$ | —   | ns   | 2, 3–5  |
| 11   | T <sub>OS</sub> —SDRAM_SYNC_IN to sys_logic_clk offset time         | 0.4                | 1.0 | ns   | 7       |
| 11a  | sys_logic_clk to memory signal inputs invalid (input hold)          |                    |     |      |         |
| 11a0 | Tap 0, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b00                      | 0                  | —   | ns   | 2, 3, 6 |
| 11a1 | Tap 1, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b01                      | 0.7                | —   |      |         |
| 11a2 | Tap 2, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b10 (default)            | 1.4                | —   |      |         |
| 11a3 | Tap 3, register offset <0x77>, bits 5–4 = 0b11                      | 2.1                | —   |      |         |
| 11b  | HRST_CPU/HRST_CTRL to mode select inputs invalid (input hold)       | 0                  | —   | ns   | 2, 3, 5 |
| 11c  | PCI_SYNC_IN to Inputs invalid (input hold)                          | 1.0                | —   | ns   | 1, 2, 3 |

**Notes:**

1. All PCI signals are measured from  $OV_{DD}/2$  of the rising edge of PCI\_SYNC\_IN to  $0.4 \times OV_{DD}$  of the signal in question for 3.3-V PCI signaling levels. See Figure 12.
2. All memory and related interface input signal specifications are measured from the TTL level (0.8 or 2.0 V) of the signal in question to the VM = 1.4 V of the rising edge of the memory bus clock, sys\_logic\_clk. sys\_logic\_clk is the same as PCI\_SYNC\_IN in 1:1 mode but is twice the frequency in 2:1 mode (processor/memory bus clock rising edges occur on every rising and falling edge of PCI\_SYNC\_IN). See Figure 11.
3. Input timings are measured at the pin.
4.  $t_{CLK}$  is the time of one SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN clock cycle.
5. All mode select input signals specifications are measured from the TTL level (0.8 or 2.0 V) of the signal in question to the VM = 1.4 V of the rising edge of the HRST\_CPU/HRST\_CTRL signal. See Figure 13.
6. The memory interface input setup and hold times are programmable to four possible combinations by programming bits 5–4 of register offset <0x77> to select the desired input setup and hold times.
7. T<sub>OS</sub> represents a timing adjustment for SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN with respect to sys\_logic\_clk. Due to the internal delay present on the SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN signal with respect to the sys\_logic\_clk inputs to the DLL, the resulting SDRAM clocks become offset by the delay amount. To maintain phase-alignment of the memory clocks with respect to sys\_logic\_clk, the feedback trace length of SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT to SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN must be shortened to accommodate this range. The feedback trace length is relative to the SDRAM clock output trace lengths. We recommend that the length of SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT to SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN be shortened by 0.7 ns because that is the midpoint of the range of T<sub>OS</sub> and allows the impact from the range of T<sub>OS</sub> to be reduced. Additional analyses of trace lengths and SDRAM loading must be performed to optimize timing. For details on trace measurements and the problem of T<sub>OS</sub>, refer to the Freescale application note AN2164, MPC8245/MPC8241 Memory Clock Design Guidelines.

Figure 11 and Figure 12 show the input/output timing diagrams referenced to SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN and PCI\_SYNC\_IN, respectively.



**Notes:**

VM = Midpoint voltage (1.4 V).

10b-d = Input signals valid timing.

11a = Input hold time of SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN to memory.

12b-d = sys\_logic\_clk to output valid timing.

13b = Output hold time for non-PCI signals.

14b = SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN to output high-impedance timing for non-PCI signals.

$T_{0s}$  = Offset timing required to align sys\_logic\_clk with SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN. The SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN signal is adjusted by the DLL to accommodate for internal delay. This causes SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN to appear before sys\_logic\_clk once the DLL locks.

**Figure 11. Input/Output Timing Diagram Referenced to SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN**

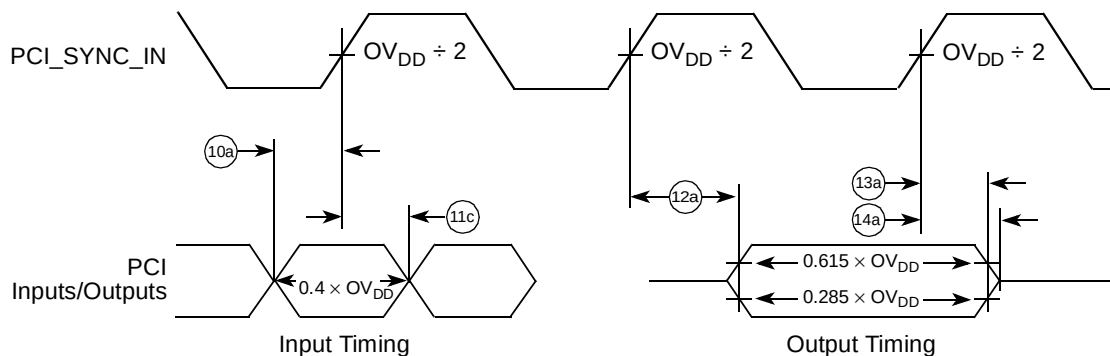


**Figure 12. Input/Output Timing Diagram Referenced to PCI\_SYNC\_IN**

Figure 13 shows the input timing diagram for mode select signals.

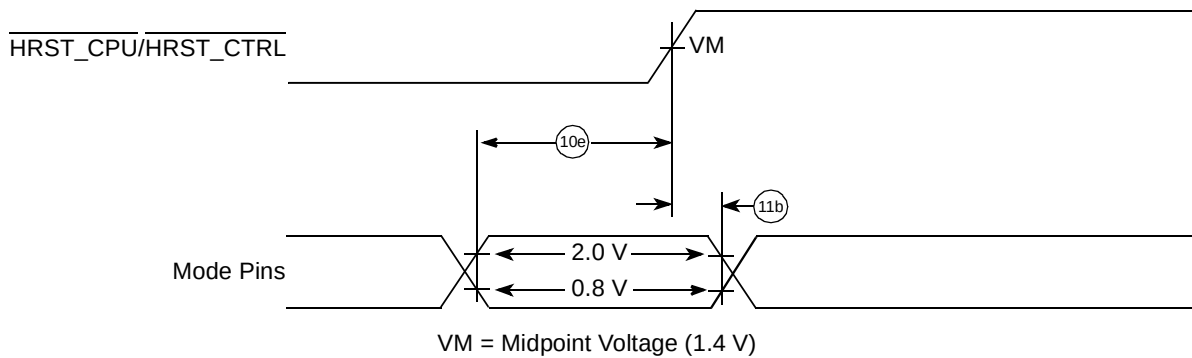


Figure 13. Input Timing Diagram for Mode Select Signals

### 4.5.3 Output AC Timing Specification

Table 11 provides the processor bus AC timing specifications for the MPC8245 at recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ . See Figure 11 for the input/output timing diagram referenced to *sys\_logic\_clk*. All output timings assume a purely resistive 50-Ω load (see Figure 14 for the AC test load for the MPC8245). Output timings are measured at the pin; time-of-flight delays must be added for trace lengths, vias, and connectors in the system. These specifications are for the default driver strengths indicated in Table 4.

Table 11. Output AC Timing Specifications

| Num  | Characteristic                                                                   | Min | Max  | Unit | Notes   |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|------|---------|
| 12a  | PCI_SYNC_IN to output valid, see Figure 15                                       |     |      |      |         |
| 12a0 | Tap 0, PCI_HOLD_DEL=00, [MCP,CKE] = 11, 66 MHz PCI (default)                     | —   | 6.0  | ns   | 1, 3    |
| 12a1 | Tap 1, PCI_HOLD_DEL=01, [MCP,CKE] = 10                                           | —   | 6.5  |      |         |
| 12a2 | Tap 2, PCI_HOLD_DEL=10, [MCP,CKE] = 01, 33 MHz PCI                               | —   | 7.0  |      |         |
| 12a3 | Tap 3, PCI_HOLD_DEL=11, [MCP,CKE] = 00                                           | —   | 7.5  |      |         |
| 12b  | <i>sys_logic_clk</i> to output valid (memory control, address, and data signals) | —   | 4.0  | ns   | 2       |
| 12c  | <i>sys_logic_clk</i> to output valid (for all others)                            | —   | 7.0  | ns   | 2       |
| 12d  | <i>sys_logic_clk</i> to output valid (for I <sup>2</sup> C)                      | —   | 5.0  | ns   | 2       |
| 12e  | <i>sys_logic_clk</i> to output valid (ROM/Flash/PortX)                           | —   | 6.0  | ns   | 2       |
| 13a  | Output hold (PCI), see Figure 15                                                 |     |      |      |         |
| 13a0 | Tap 0, PCI_HOLD_DEL=00, [MCP,CKE] = 11, 66-MHz PCI (default)                     | 2.0 | —    | ns   | 1, 3, 4 |
| 13a1 | Tap 1, PCI_HOLD_DEL=01, [MCP,CKE] = 10                                           | 2.5 | —    |      |         |
| 13a2 | Tap 2, PCI_HOLD_DEL=10, [MCP,CKE] = 01, 33-MHz PCI                               | 3.0 | —    |      |         |
| 13a3 | Tap 3, PCI_HOLD_DEL=11, [MCP,CKE] = 00                                           | 3.5 | —    |      |         |
| 13b  | Output hold (all others)                                                         | 1.0 | —    | ns   | 2       |
| 14a  | PCI_SYNC_IN to output high impedance (for PCI)                                   | —   | 14.0 | ns   | 1, 3    |

Table 11. Output AC Timing Specifications (continued)

| Num | Characteristic                                                 | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| 14b | <i>sys_logic_clk</i> to output high impedance (for all others) | —   | 4.0 | ns   | 2     |

**Notes:**

1. All PCI signals are measured from  $GV_{DD}/2$  of the rising edge of *PCI\_SYNC\_IN* to  $0.285 \times OV_{DD}$  or  $0.615 \times OV_{DD}$  of the signal in question for 3.3 V PCI signaling levels. See Figure 12.
2. All memory and related interface output signal specifications are specified from the  $VM = 1.4$  V of the rising edge of the memory bus clock, *sys\_logic\_clk* to the TTL level (0.8 or 2.0 V) of the signal in question. *sys\_logic\_clk* is the same as *PCI\_SYNC\_IN* in 1:1 mode, but is twice the frequency in 2:1 mode (processor/memory bus clock rising edges occur on every rising and falling edge of *PCI\_SYNC\_IN*). See Figure 11.
3. PCI bused signals are composed of the following signals:  $\overline{LOCK}$ ,  $\overline{IRDY}$ ,  $\overline{C/BE}[3:0]$ ,  $\overline{PAR}$ ,  $\overline{TRDY}$ ,  $\overline{FRAME}$ ,  $\overline{STOP}$ ,  $\overline{DEVSEL}$ ,  $\overline{PERR}$ ,  $\overline{SERR}$ ,  $AD[31:0]$ ,  $REQ[4:0]$ ,  $GNT[4:0]$ ,  $IDSEL$ , and  $INTA$ .
4. To meet minimum output hold specifications relative to *PCI\_SYNC\_IN* for both 33- and 66-MHz PCI systems, the MPC8245 has a programmable output hold delay for PCI signals (the *PCI\_SYNC\_IN* to output valid timing is also affected). The initial value of the output hold delay is determined by the values on the *MCP* and *CKE* reset configuration signals; the values on these two signals are inverted and stored as the initial settings of  $PCI\_HOLD\_DEL = PMCR2[5, 4]$  (power management configuration register 2 <0x72>), respectively. Since *MCP* and *CKE* have internal pull-up resistors, the default value of  $PCI\_HOLD\_DEL$  after reset is 0b00. Further output hold delay values are available by programming the  $PCI\_HOLD\_DEL$  value of the *PMCR2* configuration register. Figure 15 shows the  $PCI\_HOLD\_DEL$  effect on output valid and hold times.

Figure 14 provides the AC test load for the MPC8245.

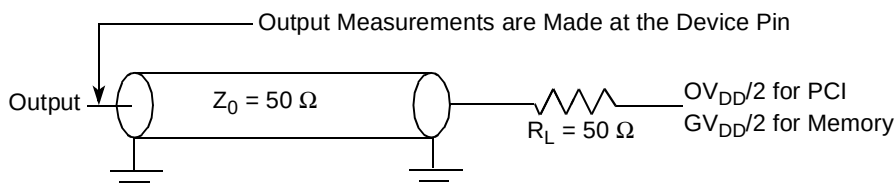
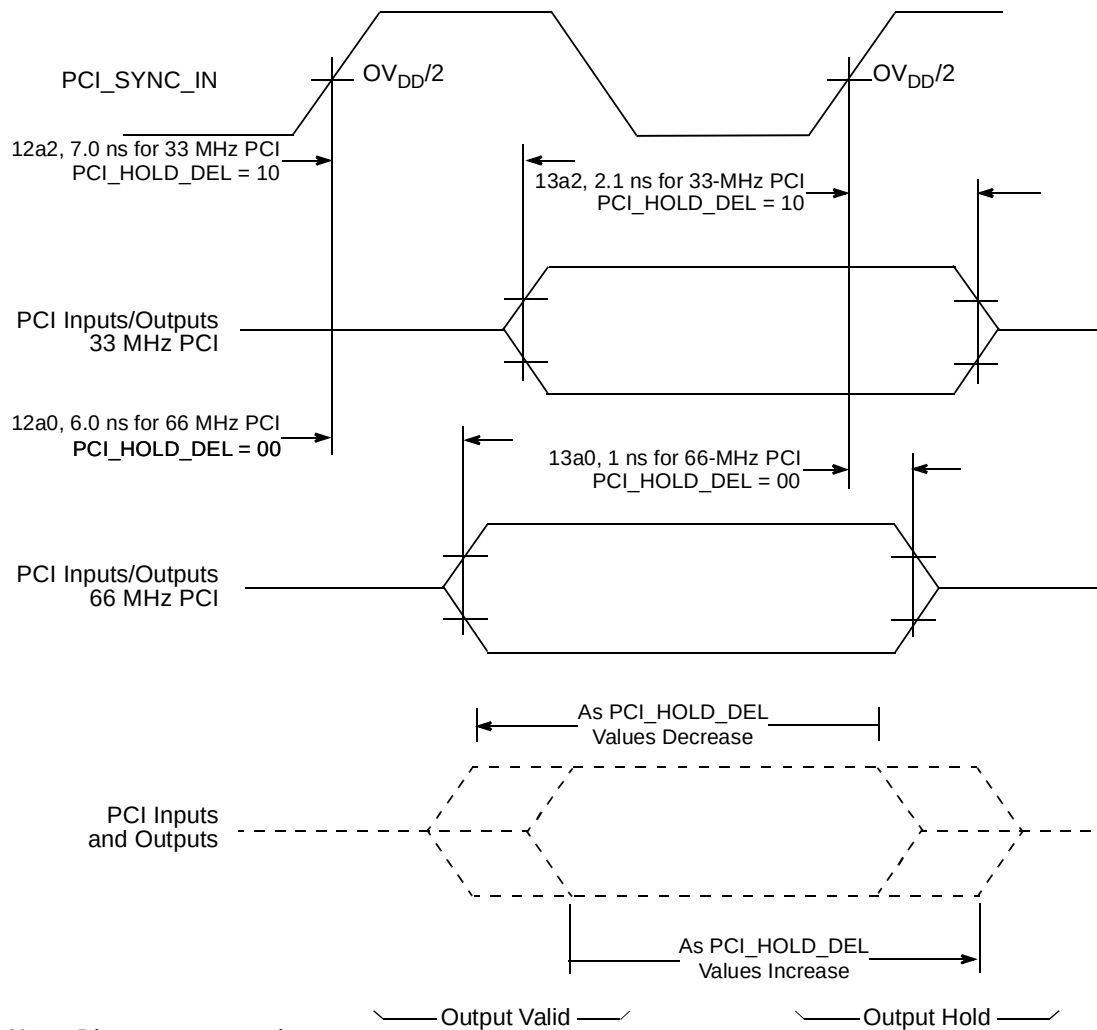


Figure 14. AC Test Load for the MPC8245

Figure 15 provides the PCI\_HOLD\_DEL effect on output valid and hold times.



**Note:** Diagram not to scale.

**Figure 15. PCI\_HOLD\_DEL Effect on Output Valid and Hold Times**

## 4.6 I<sup>2</sup>C

This section describes the DC and AC electrical characteristics for the I<sup>2</sup>C interfaces of the MPC8245.

### 4.6.1 I<sup>2</sup>C DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 12 provides the DC electrical characteristics for the I<sup>2</sup>C interfaces.

**Table 12. I<sup>2</sup>C DC Electrical Characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions with  $OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ .

| Parameter                | Symbol   | Min                  | Max                  | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|------|-------|
| Input high voltage level | $V_{IH}$ | $0.7 \times OV_{DD}$ | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$      | V    |       |
| Input low voltage level  | $V_{IL}$ | -0.3                 | $0.3 \times OV_{DD}$ | V    |       |
| Low-level output voltage | $V_{OL}$ | 0                    | $0.2 \times OV_{DD}$ | V    | 1     |

**Table 12. I<sup>2</sup>C DC Electrical Characteristics**At recommended operating conditions with  $OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ .

|                                                                                                                  |              |     |    |               |   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|----|---------------|---|
| Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter                                               | $t_{12KHKL}$ | 0   | 50 | ns            | 2 |
| Input current each I/O pin (input voltage is between $0.1 \times OV_{DD}$ and $0.9 \times OV_{DD}(\text{max})$ ) | $I_I$        | -10 | 10 | $\mu\text{A}$ | 3 |
| Capacitance for each I/O pin                                                                                     | $C_I$        | —   | 10 | pF            |   |

**Notes:**

1. Output voltage (open drain or open collector) condition = 3 mA sink current.
2. Refer to the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual* for information on the digital filter used.
3. I/O pins obstruct the SDA and SCL lines if the  $OV_{DD}$  is switched off.

