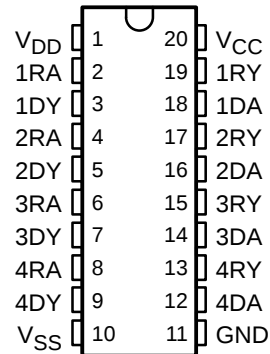


SN65C1154, SN75C1154 QUADRUPLE LOW-POWER DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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- Meet or Exceed the Requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and ITU Recommendation V.28
- Very Low Power Consumption . . . 5 mW Typ
- Wide Driver Supply Voltage . . . ± 4.5 V to ± 15 V
- Driver Output Slew Rate Limited to 30 V/ μ s Max
- Receiver Input Hysteresis . . . 1000 mV Typ
- Push-Pull Receiver Outputs
- On-Chip Receiver 1- μ s Noise Filter

SN65C1154 . . . N PACKAGE
SN75C1154 . . . DW, N, OR NS PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



description/ordering information

The SN65C1154 and SN75C1154 are low-power BiMOS devices containing four independent drivers and receivers that are used to interface data terminal equipment (DTE) with data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE). These devices are designed to conform to TIA/EIA-232-F. The drivers and receivers of the SN65C1154 and SN75C1154 are similar to those of the SN75C188 quadruple driver and SN75C189A quadruple receiver, respectively. The drivers have a controlled output slew rate that is limited to a maximum of 30 V/ μ s and the receivers have filters that reject input noise pulses of shorter than 1 μ s. Both these features eliminate the need for external components.

The SN65C1154 and SN75C1154 have been designed using low-power techniques in a BiMOS technology. In most applications, the receivers contained in these devices interface to single inputs of peripheral devices such as ACEs, UARTs, or microprocessors. By using sampling, such peripheral devices usually are insensitive to the transition times of the input signals. If this is not the case, or for other uses, it is recommended that the SN65C1154 and SN75C1154 receiver outputs be buffered by single Schmitt input gates or single gates of the HCMOS, ALS, or 74F logic families.

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	PACKAGE [†]		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
-40°C to 85°C	PDIP (N)	Tube of 20	SN65C1154N	SN65C1154N
0°C to 70°C	PDIP (N)	Tube of 20	SN75C1154N	SN75C1154N
	SOIC (DW)	Tube of 25	SN75C1154DW	SN75C1154
		Reel of 2500	SN75C1154DWR	
	SOP (NS)	Reel of 2000	SN75C1154NSR	SN75C1154

[†] Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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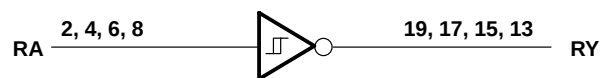
SN65C1154, SN75C1154

QUADRUPLE LOW-POWER DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

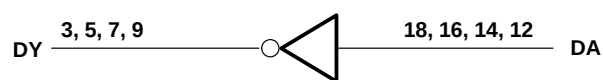
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logic diagram (positive logic)

