



PXA15-xxWSxx

Single Output 15 Watt DC/DC Converters



The PXA15 series is approved to UL/CSA/EN/IEC 60950-1.

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| Absolute Maximum Rating | | | | |
|---|--------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| Parameter | Model | Min | Max | Unit |
| Input Voltage | | | | |
| Continuous | 24WSXX | | 36 | V _{DC} |
| | 48WSXX | | 75 | |
| Transient (100mS) | 24WSXX | | 50 | |
| | 48WSXX | | 100 | |
| Operating Ambient Temperature (with derating) | All | -40 | 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | All | -55 | 125 | °C |

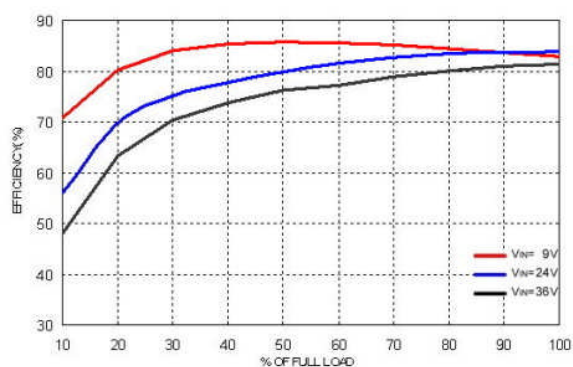
| Output Specification | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Parameter | Model | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| Output Voltage Range ($V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load ; $T_A=25^{\circ}C$) | XXWS3P3 XXWS05 XXWS12 XXWS15 | 3.267 4.95 11.88 14.85 | 3.3 5 12 15 | 3.333 5.05 12.12 15.15 | V_{DC} |
| Voltage Adjustability(See Page 25) | All | -10 | | +10 | % |
| Output Regulation Line ($V_{in(min)}$ to $V_{in(max)}$ at Full Load) Load (0% to 100% of Full Load) | All | -0.2 -0.2 | | +0.2 +0.2 | % |
| Output Ripple & Noise(See Page 21) Peak-to-Peak (20MHz bandwidth) (Measured with a 1uF M/C and a 10uF T/C) | All | | 100 | | mV _{P-P} |
| Temperature Coefficient | All | -0.02 | | +0.02 | %/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Output Voltage Overshoot ($V_{in(min)}$ to $V_{in(max)}$; Full Load ; $T_A=25^{\circ}C$) | All | | | 3 | % V_{OUT} |
| Dynamic Load Response ($V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; $T_A=25^{\circ}C$) Load step change from 75% to 100% or 100 to 75% of Full Load Peak Deviation Settling Time ($V_{OUT} \square 10\%$ peak deviation) | All All | | 300 250 | | mV μS |
| Output Current | XXWS3P3 XXWS05 XXWS12 XXWS15 | 0 0 0 0 | | 4000 3000 1300 1000 | mA |
| Output Over Voltage Protection (Voltage Clamped) | XXWS3P3 XXWS05 XXWS12 XXWS15 | 3.7 5.6 13.8 16.8 | | 5.4 7.0 17.5 20.5 | V_{DC} |
| Output Over Current Protection | All | | 150 | | % FL. |
| Output Short Circuit Protection | All | Hiccup, automatic recovery | | | |

| Input Specification | | | | | |
|--|--|---------|--|--|-------------------|
| Parameter | Model | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| Operating Input Voltage | 24WSXX 48WSXX | 9 18 | 24 48 | 36 75 | V _{DC} |
| Input Current (Maximum value at V _{in} = V _{in(nom)} ; Full Load) | 24WS3P3 24WS05 24WS12 24WS15 48WS3P3 48WS05 48WS12 48WS15 | | | 680 754 793 763 340 377 397 382 | mA |
| Input Standby Current (Typical value at V _{in} = V _{in(nom)} ; No Load) | 24WS3P3 24WS05 24WS12 24WS15 48WS3P3 48WS05 48WS12 48WS15 | | 60 70 10 10 40 40 10 10 | | mA |
| Under Voltage Lockout Turn-on Threshold | 24WSXX 48WSXX | | | 9 18 | V _{DC} |
| Under Voltage Lockout Turn-off Threshold | 24WSXX 48WSXX | | 8 16 | | V _{DC} |
| Input Reflected Ripple Current (See Page 21) (5 to 20MHz, 12μH source impedance) | All | | 30 | | mA _{P-P} |
| Start Up Time (V _{in} = V _{in(nom)} and constant resistive load) | | | | | |
| Power up | All | | 30 | | mS |
| Remote ON/OFF | | | 30 | | |
| Remote ON/OFF Control (See Page 27) (The ON/OFF pin voltage is referenced to -V _{IN}) | | | | | |
| Negative Logic DC-DC ON(Short) | All | 0 | | 1.2 | V _{DC} |
| DC-DC OFF(Open) | | 3 | | 15 | |
| Positive Logic DC-DC ON(Open) | | 3 | | 15 | |
| DC-DC OFF(Short) | | 0 | | 1.2 | |
| Remote Off Input Current | All | | 2.5 | | mA |
| Input Current of Remote Control Pin | All | -0.5 | | 1.0 | mA |

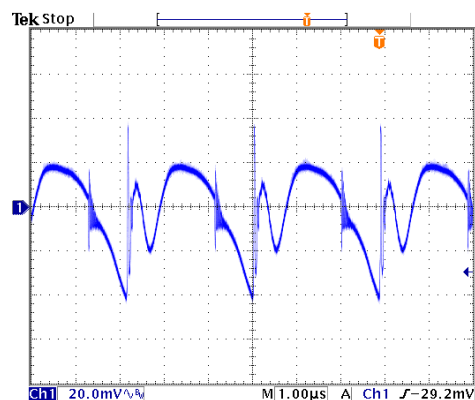
| General Specification | | | | | |
|---|---------|------|-----------------------|------|-----------------|
| Parameter | Model | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| Efficiency(See Page 21) (Vin = Vin(nom) ; Full Load ; TA=25 °C) | 24WS3P3 | | 85 | | % |
| | 24WS05 | | 87 | | |
| | 24WS12 | | 86 | | |
| | 24WS15 | | 86 | | |
| | 48WS3P3 | | 85 | | |
| | 48WS05 | | 87 | | |
| | 48WS12 | | 86 | | |
| | 48WS15 | | 86 | | |
| Isolation Voltage Input to Output | All | 2250 | | | V _{DC} |
| Isolation Resistance | All | 1 | | | GΩ |
| Isolation Capacitance | All | | | 1000 | pF |
| Switching Frequency | XXWS3P3 | | 350 | | KHz |
| | XXWS05 | | 350 | | |
| | XXWS12 | | 400 | | |
| | XXWS15 | | 400 | | |
| Weight | All | | 10.5 | | g |
| MTBF(See Page 32) Bellcore TR-NWT-000332, T _C =40 °C MIL-HDBK-217F | All | | 1.322×10 ⁶ | | hours |
| | | | 5.147×10 ⁵ | | |

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS3P3

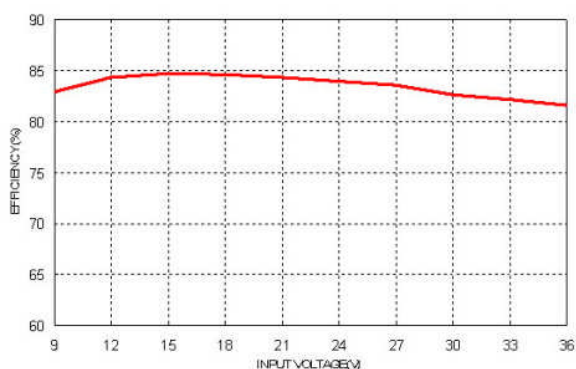


Efficiency versus Output Current

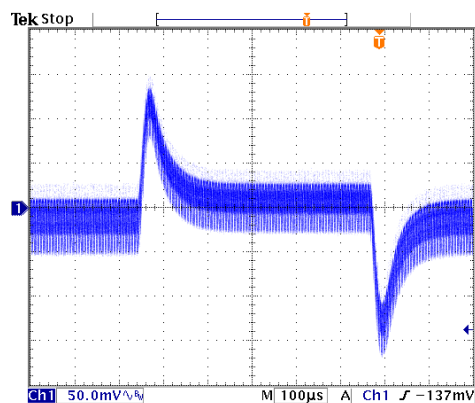


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

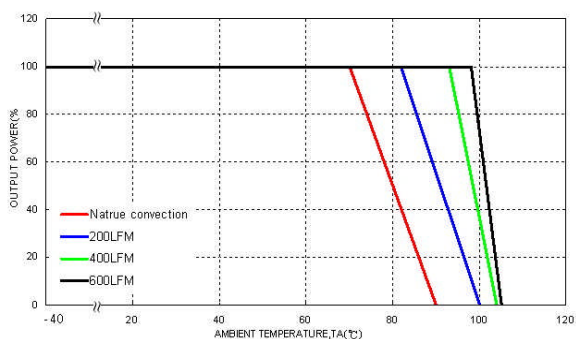
$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



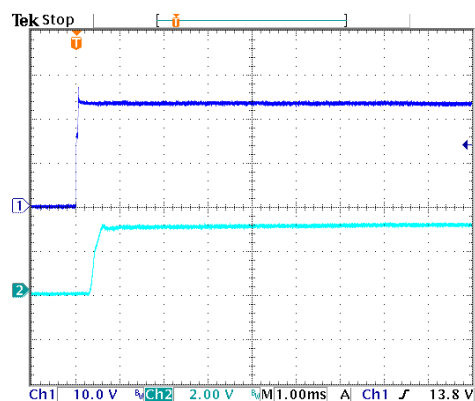
Efficiency versus Input Voltage, Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



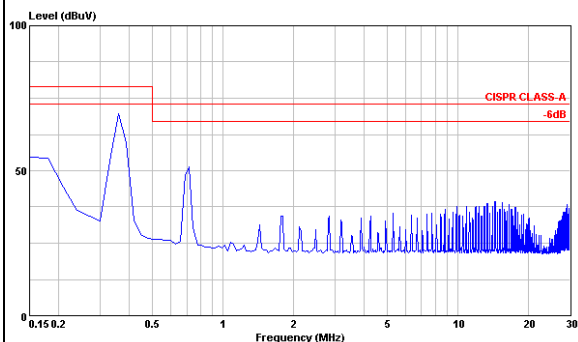
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



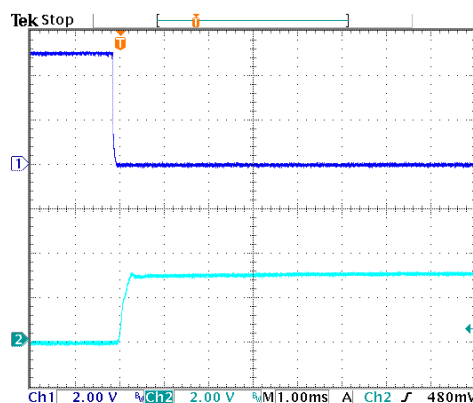
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

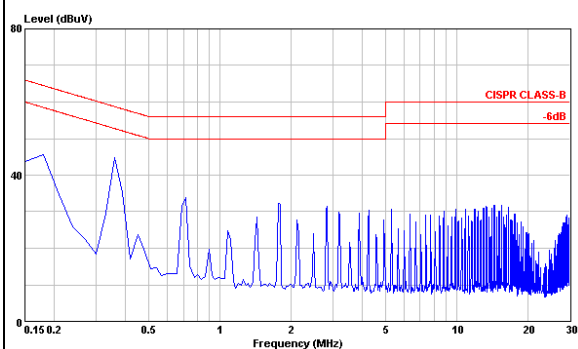
All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS3P3



