

April 13, 1998

TEL:805-498-2111 FAX:805-498-3804 WEB:<http://www.semtech.com>

DESCRIPTION

The SC431 is a three terminal adjustable shunt regulator with thermal stability guaranteed over temperature. The output voltage can be adjusted to any value from 2.5V (V_{REF}) to 36V with two external resistors. The SC431 has a typical dynamic output impedance of 0.25Ω . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn on characteristic, making the SC431 an excellent replacement for zener diodes.

The SC431 shunt regulator is available in three voltage tolerances (0.5%, 1.0% and 2.0%) and three package options (SOT-23-3, SO-8 and TO-92). The three voltage tolerances allow the designer the opportunity to select the proper cost/tolerance for their application.

FEATURES

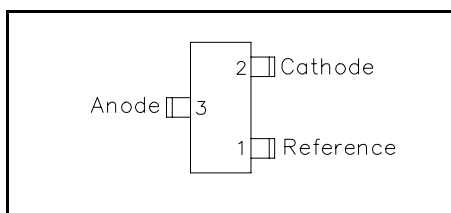
- Wide operating current range 100 μ A to 150mA
- Low dynamic output impedance 0.25Ω typ.
- Trimmed bandgap design $\pm 0.5\%$
- Alternate for TL431, LM431 & AS431

APPLICATIONS

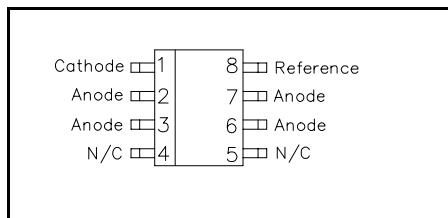
- Linear Regulators
- Adjustable Supplies
- Switching Power Supplies
- Battery Operated Computers
- Instrumentation
- Computer Disk Drives

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

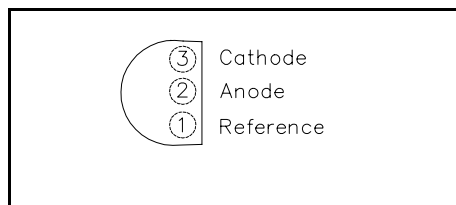
SOT-23 -3 Lead (Top View)



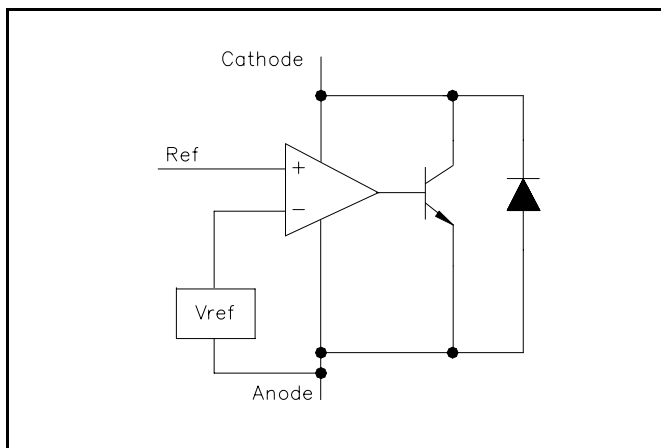
SOIC 8 Lead (Top View)



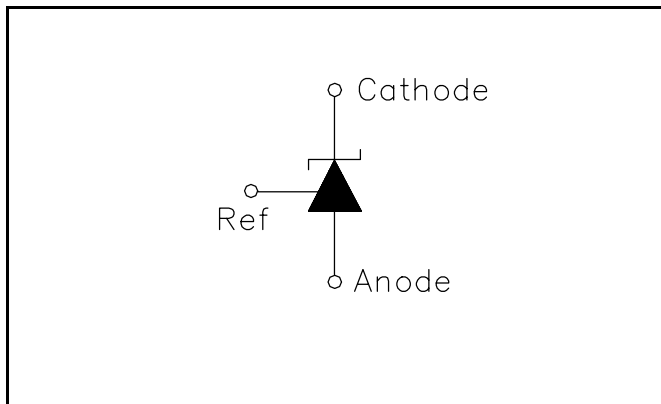
TO-92 (Top View)