Typical of Each Receiver



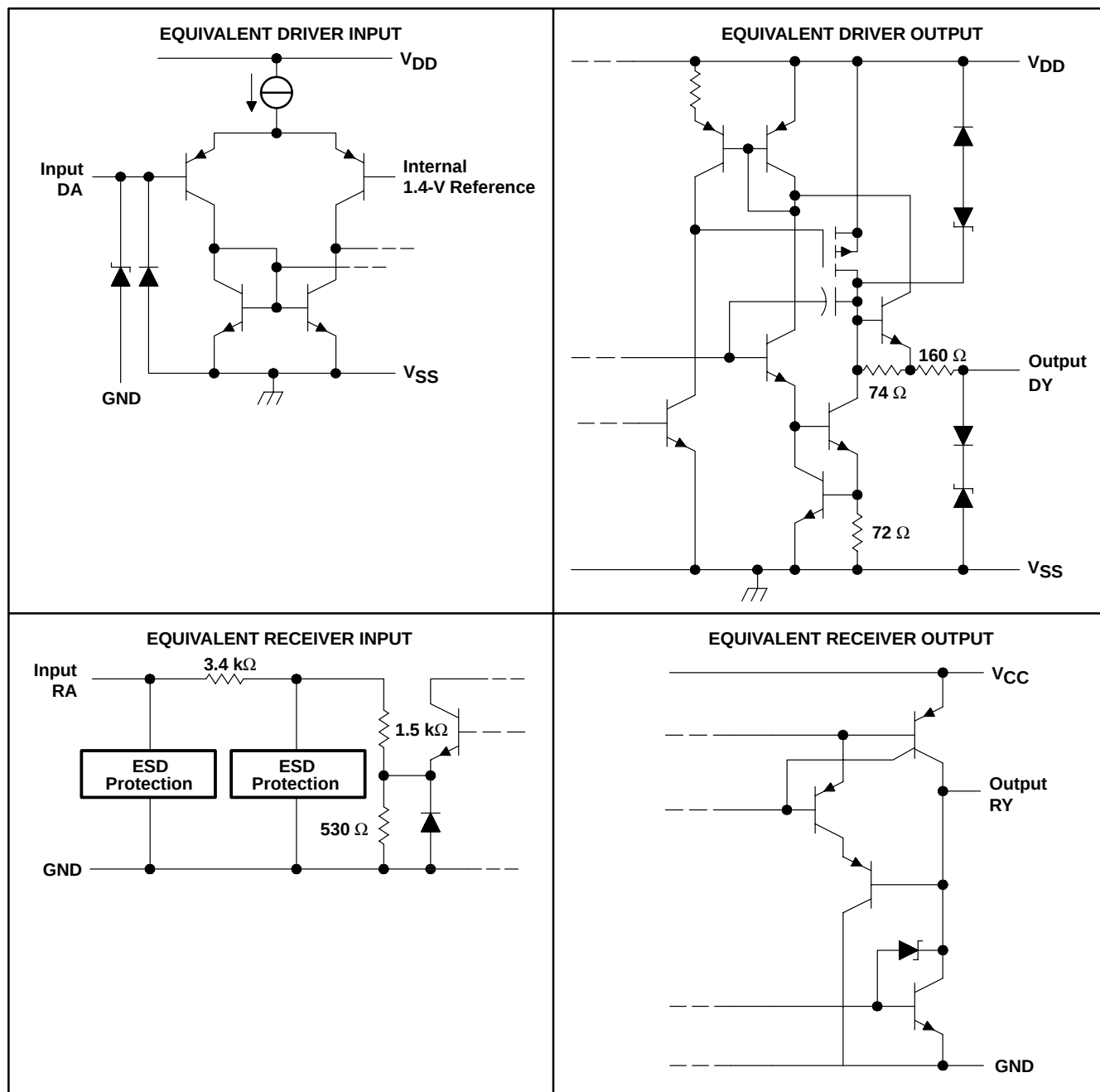
Typical of Each Driver



SN65C1154, SN75C1154 QUADRUPLE LOW-POWER DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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schematics of inputs and outputs



Resistor values shown are nominal.

SN65C1154, SN75C1154

QUADRUPLE LOW-POWER DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage: V_{DD} (see Note 1)	15 V
V_{SS}	–15 V
V_{CC}	7 V
Input voltage range, V_I : Driver	V_{SS} to V_{DD}
Receiver	–30 V to 30 V
Output voltage range, V_O : Driver	($V_{SS} - 6$ V) to ($V_{DD} + 6$ V)
Receiver	–0.3 V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3$ V)
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Notes 2 and 3): DW package	58°C/W
N package	69°C/W
NS package	60°C/W
Operating virtual junction temperature, T_J	150°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES:
1. All voltage s are with respect to the network GND terminal.
 2. Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_J(\text{max})$, θ_{JA} , and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_J(\text{max}) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.
 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

recommended operating conditions

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{DD}	Supply voltage		4.5	12	15	V
V _{SS}	Supply voltage		−4.5	−12	−15	V
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5	6	V
V _I	Input voltage	Driver	V _{SS} + 2		V _{DD}	V
		Receiver			±25	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	Driver	2			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Driver			0.8	V
I _{OH}	High-level output current	Receiver			−1	mA
I _{OL}	High-level output current	Receiver			3.2	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	SN65C1154	−40		85	°C
		SN75C1154	0		70	



