

Data Sheet

Rev. 1.20 / February 2014

ZSPM4012B

High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter



High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter





Brief Description

The ZSPM4012B is a DC/DC synchronous switching regulator with fully integrated power switches, internal compensation, and full fault protection. The 1MHz switching frequency enables using small filter components, resulting in reduced board space and reduced bill-of-materials costs.

The ZSPM4012B utilizes current mode feedback in normal regulation pulse-width modulation (PWM) mode. When the regulator is disabled (EN pin is low), the ZSPM4012B draws less than $10\mu\text{A}$ quiescent current.

The ZSPM4012B integrates a wide range of protection circuitry, including input supply undervoltage lockout, output voltage soft start, current limit, V_{OUT} over-voltage, and thermal shutdown. The ZSPM4012B includes supervisory reporting through the PG (Power Good) open drain output to interface other components in the system.

Features

- Output voltage options (depends on order code):
 - Fixed output voltages: 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, or 5V with +/- 2% output tolerance
 - Adjustable output voltage range: 0.9V to 5.5V with +/- 1.5% reference
- Wide input voltage range: 4.5V to 24V
- 1MHz +/- 10% fixed switching frequency
- 2A continuous output current
- High efficiency up to 95%
- Current mode PWM control with pulsefrequency modulation (PFM) mode for improved light load efficiency
- Voltage supervisor for V_{OUT} reported at the PG pin
- Input supply under voltage lockout
- Soft start for controlled startup with no overshoot
- Full protection for over-current, overtemperature, and V_{OUT} over-voltage
- Less than 10µA in Disabled Mode
- Low external component count

For more information, contact ZMDI via Analog @zmdi.com.

Benefits

- · Increased battery life
- Minimal external component count (3 capacitors, 1 inductor)
- Inherent fault protection and reporting

Available Support

- Evaluation Kit
- Documentation

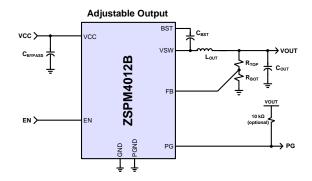
Physical Characteristics

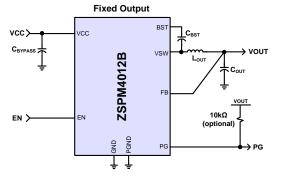
- Junction operating temperature -40°C to 125°C
- Packaged in a 16pin QFN (3x3mm)

Related ZMDI Products

- ZSPM4011B/ZSPM4013B: 1A/3A synchronous buck converters, available with adjustable output from 0.9 to 5.5V or fixed output voltages at 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 5.0V (16-lead 3x3mm QFN)
- ZSPM1000: >5A single-phase, single-rail, true digital PWM controller (24-pin 4x4mm QFN)

ZSPM4012B Application Circuits





High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter

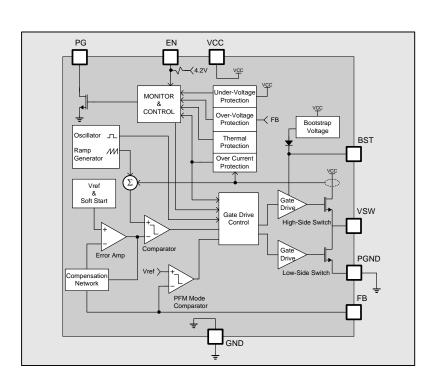




ZSPM4012B Block Diagram

Typical Applications

- Wireless access points, cable modems
- Set-top boxes
- DVD, LCD, LED supplies
- Portable products, including GPS, smart phones, tablet PCs
- Printers



Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Description	Package
ZSPM4012BA1W00	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: adjustable output, 0.9V to 5.5V, 16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W15	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 1.5V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W18	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 1.8V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W25	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 2.5V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W33	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 3.3V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W50	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 5.0V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BKIT	ZSPM4012B Evaluation Kit for 2A Synchronous Buck Converter	Kit

Sales and Further	Information	www.zmdi.	com An	Analog@zmdi.com		
Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG Global Headquarters Grenzstrasse 28 01109 Dresden, Germany	ZMD America, Inc. 1525 McCarthy Blvd., #212 Milpitas, CA 95035-7453 USA	Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG, Japan Office 2nd Floor, Shinbashi Tokyu Bldg. 4-21-3, Shinbashi, Minato-ku Tokyo, 105-0004	ZMD FAR EAST, Ltd. 3F, No. 51, Sec. 2, Keelung Road 11052 Taipei Taiwan	Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG, Korea Office U-space 1 Building 11th Floor, Unit JA-1102 670 Sampyeong-dong Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si		
Central Office: Phone +49.351.8822.306 Fax +49.351.8822.337	USA Phone 1.855.275.9634 Phone +1.408.883.6310 Fax +1.408.883.6358	Japan Phone +81.3.6895.7410 Fax +81.3.6895.7301	Phone +886.2.2377.8189 Fax +886.2.2377.8199	Gyeonggi-do, 463-400 Korea Phone +82.31.950.7679 Fax +82.504.841.3026		
European Technical Support Phone +49.351.8822.7.772 Fax +49.351.8822.87.772 Fax +49.351.8822.87.772 Fax +49.351.8822.87.772						
European Sales (Stuttgart) Phone +49.711.674517.85 Fax +49.711.674517.87955 Fix +49.711.674517.87955 Fix +49.711.674517.87955 Fix +49.711.674517.87955						













