Features

- Single Supply Voltage, Range 3V to 3.6V
- 3-Volt-Only Read and Write Operation
- Software Protected Programming
- Fast Read Access Time 150 ns
- Low Power Dissipation

15 mA Active Current

20 µA CMOS Standby Current

Sector Program Operation

Single Cycle Reprogram (Erase and Program) 1024 Sectors (128 bytes/sector)

Internal Address and Data Latches for 128-Bytes

- Two 8 KB Boot Blocks with Lockout
- Fast Sector Program Cycle Time 20 ms
- Internal Program Control and Timer
- DATA Polling for End of Program Detection
- Typical Endurance > 10,000 Cycles
- CMOS and TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges

Description

The AT29LV010A is a 3-volt-only in-system Flash programmable and erasable read only memory (Flash). Its 1 megabit of memory is organized as 131,072 bytes by 8 bits. Manufactured with Atmel's advanced nonvolatile CMOS technology, the device offers access times to 150 ns with power dissipation of just 54 mW over the commercial temperature range. When the device is deselected, the CMOS standby current is less than 20 μ A. The device endurance is such that any sector can typically be written to in excess of 10,000 times.

To allow for simple in-system reprogrammability, the AT29LV010A does not require high input voltages for programming. Three-volt-only commands determine the operation of the device. Reading data out of the device is similar to reading from an EPROM. Reprogramming the AT29LV010A is performed on a sector basis; 128-bytes of data are loaded into the device and then simultaneously programmed.

(continued)

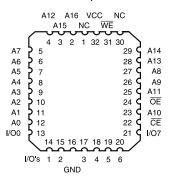
Pin Configurations

Pin Name	Function
A0 - A16	Addresses
CE	Chip Enable
OE	Output Enable
WE	Write Enable
I/O0 - I/O7	Data Inputs/Outputs
NC	No Connect

TSOP Top View

	i ype 1	
A11	¶ ∩ 1 。	32 OE
A8	3 2	31 A10 CE
A14 A13	9 4 5	29 1/07 /06
WE NC	G 6 7	27 I/O5 26 I/O4
NC VCC	8 9	25 I/O3 GND
A16 A15	10 11	23 1/02 1/01
A12 A7	12	21 I/O0 20 19 A1 A0
A6 A5	14 15	18 19 18 18 18
A4	16 ¹⁵	¹⁰ 17





(128K x 8) 3-volt Only CMOS Flash

1 Megabit

0520B

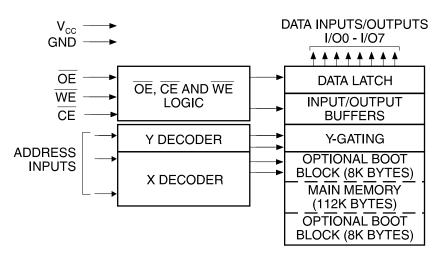




Description (Continued)

During a reprogram cycle, the address locations and 128bytes of data are captured at microprocessor speed and internally latched, freeing the address and data bus for other operations. Following the initiation of a program cycle, the device will automatically erase the sector and then program the latched data using an internal control timer. The end of a program cycle can be detected by DATA polling of I/O7. Once the end of a program cycle has been detected, a new access for a read or program can begin.

Block Diagram



Device Operation

READ: The AT29LV010A is accessed like an EPROM. When CE and OE are low and WE is high, the data stored at the memory location determined by the address pins is asserted on the outputs. The outputs are put in the high impedance state whenever CE or OE is high. This dual-line control gives designers flexibility in preventing bus contention.

SOFTWARE DATA PROTECTION PROGRAMMING:

The AT29LV010A has 1024 individual sectors, each 128-bytes. Using the software data protection feature, byte loads are used to enter the 128-bytes of a sector to be programmed. The AT29LV010A can only be programmed or reprogrammed using the software data protection feature. The device is programmed on a sector basis. If a byte of data within the sector is to be changed, data for the entire 128-byte sector must be loaded into the device. The data in any byte that is not loaded during the programming of its sector will be indeterminate. The AT29LV010A automatically does a sector erase prior to loading the data into the sector. An erase command is not required.

Software data protection protects the device from inadvertent programming. A series of three program commands to specific addresses with specific data must be presented to the device before programming may occur. The same three program commands must begin each program operation. All software program commands must obey the sector program timing specifications. Power transitions will not reset the software data protection feature, however the software feature will guard against inadvertent program cycles during power transitions.