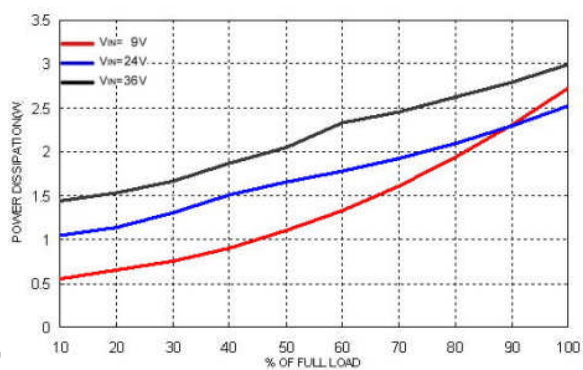
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



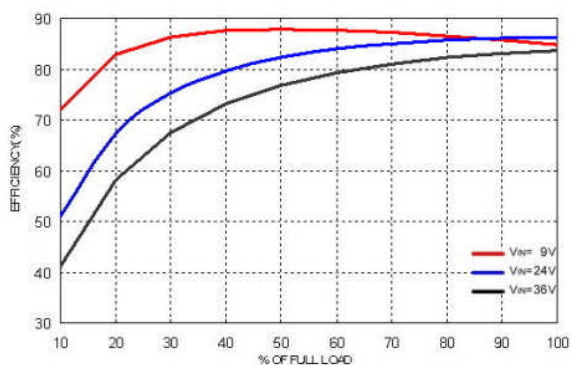
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



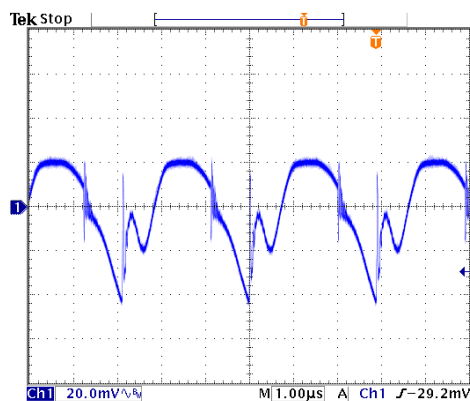
Power Dissipation versus Output Current

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS05

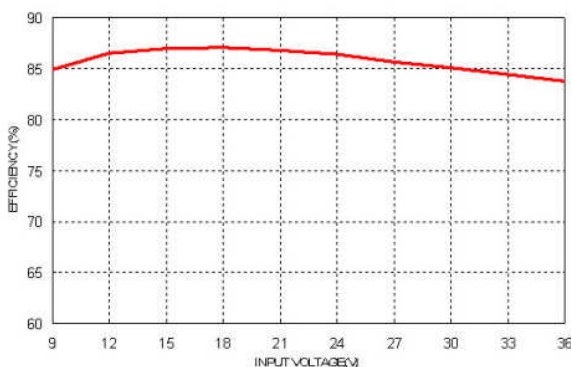


Efficiency versus Output Current

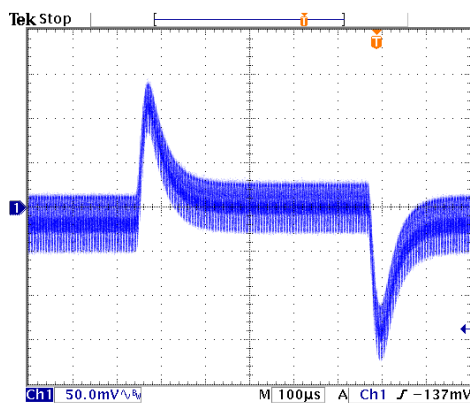


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

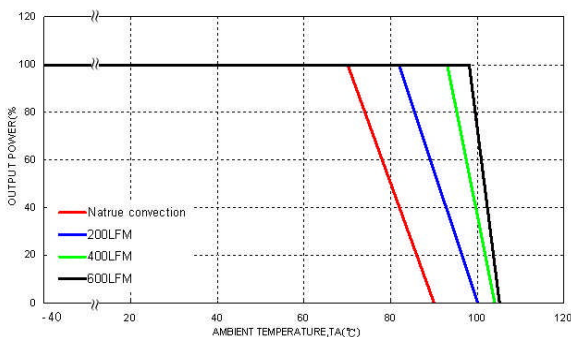
$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



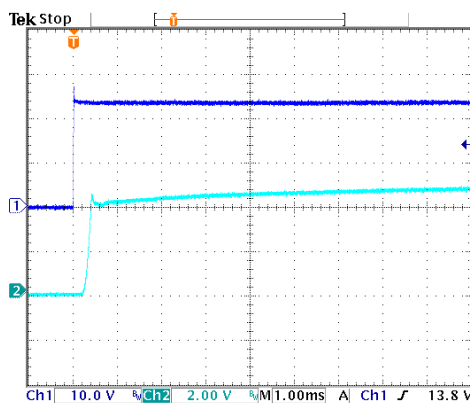
Efficiency versus Input Voltage, Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



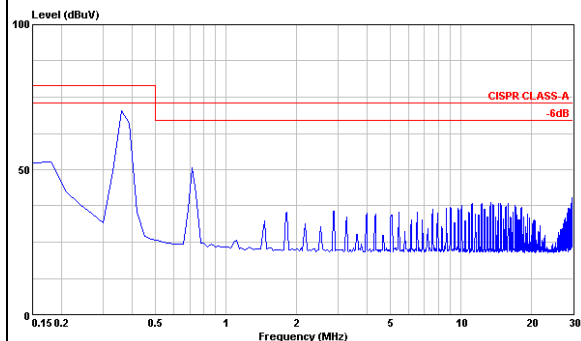
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



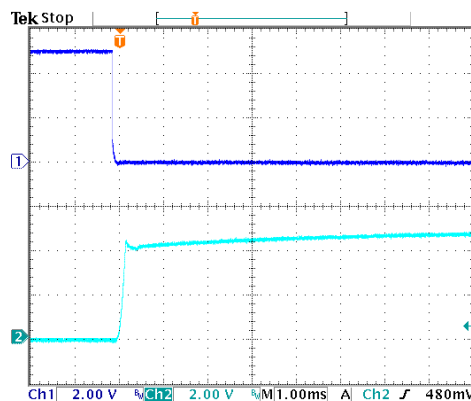
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

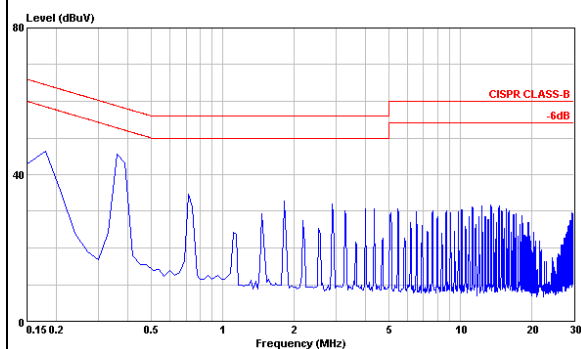
All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS05



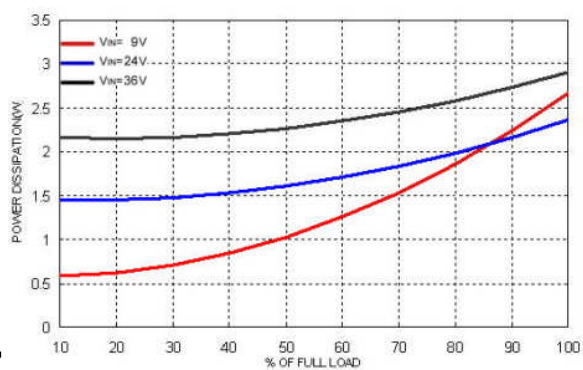
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



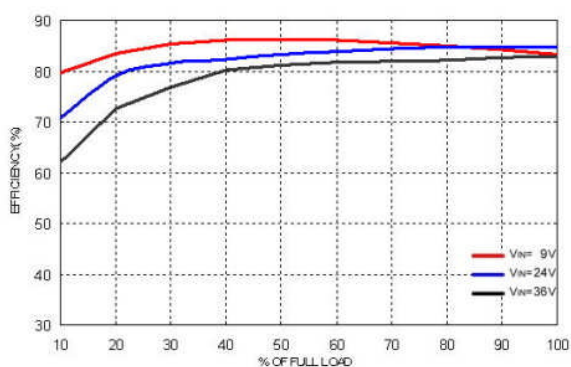
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



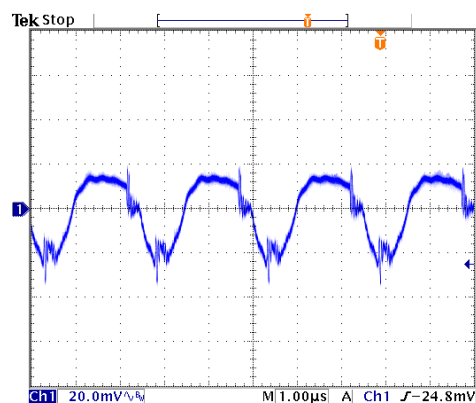
Power Dissipation versus Output Current

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS12

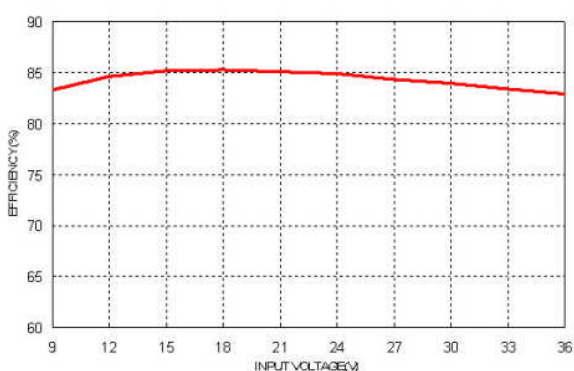


Efficiency versus Output Current

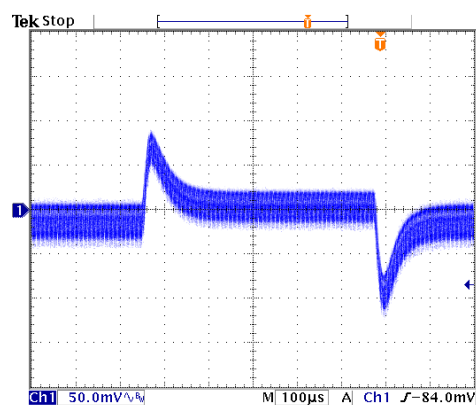


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

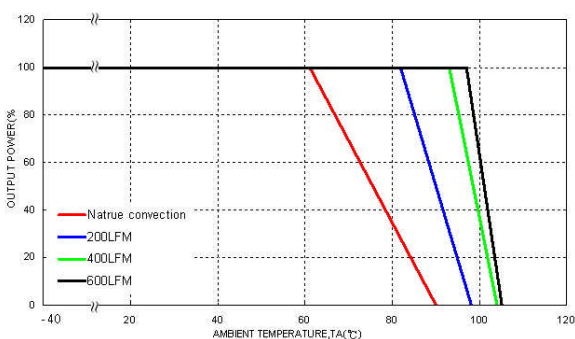
$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



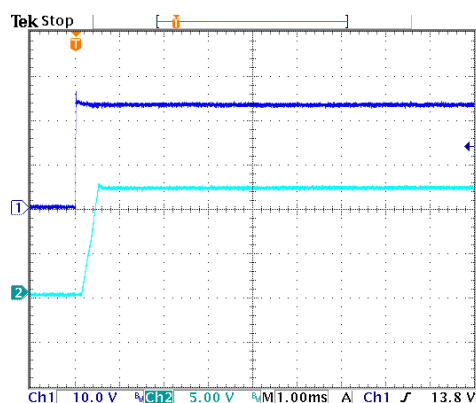
Efficiency versus Input Voltage. Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