SN65C1154, SN75C1154 QUADRUPLE LOW-POWER DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$V_{IL} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $R_L = 3\text{ k}\Omega$, See Figure 1	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$	4 10	4.5 10.8	V
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage (see Note 4)	$V_{IH} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 3\text{ k}\Omega$, See Figure 1	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$	-4.4 -10.7	-4 -10	V
I_{IH} High-level input current	$V_I = 5\text{ V}$, See Figure 2			1	μA
I_{IL} Low-level input current	$V_I = 0$, See Figure 2			-1	μA
$I_{OS(H)}$ High-level short-circuit output current [‡]	$V_I = 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$ or V_{SS} , See Figure 1	-7.5	-12	-19.5	mA
$I_{OS(L)}$ Low-level short-circuit output current [‡]	$V_I = 2\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$ or V_{DD} , See Figure 1	7.5	12	19.5	mA
I_{DD} Supply current from V_{DD}	No load, All inputs at 2 V or 0.8 V	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$	115 115	250 250	μA
I_{SS} Supply current from V_{SS}	No load, All inputs at 2 V or 0.8 V	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$	-115 -115	-250 -250	μA
r_o Output resistance	$V_{DD} = V_{SS} = V_{CC} = 0$, $V_O = -2\text{ V}$ to 2 V , See Note 5	300	400		Ω

[†] All typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

[‡] Not more than one output should be shorted at one time.

NOTES: 4. The algebraic convention, where the more positive (less negative) limit is designated as maximum, is used in this data sheet for logic levels only.

5. Test conditions are those specified by TIA/EIA-232-F.

switching characteristics, $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{PLH} Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output [§]	$R_L = 3$ to $7\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$		1.2	3	μs
t_{PHL} Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output [§]	$R_L = 3$ to $7\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$		2.5	3.5	μs
t_{TLH} Transition time, low- to high-level output [¶]	$R_L = 3$ to $7\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$	0.53	2	3.2	μs
t_{THL} Transition time, high- to low-level output [¶]	$R_L = 3$ to $7\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$	0.53	2	3.2	μs
t_{TLH} Transition time, low- to high-level output [#]	$R_L = 3$ to $7\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 2500\text{ pF}$		1	2	μs
t_{THL} Transition time, high- to low-level output [#]	$R_L = 3$ to $7\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 2500\text{ pF}$		1	2	μs
SR Output slew rate	$R_L = 3$ to $7\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$	4	10	30	V/ μs

[§] t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} include the additional time due to on-chip slew rate control and are measured at the 50% points.

[¶] Measured between 10% and 90% points of output waveform

[#] Measured between 3 V and -3 V points of output waveform (TIA/EIA-232-F conditions) with all unused inputs tied either high or low



SN65C1154, SN75C1154

QUADRUPLE LOW-POWER DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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RECEIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT
V_{IT+} Positive-going input threshold voltage	See Figure 5	1.7	2.1	2.55	V
V_{IT-} Negative-going input threshold voltage	See Figure 5	0.65	1	1.25	V
V_{hys} Input hysteresis voltage ($V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$)		600	1000		mV
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$V_I = 0.75\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, See Figure 5 and Note 6	3.5			V
	$V_I = 0.75\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$, See Figure 5, $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	2.8	4.4		
	$V_I = 0.75\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$, See Figure 5, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	3.8	4.9		
	$V_I = 0.75\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$, See Figure 5, $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	4.3	5.4		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_I = 3\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 3.2\text{ mA}$, See Figure 5		0.17	0.4	V
I_{IH} High-level input current	$V_I = 25\text{ V}$	3.6	4.6	8.3	mA
	$V_I = 3\text{ V}$	0.43	0.55	1	
I_{IL} Low-level input current	$V_I = -25\text{ V}$	-3.6	-5	-8.3	mA
	$V_I = -3\text{ V}$	-0.43	-0.55	-1	
$I_{OS(H)}$ Short-circuit output at high level	$V_I = 0.75\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, See Figure 4		-8	-15	mA
$I_{OS(L)}$ Short-circuit output at low level	$V_I = V_{CC}$, $V_O = V_{CC}$, See Figure 4		13	25	mA
I_{CC} Supply current from V_{CC}	No load, All inputs at 0 or 5 V	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$	400	600	μA
		$V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$	400	600	