## 4.6.2 I<sup>2</sup>C AC Electrical Specifications

Table 13 provides the AC timing parameters for the I<sup>2</sup>C interfaces.

**Table 13. I<sup>2</sup>C AC Electrical Specifications**All values refer to  $V_{IH}$  (min) and  $V_{IL}$  (max) levels (see Table 12).

| Parameter                                                                                    | Symbol <sup>1</sup>       | Min                  | Max              | Unit          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| SCL clock frequency                                                                          | $f_{I2C}$                 | 0                    | 400              | kHz           |
| Low period of the SCL clock                                                                  | $t_{I2CL}$ <sup>4</sup>   | 1.3                  | —                | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| High period of the SCL clock                                                                 | $t_{I2CH}$ <sup>4</sup>   | 0.6                  | —                | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Setup time for a repeated START condition                                                    | $t_{I2SVKH}$ <sup>4</sup> | 0.6                  | —                | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Hold time (repeated) START condition (after this period, the first clock pulse is generated) | $t_{I2SXKL}$ <sup>4</sup> | 0.6                  | —                | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Data setup time                                                                              | $t_{I2DVKH}$ <sup>4</sup> | 100                  | —                | ns            |
| Data input hold time:<br>CBUS compatible masters<br>I <sup>2</sup> C bus devices             | $t_{I2DXKL}$              | —<br>0 <sup>2</sup>  | —<br>—           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Data output delay time:                                                                      | $t_{I2OVKL}$              | —                    | 0.9 <sup>3</sup> |               |
| Set-up time for STOP condition                                                               | $t_{I2PVKH}$              | 0.6                  | —                | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Bus free time between a STOP and START condition                                             | $t_{I2KHDX}$              | 1.3                  | —                | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Noise margin at the LOW level for each connected device (including hysteresis)               | $V_{NL}$                  | $0.1 \times OV_{DD}$ | —                | V             |

**Table 13. I<sup>2</sup>C AC Electrical Specifications (continued)**

All values refer to  $V_{IH}$  (min) and  $V_{IL}$  (max) levels (see Table 12).

| Parameter                                                                       | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min                  | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----|------|
| Noise margin at the HIGH level for each connected device (including hysteresis) | $V_{NH}$            | $0.2 \times OV_{DD}$ | —   | V    |

**Note:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{I2DVKH}$  symbolizes I<sup>2</sup>C timing (I2) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reach the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{I2C}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{I2SXKL}$  symbolizes I<sup>2</sup>C timing (I2) for the time that the data with respect to the start condition (S) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{I2C}$  clock reference (K) going to the low (L) state or hold time. Also,  $t_{I2PVKH}$  symbolizes I<sup>2</sup>C timing (I2) for the time that the data with respect to the stop condition (P) reaching the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{I2C}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- As a transmitter, the MPC8245 provides a delay time of at least 300 ns for the SDA signal (referred to as the  $V_{ihmin}$  of the SCL signal) to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of Start or Stop condition. When the MPC8245 acts as the I<sup>2</sup>C bus master while transmitting, it drives both SCL and SDA. As long as the load on SCL and SDA is balanced, the MPC8245 does not cause the unintended generation of a Start or Stop condition. Therefore, the 300 ns SDA output delay time is not a concern. If, under some rare condition, the 300 ns SDA output delay time is required for the MPC8245 as transmitter, the following setting is recommended for the FDR bit field of the I2CFDR register to ensure both the desired I<sup>2</sup>C SCL clock frequency and SDA output delay time are achieved. It is assumed that the desired I<sup>2</sup>C SCL clock frequency is 400 KHz and the digital filter sampling rate register (DFFSR bits in I2CFDR) is programmed with its default setting of 0x10 (decimal 16):
 

|                                                 |           |           |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| SDRAM Clock Frequency                           | 100 MHz   | 133 MHz   |
| FDR Bit Setting                                 | 0x00      | 0x2A      |
| Actual FDR Divider Selected                     | 384       | 896       |
| Actual I <sup>2</sup> C SCL Frequency Generated | 260.4 KHz | 148.4 KHz |

 For details on I<sup>2</sup>C frequency calculation, refer to the application note AN2919 "Determining the I<sup>2</sup>C Frequency Divider Ratio for SCL".
- The maximum  $t_{I2DXKL}$  has only to be met if the device does not stretch the LOW period ( $t_{I2CL}$ ) of the SCL signal.
- Guaranteed by design.

Figure 16 provides the AC test load for the I<sup>2</sup>C.

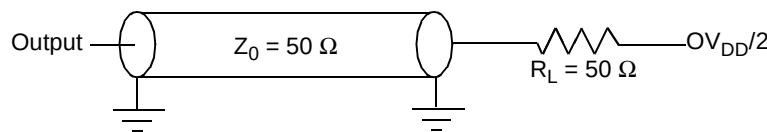
**Figure 16. I<sup>2</sup>C AC Test Load**

Figure 17 shows the AC timing diagram for the I<sup>2</sup>C bus.

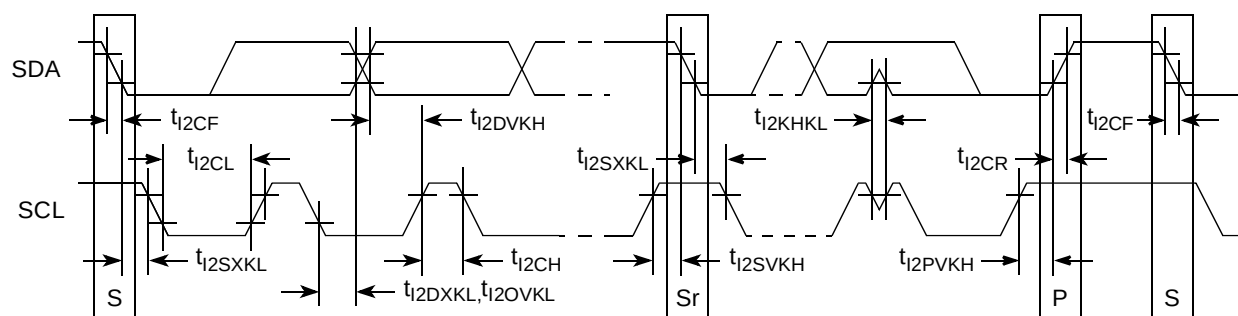


Figure 17. I<sup>2</sup>C Bus AC Timing Diagram

## 4.7 PIC Serial Interrupt Mode AC Timing Specifications

Table 14 provides the PIC serial interrupt mode AC timing specifications for the MPC8245 at recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $GV_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$  and  $LV_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ .

Table 14. PIC Serial Interrupt Mode AC Timing Specifications

| Num | Characteristic                                         | Min                        | Max                        | Unit | Notes |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------|-------|
| 1   | S_CLK frequency                                        | 1/14 SDRAM_SYNC_IN         | 1/2 SDRAM_SYNC_IN          | MHz  | 1     |
| 2   | S_CLK duty cycle                                       | 40                         | 60                         | %    | —     |
| 3   | S_CLK output valid time                                | —                          | 6                          | ns   | —     |
| 4   | Output hold time                                       | 0                          | —                          | ns   | —     |
| 5   | $\overline{\text{S\_FRAME}}$ , S_RST output valid time | —                          | 1 sys_logic_clk period + 6 | ns   | 2     |
| 6   | S_INT input setup time to S_CLK                        | 1 sys_logic_clk period + 2 | —                          | ns   | 2     |
| 7   | S_INT inputs invalid (hold time) to S_CLK              | —                          | 0                          | ns   | 2     |

### Notes:

1. See the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual* for a description of the PIC interrupt control register (ICR) and S\_CLK frequency programming.
2. S\_RST,  $\overline{\text{S\_FRAME}}$ , and S\_INT shown in Figure 18 and Figure 19, depict timing relationships to sys\_logic\_clk and S\_CLK and do not describe functional relationships between S\_RST,  $\overline{\text{S\_FRAME}}$ , and S\_INT. The *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual* describes the functional relationships between these signals.
3. The sys\_logic\_clk waveform is the clocking signal of the internal peripheral logic from the output of the peripheral logic PLL; sys\_logic\_clk is the same as SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN when the SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT to SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN feedback loop is implemented and the DLL is locked. See the *MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual* for a complete clocking description.

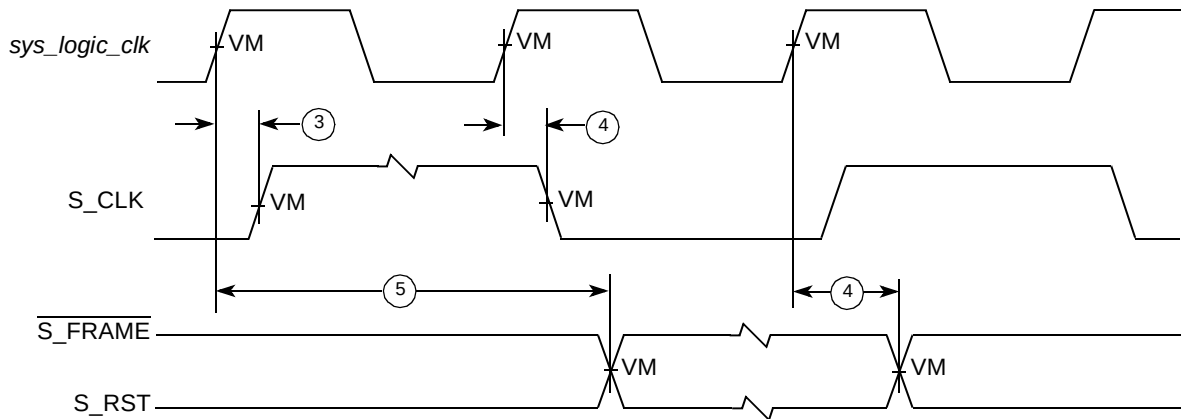


Figure 18. PIC Serial Interrupt Mode Output Timing Diagram

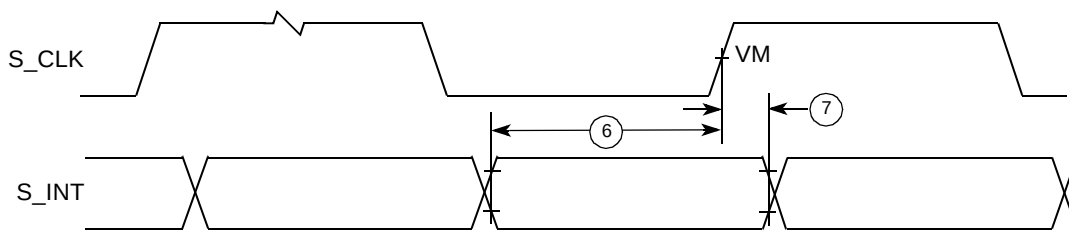


Figure 19. PIC Serial Interrupt Mode Input Timing Diagram

## 4.8 IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) AC Timing Specifications

Table 15 provides the JTAG AC timing specifications for the MPC8245 while in the JTAG operating mode at recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ . Timings are independent of the system clock (PCI\_SYNC\_IN).

Table 15. JTAG AC Timing Specification (Independent of PCI\_SYNC\_IN)

| Num | Characteristic                                          | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
|     | TCK frequency of operation                              | 0   | 25  | MHz  |       |
| 1   | TCK cycle time                                          | 40  | —   | ns   |       |
| 2   | TCK clock pulse width measured at 1.5 V                 | 20  | —   | ns   |       |
| 3   | TCK rise and fall times                                 | 0   | 3   | ns   |       |
| 4   | $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ setup time to TCK falling edge | 10  | —   | ns   | 1     |
| 5   | $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ assert time                    | 10  | —   | ns   |       |
| 6   | Input data setup time                                   | 5   | —   | ns   | 2     |
| 7   | Input data hold time                                    | 15  | —   | ns   | 2     |
| 8   | TCK to output data valid                                | 0   | 30  | ns   | 3     |
| 9   | TCK to output high impedance                            | 0   | 30  | ns   | 3     |
| 10  | TMS, TDI data setup time                                | 5   | —   | ns   |       |

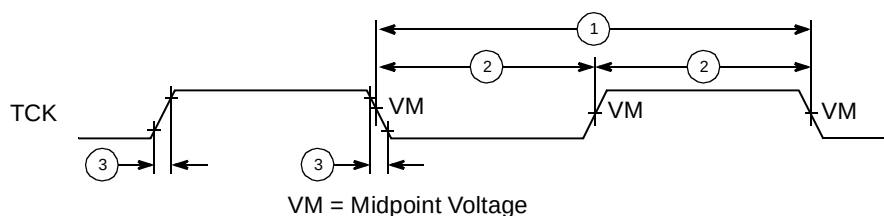
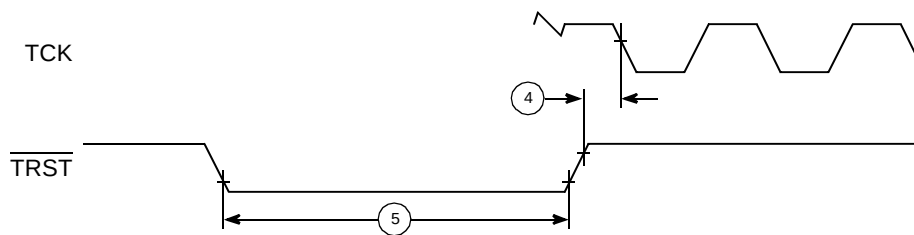
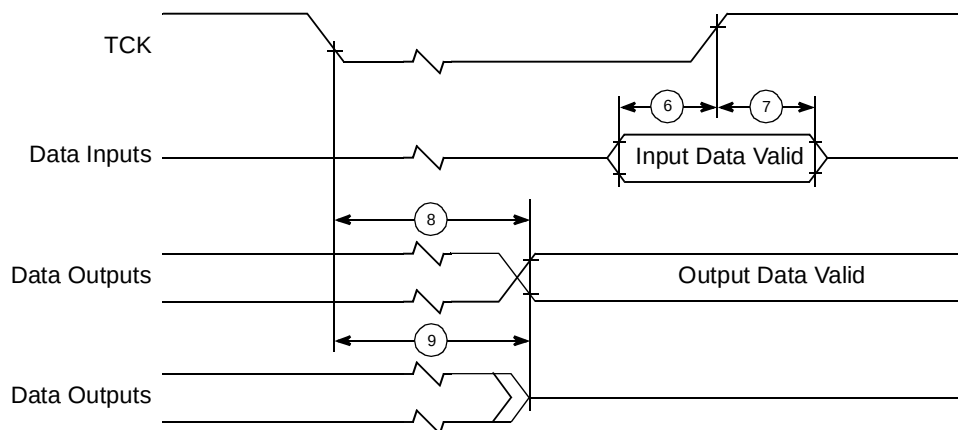
**Table 15. JTAG AC Timing Specification (Independent of PCI\_SYNC\_IN) (continued)**

| Num | Characteristic            | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----|---------------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| 11  | TMS, TDI data hold time   | 15  | —   | ns   |       |
| 12  | TCK to TDO data valid     | 0   | 15  | ns   |       |
| 13  | TCK to TDO high impedance | 0   | 15  | ns   |       |

**Notes:**

1.  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  is an asynchronous signal. The setup time is for test purposes only.
2. Nontest (other than TDI and TMS) signal input timing with respect to TCK.
3. Nontest (other than TDO) signal output timing with respect to TCK.

Figure 20 through Figure 23 show the different timing diagrams.

**Figure 20. JTAG Clock Input Timing Diagram****Figure 21. JTAG TRST Timing Diagram****Figure 22. JTAG Boundary Scan Timing Diagram**

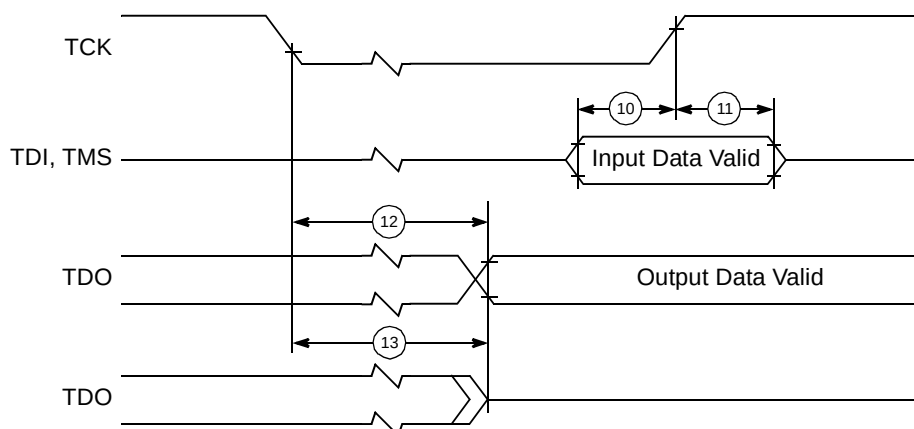


Figure 23. Test Access Port Timing Diagram

## 5 Package Description

This section details package parameters, pin assignments, and dimensions.