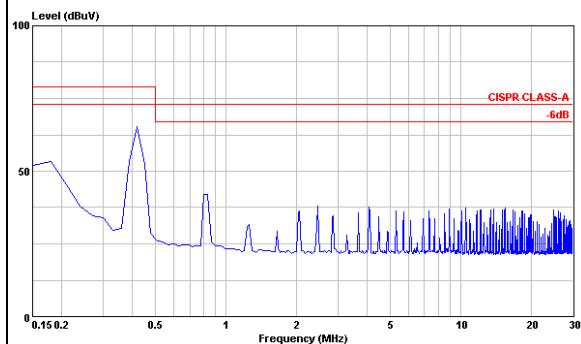
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



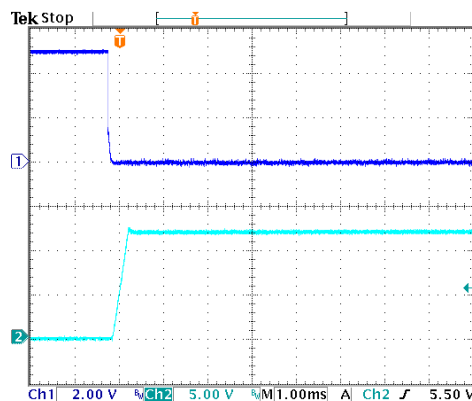
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

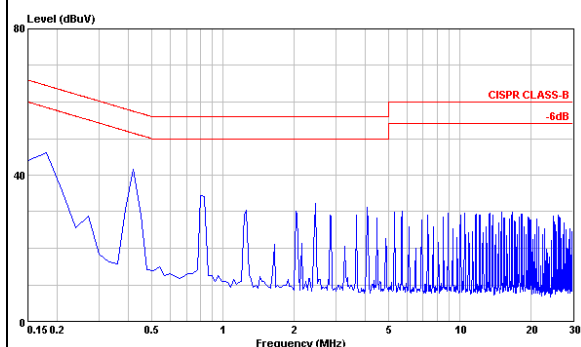
All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS12



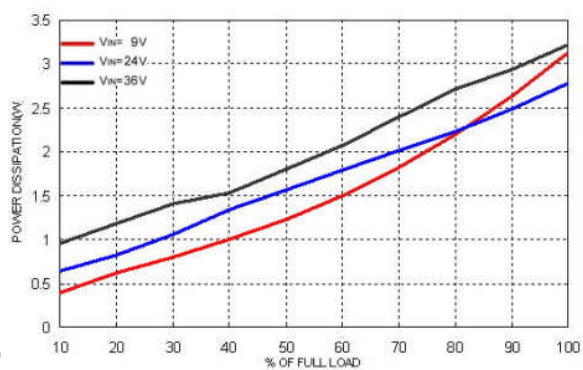
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



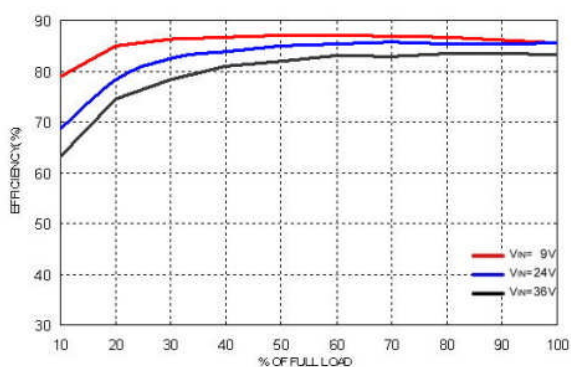
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



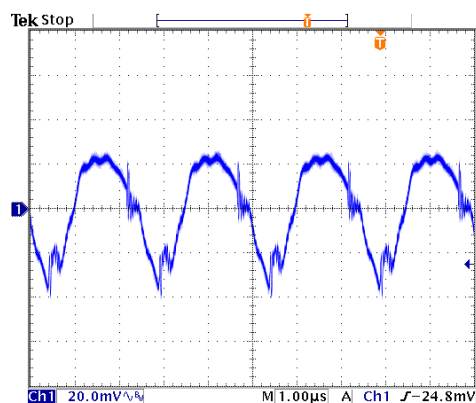
Power Dissipation versus Output Current

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS15

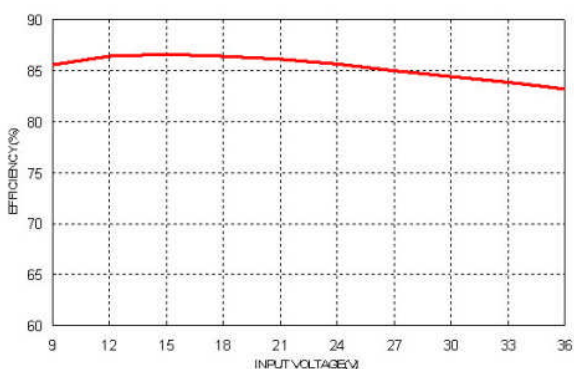


Efficiency versus Output Current

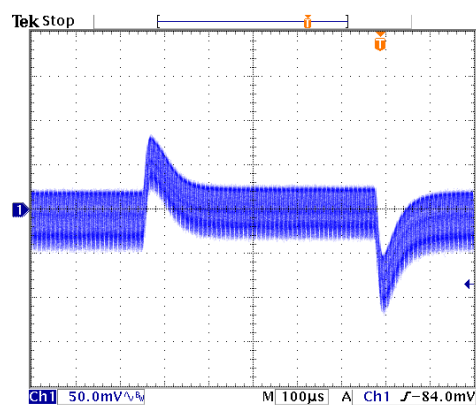


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

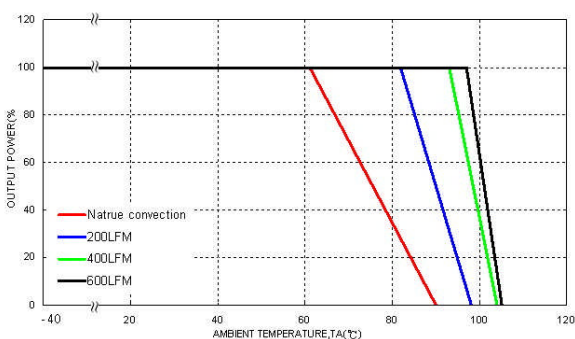
$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



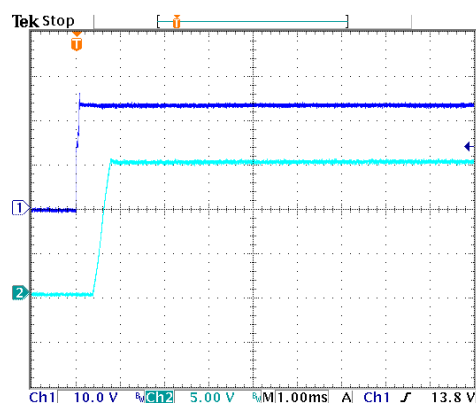
Efficiency versus Input Voltage. Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



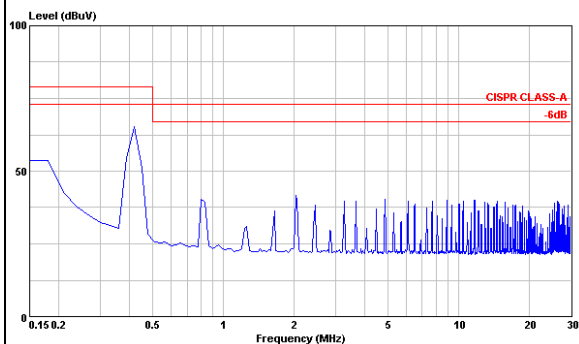
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



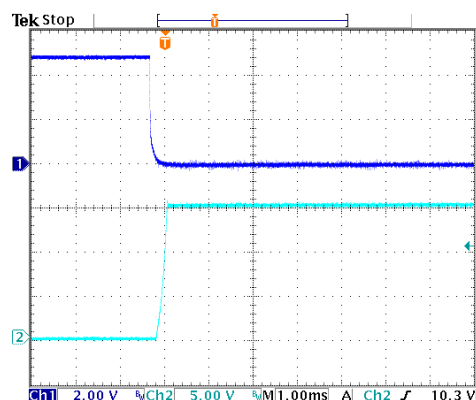
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

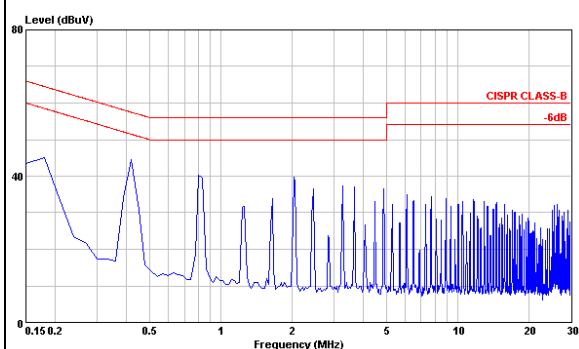
All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-24WS15



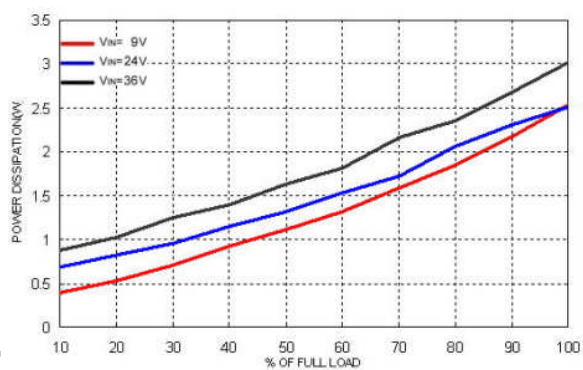
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



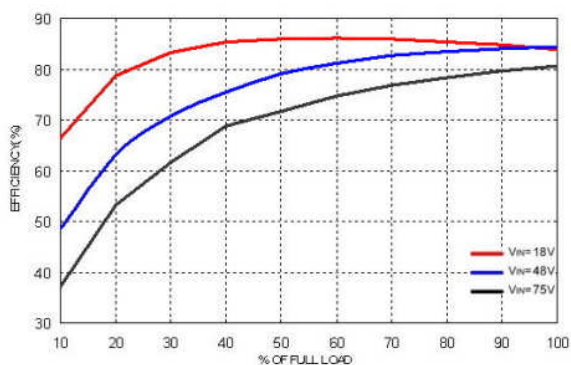
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



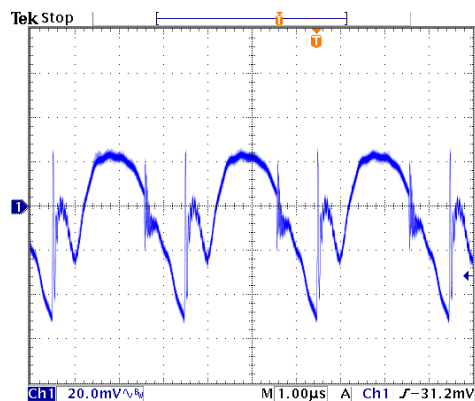
Power Dissipation versus Output Current

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS3P3

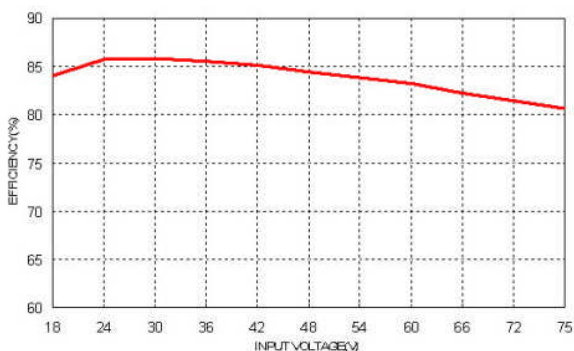


Efficiency versus Output Current

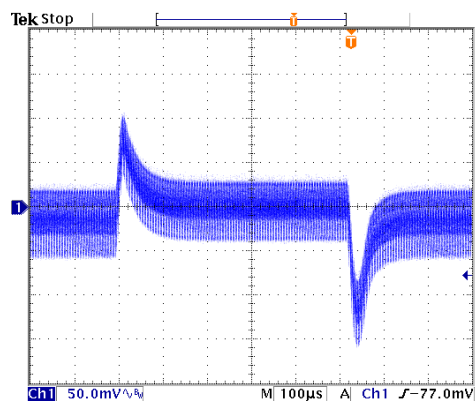


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

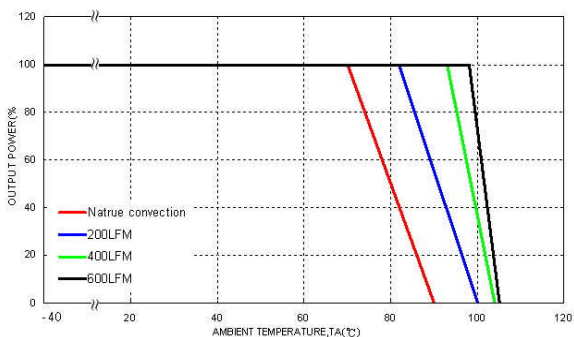
$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