[†] All typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

NOTE 6: If the inputs are left unconnected, the receiver interprets this as an input low and the receiver outputs will remain in the high state.

switching characteristics, $V_{DD} = 12\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -12\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{PLH} Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 5\text{ k}\Omega$, See Figure 6		3	4	μs
t_{PHL} Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 5\text{ k}\Omega$, See Figure 6		3	4	μs
t_{TLH} Transition time, low- to high-level output	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 5\text{ k}\Omega$, See Figure 6		300	450	ns
t_{THL} Transition time, high- to low-level output	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 5\text{ k}\Omega$, See Figure 6		100	300	ns
$t_{w(N)}$ Duration of longest pulse rejected as noise [‡]	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 5\text{ k}\Omega$	1		4	μs

[‡] The receiver ignores any positive- or negative-going pulse that is less than the minimum value of $t_{w(N)}$ and accepts any positive- or negative-going pulse greater than the maximum of $t_{w(N)}$.



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

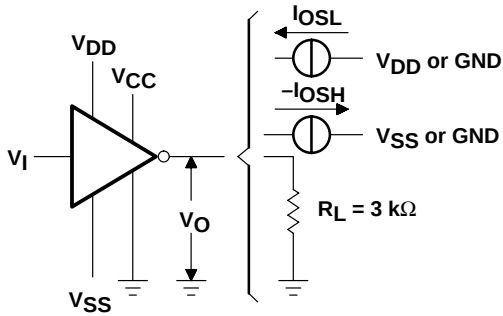


Figure 1. Driver Test Circuit (V_{OH} , V_{OL} , I_{OSL} , I_{OSH})

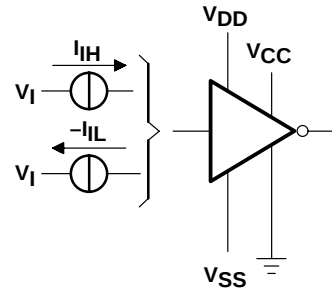
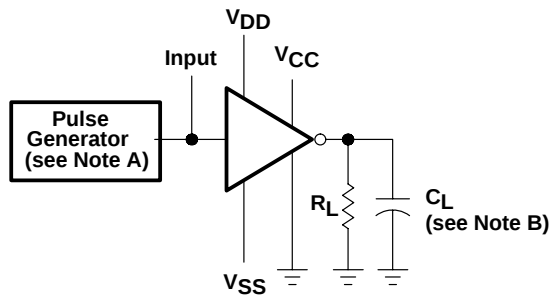
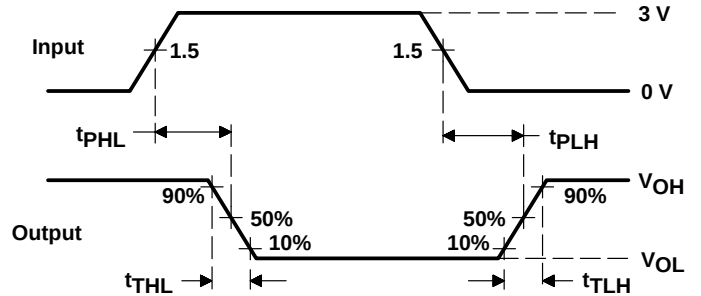


Figure 2. Driver Test Circuit (I_{IL} , I_{IH})