Any attempt to write to the device without the 3-byte command sequence will start the internal write timers. No data will be written to the device; however, for the duration of two, a read operation will effectively be a polling operation.

After the software data protection's 3-byte command code is given, a byte load is performed by applying a low pulse on the WE or CE input with CE or WE low (respectively) and OE high. The address is latched on the falling edge of CE or WE, whichever occurs last. The data is latched by the first rising edge of CE or WE.

The 128-bytes of data must be loaded into each sector. Any byte that is not loaded during the programming of its sector will be erased to read FFh. Once the bytes of a sector are loaded into the device, they are simultaneously programmed during the internal programming period. After the first data byte has been loaded into the device, successive bytes are entered in the same manner. Each new byte to be programmed must have its high to low transition on \overline{WE} (or \overline{CE}) within 150 µs of the low to high transition of WE (or CE) of the preceding byte. If a high to low transition is not detected within 150 µs of the last low to high transition, the load period will end and the internal programming period will start. A7 to A16 specify the sector address. The sector address must be valid during each high to low transition of $\overline{\text{WE}}$ (or $\overline{\text{CE}}$). A0 to A6 specify the byte address within the sector. The bytes may be loaded in any order; sequential loading is not required. Once a programming operation has been initiated, and for the duration of two, a read operation will effectively be a polling operation.

(continued)

Device Operation (Continued)

HARDWARE DATA PROTECTION: Hardware features protect against inadvertent programs to the AT29LV010A in the following ways: (a) VCC sense—if VCC is below 1.8V (typical), the program function is inhibited. (b) VCC power on delay—once VCC has reached the VCC sense level, the device will automatically time out 10 ms (typical) before programming. (c) Program inhibit—holding any one of OE low, CE high or WE high inhibits program cycles. (d) Noise filter—pulses of less than 15 ns (typical) on the WE or CE inputs will not initiate a program cycle.

INPUT LEVELS: While operating with a 3.3V \pm 0.3V power supply, the address inputs and control inputs (OE, CE and WE) may be driven from 0 to 5.5V without adversely affecting the operation of the device. The I/O lines can be driven from 0 to VCC + 0.6V .

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION: The product identification mode identifies the device and manufacturer as Atmel. It may be accessed by hardware or software operation. The hardware operation mode can be used by an external programmer to identify the correct programming algorithm for the Atmel product. In addition, users may wish to use the software product identification mode to identify the part (i.e. using the device code), and have the system software use the appropriate sector size for program operations. In this manner, the user can have a common board design for 256K to 4-megabit densities and, with each density's sector size in a memory map, have the system software apply the appropriate sector size.

For details, see Operating Modes (for hardware operation) or Software Product Identification. The manufacturer and device code is the same for both modes.

DATA POLLING: The AT29LV010A features DATA polling to indicate the end of a program cycle. During a program cycle an attempted read of the last byte loaded will result in the complement of the loaded data on I/O7.

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Temperature Under Bias55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
All Input Voltages (including NC Pins) with Respect to Ground0.6V to +6.25V
All Output Voltages with Respect to Ground0.6V to V _{CC} + 0.6V
Voltage on A9 (including NC Pins) with Respect to Ground0.6V to +13.5V

Once the program cycle has been completed, true <u>data is</u> valid on all outputs and the next cycle may begin. DATA polling may begin at any time during the program cycle.

TOGGLE BIT: In addition to DATA polling the AT29LV010A provides another method for determining the end of a program or erase cycle. During a program or erase operation, successive attempts to read data from the device will result in I/O6 toggling between one and zero. Once the program cycle has completed, I/O6 will stop toggling and valid data will be read. Examining the toggle bit may begin at any time during a program cycle.

OPTIONAL CHIP ERASE MODE: The entire device can be erased by using a 6-byte software code. Please see Software Chip Erase application note for details.

BOOT BLOCK PROGRAMMING LOCKOUT: The AT29LV010A has two designated memory blocks that have a programming lockout feature. This feature prevents programming of data in the designated block once the feature has been enabled. Each of these blocks consists of 8K bytes; the programming lockout feature can be set independently for either block. While the lockout feature does not have to be activated, it can be activated for either or both blocks.

These two 8K memory sections are referred to as *boot blocks*. Secure code which will bring up a system can be contained in a boot block. The AT29LV010A blocks are located in the first 8K bytes of memory and the last 8K bytes of memory. The boot block programming lockout feature can therefore support systems that boot from the lower addresses of memory or the higher addresses. Once the programming lockout feature has been activated, the data in that block can no longer be erased or programmed; data in other memory locations can still be changed through the regular programming methods. To activate the lockout feature, a series of seven program commands to specific addresses with specific data must be performed. Please see Boot Block Lockout Feature Enable Algorithm.

