# Standard 78M series, 3-pin regulator BA178MOT / FP series

The BA178M\\ T and BA178M\\ FP series are 3-pin, fixed positive output voltage regulators. These regulators are used to provide a stabilized output voltage from a fluctuating DC input voltage.

There are 11 fixed output voltages, as follows: 5V, 6V, 7V, 8V, 9V, 10V, 12V, 15V, 18V, 20V, and 24V.

The maximum current capacity is 0.5A for each of the above voltages.

## Applications

Constant voltage power supply

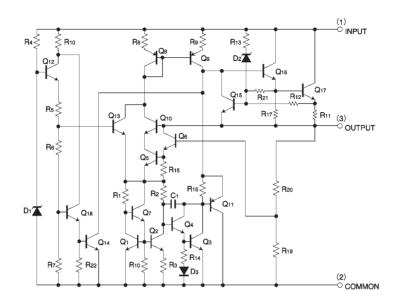
#### Features

- Built-in overcurrent protection circuit and thermal shutdown circuit.
- 2) Excellent ripple rejection.
- Available in TO-220FP and TO252-3 packages, to meet wide range of applications.
- 4) Compatible with other manufacturers' regulators.
- Richly diverse lineup. (5V, 6V, 7V, 8V, 9V, 10V, 12V, 15V, 18V, 20V, 24V)

#### Product codes

Output voltage (V)	Product No.	Output voltage (V)	Product No.
5	BA178M05T / FP	12	BA178M12T / FP
6	BA178M06T / FP	15	BA178M15T / FP
7	BA178M07T / FP	18	BA178M18T / FP
8	BA178M08T / FP	20	BA178M20T / FP
9	BA178M09T / FP	24	BA178M24T / FP
10	BA178M10T / FP	_	_

# Internal circuit configuration



## «Common specifications for BA178M○○T / FP series»

# ●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Limits	Unit
Applied voltage		Vin	35	٧
Davier discipation	TO220FP	Pd	2.0*	14/
Power dissipation	TO252 - 3	Pu	1.0*	W
Operating tempera	Operating temperature		<b>−40~</b> +85	C
Storage temperature		Tstg	-55~ <del>+</del> 150	C

<sup>\*</sup> Reduced by 16 mW (TO220FP) and 8 mW (TO252-3) for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C (without heat sink) .

# ●Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

# BA178M05T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	7.5	_	20	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

## BA178M07T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	9.5	_	22	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

#### BA178M06T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	VIN	8.5	_	21	٧
Output current	lo	_	ı	0.5	Α

## BA178M08T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	VIN	10.5	_	23	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

#### BA178M09T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	11.5	_	24	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

# BA178M12T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	15	_	27	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

#### BA178M18T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	21	_	33	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

# BA178M24T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	27	_	33	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

#### BA178M10T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	12.5	_	25	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

## BA178M15T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	VIN	17.5	_	30	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

## BA178M20T / FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	Vin	23	_	33	٧
Output current	lo	_	_	0.5	Α

# Electrical characteristics

⟨BA178M05T / FP individual specifications⟩ (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C, V<sub>IN</sub> = 10V, Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	Vo <sub>1</sub>	4.8	5.0	5.2	V	Io=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V <sub>02</sub>	4.75	_	5.25	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =7.5~20V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.l <sub>1</sub>	_	3	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =7~25V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	1	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =8~12V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	62	78	_	dB	ein=1V <sub>rms</sub> , f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	100	mV	Io=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	50	mV	Io=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tcvo	_	-1.0	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, Tj=0~125°C	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	40	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	Io=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lb	_	4.5	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	l <sub>b1</sub>	_	_	0.5	mA	lo=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	l <sub>b2</sub>	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =8~25V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	Ю−Р	_	875	_	mA	Tj=25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.4	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =25V	Fig.6