TEST CIRCUIT



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $t_W = 25 \mu s$, $PRR = 20 \text{ kHz}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r = t_f < 50 \text{ ns}$.
B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

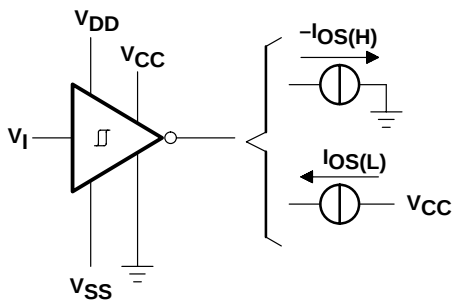


Figure 4. Receiver Test Circuit (I_{OSH} , I_{OSL})

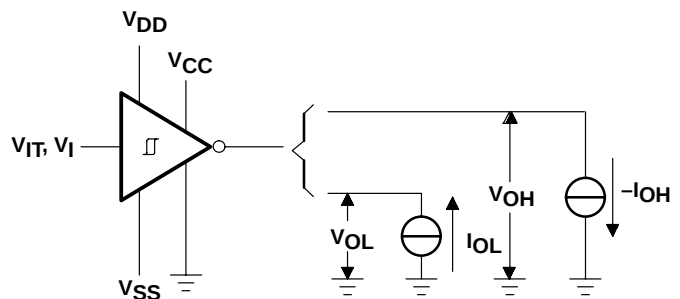
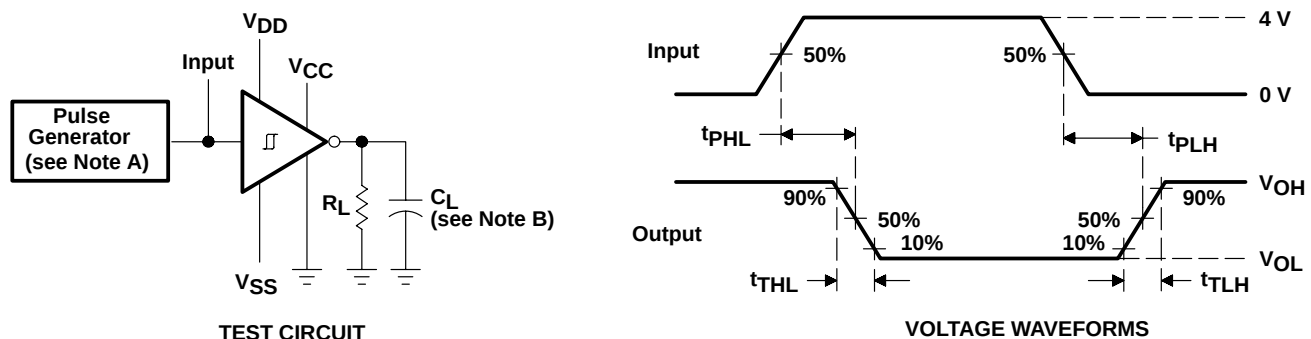


Figure 5. Receiver Test Circuit (V_{IT} , V_{OL} , V_{OH})

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $t_W = 25 \mu s$, $PRR = 20 \text{ kHz}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r = t_f < 50 \text{ ns}$.
B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 6. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾	Samples (Requires Login)
SN65C1154DW	OBSOLETE	SOIC	DW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	Samples Not Available
SN65C1154DWR	OBSOLETE	SOIC	DW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	Samples Not Available
SN65C1154N	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN65C1154NE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75C1154DW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	25	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75C1154DWE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	25	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75C1154DWG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	25	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75C1154DWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples
SN75C1154DWRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples
SN75C1154DWRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Purchase Samples
SN75C1154N	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office
SN75C1154NE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	Contact TI Distributor or Sales Office

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN75C1154DWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	330.0	24.4	10.8	13.3	2.7	12.0	24.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN75C1154DWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0

N (R-PDIP-T**)

16 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
MS-001 VARIATION	AA	BB	AC	AD