BLOCK DIAGRAM



SYMBOL DIAGRAM



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Cathode Voltage	V_Z	37	V
Continuous Cathode Current	I_Z	150	mA
Reference Input Current	I_{REF}	10	mA
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_J	-40 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-65 to +150	°C
Thermal Resistance TO-92 SO-8 SOT-23	θ_{JA}	160 175 410	°C/W
Power Dissipation at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ TO-92 SO-8 SOT-23	P_D	0.78 0.71 0.30	W
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10 seconds	T_{LEAD}	260	°C

ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGE	TOLERANCE			
	0.5%	1.0%	2.0%	T/R Quantity
SO-8 ⁽¹⁾	SC431CS - .5	SC431CS - 1	SC431CS - 2	2.5K
SOT-23 ⁽¹⁾	SC431CSK - .5	SC431CSK - 1	SC431CSK - 2	3K
TO-92 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	SC431CZ - .5	SC431CZ - 1	SC431CZ - 2	TR=3K, TA=2K

Notes:

(1) Add suffix 'TR' for Tape & Reel.

(2) Add suffix 'TA' for Tape Ammo.

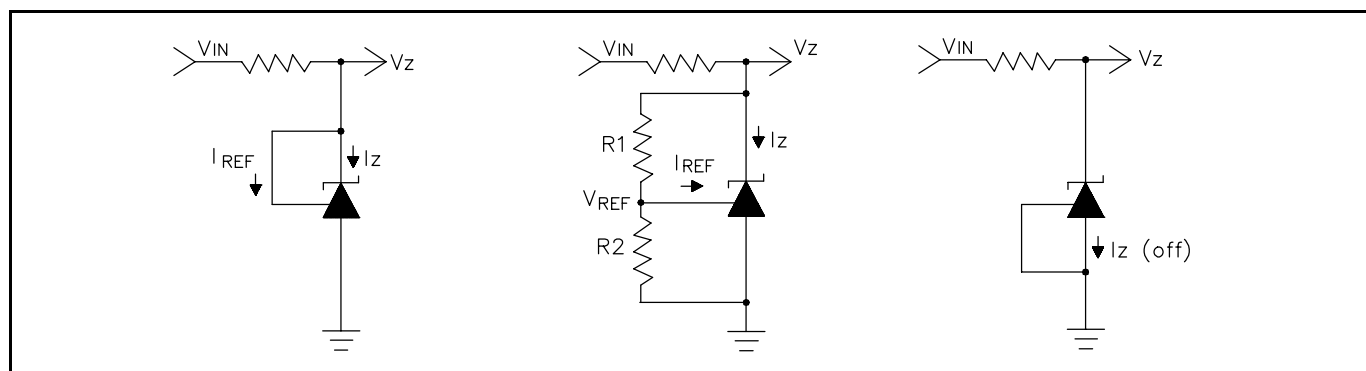
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless specified, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	SC431 0.5%			SC431 1%			SC431 2%			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Reference Voltage	V_{REF}	$V_Z = V_{REF}$ $I_Z = 10\text{mA}$ (test circuit 1)	2.482	2.495	2.507	2.470	2.495	2.520	2.445	2.495	2.545	V
V_{REF} Temp Deviation	V_{DEV}	$T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_Z = V_{REF}$ (test circuit 1) $I_Z = 10\text{mA}$		8	17		8	25		15	30	mV
Ratio of Change in V_{REF} to Change in Cathode Voltage	$\frac{\Delta V_{REF}}{\Delta V_Z}$	$I_Z = 10\text{mA}$, $\Delta V_Z = 10\text{V}$ to V_{REF}		-0.5	-2.7		-0.5	-2.7		-0.5	-2.7	mV/V
		$I_Z = 10\text{mA}$, $\Delta V_Z = 36\text{V}$ to 10V		-1.0	-2.0		-1.0	-2.0		-1.0	-2.0	
Reference Input Current	I_{REF}	$R1 = 10\text{k}\Omega$, $R2 = \infty$, $I_Z = 10\text{mA}$ (test circuit 2)		0.5	4		0.5	4		0.5	4	μA
I_{REF} Temp Deviation	$I_{REF(DEV)}$	$T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $R1 = 10\text{k}\Omega$, $R2 = \infty$, $I_Z = 10\text{mA}$ (test circuit 2)		0.4	1.2		0.4	1.2		0.4	1.2	μA
Off State Cathode Current	$I_{Z(off)}$	$V_{REF} = 0\text{V}$, $V_Z = 36\text{V}$ (test circuit 3)		0.04	0.5		0.04	0.5		0.04	0.5	μA
Dynamic Output Impedance	r_z	$f < 1\text{kHz}$, $V_Z = V_{REF}$ $I_Z = 100\mu\text{A}$ to 100mA (test circuit 1)		0.25	0.5		0.25	0.5		0.25	0.5	Ω
Minimum Operating Current	$I_{Z(min)}$	$V_Z = V_{REF}$ (test circuit 1)			100			100			100	μA