Contents

1	ZSPN	M4012B Characteristics	6
	1.1. A	Absolute Maximum Ratings	6
	1.2. T	Thermal Characteristics	6
	1.3. F	Recommended Operating Conditions	7
	1.4. E	Electrical Characteristics	7
	1.5. F	Regulator Characteristics	8
2	Typic	cal Performance Characteristics – ZSPM401x Family	10
3	Desc	ription of Circuit	13
	3.1. E	Block Diagram	13
	3.2. li	nternal Protection Details	14
	3.2.1	. Internal Current Limit	14
	3.2.2	. Thermal Shutdown	14
	3.2.3	. Voltage Reference Soft-Start	14
	3.2.4	. VCC Under-Voltage Lockout	14
	3.2.5	. Output Over-Voltage Protection	15
	3.2.6	. Output Under-Voltage Monitoring	15
4	Appli	cation Circuits	16
	4.1.	Selection of External Components	16
	4.2. T	Гурісаl Application Circuits	16
5	Pin C	Configuration and Package	17
		Marking Diagram & Pin-out	
	5.2. F	Pin Description for 16 LEAD 3x3mm QFN	19
	5.3. E	Detailed Pin Description	
	5.3.1	. Unregulated Input, VCC (Pins # 2, 3)	20
	5.3.2		
	5.3.3		
	5.3.4		
	5.3.5	, , ,	
	5.3.6	. Power Ground, PGND (Pins #14, 15)	20
	5.3.7	, ,	
	5.3.8		
6		ring Information	
7	Relat	ted Documents	21
8		sary	
9	Docu	ıment Revision History	22













List of Figures

Figure 2.1	Startup Response	10
Figure 2.2	100mA to 1A Load Step (VCC= 12V, VOUT =1.8V)	10
Figure 2.3	100mA to 2A Load (VCC=12V, VOUT = 1.8V)	10
Figure 2.4	100mA to 1A Load Step (VCC=12V, VOUT = 3.3V)	10
Figure 2.5	100mA to 2A Load Step (VCC=12V, VOUT = 3.3V)	10
Figure 2.6	Line Transient Response (VCC=10V to 15V, VOUT = 3.3V)	10
Figure 2.7	Load Regulation	
Figure 2.8	Line Regulation (I _{OUT} =1A)	11
Figure 2.9	Efficiency vs. Output Current (VOUT = 1.8V)	11
Figure 2.10	Efficiency vs. Output Current (VOUT = 3.3V)	11
Figure 2.11	Efficiency vs. Output Current (VOUT = 5V)	11
Figure 2.12	Efficiency vs. Input Voltage (VOUT = 3.3V)	11
Figure 2.13	Standby Current vs. Input Voltage	12
Figure 2.14	Standby Current vs. Temperature	12
Figure 2.15	Output Voltage vs. Temperature	12
Figure 2.16	Oscillator Frequency vs. Temperature (lout=300mA)	12
Figure 2.17	Quiescent Current vs. Temperature (No load)	12
Figure 2.18	Input Current vs. Temperature (No load, No switching)	12
Figure 3.1	ZSPM4012B Block Diagram	13
Figure 3.2	Monitor and Control Logic Functionality	14
Figure 4.1	Typical Application for Adjustable Output Voltage	16
Figure 4.2	Typical Application for Fixed Output Voltage	16
Figure 5.1	ZSPM4012B Package Drawing	17
Figure 5.2	16 Lead 3x3mm QFN (top view)	18
List of T	ables	
Table 1.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings	
Table 1.2	Thermal Characteristics	6
Table 1.3	Recommended Operating Conditions	
Table 1.4	Electrical Characteristics	7
Table 1.5	Regulator Characteristics	8
Table 5.1	Pin Description, 16 lead, 3x3mm QFN	19

High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter





1 ZSPM4012B Characteristics

Important: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" (section 1.1) may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" (section 1.3) is not implied. Exposure to absolute—maximum—rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

1.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value ¹⁾	UNIT
Voltage on VCC pin	-0.3 to 26.4	V
Voltage on BST pin	-0.3 to (VCC+6)	V
Voltage on VSW pin	-1 to 26.4	V
Voltage on EN, PG, FB pins	-0.3 to 6	V
Electrostatic Discharge – Human Body Model ²⁾	+/-2k	V
Electrostatic Discharge – Charge Device Model ²⁾	+/-500	V
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	260	°C

¹⁾ All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

1.2. Thermal Characteristics

Table 1.2 Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Air 1)	θја	34.5	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case 1)	$\theta_{\sf Jc}$	2.5	°C/W
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{J MAX}	150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-40 to 125	°C
1) Assumes 1 in² area of 2 oz. copper and 25℃ ambient t	emperature.	•	

²⁾ ESD testing is performed according to the respective JESD22 JEDEC standard.