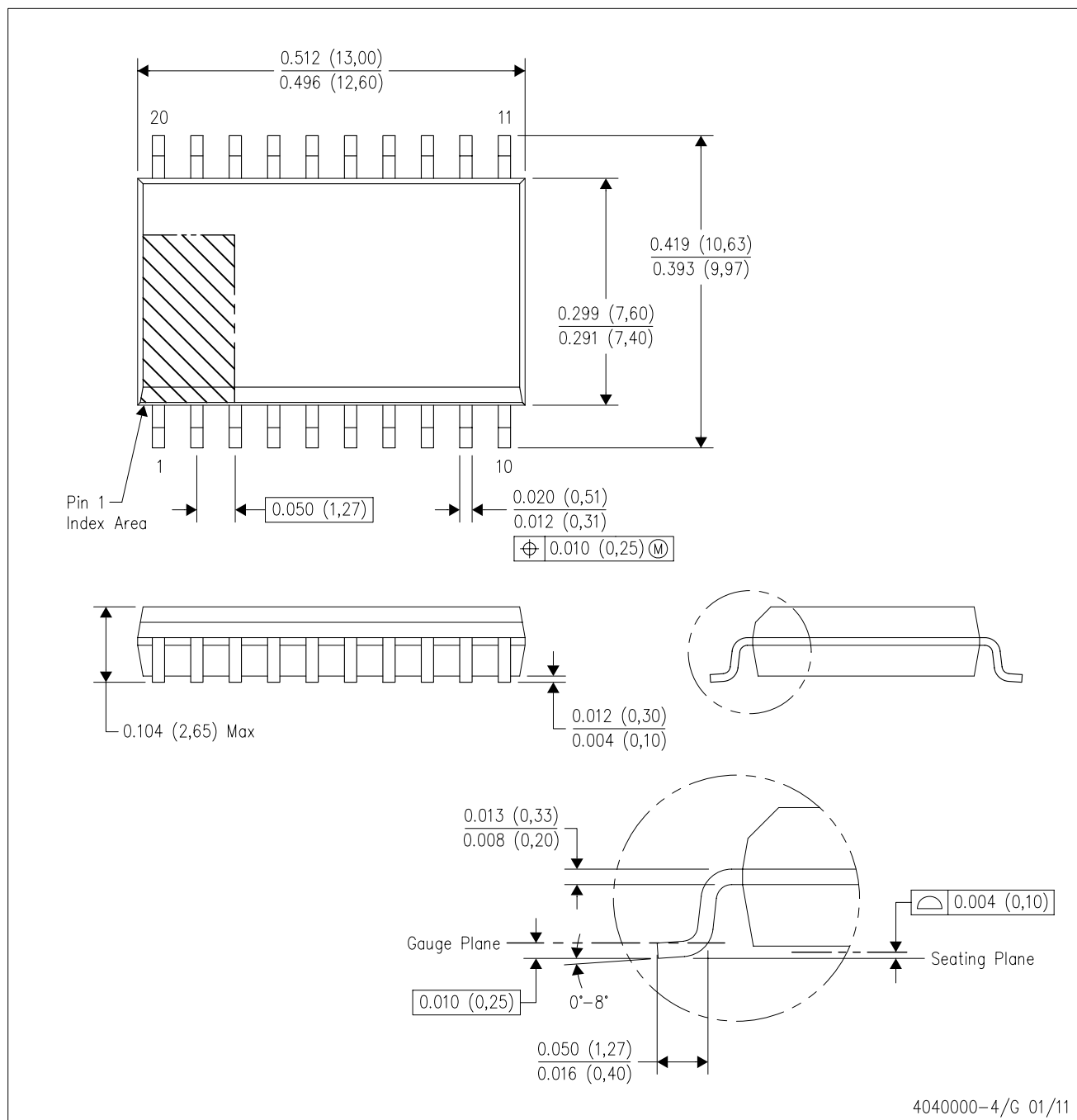
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NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
-  Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
 The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

DW (R-PDSO-G20)