### 5.1 Package Parameters

The MPC8245 uses a 35 mm × 35 mm, cavity-up, 352-pin tape ball grid array (TBGA) package. The package parameters are as follows.

|                            |                                                                                               |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Package Outline            | 35 mm × 35 mm                                                                                 |
| Interconnects              | 352                                                                                           |
| Pitch                      | 1.27 mm                                                                                       |
| Solder Balls               | ZU (TBGA package)—62 Sn/36 Pb/2 Ag<br>VV (Lead-free version of package)—95.5 Sn/4.0 Ag/0.5 Cu |
| Solder Ball Diameter       | 0.75 mm                                                                                       |
| Maximum Module Height      | 1.65 mm                                                                                       |
| Co-Planarity Specification | 0.15 mm                                                                                       |
| Maximum Force              | 6.0 lbs. total, uniformly distributed over package (8 grams/ball)                             |

## 5.2 Pin Assignments and Package Dimensions

Figure 24 shows the top surface, side profile, and pinout of the MPC8245, 352 TBGA package.

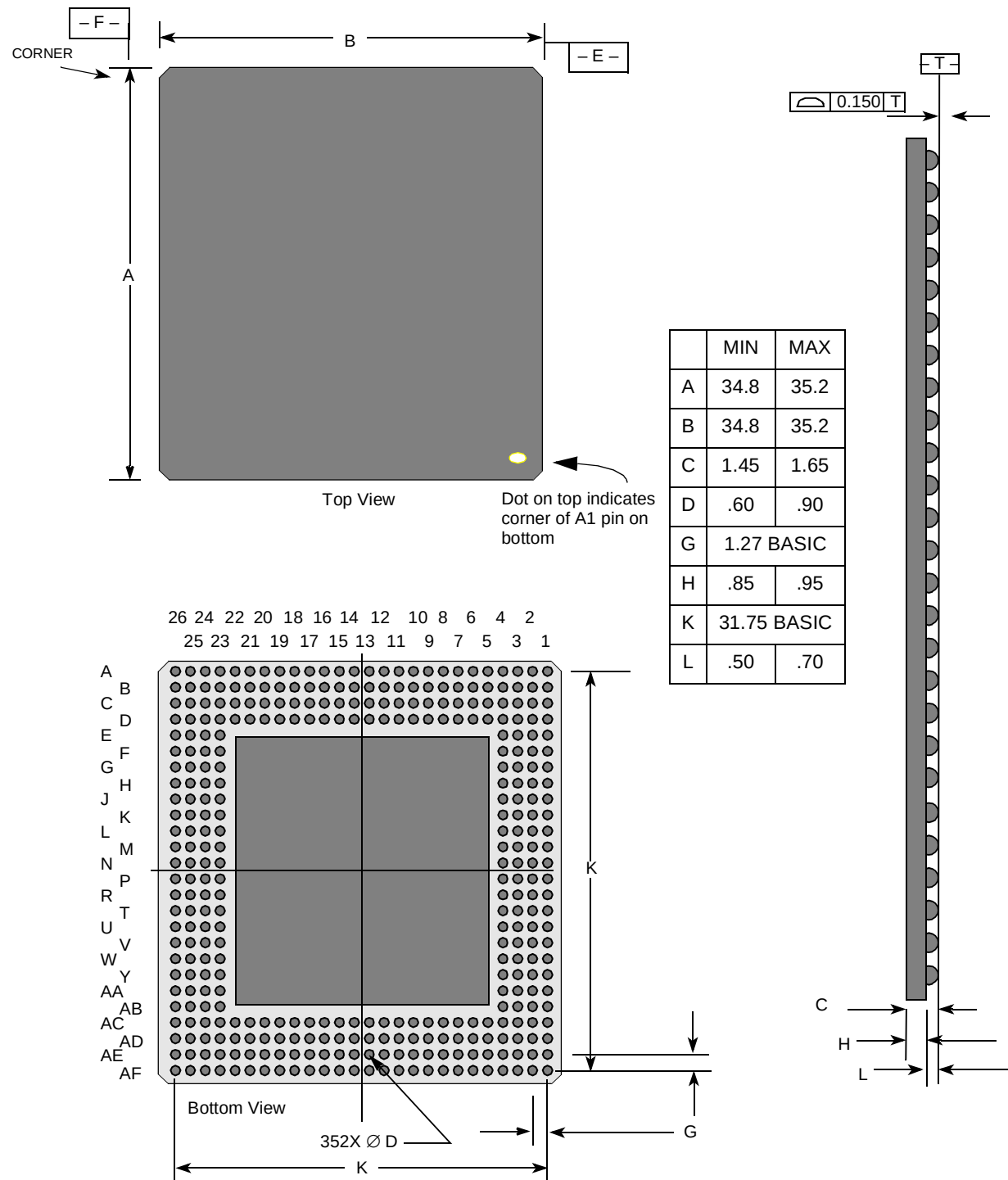


Figure 24. MPC8245 Package Dimensions and Pinout Assignments

## 5.3 Pinout Listings

Table 16 provides the pinout listing for the MPC8245, 352 TBGA package.

**Table 16. MPC8245 Pinout Listing**

| Name                            | Pin Numbers                                                                                                                                 | Type   | Power Supply | Output Driver Type | Notes      |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------------|
| <b>PCI Interface Signals</b>    |                                                                                                                                             |        |              |                    |            |
| $\overline{C/BE}[3:0]$          | P25 K23 F23 A25                                                                                                                             | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 6, 15      |
| $\overline{DEVSEL}$             | H26                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 8, 15      |
| $\overline{FRAME}$              | J24                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 8, 15      |
| $\overline{IRDY}$               | K25                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 8, 15      |
| $\overline{LOCK}$               | J26                                                                                                                                         | Input  | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 8          |
| AD[31:0]                        | V25 U25 U26 U24 U23 T25 T26<br>R25 R26 N26 N25 N23 M26 M25<br>L25 L26 F24 E26 E25 E23 D26<br>D25 C26 A26 B26 A24 B24 D19<br>B23 B22 D22 C22 | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 6, 15      |
| PAR                             | G25                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 15         |
| $\overline{GNT}[3:0]$           | W25 W24 W23 V26                                                                                                                             | Output | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 6, 15      |
| $\overline{GNT4/DA5}$           | W26                                                                                                                                         | Output | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 7, 15, 14  |
| $\overline{REQ}[3:0]$           | Y25 AA26 AA25 AB26                                                                                                                          | Input  | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 6, 12      |
| $\overline{REQ4/DA4}$           | Y26                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 12, 14     |
| $\overline{PERR}$               | G26                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 8, 15, 18  |
| $\overline{SERR}$               | F26                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 8, 15, 16  |
| $\overline{STOP}$               | H25                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 8, 15      |
| $\overline{TRDY}$               | K26                                                                                                                                         | I/O    | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 8, 15      |
| $\overline{INTA}$               | AC26                                                                                                                                        | Output | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_PCI            | 10, 15, 16 |
| IDSEL                           | P26                                                                                                                                         | Input  | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  |            |
| <b>Memory Interface Signals</b> |                                                                                                                                             |        |              |                    |            |
| MDL[0:31]                       | AD17 AE17 AE15 AF15 AC14<br>AE13 AF13 AF12 AF11 AF10 AF9<br>AD8 AF8 AF7 AF6 AE5 B1 A1 A3<br>A4 A5 A6 A7 D7 A8 B8 A10 D10<br>A12 B11 B12 A14 | I/O    | $GV_{DD}$    | DRV_STD_MEM        | 5, 6       |
| MDH[0:31]                       | AC17 AF16 AE16 AE14 AF14<br>AC13 AE12 AE11 AE10 AE9 AE8<br>AC7 AE7 AE6 AF5 AC5 E4 A2 B3<br>D4 B4 B5 D6 C6 B7 C9 A9 B10<br>A11 A13 B13 A15   | I/O    | $GV_{DD}$    | DRV_STD_MEM        | 6          |

Table 16. MPC8245 Pinout Listing (continued)

| Name                                    | Pin Numbers                   | Type   | Power Supply     | Output Driver Type | Notes   |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|------------------|--------------------|---------|
| DQM[0:7]                                | AB1 AB2 K3 K2 AC1 AC2 K1 J1   | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 6       |
| $\overline{\text{CS}}$ [0:7]            | Y4 AA3 AA4 AC4 M2 L2 M1 L1    | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 6       |
| $\overline{\text{FOE}}$                 | H1                            | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 3, 4    |
| $\overline{\text{RCS0}}$                | N4                            | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 3, 4    |
| $\overline{\text{RCS1}}$                | N2                            | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       |         |
| $\overline{\text{RCS2}}$ /TRIG_IN       | AF20                          | I/O    | OV <sub>DD</sub> | 6 ohms             | 10, 14  |
| $\overline{\text{RCS3}}$ /TRIG_OUT      | AC18                          | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 14      |
| SDMA[1:0]                               | W1 W2                         | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 3, 4, 6 |
| SDMA[11:2]                              | N1 R1 R2 T1 T2 U4 U2 U1 V1 V3 | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 6       |
| $\overline{\text{DRDY}}$                | B20                           | Input  | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —                  | 9, 10   |
| SDMA12/ $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$      | B16                           | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 10, 14  |
| SDMA13/TBEN                             | B14                           | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 10, 14  |
| SDMA14/ $\overline{\text{CHKSTOP\_IN}}$ | D14                           | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 10, 14  |
| SDBA1                                   | P1                            | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       |         |
| SDBA0                                   | P2                            | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       |         |
| PAR[0:7]                                | AF3 AE3 G4 E2 AE4 AF4 D2 C2   | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_STD_MEM        | 6       |
| $\overline{\text{SDRAS}}$               | AD1                           | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 3       |
| $\overline{\text{SDCAS}}$               | AD2                           | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 3       |
| CKE                                     | H2                            | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 3, 4    |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$                  | AA1                           | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       |         |
| $\overline{\text{AS}}$                  | Y1                            | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 3, 4    |
| <b>PIC Control Signals</b>              |                               |        |                  |                    |         |
| IRQ0/S_INT                              | C19                           | Input  | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —                  |         |
| IRQ1/S_CLK                              | B21                           | I/O    | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI            |         |
| IRQ2/S_RST                              | AC22                          | I/O    | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI            |         |
| IRQ3/ $\overline{\text{S\_FRAME}}$      | AE24                          | I/O    | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI            |         |
| IRQ4/ $\overline{\text{L\_INT}}$        | A23                           | I/O    | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI            |         |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Control Signals</b>   |                               |        |                  |                    |         |
| SDA                                     | AE20                          | I/O    | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_STD_MEM        | 10, 16  |
| SCL                                     | AF21                          | I/O    | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_STD_MEM        | 10, 16  |

Table 16. MPC8245 Pinout Listing (continued)

| Name                         | Pin Numbers | Type   | Power Supply     | Output Driver Type                | Notes      |
|------------------------------|-------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| <b>DUART Control Signals</b> |             |        |                  |                                   |            |
| SOUT1/PCI_CLK0               | AC25        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL                      | 13, 14     |
| SIN1/PCI_CLK1                | AB25        | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL                      | 13, 14, 26 |
| SOUT2/RTS1/<br>PCI_CLK2      | AE26        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL                      | 13, 14     |
| SIN2/CTS1/<br>PCI_CLK3       | AF25        | I      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL                      | 13, 14, 26 |
| <b>Clock-Out Signals</b>     |             |        |                  |                                   |            |
| PCI_CLK0/SOUT1               | AC25        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI_CLK                       | 13, 14     |
| PCI_CLK1/SIN1                | AB25        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI_CLK                       | 13, 14, 26 |
| PCI_CLK2/RTS1/<br>SOUT2      | AE26        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI_CLK                       | 13, 14     |
| PCI_CLK3/CTS1/<br>SIN2       | AF25        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI_CLK                       | 13, 14, 26 |
| PCI_CLK4/DA3                 | AF26        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI_CLK                       | 13, 14     |
| PCI_SYNC_OUT                 | AD25        | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_PCI_CLK                       |            |
| PCI_SYNC_IN                  | AB23        | Input  | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —                                 |            |
| SDRAM_CLK [0:3]              | D1 G1 G2 E1 | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL<br>or<br>DRV_MEM_CLK | 6, 21      |
| SDRAM_SYNC_OUT               | C1          | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL<br>or<br>DRV_MEM_CLK | 21         |
| SDRAM_SYNC_IN                | H3          | Input  | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —                                 |            |
| CKO/DA1                      | B15         | Output | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_STD_MEM                       | 14         |
| OSC_IN                       | AD21        | Input  | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —                                 | 19         |
| <b>Miscellaneous Signals</b> |             |        |                  |                                   |            |
| HRST_CTRL                    | A20         | Input  | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —                                 | 27         |
| HRST_CPU                     | A19         | Input  | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —                                 | 27         |
| MCP                          | A17         | Output | OV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_STD_MEM                       | 3, 4, 17   |
| NMI                          | D16         | Input  | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —                                 |            |
| SMI                          | A18         | Input  | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —                                 | 10         |
| SRESET/SDMA12                | B16         | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL                      | 10, 14     |
| TBEN/SDMA13                  | B14         | I/O    | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL                      | 10, 14     |

Table 16. MPC8245 Pinout Listing (continued)

| Name                              | Pin Numbers                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Type                              | Power Supply | Output Driver Type | Notes       |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|
| $\overline{QACK}/DA0$             | F2                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Output                            | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_STD_MEM        | 4, 14, 25   |
| $\overline{CHKSTOP\_IN}/SDMA14$   | D14                                                                                                                                                                                                          | I/O                               | $GV_{DD}$    | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 10, 14      |
| $\overline{TRIG\_IN}/RCS2$        | AF20                                                                                                                                                                                                         | I/O                               | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 10, 14      |
| $\overline{TRIG\_OUT}/RCS3$       | AC18                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Output                            | $GV_{DD}$    | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 14          |
| MAA[0:2]                          | AF2 AF1 AE1                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Output                            | $GV_{DD}$    | DRV_STD_MEM        | 3, 4, 6     |
| $\overline{MIV}$                  | A16                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Output                            | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 24          |
| PMAA[0:1]                         | AD18 AF18                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Output                            | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_STD_MEM        | 3, 4, 6, 15 |
| PMAA[2]                           | AE19                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Output                            | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_STD_MEM        | 4, 6, 15    |
| <b>Test/Configuration Signals</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                   |              |                    |             |
| PLL_CFG[0:4]/DA[10:6]             | A22 B19 A21 B18 B17                                                                                                                                                                                          | I/O                               | $OV_{DD}$    | DRV_STD_MEM        | 6, 14, 20   |
| $\overline{TEST0}$                | AD22                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Input                             | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 1, 9        |
| RTC                               | Y2                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Input                             | $GV_{DD}$    | —                  | 11          |
| TCK                               | AF22                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Input                             | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 9, 12       |
| TDI                               | AF23                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Input                             | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 9, 12       |
| TDO                               | AC21                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Output                            | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 24          |
| TMS                               | AE22                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Input                             | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 9, 12       |
| $\overline{TRST}$                 | AE23                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Input                             | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  | 9, 12       |
| <b>Power and Ground Signals</b>   |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                   |              |                    |             |
| GND                               | AA2 AA23 AC12 AC15 AC24 AC3 AC6 AC9 AD11 AD14 AD16 AD19 AD23 AD4 AE18 AE2 AE21 AE25 B2 B25 B6 B9 C11 C13 C16 C23 C4 C8 D12 D15 D18 D21 D24 D3 F25 F4 H24 J25 J4 L24 L3 M23 M4 N24 P3 R23 R4 T24 T3 V2 V23 W3 | Ground                            | —            | —                  |             |
| $LV_{DD}$                         | AC20 AC23 D20 D23 G23 P23 Y23                                                                                                                                                                                | Reference voltage<br>3.3 V, 5.0 V | $LV_{DD}$    | —                  |             |
| $GV_{DD}$                         | AB3 AB4 AC10 AC11 AC8 AD10 AD13 AD15 AD3 AD5 AD7 C10 C12 C3 C5 C7 D13 D5 D9 E3 G3 H4 K4 L4 N3 P4 R3 U3 V4 Y3                                                                                                 | Power for memory drivers<br>3.3 V | $GV_{DD}$    | —                  |             |
| $OV_{DD}$                         | AB24 AD20 AD24 C14 C20 C24 E24 G24 J23 K24 M24 P24 T23 Y24                                                                                                                                                   | PCI/Std 3.3 V                     | $OV_{DD}$    | —                  |             |

Table 16. MPC8245 Pinout Listing (continued)

| Name                               | Pin Numbers                                                                         | Type                                                | Power Supply       | Output Driver Type | Notes     |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>                    | AA24 AC16 AC19 AD12 AD6 AD9<br>C15 C18 C21 D11 D8 F3 H23 J3<br>L23 M3 R24 T4 V24 W4 | Power for core<br>1.8/2.0 V                         | V <sub>DD</sub>    | —                  | 22        |
| No Connect                         | D17                                                                                 | —                                                   | —                  | —                  | 23        |
| AV <sub>DD</sub>                   | C17                                                                                 | Power for PLL<br>(CPU core logic)<br>1.8/2.0 V      | AV <sub>DD</sub>   | —                  | 22        |
| AV <sub>DD</sub> 2                 | AF24                                                                                | Power for PLL<br>(peripheral<br>logic)<br>1.8/2.0 V | AV <sub>DD</sub> 2 | —                  | 22        |
| <b>Debug/Manufacturing Pins</b>    |                                                                                     |                                                     |                    |                    |           |
| DA0/ $\overline{\text{QACK}}$      | F2                                                                                  | Output                                              | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_STD_MEM        | 4, 10, 25 |
| DA1/ $\overline{\text{CKO}}$       | B15                                                                                 | Output                                              | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_STD_MEM        | 14        |
| DA2                                | C25                                                                                 | Output                                              | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_PCI            | 2         |
| DA3/ $\overline{\text{PCI\_CLK4}}$ | AF26                                                                                | Output                                              | GV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_PCI_CLK        | 14        |
| DA4/ $\overline{\text{REQ4}}$      | Y26                                                                                 | I/O                                                 | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —                  | 12, 14    |
| DA5/ $\overline{\text{GNT4}}$      | W26                                                                                 | Output                                              | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_PCI            | 7, 15, 14 |
| DA[10:6]/<br>PLL_CFG[0:4]          | A22 B19 A21 B18 B17                                                                 | I/O                                                 | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_STD_MEM        | 6, 14, 20 |
| DA[11]                             | AD26                                                                                | Output                                              | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_PCI            | 2         |
| DA[12:13]                          | AF17 AF19                                                                           | Output                                              | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | DRV_STD_MEM        | 2, 6      |