 $\langle BA178M06T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$  (unless otherwise noted,  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 11V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	V <sub>01</sub>	5.75	6.0	6.25	٧	lo=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V <sub>02</sub>	5.7	_	6.3	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =8.5~21V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.I₁	_	3	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =8~25V, lo=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	1	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =9~25V, lo=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	60	74	_	dB	ein=1V <sub>rms</sub> , f=120Hz, Io=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	120	mV	lo=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	60	mV	lo=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tcvo	_	-0.5	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125℃	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	60	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	lo=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lb	_	4.5	6.0	mA	lo=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	lb1	_	_	0.5	mA	lo=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =9~25V, lo=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	Ю-Р	_	875	_	mA	T <sub>j</sub> =25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.4	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =25V	Fig.6

# $\langle BA178M07T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$ (unless otherwise noted, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{IN} = 13V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	V <sub>01</sub>	6.7	7.0	7.3	٧	Io=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V <sub>02</sub>	6.65	_	7.35	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =9.5~22V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.I <sub>1</sub>	_	4	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =9~25V, lo=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	1	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =10~25V, lo=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	57	71	_	dB	ein=1Vrms, f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	140	mV	lo=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	70	mV	lo=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tovo	_	一0.5	_	mV/℃	Io=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125℃	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	70	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	lo=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lb	_	4.5	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	l <sub>b1</sub>	_	_	0.5	mA	lo=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	Vin=10~25V, lo=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	lo-p	_	875	_	mA	Tj=25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.4	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =25V	Fig.6

 $\langle BA178M08T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$  (unless otherwise noted,  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	V <sub>01</sub>	7.7	8.0	8.3	٧	lo=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V <sub>O2</sub>	7.6	_	8.4	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =10.5~23V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.l <sub>1</sub>	_	4	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =10.5~25V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	1	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =11~12V, lo=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	56	69	_	dB	e <sub>IN</sub> =1V <sub>ms</sub> , f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	160	mV	lo=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	80	mV	lo=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tcvo	_	-0.5	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125°C	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	80	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	lo=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lь	_	4.5	6.0	mA	lo=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	lb1	_	_	0.5	mA	lo=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =10.5~25V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	lo-p	_	875	_	mA	T <sub>j</sub> =25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.4	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =25V	Fig.6

# $\langle BA178M09T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$ (unless otherwise noted, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{IN} = 15V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	V <sub>01</sub>	8.6	9.0	9.4	٧	Io=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V <sub>02</sub>	8.55	_	9.45	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =11.5~24V, lo=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.I <sub>1</sub>	_	4	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =11.5~26V, lo=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	2	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =12~25V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	56	67	_	dB	ein=1V <sub>rms</sub> , f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	180	mV	Io=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	90	mV	Io=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tovo	_	-0.5	_	mV/℃	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125℃	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	90	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	Io=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lb	_	4.5	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	l <sub>b1</sub>	_	_	0.5	mA	Io=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =12~25V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	lo-p	_	875	_	mA	Tj=25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.17	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =30V	Fig.6

 $\langle BA178M10T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$  (unless otherwise noted,  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 16V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	<b>V</b> 01	9.6	10.0	10.4	V	lo=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V02	9.5	_	10.5	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =12.5~25V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.I <sub>1</sub>	_	5	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =12.5~28V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	2	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =14~26V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	56	66	_	dB	e <sub>IN</sub> =1V <sub>ms</sub> , f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	200	mV	lo=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.∟₂	_	10	100	mV	l₀=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tcvo	_	-0.5	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125℃	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	100	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	Io=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lb	_	4.5	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	l <sub>b1</sub>	_	_	0.5	mA	lo=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =13~25V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	Ю-Р	_	875	_	mA	T <sub>j</sub> =25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.17	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =30V	Fig.6

# $\langle BA178M12T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$ (unless otherwise noted, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{IN} = 19V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Мах.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	V <sub>01</sub>	11.5	12.0	12.5	٧	lo=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V02	11.4	_	12.6	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =15~27V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.l <sub>1</sub>	_	5	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =14.5~30V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	3	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =16~30V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	55	63	_	dB	ein=1Vms, f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	240	mV	lo=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	120	mV	lo=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tcvo	_	一0.5	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125℃	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	110	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	lo=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lb	_	4.5	6.0	mA	lo=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	l <sub>b1</sub>	_	_	0.5	mA	lo=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =14.5~30V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	lo-p	_	875	_	mA	Tj=25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.17	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =30V	Fig.6