1.3. Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 1.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Operating Voltage	VCC	4.5	12	24	V
Bootstrap Capacitor	C _{BST}	17.6	22	26.4	nF
Output Filter Inductor Typical Value 1)	L _{OUT}	3.76	4.7	5.64	μH
Output Filter Capacitor Typical Value 2)	Соит	33	44 (2 x 22)		μF
Output Filter Capacitor ESR	C _{OUT-ESR}	2	35	100	mΩ
Input Supply Bypass Capacitor Typical Value 3)	CBYPASS	8	10		μF

For best performance, an inductor with a saturation current rating higher than the maximum V_{OUT} load requirement plus the inductor current ripple.

1.4. Electrical Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics, T_J = -40°C to 125°C, VCC = 12V (unless otherwise noted)

Table 1.4 Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VCC Supply Voltage						
Input Supply Voltage	VCC		4.5		24	V
Quiescent Current: Normal Mode	I _{CC-NORM}	$VCC = 12V, \ I_{LOAD} = 0A, \ EN \geq 2.2$		5.2		mA
Quiescent Current: Normal Mode, Non-switching	I _{CC} NOSWITCH	VCC=12V, I_{LOAD} =0A, $EN \ge 2.2$ Non-switching		2.3		mA
Quiescent Current: Disabled Mode	I _{CC-DISABLE}	VCC = 12V, EN = 0V		5	10	μΑ
VCC Under Voltage Lockout						
Input Supply Under Voltage Threshold	VCC-UV	VCC Increasing	4.1	4.3	4.5	V
Input Supply Under Voltage Threshold Hysteresis	VCC- UV_HYST		300	325	350	mV
Oscillator						
Oscillator Frequency	f _{OSC}		0.9	1	1.1	MHz

²⁾ For best performance, a low ESR ceramic capacitor should be used.

³⁾ For best performance, a low ESR ceramic capacitor should be used. If C_{BYPASS} is not a low ESR ceramic capacitor, a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor should be added in parallel to C_{BYPASS}.













Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
PG Open Drain Output							
PG Release Timer	T _{PG}			10		ms	
High-Level Output Leakage	I _{OH-PG}	$V_{PG} = 5V$		0.5		μΑ	
Low-Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL\text{-PG}}$	$I_{PG} = -0.3 \text{mA}$			0.01	V	
EN Input Voltage Thresholds							
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH-EN}		2.2			V	
Low Level Input Voltage	$V_{\text{IL-EN}}$				0.8	V	
Input Hysteresis	V _{HYST-EN}			480		mV	
Input Leakage	I _{IN-EN}	V _{EN} =5V		3.5		μΑ	
		V _{EN} =0V		-1.5		μA	
Thermal Shutdown							
Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature	TSD	Note: Guaranteed by design	150	170		°C	
TSD Hysteresis	TSD _{HYST}			10		°C	

1.5. Regulator Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics, $T_J = -40$ °C to 125°C, VCC = 12V (unless otherwise noted)

Table 1.5 Regulator Characteristics

See important table notes at the end of the table.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Switch Mode Regulator: L _{OUT} =4.7μH and C _{OUT} =2 x 22μF								
Output Voltage Tolerance in Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) Mode	V _{OUT-PWM}	I _{LOAD} =1A	V _{OUT} – 2%	V _{OUT}	V _{OUT} + 2%	٧		
Output Voltage Tolerance in Pulse-Frequency Modulation (PFM) Mode	V _{OUT-PFM}	$I_{LOAD} = 0A$	V _{OUT} – 1%	V _{OUT} + 1%	V _{OUT} + 3.5%	٧		
Differential Voltage Between Vout and Vcc	V _{IN-OUT}	Steady State. (Example, VOUT maximum is 3.3V with VCC min of 4.5V)	1.2			V		
High Side Switch On Resistance 1)	D	I _{VSW} = -1A		180		mΩ		
Low Side Switch On Resistance 1)	R _{DSON}	I _{VSW} = 1A		120		mΩ		
Output Current	Іоит				2	Α		

Data Sheet February 18, 2014	© 2014 Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG — Rev. 1.20 All rights reserved. The material contained herein may not be reproduced, adapted, merged, translated, stored, or used without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information furnished in this publication is subject to changes without notice.	8 of 22
---------------------------------	--	---------