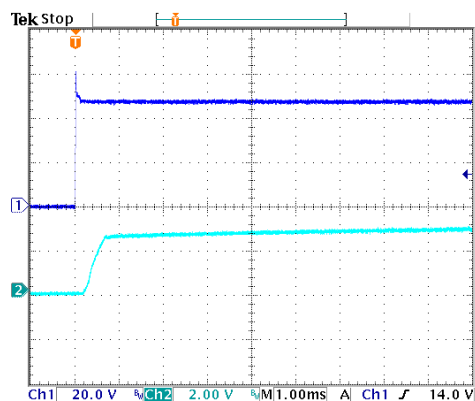
Efficiency versus Input Voltage, Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



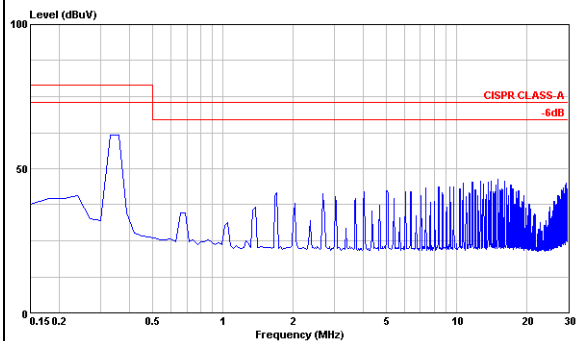
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load

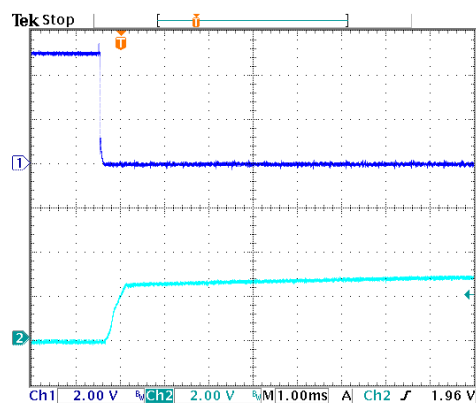
Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS3P3



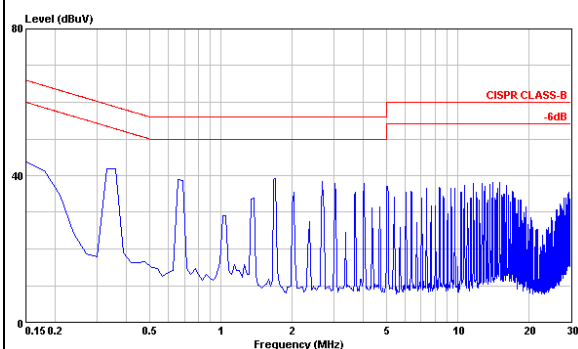
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A

$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



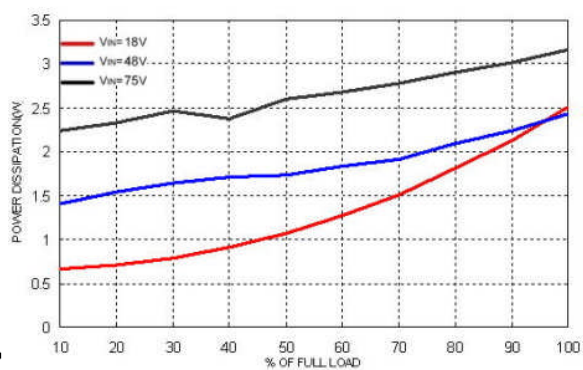
Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic

$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B

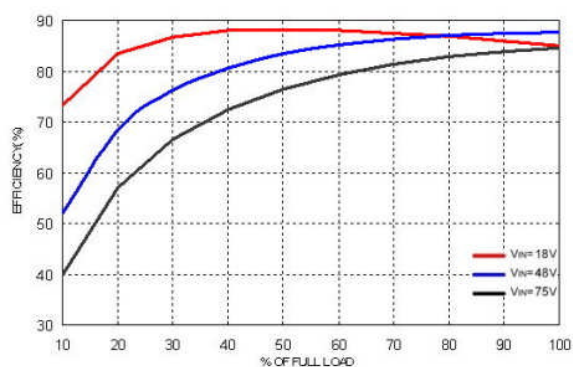
$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



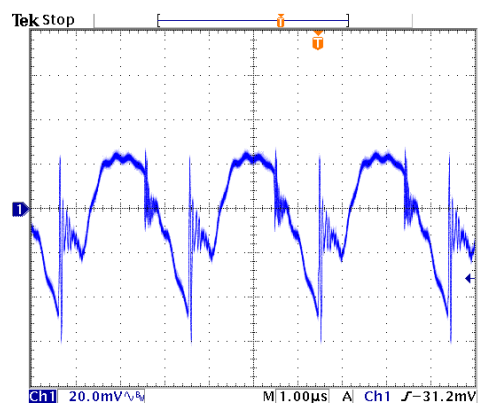
Power Dissipation versus Output Current

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS05

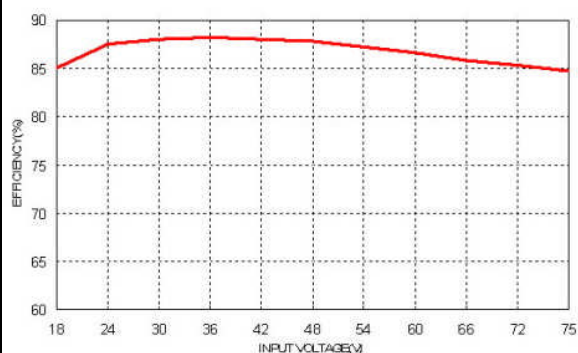


Efficiency versus Output Current

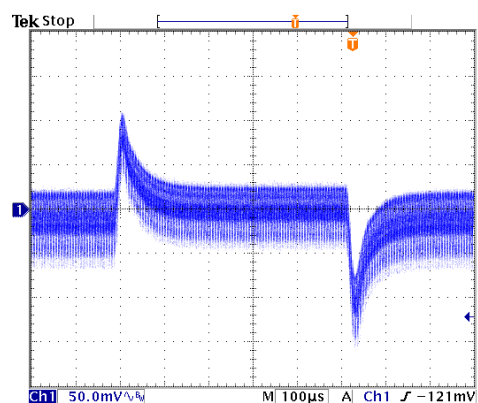


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

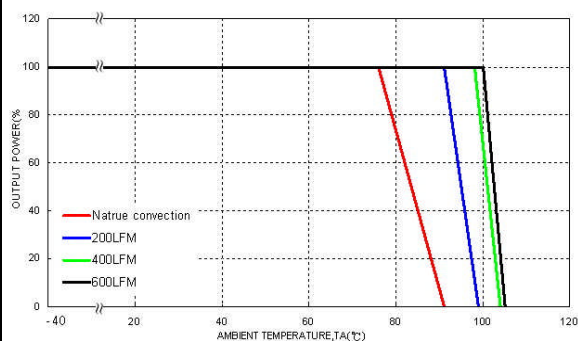
$V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



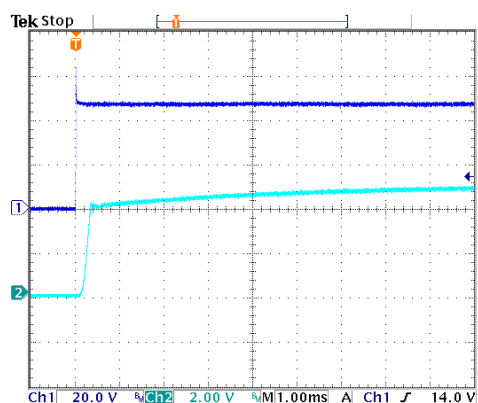
Efficiency versus Input Voltage, Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



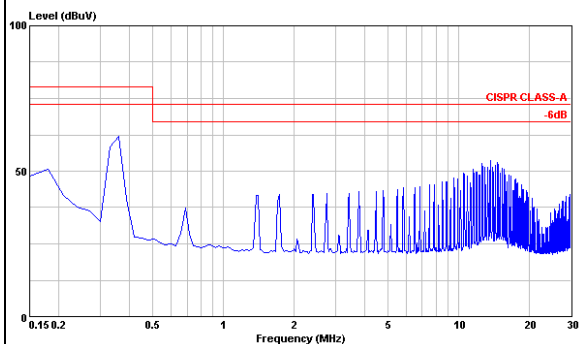
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$



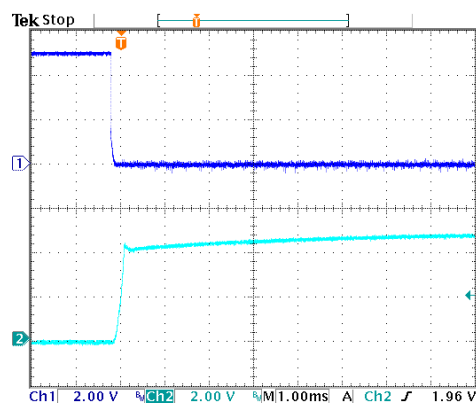
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

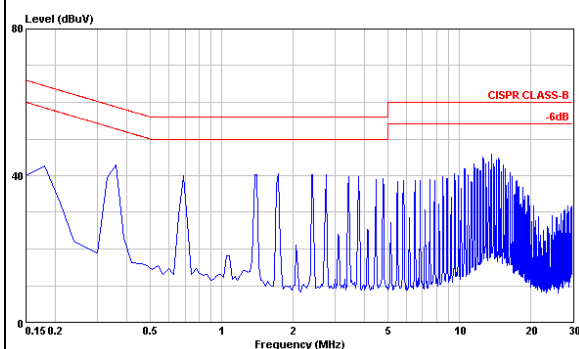
All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS05



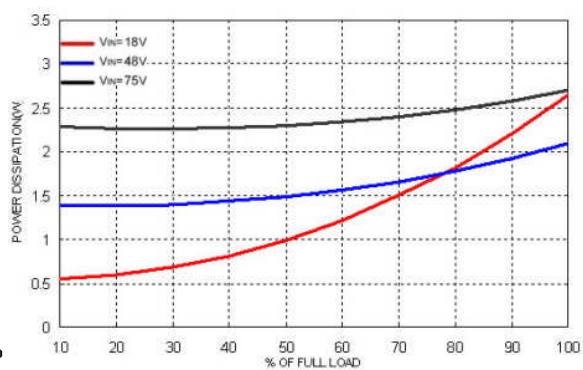
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



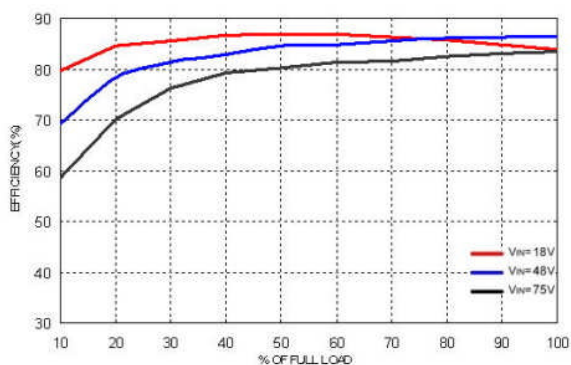
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