If the boot block lockout feature has been activated on either block, the chip erase function will be disabled.

(continued)

*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.





Device Operation (Continued)

BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT DETECTION: A software method is available to determine whether programming of either boot block section is locked out. See Software Product Identification Entry and Exit sections. When the device is in the software product identification mode, a read from location 00002H will show if programming the lower ad-

dress boot block is locked out while reading location 1FFF2H will do so for the upper boot block. If the data is FE, the corresponding block can be programmed; if the data is FF, the program lockout feature has been activated and the corresponding block cannot be programmed. The software product identification exit mode should be used to return to standard operation.

DC and AC Operating Range

		AT29LV010A-15	AT29LV010A-20	AT29LV010A-25
Operating	Com.	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C
Temperature (Case)	Ind.	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C
Vcc Power Supply (1)		$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	$3.3V \pm 0.3V$

^{1.} After power is applied and V_{CC} is at the minimum specified data sheet value, the system should wait 20 ms before an operational mode is started.

Operating Modes

Mode	CE	ŌE	WE	Ai	1/0
Read	VIL	VIL	VIH	Ai	D _{OUT}
Program (2)	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	Ai	D _{IN}
5V Chip Erase	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	Ai	
Standby/Write Inhibit	V_{IH}	X ⁽¹⁾	Χ	Χ	High Z
Program Inhibit	Χ	Χ	V_{IH}		
Program Inhibit	Χ	V_{IL}	Χ		
Output Disable	Χ	ViH	Χ		High Z
Product Identification					
Hardwara	V	V/··	V/	A1 - A16 = V_{IL} , A9 = V_{H} , (3) A0 = V_{IL}	Manufacturer Code (4)
Hardware	VIL	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	A1 - A16 = V _{IL} , A9 = V _H , ⁽³⁾ A0 = V _{IH}	Device Code (4)
Software ⁽⁵⁾				A0 = V _{IL} , A1 - A16 = V _{IL}	Manufacturer Code (4)
Sullware (%)				A0 = V _{IH} , A1 - A16 = V _{IL}	Device Code (4)

Notes: 1. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH} .

- 2. Refer to AC Programming Waveforms.
- 3. $V_H = 12.0V \pm 0.5V$.

- 4. Manufacturer Code: 1F, Device Code: 35.
- 5. See details under Software Product Identification Entry/Exit.

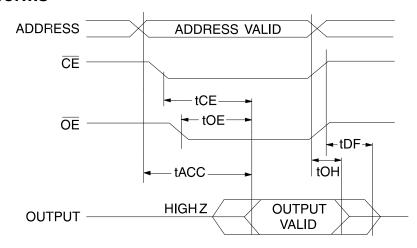
DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Min	Max	Units
ILI	Input Load Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to V_{CC}			1	μΑ
ILO	Output Leakage Current	$V_{I/O} = 0V$ to V_{CC}			1	μΑ
lon.	Voe Standby Current CMOS	$\overline{CE} = V_{CC} - 0.3V$ to V_{CC}	Com.		20	μΑ
I _{SB1}	V _{CC} Standby Current CMOS	CE = VCC - 0.3V to VCC	Ind.		50	μΑ
I _{SB2}	Vcc Standby Current TTL	$\overline{\text{CE}}$ = 2.0V to V _{CC}			1	mA
Icc	Vcc Active Current	$f = 5 \text{ MHz}$; $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$; $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$	/cc = 3.6V		15	mA
VIL	Input Low Voltage				0.6	V
VIH	Input High Voltage			2.0		V
VoL	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{V}$.45	V
Voн	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{V}$	/	2.4		V

AC Read Characteristics

		AT29LV010A-15 AT29LV010A-20		AT29LV010A-25				
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
tacc	Address to Output Delay		150		200		250	ns
t _{CE} (1)	CE to Output Delay		150		200		250	ns
toE (2)	OE to Output Delay	0	100	0	100	0	120	ns
t _{DF} (3, 4)	CE or OE to Output Float	0	50	0	50	0	60	ns
tон	Output Hold from OE, CE or Address, whichever occurred first	0		0		0		ns

AC Read Waveforms (1, 2, 3, 4)



Notes: 1. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ may be delayed up to t_{ACC} - t_{CE} after the address transition without impact on t_{ACC} .