Table 16. MPC8245 Pinout Listing (continued)

| Name      | Pin Numbers | Type   | Power Supply     | Output Driver Type | Notes |
|-----------|-------------|--------|------------------|--------------------|-------|
| DA[14:15] | F1 J2       | Output | GV <sub>DD</sub> | DRV_MEM_CTRL       | 2, 6  |

**Notes:**

- Place a pull-up resistor of 120  $\Omega$  or less on the  $\overline{\text{TEST0}}$  pin.
- Treat these pins as no connects (NC) unless debug address functionality is used.
- This pin has an internal pull-up resistor that is enabled only in the reset state. The value of the internal pull-up resistor is not guaranteed but is sufficient to ensure that a logic 1 is read into configuration bits during reset if the signal is left unterminated.
- This pin is a reset configuration pin.
- DL[0] is a reset configuration pin with an internal pull-up resistor that is enabled only in the reset state. The value of the internal pull-up resistor is not guaranteed but is sufficient to ensure that a logic 1 is read into configuration bits during reset.
- Multi-pin signals such as AD[31:0] and MDL[0:31] have their physical package pin numbers listed in an order corresponding to the signal names. Example: AD0 is on pin C22, AD1 is on pin D22, ..., AD31 is on pin V25.
- $\overline{\text{GNT4}}$  is a reset configuration pin with an internal pull-up resistor that is enabled only in the reset state.
- A weak pull-up resistor (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this PCI control pin to LV<sub>DD</sub>.
- V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> for these signals are the same as the PCI V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> entries in Table 3.
- A weak pull-up resistor (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this pin to OV<sub>DD</sub>.
- A weak pull-up resistor (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this pin to GV<sub>DD</sub>.
- This pin has an internal pull-up resistor that is enabled at all times. The value of the internal pull-up resistor is not guaranteed but is sufficient to prevent unused inputs from floating.
- An external PCI clocking source or fan-out buffer may be required for the MPC8245 DUART functionality since PCI\_CLK[0:3] are not available in DUART mode. Only PCI\_CLK4 is available in DUART mode.
- This pin is a multiplexed signal and appears more than once in this table.
- This pin is affected by the programmable PCI\_HOLD\_DEL parameter.
- This pin is an open-drain signal.
- This pin can be programmed as driven (default) or as open-drain (in MIOCR 1).
- This pin is a sustained three-state pin as defined by the *PCI Local Bus Specification*.
- OSC\_IN uses the 3.3-V PCI interface driver, which is 5-V tolerant. See Table 2 for details.
- PLL\_CFG signals must be driven on reset and must be held for at least 25 clock cycles after the negation of  $\overline{\text{HRST\_CTRL}}$  and  $\overline{\text{HRST\_CPU}}$  in order to be latched.
- SDRAM\_CLK[0:3] and SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT signals use DRV\_MEM\_CTRL for chip Rev 1.1 (A). These signals use DRV\_MEM\_CLK for chip Rev 1.2 (B).
- The 266- and 300-MHz part offerings can run at a source voltage of 1.8  $\pm$  100 mV or 2.0  $\pm$  100 mV. Source voltage should be 2.0  $\pm$  100 mV for 333- and 350-MHz parts.
- This pin is LAVDD on the MPC8240. It is an NC on the MPC8245, which should not pose a problem when an MPC8240 is replaced with an MPC8245.
- The driver capability of this pin is hardwired to 40  $\Omega$  and cannot be changed.
- A weak pull-up resistor (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this pin to OV<sub>DD</sub> so that a 1 can be detected at reset if an external memory clock is not used and PLL[0:4] does not select a half-clock frequency ratio.
- Typically, the serial port has sufficient drivers in the RS232 transceiver to drive the  $\overline{\text{CTS}}$  pin actively as an input. No pullups are needed in this case.
- $\overline{\text{HRST\_CPU}}/\overline{\text{HRST\_CTRL}}$  must transition from a logic 0 to a logic 1 in less than one SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN clock cycle for the device to be in the nonreset state

## 6 PLL Configurations

The internal PLLs are configured by the PLL\_CFG[0:4] signals. For a given PCI\_SYNC\_IN (PCI bus) frequency, the PLL configuration signals set both the peripheral logic/memory bus PLL (VCO) frequency of operation for the PCI-to-memory frequency multiplying and the MPC603e CPU PLL (VCO) frequency of operation for memory-to-CPU frequency multiplying. The PLL configurations are shown in [Table 17](#) and [Table 18](#).

**Table 17. PLL Configurations (266- and 300-MHz Parts)**

| Ref. No.   | PLL_CFG<br>[0:4] <sup>10,13</sup> | 266-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                       |                                | 300-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                       |                                | Multipliers                    |                                |
|------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|            |                                   | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/<br>MemBus<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/<br>MemBus<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI-to-<br>Mem<br>(Mem<br>VCO) | Mem-to-<br>CPU<br>(CPU<br>VCO) |
| 0          | 00000 <sup>12</sup>               | 25–35 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 75–105                                                | 188–263                        | 25–40 <sup>5,7</sup>                                                   | 75–120                                                | 188–300                        | 3 (2)                          | 2.5 (2)                        |
| 1          | 00001 <sup>12</sup>               | 25–29 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 75–88                                                 | 225–264                        | 25–33 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 75–99                                                 | 225–297                        | 3 (2)                          | 3 (2)                          |
| 2          | 00010 <sup>11</sup>               | 50 <sup>18</sup> –59 <sup>5,7</sup>                                    | 50–59                                                 | 225–266                        | 50 <sup>18</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                      | 50–66                                                 | 225–297                        | 1 (4)                          | 4.5 (2)                        |
| 3          | 00011 <sup>11,14</sup>            | 50 <sup>17</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                      | 50–66                                                 | 100–133                        | 50 <sup>17</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                      | 50–66                                                 | 100–133                        | 1 (Bypass)                     | 2 (4)                          |
| 4          | 00100 <sup>12</sup>               | 25–46 <sup>4</sup>                                                     | 50–92                                                 | 100–184                        | 25–46 <sup>4</sup>                                                     | 50–92                                                 | 100–184                        | 2 (4)                          | 2 (4)                          |
| 6          | 00110 <sup>15</sup>               | Bypass                                                                 |                                                       |                                | Bypass                                                                 |                                                       |                                | Bypass                         |                                |
| 7<br>Rev B | 00111 <sup>14</sup>               | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 60–66                                                 | 180–198                        | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 60–66                                                 | 180–198                        | 1 (Bypass)                     | 3 (2)                          |
| 7<br>Rev D | 00111 <sup>14</sup>               | Not available                                                          |                                                       |                                |                                                                        |                                                       |                                |                                |                                |
| 8          | 01000 <sup>12</sup>               | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 60–66                                                 | 180–198                        | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 60–66                                                 | 180–198                        | 1 (4)                          | 3 (2)                          |
| 9          | 01001 <sup>12</sup>               | 45 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 90–132                                                | 180–264                        | 45 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 90–132                                                | 180–264                        | 2 (2)                          | 2 (2)                          |
| A          | 01010 <sup>12</sup>               | 25–29 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 50–58                                                 | 225–261                        | 25–33 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 50–66                                                 | 225–297                        | 2 (4)                          | 4.5 (2)                        |
| B          | 01011 <sup>12</sup>               | 45 <sup>3</sup> –59 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 68–88                                                 | 204–264                        | 45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 68–99                                                 | 204–297                        | 1.5 (2)                        | 3 (2)                          |
| C          | 01100 <sup>12</sup>               | 36 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>                                       | 72–92                                                 | 180–230                        | 36 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>                                       | 72–92                                                 | 180–230                        | 2 (4)                          | 2.5 (2)                        |
| D          | 01101 <sup>12</sup>               | 45 <sup>3</sup> –50 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 68–75                                                 | 238–263                        | 45 <sup>3</sup> –57 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 68–85                                                 | 238–298                        | 1.5 (2)                        | 3.5 (2)                        |
| E          | 01110 <sup>12</sup>               | 30 <sup>6</sup> –44 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 60–88                                                 | 180–264                        | 30 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>                                       | 60–92                                                 | 180–276                        | 2 (4)                          | 3 (2)                          |
| F          | 01111 <sup>12</sup>               | 25 <sup>5</sup>                                                        | 75                                                    | 263                            | 25–28 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 75–85                                                 | 263–298                        | 3 (2)                          | 3.5 (2)                        |
| 10         | 10000 <sup>12</sup>               | 30 <sup>6</sup> –44 <sup>2,5</sup>                                     | 90–132                                                | 180–264                        | 30 <sup>6</sup> –44 <sup>2</sup>                                       | 90–132                                                | 180–264                        | 3 (2)                          | 2 (2)                          |
| 11         | 10001 <sup>12</sup>               | 25–26 <sup>5,7</sup>                                                   | 100–106                                               | 250–266                        | 25–29 <sup>2</sup>                                                     | 100–116                                               | 250–290                        | 4 (2)                          | 2.5 (2)                        |
| 12         | 10010 <sup>12</sup>               | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 90–99                                                 | 180–198                        | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 90–99                                                 | 180–198                        | 1.5 (2)                        | 2 (2)                          |

Table 17. PLL Configurations (266- and 300-MHz Parts) (continued)

| Ref. No.    | PLL_CFG<br>[0:4] <sup>10,13</sup> | 266-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                       |                                | 300-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                       |                                | Multipliers                    |                                |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|             |                                   | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/<br>MemBus<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/<br>MemBus<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI-to-<br>Mem<br>(Mem<br>VCO) | Mem-to-<br>CPU<br>(CPU<br>VCO) |
| 13          | 10011 <sup>12</sup>               | Not available                                                          |                                                       |                                | 25 <sup>2,7</sup>                                                      | 100                                                   | 300                            | 4 (2)                          | 3 (2)                          |
| 14          | 10100 <sup>12</sup>               | 26 <sup>6</sup> –38 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 52–76                                                 | 182–266                        | 26 <sup>6</sup> –42 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 52–84                                                 | 182–294                        | 2 (4)                          | 3.5 (2)                        |
| 15          | 10101 <sup>12</sup>               | Not available                                                          |                                                       |                                | 27 <sup>3</sup> –30 <sup>5,7</sup>                                     | 68–75                                                 | 272–300                        | 2.5 (2)                        | 4 (2)                          |
| 16          | 10110 <sup>12</sup>               | 25–33 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 50–66                                                 | 200–264                        | 25–37 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 50–74                                                 | 200–296                        | 2 (4)                          | 4 (2)                          |
| 17          | 10111 <sup>12</sup>               | 25–33 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 100–132                                               | 200–264                        | 25–33 <sup>2</sup>                                                     | 100–132                                               | 200–264                        | 4 (2)                          | 2 (2)                          |
| 18          | 11000 <sup>12</sup>               | 27 <sup>3</sup> –35 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 68–88                                                 | 204–264                        | 27 <sup>3</sup> –40 <sup>5,7</sup>                                     | 68–100                                                | 204–300                        | 2.5 (2)                        | 3 (2)                          |
| 19          | 11001 <sup>12</sup>               | 36 <sup>6</sup> –53 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 72–106                                                | 180–265                        | 36 <sup>6</sup> –59 <sup>2</sup>                                       | 72–118                                                | 180–295                        | 2 (2)                          | 2.5 (2)                        |
| 1A          | 11010 <sup>12</sup>               | 50 <sup>18</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                      | 50–66                                                 | 200–264                        | 50 <sup>18</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                      | 50–66                                                 | 200–264                        | 1 (4)                          | 4 (2)                          |
| 1B          | 11011 <sup>12</sup>               | 34 <sup>3</sup> –44 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 68–88                                                 | 204–264                        | 34 <sup>3</sup> –50 <sup>5,7</sup>                                     | 68–100                                                | 204–300                        | 2 (2)                          | 3 (2)                          |
| 1C          | 11100 <sup>12</sup>               | 44 <sup>3</sup> –59 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 66–88                                                 | 198–264                        | 44 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 66–99                                                 | 198–297                        | 1.5 (2)                        | 3 (2)                          |
| 1D          | 11101 <sup>12</sup>               | 48 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 72–99                                                 | 180–248                        | 48 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                                       | 72–99                                                 | 180–248                        | 1.5 (2)                        | 2.5 (2)                        |
| 1E<br>Rev B | 11110 <sup>8</sup>                | Not usable                                                             |                                                       |                                | Not usable                                                             |                                                       |                                | Off                            | Off                            |
| 1E<br>Rev D | 11110                             | 33 <sup>3</sup> –38 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 66–76                                                 | 231–266                        | 33 <sup>3</sup> –42 <sup>5</sup>                                       | 66–84                                                 | 231–294                        | 2(2)                           | 3.5(2)                         |

Table 17. PLL Configurations (266- and 300-MHz Parts) (continued)

| Ref. No. | PLL_CFG<br>[0:4] <sup>10,13</sup> | 266-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                       |                                | 300-MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                       |                                | Multipliers                    |                                |
|----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|          |                                   | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/<br>MemBus<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/<br>MemBus<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI-to-<br>Mem<br>(Mem<br>VCO) | Mem-to-<br>CPU<br>(CPU<br>VCO) |
| 1F       | 11111 <sup>8</sup>                | Not usable                                                             |                                                       |                                | Not usable                                                             |                                                       |                                | Off                            | Off                            |

Notes:

- Limited by the maximum PCI input frequency (66 MHz).
- Limited by the maximum system memory interface operating frequency (100 MHz @ 300 MHz CPU).
- Limited by the minimum memory VCO frequency (133 MHz).
- Limited due to the maximum memory VCO frequency (372 MHz).
- Limited by the maximum CPU operating frequency.
- Limited by the minimum CPU VCO frequency (360 MHz).
- Limited by the maximum CPU VCO frequency (maximum marked CPU speed X 2).
- In clock-off mode, no clocking occurs inside the MPC8245, regardless of the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input.
- Range values are rounded down to the nearest whole number (decimal place accuracy removed).
- PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings not listed are reserved.
- Multiplier ratios for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting differ from the MPC8240 and are not backward-compatible.
- PCI\_SYNC\_IN range for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting differs from or does not exist on the MPC8240 and may not be fully backward-compatible.
- Bits 7–4 of register offset <0xE2> contain the PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting value.
- In PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI:Mem) mode operation. This mode is for hardware modeling. The AC timing specifications in this document do not apply in PLL bypass mode.
- In dual PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal peripheral logic directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI\_SYNC\_IN:Mem) mode operation. In this mode, the OSC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly in 1:1 (OSC\_IN:CPU) mode operation, and the processor PLL is disabled. The PCI\_SYNC\_IN and OSC\_IN input clocks must be externally synchronized. This mode is for hardware modeling. The AC timing specifications in this document do not apply in dual PLL bypass mode.
- Limited by the maximum system memory interface operating frequency (133 MHz @ 266 MHz CPU).
- Limited by the minimum CPU operating frequency (100 MHz).
- Limited by the minimum memory bus frequency (50 MHz).

