



PTC thermistors

Limit temperature sensors,
SMD, EIA size 0603,
 ± 3 °C tolerance

Series/Type: **B59601**
Date: July 2006

Sensors

Limit temperature sensors, EIA size 0603, $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ tolerance

A601

SMD

Applications

- DC/DC converters
- Home appliances
- Dimmers
- Electronic ballasts
- Temperature management in automotive electronics
- Over temperature protection of power transistors and power ICs (e.g. in battery pack, notebook)
- SMPS

Features

- Thermistor chip with lead-free tinned terminations
- Close tolerance
- Small size
- Fast and reliable response
- Suitable for reflow soldering
- Steep R/T curve
- RoHS-compatible
- Lead-free (total Pb content $< 0.1\%$), except $T_{NTT} = 135^\circ\text{C}$

Options

- Other T_{NTT} values on request

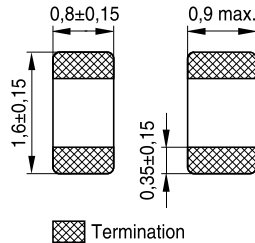
Delivery mode

- Blister tape, 180-mm reel

General technical data

Max. operating voltage	$(T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \dots T_{NTT} + 15\text{ K})$	$V_{\max}$	32	VDC
Rated resistance	$(T_A = 25^\circ\text{C})$	R_R	470	Ω
Tolerance of R_R		ΔR_R	± 50	%
Operating temperature range	$(V \leq V_{\max})$	T_{op}	$-40/ T_{NTT} + 15\text{ K}$	$^\circ\text{C}$

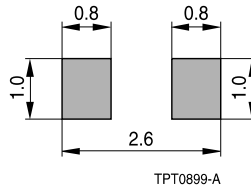
Dimensional drawing



TPT0698-5-E

Dimensions in mm

Geometry of solder pad



Recommended maximum dimensions (mm)

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Electrical specifications and ordering codes

T_{NTT} °C	R ($T_{NTT} - 3$ K) ($V_{PTC} \leq 2.5$ V) k Ω	R ($T_{NTT} + 3$ K) ($V_{PTC} \leq 2.5$ V) k Ω	R ($T_{NTT} + 10$ K) ($V_{PTC} \leq 7.5$ V) k Ω	Ordering code
75	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	-	B59601A0075B062
85	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 15	B59601A0085B062
95	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0095B062
105	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0105B062
115	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0115B062
125	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0125B062
135	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0135B062

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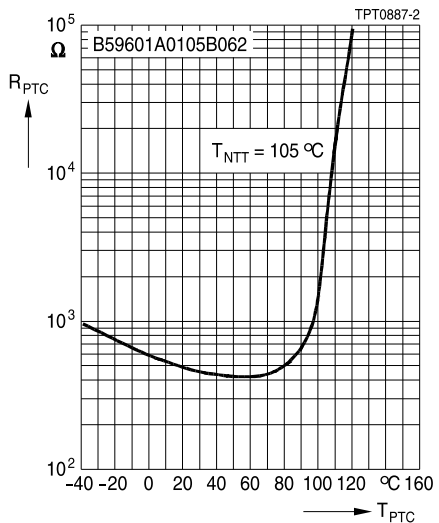
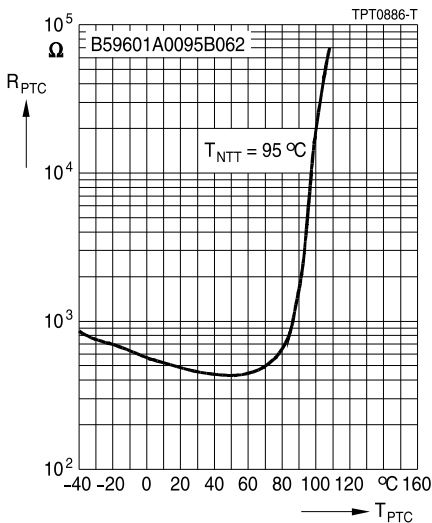
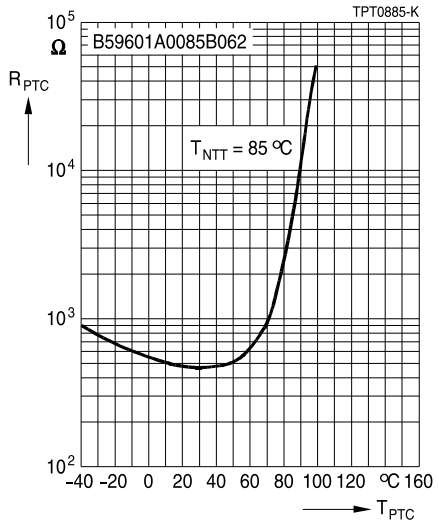
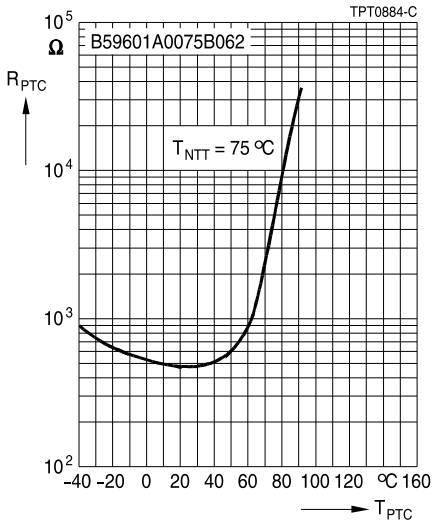