High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter









Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Over Current Detect	I _{OCD}	HS switch current	2.4	2.8	3.4	Α
Feedback Reference (Adjustable Mode)	FB _{TH}		0.886	0.9	0.914	V
Soft Start Ramp Time	t _{SS}			4		ms
PFM Mode FB Comparator Tolerance	FB _{TH-TOL}	For the adjustable version, the ratio of VCC/V _{OUT} cannot exceed 16.	-1.5		1.5	%
PFM Mode FB Comparator Threshold	FB _{TH-PFM}			V _{OUT} + 1%		V
V _{OUT} Under Voltage Threshold	V _{OUT-UV}		88% V _{OUT}	90% V _{OUT}	92% V _{OUT}	
V _{OUT} Under Voltage Hysteresis	V _{OUT} - UV_HYST			1.5% V _{OUT}		
V _{OUT} Over Voltage Threshold	V _{OUT-OV}			103% V _{оит}		
V _{OUT} Over Voltage Hysteresis	V _{OUT} -			1% V _{OUT}		
Max Duty Cycle 2)	DUTY _{MAX}		95%	97%	99%	

R_{DSON} is characterized at 1A and tested at lower current in production.

Regulator VSW pin is forced off for 240ns every 8 cycles to ensure the BST cap is replenished.











2 Typical Performance Characteristics – ZSPM401x Family

Graphs apply to ZSPM401x ICs. See section 1 for ZSPM4012B characteristics. Unless otherwise noted, T_J = -40°C to 125°C, VCC = 12V.

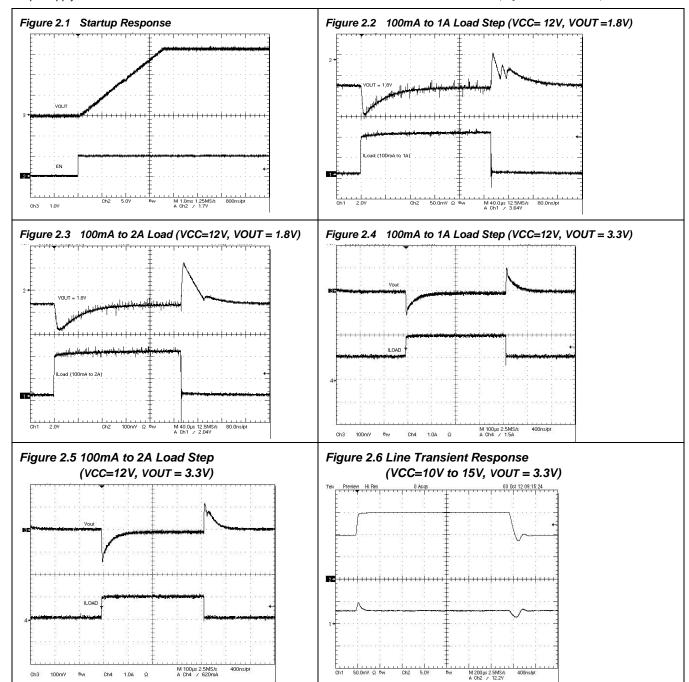












Figure 2.7 Load Regulation 3.34 3.33 3.32 3.31 3.3 VCC=6V VCC=12V 3.29 3.28 3.27 0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 3

Figure 2.8 Line Regulation (I_{OUT}=1A) 3 2.5 Vout=5V 2 1.5 1 0.5 0 -0.5 Vout=1.8V -1 -1.5 11 16 Input Voltage

Figure 2.9 Efficiency vs. Output Current (VOUT = 1.8V)

IOUT

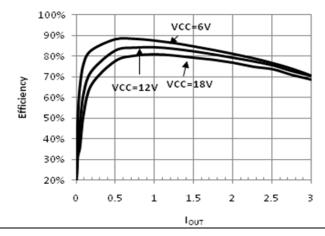


Figure 2.10 Efficiency vs. Output Current (VOUT = 3.3V)

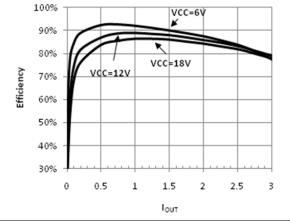
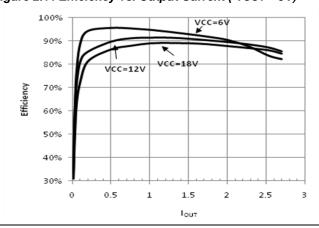
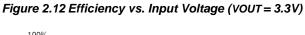


Figure 2.11 Efficiency vs. Output Current (VOUT = 5V)