Table 18. PLL Configurations (333- and 350-MHz Parts)

| Ref | PLL_CFG[0:4] <sup>10,13</sup> | 333 MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                    |                                | 350 MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                                              |                                                    |                                | Multipliers                    |                                |
|-----|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|     |                               | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/Mem<br>Bus Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI Clock<br>Input<br>(PCI_<br>SYNC_IN)<br>Range <sup>1</sup><br>(MHz) | Periph<br>Logic/Mem<br>Bus Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | CPU<br>Clock<br>Range<br>(MHz) | PCI-to-<br>Mem<br>(Mem<br>VCO) | Mem-to-<br>CPU<br>(CPU<br>VCO) |
| 0   | 00000 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–44 <sup>16</sup>                                                    | 75–132                                             | 188–330                        | 25–44 <sup>16</sup>                                                    | 75–132                                             | 188–330                        | 3 (2)                          | 2.5 (2)                        |
| 1   | 00001 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–37 <sup>5,7</sup>                                                   | 75–111                                             | 225–333                        | 25–38 <sup>5</sup>                                                     | 75–114                                             | 225–342                        | 3 (2)                          | 3 (2)                          |

Table 18. PLL Configurations (333- and 350-MHz Parts) (continued)

| Ref     | PLL_CFG[0:4] <sup>10,13</sup> | 333 MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                              |                                        |                       | 350 MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                              |                                        |                       | Multipliers          |                      |
|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|         |                               | PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz) | Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz) | CPU Clock Range (MHz) | PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz) | Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz) | CPU Clock Range (MHz) | PCI-to-Mem (Mem VCO) | Mem-to-CPU (CPU VCO) |
| 2       | 00010 <sup>11</sup>           | 50 <sup>18</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                      | 50–66                                  | 225–297               | 50 <sup>18</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                      | 50–66                                  | 225–297               | 1 (4)                | 4.5 (2)              |
| 3       | 00011 <sup>11,14</sup>        | 50 <sup>17</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                      | 50–66                                  | 100–133               | 50 <sup>17</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                      | 50–66                                  | 100–133               | 1 (Bypass)           | 2 (4)                |
| 4       | 00100 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–46 <sup>4</sup>                                     | 50–92                                  | 100–184               | 25–46 <sup>4</sup>                                     | 50–92                                  | 100–184               | 2 (4)                | 2 (4)                |
| 6       | 00110 <sup>15</sup>           | Bypass                                                 |                                        |                       | Bypass                                                 |                                        |                       | Bypass               |                      |
| 7 Rev B | 00111 <sup>14</sup>           | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 60–66                                  | 180–198               | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 60–66                                  | 180–198               | 1 (Bypass)           | 3 (2)                |
| 7 Rev D | 00111 <sup>14</sup>           | Not available                                          |                                        |                       | 25                                                     | 100                                    | 350                   | 4(2)                 | 3.5(2)               |
| 8       | 01000 <sup>12</sup>           | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 60–66                                  | 180–198               | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 60–66                                  | 180–198               | 1 (4)                | 3 (2)                |
| 9       | 01001 <sup>12</sup>           | 45 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 90–132                                 | 180–264               | 45 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 90–132                                 | 180–264               | 2 (2)                | 2 (2)                |
| A       | 01010 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–37 <sup>5,7</sup>                                   | 50–74                                  | 225–333               | 25–38 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 50–76                                  | 225–342               | 2 (4)                | 4.5 (2)              |
| B       | 01011 <sup>12</sup>           | 45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 68–99                                  | 204–297               | 45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 68–99                                  | 204–297               | 1.5 (2)              | 3 (2)                |
| C       | 01100 <sup>12</sup>           | 36 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>                       | 72–92                                  | 180–230               | 36 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>                       | 72–92                                  | 180–230               | 2 (4)                | 2.5 (2)              |
| D       | 01101 <sup>12</sup>           | 45 <sup>3</sup> –63 <sup>5,7</sup>                     | 68–95                                  | 238–333               | 45 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 68–99                                  | 238–347               | 1.5 (2)              | 3.5 (2)              |
| E       | 01110 <sup>12</sup>           | 30 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>                       | 60–92                                  | 180–276               | 30 <sup>6</sup> –46 <sup>4</sup>                       | 60–92                                  | 180–276               | 2 (4)                | 3 (2)                |
| F       | 01111 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–31 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 75–93                                  | 263–326               | 25–33 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 75–99                                  | 263–347               | 3 (2)                | 3.5 (2)              |
| 10      | 10000 <sup>12</sup>           | 30 <sup>6</sup> –44 <sup>2</sup>                       | 90–132                                 | 180–264               | 30 <sup>6</sup> –44 <sup>2</sup>                       | 90–132                                 | 180–264               | 3 (2)                | 2 (2)                |
| 11      | 10001 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–33 <sup>2,16</sup>                                  | 100–132                                | 250–330               | 25–33 <sup>2,16</sup>                                  | 100–132                                | 250–330               | 4 (2)                | 2.5 (2)              |
| 12      | 10010 <sup>12</sup>           | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 90–99                                  | 180–198               | 60 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 90–99                                  | 180–198               | 1.5 (2)              | 2 (2)                |
| 13      | 10011 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–27 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 100–108                                | 300–324               | 25–29 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 100–116                                | 300–348               | 4 (2)                | 3 (2)                |
| 14      | 10100 <sup>12</sup>           | 26 <sup>6</sup> –47 <sup>4</sup>                       | 52–94                                  | 182–329               | 26 <sup>6</sup> –47 <sup>4</sup>                       | 52–94                                  | 182–329               | 2 (4)                | 3.5 (2)              |
| 15      | 10101 <sup>12</sup>           | 27 <sup>3</sup> –33 <sup>5</sup>                       | 68–83                                  | 272–332               | 27 <sup>3</sup> –34 <sup>5</sup>                       | 68–85                                  | 272–340               | 2.5 (2)              | 4 (2)                |
| 16      | 10110 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–41 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 50–82                                  | 200–328               | 25–43 <sup>5</sup>                                     | 50–86                                  | 200–344               | 2 (4)                | 4 (2)                |
| 17      | 10111 <sup>12</sup>           | 25–33 <sup>2</sup>                                     | 100–132                                | 200–264               | 25–33 <sup>2</sup>                                     | 100–132                                | 200–264               | 4 (2)                | 2 (2)                |
| 18      | 11000 <sup>12</sup>           | 27 <sup>3</sup> –44 <sup>5</sup>                       | 68–110                                 | 204–330               | 27 <sup>3</sup> –46 <sup>5</sup>                       | 68–115                                 | 204–345               | 2.5 (2)              | 3 (2)                |
| 19      | 11001 <sup>12</sup>           | 36 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 72–132                                 | 180–330               | 36 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 72–132                                 | 180–330               | 2 (2)                | 2.5 (2)              |
| 1A      | 11010 <sup>12</sup>           | 50 <sup>18</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                      | 50–66                                  | 200–264               | 50 <sup>18</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                      | 50–66                                  | 200–264               | 1 (4)                | 4 (2)                |
| 1B      | 11011 <sup>12</sup>           | 34 <sup>3</sup> –55 <sup>5</sup>                       | 68–110                                 | 204–330               | 34 <sup>3</sup> –58 <sup>5</sup>                       | 68–116                                 | 204–348               | 2 (2)                | 3 (2)                |
| 1C      | 11100 <sup>12</sup>           | 44 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 66–99                                  | 198–297               | 44 <sup>3</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 66–99                                  | 198–297               | 1.5 (2)              | 3 (2)                |
| 1D      | 11101 <sup>12</sup>           | 48 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 72–99                                  | 180–248               | 48 <sup>6</sup> –66 <sup>1</sup>                       | 72–99                                  | 180–248               | 1.5 (2)              | 2.5(2)               |

Table 18. PLL Configurations (333- and 350-MHz Parts) (continued)

| Ref      | PLL_CFG[0:4] <sup>10,13</sup> | 333 MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                              |                                        |                       | 350 MHz Part <sup>9</sup>                              |                                        |                       | Multipliers          |                      |
|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|          |                               | PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz) | Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz) | CPU Clock Range (MHz) | PCI Clock Input (PCI_SYNC_IN) Range <sup>1</sup> (MHz) | Periph Logic/Mem Bus Clock Range (MHz) | CPU Clock Range (MHz) | PCI-to-Mem (Mem VCO) | Mem-to-CPU (CPU VCO) |
| 1E Rev B | 11110 <sup>8</sup>            | Not usable                                             |                                        |                       | Not usable                                             |                                        |                       | Off                  | Off                  |
| 1E Rev D | 11110                         | 33 <sup>3</sup> –47 <sup>5</sup>                       | 66–94                                  | 231–329               | 33 <sup>3</sup> –50 <sup>2,5,7</sup>                   | 66–100                                 | 231–350               | 2(2)                 | 3.5(2)               |
| 1F       | 11111 <sup>8</sup>            | Not usable                                             |                                        |                       | Not usable                                             |                                        |                       | Off                  | Off                  |

**Notes:**

- Limited by the maximum PCI input frequency (66 MHz).
- Limited by the maximum system memory interface operating frequency (100 MHz @ 350 MHz CPU).
- Limited by the minimum memory VCO frequency (132 MHz).
- Limited due to the maximum memory VCO frequency (372 MHz).
- Limited by the maximum CPU operating frequency.
- Limited by the minimum CPU VCO frequency (360 MHz).
- Limited by the maximum CPU VCO frequency (Maximum marked CPU speed X 2).
- In clock-off mode, no clocking occurs inside the MPC8245, regardless of the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input.
- Range values are rounded down to the nearest whole number (decimal place accuracy removed).
- PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings not listed are reserved.
- Multiplier ratios for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting differ from or do not exist on the MPC8240 and are not backward-compatible.
- PCI\_SYNC\_IN range for this PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting differs from the MPC8240 and may not be fully backward-compatible.
- Bits 7–4 of register offset <0xE2> contain the PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting value.
- In PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI:Mem) mode operation. This mode is for hardware modeling. The AC timing specifications in this document do not apply in PLL bypass mode.
- In dual PLL bypass mode, the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input signal clocks the internal peripheral logic directly, the peripheral logic PLL is disabled, and the bus mode is set for 1:1 (PCI\_SYNC\_IN:Mem) mode operation. In this mode, the OSC\_IN input signal clocks the internal processor directly in 1:1 (OSC\_IN:CPU) mode operation, and the processor PLL is disabled. The PCI\_SYNC\_IN and OSC\_IN input clocks must be externally synchronized. This mode is for hardware modeling. The AC timing specifications in this document do not apply in dual PLL bypass mode.
- Limited by the maximum system memory interface operating frequency (133 MHz @ 333 MHz CPU).
- Limited by the minimum CPU operating frequency (100 MHz).
- Limited by the minimum memory bus frequency (50 MHz).

## 7 System Design

This section provides electrical and thermal design recommendations for successful application of the MPC8245.

### 7.1 PLL Power Supply Filtering

The  $AV_{DD}$  and  $AV_{DD2}$  power signals on the MPC8245 provide power to the peripheral logic/memory bus PLL and the MPC603e processor PLL. To ensure stability of the internal clocks, the power supplied to the  $AV_{DD}$  and  $AV_{DD2}$  input signals should be filtered of any noise in the 500-kHz to 10-MHz resonant frequency range of the PLLs. Two separate circuits similar to the one shown in Figure 25 using surface mount capacitors with minimum effective series inductance (ESL) is recommended for  $AV_{DD}$  and  $AV_{DD2}$  power signal pins. Consistent with the recommendations of Dr. Howard Johnson in *High Speed Digital Design: A Handbook of Black Magic* (Prentice Hall, 1993), using multiple small capacitors of equal value is recommended over using multiple values.

Place the circuits as closely as possible to the respective input signal pins to minimize noise coupled from nearby circuits. Routing from the capacitors to the input signal pins should be as direct as possible with minimal inductance of vias.

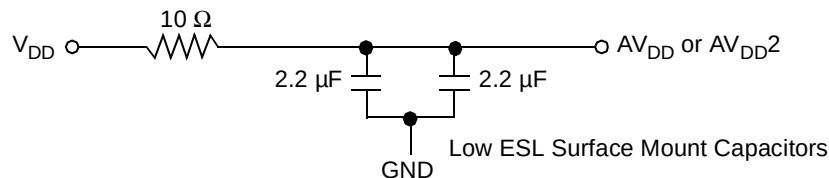


Figure 25. PLL Power Supply Filter Circuit

### 7.2 Decoupling Recommendations

Due to its dynamic power management feature, large address and data buses, and high operating frequencies, the MPC8245 can generate transient power surges and high frequency noise in its power supply, especially while driving large capacitive loads. This noise must be prevented from reaching other components in the MPC8245 system, and the MPC8245 itself requires a clean, tightly regulated source of power. Therefore, place at least one decoupling capacitor at each  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ , and  $LV_{DD}$  pin. These decoupling capacitors should receive their power from dedicated power planes in the PCB, with short traces to minimize inductance. These capacitors should have a value of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$ . Only ceramic SMT (surface mount technology) capacitors should be used to minimize lead inductance, preferably 0508 or 0603, oriented such that connections are made along the length of the part.

In addition, several bulk storage capacitors should be distributed around the PCB, feeding the  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ , and  $LV_{DD}$  planes, to enable quick recharging of the smaller chip capacitors. These bulk capacitors should have a low ESR (equivalent series resistance) rating to ensure the quick response time necessary. They should also be connected to the power and ground planes through two vias to minimize inductance. Suggested bulk capacitors: 100–330  $\mu\text{F}$  (AVX TPS tantalum or Sanyo OSCON).

## 7.3 Connection Recommendations

To ensure reliable operation, connect unused inputs to an appropriate signal level. Tie unused active-low inputs to  $OV_{DD}$ . Connect unused active-high inputs tie to GND. All NC signals must remain unconnected.

Power and ground connections must be made to all external  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ , and GND pins.

The PCI\_SYNC\_OUT signal is to be routed halfway out to the PCI devices and returned to the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input of the MPC8245.

The SDRAM\_SYNC\_OUT signal is to be routed halfway out to the SDRAM devices and then returned to the SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN input of the MPC8245. The trace length can be used to skew or adjust the timing window as needed. See the Tundra *Tsi107™ Design Guide* (AN1849) and Freescale application notes AN2164, *MPC8245/MPC8241 Memory Clock Design Guidelines: Part 1* and AN2746, *MPC8245/MPC8241 Memory Clock Design Guidelines: Part 2* for details. Note that there is an SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN to PCI\_SYNC\_IN time requirement (refer to [Table 10](#) for the input AC timing specifications).

## 7.4 Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistor Requirements

The data bus input receivers are normally turned off when no read operation is in progress; therefore, they do not require pull-up resistors on the bus. The data bus signals are: MDH[0:31], MDL[0:31], and PAR[0:7].

If the 32-bit data bus mode is selected, the input receivers of the unused data and parity bits (MDL[0:31] and PAR[4:7]) are disabled, and their outputs drive logic zeros when they would otherwise normally be driven. For this mode, these pins do not require pull-up resistors and should be left unconnected to minimize possible output switching.

The  $\overline{\text{TEST0}}$  pin requires a pull-up resistor of 120  $\Omega$  or less connected to  $OV_{DD}$ .

RTC should have weak pull-up resistors (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) connected to  $GV_{DD}$ .

The following signals should be pulled up to  $OV_{DD}$  with weak pull-up resistors (2–10 k $\Omega$ ): SDA, SCL,  $\overline{\text{SMI}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SRESET}}/\text{SDMA12}$ ,  $\overline{\text{TBEN}}/\text{SDMA13}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CHKSTOP\_IN}}/\text{SDMA14}$ ,  $\overline{\text{TRIG\_IN}}/\text{RCS2}$ ,  $\overline{\text{INTA}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{QACK}}/\text{DA0}$  and  $\overline{\text{DRDY}}$ . Note that  $\overline{\text{QACK}}/\text{DA0}$  should be left without a pull-up resistor only if an external clock is used because this signal enables internal clock flipping logic when it is low on reset, which is necessary when the PLL[0:4] signals select a half-clock frequency ratio and an external PLL is used to drive the SDRAM device.

It is recommended that the following PCI control signals be pulled up to  $LV_{DD}$  (the clamping voltage) with weak pull-up resistors (2–10 k $\Omega$ ):  $\overline{\text{DEVSEL}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{FRAME}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{IRDY}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{LOCK}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{PERR}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SERR}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{STOP}}$ , and  $\overline{\text{TRDY}}$ . The resistor values may need to be adjusted stronger to reduce induced noise on specific board designs.

The following pins have internal pull-up resistors enabled at all times:  $\overline{\text{REQ}}[3:0]$ ,  $\overline{\text{REQ4}}/\text{DA4}$ , TCK, TDI, TMS, and  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ . See [Table 16](#).

The following pins have internal pull-up resistors enabled only while device is in the reset state:  $\overline{\text{GNT4}}/\text{DA5}$ , MDL0,  $\overline{\text{FOE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{RCS0}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SDRAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SDCAS}}$ , CKE,  $\overline{\text{AS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{MCP}}$ , MAA[0:2], and PMAA[0:2]. See [Table 16](#).

The following pins are reset configuration pins:  $\overline{\text{GNT4/DA5}}$ ,  $\text{MDL}[0]$ ,  $\overline{\text{FOE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{RCS0}}$ ,  $\text{CKE}$ ,  $\overline{\text{AS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{MCP}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{QACK/DA0}}$ ,  $\text{MAA}[0:2]$ ,  $\text{PMAA}[0:2]$ ,  $\text{SDMA}[1:0]$ ,  $\text{MDH}[16:31]$ , and  $\text{PLL\_CFG}[0:4]/\text{DA}[10:15]$ . These pins are sampled during reset to configure the device. The  $\text{PLL\_CFG}[0:4]$  signals are sampled a few clocks after the negation of  $\overline{\text{HRST\_CPU}}$  and  $\overline{\text{HRST\_CTRL}}$ .

Reset configuration pins should be tied to GND via 1-k $\Omega$  pull-down resistors to ensure a logic 0 level is read into the configuration bits during reset if the default logic 1 level is not desired.

Any other unused active low input pins should be tied to a logic-one level through weak pull-up resistors (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) to the appropriate power supply listed in Table 16. Unused active high input pins should be tied to GND through weak pull-down resistors (2–10 k $\Omega$ ).

## 7.5 PCI Reference Voltage—LV<sub>DD</sub>

The MPC8245 PCI reference voltage (LV<sub>DD</sub>) pins should be connected to a  $3.3 \pm 0.3$  V power supply if interfacing the MPC8245 into a 3.3-V PCI bus system. Similarly, the LV<sub>DD</sub> pins should be connected to a  $5.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$  power supply if interfacing the MPC8245 into a 5-V PCI bus system. For either reference voltage, the MPC8245 always performs 3.3-V signaling as described in the *PCI Local Bus Specification* (Rev. 2.2). The MPC8245 tolerates 5-V signals when interfaced into a 5-V PCI bus system.

## 7.6 MPC8245 Compatibility with MPC8240

The MPC8245 AC timing specifications are backward-compatible with those of the MPC8240, except for the requirements of item 11 in Table 10. Timing adjustments are needed as specified for  $T_{OS}$  (SDRAM\_SYNC\_IN to *sys\_logic\_clk* offset) time requirements.