Reliability data

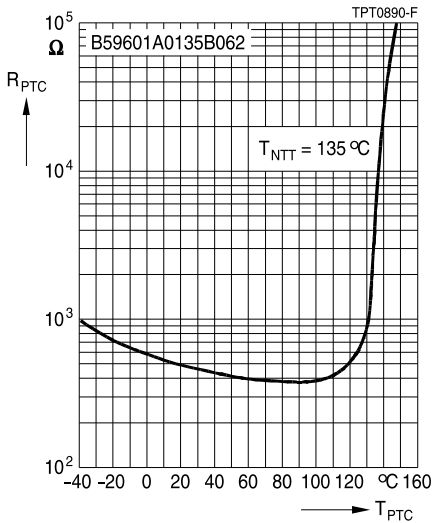
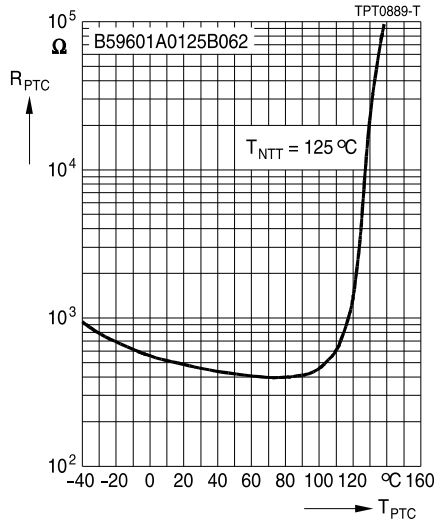
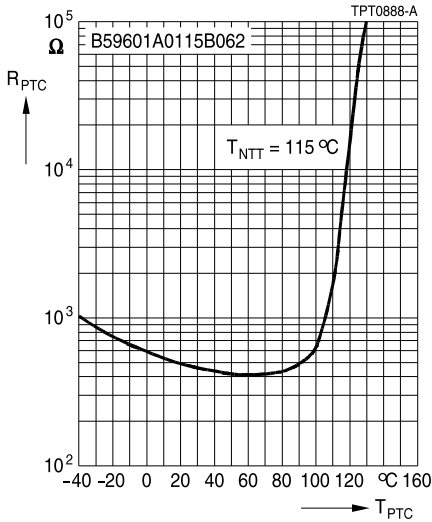
Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance, constant at 85 °C	IEC 60738-1	Storage at $V_{\max}$ $T = 85$ °C Test duration : 1000 h	< 25%
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C Relative humidity of air: 93% Duration: 56 days Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	< 10%
Rapid change of temperature	IEC 60738-1	$T_{LCT} = -25$ °C, $T_{UCT} = 125$ °C Number of cycles: 5 Test duration: 30 min Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, Test Na	< 10%
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency: 10 - 55 - 10 Hz Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm Test duration: 3 · 2 h Test according to IEC 60028-2-6, Test Fc	< 5%
Bump	IEC 60738-1	Pulse shape: half-sine Acceleration: 50 g Pulse duration: 1 ms; 6 · 3 pulses Test according to IEC 60068-2-29	< 5%
Climatic sequence	IEC 60738-1	Dry heat: $T_{UCT} = 125$ °C Test duration: 16 h Damp heat first cycle Cold: $T_{LCT} = -25$ °C Test duration: 2 h Damp heat 5 cycles Tests performed according to IEC 60068-2-30	< 10%
Adhesive strength on PCB		Shearing of the component soldered on PCB by a force of 5 N is normal to components longitudinal axis	No visible damage

Characteristics (typical)

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)


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PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)



Sensors**Limit temperature sensors, EIA size 0603, ± 3 °C tolerance****A601****Cautions and warnings****General**

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C ... $+45$ °C, relative humidity $\leq 75\%$ annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within 6 months after delivery.

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.

Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Sensors**Limit temperature sensors, EIA size 0603, ± 3 °C tolerance****A601****Operation**

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out **that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application**. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
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3. **The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.**
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