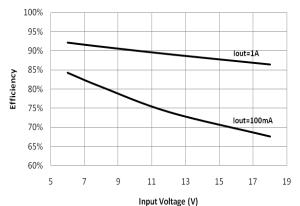








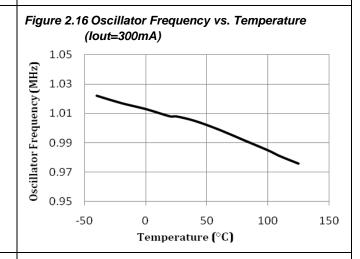


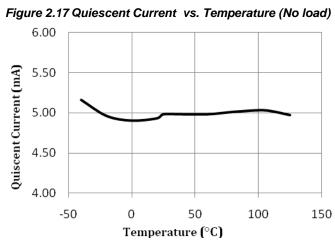


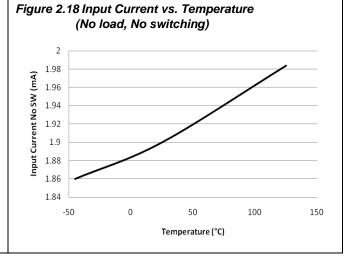
Figure 2.13 Standby Current vs. Input Voltage 8 Standby Current (uA) 5 4 3 5 10 25 15 20 Input Voltage(V)

Figure 2.14 Standby Current vs. Temperature 7.0 6.5 Standby Current (uA) 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 -50 50 100 150 Temperature (°C)

Figure 2.15 Output Voltage vs. Temperature 3.310 3.305 Iout=30mA 3.300 Output Voltage (V) 3.295 Iout=300mA 3.290 3.285 3.280 -50 0 50 100 150 Temperature (°C)











3 Description of Circuit

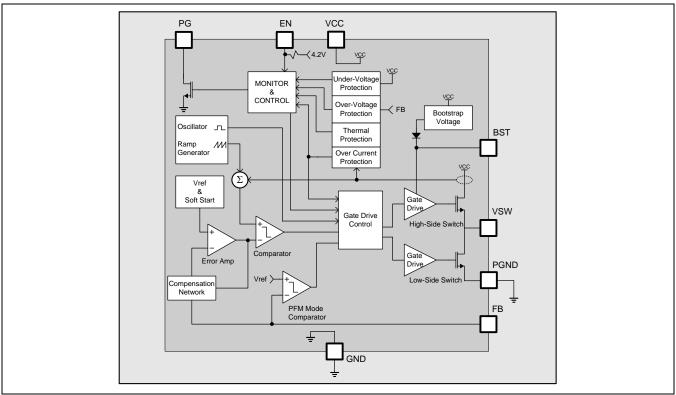
The ZSPM4012B current-mode synchronous step-down power supply product can be used in the commercial, industrial, and automotive market segments. It includes flexibility for a wide range of output voltages and is optimized for high efficiency power conversion with low R_{DSON} integrated synchronous switches. A 1MHz internal switching frequency facilitates low-cost LC filter combinations. The fixed-output versions also enable a minimum external component count to provide a complete regulation solution with only 4 external components: an input bypass capacitor, an inductor, an output capacitor, and the bootstrap capacitor. The regulator automatically transitions between pulse frequency modulation (PFM) and pulse width modulation (PWM) mode to maximize efficiency for the load demand.

See section 5.3.3 for details for adjusting V_{OUT} for the adjustable output version of the ZSPM4012B.

3.1. Block Diagram

Figure 3.1 provides a block diagram of the ZSPM4012B, and Figure 3.2 illustrates its monitor and control logic functions, which are explained in section 3.2.

Figure 3.1 ZSPM4012B Block Diagram

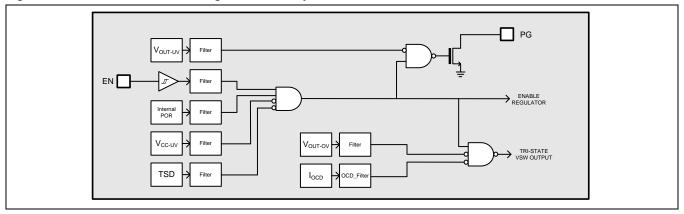


High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter





Figure 3.2 Monitor and Control Logic Functionality



3.2. Internal Protection Details

3.2.1. Internal Current Limit

The current through the high-side FET is sensed on a cycle-by-cycle basis, and if the current limit is reached, the over-current detection (OCD) circuit will abbreviate the cycle. The device also senses the FB pin to identify hard short conditions and will direct the VSW output to skip 4 cycles if the current limit occurs when FB is low. This allows current built up in the inductor during the minimum on-time to decay sufficiently. The current limit is always active when the regulator is enabled. Soft start ensures that current limit does not prevent regulator startup.

An additional feature of the over-current protection circuitry is that under extended over-current conditions, the device will automatically disable. A simple toggle of the EN enable pin will return the device to normal operation.

3.2.2. Thermal Shutdown

If the temperature of the die exceeds 170°C (typical), the thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit will set the VSW outputs to the tri-state level to protect the device from damage. The PG and all other protection circuitry will stay active to inform the system of the failure mode. If the ZSPM4012B cools to 160°C (typical), it will attempt to start up again, following the normal soft start sequence. If the device reaches 170°C, the shutdown/restart sequence will repeat.

3.2.3. Voltage Reference Soft-Start

The voltage reference in this device is ramped at a rate of 4ms to prevent the output from overshoot during startup. This ramp restarts whenever there is a rising edge sensed on the EN pin. This occurs in both the fixed and adjustable versions. During the soft start ramp, current limit is still active and still protects the device if the output is shorted.