The MPC8245 does not support the SDRAM flow-through memory interface.

The nominal core V<sub>DD</sub> power supply changes from 2.5 V on the MPC8240 to 1.8/2.0 V on the MPC8245. See Table 2.

For example, the MPC8245 PLL\_CFG[0:4] setting 0x02 (0b00010) has a different PCI-to-Mem and Mem-to-CPU multiplier ratio than the same setting on the MPC8240, so it is not backward-compatible. See Table 17.

Most of the MPC8240 PLL\_CFG[0:4] settings are subsets of the PCI\_SYNC\_IN input frequency range accepted by the MPC8245. However, the parts are not fully backward-compatible since the ranges of the two parts do not always match. Modes 0x8 and 0x18 of the MPC8245 are not compatible with settings 0x8 and 0x18 on the MPC8240. See Table 17 and Table 18.

Two reset configuration signals on the MPC8245 are not used as reset configuration signals on the MPC8240: SDMA0 and SDMA1.

The SDMA0 reset configuration pin selects between the MPC8245 DUART and the MPC8240 backward-compatible mode PCI\_CLK[0:4] functionality on these multiplexed signals. The default state (logic 1) of SDMA0 selects the MPC8240 backward-compatible mode of PCI\_CLK[0:4] functionality while a logic 0 state on the SDMA0 signal selects DUART functionality. In DUART mode, four of the five PCI clocks, PCI\_CLK[0:3], are not available.

The SDMA1 reset configuration pin selects between MPC8245 extended ROM functionality and MPC8240 backward-compatible functionality on the multiplexed signals: TBEN,  $\overline{\text{CHKSTOP\_IN}}$ ,

$\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ , TRIG\_IN, and TRIG\_OUT. The default state (logic 1) of SDMA1 selects the MPC8240 backward-compatible mode functionality, while a logic 0 state on the SDMA1 signal selects extended ROM functionality. In extended ROM mode, the TBEN,  $\overline{\text{CHKSTOP\_IN}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ , TRIG\_IN, and TRIG\_OUT functionalities are not available.

The driver names and pin capability of the MPC8245 and the MPC8240 differ slightly. Refer to the drive capability table (for the ODCR register at 0x73) in the *MPC8240 Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications* and [Table 4](#).

The programmable PCI output valid and output hold feature controlled by bits in the power management configuration register 2 (PMCR2) <0x72> differs slightly in the MPC8245. For the MPC8240, three bits, PMCR2[6:4] = PCI\_HOLD\_DEL, are used to select 1 of 8 possible PCI output timing configurations. PMCR2[6:5] are software-controllable but are initially set by the reset configuration state of the  $\overline{\text{MCP}}$  and CKE signals, respectively. Software can change PMCR2[4]. The default configuration for PMCR2[6:4] = 0b110 since the  $\overline{\text{MCP}}$  and CKE signals have internal pull-up resistors, but this default configuration does not select 33- or 66-MHz PCI operation output timing parameters for the MPC8240. Software makes this selection. For the MPC8245, only two bits in the power management configuration register 2 (PMCR2), PMCR2[5:4] = PCI\_HOLD\_DEL, control the variable PCI output timing. PMCR2[5:4] are software controllable but are initially set by the inverted reset configuration state of the  $\overline{\text{MCP}}$  and CKE signals, respectively. The default configuration for PMCR2[5:4] = 0b00 since the  $\overline{\text{MCP}}$  and CKE signals have internal pull-up resistors and the values from these signals are inverted; this default configuration selects 66-MHz PCI operation output timing parameters. There are four programmable PCI output timing configurations on the MPC8245. See [Table 11](#).

Voltage sequencing requirements for the MPC8245 are similar to those for the MPC8240, with two exceptions in the MPC8245. In the MPC8245, the non-PCI input voltages ( $V_{\text{in}}$ ) must not be greater than  $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$  or  $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  by more than 0.6 V at all times, including during power-on reset (see Caution 5 in [Table 2](#)). Second,  $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}}$  must not exceed  $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  by more than 3.0 V at any time, including during power-on reset (see Caution 10 in [Table 2](#)); the allowable separation between  $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}}$  and  $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  is 3.6 V for the MPC8240.

There is no  $\text{LAV}_{\text{DD}}$  input voltage supply signal on the MPC8245 since the SDRAM clock delay-locked loop (DLL) has power supplied internally. Signal D17 should be treated as a NC for the MPC8245. Application note AN2128 highlights the differences between the MPC8240 and the MPC8245.

## 7.7 JTAG Configuration Signals

Boundary scan testing is enabled through the JTAG interface signals. The  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  signal is optional in the IEEE 1149.1 specification but is provided on all processors that implement the Power Architecture technology. While the TAP controller can be forced to the reset state using only the TCK and TMS signals, more reliable power-on reset performance can be obtained if the  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  signal is asserted during power-on reset. Because the JTAG interface is also used for accessing the common on-chip processor (COP) function, simply tying  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  to  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  is not practical.

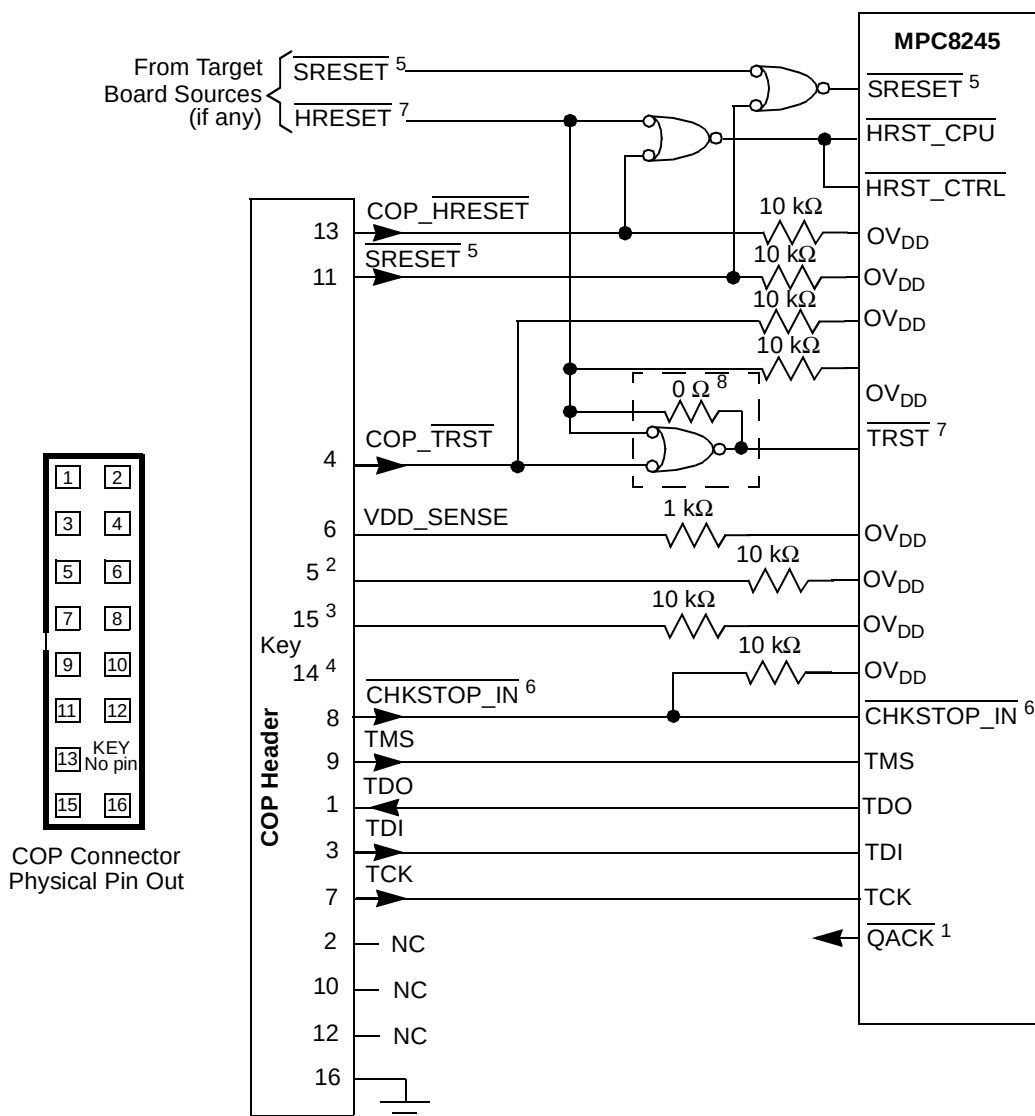
The COP function of these processors allows a remote computer system (typically, a PC with dedicated hardware and debugging software) to access and control the internal operations of the processor. The COP interface connects primarily through the JTAG, with additional status monitoring signals. The COP port must independently assert  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  or  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  to control the processor. If the target system has independent

reset sources, such as voltage monitors, watchdog timers, power supply failures, or push-button switches, the COP reset signals must be merged into these signals with logic.

The arrangement shown in [Figure 26](#) allows the COP port to independently assert  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  or  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ , while ensuring that the target can drive  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  as well. If the JTAG interface and COP header will not be used,  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  should be tied to  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  through a 0- $\Omega$  isolation resistor so that it is asserted when the system reset signal ( $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ ) is asserted, ensuring that the JTAG scan chain is initialized during power-on. Although Freescale recommends that the COP header be designed into the system as shown in [Figure 26](#), if this is not possible, the isolation resistor will allow future access to  $\overline{\text{TRST}}$  in the case where a JTAG interface may need to be wired onto the system in debug situations.

The COP interface has a standard header for connection to the target system based on the 0.025" square-post, 0.100" centered header assembly (often called a Berg header). Typically, pin 14 is removed as a connector key.

There is no standardized way to number the COP header shown in [Figure 26](#). Consequently, different emulator vendors number the pins differently. Some pins are numbered top-to-bottom and left-to-right while others use left-to-right then top-to-bottom and still others number the pins counter clockwise from pin 1 (as with an IC). Regardless of the numbering, the signal placement recommended in [Figure 26](#) is common to all known emulators.

**Note:**

- <sup>1</sup> QACK is an output and is not required at the COP header for emulation.
- <sup>2</sup> RUN/STOP normally found on pin 5 of the COP header is not implemented on the MPC8245. Connect pin 5 of the COP header to OV<sub>DD</sub> with a 1-kΩ pull-up resistor.
- <sup>3</sup> CKSTP\_OUT normally on pin 15 of the COP header is not implemented on the MPC8245. Connect pin 15 of the COP header to OV<sub>DD</sub> with a 10-kΩ pull-up resistor.
- <sup>4</sup> Pin 14 is not physically present on the COP header.
- <sup>5</sup> SRESET functions as output SDMA12 in extended ROM mode.
- <sup>6</sup> CHKSTOP\_IN functions as output SDMA14 in extended ROM mode.
- <sup>7</sup> The COP port and target board should be able to independently assert HRESET and TRST to the processor to control the processor as shown.
- <sup>8</sup> If the JTAG interface is implemented, connect HRESET from the target source to TRST from the COP header through an AND gate to TRST of the part. If the JTAG interface is not implemented, connect HRESET from the target source to TRST of the part through a 0-Ω isolation resistor.

**Figure 26. COP Connector Diagram**

## 7.8 Thermal Management

This section provides thermal management information for the tape ball grid array (TBGA) package for air-cooled applications. Depending on the application environment and the operating frequency, heat sinks may be required to maintain junction temperature within specifications. Proper thermal control design primarily depends on the system-level design: the heat sink, airflow, and thermal interface material. To reduce the die-junction temperature, heat sinks can be attached to the package by several methods: adhesive, spring clip to holes in the printed-circuit board or package, or mounting clip and screw assembly. [Figure 27](#) displays a package-exploded cross-sectional view of a TBGA package with several heat sink options.

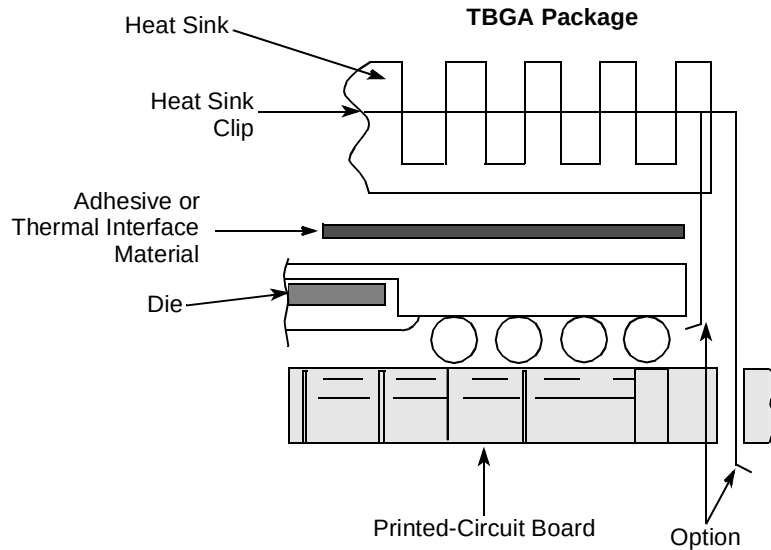


**Figure 27. Package-Exploded Cross-Sectional View with Several Heat Sink Options**

[Figure 28](#) depicts the die junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for four typical cases:

- A heat sink is not attached to the TBGA package, and there exists high board-level thermal loading from adjacent components.
- A heat sink is not attached to the TBGA package, and there is low board-level thermal loading from adjacent components.
- A heat sink (for example, ChipCoolers) is attached to the TBGA package, and there is high board-level thermal loading from adjacent components.
- A heat sink (for example, ChipCoolers) is attached to the TBGA package, and there is low board-level thermal loading from adjacent components.

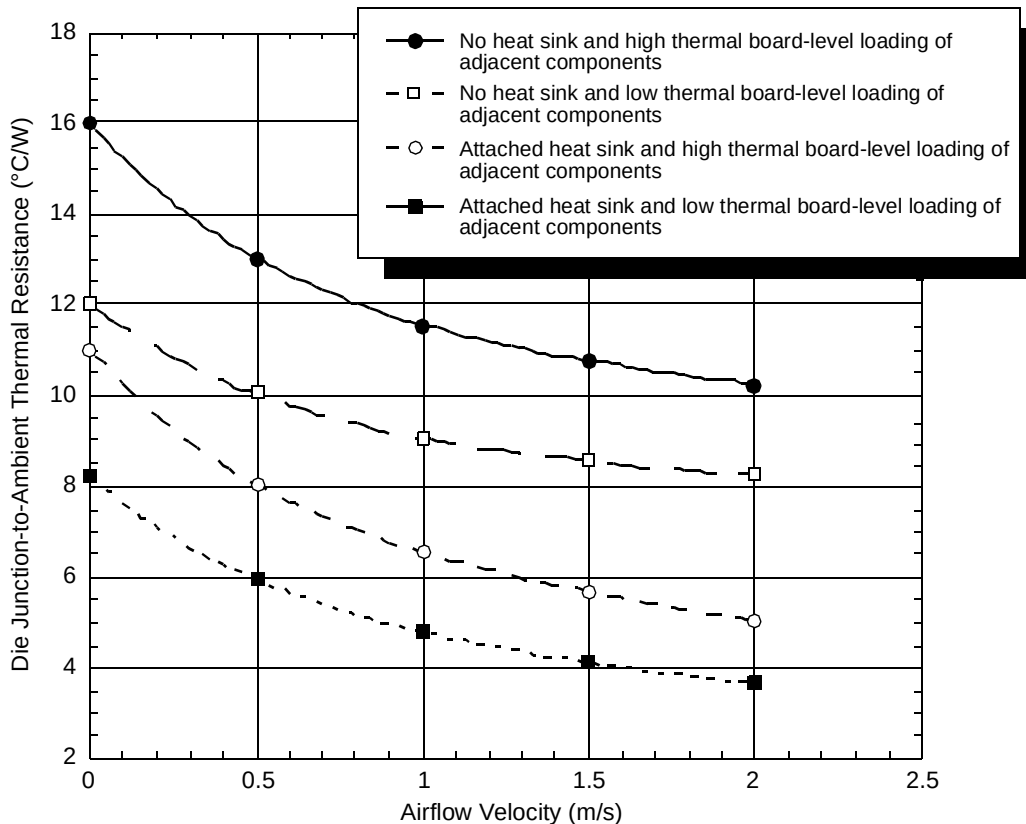


**Figure 28. Die Junction-to-Ambient Resistance**

The board designer can choose between several types of heat sinks to place on the MPC8245. Several commercially-available heat sinks for the MPC8245 are provided by the following vendors:

Aavid Thermalloy  
80 Commercial St.  
Concord, NH 03301  
Internet: [www.aavidthermalloy.com](http://www.aavidthermalloy.com)

603-224-9988

Alpha Novatech  
473 Sapena Ct. #15  
Santa Clara, CA 95054  
Internet: [www.alphanovatech.com](http://www.alphanovatech.com)

408-749-7601

International Electronic Research Corporation (IERC)  
413 North Moss St.  
Burbank, CA 91502  
Internet: [www.ctscorp.com](http://www.ctscorp.com)

818-842-7277

Tyco Electronics  
Chip Coolers™  
P.O. Box 3668  
Harrisburg, PA 17105-3668  
Internet: [www.chipcoolers.com](http://www.chipcoolers.com)

800-522-6752

Wakefield Engineering  
 33 Bridge St.  
 Pelham, NH 03076  
 Internet: [www.wakefield.com](http://www.wakefield.com)

603-635-5102

Selection of an appropriate heat sink depends on thermal performance at a given air velocity, spatial volume, mass, attachment method, assembly, and cost. Other heat sinks offered by Aavid Thermalloy, Alpha Novatech, IERC, Chip Coolers, and Wakefield Engineering offer different heat sink-to-ambient thermal resistances and may or may not need airflow.