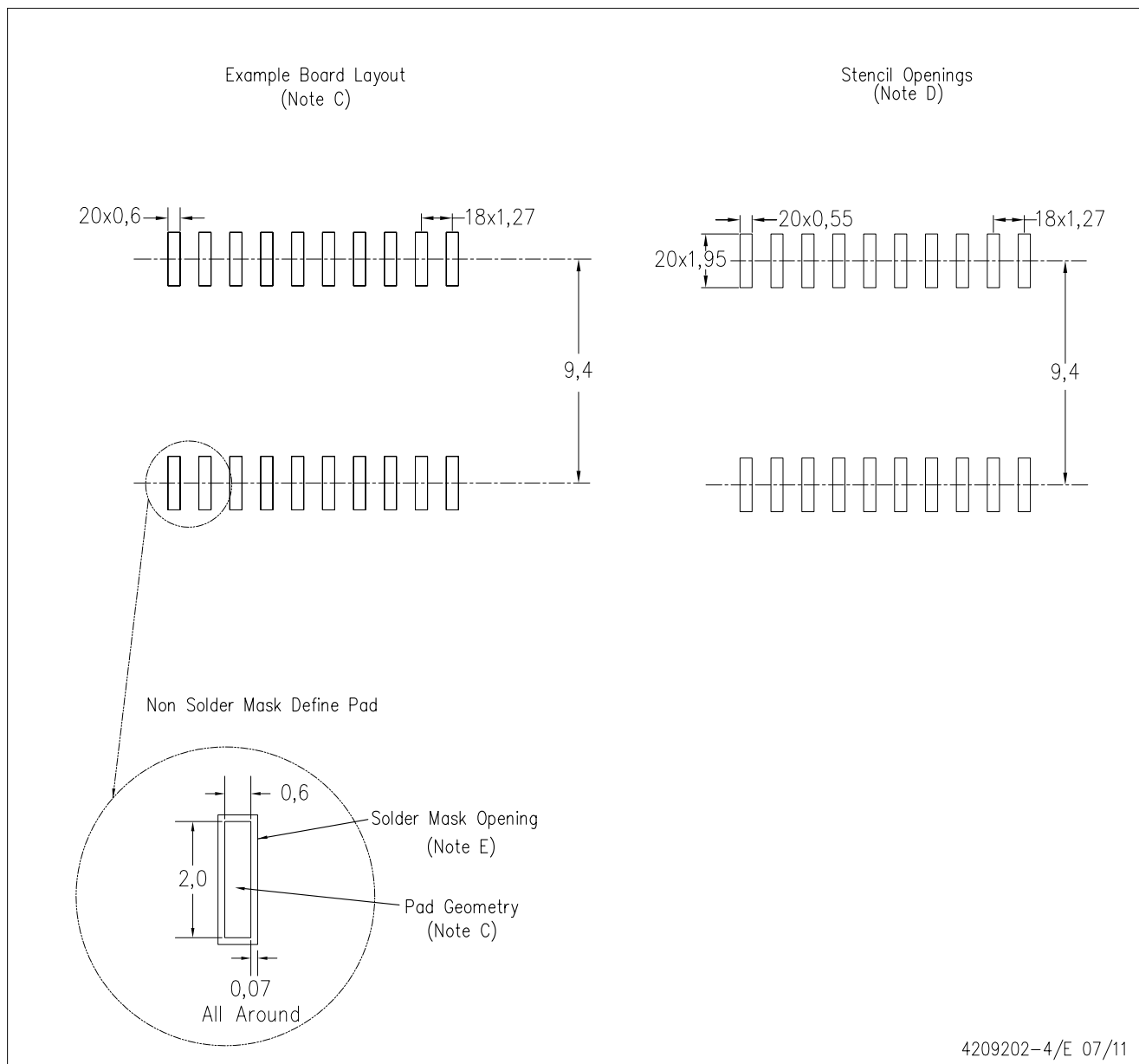
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AC.

DW (R-PDSO-G20)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Refer to IPC7351 for alternate board design.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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