 $\langle BA178M15T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$  (unless otherwise noted,  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 23V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	V01	14.4	15.0	15.6	٧	Io=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V02	14.25	_	15.75	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =17.5~30V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.I <sub>1</sub>	_	6	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =17.5~30V, lo=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	3	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =20~30V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	54	60	_	dB	ein=1Vrms, f=120Hz, Io=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	300	mV	Io=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	150	mV	Io=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tovo	_	-0.6	_	mV/℃	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125℃	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	130	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	V	Io=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lь	_	4.5	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	l <sub>b1</sub>	_	_	0.5	mA	Io=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =17.5~30V, lo=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	lo-p	_	875	_	mA	T <sub>j</sub> =25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.17	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =30V	Fig.6

# $\langle BA178M18T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$ (unless otherwise noted, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{IN} = 27V$ , To = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	<b>V</b> 01	17.3	18.0	18.7	٧	Io=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V02	17.1	_	18.9	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =21~33V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.l <sub>1</sub>	_	7	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =21~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l2	_	3	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =24~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	53	58	_	dB	ein=1Vms, f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	360	mV	lo=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	180	mV	lo=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tovo	_	-0.6	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125°C	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	140	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	Io=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lb	_	4.5	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	lb1	_	_	0.5	mA	Io=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =21~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	lo-p	_	875	_	mA	Tj=25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.17	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =30V	Fig.6

 $\langle BA178M20T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$  (unless otherwise noted,  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 29V$ , To = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	<b>V</b> 01	19.2	20.0	20.8	٧	lo=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V02	19.0	_	21.0	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =23~33V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.l <sub>1</sub>	_	8	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =23~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	4	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =24~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	53	58	_	dB	ein=1V <sub>rms</sub> , f=120Hz, Io=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	400	mV	Io=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L2	_	10	200	mV	lo=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tcvo	_	-0.7	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125℃	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	150	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Mninimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	Io=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	lь	_	4.5	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	lb1	_	_	0.5	mA	Io=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =23~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	lo-p	_	875	_	mA	T <sub>i</sub> =25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.17	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =30V	Fig.6

# $\langle BA178M24T / FP \text{ individual specifications} \rangle$ (unless otherwise noted, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{IN} = 33V$ , Io = 350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Output voltage 1	V <sub>01</sub>	23.0	24.0	25.0	٧	Io=350mA	Fig.1
Output voltage 2	V <sub>O2</sub>	22.8	_	25.2	٧	V <sub>IN</sub> =27~33V, Io=5~350mA	Fig.1
Input stability 1	Reg.l <sub>1</sub>	_	10	100	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =27~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Input stability 2	Reg.l <sub>2</sub>	_	5	50	mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =28~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.1
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	50	55	_	dB	ein=1Vrms, f=120Hz, lo=100mA	Fig.2
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	_	20	480	mV	Io=5~500mA	Fig.1
Load regulation 2	Reg.L <sub>2</sub>	_	10	240	mV	Io=5~200mA	Fig.1
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	Tcvo	_	一0.7	_	mV/°C	lo=5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125°C	Fig.1
Output noise voltage	Vn	_	170	_	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.3
Minimum I/O voltage differential	Vd	_	2.0	_	٧	Io=500mA	Fig.4
Bias current	Іь	_	4.8	6.0	mA	Io=0mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 1	l <sub>b1</sub>	_	_	0.5	mA	Io=5~350mA	Fig.5
Bias current change 2	lb2	_	_	0.8	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> =27~33V, Io=200mA	Fig.5
Peak output current	Іо-р	_	875	_	mA	T <sub>i</sub> =25℃	Fig.1
Output short-circuit current	los	_	0.17	_	Α	V <sub>IN</sub> =30V	Fig.6

#### Measurement circuits

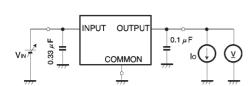


Fig. 1 Measurement circuit for output voltage, input stability, load regulation, temperature coefficient of output voltage