TEST CIRCUITS



Test Circuit 1:
 $V_Z = V_{REF}$

Test Circuit 2:
 $V_Z > V_{REF}$

Test Circuit 3:
Off State Current

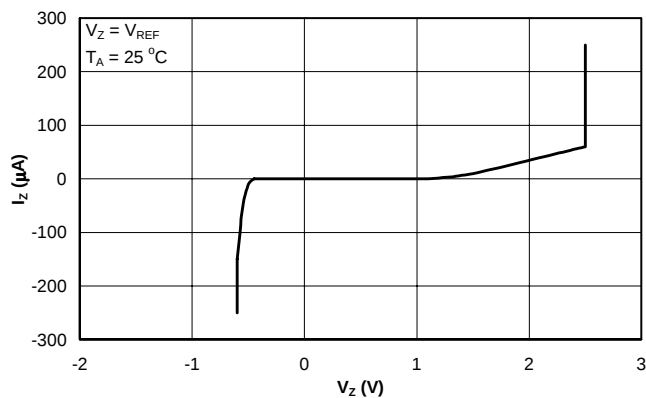
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

	Min	Max	Symbol
Cathode Voltage, V_Z	V_{REF}	36	V
Cathode Current, I_Z	0.1	150	mA

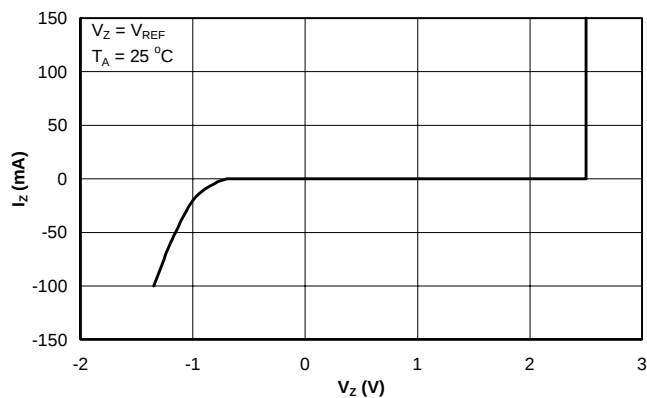
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

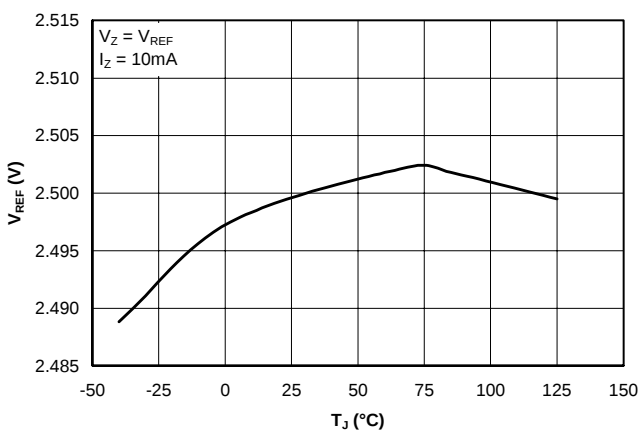
Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage



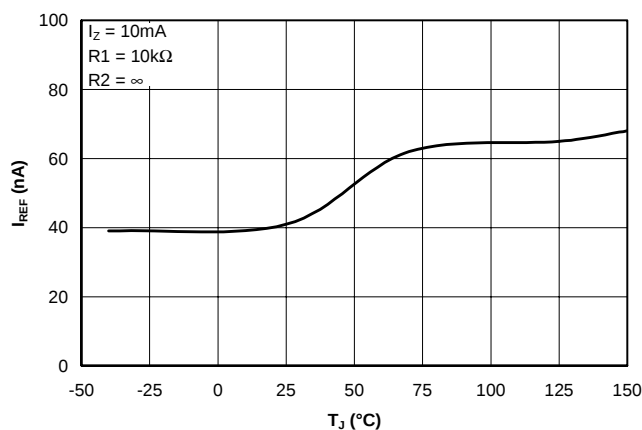
Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage



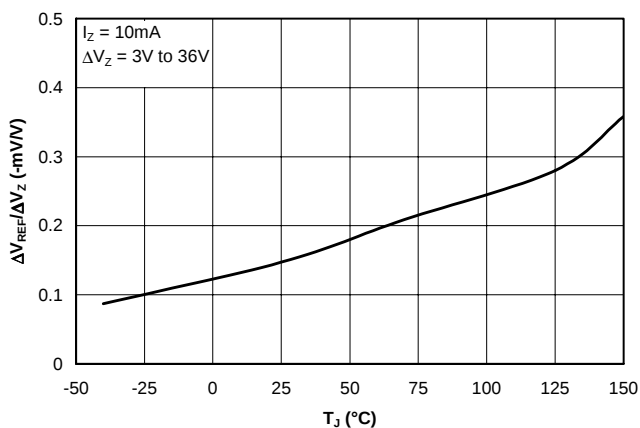
Reference Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



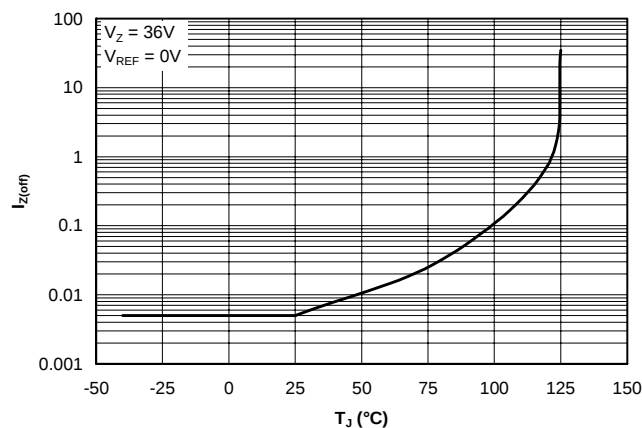
Reference Input Current vs. Junction Temperature



Ratio of Delta Reference Voltage to Delta Cathode Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



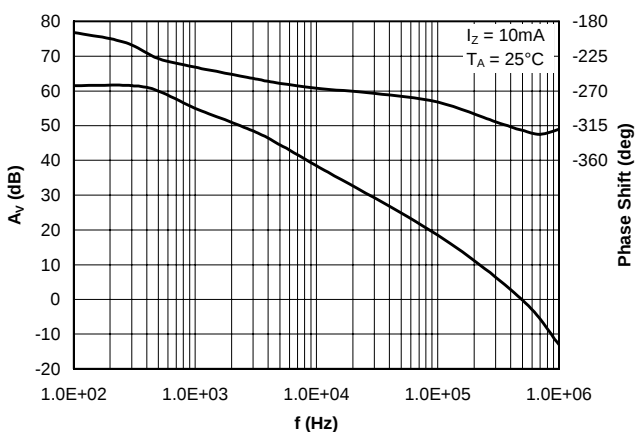
Off-State Cathode Current vs. Junction Temperature