3.2.4. VCC Under-Voltage Lockout

The ZSPM4012B is held in the off state until VCC reaches 4.3V (typical). See section 1.4 for the input hysteresis.

High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter





3.2.5. Output Over-Voltage Protection

If the output of the regulator exceeds 103% of the regulation voltage, the output over-voltage (OUT-OV) protection circuit will set the VSW outputs to the tri-state level to protect the ZSPM4012B from damage. (See Figure 3.2.) This check occurs at the start of each switching cycle. If it occurs during the middle of a cycle, the switching for that cycle will complete and the VSW outputs will tri-state at the start of the next cycle.

3.2.6. Output Under-Voltage Monitoring

The switched mode output voltage is also monitored by the output under-voltage circuit (OUT-UV) as shown in Figure 3.2. The PG line remains low until the output voltage reaches the V_{OUT-UV} threshold (see Table 1.5). Once the internal comparator detects that the output voltage is above the desired threshold, an internal delay timer is activated and the PG line is de-asserted (to high) once this delay timer expires. In the event that the output voltage decreases below V_{OUT-UV} , the PG line will be asserted low and remain low until the output rises above V_{OUT-UV} and the delay timer times out. There is a hysteresis for the V_{OUT-UV} threshold (see Table 1.5).





4 Application Circuits

4.1. Selection of External Components

The internal compensation is optimized for a $44\mu\text{F}$ output capacitor (C_{OUT}) and a $4.7\mu\text{H}$ inductor (L_{OUT}). The minimum allowable value for the output capacitor is $33\mu\text{F}$. To keep the output ripple low, a low ESR (less than $35\text{m}\Omega$) ceramic is recommended. The inductor range is $4.7\mu\text{H}$ +/-20%. For optimal over-current protection, the inductor should be able to handle up to the regulator current limit without saturation.

Connect the VCC pin to the bypass capacitor C_{BYPASS} to improve performance (see section 5.3.1 and Table 1.3).

Connect the BST pin to the bootstrap capacitor C_{BST} as described in section 5.3.2. See Table 1.3 for the recommended value.

For the adjustable version of the ZSPM4012B, an external voltage resistor divider is required (R_{TOP} and R_{BOT}). See section 5.3.3 for details.

4.2. Typical Application Circuits

Figure 4.1 Typical Application for Adjustable Output Voltage

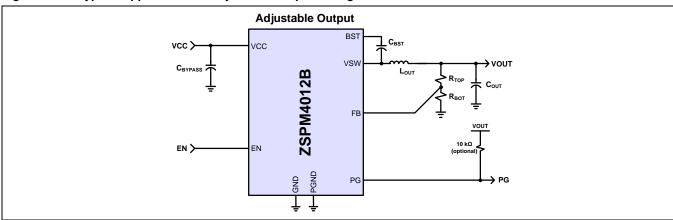
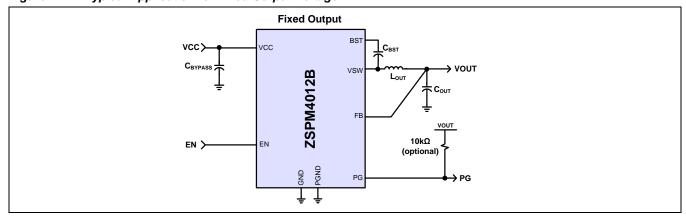


Figure 4.2 Typical Application for Fixed Output Voltage

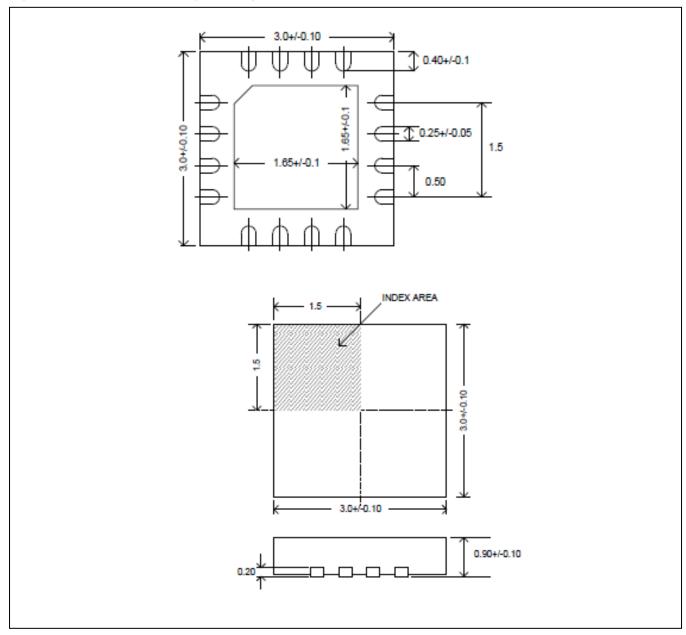






5 Pin Configuration and Package

Figure 5.1 ZSPM4012B Package Drawing



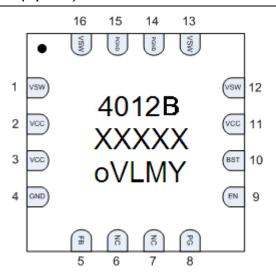
High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter