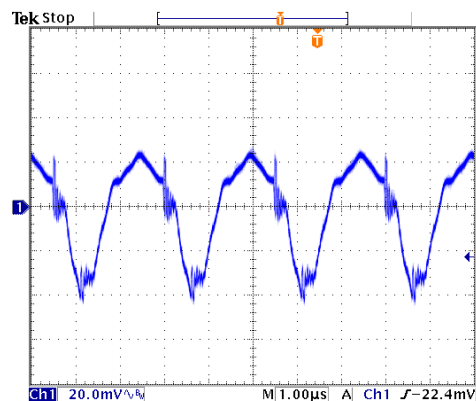
Power Dissipation versus Output Current

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS12

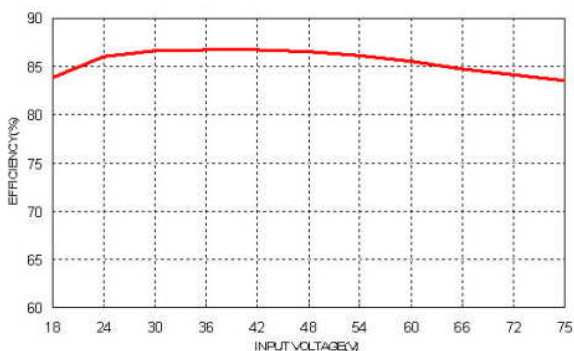


Efficiency versus Output Current

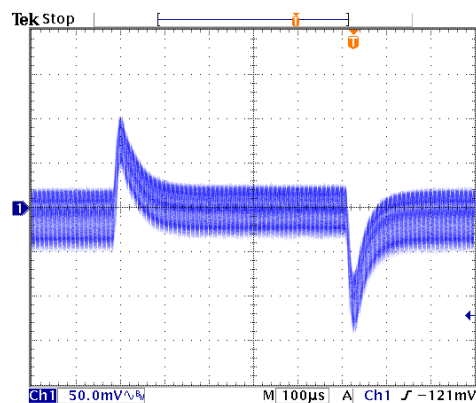


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

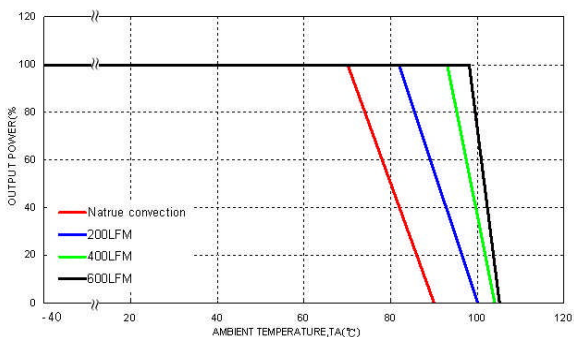
V_{in} = V_{in}(nom) ; Full Load



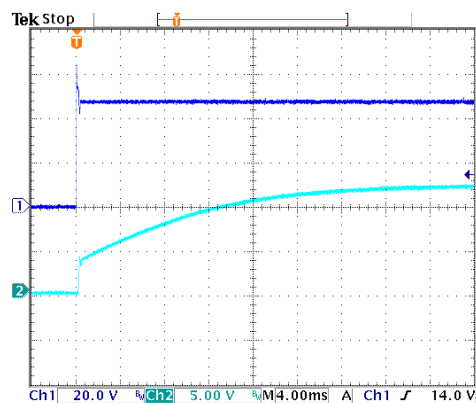
Efficiency versus Input Voltage. Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; V_{in} = V_{in}(nom)



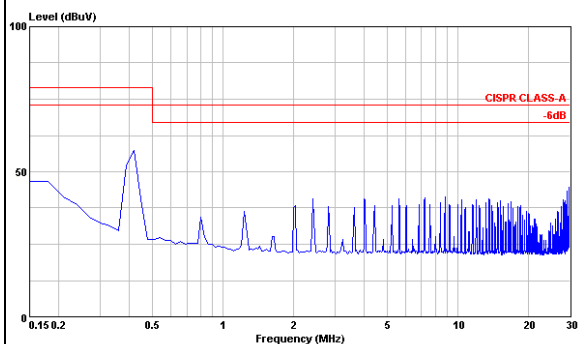
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
V_{in} = V_{in}(nom)



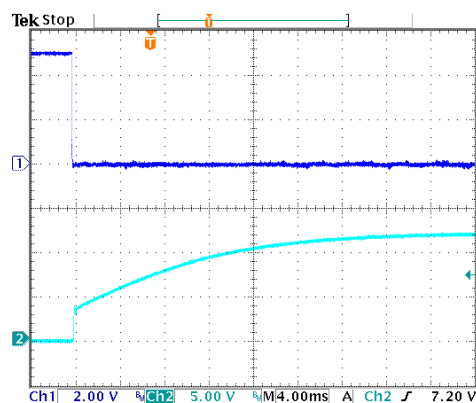
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
V_{in} = V_{in}(nom) ; Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

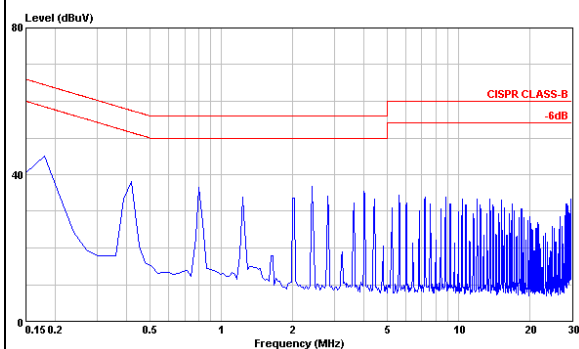
All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS12



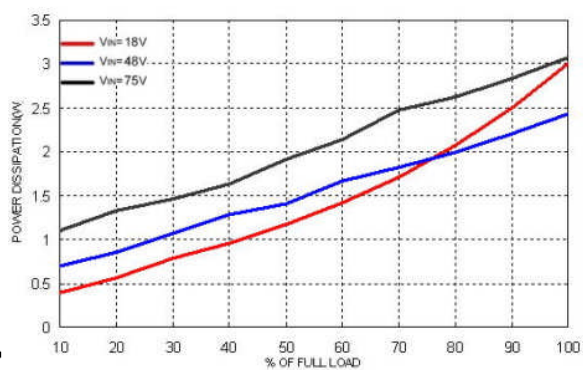
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



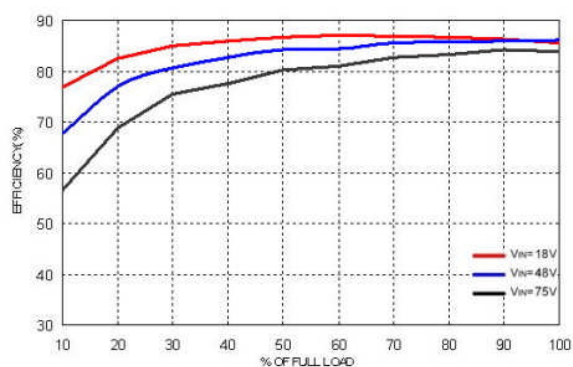
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



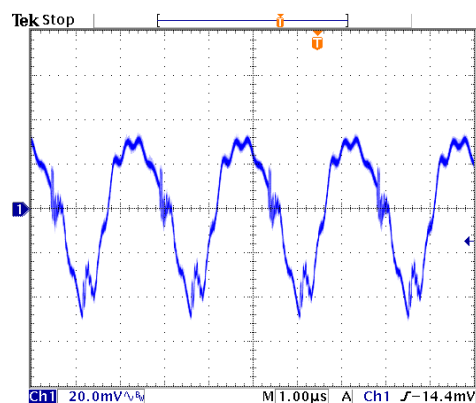
Power Dissipation versus Output Current

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS15

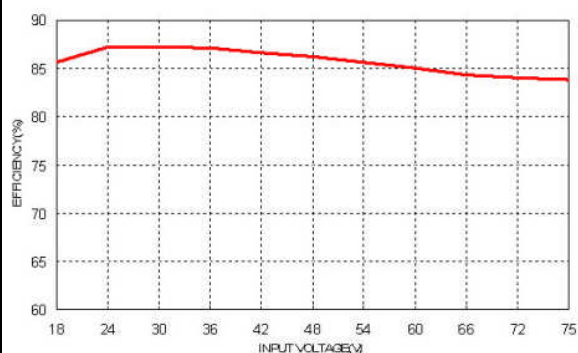


Efficiency versus Output Current

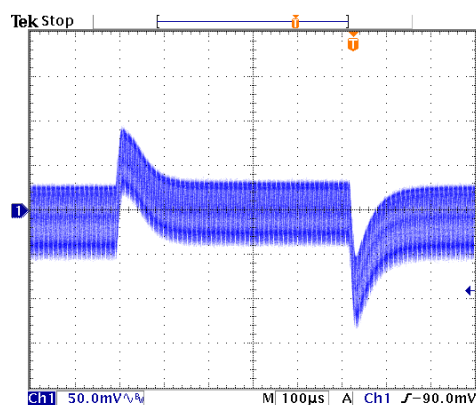


Typical Output Ripple and Noise.

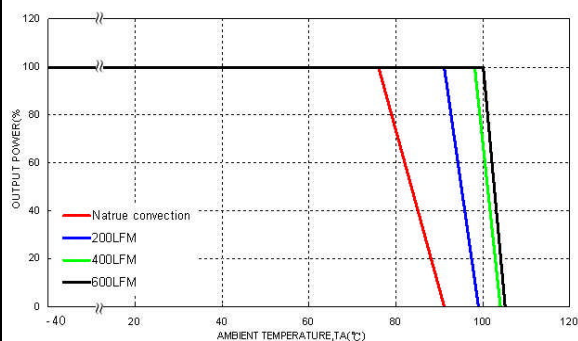
V_{in} = V_{in}(nom) ; Full Load



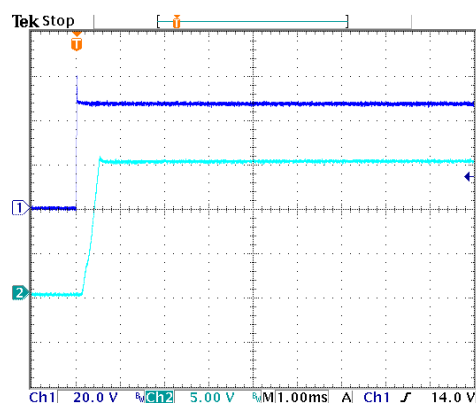
Efficiency versus Input Voltage. Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load ; V_{in} = V_{in}(nom)



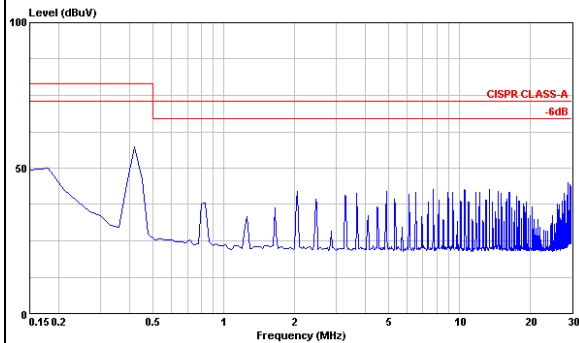
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
V_{in} = V_{in}(nom)



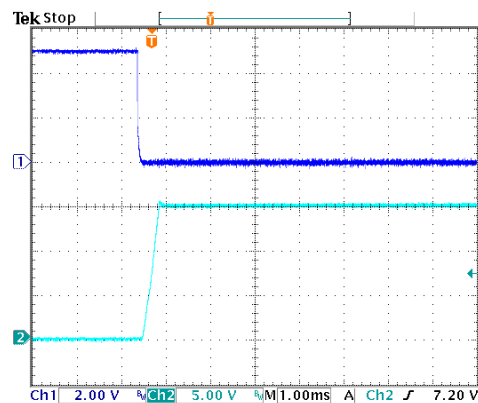
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
V_{in} = V_{in}(nom) ; Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