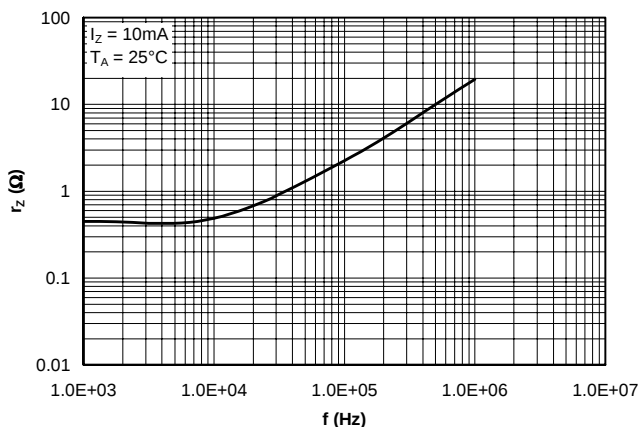
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

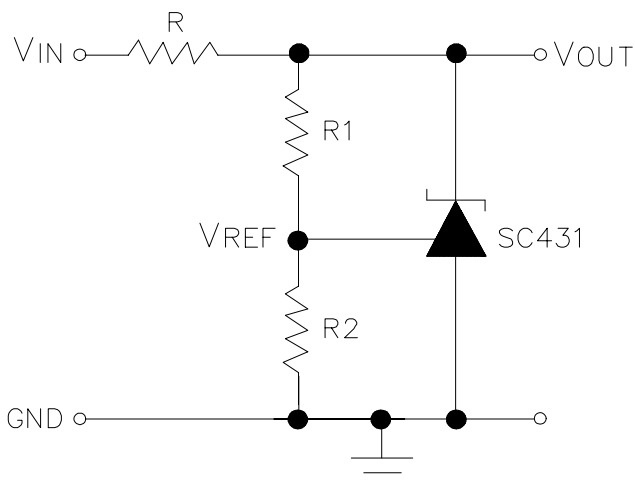
Small-Signal Gain and Phase Shift vs. Frequency



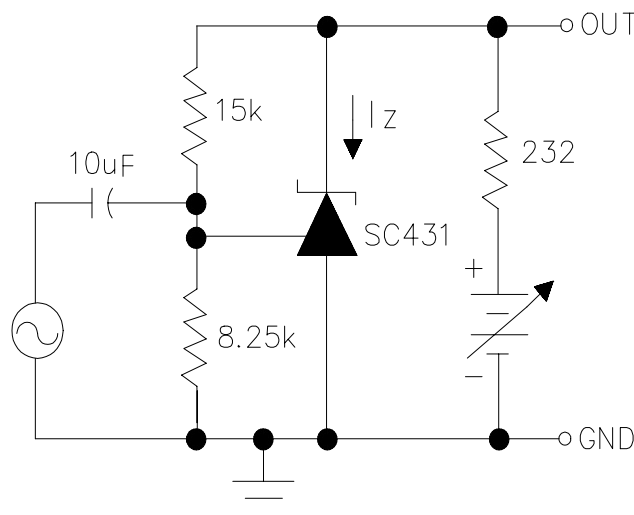
Reference Impedance vs. Frequency



APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Test Circuit For Small-Signal Gain and Phase Shift



Notes for Application Circuit:

1) Set V_{OUT} according to the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) + I_{REF} R1$$