### 7.8.1 Internal Package Conduction Resistance

The intrinsic conduction thermal resistance paths for the TBGA cavity-down packaging technology shown in [Figure 29](#) are as follows:

- Die junction-to-case thermal resistance
- Die junction-to-ball thermal resistance

[Figure 29](#) depicts the primary heat transfer path for a package with an attached heat sink mounted on a printed-circuit board.

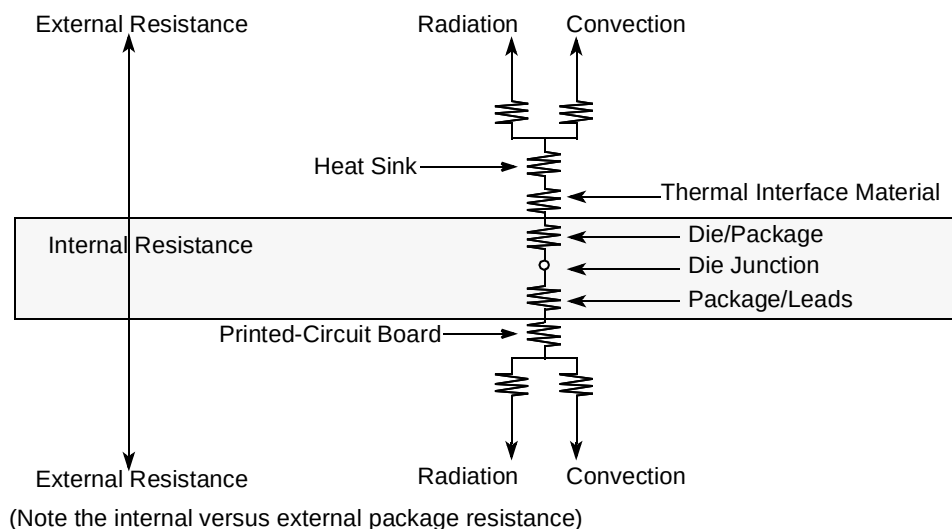


**Figure 29. TBGA Package with Heat Sink Mounted to a Printed-Circuit Board**

In a TBGA package, the active side of the die faces the printed-circuit board. Most of the heat travels through the die, across the die attach layer, and into the copper spreader. Some of the heat is removed from the top surface of the spreader through convection and radiation. Another percentage of the heat enters the printed-circuit board through the solder balls. The heat is then removed from the exposed surfaces of the board through convection and radiation. If a heat sink is used, a larger percentage of heat leaves through the top side of the spreader.

## 7.8.2 Adhesives and Thermal Interface Materials

A thermal interface material placed between the top of the package and the bottom of the heat sink minimizes thermal contact resistance. For applications that attach the heat sink by a spring clip mechanism, [Figure 30](#) shows the thermal performance of three thin-sheet thermal-interface materials (silicone, graphite/oil, fluoroether oil), a bare joint, and a joint with thermal grease as a function of contact pressure. As shown, the performance of these thermal interface materials improves with increasing contact pressure. Thermal grease significantly reduces the interface thermal resistance. That is, the bare joint offers a thermal resistance approximately seven times greater than the thermal grease joint.

A spring clip attaches heat sinks to holes in the printed-circuit board (see [Figure 30](#)). Therefore, synthetic grease offers the best thermal performance, considering the low interface pressure. The selection of any thermal interface material depends on factors such as thermal performance requirements, manufacturability, service temperature, dielectric properties, and cost.

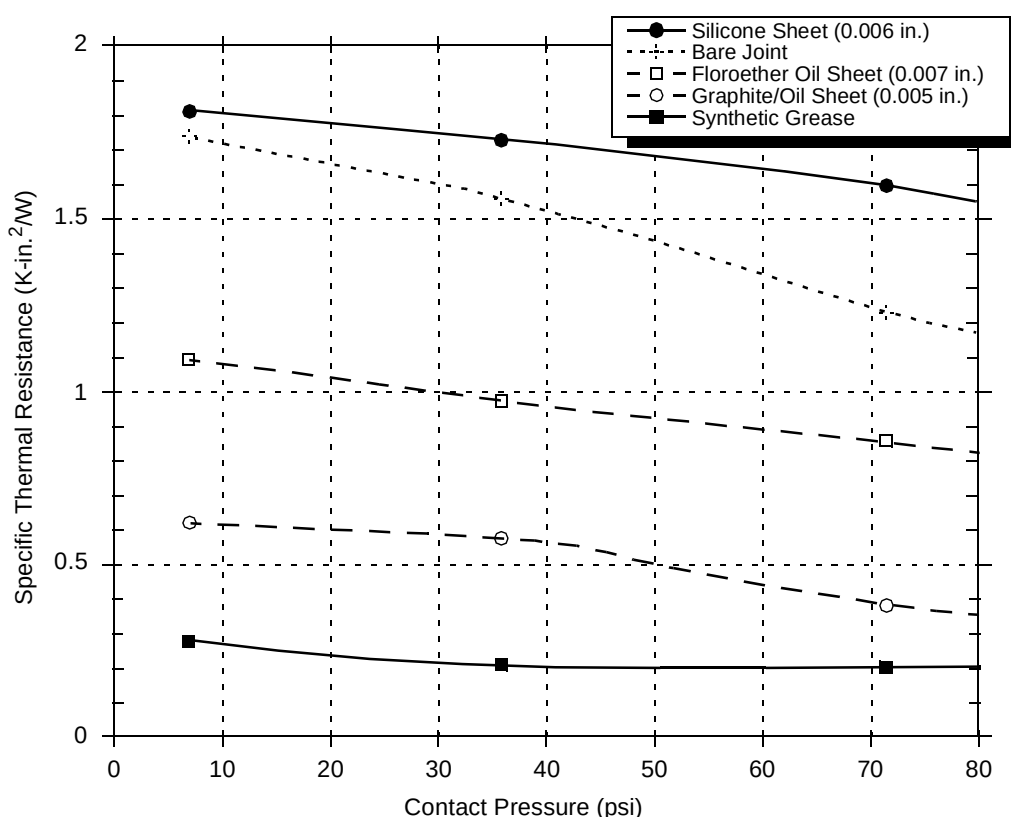


**Figure 30. Thermal Performance of Select Thermal Interface Material**

The board designer can choose between several types of thermal interfaces. Heat sink adhesive materials are selected on the basis of high conductivity and adequate mechanical strength to meet equipment shock/vibration requirements. Several commercially-available thermal interfaces and adhesive materials are provided by the following vendors:

Chomerics, Inc.  
 77 Dragon Ct.  
 Woburn, MA 01888-4014  
 Internet: [www.chomerics.com](http://www.chomerics.com)

781-935-4850

|                                                                                                                                                                         |              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Dow-Corning Corporation<br>Dow-Corning Electronic Materials<br>2200 W. Salzburg Rd.<br>Midland, MI 48686-0997<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.dow.com">www.dow.com</a> | 800-248-2481 |
| Shin-Etsu MicroSi, Inc.<br>10028 S. 51st St.<br>Phoenix, AZ 85044<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.microsi.com">www.microsi.com</a>                                     | 888-642-7674 |
| The Bergquist Company<br>18930 West 78 <sup>th</sup> St.<br>Chanhassen, MN 55317<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.bergquistcompany.com">www.bergquistcompany.com</a>    | 800-347-4572 |
| Thermagon Inc.<br>4707 Detroit Ave.<br>Cleveland, OH 44102<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.thermagon.com">www.thermagon.com</a>                                        | 888-246-9050 |

### 7.8.3 Heat Sink Usage

An estimation of the chip junction temperature,  $T_J$ , can be obtained from the equation:

$$T_J = T_A + (R_{\theta JA} \times P_D)$$

where

$T_A$  = ambient temperature for the package ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

$R_{\theta JA}$  = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )

$P_D$  = power dissipation in the package (W)

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is an industry-standard value that provides a quick and easy estimation of thermal performance. Unfortunately, two values are in common usage: the value determined on a single-layer board and the value obtained on a board with two planes. Which value is closer to the application depends on the power dissipated by other components on the board. The value obtained on a single-layer board is appropriate for the tightly packed printed-circuit board. The value obtained on the board with the internal planes is usually appropriate if the board has low power dissipation and the components are well separated.

When a heat sink is used, the thermal resistance is expressed as the sum of a junction-to-case thermal resistance and a case-to-ambient thermal resistance:

$$R_{\theta JA} = R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}$$

where

$R_{\theta JA}$  = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )

$R_{\theta JC}$  = junction-to-case thermal resistance ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )

$R_{\theta CA}$  = case-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )

$R_{\theta JC}$  is device-related and cannot be influenced by the user. The user controls the thermal environment to change the case-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $R_{\theta CA}$ . For instance, the user can change the size of the heat sink, the airflow around the device, the interface material, the mounting arrangement on the printed-circuit board, or the thermal dissipation on the printed-circuit board surrounding the device.

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application without a heat sink, the thermal characterization parameter ( $\Psi_{JT}$ ) measures the temperature at the top center of the package case using the following equation:

$$T_J = T_T + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_D)$$

where:

$T_T$  = thermocouple temperature atop the package ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

$\Psi_{JT}$  = thermal characterization parameter ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )

$P_D$  = power dissipation in package (W)

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JESD51-2 specification using a 40-gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over about 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the package case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

When a heat sink is used, the junction temperature is determined from a thermocouple inserted at the interface between the case of the package and the interface material. A clearance slot or hole is normally required in the heat sink. Minimizing the size of the clearance minimizes the change in thermal performance caused by removing part of the thermal interface to the heat sink. Because of the experimental difficulties with this technique, many engineers measure the heat sink temperature and then back-calculate the case temperature using a separate measurement of the thermal resistance of the interface. From this case temperature, the junction temperature is determined from the junction-to-case thermal resistance.

In many cases, it is appropriate to simulate the system environment using a computational fluid dynamics thermal simulation tool. In such a tool, the simplest thermal model of a package that has demonstrated reasonable accuracy (about 20%) is a two-resistor model consisting of a junction-to-board and a junction-to-case thermal resistance. The junction-to-case covers the situation where a heat sink is used or a substantial amount of heat is dissipated from the top of the package. The junction-to-board thermal resistance describes the thermal performance when most of the heat is conducted to the printed-circuit board.

## 7.9 References

Semiconductor Equipment and Materials International  
805 East Middlefield Rd.  
Mountain View, CA 94043  
(415) 964-5111

MIL-SPEC and EIA/JESD (JEDEC) specifications are available from Global Engineering Documents at 800-854-7179 or 303-397-7956.

JEDEC specifications are available on the web at <http://www.jedec.org>.

## 8 Document Revision History

Table 19 provides a revision history for this hardware specification.

**Table 19. Revision History Table**

| Revision | Date       | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10       | 8/07       | Section 3, Table 3, and Table 7—Changed format of recommended voltage supply values so that delta to the chosen nominal does not exceed $\pm 100$ mV.<br>Completely replaced Section 4.6 with compliant I <sup>2</sup> C specifications as with other related integrated processor devices.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 9        | 12/27/05   | Document—Added Power Architecture information.<br>Section 4.1—Changed increased absolute maximum range for V <sub>DD</sub> in Table 1. Updated format of nominal voltage listings in Table 2.<br>Section 9.2—Removed Note 3 from Table 21.<br>Updated back page information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 8        | 11/15/2005 | Document—Imported new template and made minor editorial changes.<br>Removed references to a 466 MHz part since it is not available for new orders.<br>Section 4.3.2—Added paragraph for using DLL mode that provides lowest locked tap point read in 0xE3.<br>Section 5.3—Updated the driver and I/O assignment information for the multiplexed PCI clock and DUART signals. Added note for HRST_CPU and HRST_CTRL, which had been mentioned only in Figure 2.<br>Section 9.2—Updated the part ordering specifications for the extended temperature parts. Also updated the section to reflect what we offer for new orders.<br>Section 9.3—Added new section, “Part Marking.” Updated Figure 33 to match with current part marking format. |
| 7        | 10/07/2004 | Section 4.1.2—Table 2: Corrected range of AV <sub>DD</sub> and AVDD <sub>2</sub> .<br>Section 9.1—Table 21: Corrected voltage range under Process Descriptor column. Minor reformatting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 6.1      | 05/24/2004 | Section 4.5.3—Table 11: Spec 12b was improved from 4.5 ns to 4.0 ns. This improvement is guaranteed on devices marked after work week (WW) 28 of 2004. A device's work week may be determined from the “YYWW” portion of the device's trace ability code which is marked on the top of the device. So for WW28 in 2004, the device's YYWW is marked as 0428. For more information refer to Figure 33                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 6        | 05/11/2004 | Section 4.1.2—Table 2: Corrected range of GV <sub>DD</sub> to 3.3 $\pm$ 5%.<br>Section 4.2.1—Table 4: Changed the default for drive strength of DRV_STD_MEM.<br>Section 4.5.1—Table 8: Changed the wording description for item 15.<br>Section 4.5.2—Table 10: Changed T <sub>OS</sub> range and wording in note; Figure 11: changed wording for SDRAM_SYNC_IN description relative to T <sub>OS</sub> .<br>Section 4.5.3—Table 11: Changed timing specification for sys_logic_clk to output valid (memory control, address, and data signals).                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 5.1      | —          | Section 4.3.1—Table 9: Corrected last row to state the correct description for the bit setting. Max tap delay, DLL extend. Figure 8: Corrected the label name for the DLL graph to state “DLL Locking Range Loop Delay vs. Frequency of Operation for DLL_Extend=1 and Normal Tap Delay”                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

Table 19. Revision History Table (continued)

| Revision | Date | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5        | —    | <p>Section 4.1.2 — Added note 6 and related label for latching of the PLL_CFG signals.</p> <p>Section 4.1.3 — Updated specifications for the input high and input low voltages of PCI_SYNC_IN.</p> <p>Section 4.3 — Table 7, updated specifications for the voltage range of <math>V_{DD}</math> for specific CPU frequencies.</p> <p>Section 4.3.1 — Table 8: Corrected typo for first number 1a to 1; Updated characteristics for the DLL lock range for the default and remaining three DLL locking modes; Reworded note description for note 6. Replaced contents of Table 9 with bit descriptions for the four DLL locking modes. In Figures 7 through 10, updated the DLL locking mode graphs.</p> <p>Section 4.3.2 — Table 10: Changed the name of references for timing parameters from SDRAM_SYNC_IN to <i>sys_logic_clk</i> to be consistent with Figure 11. Followed the same change for note 2.</p> <p>Section 4.3.3 — Table 11: Changed the name of references for timing parameters from SDRAM_SYNC_IN to <i>sys_logic_clk</i> to be consistent with Figure 11. Followed the same change for note 2.</p> <p>Section 5.3 — Table 17: Removed extra listing of DRDY in Test/Configuration signal list and updated relevant notes for signal in Memory Interface signal listing. Updated note #20. Added note 26 for the signals of the UART interface.</p> <p>Section 7.6 — Added reference to AN2128 application note that highlights the differences between the MPC8240 and the MPC8245.</p> <p>Section 7.7 — Added relevant notes to this section and updated Figure 29.</p> |
| 4        | —    | <p>Section 1.4.1.2—Updated notes for <math>GV_{DD}</math>, <math>AV_{DD}</math>, <math>AV_{DD2}</math>.</p> <p>Section 1.5.1—Updated solder ball information to include lead-free (V V) balls.</p> <p>Section 1.5.3—Updated Note 25 for QACK/DA0 signal. Added a sentence to Note 3.</p> <p>Section 1.6 —Incorporated Note 19 into Note 12 and modified Tables 18 and 19 accordingly.</p> <p>Section 1.9—Updated part marking nomenclature where appropriate to include the lead-free offering. Replaced reference to PNS document MPC8245RZUPNS with MPC8245ARZUPNS.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 3        | —    | <p>Section 1.4.1.2—Figure 2: Updated Note 2 and removed 'voltage regulator delay' label since Section 1.7.2 is being deleted this revision. Added Figures 4 and 5 to show voltage overshoot and undershoot of the PCI interface on the MPC8245.</p> <p>Section 1.4.1.3—Table 3: Updated the maximum input capacitance from 7 to 16 pF based on characterization data.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.1—Updated PCI_SYNC_IN jitter specifications to 200 ps.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.3—Table 11, item 12b: added the word 'address' to help clarify which signals the spec applies to. Figure 15: edited timing for items 12a0 and 12a2 to correspond with Table 11.</p> <p>Section 1.5.3—Updated notes for the QACK/DA0 signal because this signal has been found to have no internal pull resistor.</p> <p>Section 1.6—Corrected note numbers for reference numbers 3,10,1B, and 1C of the PLL tables. Updated PLL specifications for modes 7 and 1E.</p> <p>Section 1.7.2—Removed this section since the information already exists in Section 1.4.1.5.</p> <p>Section 1.7.4—Added the words 'the clamping voltage' to describe <math>LV_{DD}</math> in the sixth paragraph. Changed the QACK/DA0 signal from the list of signals having an internal pull-up resistor to the list of signals needing a weak pull-up resistor to <math>OV_{DD}</math>.</p> <p>Section 1.9.1—Tables 21 thru 23: Added processor version register value.</p>                                                                                                                                                               |