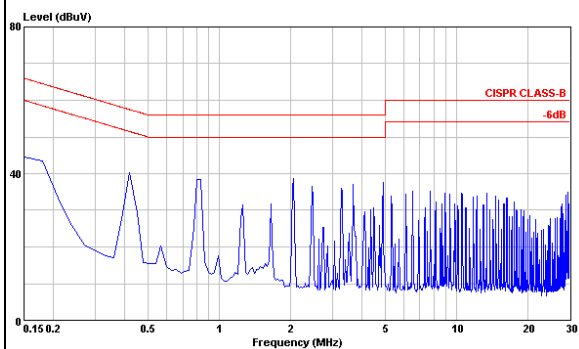
All test conditions are at 25 °C. PXA15-48WS15



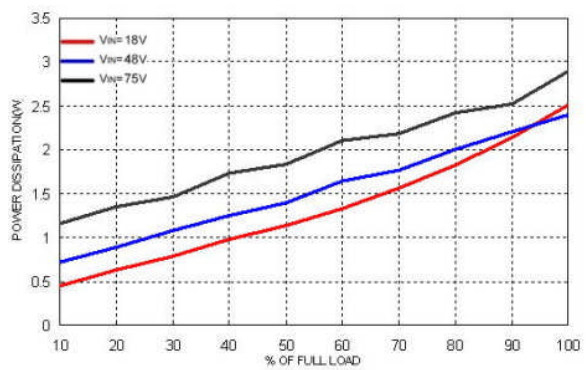
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class A
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and V_o Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



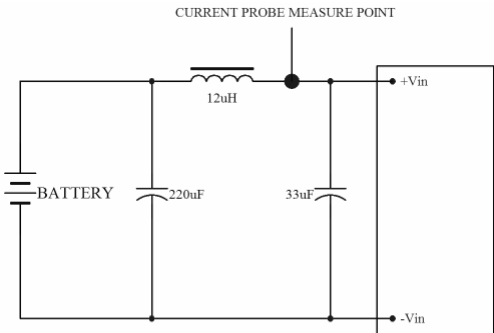
Conduction Emission of EN55022 Class B
 $V_{in} = V_{in(nom)}$; Full Load



Power Dissipation versus Output Current

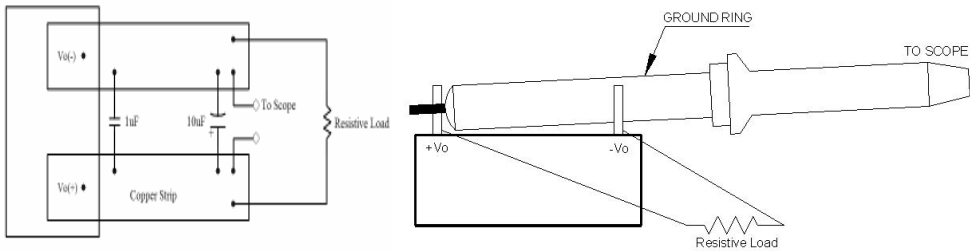
Testing Configurations

Input reflected-ripple current measurement

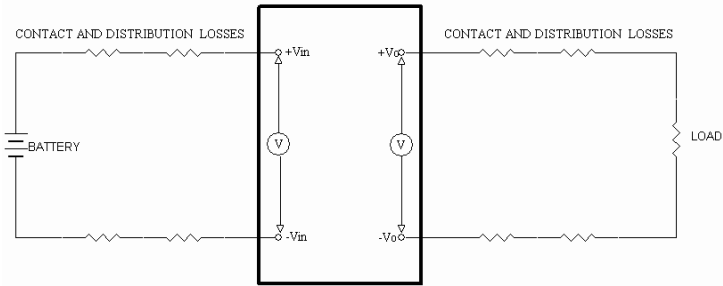


| Component | Value | Voltage | Reference |
|-----------|-------|---------|---------------------------------|
| L | 12µH | --- | --- |
| C | 220µF | 100V | Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor |
| C | 33µF | 100V | Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor |

Peak-to-peak output ripple & noise measurement



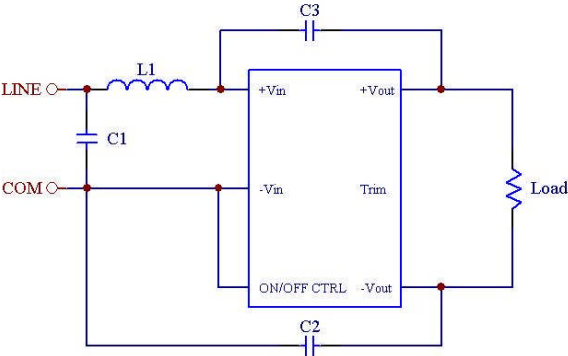
Output voltage and efficiency measurement



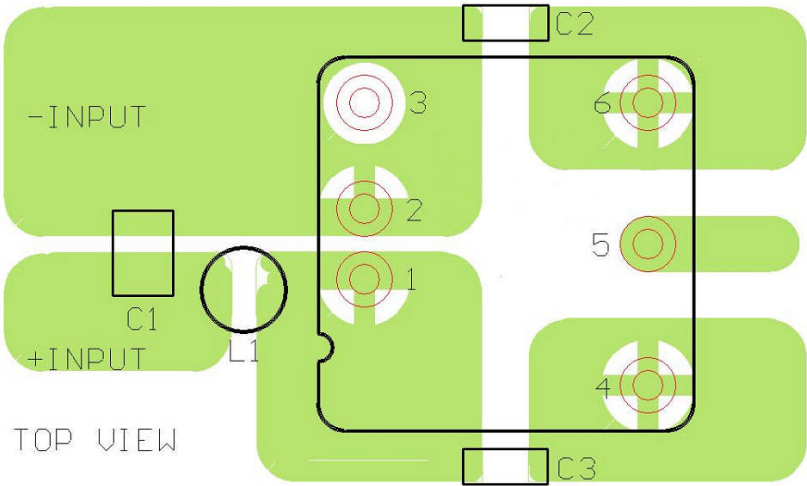
Note: All measurements are taken at the module terminals.

$$Efficiency = \left(\frac{V_o \times I_o}{V_{in} \times I_{in}} \right) \times 100\%$$

EMC considerations



Suggested schematic for EN55022 conducted emission Class A limits



Recommended layout with input filter

To meet conducted emissions EN55022 CLASS A, the following components are needed:

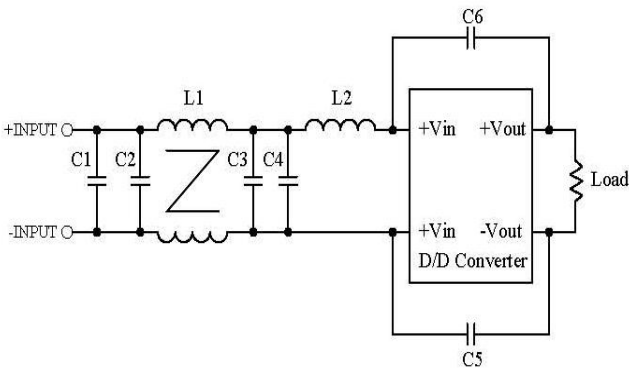
PXA15-24WSXX

| Component | Value | Voltage | Reference |
|-----------|-------------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| L1 | 10 μ H | --- | 2.6A 0.04 Ω 0705 SMD Inductor |
| C1 | 6.8 μ F | 50V | 1812 MLCC |
| C2 & C3 | 470pF | 3KV | 1808 MLCC |

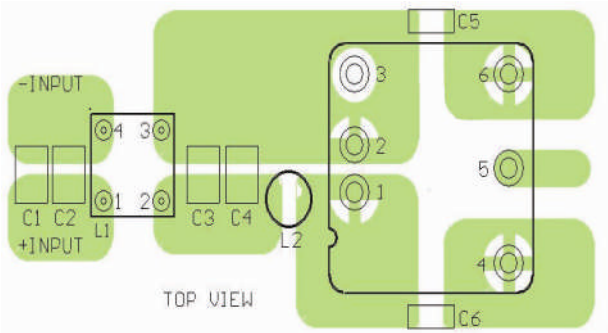
PXA15-48WSXX

| Component | Value | Voltage | Reference |
|-----------|-------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| L1 | 18 μ H | --- | 1.6A 0.1 Ω 0705 SMD Inductor |
| C1 | 2.2 μ F | 100V | 1812 MLCC |
| C2 & C3 | 470pF | 3KV | 1808 MLCC |

EMC considerations (Continued)



Suggested schematic for EN55022 conducted emission Class B limits



Recommended layout with input filter

To meet conducted emissions EN55022 CLASS B, the following components are needed:

PXA15-24WSXX

| Component | Value | Voltage | Reference |
|-------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| C1 | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| C2, C3 & C4 | 6.8 μ F | 50V | 1812 MLCC |
| C5 & C6 | 470pF | 3KV | 1808 MLCC |
| L1 | 145 μ H | ---- | Common Choke |
| L2 | 10 μ H | ---- | 2.6A 0.04 Ω 0705 SMD Inductor |

PXA15-48WSXX

| Component | Value | Voltage | Reference |
|-------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| C1 | 2.2 μ F | 100V | 1812 MLCC |
| C2, C3 & C4 | 2.2 μ F | 100V | 1812 MLCC |
| C5 & C6 | 470pF | 3KV | 1808 MLCC |
| L1 | 325 μ H | ---- | Common Choke |
| L2 | 33 μ H | ---- | 1.2A 0.13 Ω 0705 SMD Inductor |

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedance can affect the stability of the power module. Input external C-L-C filter is recommended to minimize input reflected ripple current. The inductor is simulated source impedance of 12 μ H and the capacitor is Nippon chemi-con KZE series 220 μ F/100V&33 μ F/100V. The capacitor must be located as close as possible to the input terminals of the power module for lower impedance.

Output Over Current Protection

When excessive output currents occur in the system, circuit protection is required on all power supplies. Normally, overload current is maintained at approximately 150 percent of rated current for PXA15WS single output series.

Hiccup-mode is a method of operation in a power supply whose purpose is to protect the power supply from being damaged during an over-current fault condition. It also enables the power supply to restart when the fault is removed.

One of the problems resulting from over current is that excessive heat may be generated in power devices; especially MOSFET and Schottky diodes and the temperature of those devices may exceed their specified limits. A protection mechanism has to be used to prevent those power devices from being damaged.

Output Over Voltage Protection

The output over-voltage protection consists of a Zener diode that monitors the output voltage on the feedback loop. If the voltage on the output terminals exceeds the over-voltage protection threshold, then the Zener diode will send a signal to the control IC to limit the output voltage.

Output Voltage Adjustment

Output voltage set point adjustment allows the user to increase or decrease the output voltage set point of a module. This is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the Vo (+) or Vo (-) pins. With an external resistor between the TRIM and Vo (-) pin, the output voltage set point increases. With an external resistor between the TRIM and Vo (+) pin, the output voltage set point decreases.