- 2. OE may be delayed up to tce toe after the falling edge of CE without impact on tce or by tacc toe after an address change without impact on tacc .
- 3. t_{DF} is specified from \overline{OE} or \overline{CE} whichever occurs first $(C_L = 5 \text{ pF})$.
- 4. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.

Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Level

AC DRIVING LEVELS 0.4V AC MEASUREMENT LEVEL $t_{R}, t_{F} < 5$ ns

Output Test Load

Pin Capacitance (f = 1 MHz, T = 25° C) (1)

	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Cin	4	6	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$
Соит	8	12	pF	Vout = 0V

Note: 1. These parameters are characterized and not 100% tested.



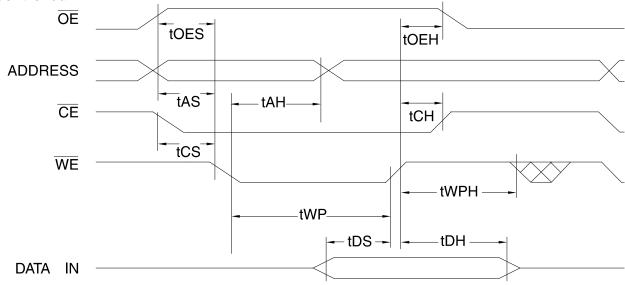


AC Byte Load Characteristics

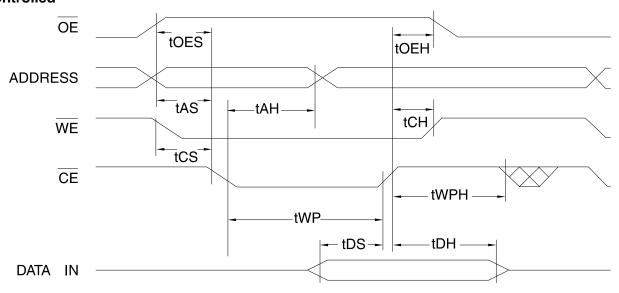
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
tas, toes	Address, OE Set-up Time	10		ns
tah	Address Hold Time	100		ns
tcs	Chip Select Set-up Time	0		ns
tch	Chip Select Hold Time	0		ns
twp	Write Pulse Width (WE or CE)	200		ns
t _{DS}	Data Set-up Time	100		ns
tDH, tOEH	Data, OE Hold Time	10		ns
twpH	Write Pulse Width High	200		ns

AC Byte Load Waveforms (1, 2)

WE Controlled



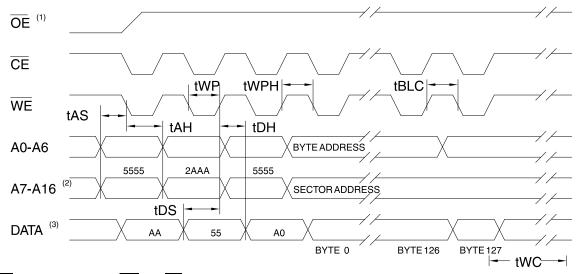
CE Controlled



Program Cycle Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
twc	Write Cycle Time		20	ms
tas	Address Set-up Time	10		ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	100		ns
t _{DS}	Data Set-up Time	100		ns
tDH	Data Hold Time	10		ns
twp	Write Pulse Width	200		ns
tBLC	Byte Load Cycle Time		150	μs
twph	Write Pulse Width High	200		ns

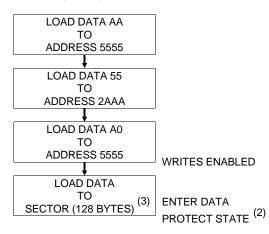
Software Protected Program Waveform



Notes: 1. \overline{OE} must be high when \overline{WE} and \overline{CE} are both low.

- 2. A7 through A16 must specify the sector address during each high to low transition of WE (or CE) after the software code has been entered.
- 3. All bytes that are not loaded within the sector being programmed will be indeterminate.

Programming Algorithm (1)



Notes for software program code:

- 1. Data Format: I/O7 I/O0 (Hex); Address Format: A14 - A0 (Hex).
- 2. Data Protect state will be re-activated at end of program cycle.
- 3. 128-bytes of data **MUST BE** loaded.