5.1. Marking Diagram & Pin-out

Figure 5.2 16 Lead 3x3mm QFN (top view)



4012B: Part Name

B: Revision

XXXXX: Lot number (last five digits)

O: Pin 1 mark VL: Voltage level

- 15 1.5V
- 18 1.8V
- 25 2.5V
- 33 3.3V
- 50 5.0V
- 00 0.9V 5.5V variable

MY: Date Code

M = Month

- 1 January
- 2 February
- 3 March
- 4 April
- 5 May
- 6 June
- 7 July
- 8 August
- 9 September
- A October
- B November
- C December

Y = Year

- A 2011
- B 2012
- C 2013
- etc.













5.2. Pin Description for 16 LEAD 3x3mm QFN

Table 5.1 Pin Description, 16 lead, 3x3mm QFN

Name	Pin#	Function	Description		
VSW	1	Switching Voltage Node	Connected to a 4.7µH (typical) inductor. Also connect to additional VSW pins 12, 13, and 16.		
VCC	2	Input Voltage	Input voltage. Also connect to additional VCC pins 3 and 11.		
VCC	3	Input Voltage	Input voltage. Also connect to additional VCC pins 2 and 11.		
GND	4	GND	Primary ground for the majority of the device except the low-side power FET.		
FB	5	Feedback Input	Regulator FB voltage. Connects to V_{OUT} for fixed-mode and the output resistor divider for adjustable mode.		
NC	6	No Connect	Not connected.		
NC	7	No Connect	Not connected.		
PG	8	PG Output	Open-drain output.		
EN	9	Enable Input	Above 2.2V the device is enabled. Ground this pin to disable the ZSPM4012B. Includes internal pull-up.		
BST	10	Bootstrap Capacitor	Bootstrap capacitor for the high-side FET gate driver. Connect a 22nF ceramic capacitor from BST pin to VSW pin.		
VCC	11	Input Voltage	Input voltage. Also connect to additional VCC pins 2 and 3.		
VSW	12	Switching Voltage Node	Connect to additional VSW pins 1, 13, and 16.		
VSW	13	Switching Voltage Node	Connect to additional VSW pins 1, 12, and 16.		
PGND	14	Power GND	GND supply for internal low-side FET/integrated diode. Also connect to additional PGND pin 15.		
PGND	15	Power GND	GND supply for internal low-side FET/integrated diode. Also connect to additional PGND pin 14.		
VSW	16	Switching Voltage Node	Connect to additional VSW pins 1, 12, and 13.		

High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter





5.3. Detailed Pin Description

5.3.1. Unregulated Input, VCC (Pins # 2, 3)

This terminal is the unregulated input voltage source for the ZSPM4012B. It is recommended that a 10µF bypass capacitor be placed close to the device for best performance. Since this is the main supply for the ZSPM4012B, good layout practices must be followed for this connection.

5.3.2. Bootstrap Control, BST (Pin #10)

This terminal will provide the bootstrap voltage required for the high-side internal NMOS switch of the buck regulator. An external ceramic capacitor placed between the BST input terminal, and the VSW pin will provide the necessary voltage for the high-side switch. In normal operation, the capacitor is re-charged on every low side synchronous switching action. If the switch mode approaches 100% duty cycle for the high side FET, the device will automatically reduce the duty cycle switch to a minimum off time on every 8th cycle to allow this capacitor to re-charge.

5.3.3. Sense Feedback, FB (Pin #5)

This is the input terminal for the output voltage feedback. For the fixed-mode versions, this should be connected directly to V_{OUT} . The connection on the PCB should be kept as short as possible and should be made as close as possible to the capacitor. The trace should not be shared with any other connection. For adjustable-mode versions of the ZSPM4012B, this should be connected to the external resistor divider. To choose the resistors, use the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.9 (1 + R_{TOP}/R_{BOT})$$

The input to the FB pin is high impedance, and input current should be less than 100nA. As a result, good layout practices are required for the feedback resistors and feedback traces. When using the adjustable version, the feedback trace should be kept as short and narrow as possible to reduce stray capacitance and the injection of noise.

5.3.4. Switching Output, VSW (Pins #12, 13)

This is the switching node of the regulator. It should be connected directly to the 4.7µH inductor with a wide, short trace and to one end of the bootstrap capacitor. It switches between VCC and PGND at the switching frequency.

5.3.5. Ground, GND (Pin #4)

This ground is used for the majority of the device including the analog reference, control loop, and other circuits.