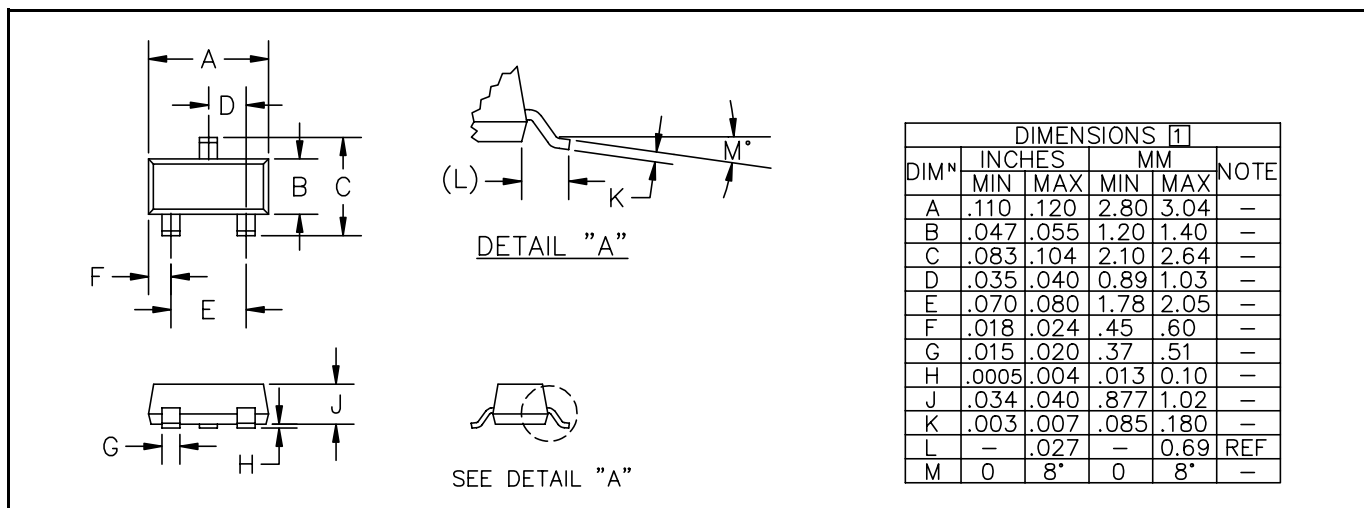
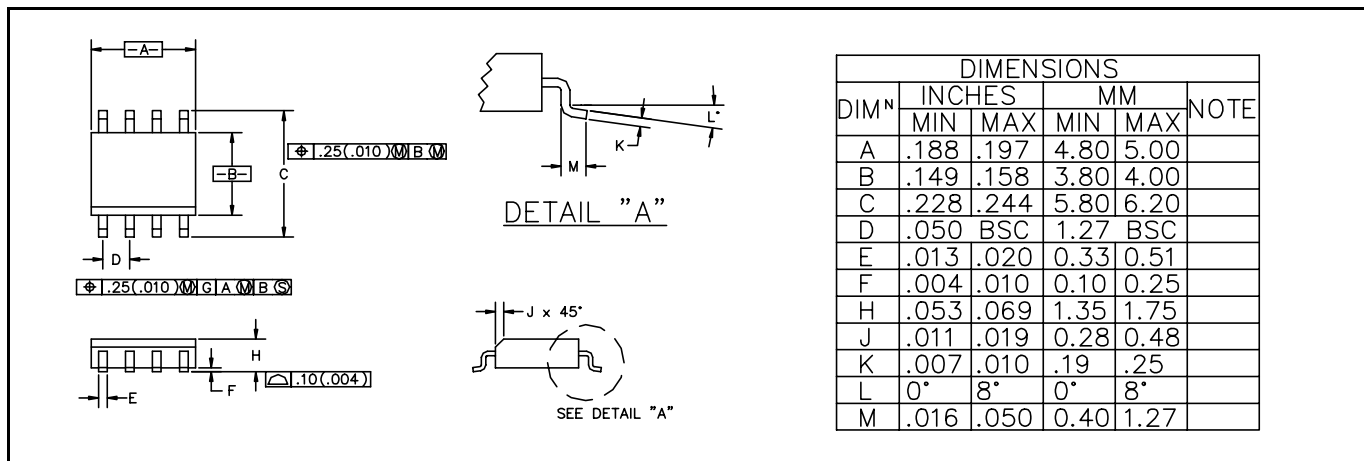
2) Choose the value for R as follows:

- The maximum limit for R should be such that the cathode current, I_z , is greater than the minimum operating current ($100\mu A$) at $V_{IN(min)}$.
- The minimum limit for R should be such that I_z does not exceed $150mA$ under all load conditions, and the instantaneous turn-on value for I_z does not exceed $200mA$. Both of the following conditions must be met:

$$R_{min} \geq \frac{V_{IN(max)}}{200mA} \quad (\text{to limit instantaneous turn-on } I_z)$$

$$R_{min} \geq \frac{V_{IN(max)} - V_{OUT}}{I_{OUT(min)} + 150mA} \quad (\text{to limit } I_z \text{ under normal operating conditions})$$

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OUTLINE DRAWING SOT-23

OUTLINE DRAWING SO-8

OUTLINE DRAWING TO-92