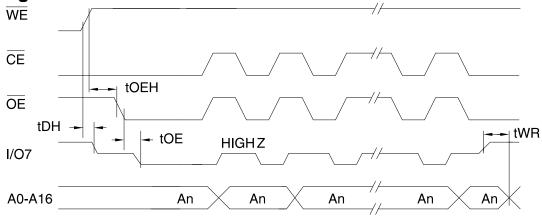
Data Polling Characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	10			ns
toeh	OE Hold Time	10			ns
toe	OE to Output Delay (2)				ns
t _{WR}	Write Recovery Time	0			ns

Notes: 1. These parameters are characterized and not 100% tested.

2. See toe spec in AC Read Characteristics.

Data Polling Waveforms



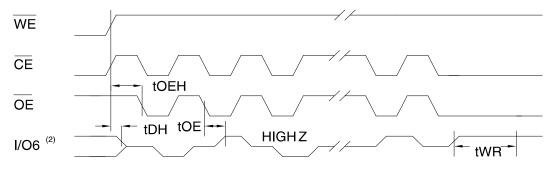
Toggle Bit Characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	10			ns
toeh	OE Hold Time	10			ns
toe	OE to Output Delay (2)				ns
toehp	OE High Pulse	150			ns
twR	Write Recovery Time	0			ns

Notes: 1. These parameters are characterized and not 100% tested.

2. See toE spec in AC Read Characteristics.

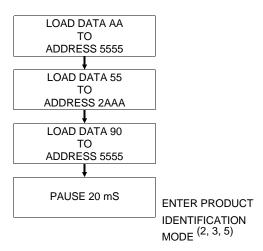
Toggle Bit Waveforms (1, 3)



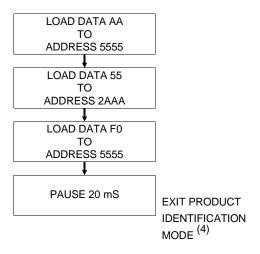
Notes: 1. Toggling either \overline{OE} or \overline{CE} or both \overline{OE} and \overline{CE} will operate toggle bit.

- 2. Beginning and ending state of I/O6 will vary.
- 3. Any address location may be used but the address should not vary.

Software Product Identification Entry (1)



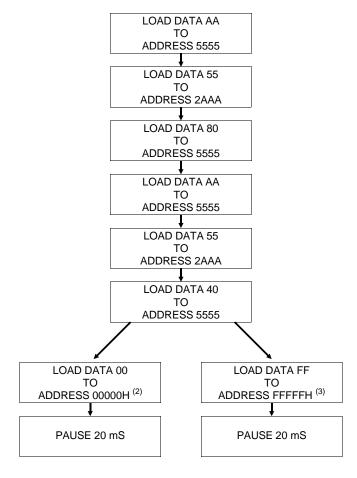
Software Product Identification Exit



Notes for software product identification:

- Data Format: I/O7 I/O0 (Hex);
 Address Format: A14 A0 (Hex).
- 2. A1 A16 = V_{IL} . Manufacture Code is read for A0 = V_{IL} ; Device Code is read for A0 = V_{IH} .
- 3. The device does not remain in identification mode if powered down.
- 4. The device returns to standard operation mode.
- Manufacturer Code: 1F Device Code: 35

Boot Block Lockout Feature Enable Algorithm (1)



Notes for boot block lockout feature enable:

- 1. Data Format: I/O7 I/O0 (Hex); Address Format: A14 - A0 (Hex).
- 2. Lockout feature set on lower address boot block.
- 3. Lockout feature set on higher address boot block.



Ordering Information

t _{ACC} (ns)	Icc (mA)		Ordering Code	Dookses	Omeration Bernard
	Active	Standby	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
150	15	0.02	AT29LV010A-15JC AT29LV010A-15TC	32J 32T	Commercial (0° to 70°C)
	15	0.05	AT29LV010A-15JI AT29LV010A-15TI	32J 32T	Industrial (-40° to 85°C)
200	15	0.02	AT29LV010A-20JC AT29LV010A-20TC	32J 32T	Commercial (0° to 70°C)
	15	0.05	AT29LV010A-20JI AT29LV010A-20TI	32J 32T	Industrial (-40° to 85°C)
250	15	0.02	AT29LV010A-25JC AT29LV010A-25TC	32J 32T	Commercial (0° to 70°C)
	15	0.05	AT29LV010A-25JI AT29LV010A-25TI	32J 32T	Industrial (-40° to 85°C)

Package Type			
32J	32 Lead, Plastic J-Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)		
32T	32 Lead, Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP)		