5.3.6. Power Ground, PGND (Pins #14, 15)

This is a separate ground connection used for the low-side synchronous switch to isolate switching noise from the rest of the device.

5.3.7. Enable, EN (Pin #9)

This is the input terminal to activate the regulator. The input threshold is TTL/CMOS compatible. It also has an internal pull-up to ensure a stable state if the pin is disconnected.

5.3.8. PG Output, PG (Pin #8)

This is an open drain, active low output. See section 3.2.6 for a description of the function of this pin.













6 Ordering Information

Ordering Code Description		Package
ZSPM4012BA1W00	ZSPM4012BA1W00 2A Synchronous Buck Converter: adjustable output, 0.9V to 5.5V, 16-pin 3x3mm QFN	
ZSPM4012BA1W15	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 1.5V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W18	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 1.8V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W25	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 2.5V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W33	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 3.3V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BA1W50	2A Synchronous Buck Converter: fixed output, 5.0V,16-pin 3x3mm QFN	7" reel with 1000 ICs
ZSPM4012BKIT	ZSPM4012B Evaluation Kit for 2A Synchronous Buck Converter	Kit

7 Related Documents

Document	File Name		
ZSPM4012B Feature Sheet	ZSPM4012B_Feature_Sheet_rev_X_xy.pdf		
ZSPM4012B Evaluation Kit Description	ZSPM4012B_12B_13B_Eval_Kit_ManualX_xy.pdf		

Note: X_xy denotes the current revision of the document. Visit ZMDI's website www.zmdi.com or contact your nearest sales office for the latest version of these documents.

8 Glossary

Term	Description	
PWM	Pulse width modulation (fixed frequency).	
PFM	Pulse frequency modulation (fixed pulse width).	
POR	Power-on reset	
ESR	Equivalent series resistance.	

High Efficiency 2A Synchronous Buck Converter











9 Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Description	
1.00	April 2, 2013	First release of ZSPM4012B, based on ZSPM4012, silicon revision A.	
1.10	June 21, 2013	Update to allow for 5.5V output voltage, new transient response graph, addition of thermal parameter for "Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (θ_{Jc}) " specification, and revision of "Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient (θ_{JA}) " specification.	
1.20 February 18, 2014		Revision of specifications for "Input Supply Under Voltage Threshold Hysteresis" in Table 1.4.	

Sales and Further	Information	<u>www.zmdi.com</u> <u>Ar</u>		nalog@zmdi.com	
Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG Global Headquarters Grenzstrasse 28 01109 Dresden, Germany Central Office: Phone +49.351.8822.306 Fax +49.351.8822.337	ZMD America, Inc. 1525 McCarthy Blvd., #212 Milpitas, CA 95035-7453 USA USA Phone 1.855.275.9634 Phone +1.408.883.6310 Fax +1.408.883.6358	Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG, Japan Office 2nd Floor, Shinbashi Tokyu Bldg. 4-21-3, Shinbashi, Minato-ku Tokyo, 105-0004 Japan Phone +81.3.6895.7410 Fax +81.3.6895.7301	ZMD FAR EAST, Ltd. 3F, No. 51, Sec. 2, Keelung Road 11052 Taipei Taiwan Phone +886.2.2377.8189 Fax +886.2.2377.8199	Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG, Korea Office U-space 1 Building 11th Floor, Unit JA-1102 670 Sampyeong-dong Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si Gyeonggi-do, 463-400 Korea Phone +82.31.950.7679 Fax +82.504.841.3026	
European Technical Support Phone +49.351.8822.7.772 Fax +49.351.8822.87.772 European Sales (Stuttgart) Phone +49.711.674517.55 Fax +49.711.674517.87955	DISCLAIMER: This information applies to a product under development. Its characteristics and specifications are subject to change without notice. Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG (ZMD AG) assumes no obligation regarding future manufacture unless otherwise agreed to in writing. The information furnished hereby is believed to be true and accurate. However, under no circumstances shall ZMD AG be liable to any customer, licensee, or any other third party for any special, indirect, incidental, or consequential damages of any kind or nature whatsoever arising out of or in any way related to the furnishing, performance, or use of this technical data. ZMD AG hereby expressly disclaims any liability of ZMD AG to any customer, licensee or any other third party, and any such customer, licensee and any other third party hereby waives any liability of ZMD AG for any damages in connection with or arising out of the furnishing, performance or use of this technical data, whether based on contract, warranty, tort (including negligence), strict liability, or otherwise.				

Data Sheet February 18, 2014 © 2014 Zentrum Mikroelektronik Dresden AG — Rev. 1.20

All rights reserved. The material contained herein may not be reproduced, adapted, merged, translated, stored, or used without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information furnished in this publication is subject to changes without notice.

22 of 22

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

ZMDI:

<u>ZSPM4012BA1W15</u> <u>ZSPM4012BA1W18</u> <u>ZSPM4012BA1W25</u> <u>ZSPM4012BA1W33</u> <u>ZSPM4012BA1W30</u> ZSPM4012BA1W00