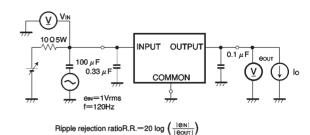


Fig. 2 Measurement circuit for ripple rejection ratio

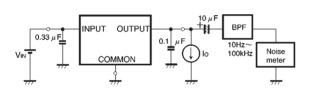


Fig. 3 Measurement circuit for output noise voltage

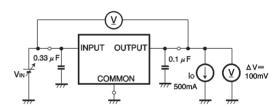


Fig. 4 Measurement circuit for Minimum I/O voltage differential

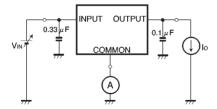


Fig. 5 Measurement circuit for bias current and bias current change

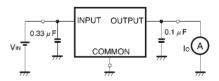


Fig. 6 Measurement circuit for output short-circuit current

#### Electrical characteristic curves

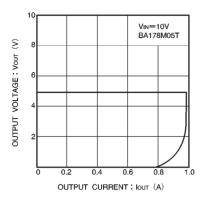


Fig. 7 Current limit characteristics

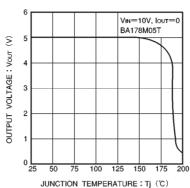


Fig. 8 Thermal cutoff circuit characteristics

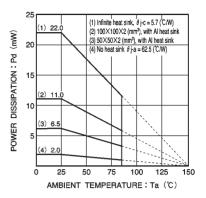


Fig.9 Thermal derating characteristic (TO220FP)

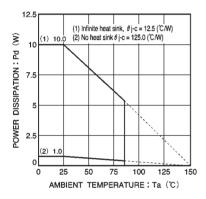


Fig.10 Thermal derating characteristic (TO252-3)

#### Operation notes

(1) Although the circuit examples included in this hand-book are highly recommendable for general use, you should thoroughly familiarize yourself with the circuit characteristics as they relate to your own conditions. If you intend to change the number of external circuits, leave an ample margin, taking into account discrepancies in both static and dynamic characteristics of external parts and Rohm ICs. In addition, please be advised that Rohm cannot provide complete assurance regarding patent rights.

## (2) Operating power supply voltage

When operating within the normal voltage range and within the ambient operating temperature range, most circuit functions are guaranteed. The rated values cannot be guaranteed for the electrical characteristics, but there are no sudden changes of the characteristics within these ranges.

## (3) Power dissipation

Heat attenuation characteristics are noted on a separate page and can be used as a guide in judging power dissipation.

If these ICs are used in such a way that the allowable power dissipation level is exceeded, an increase in the chip temperature could cause a reduction in the current capability or could otherwise adversely affect the performance of the IC. Make sure a sufficient margin is allowed so that the allowable power dissipation value is not exceeded.

(4) Preventing oscillation in output and using bypass capacitors

Always use a capacitor between the output pins and the GND to prevent fluctuation in the output and to prevent

oscillation between the output pins and the GN of the application's input ( $V_{IN} \mu F$  should be used.)

Changes in the temperature and other factors can cause the valve of the capacitor to change, and this can cause oscillation. To prevent this, we recommend using a tantalum capacitor which has minimal changes in nominal capacitance.

Also, we recommend adding a bypass capacitor of about  $0.33\mu F$  between the input pin and the GND, as close to the pin as possible.

#### (5) Thermal overload circuit

A built-in thermal overload circuit prevents damage from overheating. When the thermal circuit is activated, the various outputs are in the OFF state. When the temperature drops back to a constant level, the circuit is restored.

- (6) Internal circuits could be damaged if there are modes in which the electric potential of the application's input  $(V_{IN})$  and GND are the opposite of the electric potential of the various outputs. Use of a diode or other such bypass path is recommended.
- (7) Although the manufacture of this product includes rigorous quality assurance procedures, the product may be damaged if absolute maximum ratings for voltage or operating temperature are exceeded. If damage has occurred, special modes (such as short circuit mode or open circuit mode) cannot be specified. If it is possible that such special modes may be needed, please consider using a fuse or some other mechanical safety measure.
- (8) When used within a strong magnetic field, be aware that there is a slight possibility of malfunction.

# External dimensions (Units: mm)