- Trim up equation

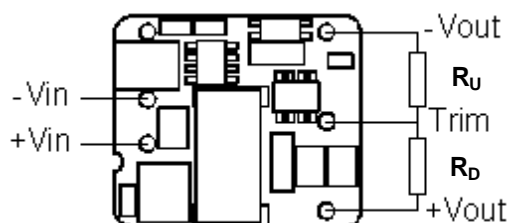
$$R_U = \left[\frac{G \times L}{(V_{O,up} - L - K)} - H \right] \Omega$$

- Trim down equation

$$R_D = \left[\frac{(V_{O,down} - L) \times G}{(V_O - V_{O,down})} - H \right] \Omega$$

- Trim constants

| Module | G | H | K | L |
|---------------|-------|------|------|-----|
| PXA15-XXWS3P3 | 5110 | 2050 | 0.8 | 2.5 |
| PXA15-XXWS05 | 5110 | 2050 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| PXA15-XXWS12 | 10000 | 5110 | 9.5 | 2.5 |
| PXA15-XXWS15 | 10000 | 5110 | 12.5 | 2.5 |



TRIM TABLE

PXA15-XXWS3P3

| Trim up (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 3.333 | 3.366 | 3.399 | 3.432 | 3.465 | 3.498 | 3.531 | 3.564 | 3.597 | 3.630 |
| R _U (K Ohms)= | 385.071 | 191.511 | 126.990 | 94.730 | 75.374 | 62.470 | 53.253 | 46.340 | 40.963 | 36.662 |
| Trim down (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 3.267 | 3.234 | 3.201 | 3.168 | 3.135 | 3.102 | 3.069 | 3.036 | 3.003 | 2.970 |
| R _D (K Ohms)= | 116.719 | 54.779 | 34.133 | 23.810 | 17.616 | 13.486 | 10.537 | 8.325 | 6.604 | 5.228 |

PXA15-XXWS05

| Trim up (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 5.050 | 5.100 | 5.150 | 5.200 | 5.250 | 5.300 | 5.350 | 5.400 | 5.450 | 5.500 |
| R _U (K Ohms)= | 253.450 | 125.700 | 83.117 | 61.825 | 49.050 | 40.533 | 34.450 | 29.888 | 26.339 | 23.500 |
| Trim down (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 4.950 | 4.900 | 4.850 | 4.800 | 4.750 | 4.700 | 4.650 | 4.600 | 4.550 | 4.500 |
| R _D (K Ohms)= | 248.340 | 120.590 | 78.007 | 56.715 | 43.940 | 35.423 | 29.340 | 24.778 | 21.229 | 18.390 |

PXA15-XXWS12

| Trim up (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 12.120 | 12.240 | 12.360 | 12.480 | 12.600 | 12.720 | 12.840 | 12.960 | 13.080 | 13.200 |
| R _U (K Ohms)= | 203.223 | 99.057 | 64.334 | 46.973 | 36.557 | 29.612 | 24.652 | 20.932 | 18.038 | 15.723 |
| Trim down (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 11.880 | 11.760 | 11.640 | 11.520 | 11.400 | 11.280 | 11.160 | 11.040 | 10.920 | 10.800 |
| R _D (K Ohms)= | 776.557 | 380.723 | 248.779 | 182.807 | 143.223 | 116.834 | 97.985 | 83.848 | 72.853 | 64.057 |

PXA15-XXWS15

| Trim up (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 15.150 | 15.300 | 15.450 | 15.600 | 15.750 | 15.900 | 16.050 | 16.200 | 16.350 | 16.500 |
| R _U (K Ohms)= | 161.557 | 78.223 | 50.446 | 36.557 | 28.223 | 22.668 | 18.700 | 15.723 | 13.409 | 11.557 |
| Trim down (%) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| V _{OUT} (Volts)= | 14.850 | 14.700 | 14.550 | 14.400 | 14.250 | 14.100 | 13.950 | 13.800 | 13.650 | 13.500 |
| R _D (K Ohms)= | 818.223 | 401.557 | 262.668 | 193.223 | 151.557 | 123.779 | 103.938 | 89.057 | 77.483 | 68.223 |

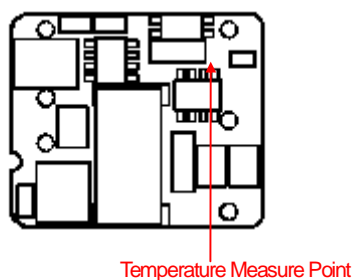
Short Circuit Protection

Continuous, hiccup and auto-recovery mode.

During a short circuit condition the converter will shut down. The average current during this condition will be very low and damage to this device should not occur.

Thermal Consideration

The power module operates in a variety of thermal environments. However, sufficient cooling should be provided to help ensure reliable operation of the unit. Heat is removed by conduction, convection, and radiation to the surrounding environment. Proper cooling can be verified by measuring the point as shown in the figure below. The temperature at this location should not exceed 120 °C. When Operating, adequate cooling must be provided to maintain the test point temperature at or below 120 °C. Although the maximum point temperature of the power module is 120 °C, maintaining a lower operating temperature will increase the reliability of this device.

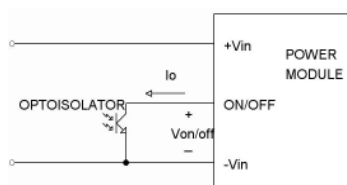


TOP VIEW

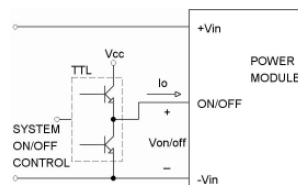
Remote ON/OFF Control

The Remote ON/OFF Pin is used to turn the DC/DC power module on and off. The user must connect a switch between the on/off pin and the V_i (-) pin. The switch can be open collector transistor, FET, or Photo-Coupler. The switch must be capable of sinking up to 1 mA at low logic level voltage. When using a high logic level, the maximum signal voltage is 15V and the maximum allowable leakage current of the switch is 50 μ A.

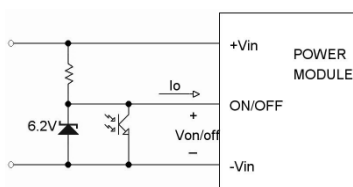
Remote ON/OFF Implementation Circuits



Isolated-Closure Remote ON/OFF



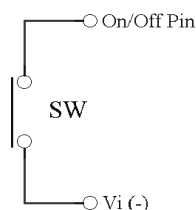
Level Control Using TTL Output



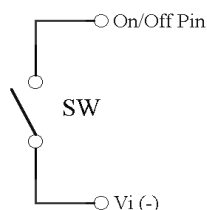
Level Control Using Line Voltage

There are two remote control options available, positive logic and negative logic.

a. Positive logic - The DC/DC module is turned on when the ON/OFF pin is at a high logic level. A low logic signal is needed to turn off the device.

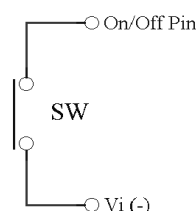


When PXA15WS module is turned off at Low logic level

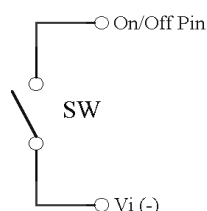


When PXA15WS module is turned on at High logic level

b. Negative logic - The DC/DC module is turned on when the ON/OFF pin is at low logic level. A high logic level signal is needed to turn off the device.



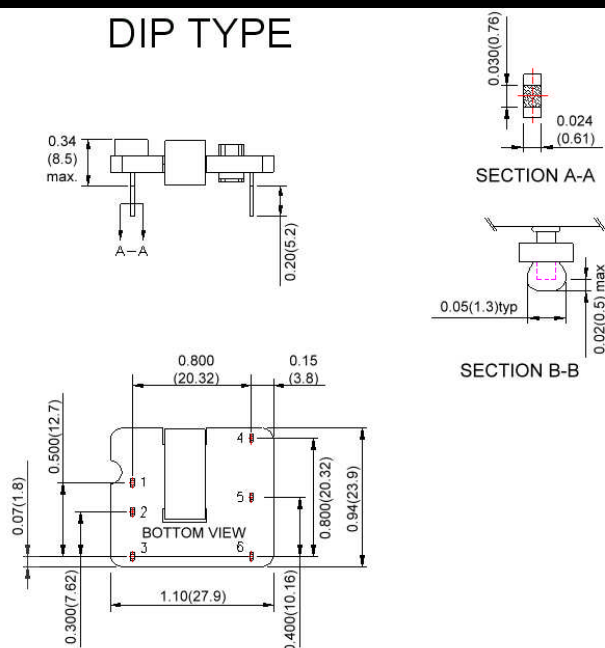
When PXA15WS module is turned on at Low logic level



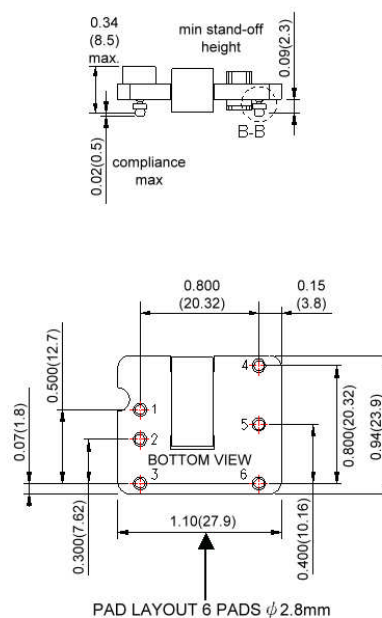
When PXA15WS module is turned off at High logic level

Mechanical Data

DIP TYPE



SMD TYPE



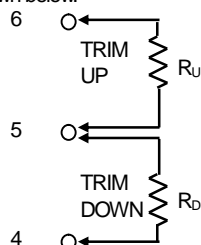
1. All dimensions in inches (mm)
2. Tolerance : $x.xx \pm 0.02 (x.xx \pm 0.5)$
 $x.xxx \pm 0.010 (x.xx \pm 0.25)$
3. Pin pitch tolerance $\pm 0.014 (0.35)$

PIN CONNECTION

| PIN | PXA15WS SERIES |
|-----|----------------|
| 1 | + INPUT |
| 2 | - INPUT |
| 3 | ON/OFF |
| 4 | +VOUT |
| 5 | TRIM |
| 6 | -VOUT |

EXTERNAL OUTPUT TRIMMING

Output can be externally trimmed by using the method shown below.



OPTIONS

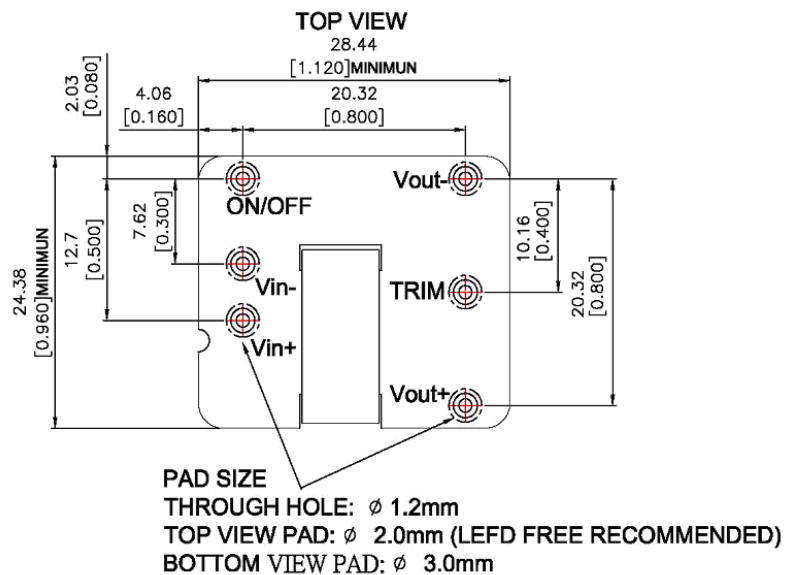
| Suffix | Description |
|--------|----------------|
| P | Positive Logic |
| N | Negative Logic |
| S | Surface Mount |
| T | Trim |
| | |
| | |