**Table 19. Revision History Table (continued)**

| Revision | Date | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2        | —    | <p>Globally changed EPIC to PIC.</p> <p>Section 1.4.1.4—Note 5: Changed register reference from 0x72 to 0x73.</p> <p>Section 1.4.1.5—Table 5: Updated power dissipation numbers based on latest characterization data.</p> <p>Section 1.4.2—Table 6: Updated table to show more thermal specifications.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3—Table 7: Updated minimum memory bus value to 50 MHz.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.1—Changed equations for DLL locking range based on characterization data. Added updates and reference to AN2164 for note 6. Added table defining Tdp parameters. Labeled N value in Figures 5 through 8.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.2—Table 10: Changed bit definitions for tap points. Updated note on Tos and added reference to AN2164 for note 7. Updated Figure 9 to show significance of Tos.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.4—Added column for SDRAM_CLK @ 133 MHz</p> <p>Sections 1.5.1 and 1.5.2—Corrected packaging information to state TBGA packaging.</p> <p>Section 1.5.3—Corrected some signals in Table 16 which were missing overbars in the Rev 1.0 release of the document.</p> <p>Section 1.6—Updated Note 10 of Tables 18 and 19.</p> <p>Section 1.7.3—Changed sentence recommendation regarding decoupling capacitors.</p> <p>Section 1.9—Updated format of tables in Ordering Information section.</p>                                                 |
| 1        | —    | <p>Updated document template.</p> <p>Section 1.4.1.4—Changed the driver type names in Table 6 to match with the names used in the MPC8245 Reference Manual.</p> <p>Section 1.5.3—Updated driver type names for signals in Table 16 to match with names used in the MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual.</p> <p>Section 1.4.1.2—Updated Table 7 to refer to new PLL Tables for VCO limits.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.3—Added item 12e to Table 10 for SDRAM_SYNC_IN to Output Valid timing.</p> <p>Section 1.5.1—Updated solder balls information to 62Sn/36PB/2Ag.</p> <p>Section 1.6—Updated PLL Tables 17 and 18 and appropriate notes to reflect changes of VCO ranges for memory and CPU frequencies.</p> <p>Section 1.7—Updated voltage sequencing requirements in Table 2 and removed Section 1.7.2.</p> <p>Section 1.7.8—Updated TRST information and Figure 26.</p> <p>New Section 1.7.2—Updated the range of I/O power consumption numbers for <math>OV_{DD}</math> and <math>GV_{DD}</math> to correct values as in Table 5. Updated fastest frequency combination to 66:100:350 MHz.</p> <p>Section 1.7.9—Updated list for heat sink and thermal interface vendors.</p> <p>Section 1.9—Changed format of Ordering Information section. Added tables to reflect part number specifications also available.</p> <p>Added Sections 1.9.2 and 1.9.3.</p> |
| 0.5      | —    | Corrected labels for Figures 5 through 8.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

Table 19. Revision History Table (continued)

| Revision | Date | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0.4      | —    | <p>Section 1.2—Changed Features list (format) to match with the features list of the <i>MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual</i>.</p> <p>Section 1.4.1.2—Updated Table 2 to include <math>1.8 \pm 100\text{mV}</math> numbers.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3—Changed Table 7 to include new part offerings of 333 and 350 MHz. Added rows to include VCO frequency ranges for all parts for both memory VCO and CPU VCO.</p> <p>Section 1.4.1.5—Updated power consumption table to include 1.8 V (<math>V_{DD}</math>) and higher frequency numbers.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3—Updated Table 7 to include higher frequency offerings and CPU VCO frequency range.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.1—Changed lettering to caps for DLL_EXTEND and DLL_MAX_DELAY in graph description section.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.2—Changed name of item 11 from <math>T_{su}</math>—SDRAM_SYNC_IN to PCI_SYNC_IN Time to <math>T_{os}</math>—SDRAM_SYNC_IN to <i>sys_logic_clk</i> Offset Time. Changed name to <math>T_{os}</math> in Note 7 as well.</p> <p>Section 1.6—Updated notes in Table 17. Included minimum and maximum VCO numbers for memory VCO. Changed Note 13 for location of PLL_CFG[0:4] to correct bits location. Bits 7–4 of register offset &lt;0xE2&gt;. Added Table 18 to cover PLL configuration of higher frequency part offerings.</p> <p>Section: 1.7—Changed frequency ranges for reference numbers 0, 9, 10, and 17, for the 300-MHz part to include the higher memory bus frequencies when operating at lower CPU bus frequencies. Added Table 18 to include PLL configurations for the 333 MHz and the 350 MHz CPU part offerings. Added VCO multipliers in Tables 17 and 18.</p> <p>Section 1.7.8—Changed <math>T_{su}</math>—SDRAM_SYNC_IN to PCI_SYNC_IN Time to <math>T_{os}</math>—SDRAM_SYNC_IN to <i>sys_logic_clk</i> Offset Time."</p> <p>Section 1.7.10—Added vendor (Cool Innovations, Inc.) to list of heat sink vendors.</p> |
| 0.3      | —    | <p>Section 1.4.1.5—Changed Max-FP value for 33/133/266 of Table 5 from 2.3 to 2.1 watts to represent characterization data. Changed Note 4 to say <math>V_{DD} = 2.1</math> for power measurements (for 2-V part). Changed numbers for maximum I/O power supplies for <math>OV_{DD}</math> and <math>GV_{DD}</math> to represent characterization data.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.1—Added four graphs (Figures 5–8) and description for DLL Locking Range vs. Frequency of Operation to replace Figure 5 of Rev 0.2 document.</p> <p>Section 1.4.3.2—Added row (item 11: <math>T_{su}</math>—SDRAM_SYNC_IN to PCI_SYNC_IN timing) to Table 9 to include offset change requirement.</p> <p>Section 1.5.3—Changed Note 4 of PLL_CFG pins in Table 16 to Note 20.</p> <p>Section 1.7.2—Added diode (MUR420) to Figure 27, Voltage Sequencing Circuit, to compensate for voltage extremes in design.</p> <p>Section 1.7.5—Added sentence with regards to SDRAM_SYNC_IN to PCI_SYNC_IN timing requirement (<math>T_{su}</math>) as a connection recommendation.</p> <p>Section 1.7.8—Mention of <math>T_{su}</math> offset timing and driver capability differences between the MPC8240 and the MPC8245.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

**Table 19. Revision History Table (continued)**

| Revision | Date | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0.2      | —    | <p>Changed core supply voltage to <math>2.0 \pm 100</math> mV in Section 1.3. (Supply voltage of <math>1.8 \pm 100</math> mV is no longer recommended.)</p> <p>Changed rows 2, 5, and 6 of Table 2 to <math>2.0 \pm 100</math> mV in the “Recommended Value” column.</p> <p>Changed the power consumption numbers in Table 5 to reflect the power values for <math>V_{DD} = 2.0</math> V. (Notes 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the table were also updated to reflect the new value of <math>V_{DD}</math>.)</p> <p>Updated Table 9 for <math>V_{DD}/AV_{DD}/AV_{DD2}</math> to <math>2.0 \pm 100</math> mV.</p> <p>Table 8: <math>V_{DD}/AV_{DD}/AV_{DD2}</math> was changed to 2.0 V for both CPU frequency offerings. Note 2 was updated by removing the “at reduced voltage...” statement.</p> <p>Table 10: Update maximum time of the rows 12a0 through 12a3.</p> <p>Table 16: Fixed overbars for the active-low signals. Changed pin type information for <math>V_{DD}</math>, <math>AV_{DD}</math>, and <math>AV_{DD2}</math> to 2.0 V.</p> <p>Changed Note 16 of Table 17 to a value of 2.0 V for <math>V_{DD}/AV_{DD}/AV_{DD2}</math>.</p> <p>Removed second sentence of the second paragraph in Section 1.7.2 because it referenced information about a 1.8-V design.</p> <p>Removed reference to 1.8 V in third sentence of Section 1.7.7.</p> |

Table 19. Revision History Table (continued)

| Revision | Date | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0.1      | —    | <p>Made <math>V_{DD}/AV_{DD}/AV_{DD2} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 100\text{ mV}</math> information for 133-MHz memory interface operation to Section 1.3, Table 2, Table 5, Table 9, Table 17, and Section 1.7.2.</p> <p>Pin D17, formerly <math>LAV_{DD}</math> (supply voltage for DLL), is a NC on the MPC8245 since the DLL voltage is supplied internally. Eliminated all references to <math>LAV_{DD}</math>; updated Section 1.7.1.</p> <p>Previous Note 4 of Table 2 did not apply to the MPC8245 (MPC8240 document legacy). New Note 4 added in reference to maximum CPU speed at reduced <math>V_{DD}</math> voltage.</p> <p>Updated the Programmable Output Impedance of <math>DEV\_MEM\_ADDR</math> in Table 4 to <math>6\ \Omega</math> to reflect characterization data.</p> <p>Updated Table 5 to reflect reduced power consumption when operating <math>V_{DD}/AV_{DD}/AV_{DD2} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 100\text{ mV}</math>. Changed Notes 2, 3, and 4 to reflect <math>V_{DD}</math> at 1.9 V. Changed Note 5 to represent <math>V_{DD} = AV_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}</math>.</p> <p>Updated Table 7 to reflect <math>V_{DD}/AV_{DD}/AV_{DD2}</math> voltage level operating frequency dependencies; changed 250 MHz device column to 266 MHz; modified Note 1 eliminating VCO references; added Note 2. Changed 250 MHz processor frequency offering to 266 MHz.</p> <p>Changed Spec 12b for memory output valid time in <a href="#">Table 11</a> from 5.5 ns to 4.5 ns; this is a key specification change to enable 133-MHz memory interface designs.</p> <p>Updated Pinout Table 16 with the following changes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pin types for <math>\overline{RCS0}</math>, <math>\overline{RCS3}/TRIG\_OUT</math> and <math>DA[11:15]</math> were erroneously listed as I/O, changed Pin Types to Output.</li> <li>Pin types for <math>REQ4/DA4</math>, <math>\overline{RCS2}/TRIG\_IN</math>, and <math>PLL\_CFG[0:4]/DA[10:6]</math> were erroneously listed as Input, changed Pin Types to I/O.</li> <li>Changed Pin D17 from <math>LAV_{DD}</math> to No Connect; deleted Note 21 and references.</li> <li>Notes 3, 5, and 7 contained references to the MPC8240 (MPC8240 document legacy); changed these references to MPC8245.</li> <li>Previous Notes 13 and 14 did not apply to the MPC8245 (MPC8240 document legacy), these notes were deleted; moved Note 19 to become new Note 13; moved Note 20 to become new Note 14; updated associated references.</li> <li>Added Note 3 to <math>SDMA[1:0]</math> signals about internal pull-up resistors during reset state.</li> <li>Reversed vector ordering for the PCI Interface Signals: <math>C/BE[0:3]</math> changed to <math>C/BE[3:0]</math>, <math>AD[0:31]</math> changed to <math>AD[31:0]</math>, <math>GNT[0:3]</math> changed to <math>\overline{GNT}[3:0]</math>, and <math>REQ[0:3]</math> changed to <math>REQ[3:0]</math>. The package pin number orderings were also reversed meaning that pin functionality did NOT change. For example, AD0 is still on signal C22, AD1 is still on signal D22,..., AD31 is still on signal V25. This change was made to make the vectored PCI signals in this hardware specification consistent with the <i>PCI Local Bus Specification</i> and the <i>MPC8245 Integrated Processor Reference Manual</i> vector ordering.</li> <li>Changed <math>\overline{TEST1}/\overline{DRDY}</math> signal on pin B20 to <math>\overline{DRDY}</math>.</li> <li>Changed <math>\overline{TEST2}</math> signal on pin Y2 to RTC for performance monitor use.</li> </ul> <p>Updated PLL Table 17 with the following changes for 133-MHz memory interface operation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added Ref. 9 (01001) and Ref. 17 (10111) details; removed these settings from Note 10 (reserved settings list).</li> <li>Enhanced range of Ref. 10 (10000).</li> <li>Updated Note 13, changed bits 16–20 erroneous information to correct bits 23–19.</li> <li>Added Notes 16 and 17.</li> </ul> <p>Added information to Section 1.7.8 in reference to <math>\overline{CHKSTOP\_IN}</math> and <math>\overline{SRESET}</math> being unavailable in extended ROM mode.</p> |
| 0.0      | —    | Initial release.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## 9 Ordering Information

Ordering information for the parts fully covered by this specification document is provided in [Section 9.1, “Part Numbers Fully Addressed by This Document.”](#) [Section 9.2, “Part Numbers Not Fully Addressed by This Document,”](#) lists the part numbers that do not fully conform to the specifications of this document. These special part numbers require an additional document called a hardware specifications addendum.

### 9.1 Part Numbers Fully Addressed by This Document

[Table 20](#) provides the Freescale part numbering nomenclature for the MPC8245. Note that the individual part numbers correspond to a maximum processor core frequency. For available frequencies, contact a local Freescale sales office. In addition to the processor frequency, the part numbering scheme also includes an application modifier that may specify special application conditions. Each part number also contains a revision code that refers to the die mask revision number. The revision level can be determined by reading the Revision ID register at address offset 0x08.

**Table 20. Part Numbering Nomenclature**

| <b>MPC</b>   | <b>nnnn</b>     | <b>L</b>           | <b>XX</b>                         | <b>nnn</b>                             | <b>X</b>          |                                  |
|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Product Code | Part Identifier | Process Descriptor | Package <sup>1</sup>              | Processor Frequency <sup>2</sup> (MHz) | Revision Level    | Processor Version Register Value |
| MPC          | 8245            | L: 0° to 105°C     | ZU = TBGA<br>V V = Lead-free TBGA | 266, 300<br>1.7 V to 2.1 V             | D:1.4 Rev ID:0x14 | 0x80811014                       |
|              |                 | L: 0° to 105°C     | ZU = TBGA<br>V V = Lead-free TBGA | 333, 350<br>1.9 V to 2.2 V             |                   |                                  |

**Notes:**

1. See [Section 5, “Package Description,”](#) for more information on available package types.
2. Processor core frequencies supported by parts addressed by this specification only. Not all parts described in this specification support all core frequencies. Additionally, parts addressed by a hardware specifications addendum may support other maximum core frequencies.

## 9.2 Part Numbers Not Fully Addressed by This Document

Parts with application modifiers or revision levels not fully addressed in this specification document are described in separate part number specifications that supplement and supersede this document. [Table 21](#) shows the part numbers addressed by the MPC8245TXXnnnx series. The revision level can be determined by reading the Revision ID register at address offset 0x08.

**Table 21. Part Numbers Addressed by MPC8245TXXnnnx Series**  
**Part Number Specification Markings**  
 (Document Order No. MPC8245ECS01AD)

| MPC          | nnnn            | X                  | XX                               | nnn                                                                        | X                 |                                  |
|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Product Code | Part Identifier | Process Descriptor | Package <sup>1</sup>             | Processor Frequency <sup>2</sup>                                           | Revision Level    | Processor Version Register Value |
| MPC          | 8245            | T: -40° to 105°C   | ZU = TBGA<br>V V= Lead-free TBGA | 266 MHz, 300 MHz:<br>1.7 V to 2.1 V<br>333 MHz, 350 MHz:<br>1.9 V to 2.2 V | D:1.4 Rev ID:0x14 | 0x80811014                       |

**Notes:**

1. See [Section 5, "Package Description,"](#) for more information on available package types.
2. Processor core frequencies supported by parts addressed by this specification only. Not all parts described in this specification support all core frequencies. Additionally, parts addressed by a hardware specifications addendum may support other maximum core frequencies.

[Table 22](#) shows the part numbers addressed by the MPC8245ARZUnnnx series.

**Table 22. Part Numbers Addressed by MPC8245ARZUnnnx Series**  
**Part Number Specification Markings**  
 (Document Order No. MPC8245ECS02AD)

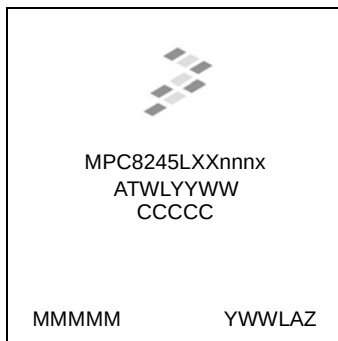
| MPC          | nnnn            | X                               | X                  | XX                               | nnn                              | X                 |                                  |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Product Code | Part Identifier | Process <sup>3</sup> Identifier | Process Descriptor | Package <sup>1</sup>             | Processor Frequency <sup>2</sup> | Revision Level    | Processor Version Register Value |
| MPC          | 8245            | A                               | R: 0° to 85°C      | ZU = TBGA<br>V V= Lead-free TBGA | 400 MHz<br>2.1 V ± 100 mV        | D:1.4 Rev ID:0x14 | 0x80811014                       |

**Notes:**

1. See [Section 5, "Package Description,"](#) for more information on available package types.
2. Processor core frequencies supported by parts addressed by this specification only. Not all parts described in this specification support all core frequencies. Additionally, parts addressed by a hardware specifications addendum may support other maximum core frequencies.
3. Process identifier 'A' represents parts that are manufactured under a 29-angstrom process verses the original 35-angstrom process.

## 9.3 Part Marking

Parts are marked as the example shown in [Figure 31](#).



**Notes:**

MMMMM is the 5-digit mask number.

ATWLYYWW is test traceability code.

YWWLAZ is the assembly traceability code.

CCCCC is the country code.

**Figure 31. Part Marking for TBGA Device**

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