-NST or NT as standard
Delete suffix if not required

Recommended Pad Layout

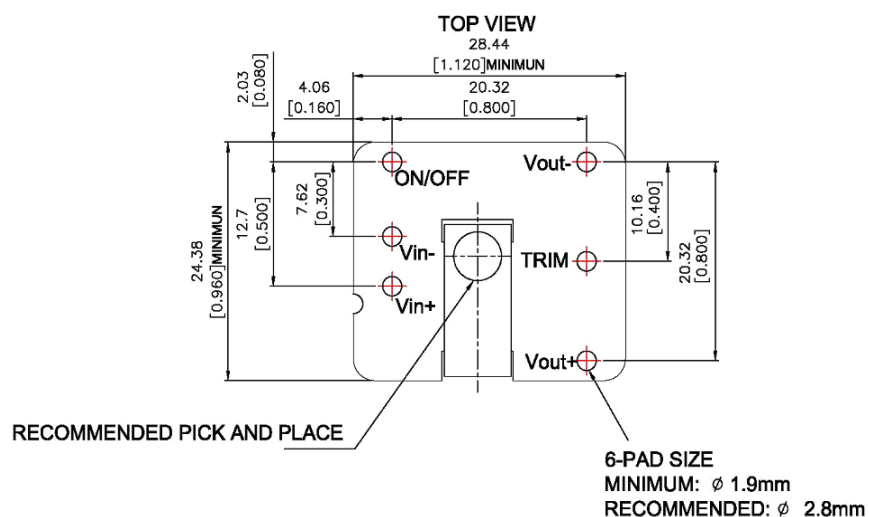
Recommended pad layout for DIP type

ALL Dimensions in millimeters (inches)
Tolerances:xx.xx mm±0.25mm (xx.xxx in ±0.010 in)



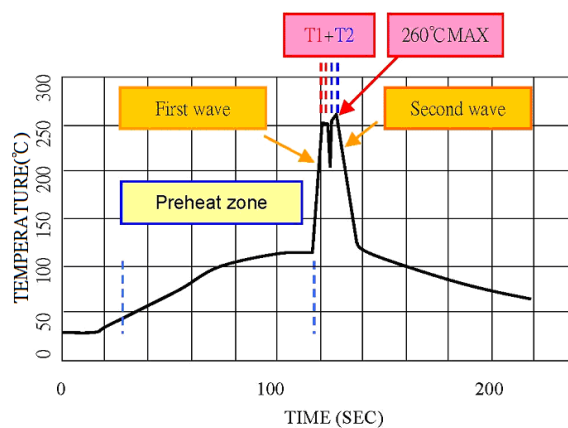
Recommended pad layout for SMD type

ALL Dimensions in millimeters (inches)
Tolerances:xx.xx mm±0.25mm (xx.xxx in ±0.010 in)



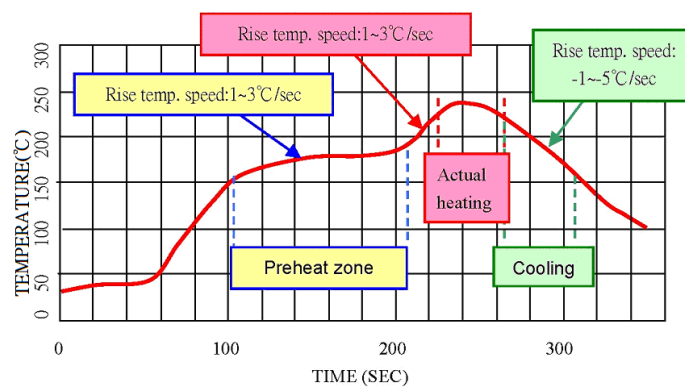
Soldering and Reflow Considerations

Lead free wave solder profile for DIP type



| Zone | Reference Parameter. |
|----------------|--|
| Preheat zone | Rise temp. speed: 3 °C/sec max. Preheat temp.100~130 °C |
| Actual heating | Peak temp. :250~260 °C Peak time(T1+T2 time):4~6 sec |

Lead free reflow profile for SMD type



| Zone | Reference Parameter. |
|----------------|--|
| Preheat zone | Rise temp. speed:1~3 °C/sec Preheat time:60~90sec Preheat temp.155~185 °C |
| Actual heating | Rise temp. speed:1~3 °C/sec Melting time:20~40 sec Melting temp:220 °C Peak temp. :230~240 °C Peak time:10~20 sec |
| Cooling | Rise temp. speed: -1~5 °C/sec |

Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Cleaning process

a. PWB cooling prior to cleaning:

Power modules and their associated application PWB assemblies should not be cleaned after soldering until the power modules have had an opportunity to cool to within the cleaning solution temperature. This will prevent vacuum absorption of the cleaning liquid into the module between the pins and the potting during cooling.

b. Cleaning process:

In aqueous cleaning, it is preferred to have an in-line system consisting of several cleaning stages (prewash, wash, rinse, final rinse, and drying). De-ionized (DI) water is recommended for aqueous cleaning; the minimum resistivity level is 1MΩ-cm. Tap-water quality varies per region in terms of hardness, chloride, and solid contents; therefore, the use of tap water is not recommended for aqueous cleaning. The total time of ultrasonic wave shall be less than 3 minutes.

Drying

After cleaning, dry converters at 100 °C, more than 10minutes to assure that the moisture and other potential foreign contaminants are driven out. For open power module construction having transformers and inductors that have unspotted windings, a baking process of 100 °C for 30 min. is recommended for the assembly to ensure that the moisture and other potential foreign contaminants are driven out from the open windings.

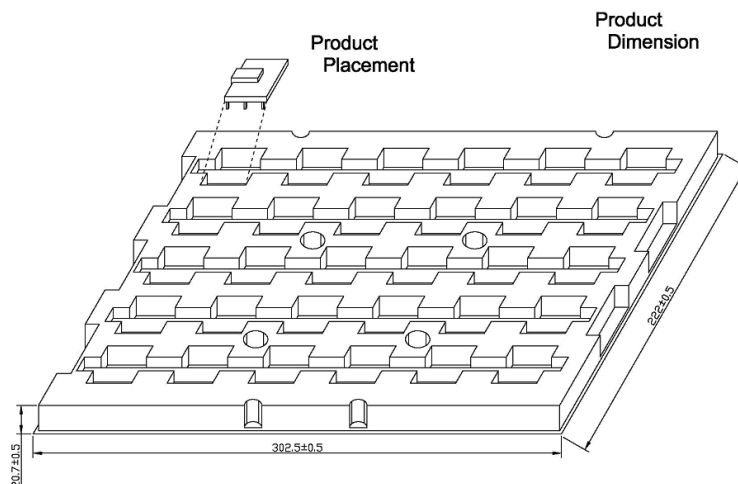
The drying section of the cleaning system should be equipped with blowers capable of generating 1000 cfm-1500 cfm of air so that the amount of rinse water left to be dried off with heat is minimal. Handheld air guns are not recommended due to the variability and inconsistency of the operation.

Product Post-wash external appearance

The marking or date-code may fade or disappear after cleaning.

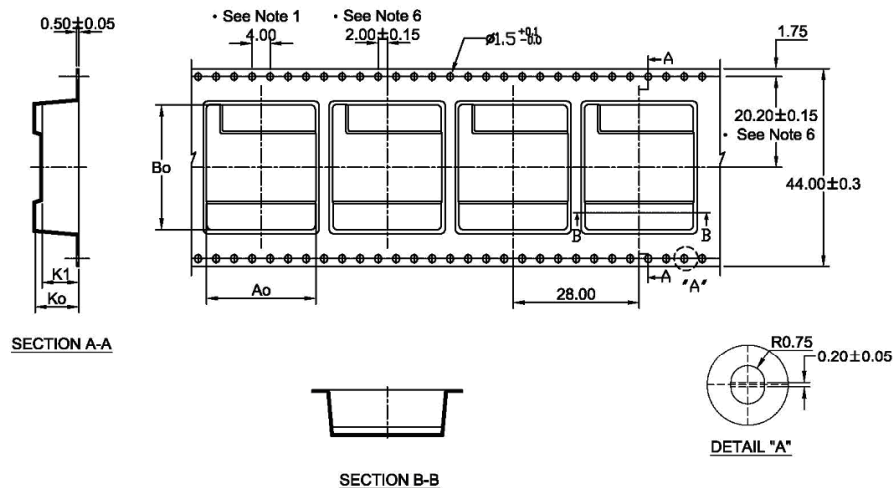
Packaging Information

Packaging information for DIP type



Notes:
1. Material: PS (thick=1.2mm)

Packaging information for SMD type

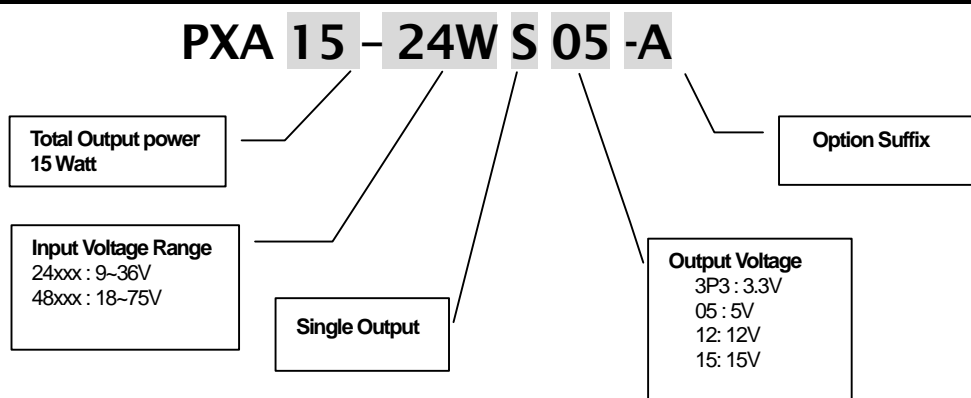


Notes:

1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance ± 0.2
2. Camber not to exceed 1mm in 100mm.
3. Material: Black Advantek Polystyrene.
4. Ao and Bo measured on a plane 0.3mm above the bottom of the pocket.
5. Ko measured from a plane on the inside bottom of the pocket to the top surface of the carrier tape.
6. Pocket position relative to sprocket hole measured as true position of pocket, not pocket hole.

Ao=24.30mm
Bo=27.80mm
Ko= 9.70mm
K1= 8.20mm

Part Number Structure



| Model Number | Input Range | Output Voltage | Output Current | Input Current | Eff ⁽²⁾ (%) |
|---------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | Full Load | Full Load ⁽¹⁾ | |
| PXA15-24WS3P3 | 9 - 36 VDC | 3.3 VDC | 4000mA | 680mA | 85 |
| PXA15-24WS05 | 9 - 36 VDC | 5 VDC | 3000mA | 754mA | 87 |
| PXA15-24WS12 | 9 - 36 VDC | 12 VDC | 1300mA | 793mA | 86 |
| PXA15-24WS15 | 9 - 36 VDC | 15 VDC | 1000mA | 763mA | 86 |
| PXA15-48WS3P3 | 18 - 75 VDC | 3.3 VDC | 4000mA | 340mA | 85 |
| PXA15-48WS05 | 18 - 75 VDC | 5 VDC | 3000mA | 377mA | 87 |
| PXA15-48WS12 | 18 - 75 VDC | 12 VDC | 1300mA | 397mA | 86 |
| PXA15-48WS15 | 18 - 75 VDC | 15 VDC | 1000mA | 382mA | 86 |

Note 1. Maximum value at nominal input voltage and full load.

Note 2. Typical value at nominal input voltage and full load.

Safety and Installation Instruction

Fusing Consideration

Caution: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This encapsulated power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple stand-alone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture. For maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included; however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a normal-blow fuse with maximum rating of 3A for PXA15-24WSXX modules and 1.5A for PXA15-48WSXX modules. Based on the information provided in this data sheet on Inrush energy and maximum DC input current; the same type of fuse with lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data for further information.

MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of PXA15WS SERIES of DC/DC converters has been calculated using:

Bellcore TR-NWT-000332 Case I: 50% stress, Operating Temperature at 40 °C (Ground fixed and controlled environment). The resulting figure for MTBF is 1.322×10^6 hours.

MIL-HDBK 217F NOTICE2 FULL LOAD, Operating Temperature at 25.. The resulting figure for MTBF is 5.147×10^5 hours.